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(54) **METHOD AND COMPUTING DEVICE FOR FACILITATING DATA SAMPLE TESTING**

Publication Classification

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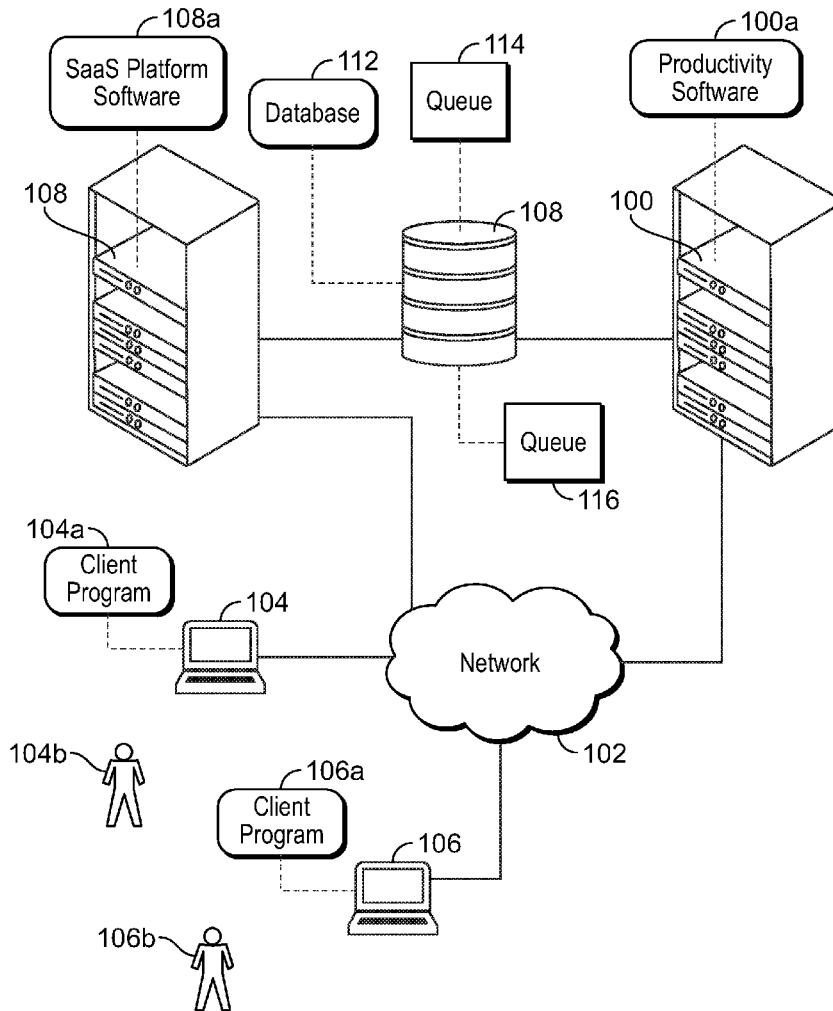
(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC *G06F 17/18* (2013.01); *G06F 3/0486* (2013.01); *G06F 17/30958* (2013.01); *G06F 17/16* (2013.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A method for facilitating the testing of a data sample involves a computing device carrying out the following actions: displaying a data sample on a user interface; receiving, via the user interface, a selection of a test to be performed on the data sample; receiving, via the user interface, an input of a result of the test; generating, in a graph database, a vertex representing a visual indicator corresponding to the input result; and creating, in the graph database, an association between the vertex representing the visual indicator and a vertex representing a file containing the displayed data sample.

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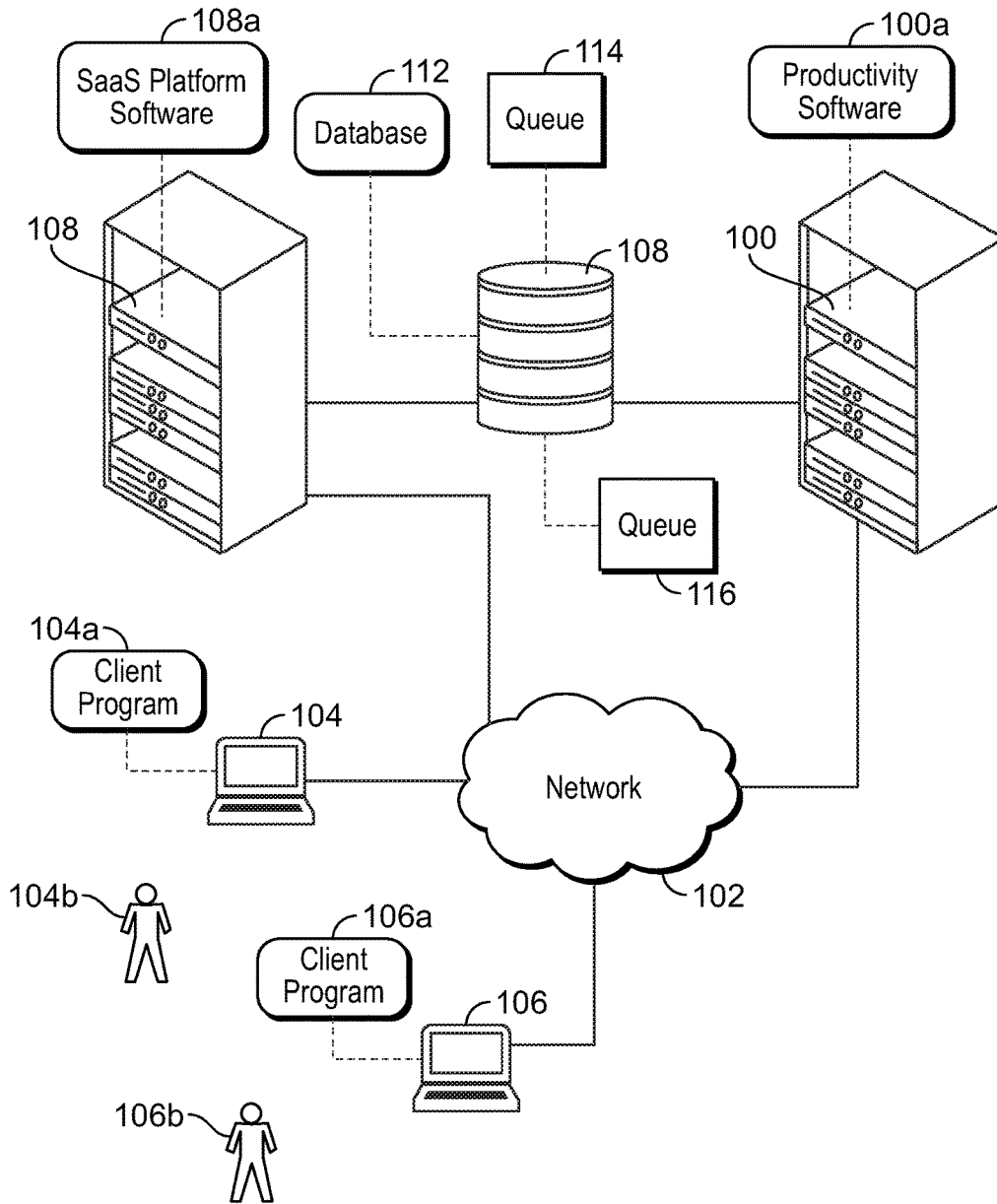


FIG. 1

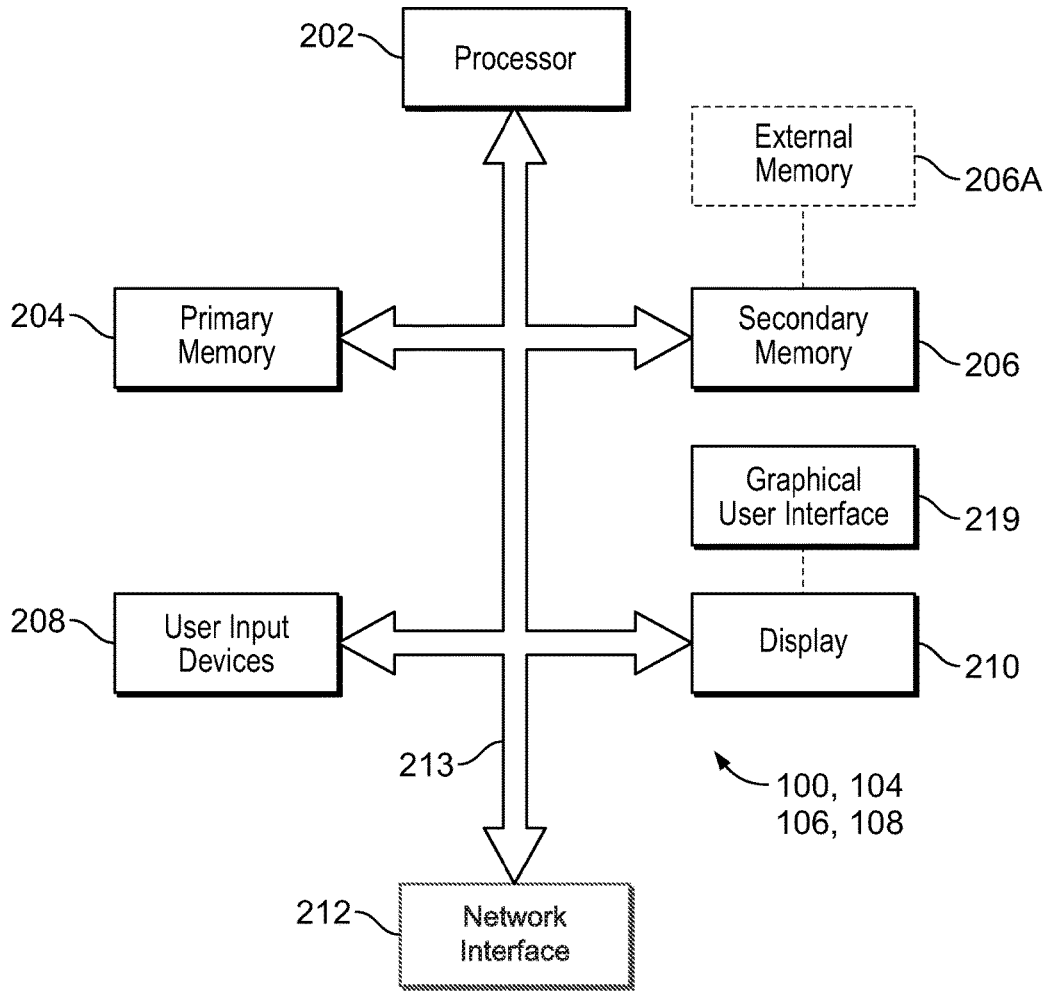


FIG. 2

300

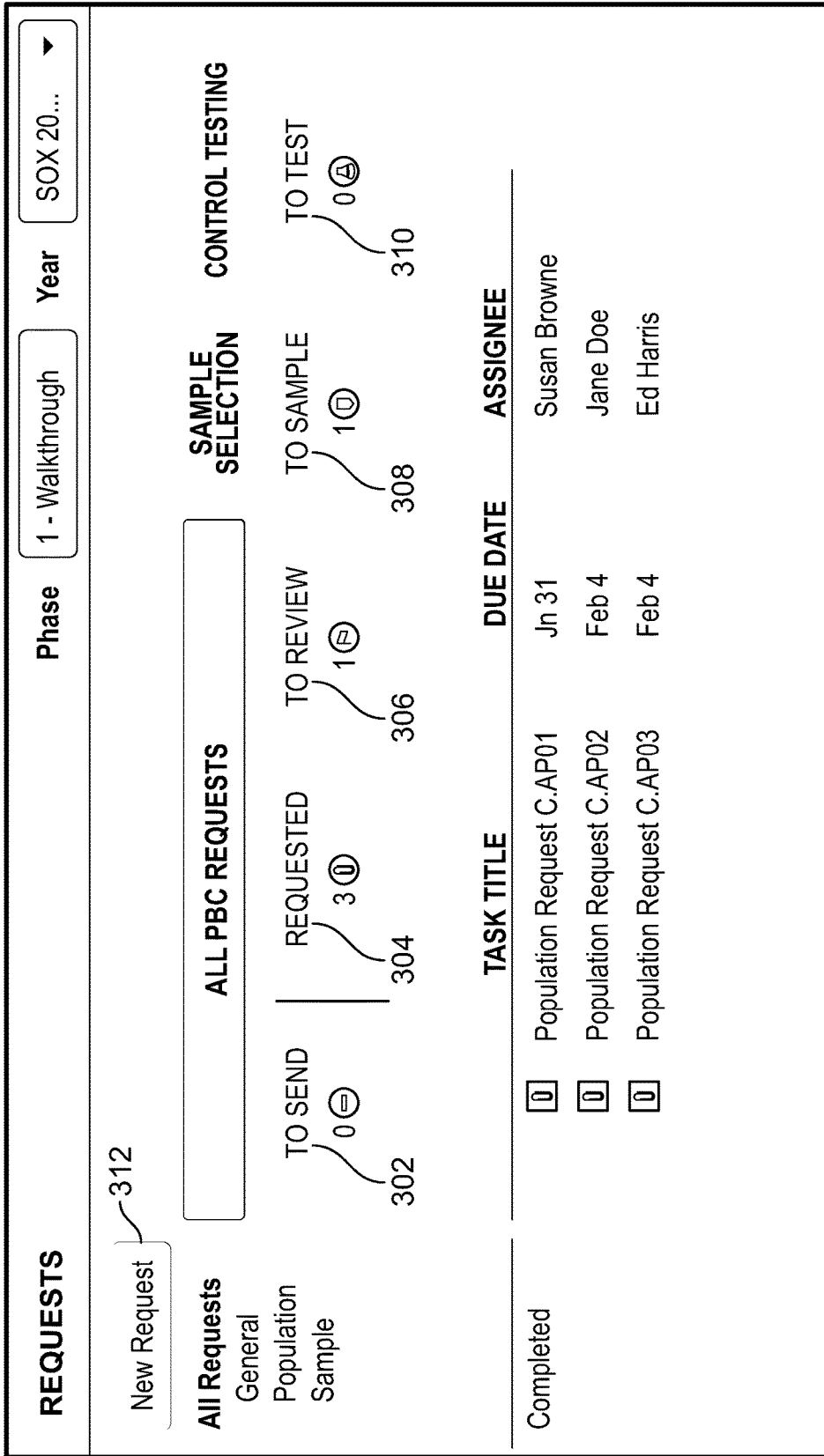


FIG. 3

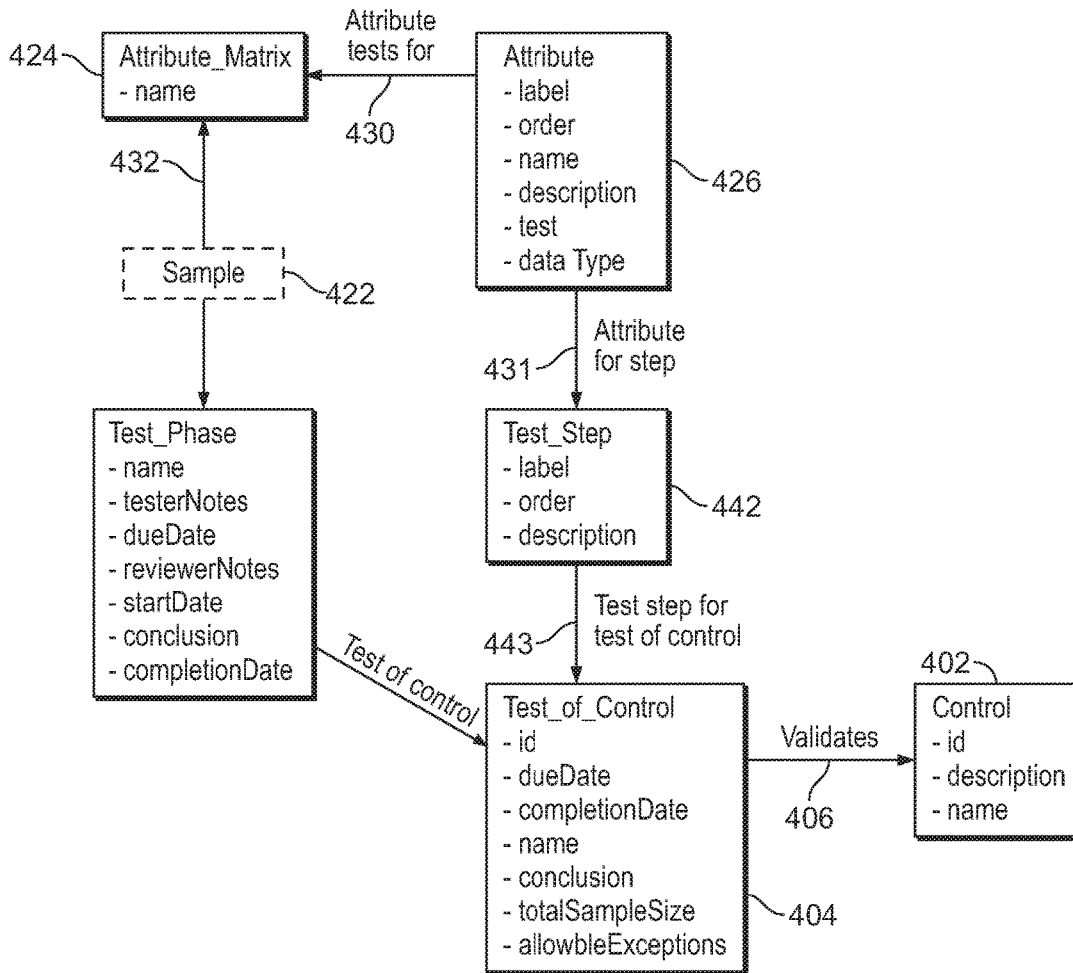


FIG. 4A

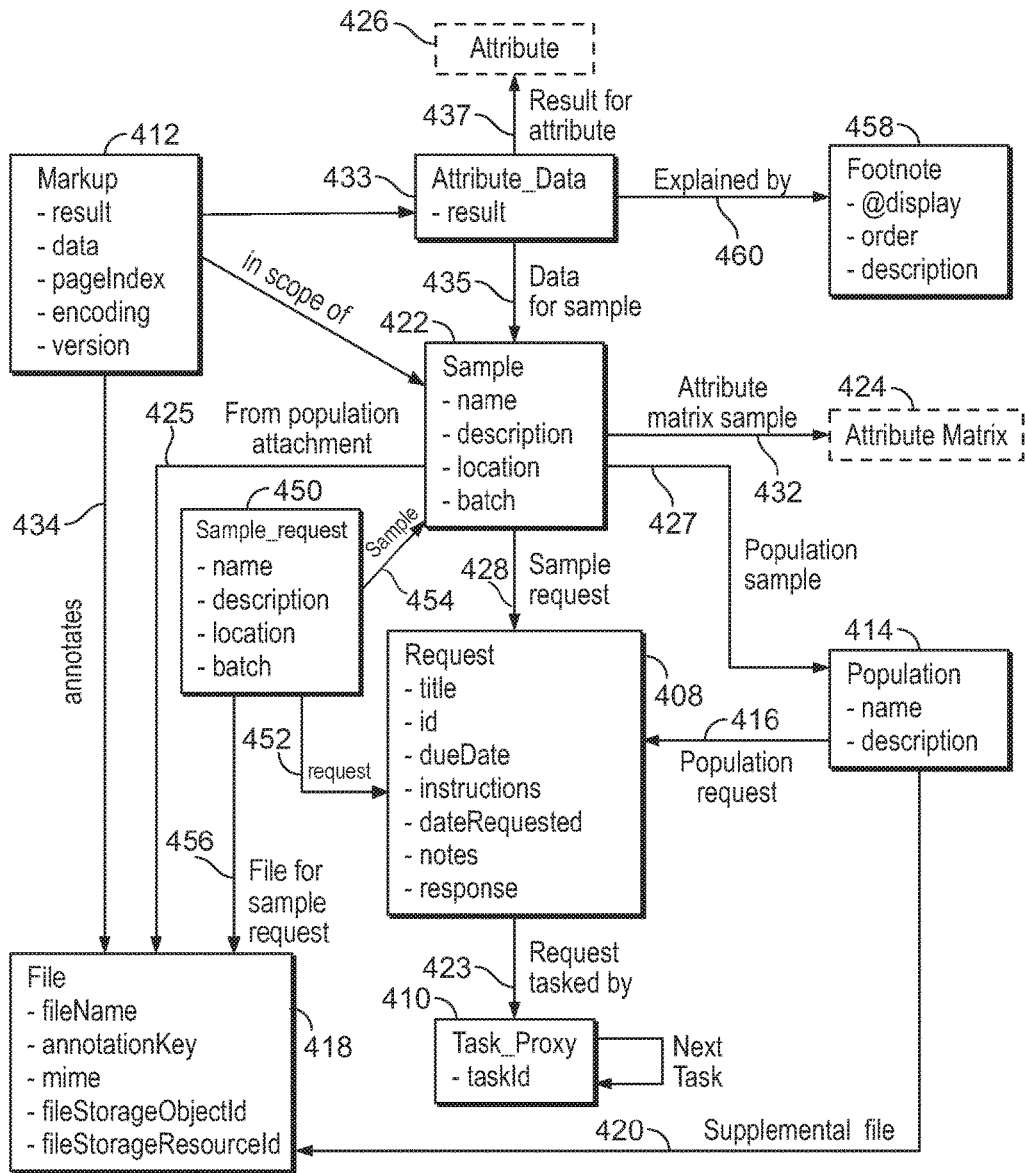


FIG. 4B

Email

COMPOSE

SOX Population Requests:

You have been assigned the following tasks

Population Request - C.AP.01

This is a population request for control C.AP.01 - please provide a list of all checks written over \$10,000 during the months of January - April 2016. Include relevant tracking sheets and memos regarding exceptions and approvals, cosigned by accounting.

Assigned by Hannah Deering
Due May 7, 2016

View All Tasks

Go to Task

500 ↗

FIG. 5

602

Tasks		Show: To Do ▾		
	TITLE	DUE DATE ◀	PREPARER	OWNER
All Tasks	0 Population Request - C.AP01	Sept 1	Robert Jones	Susan Browne
My Tasks	0 Population Request - C.AP04	Sept 1	Robert Jones	Susan Browne
My Created	0 Population Request - C.AP07	Sept 1	Robert Jones	Susan Browne

604

600 ↗

FIG. 6

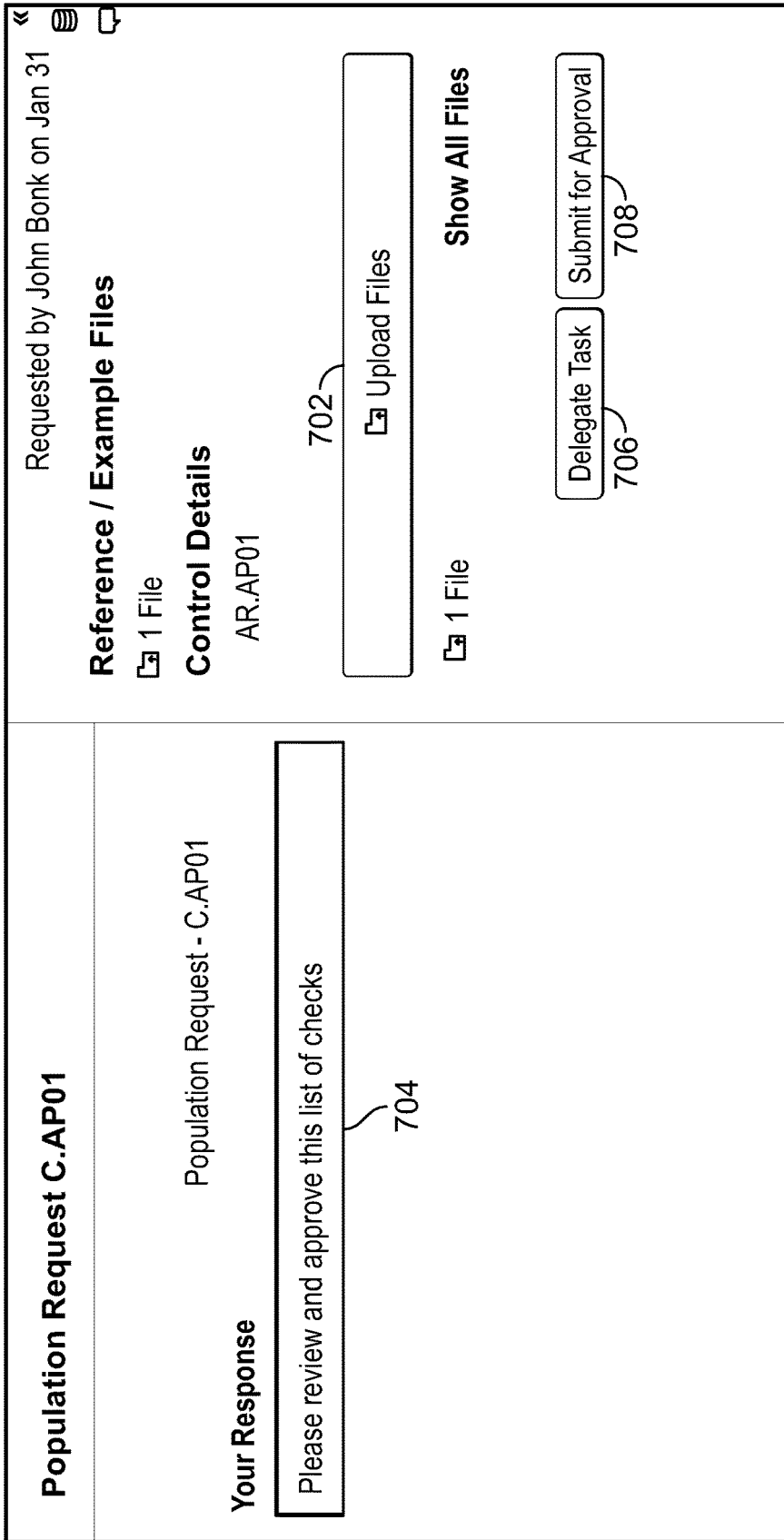


FIG. 7

700

REQUESTS		Phase	Year						
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">New Request</div> All Requests General Population Sample		1 - Walkthrough ▾	SOX 20...						
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">POPULATION REQUESTS</th> <th style="width: 33%;">SAMPLE SELECTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> TO SEND 0 ⊖ </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> TO REVIEW 2 ⊕ </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> REQUESTED 2 ⊕ </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> TO SAMPLE 1 ⊕ </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		POPULATION REQUESTS	SAMPLE SELECTION	TO SEND 0 ⊖	TO REVIEW 2 ⊕	REQUESTED 2 ⊕	TO SAMPLE 1 ⊕		
POPULATION REQUESTS	SAMPLE SELECTION								
TO SEND 0 ⊖	TO REVIEW 2 ⊕								
REQUESTED 2 ⊕	TO SAMPLE 1 ⊕								
TASK TITLE		DUE DATE	ASSIGNEE						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▾ Review Population Request C.AP01 ▾ Review Population Request C.AP03 		Jan 31 Feb 4	Susan Browne ~802 Jane Bonk						

↖ 300

FIG. 8

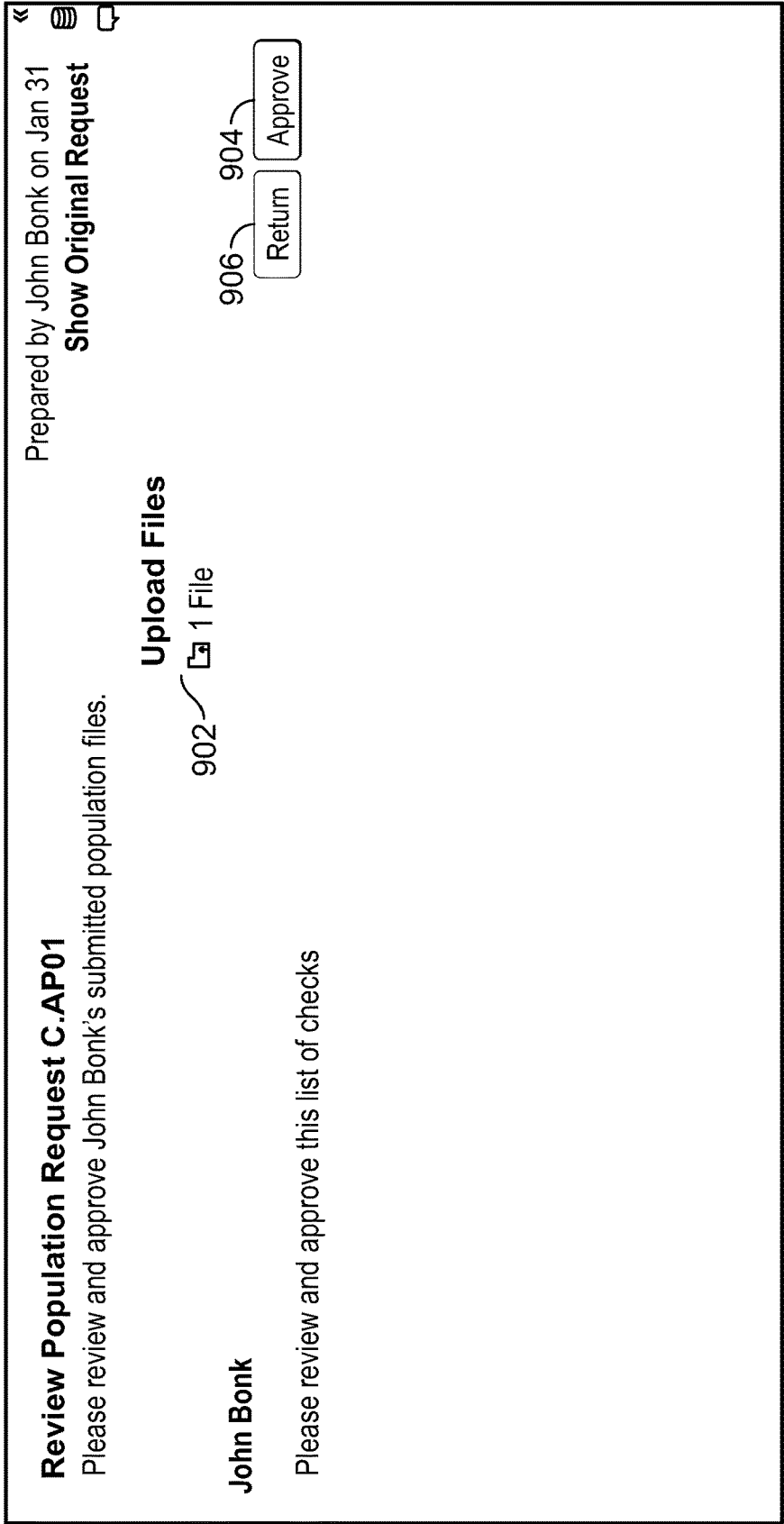


FIG. 9

1000 →

Check ID	Descriptor	Date Issued	Signer	Amount
ck-001	food	5/1/2016	John Hancock	10,000.00
ck-002	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-003	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
ck-004	food	5/1/2016	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
ck-005	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-006	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
ck-007	food	5/1/2016	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
ck-008	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-009	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
ck-010	food	5/1/2016	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
ck-011	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-012	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
ck-001	food	5/1/2016	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
ck-002	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-003	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
ck-004	food	5/1/2016	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
ck-005	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-006	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
ck-007	food	5/1/2016	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
ck-008	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-009	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
ck-010	food	5/1/2016	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
ck-011	and	5/1/2016	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
ck-012	stuff	5/1/2016	Moe-Fine	10,000.00

FIG. 10

REQUESTS		POPULATION REQUESTS		SAMPLE SELECTION	
<p><input type="button" value="New Request"/></p> <p>All Requests General Population Sample</p>		<p>TO SEND 0 ⊖ 302</p>	<p>REQUESTED 2 ⊕ 304</p>	<p>TO REVIEW 1 ⊕ 306</p>	<p>TO SAMPLE 2 ⊕ 308</p>
	TASK TITLE	DUE DATE	ASSIGNEE		
Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C.AP01 Sample Selection	Jan 28	John Bonk		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C.AP03 Sample Selection	Feb 4	Jane Bonk		

300

FIG. 11

1202

1204

Select From	list_of_checks.csv ▾	10 ⬆️⬇️⬆️	of 24 Rows	Randomize	Import Selection
Check ID	Description	Date Issued	Signer	Amount	
ck-001	food	2016-05-01	John Hancock	10,000.00	
ck-002	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-003	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-004	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-005	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-006	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-007	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-008	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-009	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-010	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-011	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-012	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-001	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-002	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-003	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-004	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-005	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-006	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-007	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-008	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-009	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-010	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-011	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
ck-012	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	

1200 ↗

FIG. 12A

Select From		list_of_checks.csv	5	of 24 Rows	Reset	Import Selection
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Check ID	Description	Date Issued	Signer	Amount	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ck-003	stuff	2016-05-01	John Hancock	10,000.00	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ck-009	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ck-011	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ck-001	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ck-007	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	

1200 →

FIG. 12B

OVERVIEW 1 - Walkthrough 3 - Roll Forward						
	Completion Date	Select date				
	Conclusion	Enter text				
	Total Sample Size	Enter number				
	Allowable Exceptions	Enter number				
	Requires a population	Select Population Required				
	Test effectiveness	Select Test Effectiveness				
	Testing technique	Select Testing Technique				
	Test in program	SOX 2017				
	Exposes issue	Select issue				
	Test Phases	C.AP01- SOX 2017				
TEST STEPS / ATTRIBUTES						
Order	Test Step	Test Step Description	Attribute	Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Test?
1	Confirm Check Details	Confirm that all check details match expected control parameters	A	Examine Date	Confirm disbursement date	▼
			B	Examine Signature	Confirm 2 executive signatures	▼

1300 →

1304

FIG. 13A

] + [

Export

Add Test Phrase

Comments

Start Testing

Overview

1 - Walkthrough

3 - Roll Forward

REQUESTS

Request ID	Request Type	Request Due	Request Status	Request Description	Request Provider	Uploaded Files
Population request - AR.AP.3	Population	02-04-2017	Completed	This is a demo Population Request description	John Bank	☰(1)

New PBC Request

ATTRIBUTE TESTING

CHECK ID	DESCRIPTION	DATE ISSUED	SIGNER	AMOUNT	FILES
1	stuff	2016-05-01	John Hancock	10,000.00	☰(0)
2	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	☰(0)
3	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	☰(0)
4	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	☰(0)
5	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	☰(0)

Add Samples to Matrix

New Sample Request

FOOTNOTES

Add Footnote

CONCLUSIONS

1300

1302

FIG. 13B

Export

Comments

Start Testing

Overview
1 - Walkthrough
2 - Interim
3 - Roll Forward

Population Request - C.AP01	Population	01-28-2017	Completed	Please provide a list of all checks written over \$10,000	John Bonk	📄(1)
Population Request - C.AP03	Population	01-30-2017	Completed	Please provide a list of all checks written over \$10,000	John Bonk	📄(1)
Sample Request - C.AP01	Sample	01-26-2017	Completed	Please provide check evidence	John Bonk	📄(2)

New PBC Request

ATTRIBUTE TESTING

Check ID	Description	Date Issued	Signer	Amount	Files	1-A	2-B	3-Attr-X	3-C
1	ck-003 and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	📄(1)	👍	⊗ ^{1,2}		
2	ck-009 and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	📄(1)	👍	👍		
3	ck-011 food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	📄(0)				
4	ck-001 and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	📄(0)				
5	ck-007 stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	📄(0)				

Add Samples to Matrix

New Sample Request

1300

FIG. 13C

1302

<input type="checkbox"/>	Request Samples*	Check ID	Description	Date Issued	Signer	Amount
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	ck-003	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	ck-009	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	ck-011	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	ck-001	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5	ck-007	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00

Request Title* 1402

Request Due* 1404

Request Instructions* 1406

Requested By*

Provided By*

Reference Files 1408

1410

FIG. 14

Prepared by John Bank on Jan 31

Sample Request C.AP01 – due Feb. 4
Please provide specific check evidence

Your Response
Complete by uploading supporting files.
Click to upload or drag files to each row.

Reference / Example Files
📁 1 File
Control Details
C.AP01

Add Additional Info

CHECK ID	DESCRIPTION	DATE ISSUED	SIGNER	AMOUNT	UPLOADED FILES
ck-003	and	2016-05-01	Curly Fine	10,000.00	📁 1 File
ck-009	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	📁 2 Files
ck-011	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	📁 1 File
ck-001	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	📁 1 File
ck-007	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	📁 1 File

1500 →

Delegate Task

Submit for Approval

1504 1506

↖ 1502

FIG. 15

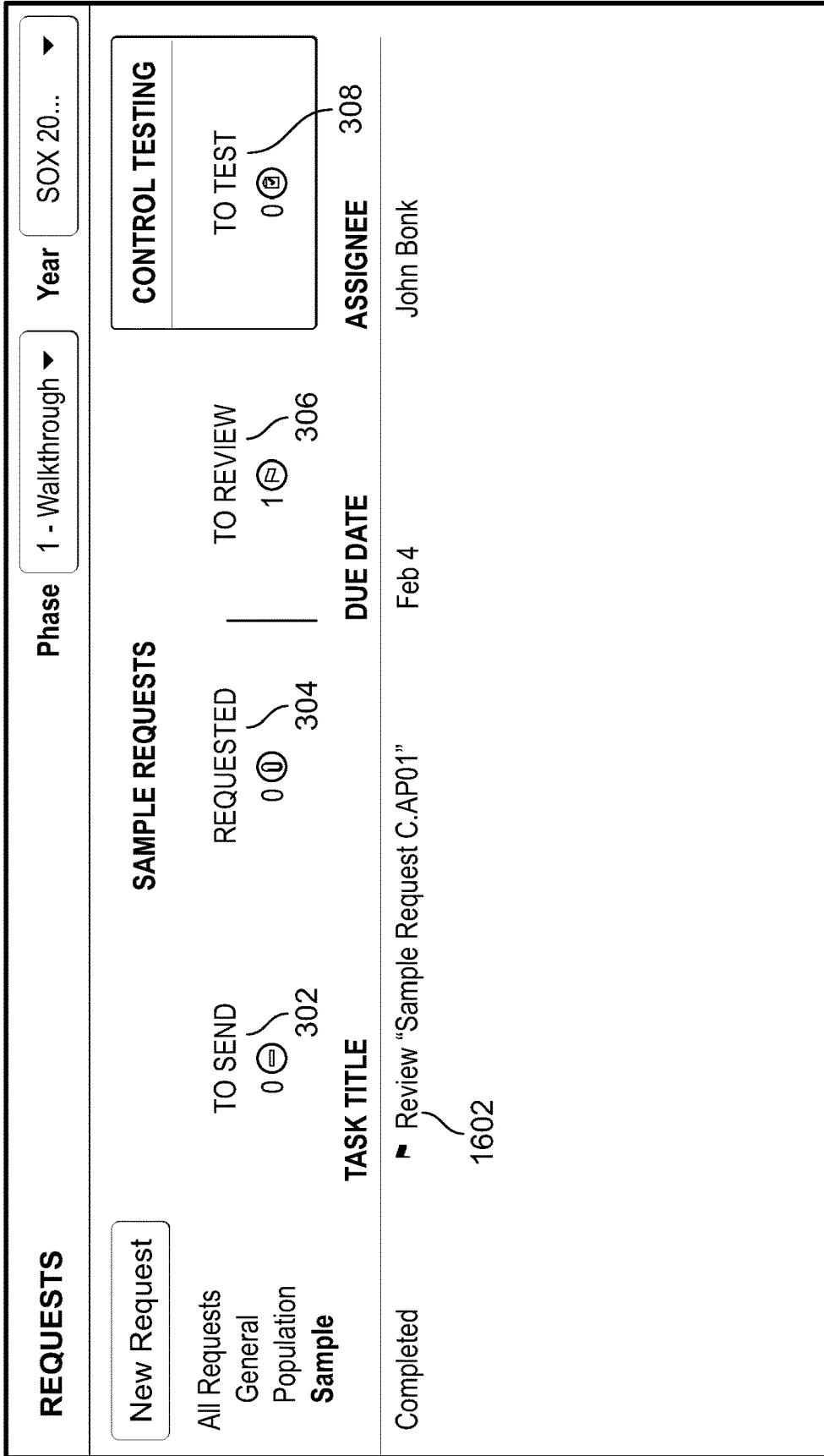


FIG. 16

Sample Request C.AP01 – due Feb. 4

Please review John Bonk's submitted population files.

Prepared by John Bonk on Jan 31

Show Original Request

John Bonk

Uploaded Files
0 Files

CHECK ID	DESCRIPTION	DATE ISSUED	SIGNER	AMOUNT	UPLOADED FILES	REVIEW
ck-002	and	2016-05-01	John Hancock	10,000.00	1 File	✔
ck-006	stuff	2016-05-01	Moe-Fine	10,000.00	2 Files	Ⓝ
ck-007	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	1 File	⊖
ck-010	food	2016-05-01	Larry-Fine	10,000.00	1 File	⊖
ck-011	and	2016-05-01	Curly-Fine	10,000.00	1 File	⊖

Return Flagged Approve

FIG. 17

1700

1804

ck-003

8/28/16

Pay to the Order Of: ABC Corporation - Accounts receivable

Ten thousand and 00/100 Dollars

Memo Invoice #2624-2628

John Hancock

1802

Attribute Testing

Test Step 1

A Verify disbursement date

B Verify executive team signature

C Adequate memo detail provided

D Payment is properly supported

E Amount matches support

Test Step 2

Test Step 3

#	Check ID	Description	Date	Signed By	Amount	1	2	3	Results									
1	999061	Payment to ABC corp...	08-28-2016	John Hancock	10,464.48	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	Results

1800

FIG. 18A

1804

1806

ck-003

A 8/28/16

Pay to the Order of ABC Corporation - Accounts receivable \$10,000.00

Ten thousand and 00/100 Dollars

C Invoice #2624-2628

B *John Hancock*

1802

1812

1808

Attribute Testing

Test Step 1

A Verify disbursement date

B Verify executive team signature

C Adequate memo detail provided

D Payment is properly supported

E Amount matches support

Test Step 2

Test Step 3

#	Check ID	Description	Date	Signed By	Amount	1	2	3	Results
1	999061	Payment to ABC corp...	08-28-2016	John Hancock	10,464.48	▼	▼	▼	
						A	B	C	D
						E	F	G	H
						I	J	K	L

1800

FIG. 18B

METHOD AND COMPUTING DEVICE FOR FACILITATING DATA SAMPLE TESTING

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The disclosure relates generally to data testing and, more particularly, to a method and computing device for facilitating data sample testing.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Data testing techniques are used in many different applications, including scientific research, software development, and in business. For example, there are laws and regulations (such as Sarbanes-Oxley (“SOX”)) that require companies to test their financial controls periodically. One of the challenges in data testing is gathering and managing the data to be tested, particularly when the data is spread throughout an organization.

DRAWINGS

[0003] While the appended claims set forth the features of the present techniques with particularity, these techniques may be best understood from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings of which:

[0004] FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an example networking environment in which various embodiments of the disclosure may be employed.

[0005] FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a computing device, according to an embodiment.

[0006] FIG. 3 illustrates a user interface, according to an embodiment.

[0007] FIG. 4A and FIG. 4B are block diagrams illustrating data structures within a graph database, according to an embodiment.

[0008] FIGS. 5-9 illustrate user interfaces according to various embodiments.

[0009] FIG. 10 illustrates a spreadsheet that may be used as an input to control testing process, according to an embodiment.

[0010] FIG. 11, FIG. 12A, FIG. 12B, FIG. 13A, FIG. 13B, FIG. 13C, FIG. 14, FIG. 15, FIG. 16, FIG. 17, FIG. 18A and FIG. 18B illustrate user interfaces according to various embodiments.

DESCRIPTION

[0011] The disclosure is generally directed to a method for facilitating data sample testing. In an embodiment, the method involves a computing device carrying out the following actions: displaying a data sample on a user interface; receiving, via the user interface, a selection of a test to be performed on the data sample; receiving, via the user interface, an input of a result of the test; generating, in a graph database, a vertex representing a visual indicator corresponding to the input result; and creating, in the graph database, an association between the vertex representing the visual indicator and a vertex representing a file containing the displayed data sample.

[0012] According an embodiment, a method for facilitating data sample testing involves a computing device carrying out the following actions: receiving an input of a plurality of data samples, each of the plurality of samples having a plurality of attributes that are to be tested; generating a matrix of the plurality of samples and the plurality of

attributes; displaying a visual representation of the matrix on a user interface; visually rendering a data sample of the plurality of samples on the user interface; detecting a user interaction with a data sample as rendered on the user interface, wherein the user interaction indicates a result of a test on the data sample; and, updating the graph database with a vertex representing the result, wherein the vertex representing the result is associated in the graph database with a vertex representing the data sample.

[0013] In an embodiment, a method for facilitating the testing of the content of a document involves a computing device carrying out the following actions: visually rendering a document; receiving, at a location on the visual rendition of the document, a user input indicating a result of a test; displaying a markup on the visual rendition at the location, wherein the markup visually indicates a result of the test; generating, in a graph database, a vertex representing the markup; associating the vertex representing the markup with a vertex representing the document; and associating the vertex representing the markup with a vertex representing the result of the test.

[0014] Various embodiments of the disclosure are implemented in a computer networking environment. Turning to FIG. 1, an example of such an environment is shown. A first computing device 100 (e.g., a hardware server or a cluster of hardware servers) is communicatively linked to a network 102. Possible implementations of the network 102 include a local-area network, a wide-area network, a private network, a public network (e.g., the Internet), or any combination of these. The network 102 may include both wired and wireless components. Also communicatively linked to the network 102 are a second computing device 104 (e.g., a client device), a third computing device 106 (e.g., a client device), and a fourth computing device 108 (e.g., a hardware server or a cluster of hardware servers).

[0015] It is to be understood that various embodiments may be carried out on the first computing device 100, the second computing device 104, the third computing device 106, or other computing devices not depicted, with one or both the second computing device 104 and the third computing device 106 accessing the first computing device 100 via client programs (labeled 104a and 106a, respectively), such as thin, web-based clients. In an embodiment, the first computing device 100 executes productivity software 100a (e.g., a document editing application, a spreadsheet application, etc.) and the third computing device 108 executes software-as-a-service (“SaaS”) platform software 108a. The first computing device 100 and the third computing device 108 are communicatively linked to a media storage device 110 (e.g., a memory or a redundant array of independent disks). Although FIG. 1 depicts the media storage device 110 as a single device, in fact, the media storage device 110 may be implemented as a single computing device or as multiple computing devices working together, and may represent a cloud storage service including multiple storage devices.

[0016] In another embodiment, the productivity software 100a and the SaaS platform software 108a execute on the same computing device (e.g., the first computing device 100 or the third computing device 108). For example, the productivity software 100a could reside on one partition of the first computing device 100 while the SaaS platform software 108a could reside on another partition of the first computing device 100. In other embodiments, portions of the productivity software 100a execute on both the first computing

device **100** and the third computing device **106**, and/or portions of the SaaS platform software **108a** may be executed on both the first computing device **100** and the third computing device **108**. With such network configurations, the second computing device **104** and the third computing device **106** are configured to access the computing device or devices on which the productivity software **100a** resides.

[0017] Although there may be many types of data stored on the media storage device **110**, the present disclosure will focus on a graph database **112**, which is maintained by the SaaS platform software **108a**, but whose operations are controlled by the productivity software **100a**, which issues instructions to read from, write to, and modify the contents of the graph database **112** via the SaaS platform software **108a**. Also discussed in this disclosure are a first task queue **114** and a second task queue **116**, whose functions will be described below in more detail.

[0018] In one implementation, one or more of the computing devices of FIG. 1 (including the media storage device **108**) have the general architecture shown in FIG. 2. The computing device of FIG. 2 includes processor hardware **202** (e.g., a microprocessor, controller, or application-specific integrated circuit) (hereinafter “processor **202**”), a primary memory **204** (e.g., volatile memory, random-access memory), a secondary memory **206** (e.g., non-volatile memory), user input devices **208** (e.g., a keyboard, mouse, or touchscreen), a display device **210** (e.g., an organic, light-emitting diode display), and a network interface **212** (which may be wired or wireless). Each of the elements of FIG. 2 is communicatively linked to one or more other elements via one or more data pathways **213**. Possible implementations of the data pathways **213** include wires, conductive pathways on a microchip, and wireless connections. In an embodiment, the processor **202** is one of multiple processors in the computing device, each of which is capable of executing a separate thread. In an embodiment, the processor **202** communicates with other processors external to the computing device in order to initiate the execution of different threads on those other processors.

[0019] The memories **204** and **206** store instructions executable by the processor **202** and data. The term “local memory” as used herein refers to one or both the memories **204** and **206** (i.e., memory accessible by the processor **202** within the computing device). In some embodiments, the secondary memory **206** is implemented as, or supplemented by an external memory **206A**. The media storage device **108** is a possible implementation of the external memory **206A**. The processor **202** executes the instructions and uses the data to carry out various procedures including, in some embodiments, the methods described herein, including displaying a graphical user interface **219**. The graphical user interface **219** is, according to one embodiment, software that the processor **202** executes to display a report on the display device **210**, and which permits a user to make inputs into the report via the user input devices **208**.

[0020] This disclosure will sometimes refer to one or more of the client program **104a**, the client program **106a**, and the productivity software **100a** as taking one or more actions. It is to be understood that such actions may involve only one of these software entities or may involve two or more. Possible ways that one or more of these programs could take an action include: (a) the client program transmitting hyper-text transport protocol commands such as “Get” and “Post”

in order to transmit to or receive information from the productivity software **100a** (e.g., via a web server), (b) the client program running a script (e.g., JavaScript) to send information to and retrieve information from the productivity software **100a**, and (c) the client program (e.g., a web browser) receiving an entry of a uniform resource locator (e.g., as result of a user selection of a link in a received email), being directed to a web-based portal, providing input to the productivity software **100a** via the portal, and receiving output from the productivity software **100a** via the portal. The productivity software **100a** may ultimately obtain information (e.g., web pages or data to feed into plugins used by the client programs) from the graph database **112** or the SaaS platform software **108a**.

[0021] According to an embodiment, the productivity software **100a** is able to manage tasks for various users through the use of the queues **114** and **118**. Users are able to view and manage tasks in their respective queues through user interfaces. In one use case, the productivity software **100a** provides a platform that allows an organization to carry out a test of controls for the purpose of complying with SOX rules. The examples that follow will incorporate this use case, and it will be assumed for the sake of illustration that: the user **104b** is acting in the role of a requester (and will also be referred to as the requester **104b**), the user **106b** is acting in the role of a provider (and will also be referred to as the provider **106b**), that the first queue **114** holds tasks for the requester **104b**, and the second queue **116** holds tasks for the provider **106b**. Furthermore, when the disclosure refers to the requester **104b** or provider **106b** as carrying out an action, the actions are, in fact, carried out by the productivity software **100a** based on input from one or both of the client programs **104a** and **106a** (which may have received input from the requester **104b** and provider **106b**, respectively). In the SOX testing use case, the requester **104b** would typically be the tester and the provider **106b** would typically be the control owner. It should also be understood, that the various techniques described herein are applicable to many other use cases besides SOX testing.

[0022] In an embodiment, the primary user interface that the requester **104b** interacts with (e.g., via the client program **104a**) is in the form of a dashboard, an example of which is shown in FIG. 3. The dashboard, generally labeled **300**, acts as home screen for the requester **104b**. The dashboard **300** organizes the tasks of the first queue **114** (the task queue for the requester **104b**) by task type, each of which can be accessed through tabs. The tabs include: (a) “To Send” tab **302**, which lists the requests that have been created but not sent, (b) “Requested” tab **304**, which lists the requests (both population requests and evidence requests) that have been sent out but for which no response has been received, (c) “To Review” tab **306**, which lists the requests (population and evidence) for which responses have been received and therefore need to be reviewed by the requester **104b**, (d) “To Sample” tab **308**, which lists the populations that the requester **104b** has reviewed and approved and are therefore ready to be sampled, and (e) “To Test” tab **310**, which lists evidence sets (received from the provider **106b** or delegatee of the provider **106b**) waiting to be tested.

[0023] According to an embodiment, the productivity software **100a** creates and updates vertices and edges in the graph database **112** to represent and organize the various requests, populations, data samples, tests, and supporting documents needed for an organization to carry out data tests.

Examples of the data structures (vertices and edges) used in this capacity (in an embodiment) are depicted in FIG. 4A and FIG. 4B. Each vertex has at least one property, and the relationship between two given vertices (if there is a relationship) is defined in the graph database 112 by at least one edge. Vertices and edges may be created by the productivity software 100a (such as during an onboarding process for a customer) or by a user of the productivity software 100a. For example, the productivity software 100a might receive a spreadsheet with a list of SOX controls (e.g., “Control C.AP01, Control C.AP03,” etc.)

[0024] The vertices include one or more control vertices 402, each of which includes properties that describe a control (e.g., in the SOX context), and one or more test of control vertices 404, each of which includes properties that describe a test that may be performed on a particular control. A relationship between a test of control vertex 402 and the control vertex 404 representing the control that the test validates is defined in the database 112 by an edge 406. The remaining vertices will be described as being created during example interactions between the first client program 104a and the productivity software 100a.

[0025] For example, to create a new request for a population, the requester 104b selects the “New Request” button 312 on the dashboard 300. In response, the productivity software 100a provides a user interface through which the requester 104b can enter basic information about the test for which the population is requested, such as identifying the relevant test being performed and the test phase to which the test applies. Once the requester 104b has entered that data, the productivity software 100a creates a request vertex 408 (FIG. 4B) that includes properties regarding the population request, a task proxy vertex 410 to interface with a tasking function of the productivity software 100a, and an edge 412 from the request vertex 408 to the task proxy vertex 410.

[0026] According to an embodiment, productivity software 100a notifies the provider of the pending request. The requester may also provide the productivity software 100a with a message that is to be sent to the provider along with the notification. The notification can take the form of, for example, a text message, an alert from a mobile app, or an email. For example, referring to FIG. 5, in an embodiment, the productivity software 100a displays a user interface 500 that allows the requester 104b to select a provider 106b to fulfill the request and to compose an email to the provider 106b.

[0027] In an embodiment, once the requester 104b has finalized the text of the email (e.g., indicating this via a “send” button), the productivity software 100a responds by sending out the email to the provider 106b (or providers if there are multiple) and adding a “population request” task to the provider’s queue 116. The email contains a link to a portal capable of interacting with the productivity software 100a, so that when the provider 106b receives the email, opens it, and activates the link, the client program 106a is directed to the portal, a user interface of which is shown in FIG. 6. The user interface 600 displays the requests (shown in FIG. 6 as part of a list 602) that are in currently in the queue 116. When the provider 106b selects a request (the request 604, in this example), the productivity software 100a responds by transmitting a file upload interface 700 to the computing device 104 (FIG. 7). The file upload interface 700 includes instructions from the requester 104b, a description of the control being tested (which the productivity software

100a pulls from the control vertex 402 (FIG. 4A) of the graph database 112), on-screen button 702 for initiating file uploads, and a text entry area 704 where the provider 106b can add comments for the requester 104b. Additionally, the provider 106b can delegate the task of providing the population (e.g., fulfilling the population request) to someone else via the “Delegate Task” button 706, in which case the productivity software 100a will generate an email to whom-ever the provider 106b identifies and place the appropriate task in the delegatee’s queue. Once the provider 106b uploads the population (e.g., in the form of a spreadsheet or comma-separated value (“csv”) file) and selects the “Submit for Approval” button 708, the productivity software 100a adds the task (C.AP01 in this case) to the requester’s queue 116. Additionally, the productivity software 100a creates a population vertex 414 (FIG. 4B) in the database 112, a file vertex 418 for each file (e.g., each csv file) that the provider 106b provides in response to the request, and an edge 420 from the population vertex 414 to the file vertex 418. The file vertex 418 includes one or more properties (such as a unique object identifier) sufficient for the productivity software 100a to locate the file in the media storage device 110.

[0028] According to an embodiment, to review a submitted population, the requester 104b selects the “To Review” tab 306 on the dashboard 300 (FIG. 8) and selects the population (entry 802, in this example). In response, the productivity software 100a provides a user interface 900, as shown in FIG. 9. The user interface 900 includes an attachment pane containing links to the file or files that the provider 106b uploaded in response to the population request. The requester 104b can select one or more files as needed in order to open them and make sure that received populations are appropriate. For example, if the received population is in the form of a csv file and the requester 104b selects the file 902 in the attachment pane, the productivity software 101a responds by providing a user interface 1000, which shows the contents of the csv file (FIG. 10). If the requester 104b finds the received populations appropriate, the requester 104b can accept the population(s) (e.g., via the “Approve” button 904), or return the population(s) (via the “Return” button 906) back to the provider 106b along with a note explaining the reasons for the return.

[0029] In an embodiment, if the requester 104b approves the population(s), then the productivity software 100a adds the tasks in the “To Sample” tab 308, as shown in FIG. 11. The requester 104b then selects the population that the requester 104b would like to sample—C.AP01 in this example—and the productivity software 100a reacts by displaying the interface 1200 shown in FIG. 12A, which depicts the contents of the csv file that the provider 106b provided, along with an entry field 1202 that allows the requester 104b to select how many randomly-chosen samples the requester 104b wants to take and a button 1204 to initiate the sampling process. In this example, it will be assumed that the requester 104b wishes to take 5 random samples. Upon initiating the sampling process (with the button 1204), the productivity software 100a randomly selects the five samples and displays them on the user interface 1200 as shown in FIG. 12B. The requester 104b is then given the option to finalize the selection.

[0030] According to an embodiment, each sample has multiple attributes associated with it, which, in this embodiment, are described in the column headings of the spreadsheet. For each given attribute of each given sample, there

is a piece of data referred to as the “result.” The grid that includes a given set of samples, attributes, and results is referred to as the “attribute matrix.” Once it receives an entry of samples and attributes (or, alternatively, when the requester submits a request for the samples), the productivity software **100a** generates a sample vertex **422** (FIG. 4B) for each sample (i.e., each row of the sampled subset of the spreadsheet received from the provider **106b**). The sample vertex **422** includes the following properties: the name of the sample, a description of the sample, the location of the sample, and the batch from which the samples was taken. The productivity software **100a** also generates: an edge **424** from the sample vertex **422** to the population vertex **414**, an edge **426** from the sample vertex **422** to the file vertex **418** (i.e., the vertex corresponding to the separate document (e.g., spreadsheet) from which the sample was taken), an attribute matrix vertex **424** (FIG. 4A) (representing the attribute matrix), and an edge **432** from the sample vertex **422** to the attribute matrix vertex **424**.

[0031] For each attribute of a set of samples received from a provider (or delegatee thereof), the productivity software **100a** generates an attribute vertex **426** and an edge **430** from the attribute vertex **426** to the attribute matrix vertex **424**. For each attribute/sample combination (e.g., each entry in the matrix, the productivity software **100a** generates an attribute data vertex **433** (which has “result” as one of its properties), an edge **435** from the attribute data vertex **433** to the sample vertex **422**, and an edge **437** from the attribute data vertex **433** to the attribute vertex **426** (FIG. 4A).

[0032] According to an embodiment, each step of a test to be performed on an evidence sample (also referred to herein as a “piece of evidence”) is also represented in the graph database **112** by both an attribute vertex **426** and a test step vertex **442**, with the attribute vertex being more representative of the display of the test step within the visual representation of the test matrix on the user interface and the test step vertex being more representative of the test step itself. Note that a “step” of a test will also be referred to herein generally as a “test,” since each test “step” represents a test that is applied by to particular “attribute” of a piece of evidence. For each attribute vertex representing a test step, the productivity software **100a** generates an edge **431** from the attribute vertex **426** (for that test step) to the test step vertex **442**, but does not generate an edge from the attribute vertex **426** to the attribute matrix vertex **424** for test step attributes.

[0033] In an embodiment, the requester **104b** may set up tests for the received samples by navigating to a test setup interface **1300**, shown in FIG. 13A. The interface **1300** includes a visual representation **1302** of certain properties of the attribute matrix vertex **424**. A test step and attributes entry interface **1304**, shown in FIG. 13B (in a different portion of the interface **1300**) allows the requester **104b** to create test steps and attributes (i.e., test steps and sub-steps). In response to the entry of each test step, the productivity software **100a** generates a test step vertex **442** and an edge **443** between the test step vertex **442** and the test of control vertex **404** that represents the particular test of control being carried out. In response to the entry of each attribute for a given test, the productivity software **100a** generates an attribute vertex **426**, an edge **430** between the attribute vertex **426** and the attribute matrix vertex **424**, and an edge **430** between the attribute vertex **426** and the test step vertex **442** (corresponding to the test step to which the attribute

belongs). The productivity software **100a** adds the attribute tests to the visual representation **1302** of the attribute matrix, as shown in FIG. 13C.

[0034] In an embodiment, the productivity software **100a** interprets the graph database **112** such that the productivity software **100a** displays only those attributes (e.g., only those column headers in the incoming csv file) whose vertices have edges to the attribute matrix vertex **424** as part of the visual representation **1302**. This allows for flexibility in the format and content of files provided by the provider. For example, three different providers might upload files having additional columns (i.e., additional to those columns that are needed to be displayed as part of the visual representation **1302**). By restricting which attributes (e.g., which column headers) get edges generated to the attribute matrix vertex **424**, the productivity software can ensure that only the relevant ones (e.g., the ones that need to be tested) are displayed.

[0035] According to an embodiment, the requester **104b** may select (e.g., via a right-click menu on visual representation **1302**) an option to create a request for the provider **106b** to provide evidence (e.g., the samples themselves—the five checks in this example). The productivity software **100a** responds by presenting a user interface **1400** (shown in FIG. 14), which includes fields **1402**, **1404**, and **1406** for the entry of the request title, due date, and provider (the provider **106b** in this example) respectively. The interface **1400** also includes a file upload button **1408** that opens a file upload interface to allow, for example, the requester **104b** to attach a sample file to give the provider **106b** an idea of what sort of evidence is needed. Once the requester **104b** is finished entering the information, the requester **104b** selects the “Confirm Request” button **1410**. The productivity software **100a** reacts to this by creating a task proxy vertex **414** representing the request, creating a sample request vertex **450** representing the sample request, generating an edge **452** from the sample request vertex to the request vertex **408**, generating an edge **423** between the request vertex **408** and the task proxy vertex **410** (FIG. 4A) and adding the task to the provider’s queue **116**. The productivity software **100a** also generates a notification (e.g., as shown in FIG. 14) regarding the request (including the message entered by the requester **104b** and a link to a portal such discussed above) and sends the notification (e.g., sends an email) to the provider **106b**, which the provider **106b** sees (on the third computing device **106**). In response to the provider **106b** selecting the link (once the portal opens) and the task representing the population request, the productivity software **100a** displays a user interface **1500** that shows a more focused view of the task (FIG. 15).

[0036] In an embodiment, the provider **106b** may then respond by locating files containing the requested evidence, uploading the files using an upload interface **1502**, delegating this task by selecting the “Delegate Task” button **1504**, or, once the files have been uploaded, submitting to the requester **104b** for approval by selecting the “Submit for Approval” button **1506**. There are many possible types of files that could contain the requested evidence, include word processing documents, spreadsheets, image files, video files, email files, and audio files. In this example, the provider **106b** uploads an image of the front of each check listed and selects “Submit for Approval.” The productivity software **100a** responds by creating a file vertex **418** (FIG. 4B) for each image and generating an edge **454** from the sample

request vertex **450** to the sample vertex **422** (i.e., the sample vertex corresponding to the entry for that check in the attribute matrix) and an edge **456** from the sample request vertex **450** to the file vertex **418**. Thus, if the provider **106b** uploads five image files (each with an image of a respective check), the productivity software **100a** creates five file vertices **418**. The productivity software **100a** also adds a task to the queue **114** of the requester **104b** (the task being to review the uploaded evidence).

[0037] According to an embodiment, when the requester **104b** opens the dashboard **300**, the requester **104b** will see the task on the “To Review Tab” **306**, as shown in FIG. **16**. When the requester **104b** selects the task corresponding to the submission of evidence previously described (task **1602** of FIG. **16**), the productivity software **100a** responds by providing an interface **1700** (FIG. **17**) that displays a list of the samples and the pieces of evidence provided in support thereof. The user interface **1700** includes a list **1702** of pieces of evidence (images of checks in this case) that have been received and are ready for testing. The requester **104b** then may review the pieces of evidence (via selecting one of the icons **1704**) and mark them as approved or to be returned (e.g., in the column **1706**) to the provider **106b** if, for example, the checks do not match what was requested).

[0038] In an embodiment, when the requester **104b** selects one of the icons of column **1704**, the productivity software **100a** responds providing a user interface **1800** that includes an image **1802** of file (check, in this example) as shown in FIG. **18A**, along with a list **1804** of test steps and attribute tests. In this context, the attribute tests are sub-steps of the overall test step. A given test step may have one or more attribute tests. Next to each attribute test is a check box, in which the requester **104b** may indicate whether the test of an attribute passed, failed, or is not applicable. The attributes in the list **1804** are the same ones shown on the visual representation **1302** of the attribute matrix and stored in the database **112** in the vertices discussed previously.

[0039] In an embodiment, the requester **104b** can interact with the user interface **1800** (e.g., drag and drop) to apply a step of a test to the appropriate part of the image **1802** so as to create a visual indicator such as a markup at a particular location on the image **1802** (as displayed on the user interface **1800**) and indicate the result of the test step at that location via the visual indicator. For example, assume that the requester **104b** drags test step **1A**, “Verify Disbursement Date” over to the date on the check image **1802** and, through a pop-up menu (e.g., activated by a “right click” gesture), indicates that the particular attribute being tested (the disbursement date) has “passed.” The productivity software **100a** reacts by displaying a markup **1806**, as shown in FIG. **18B** (a green rectangle, in this case), at the target area of the drag and drop gesture (e.g., on a portion of the image **1802**). In some embodiments, the user interface **1800** permits a user to select the shape (e.g., rectangle, square, teardrop) and/or color of the markup (e.g., green for pass, red for fail) that is to be applied to the evidence. In others, there are no choices for the shape or the color (e.g., the color is dictated by the representative icon or markup to be used such as pass=green, fail=red). Furthermore, the productivity software **100a** reacts to this drag-and-drop gesture by creating the markup vertex **412** (FIG. **4B**) and generating an edge **434** from the markup vertex **412** to the file vertex **418** representing the file containing the image **1802**.

[0040] According to an embodiment, the productivity software **100a** also updates a visual representation **1810** of the matrix to indicate whether the evidence has passed the attribute test (e.g. green check mark for “pass” and red X for “fail”) as shown, for example, in FIG. **18B**. The requester **104b** can repeat this process for other attributes so as to test, for example, the signature and memo fields resulting in a green rectangle markup **1808** (indicating that the signature “passes”) and a red rectangle markup **1812** (indicating that the memo field “fails”). As the results of the tests results are entered by the requester **104b**, the productivity software **100a** updates the graph database **112** by generating additional markup vertices **412** (e.g., one markup vertex per markup) and generating an edge **434** from it to the file vertex **418** of that image. markup vertex **412** that is connected to the file vertex **410** representing the file containing the image **1802**.

[0041] In an embodiment, the requester **104b** indicates whether the overall test step passes or fails by annotating the check box next to the attribute in the list **1804**. The productivity software **100a** indicates the pass or fail status even if not all of the tests of the individual attributes have the same result. The productivity software **100a** represents the overall pass or fail status in the “result” property of the attribute data vertex **433**. Furthermore, the requester **104b** can enter a footnote to, for example, explain the result of the test. The productivity software **100a** responds by creating a footnote vertex **458** in the graph database **112** and generating a vertex **460** from the attribute data vertex **433** to the footnote vertex **458**.

[0042] It should be understood that the exemplary embodiments described herein should be considered in a descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation. Descriptions of features or aspects within each embodiment should typically be considered as available for other similar features or aspects in other embodiments. It will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from their spirit and scope as set forth in the following claims. For example, the actions described herein can be reordered in ways that will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

[0043] Also, other implementations of the various user interfaces shown herein may be used without departing from the scope and spirit of the disclosure. For example, the user interface **1800** of FIGS. **18A** and **18B** may, instead of check boxes, provide a button that visually indicates the current result but brings up a dropdown menu when a user selects the button. The dropdown menu can include choices like “pass,” “fail,” “not reviewed,” or “N/A.” Similarly, the user interface **1800** may, instead of creating a rectangle when an attribute is dragged onto the displayed sample (the displayed evidence), display a different shape, such as a teardrop shape.

1-11. (canceled)

12: A system for facilitating the review of the content of a document, the system comprising:

a first computing device operating as a server; and
a second computing device operating as a client of the first computing device,

wherein the second computing device transmits a file containing a plurality of attributes,

wherein the first computing device:
 receives the file containing a plurality of attributes;
 generates, in a graph database, a vertex representing an attribute matrix;
 for each of a first subset of the plurality of attributes,
 generates, in the graph database, a vertex representing the attribute,
 generates an edge between the vertex representing the attribute and the vertex representing the attribute matrix;
 for each of a second subset of the plurality of attributes,
 generates, in the graph database, a vertex representing the attribute,
 refrains from generating an edge between the vertex representing the attribute and the vertex representing the attribute matrix;
 provides a user interface to the second computing device;

wherein the second computing device:
 displays a visual representation of the attribute matrix on the user interface using only those attributes of the first subset;
 visually renders a document on the user interface;
 detects a user interaction with the document as rendered on the user interface, wherein the user interaction includes an entry of a markup to be applied to the rendered document and an input of data regarding an attribute of the first subset of attributes;
 provides information regarding the entry of the markup to the first computing device;

wherein the first computing device:
 generates, in the graph database, a vertex representing the markup,
 generates, in the graph database, an edge from the vertex representing the markup to a vertex representing the document; and
 updates, in the graph database, a vertex representing the attribute of the first subset of attributes with the data regarding the attribute of the first subset of attributes.

13-17. (canceled)

18: The system of claim **12**, wherein the second computing device detects the user interaction by receiving an input of a drag and drop gesture on the visual representation of the attribute matrix via the user interface.

19: The system of claim **12**, wherein the entry of the markup comprises a selection of a geometric shape to be applied to the visual rendition of the document.

20. (canceled)

21: The system of claim **12**, wherein the second computing device receives a user selection of a color to be applied to the markup.

22: The system of claim **12**, wherein the first computing device:

generates a vertex representing a file containing the document;

generates an edge between the vertex representing the markup and the vertex representing the file containing the document; and

generates an edge between the vertex representing the file containing the document and the vertex representing the document.

23: The system of claim **12**,

wherein the second computing device detects the user interaction with the document as rendered on the user interface by detecting the user interaction at a first location on the document,

wherein the entry of the markup comprises an entry of the markup at the first location,

wherein the second computing device:

detects a second user interaction with the rendered document at a second location on the document,

wherein the second user interaction includes an entry of a second markup to be applied to the rendered document and an input of data regarding a second attribute of the first subset of attributes;

wherein the first computing device:

generates, in the graph database, a vertex representing the second markup; and

generates, in the graph database, an edge from the vertex representing the second markup to the vertex representing the document.

24: The system of claim **12**, wherein the first computing device:

transmits a message to a second user, wherein the message includes a link to an upload user interface; and

receives the file containing the document via the upload user interface.

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