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**Locomotive air compressor with motor supported by outside bearing**

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(56) Related Art  
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# ABSTRACT

The present invention provides an assembly for supporting a rotatable shaft member driven by a motor. The assembly comprises a base member, an upright support member connected to the base member and a bearing member mounted on the upright support member. Such bearing member is connectable with the rotatable shaft member for supporting such rotatable shaft member thereby reducing extraneous vertical and horizontal movement of such rotatable shaft member while permitting such rotatable shaft member to rotate freely.

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AUSTRALIA  
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**COMPLETE SPECIFICATION**  
**STANDARD PATENT**

**Applicant(s):**

WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKE TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

**Invention Title:**

LOCOMOTIVE AIR COMPRESSOR WITH MOTOR SUPPORTED BY  
OUTSIDE BEARING

The following statement is a full description of this  
invention, including the best method of performing it known to  
me/us:

1A

LOCOMOTIVE AIR COMPRESSOR WITH MOTOR  
SUPPORTED BY OUTSIDE BEARING

FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates, in general, to an air-cooled  
5 multi-cylinder, two-stage air compressor and motor combination for  
a railway locomotive and, more particularly, the present invention  
relates to a crankshaft of such air compressor driven by such motor  
being supported by an outside bearing.

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

10 The invention taught in this patent application is closely  
related to the invention taught in the following co-pending patent  
application, LOCOMOTIVE AIR COMPRESSOR WITH AN ELECTRIC MOTOR  
SUPPORTED BY AN EXTERNAL BEARING, Serial No. 09/593,558 which  
is being filed concurrently herewith. These patent applications  
15 are assigned to the same assignee and the teachings therein are  
incorporated into this application by reference thereto.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

20 It is well known that multi-cylinder air compressors are used  
on freight and passenger locomotives to supply compressed air to  
the operating and control equipment of a railway air brake system.  
Many of these prior art air compressors have a pair of low pressure  
cylinders and a high pressure cylinder mounted on and supported by  
a crankcase in the usual manner and contain pistons which are  
actuated by connecting rods driven by a rotary crankshaft. One end  
25 of the crankshaft is coupled with and driven by a suitable  
rotatable prime mover, such as an electric motor. The other end

of the crankshaft is keyed and threadably attached by a locknut to the hub and wheel of a cooling fan assembly.

There are advantages of having the compressor directly driving the cooling fan. When the demand and speed of the air compressor increase, the speed and cooling capacity of the fan is proportionally increased. The fan can only stop turning when the compressor stops working or ceases to rotate. It has been found that the use of a separate electric motor for driving the cooling fan is unreliable since failure of the motor would result in the loss of the cooling effect and could allow the temperature of the rotating compressor to rise to dangerously high levels which could cause deterioration of the lubricating oil and could result in seizure of the air compressor.

The crankshaft driven by the electric motor does not, in prior art, have any support on the motor end of the shaft. This is the opposite end of the shaft from the fan. As the shaft rotates, in time, it may tend to vibrate and may possibly wobble. Any movement of the shaft, other than the rotatable movement which it is designed to have, may cause problems with the motor.

Proper operation requires that there be a space between the stator and the rotating portion of the motor. This space must be maintained. If the rotor contacts or rubs against the stator, problems with the motor may occur. On the other hand it is also important to keep the space between the stator and rotor to a minimum because as the space increases there is a loss of efficiency and of the power of the motor. Thus, the space is

necessary but it must be kept as small as possible. When the shaft vibrates or wobbles it may cause the rotor to rub against the stator and, thus, adversely affect the motor.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member of a compressor driven by a motor, said assembly comprising:

- (a) a base member;
- 10 (b) a support member connected to and extending substantially vertical from said base member and being substantially perpendicular to a longitudinal and horizontally disposed axis of said rotatable shaft member; and
- 15 (c) a bearing member carried by said support member having an outer surface engageable with an inner surface of said support member and an inner surface engageable with an outer surface of such rotatable shaft member and connectable with such one end of such rotatable shaft
- 20 member that is opposite an end of such rotatable shaft member connected to a hub and wheel of a cooling fan of such compressor for supporting such rotatable shaft member in a manner so as to thereby reduce extraneous vertical and horizontal movement of such rotatable shaft member
- 25 while permitting such rotatable shaft member to rotate freely.

A second embodiment of the invention provides a combination of a multi-cylinder two-stage air compressor in which an electric motor drives a rotatable shaft member of said air compressor, and an externally mounted assembly for supporting one end of said rotatable shaft member of said air compressor, said externally mounted assembly including:

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- (a) a base member;
- (b) a support member connected to and extending substantially vertical from said base member and being substantially perpendicular to a longitudinal and horizontally disposed axis of said rotatable shaft member;
- 5 and
- (c) a bearing member carried by said support member having an outer surface engageable with an inner surface of said support member and an inner surface engageable
- 10 with an outer surface of said rotatable shaft and connectable with said one end of said rotatable shaft member for supporting said rotatable shaft member in a manner so as to thereby reduce extraneous vertical and horizontal movement of said rotatable shaft member while
- 15 permitting said rotatable shaft member to rotate freely.

Therefore, an advantage of the present invention is the provision of a support for the crankshaft external to the motor housing in an air compressor/motor combination so as to reduce any vibration of the shaft.

- 20 Another advantage of the present invention is the provision of an outside support for the crankshaft in an air compressor/motor combination so as to reduce the possibility of the rotor rubbing against the stator.

- An additional advantage is the provision of a support
- 25 for the crankshaft in an air compressor/motor combination that is mounted on the base of the compressor unit.

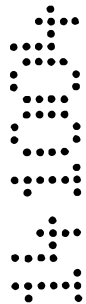
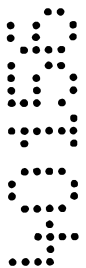
- These and various other advantages of this invention will become apparent after a full reading of the following detailed description, particularly, when read in
- 30 conjunction with the attached drawings as described below and the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is an axonometric prior art drawing of a multi-cylinder, two stage air compressor.

Figure 2 is a block schematic diagram of an  
5 embodiment of the invention in combination with a multi-cylinder, two stage air compressor of the type shown in Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a schematic diagram of a second  
embodiment of the invention showing an upright support  
10 member as an A-frame.





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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE  
PRESENTLY PREFERRED AND ALTERNATE  
EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

Prior to proceeding with the more detailed description of the present invention it should be noted that, for the sake of clarity, identical components which have identical functions have been designated by identical reference numerals throughout the several views illustrated in the drawings.

Reference is now made to Figure 2. Illustrated therein is a block diagram of the present invention in combination with a multi-cylinder, two stage air compressor, generally designated as 10, coupled with an electric motor, generally designated as 20. Such multi-cylinder, two stage air compressor 10 contain pistons which are actuated by connecting rods driven by a rotary crankshaft 2. One end of the crankshaft 2 is to the hub and wheel of a cooling fan assembly 16. The other end of the crankshaft 2 is driven by an electric motor 20. In time the crankshaft 2 as it rotates may tend to vibrate or wobble. Any movement of the crankshaft 2 other than the rotatable movement which it is designed to have can create problems.

Proper operation of the motor requires that there be a space between the stator 4 and the rotor 6, which is the rotating portion of the motor. This space must be maintained. If rotor 6 comes into contact with or rubs against the stator 4, problems with the motor 20 may occur. It is also important that this space be kept to a minimum because as the space increases there is a loss of efficiency and of the power of the motor.

The present invention provides an external support, generally designated 30, to support the crankshaft 2 and thus prevent or at least minimize any extraneous vertical or horizontal movement of the crankshaft 2. The external mount comprises a base 8. As pictured in Figure 2 the base 8 forms a base upon which the compressor 10 sits. However, the base 8 may be of various lengths and may not include a portion under such compressor 20. An upright support member 12 is connected to the base 8. There is a bearing member 14 mounted on such upright support member 12. Such bearing member 14 is connectable with the crankshaft 2 of such air compressor 10. Such bearing member 14 and such upright support member 12 supports the crankshaft thereby minimizing any extraneous movement of the crankshaft 2. Since the bearing member 14 freely rotates it does not impede any rotatable movement of the crankshaft 2. In an embodiment of the invention such bearing member 14 is a split type bearing. In another embodiment of the invention the bearing member 14 is connected to an outer end of such crankshaft 2.

The upright support member 12 may be connected to the motor cover that is presently used to enclose such motor 20 by modifying such motor cover such that the bearing member 14 can secure the crankshaft 2. However, it is within the scope of the invention that such upright support member 12 may be used to replace the present motor cover of such motor 20.

As mentioned previously such base 8 may be incorporated with the base of the compressor or it may remain as a separate portion. Such external mount 30 may be included in new compressor assemblies and it may be retrofitted into air compressor units that are presently in use.

Illustrated in Figure 3 is another embodiment of the invention in which the upright support member 12 is in the form of an A-frame. In this embodiment such bearing member 14 is mounted on the apex of the upright support member 12.

While both the presently preferred and a number of alternative embodiments of the present invention have been described in detail above it should be understood that various other adaptations and modifications of the present invention can be envisioned by those persons who are skilled in the relevant art of air compressor systems without departing from either the spirit of the invention or the scope of the appended claims.

For the purposes of this specification it will be clearly understood that the word "comprising" means "including but not limited to", and that the word "comprises" has a corresponding meaning.

It is to be understood that, if any prior art publication is referred to herein, such reference does not constitute an admission that the publication forms a part of the common general knowledge in the art, in Australia or any other country.

THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS:

1. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member of a compressor driven by a motor, said  
5 assembly comprising:  
    (a) a base member;  
    (b) a support member connected to and extending substantially vertical from said base member and being substantially perpendicular to a longitudinal and  
10 horizontally disposed axis of said rotatable shaft member;  
    and  
    (c) a bearing member carried by said support member having an outer surface engageable with an inner surface  
15 of said support member and an inner surface engageable with an outer surface of such rotatable shaft member and connectable with such one end of such rotatable shaft member that is opposite an end of such rotatable shaft member connected to a hub and wheel of a cooling fan of such compressor for supporting such rotatable shaft member  
20 in a manner so as to thereby reduce extraneous vertical and horizontal movement of such rotatable shaft member while permitting such rotatable shaft member to rotate freely.
2. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member of a compressor driven by a motor, according to claim 1, wherein said base member is disposed as part of a base of such compressor connected to said motor and said assembly.
3. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member of a compressor driven by a motor, according to claim 1, wherein said base member of said assembly is a separate base for said assembly and is independent of a  
35 base of such compressor.

4. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member driven by a motor, according to claim 1, wherein said bearing member is a split type bearing.

5 5. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member driven by a motor, according to claim 1, wherein said support member is an A-frame.

6. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable  
10 shaft member driven by a motor, according to claim 5, wherein said bearing member is mounted on an apex of said A-frame support member.

7. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable  
15 shaft member driven by a motor, according to claim 1, wherein a first end of said support member is connected to said base member and a portion of said upright support member is connected to a motor cover of a motor housing.

8. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable  
20 shaft member driven by a motor, according to claim 7, wherein said first end of said support member is connected to said base member and a radially opposed second end is connected to such motor cover of such motor housing.

9. A combination of a multi-cylinder two-stage air  
compressor in which an electric motor drives a rotatable  
shaft member of said air compressor, and an externally  
mounted assembly for supporting one end of said rotatable  
30 shaft member of said air compressor, said externally  
mounted assembly including:

- (a) a base member;
- (b) a support member connected to and extending substantially vertical from said base member and being  
35 substantially perpendicular to a longitudinal and

horizontally disposed axis of said rotatable shaft member;  
and

(c) a bearing member carried by said support member  
having an outer surface engageable with an inner surface  
5 of said support member and an inner surface engageable  
with an outer surface of said rotatable shaft and  
connectable with said one end of said rotatable shaft  
member for supporting said rotatable shaft member in a  
manner so as to thereby reduce extraneous vertical and  
10 horizontal movement of said rotatable shaft member while  
permitting said rotatable shaft member to rotate freely.

10. The combination, according to claim 9, wherein said  
base member is one of being incorporated as a single base  
15 for said air compressor and said externally mounted  
assembly and as a separate base for said externally  
mounted assembly.

11. The combination, according to claim 10, wherein said  
20 base member of said externally mounted assembly is a  
separate base for said externally mounted assembly.

12. The combination, according to claim 9, wherein said  
bearing member is a split type bearing.

13. The combination, according to claim 12, wherein said  
bearing member is connected to said one end of said  
rotatable shaft member that is opposite an end of said  
rotatable shaft member connected to a hub and wheel of a  
30 cooling fan of said air compressor.

14. The combination, according to claim 9, wherein said  
support member is an A-frame.

15. The combination, according to claim 14, wherein said bearing member is mounted on an apex of said A-frame upright support member.

5 16. The combination, according to claim 9, wherein a first end of said upright support member is connected to said base member and a portion of said upright support member is connected to a motor cover of a motor housing.

10 17. The combination, according to claim 16, wherein said first end of said upright support member is connected to said base member and a radially opposed second end is connected to said motor cover of said motor housing.

15 18. An assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member of a compressor driven by a motor substantially as herein described with reference to Figures 2 and 3.

20 19. A combination of a multi-cylinder two-stage air compressor and an externally mounted assembly for supporting one end of a rotatable shaft member of the air compressor substantially as herein described with reference to Figures 2 and 3.

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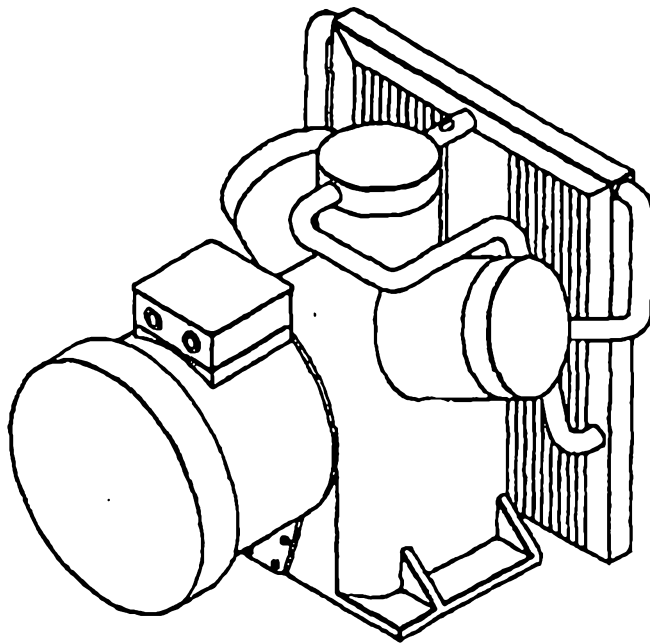
Dated this 15th day of October 2004

WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKE TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

By their Patent Attorneys

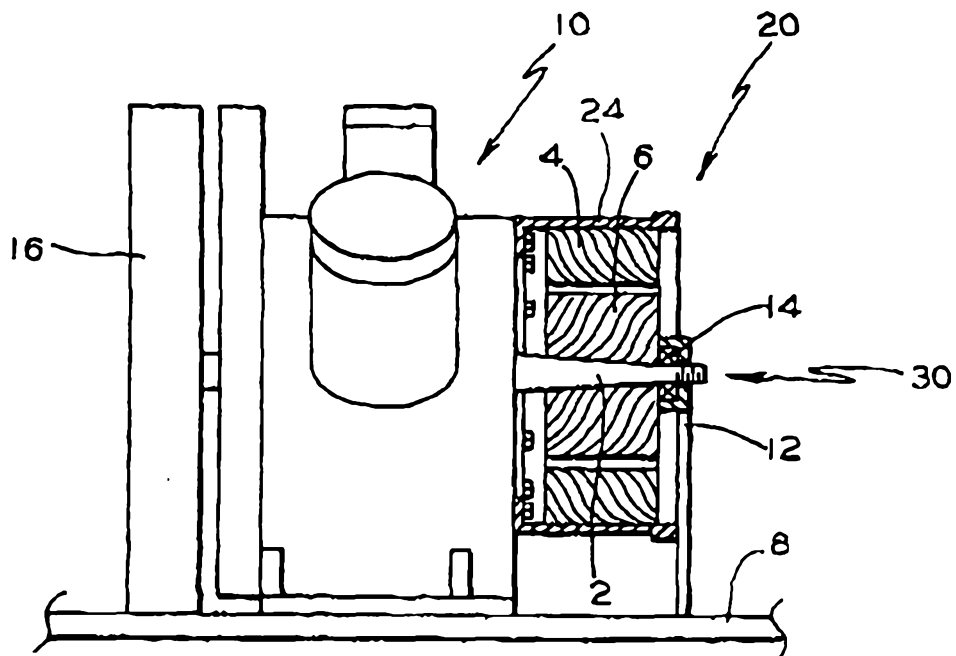
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Trade Mark Attorneys of Australia



*FIG. 1*

PRIOR ART



*FIG. 2*

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176



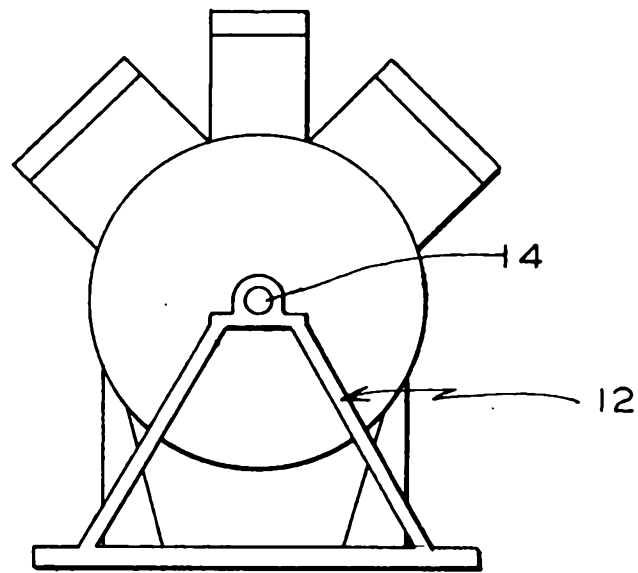


FIG. 3