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(56) Documents cited **GB 1578948** 

(58) Field of search

B1D

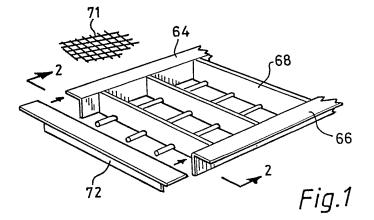
B1T

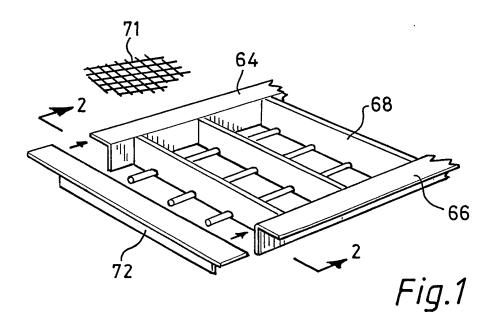
B2H

Selected US specifications from IPC sub-classes B01D B07B

## (54) Filtering screen

(57) A filtering screen comprises a first filter mesh, a second filter mesh having a different mesh size from the first and overlying the first mesh, and an apertured support to which both of the meshes are bonded so as to maintain the two meshes in tension, the tension in one of the meshes being greater than that in the other. At least one other filter mesh may be bonded over the first two meshes. The support comprises a rectilinear frame 64,66,72 divided by transverse bars 68 and reinforced by additional rods (70). The screen is used in a vibrating screening machine.





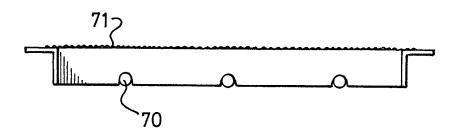


Fig.2

#### **SPECIFICATION**

## Improvements in filtering screens

#### 5 Field of the invention

This invention relates to a screen for use in a filtering process, especially for filtering a particlecontaining suspension or a slurry.

## 10 Background to the invention

Commonly, in filtering processes generally of the kind referred to, a plurality of differently-sized mesh filter elements are mounted one above the other in a vibratory cradle or the like. Each wire 15 mesh screen may be tensioned across the cradle by use of fixing hooks. Alternatively, each single mesh screen may be mounted and possibly stretched within a screen insertable into the cradle.

# 20 Object of the invention

It is an object of this invention to provide an improved filtering screen, for example a filtering screen which can usefully be employed in a vibratory cradle.

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## Summary of the invention

According to one aspect of the present invention, a filtering screen comprises:

- a) a first filter mesh,
- b) a second filter mesh having a different mesh size from the first and overlying the first mesh, and
- c) an apertured support to which the meshes are bonded so as to maintain the two meshes in tension, the tension in one of the meshes being
   35 greater than that in the other, wherein
  - d) the screen support is in the form of a rectilinear frame of rigid supports similar to a picture frame with transversely extending intermediate struts to define apertures within the frame.
- The invention is not limited to the use of only two screen meshes and additional meshes having the same or different mesh size and having the same or different tension may be incorporated by bonding over the first two mentioned meshes.
- 45 By incorporating a rigid apertured support and bonding the meshes to the support, so differential tensions within the meshes can be maintained and the meshes are kept flat even under load thereby preventing migration of slurry and uneven distribution across the screen.

Where meshes or cloths are to be secured to an apertured support as aforesaid, the bonding may be achieved using a thermosetting adhesive, a chemically setting adhesive, or by fusion where the 55 rigid support is of an appropriate material such as a plastics material.

There is no limitation on the material which can be used for the rigid screen support. Thus for example any of wood, steel, plastics or a composite material including fibres for reinforcement may be used, or any combination thereof.

As is known, the use of two meshes of differing tension overlying one another enables the screen to be self-cleaning. By providing a rigid support to 65 which the meshes or filter cloths are bonded, the

self-cleaning aspect of the invention is enhanced since the meshes or screen cloths do not need to be tensioned to the same extent as is the case if they are to be self supporting.

70 In one embodiment of the invention a polyester is used to bond the mesh to a relatively rigid support of glass reinforced plastics material.

The support preferably has a regular pattern of apertures.

75 The meshes or screen cloths are preferably formed from woven wire.

Typical mesh sizes are 12 wires per cm (30 wires per inch) and 60 wires per cm (150 wires per inch), the coarser mesh always being the mesh which is in contact with the support and the finer mesh (60 wires per cm) being secured over the coarser mesh.

Bonding of the meshes to the support may be aided by the application of heat and pressure applied by a press or by means of rollers.

The differential tensioning imparted during bonding allows one mesh to flap against the other during vibration so as to render the screen self-cleaning.

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## Description of drawings

The invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

95 Figure 1 illustrates in perspective part of a practical embodiment of screen support; and

Figure 2 is a cross-section through Figure 1 on the line 2-2.

## 100 Detailed description of drawings

In Figure 1 a screen support is shown comprising angled members 64 and 66 between which extend rigid bars such as 68, typically welded at their ends. As shown in Figure 2 each bar is cut away on its underside to accommodate transversely extending rods such as 70. Also as shown in Figure 2, the upper surface of the bars 68 and the out turned flanges of the members 64 and 66 are coplanar and two or more meshes typically of woven wire as at 71 can be stretched over the frame and secured to the coplanar surfaces of the members 64, 66 and 68 using a suitable adhesive.

The frame may be completed by means of members such as 72 which again may be welded or otherwise secured to the side struts 64 and 66.

The screen described herein is intended to be firmly clamped in a vibratory screening machine, in use.

# 120 CLAIMS

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- 1. A filtering screen comprising:
- a) a first filter mesh,
- b) a second filter mesh having a different mesh 125 size from the first and overlying the first mesh, and
  - c) an apertured support to which the meshes are bonded so as to maintain the two meshes in tension, the tension in one of the means being greater than that in the other, wherein
  - d) the screen support is in the form of a recti-

linear frame of rigid supports similar to a picture frame with transversely extending intermediate struts to define apertures within the frame.

- A filtering screen as claimed in claim 1, in
   which at least one other filter mesh is bonded over the first two meshes.
  - 3. A filtering screen as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the bonding agent is a thermosetting adhesive or a chemically setting adhesive.
- 4. A filtering screen comprising: support constituted by a rectilinear structure defining an outer frame and intermediate struts defining apertures within the frame,
  - a first filter mesh,
- 15 a second filter mesh having a different mesh size from the first and overlying the first mesh,

wherein the meshes are bonded to the support so as to maintain the meshes in tension, with the tension in one mesh greater than that in the other.

- 20 5. A filtering screen as claimed in claim 4, wherein the support has longitudinal outer frame members, transversely extending intermediate bars, and longitudinally extending intermediate rods assisting rigidity.
- 25 6. A filtering screen as claimed in claim 5, wherein the side members and intermediate bars have coplanar upper surfaces and the at least two meshes are stretched over the frame and bonded to said coplanar surfaces with the required differance and tensions.
- A filtering screen as claimed in claim 5 or claim 6, wherein the longitudinal side members comprise angled members providing upper surfaces of substantial area to which the meshes are 35 bonded.
- 8. A filtering screen as claimed in claim 7, wherein the outer frame is completed by transverse angled members secured to the longitudinal angled members, said transverse angled members 40 also providing upper surfaces of substantial area.
- A filtering screen as claimed in claim 5 or any claim appendant to claim 5, wherein the intermediate rods are accommodated in aligned cut away regions on the undersides of the transversely
   extending intermediate bars.
  - A filtering screen substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.