(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau





te P

(43) International Publication Date 18 September 2008 (18.09.2008)

(51) International Patent Classification: *A61K 8/89* (2006.01) *A61Q 19/00* (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/IB2008/050153

(22) International Filing Date: 16 January 2008 (16.01.2008)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:

2007/01489 9 March 2007 (09.03.2007) TR

(71) Applicant and

(72) Inventor: VAIZOGLU, Orhan [TR/TR]; AOSB, 10010 Sok. No: 10, Çigli, 35620 Izmir (TR).

(74) Agent: ÇAYLI, Hülya; Paragon Consultancy Inc., Koza Sokak No: 60/6 Gop, 06700 Ankara (TR).

(10) International Publication Number WO 2008/110942 A1

- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— with international search report

(54) Title: COSMETIC FORMULATIONS

(57) Abstract: Topic of the invention is the use of fresh or dried yogurt in dermatological, cosmetic, cosmecutic and pharmaceutical products, by making use of its emollient, sicatrizant and neurishing properties; due to lactic acid, essential fatty acids, enzymes, proteins, lipids, vitamins and minerals. Also the formulation contains besides yogurt, olive oil and almond oil, which support the barrier properties of the skin by supplying substances like, essential fatty acids and squalene, besides these, the formulation also contains Dexpanthenol as a sicatrizant.

DESCRIPTION

COSMETIC FORMULATIONS

5 **Technical Field**

This invention is about the use of fresh and dried yogurt formulations, by making use of its emollient, cicatrisant effects, in pharmaceutical, cosmeceutic and cosmetic products as an active ingredient or vehicle in; hair products, hand and body care products, body cleaning products.

Prior Art

10

15

25

30

35

Yogurt has a prophylactic effect on many illnesses by strengthening the immune system. It is known that lactic acid bacteria that are used in yogurt and yogurt production are preventive in; cancer, infections, gastro intestinal illnesses and asthma. Besides these properties, it acts as a source of proteins, lipids, vitamins and minerals. Yogurt cleans the skin, nourishes, moisturizes, balances the lipid quantity and the acid/alkaline ratio of the skin.

According to the EP 0 315 541 B1; the use of yogurt and kefir for cosmetical purposes is explained. In a powder formed cosmetical composition, which contains 50%-85% (weight %) lyophilised yogurt or kefir, has refreshing effect and contains at least one acidity receiver.

In patent EP 0 518 192 B1, a natural cosmetical agent used for skin or hair care is explained. The composition contains the following juices; parsley, cellery root and leaves, dandelion leaves, kiwi and beside these juices, it also contains, yogurt, olive oil and see salt.

In the patent GB 2 037 160 a product is explained which by which the lipid is extracted from "fat poor" lyophilised milk. The obtained product is rich in amino acids, which also at the same time contains yogurt's contents and the bacterial metabolites that are used in yogurt production, suitable for the creams which will be used cosmetically and pharmaceutically.

In WO 2006/076946 patent, a cleaning agent is explained which has an emollient effect and which controls the skin humidity, containing a surfractant, a protein which is extracted from yogurt (in low concentrations like 0.5%) a plant extract and/or vitamins and provitamins.

Objective of Invention

The aim of this invention is to make use of yogurt due to its, cleaning, humidifying, emollient and sicatrizant effects originating from its chemical and biological composition, in dermatological, cosmetical, cosmeceutical and pharmaceutical,

shampoos, creams, liquid soaps, shower gels, emulsions, and foams.

<u>Description of the Invention</u>

10

15

20

25

30

5

Topic of the invention is the use of fresh or dried yogurt in dermatological, cosmetic, cosmeceutic and pharmaceutical products, by making use of its emollient, sicatrizant and neurishing properties; due to lactic acid, essential fatty acids, enzymes, proteins, lipids, vitamins and minerals. Dry or fresh yogurt can be used as a vehicle or active ingredient in bath and shower gels, liquid soaps in concentrations between 1%-75% and also in topical emulsions, creams and foams between 1%-70% as a vehicle or active ingredient.

In addition, the formulations may, besides fresh and dried yogurts' contain, olive and almond oil, which support skin's barrier properties, supplying essential fatty acids and squalen, to the skin and hair, dexpantenol which has sicatrizant effect, pantothenic acid (or dexpantenol) which promotes healthy hair growth, and which also contains E and C vitamins.

The ingredients are used in the following concentrations; olive and almond oil 0,1%-15%, dexpantenol 0,1%-10%, vitamin E 0,01%-5%, vitamin C 0,01%-10%, panthotenic acid 0,1%-10% (only in the shampoo form). Yogurt can be used fresh, spray dried or as the lyophilised form.

Dried or fresh yogurt, which are present in medical dermatological, cosmeceutical and pharmaceutical skin products, has sicatrizant and emollient properties and is used in ameloriation of wounds, in burn treatment and as an emollient in dermatitis. At the same time due to its emollient and scatrizant effects, yogurt can be used in shampoos, liquid soaps, shower gels, alone or in an excipient, which can by itself regulate the skin flora, to dispell the dryness, to nourish, to balance the alkali/acid equilibrium and in supporting the barrier properties of the skin.

35

Different formulations are obtained which contain yogurt, almond oil, olive oil, dexpanthenol, vitamin E, vitamin C and panthotenic acid. In these formulations olive oil, almond oil are

used as excipients, dexpanthenol as a scatrizant, arlagard E or methylparaben as preservatives, sodium lauryl sulfate and alike as inorganic surfractants, antioxidants like citrid acid, vitamin C and vitamin E, sorbic acid, tetrasodium EDTA and alike, panthotenic acid as a sciatrizant and epithelizant, also contains lyzin hydrochloride, oats extract, cocamidopropil betain having skin nourishing effects. Formulations comprising the above mentioned substances are presented below.

Formulation Examples:

10 Shampoo:

5

The ingredients are listed below.

	Yogurt (fresh or dry)	20g
15	Hydroxpropylguar hydroxypropylammoniumchloride	0,3g
	Citric Acid	0,05g
	Tetrasodium EDTA	0,1g
	Methylparaben	0,3g
	Sodium PCA	1g
20	Arlagard E	0,6g
	Sodium Lauryl sulfate	25g
	TEA Cocoyl glutamate	8g
	Olive Oil	2g
	Almond Oil	2g
25	Vitamin E	0,1g
	Vitamin C	2g
	PEG-150 distearate	1g
	Laurilamide DEA	2g
	Lysine hydrocloride	0,05g
30	Pyroline	0,05g
	Sodium Chloride	0,8g
	Perfume	0,1g
	Panthotenic Acid	2g
	Water	32,55g

35

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetaly up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation and perfume should be added at 30°C.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and panthotenic acid in between 0,1-10 grams.

This formulation can also be fromulated without using olive, almond oil and panthetonic acid, making use of yogurt as the active ingredient together with the rest of the ingredients.

Bath and Shower Gel:

15 The composition is given below.

	Yogurt (fresh or dry)	10g
	Methylcellulose	0,5g
	TEA laurile sulfate	35g
20	Oat (Avena sativa) Extract	2,5g
	Dexpanthenol	0,2g
	Hydrolized oat protein	2g
	Miristamid DEA	4g
	Vitamin E	1g
25	Vitamin C	2g
	Almond Oil	0,5g
	Olive Oil	0,1g
	Perfume	0,1-0,3g
	Water	41,9-42,1g

30

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetaly up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation and perfume should be added at 30°C.

Amount of the perfume can be adjusted in by taking away the part of the water that is added.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and dexpanthenol in between 0,1-10 grams.

This formulation can also be fromulated without using olive, almond oil and panthetonic acid, making use of yogurt as the active ingredient together with the rest of the ingredients.

Liquid Soap:

10

The composition is given below.

	Yogurt (dried or fresh)	10g
	Sodium lauryl sulfate	20g
15	Cocoamidapropyl betain	14g
	Hydrolized milk protein	3g
	Olive oil	1g
	Almond Oil	1g
	Vitamin E	0,1g
20	Vitamin C	0,5g
	Dexpanthenol	1g
	Perfume	0,1-0,3g
	Water	49.1-49,3g

25

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetally up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation and perfume should be added at 30°C.

30 Amount of the perfume can be adjusted in by taking away the part of the water that is added.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and dexpanthenol in between 0,1-10 grams.

35

This formulation can also be fromulated without using olive, almond oil and panthetonic acid, making use of yogurt as the active ingredient together with the rest of the ingredients.

Besides, solid soap formulations can made up by making use of the appropriate ingredients using yogurt in the same manner.

5 Sun Protection Formulations:

The composition is given below

	Yogurt (dry or fresh)	20g
10	Oktilmethoxycinnamat	7,5g
	Benzophenon –3	6g
	Oktyl salicylate	5g
	Cyclometicone	1g
	Olive Oil	6g
15	Almond Oil	6g
	Cetostearyl alcohol	2g
	Stearyl alcohol	1,5g
	Vitamin E	0,1g
	Vitamin C	1g
20	Dexpanthenol	0,5g
	EDTA	0,1g
	Propyleny glycole	5g
	Oktadodecyl neopentanoat	8g
	Arlargard E	0,6g
25	Methylparaben	0,3g
	Water	29,4g

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetaly up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and dexpanthenol in between 0,1-10 grams.

35

30

Anti-aging Cream:

The composition is given below

5	Yogurt (dry and fresh)	20g
	Urea	5g
	Olive Oil	5g
	Almond Oil	5g
	cetostearylalcohol	2g
10	Gllycerinmonostearat	2g
	Tween 80	2g
	ВНА	0,1g
	Arlagard	0,3g
	Vitamin E	0,1g
15	Vitamin C	2,0g
	Dexpanthenol	2.0g
	Water	54.5g

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetally up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation, yogurt is added to water phase.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and dexpanthenol in between 0,1-10 grams.

Napkin dermatitis cream:

30 Substances in cream form formulations are given below.

	Yogurt (dry or fresh)	20g
	Vitamin C	2g
	Vitamin E	1g
35	Abil WE09	4g
	Olive Oil	4g
	Almond Oil	4g

	Dimethicone	2g
	Paraffin Liquid	2,677g
	Dexpanthenol	2g
	Arlagard E	0,6g
5	ВНА	0,02g
	EDTA	0,1g
	Water	57,603g

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetally up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation, yogurt is added to water phase.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and dexpanthenol in between 0,1-10 grams.

Moisturizer Cream:

20	Yogurt (fresh or dry)	20g
	Urea	10g
	Olive Oil	5g
	Cetostearylalcohol	2g
	Glycerinemonostearate	2g
25	Tween 80	2g
	ВНА	0,1g
	Arlagard	0,3g
	Vitamin E	0,1g
	Vitamin C	2.0g
30	Dexpanthenol	2.0g
	Water	49,5g

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetaly up to 80° C. All are mixed together and homogenized.

35 Cooled under agitation, yogurt is added to water phase.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and dexpanthenol in between 0,1-10 grams.

5 Shaving Foam:

	Yogurt (fresh and dry)	20g
	Vitamin C	2g
	Vitamin E	1g
10	Olive Oil	2g
	Almond Oil	2g
	Cetyl alcohol	1g
	Stearyl alcohol	0,5g
	Dexpanthenol	2g
15	Superpolistat	5g
	Polisorbat 60	0,25g
	Steareth 2	1g
	Steareth 20	1g
	Arlagard E	0,6g
20	Glycerine	5g
	BHT	0,02g
	EDTA	0,1g
	Propellant	3g
	Water	63,53g

25

Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetaly up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation, yogurt is added to water phase.

Yogurt concentration in the formulations can be changed in between 1-75g, olive and almond oil in 0,1-15g, vitamin E in 0,01-5g, vitamin C in 0,01-10g and dexpanthenol in between 0,1-10 grams.

After shave cream:

35

Both the above formulated napkin dermatitis and moisturizer cream formulations can be used as an after shave cream as well.

Lip Cream:

Both the above formulated napkin dermatitis and moisturizer cream formulations can be used as an after shave cream as well.

As given above different formulations can be made by using fresh or dried yogurt, olive and almond oil and dexpanthenol. In mentioned formulations yogurt is used directly/naturally or by spraying or lyyofilizing.

CLAIMS

- 1. The use of fresh and dry yogurt due to its hydratizing emollient and nourishing effects in hair, hand and body cleaning products as a vehicle in cosmetical products or active ingredient in shampoos, bath and shower gels, liquid soaps, shaving foams and creams, sunscreens and such products which contain yogurt, lipids, surfractants, antioxidants, cicatrizants, nourishing substances, preservatives and water.
- 2. The formulation according to Claim 1 shampoo, in addition to yogurt which is dry or fresh, at least one vehicle substance, one consistency enhancing agent, one antioxidant, preservative, surfractant and at least one nourishing substance and one cicatrizant.
- 3. The formulation according to the Claim 2, besides the dry or fresh yogurt the vehicle substance that is used is olive oil, almond oil, TEA cocoly glutamate, PEG-150 distearate and lauramid DEA.
- **4.** The formulation according to Claim 2, consistency enhancing agent derivative Hydroxpropylguar hydroxypropylammoniumchloride or similar guar derivatives, cellulose or methylcellulose, acrylic acid or one of its deritatives and sodium cloride.
- **5.** The formulation according to Claim 2, uses tetrasodium EDTA, citric acid, vitamin C and E and sorbic acid as antioxydant.
- **6.** The formulation according to Claim 2, yhe preservative substance is methylparaben, arlagard E and alike, sorbic acid and alike, propyl gallate and alike, hexamidin and derivatives, benzyl alcohol and alike.
- 7. The formulation according to Claim 2, the surfractant is sodium lauryl sulfate.
- **8.** The formulation according to Claim 2, sicatrizant substance is lysin hydrocloride, pyrolin, panthetotenic acid, dexpanthenol and alike.
- 9. The formulation according to Claim 2;
 - olive oil and almond oil seperately between 0,1%-15%
 - vitamin C between 0,01%-15% and vitamin E's 0,01%-15%
 - panthetotenic acid and dexpanthenol between 0,1%-10%.
- **10.** The formulation according to Claim 1 bath and shower gel, in addition to yogurt which is dry or fresh, at least one vehicle substance, one consistency enhancing agent, one antioxidant, preservative, surfractant and at least one nourishing agent and one sicatrizant which is dexpanthenol.
- **11.** The formulation according to Claim 10 vehicle substances are olive oil, almond oil and myristamide DEA.

12. The formulation according to Claim 10, consistency enhancing agent is methylcellulose, cellulose or one of the derivatives, acrylic acid and one of its derivaties.

- 13. The formulation according to Claim 10, that the antioxidan is vitamin C and vitamin E.
- **14.** The formulation according to Claim 10, the surfractant is TEA lauryl sulfate.
- **15.** The formulation according to Claim 10, nourishing agent is yogurt which is dry or fresh and besides oat extract and hyrdolized oat protein.
- 16. The formulation according to Claim 10;
 - olive oil and almond oil seperately in between 0,1%-15%
 - vitamin C 0,01%-10 and vitamin E 0,01%-5%
 - dexpanthenol 0,1%-10%
- 17. The formulation according to Claim 1 liquid soap, in addition to yogurt which is dry or fresh, at least one vehicle substance, one consistency enhancing agent, one antioxidant, preservative, surfractant and at least one nourishing agent and one sicatrizant as dexpanthenol or panthotenic acid.
- **18.** The formulation according to Claim 17, the antioxydant is vitamin C and vitamin E.
- **19.** The formulation according to Claim 17, the surfractant is sodium lauryl sulfate.
- **20.** The formulation according to Claim 17, nourishing agent is cocamidopropyl betain and hydrolized milk protein besides dry or fresh yogurt.
- 21. The formulation according to Claim 10;
 - olive oil and almond oil seperately in between 0,1%-15%
 - vitamin C 0,01% 10 and vitamin E 0,01% 5%
 - dexpanthenol weights 0,1%-10%
- **22.** The formulation according to Claim 2,10 and 17 the formulations should be prepared as follows; Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetally up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation
- 23. The formulation according to Claim 1, sunscreen cream in addition to yogurt which is dry or fresh, at least one vehicle substance, one consistency enhancing agent, one antioxidant, preservative, surfractant and at least one nourishing agent and one sicatrizant as dexpanthenol or panthotenic acid.
- **24.** The formulation according to Claim 23, vehicle substances are olive oil, almond oil, cyclomethicone, cetostrearyl alcohol, stearyl alcohol, propylene glycole and oktyldodecyl nepoentonat besides dry or fresh yogurt.
- **25.** The formulation according to Claim 23, antioxidant is vitamin C, vitamin E, and EDTA.

26. The formulation according to Claim 23, preservative is arlagard E and derivatives, methylparabene and similar paraben derivatives, sorbic acid and alike, propylgallate and alike, hexamidin and derivatives, benzyl alcohol and alike.

- **27.** The formulation according to Claim 23, sunscreen agents are octylmethoxycinnamate, benzophenone-3 and octylsalisilate.
- 28. The formulation according to Claim 10;
 - olive oil and almond oil seperately in between 0,1%-15%
 - vitamin C 0,01%-10 and vitamin E 0,01%-5%
 - dexpanthenol 0,1%-10%
- 29. The formulation according to Claim 1, anti aging cream in addition to yogurt which is dry or fresh, at least one vehicle substance, one consistency enhancing agent, one antioxidant, preservative, surfractant and at least one nourishing agent and one sicatrizant as dexpanthenol or panthotenic acid.
- **30.** The formulation according to Claim 29, vehicle substance is olive oil, almond oil, cetostearyl alcohol and glycerine monostearat.
- 31. The formulation to Claim 29, the surfractant is tween 80.
- 32. The formulation according to Claim 29, antioxydant is BHA, vitamin C and vitamin E.
- **33.** The formulation according to Claim 29, preservative is arlagard E.
- **34.** The formulation according to Claim 29;
 - olive oil and almond oil between 0,1%-15%
 - vitamin C 0,01%-10 and vitamin E 0,01%-5%
 - dexpanthenol 0,1%-10%
- **35.** The formulation according to Claim 29, the anti aging cream contains 5% urea and moisturizing cream 10% urea.
- **36.** The formulation according to Claim 1, napkin dermatitis in addition to yogurt which is dry or fresh, at least one vehicle substance, one consistency enhancing agent, one antioxidant, preservative, surfractant and at least one nourishing agent and one sicatrizant as dexpanthenol or panthotenic acid.
- **37.** The formulation according to Claim 36, vehicle substance is olive oil, almond oil, dimethicone and liquid paraffin.
- **38.** The formulation according to Claim 36, surfractant is AbilWE09.,
- **39.** The formulation according to Claim 36, antioxydant is EDTA, vitamin C and vitamin E.
- **40.** The formulation according to Claim 36, the preservative is arlagard E and derivatives, methylparaben and similar paraben derivatices, and other paraben

derivatives, sorbic acid and alike, propyl gallat and alike, hexamidin and derivatives, benzyl alcohol and alike.

- 41. The formulation according to Claim 36;
 - olive oil and almond oil between 0,1%-15%
 - vitamin C 0,01%-10 and vitamin E 0,01%-5%
 - dexpanthenol 0,1%-10%
- **42.** The formulation according to Claim 29 and 36, can also be used as aftershave cream and lip cream.
- **43.** The formulation according to Claim 1, after shave cream, at least one surfractant, one antioxydant, one preservative, propellant and as sicatrizant dexpanthenol or panthotenic acid.
- **44.** The formulation according to Claim 43, vehicle substance is olive oil, almond oil, cetyl alcohol, stearyl alcohol, superpolistat and glycerine.
- **45.** The formulation according to Claim 43 surfractant is polisorbat 60, steareth 2, and steareth 20.
- **46.** The formulation according to Claim 43, antioxydant is vitamin C and Vitamin E, BHT and EDTA.
- **47.** The formulation according to Claim 43, preservative is arlagard E and derivatives, methylparaben and similar paraben derivatives, other paraben derivatives, sorbic acid and alike, propyl gallate and alike, hexamidin and derivatives, benzyl alcohol and alike.
- 48. The formulation according to Claim 43;
 - olive oil and almond oil between 0,1%-15%
 - vitamin C 0,01%-10 and vitamin E 0,01%-5%
 - dexpanthenol 0,1%-10%
- **49.** The formulation according to Claim 22,29,36 and 43, Water soluble ingredients are dissolved in water and are heated up to 80 degrees. Oil soluble parts are heated seperetally up to 80°C. All are mixed together and homogenized. Cooled under agitation, yogurt is added to water phase.
- **50**. The formulation according tot Claim 43 and 49, propellant should be added to the shaving foam.
- **51**. The formulation according to Claim 1, is to be applied topically.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No PCT/IB2008/050153

CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER Ä61019/00 INV. A61K8/89 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) A61K A61Q Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal, WPI Data C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X "Yogurtene - INCI name: Yoghurt Powder" 1 - 5120000601, 1 June 2000 (2000-06-01), pages 1-15, XP002994130 the whole document χ WO 2006/052121 A (N. QUINTANA CHAVEZ) 1 - 5118 May 2006 (2006-05-18) claims; examples EP 1 537 847 A (KPSS KAO GMBH) 1 - 51χ 8 June 2005 (2005-06-08) claims; examples 1-4,8 1-51 P,X WO 2007/110589 A (QUEST INTERNATIONAL SERVICES ET AL.) 4 October 2007 (2007-10-04) page 4, lines 7-12; claims; examples Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. Special categories of cited documents: *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docudocument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 02/06/2008 23 May 2008 Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31–70) 340–2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31–70) 340–3016 Boeker, Ruth

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/IB2008/050153

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
alegory :		
(WO 2007/000586 A (QUEST INTERNATIONAL SERVICES ET AL.) 4 January 2007 (2007-01-04) examples 10,16	1-51
(EP 0 315 541 A (OREAL) 10 May 1989 (1989-05-10) cited in the application claims	1-51
X	EP 0 518 192 A (EXTERNA JUNIKA KOSMETKVERTRIEBS GMBH) 16 December 1992 (1992-12-16) cited in the application claims	1-51
X	WO 2006/076946 A (HENKEL KGAA ET AL.) 27 July 2006 (2006-07-27) cited in the application claims	1-51

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No PCT/IB2008/050153

~	Patent docume cited in search re			Publication date	_	Patent family member(s)		Publication date	
	WO 2006052	2121 A		18-05-2006	MX	PA04011291	A	17-05-2006	
	EP 1537847	7 A		08-06-2005	AU US	2004229076 2005152863		15-02-2007 14-07-2005	
	WO 2007110	0589 A	. — — — -	04-10-2007	NONE				
	WO 2007000	0586 A		04-01-2007	EP	1895970	A1	12-03-2008	,
,	EP 031554	1 A	•	10-05-1989	DE DE FR JP	3870402 315541 2622797 1193208	T1 A1	27-05-1992 05-10-1989 12-05-1989 03-08-1989	
	EP 051819	2 A	, ., .,	16-12-1992	AT DE	119385 4118098		15-03-1995 27-05-1992	
	WO 200607	6946 A		27-07-2006		2005325564 02005002486 1838833 2008014167	A1 A1	27-07-2006 27-07-2006 03-10-2007 17-01-2008	
}									