



(12) **United States Patent**
Lee et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 11,286,083 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Mar. 29, 2022**

(54) **PALLET WITH DECK OPENING AND BRACE**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **16/988,859**

(22) Filed: **Aug. 10, 2020**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2021/0047074 A1 Feb. 18, 2021

Related U.S. Application Data

(60) Provisional application No. 62/948,419, filed on Dec. 16, 2019, provisional application No. 62/884,656, filed on Aug. 8, 2019.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
B65D 19/18 (2006.01)
B65D 19/44 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **B65D 19/18** (2013.01); **B65D 19/44** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00034** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00069** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00139** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00273** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00288** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00308** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00572** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00636** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00796** (2013.01); **B65D 2519/00815** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC B65D 21/02; B65D 21/00; B65D 21/0209; B65D 21/0215; B65D 21/0224; B65D 21/023; B65D 2519/00935; B65D 19/44
USPC 108/55.3, 55.5, 53.1
See application file for complete search history.

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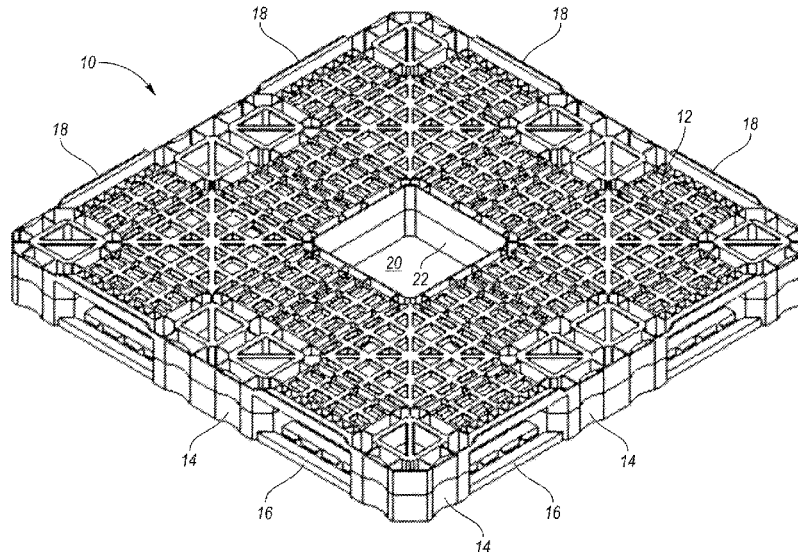
Primary Examiner — Jose V Chen

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A pallet includes a deck having an opening therethrough, such that product can be removed through the opening from a box loaded on the deck of a pallet. A plurality of columns support the deck. The box may be supported on the deck over the opening. The bottom wall of the box may be opened through the opening in the deck. The items can then be removed from the box through the opening through the deck without removing the box from the pallet. Optionally, fasteners may secure flaps of the box in corners of the deck of a pallet. According to another feature, a brace having an elongated body portion can be secured to an opening of the pallet, such that the elongated body portion abuts goods that are supported on the deck.

25 Claims, 65 Drawing Sheets



(56)

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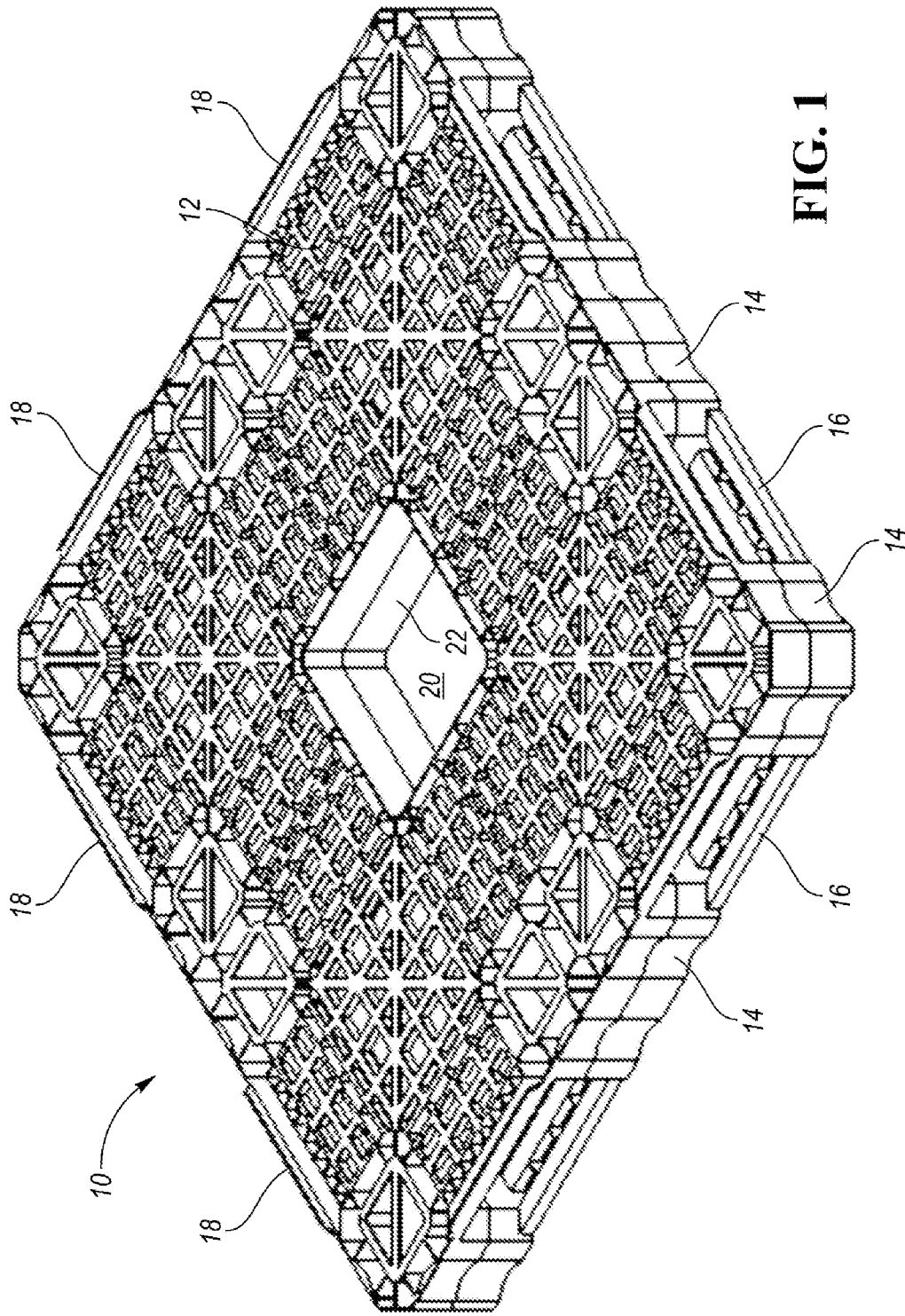


FIG. 1

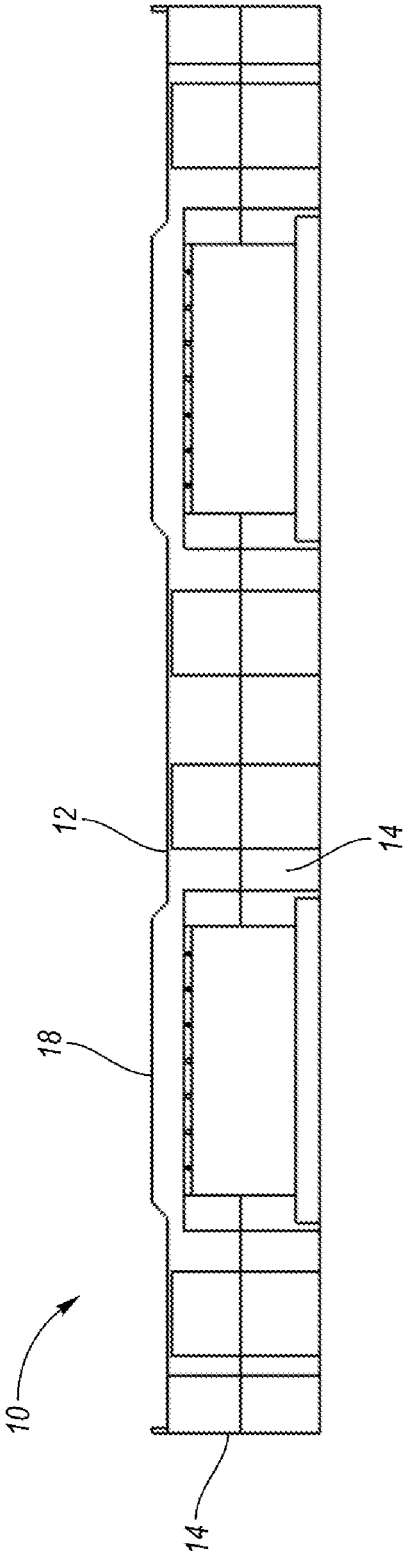


FIG. 2

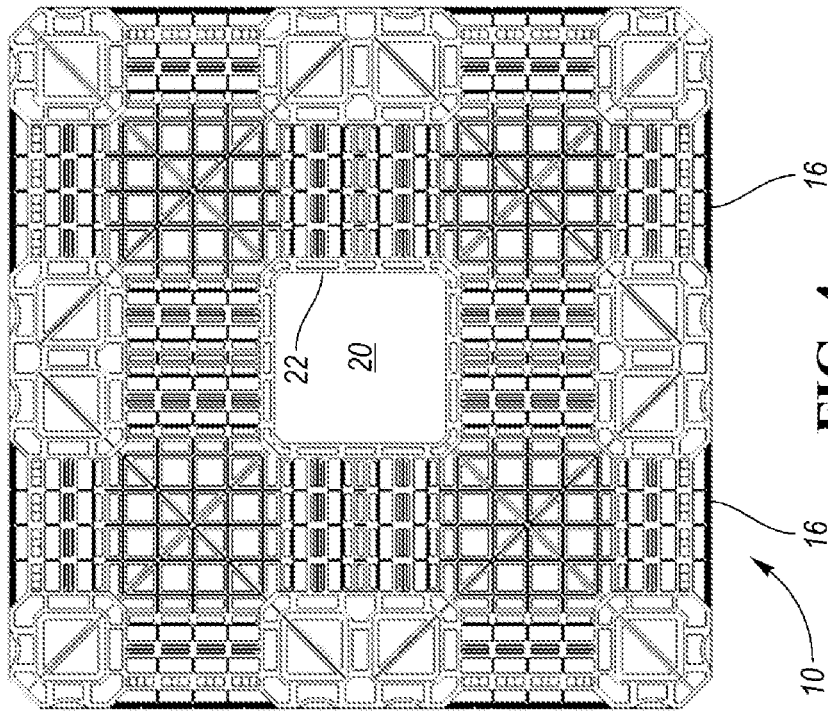


FIG. 4

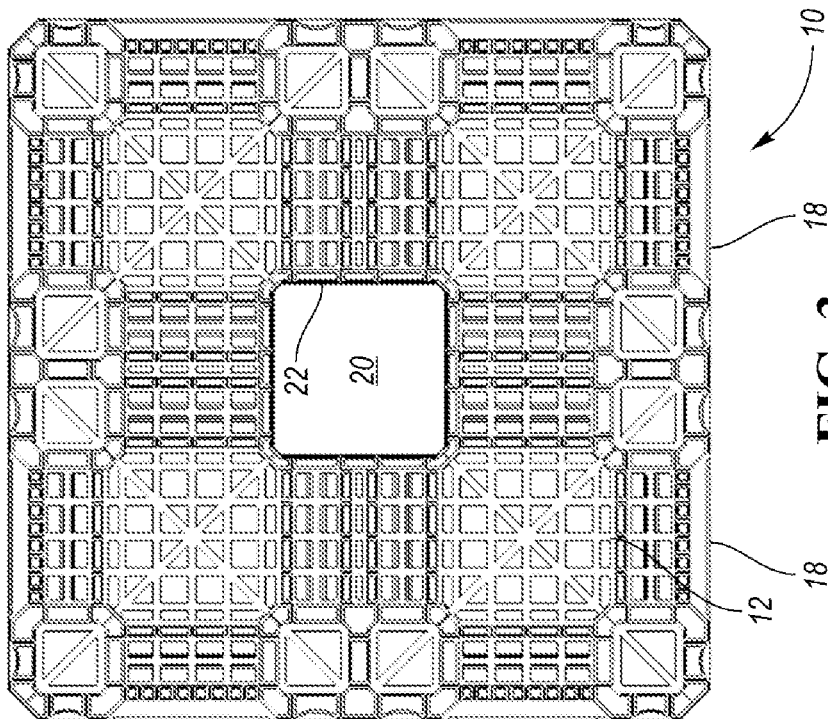


FIG. 3

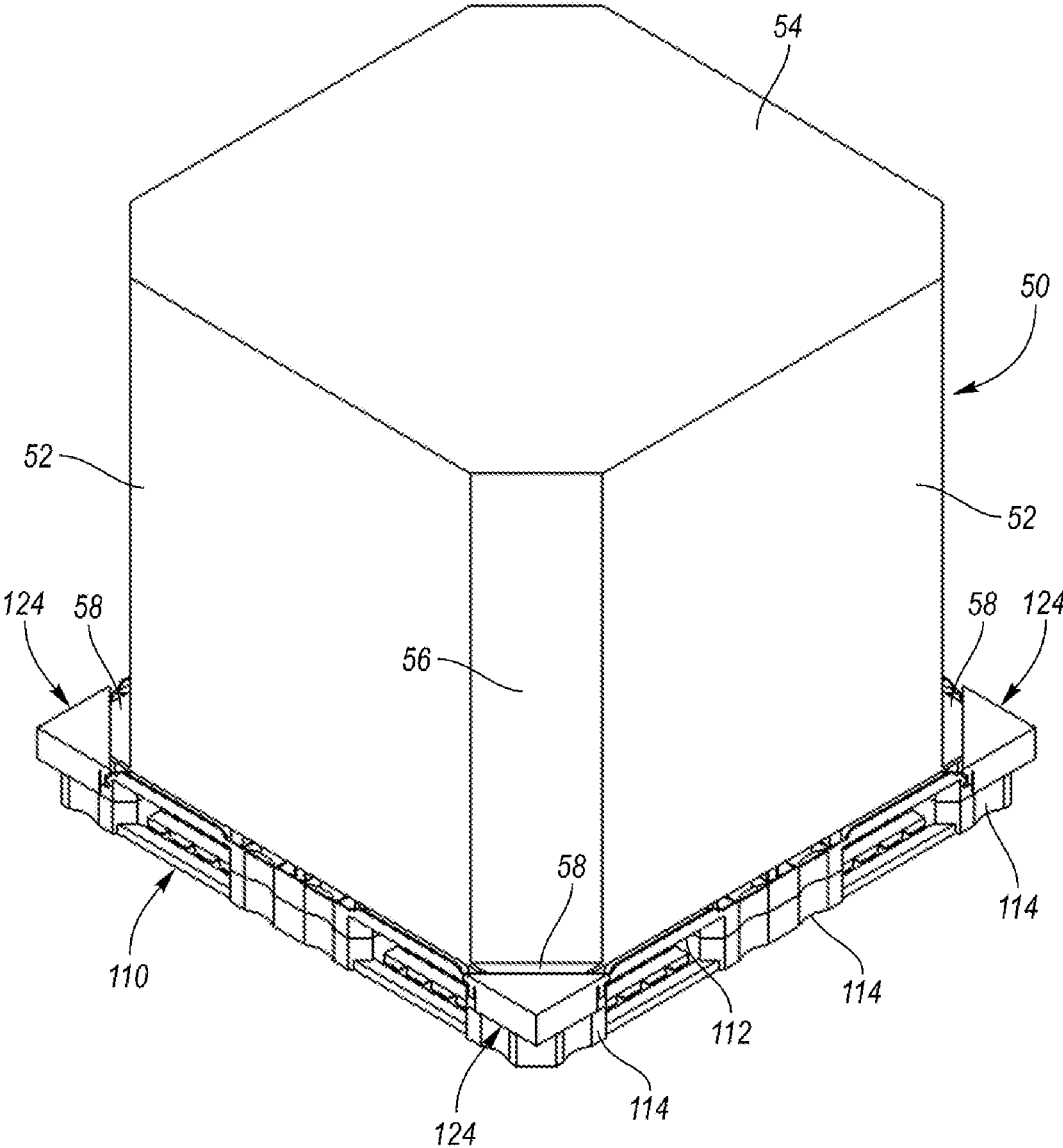


FIG. 5

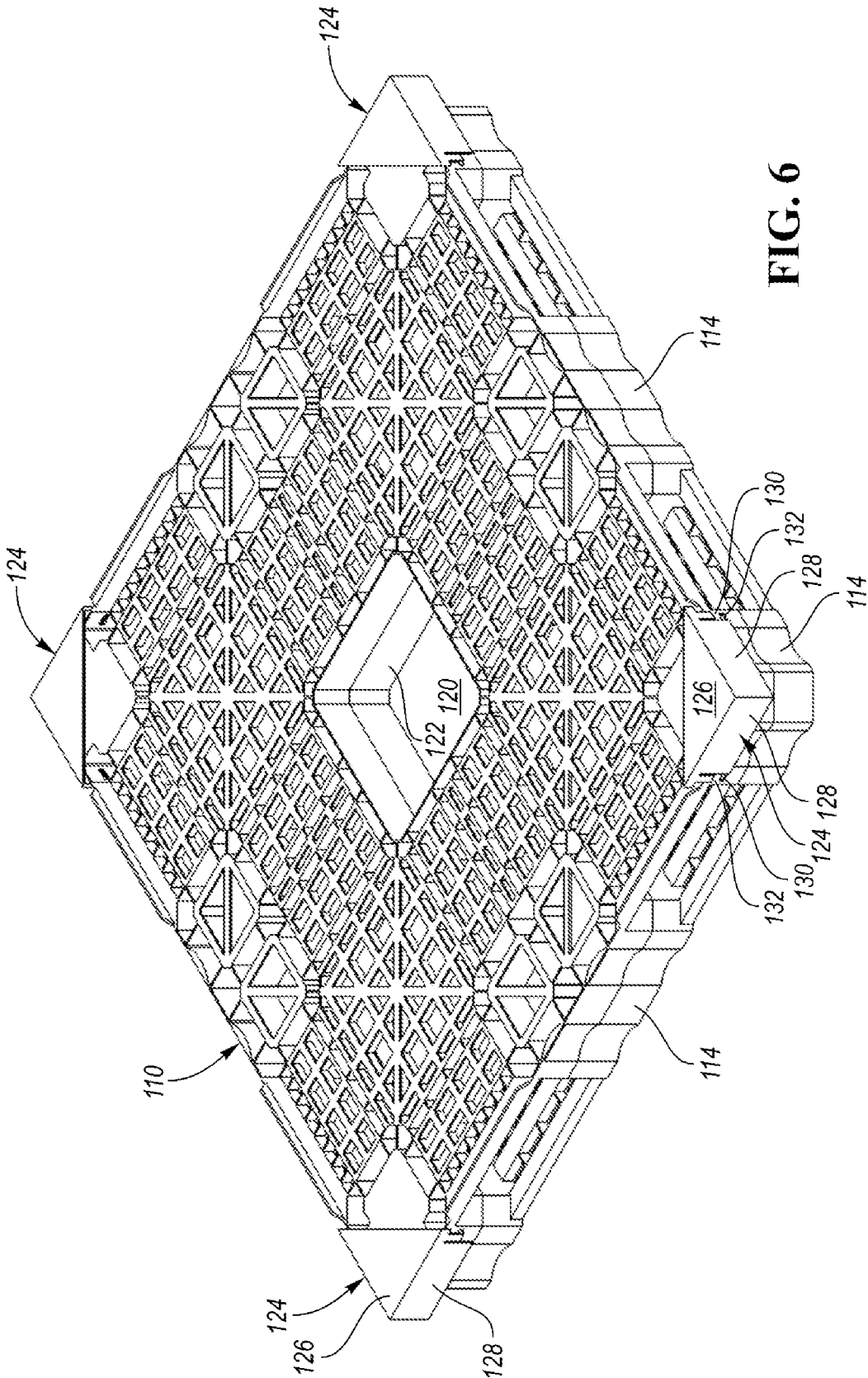
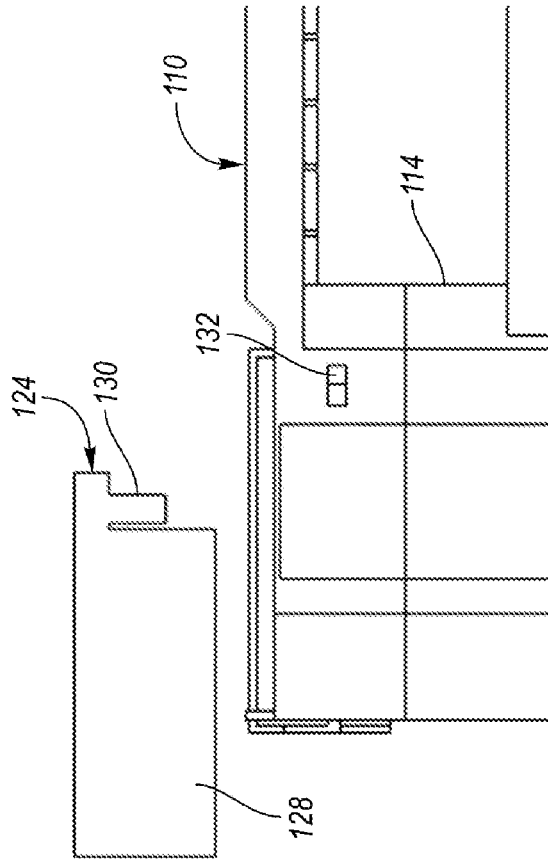
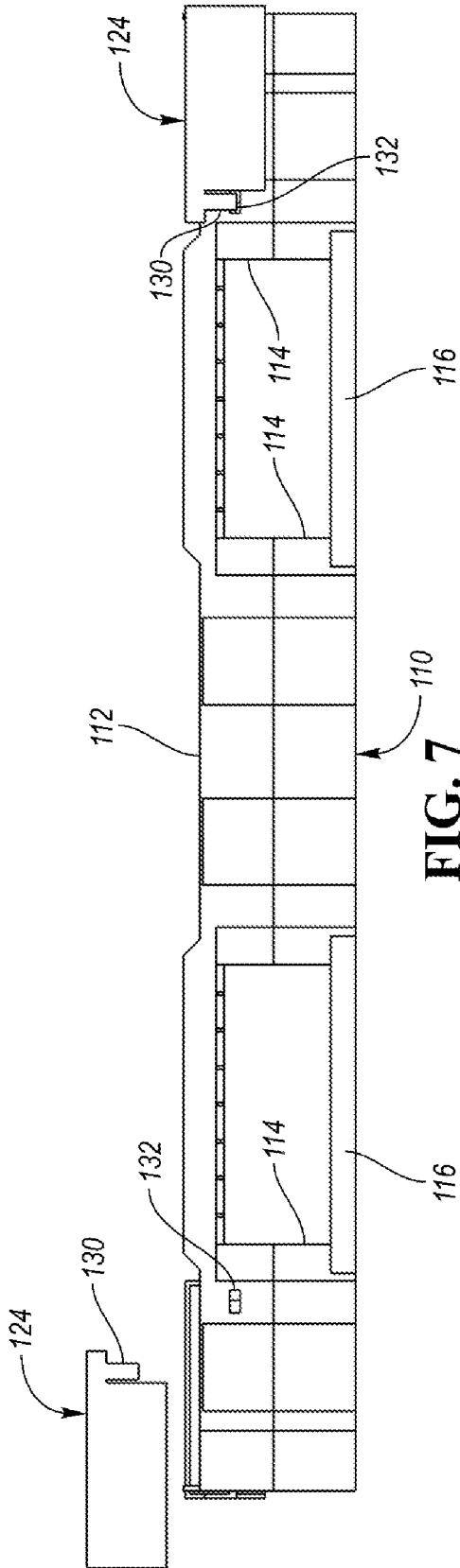


FIG. 6



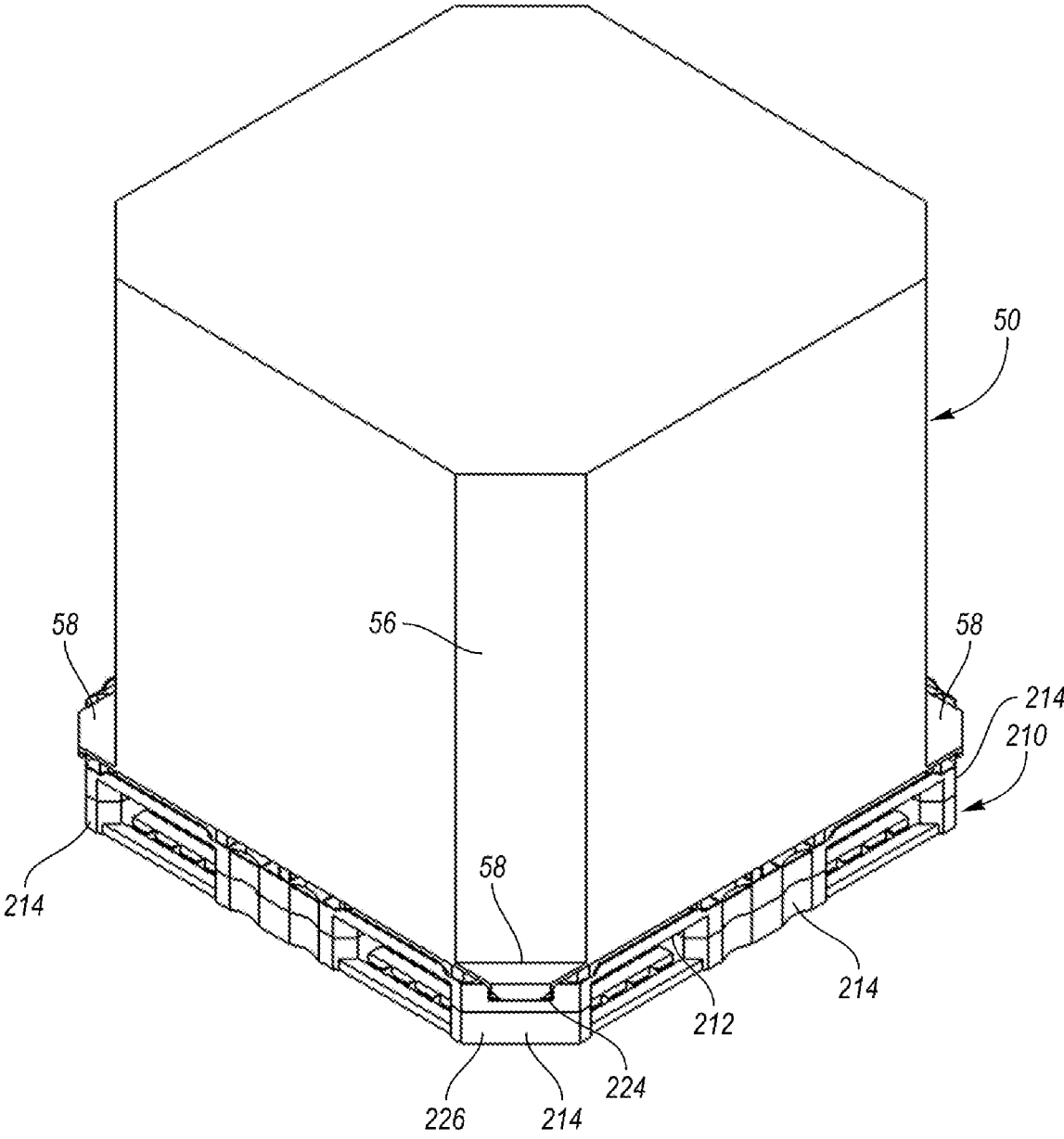


FIG. 9

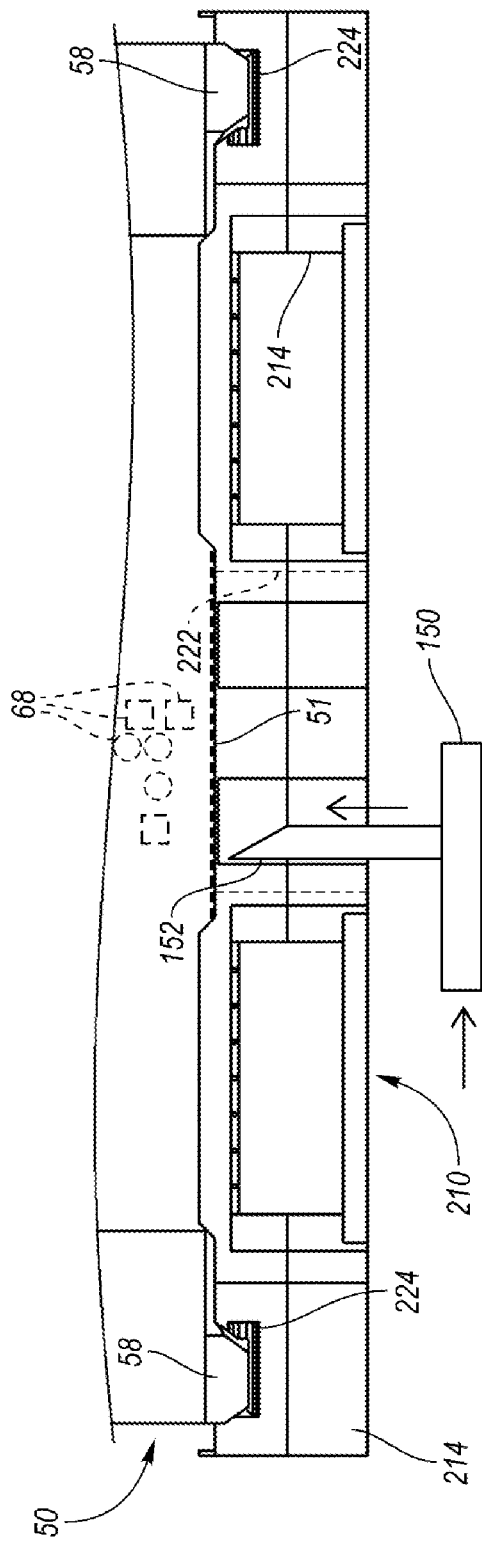


FIG. 10

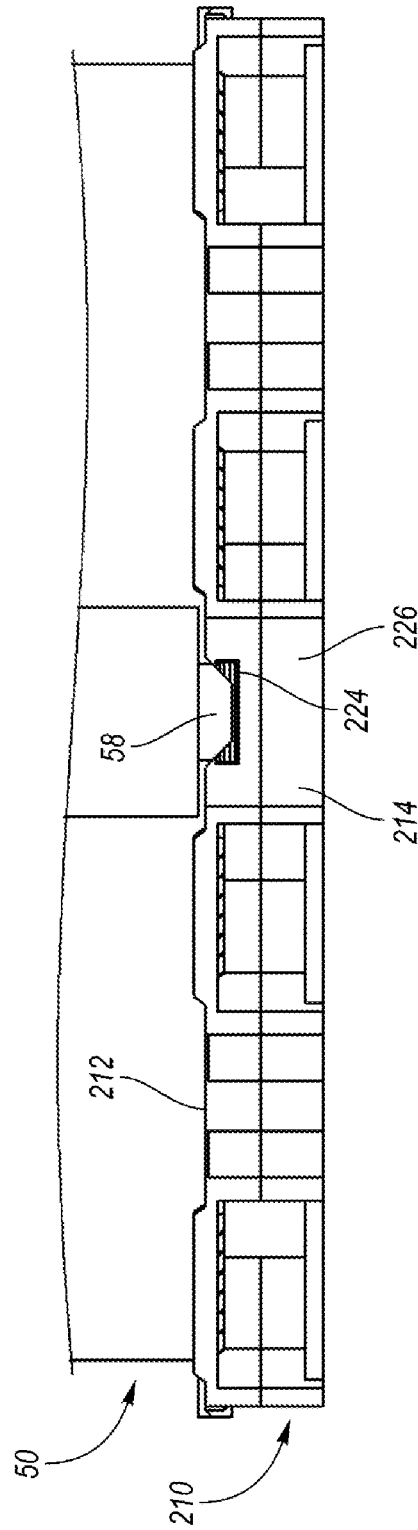


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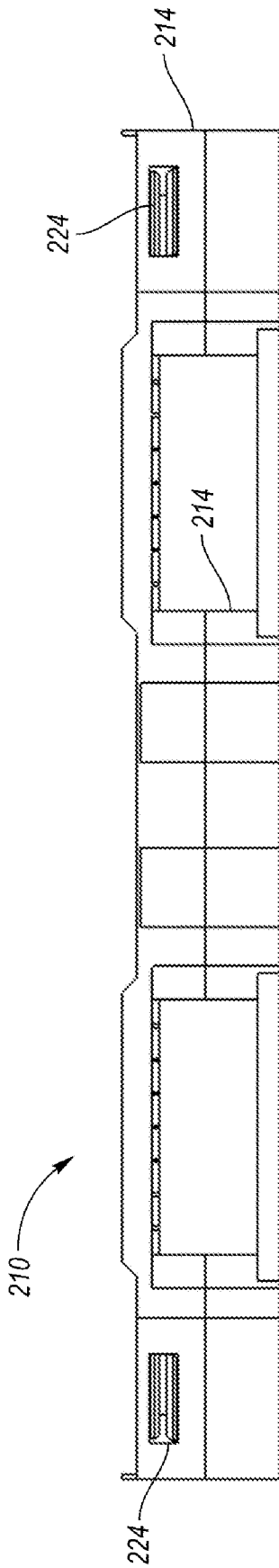


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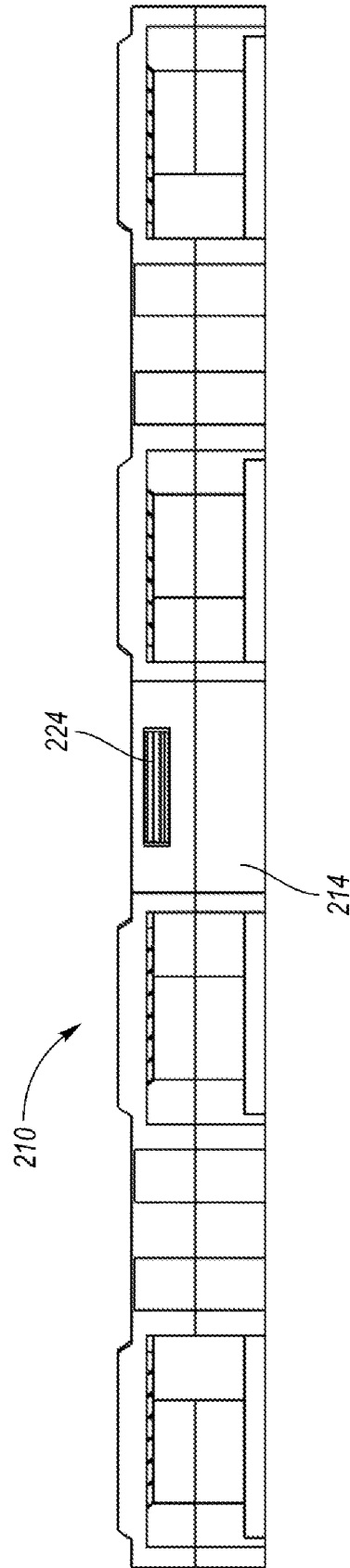


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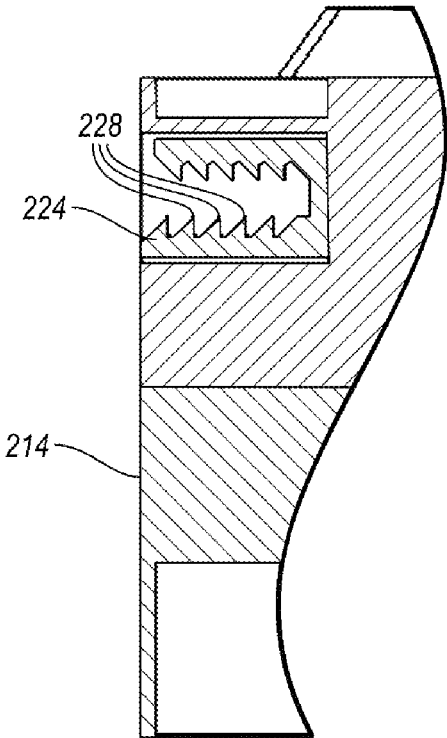


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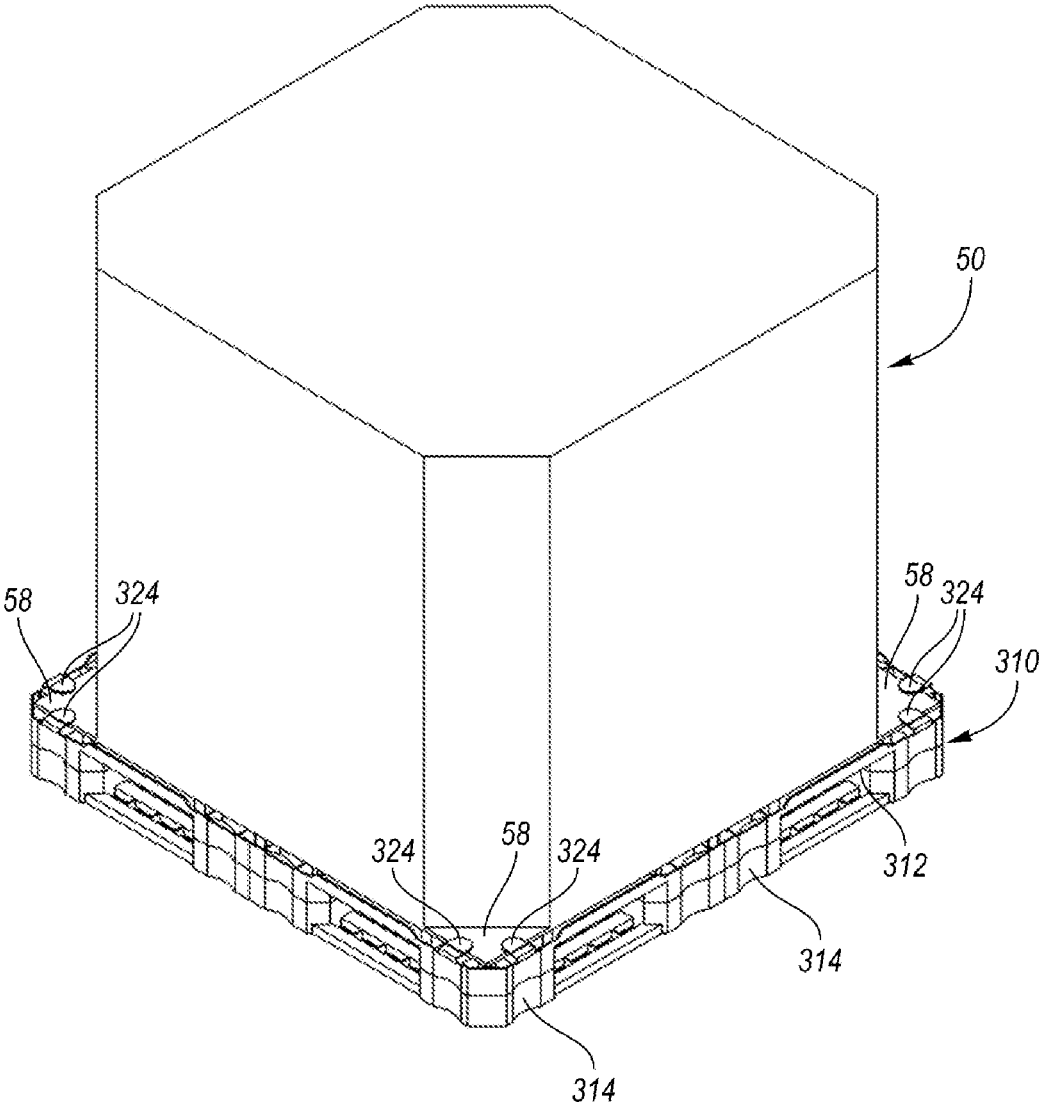


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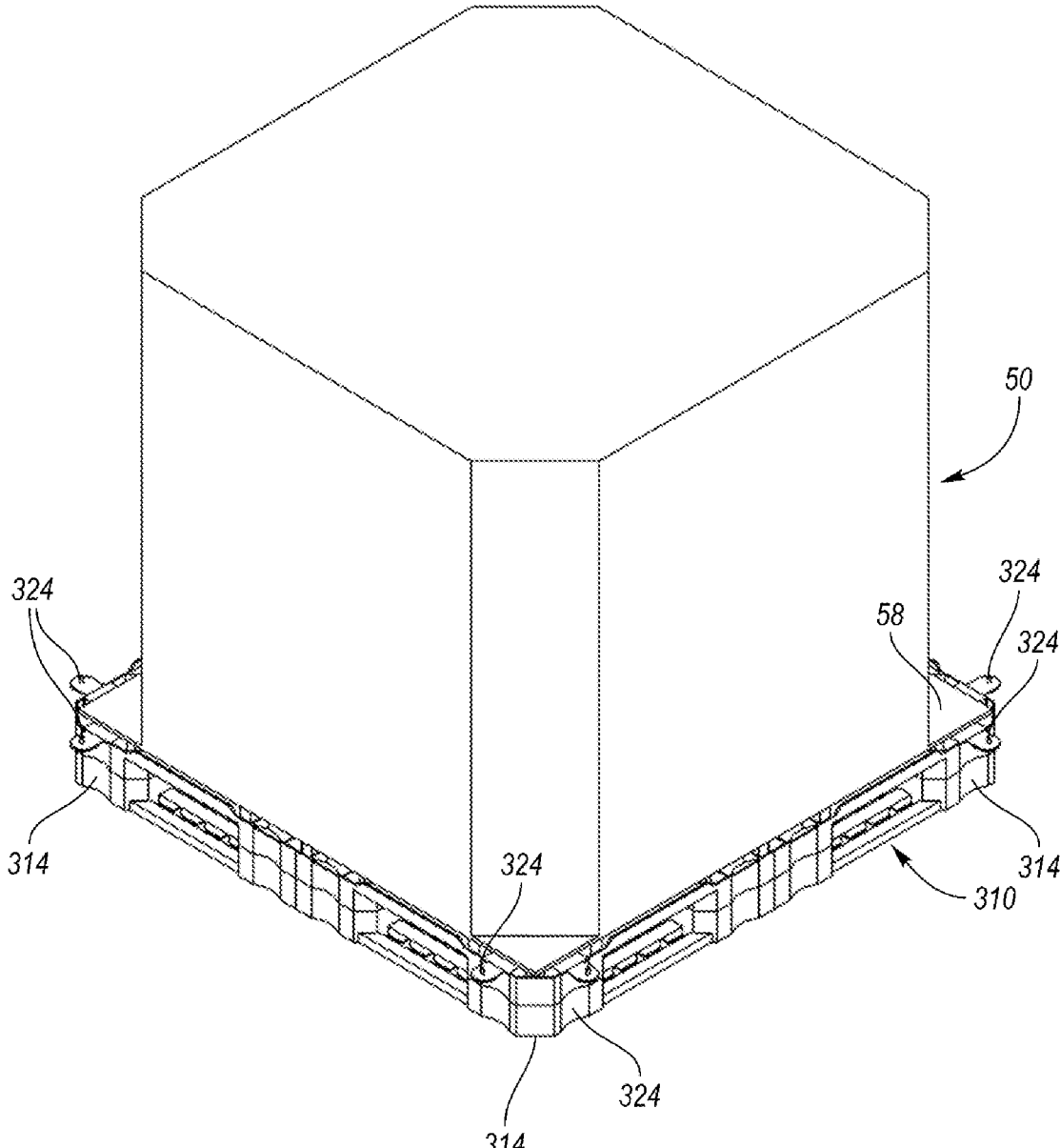


FIG. 16

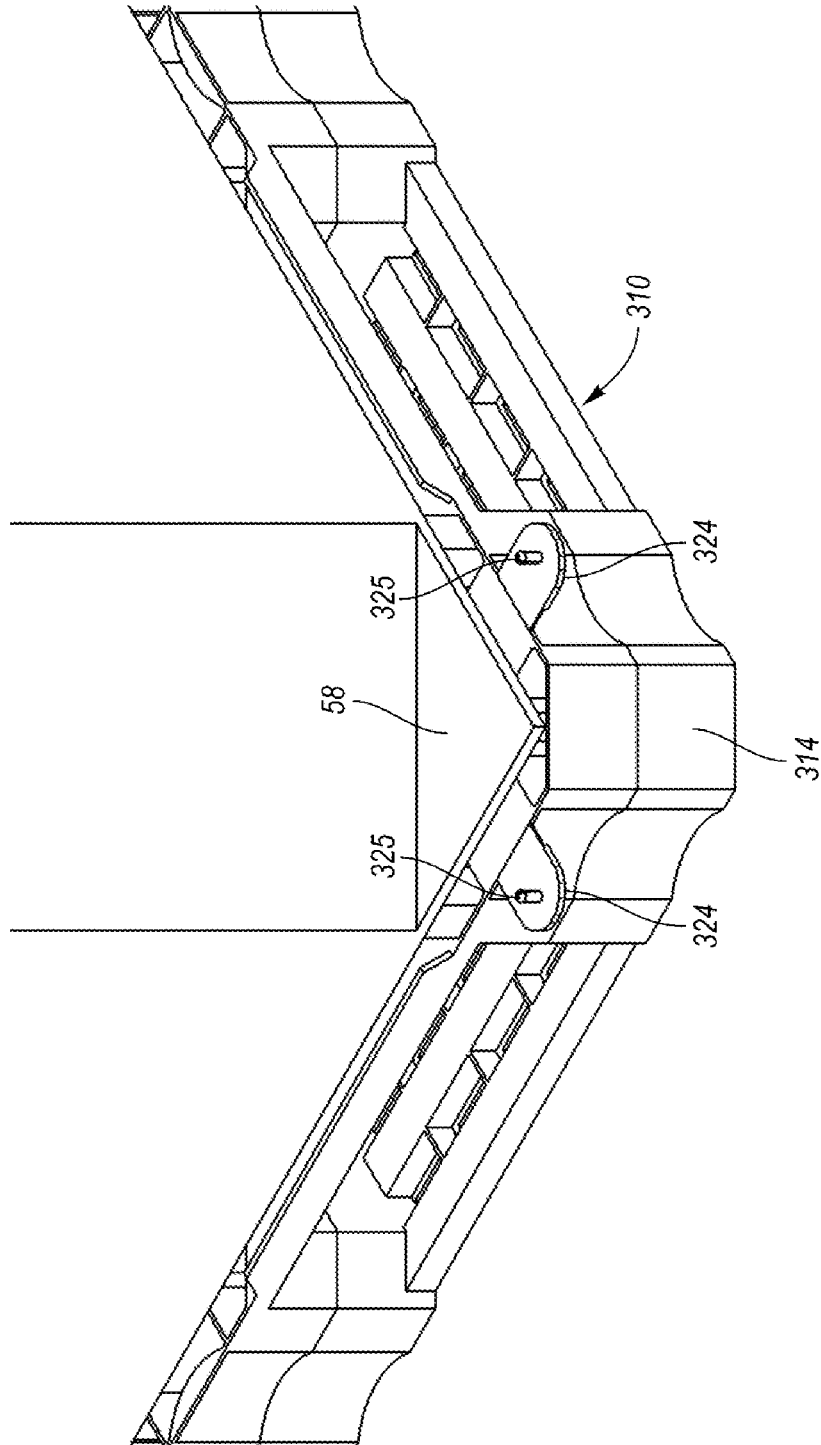


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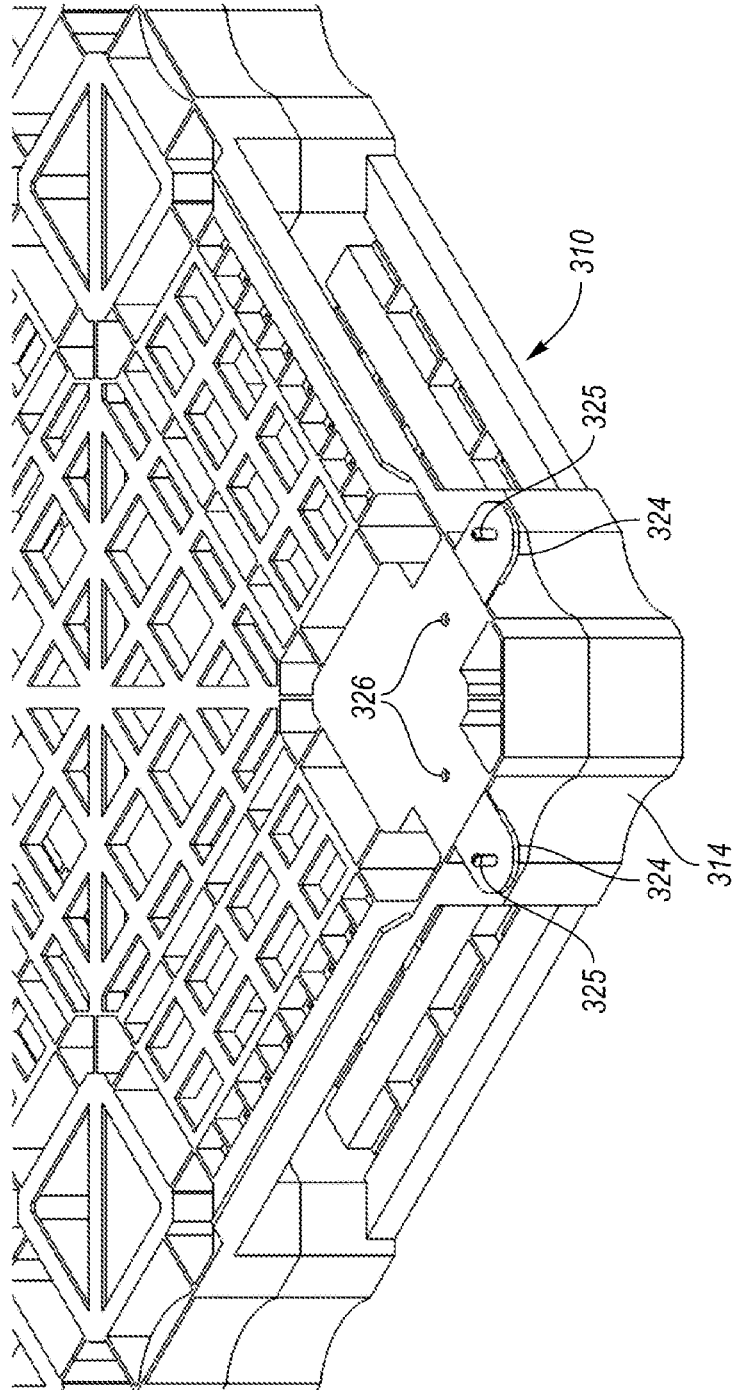


FIG. 18

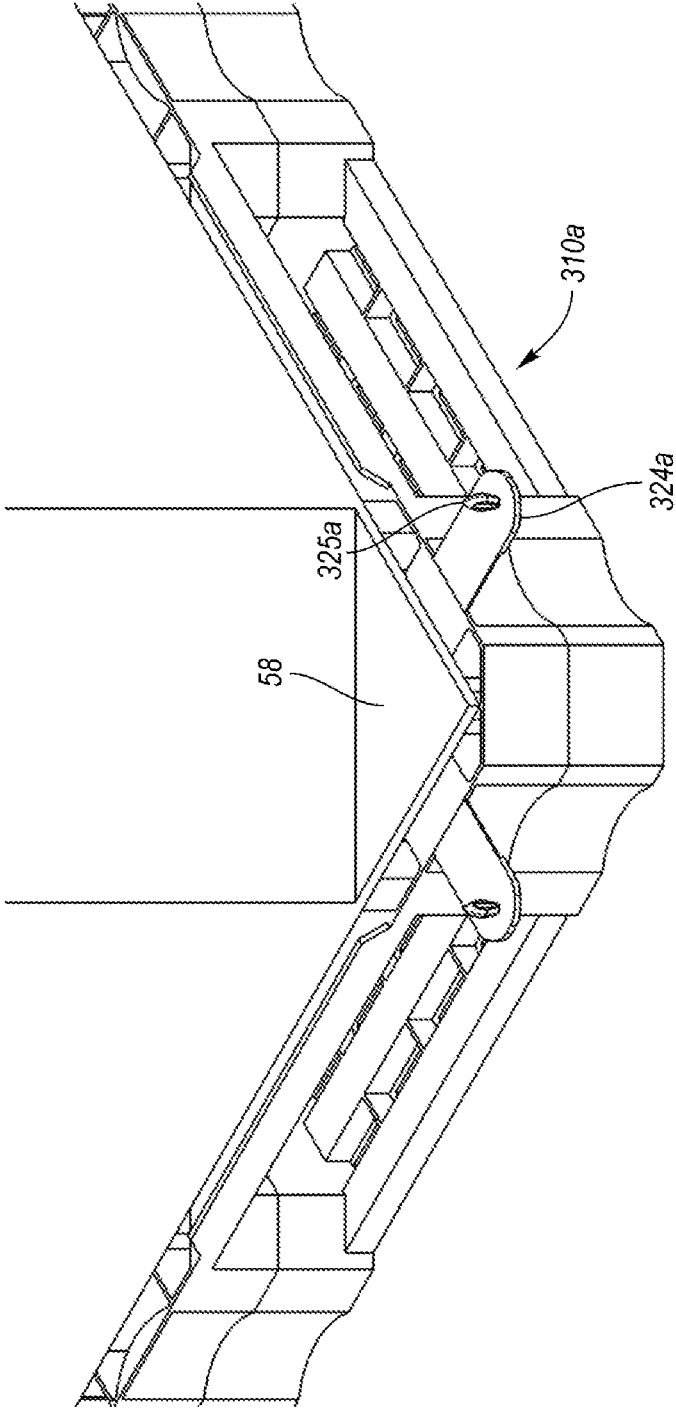


FIG. 19

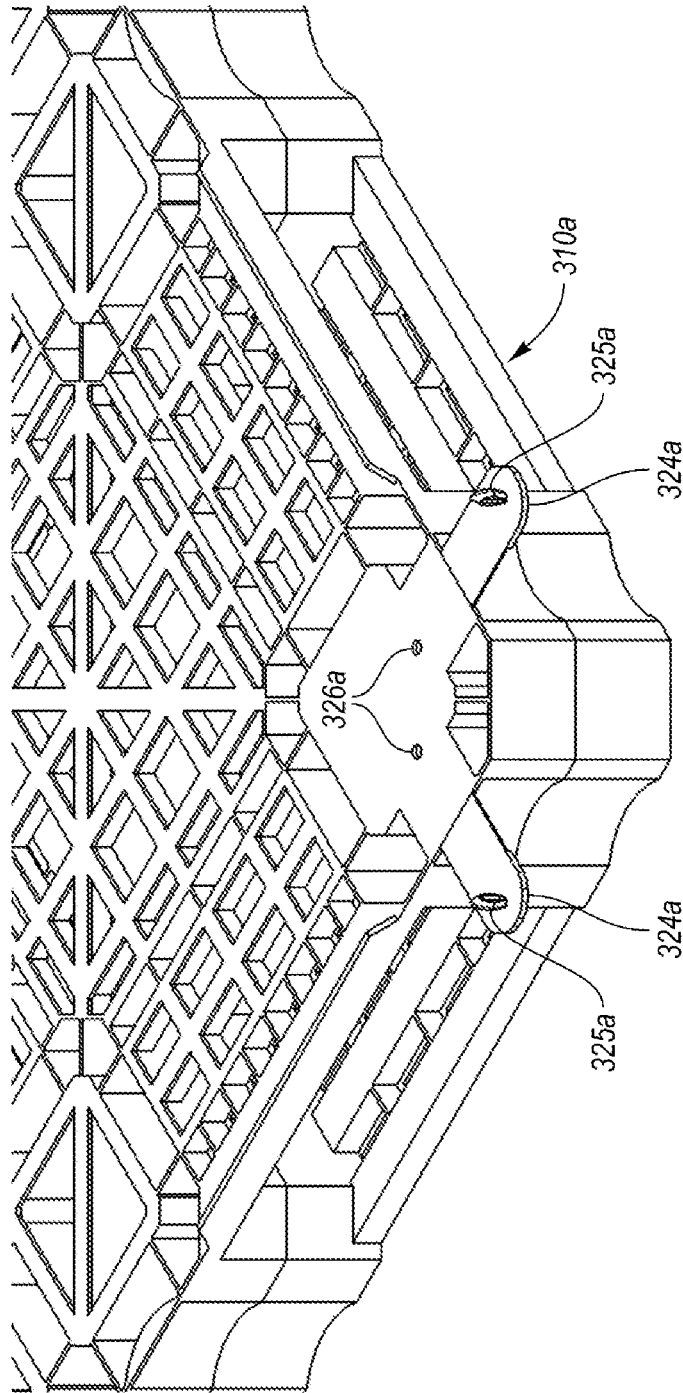


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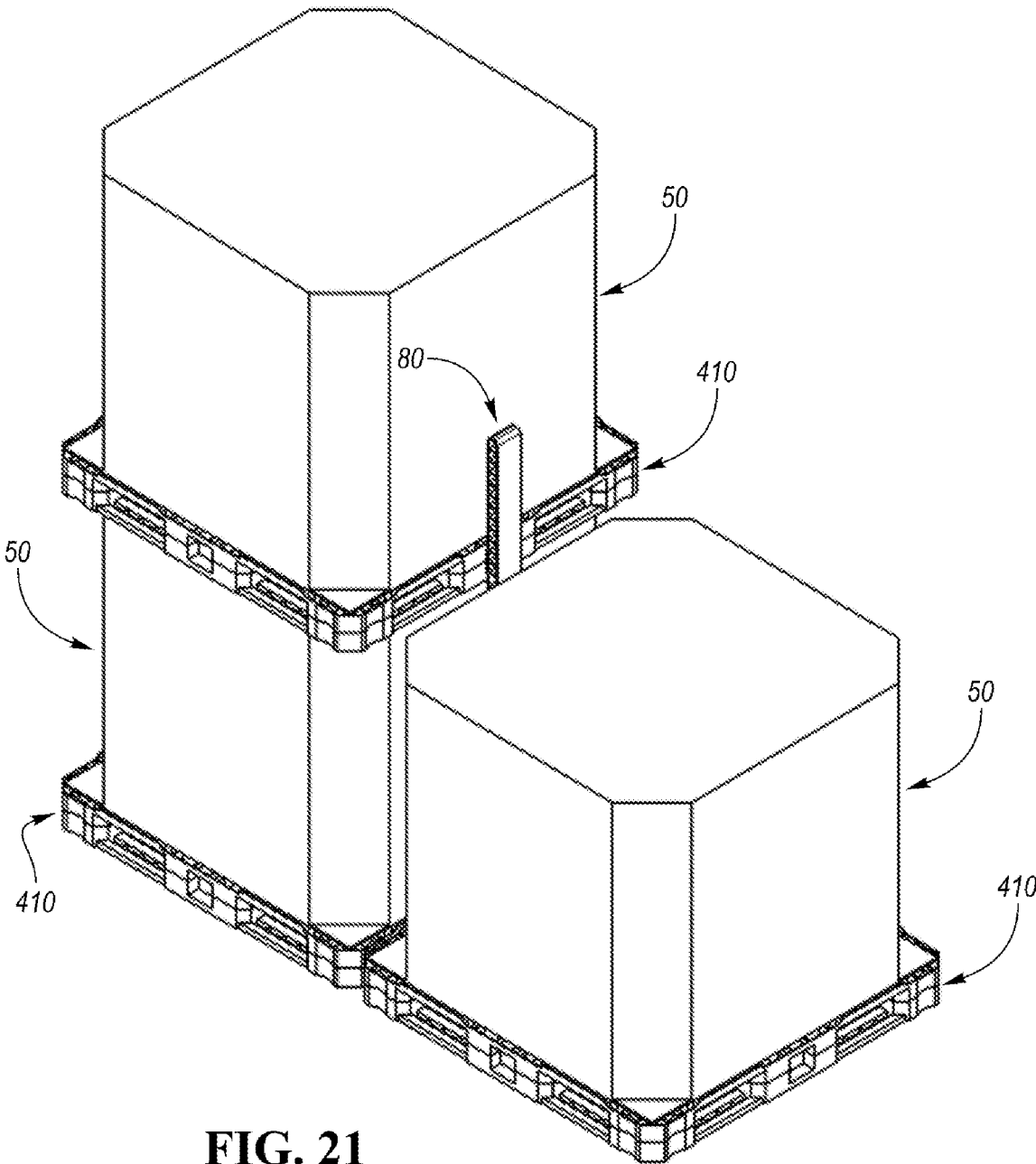


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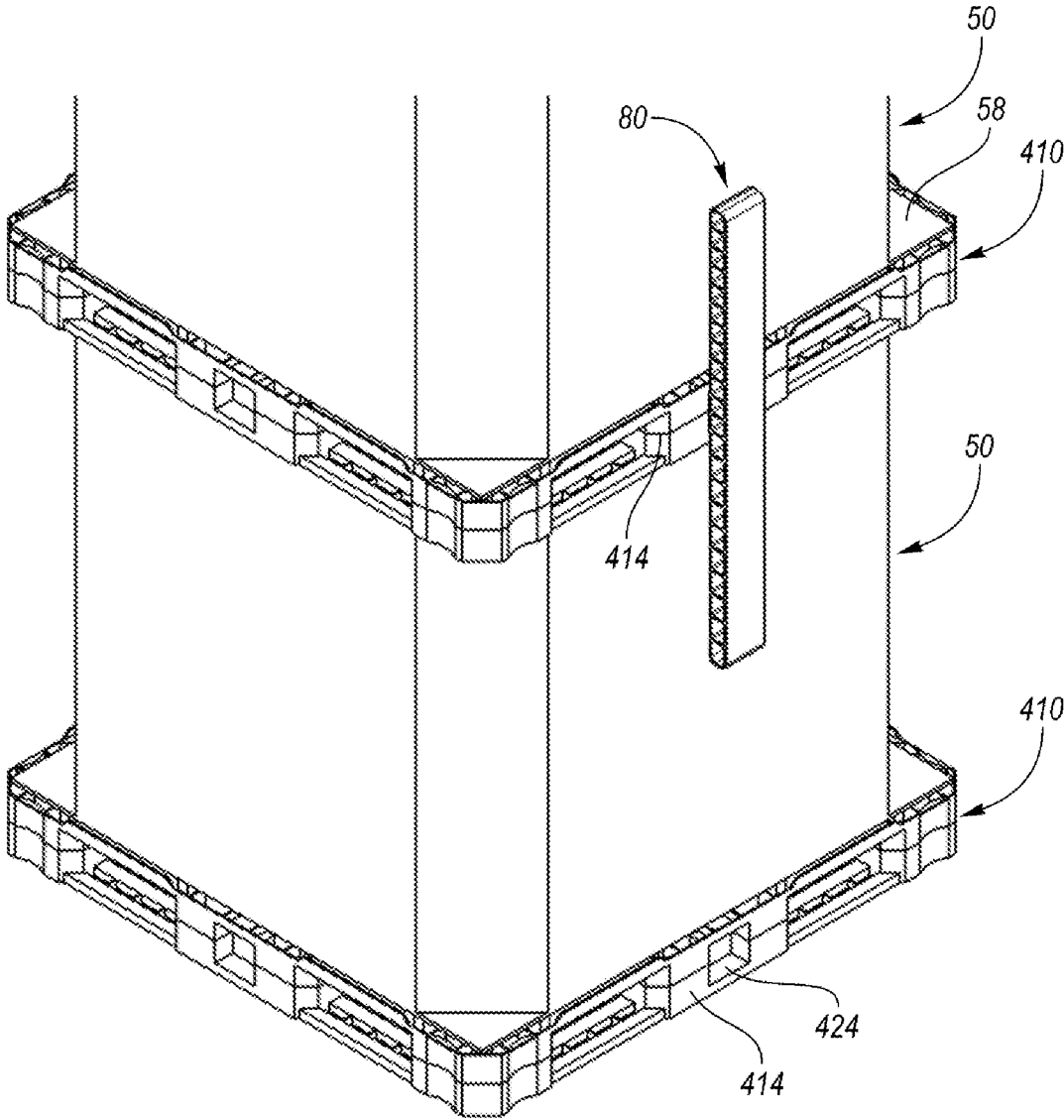


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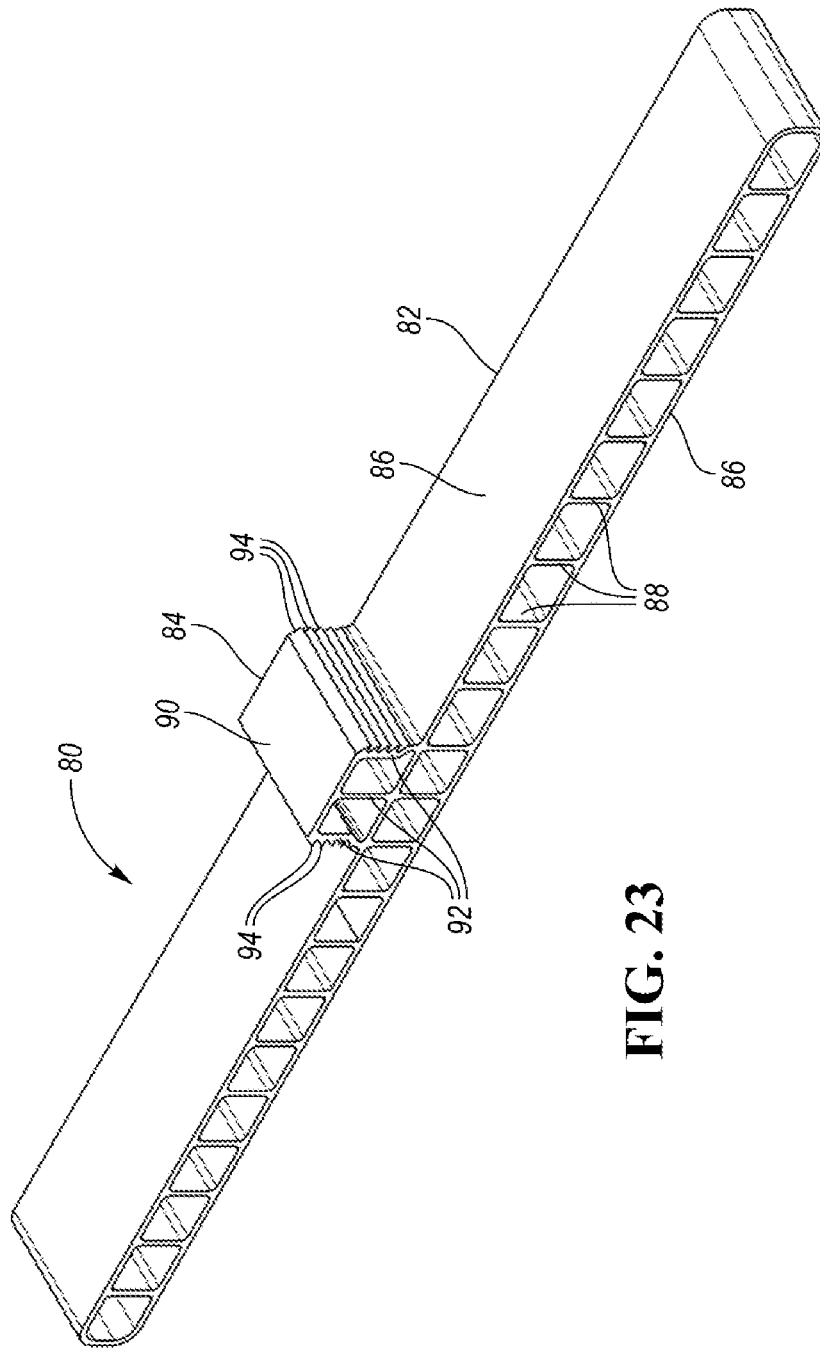


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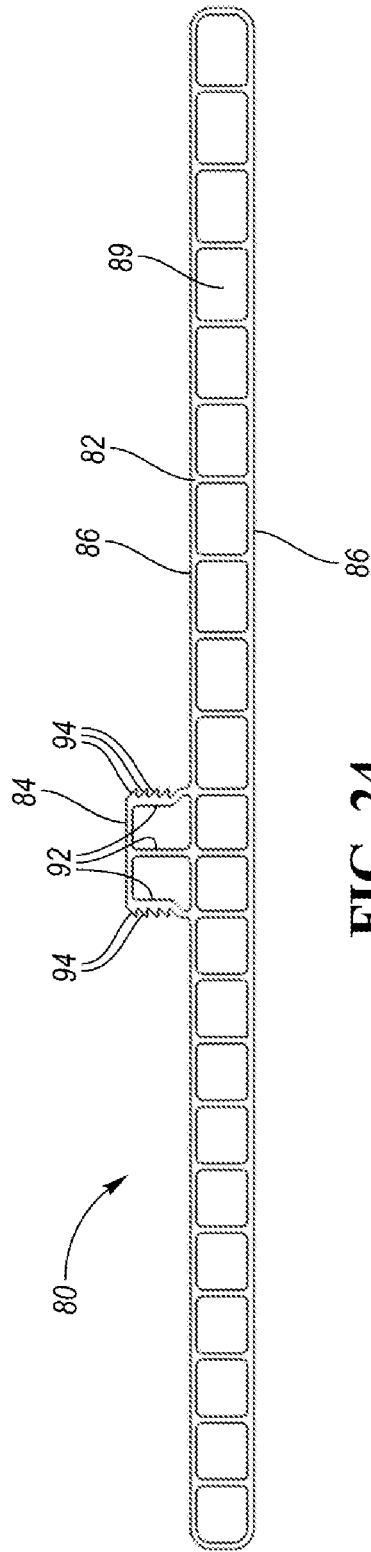


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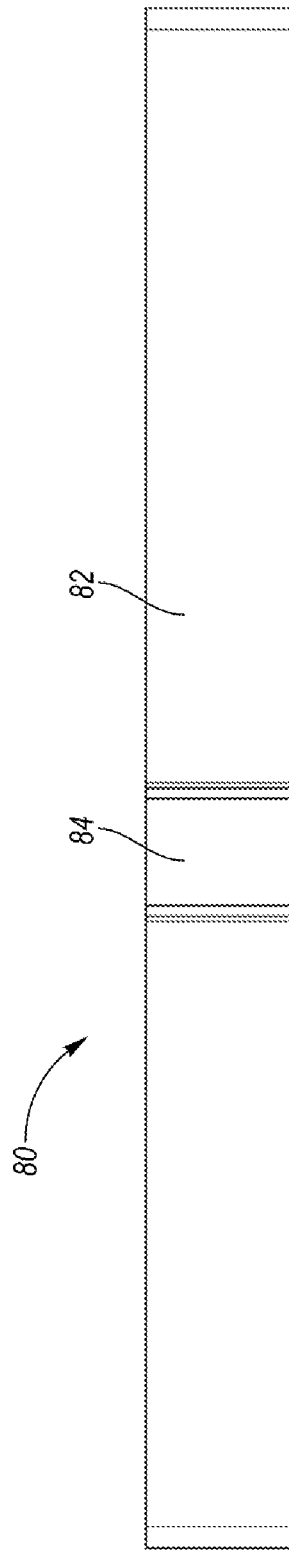


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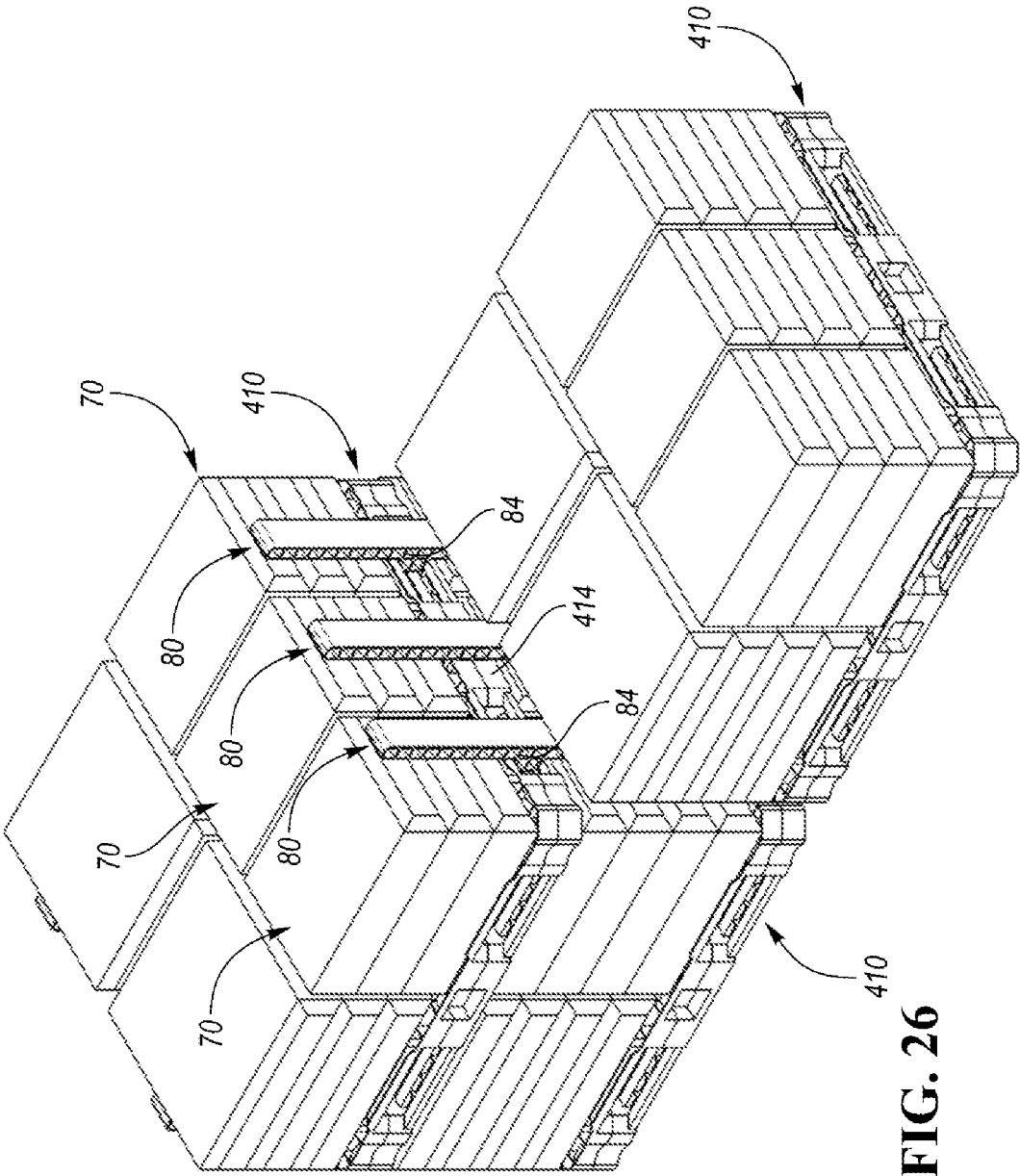


FIG. 26

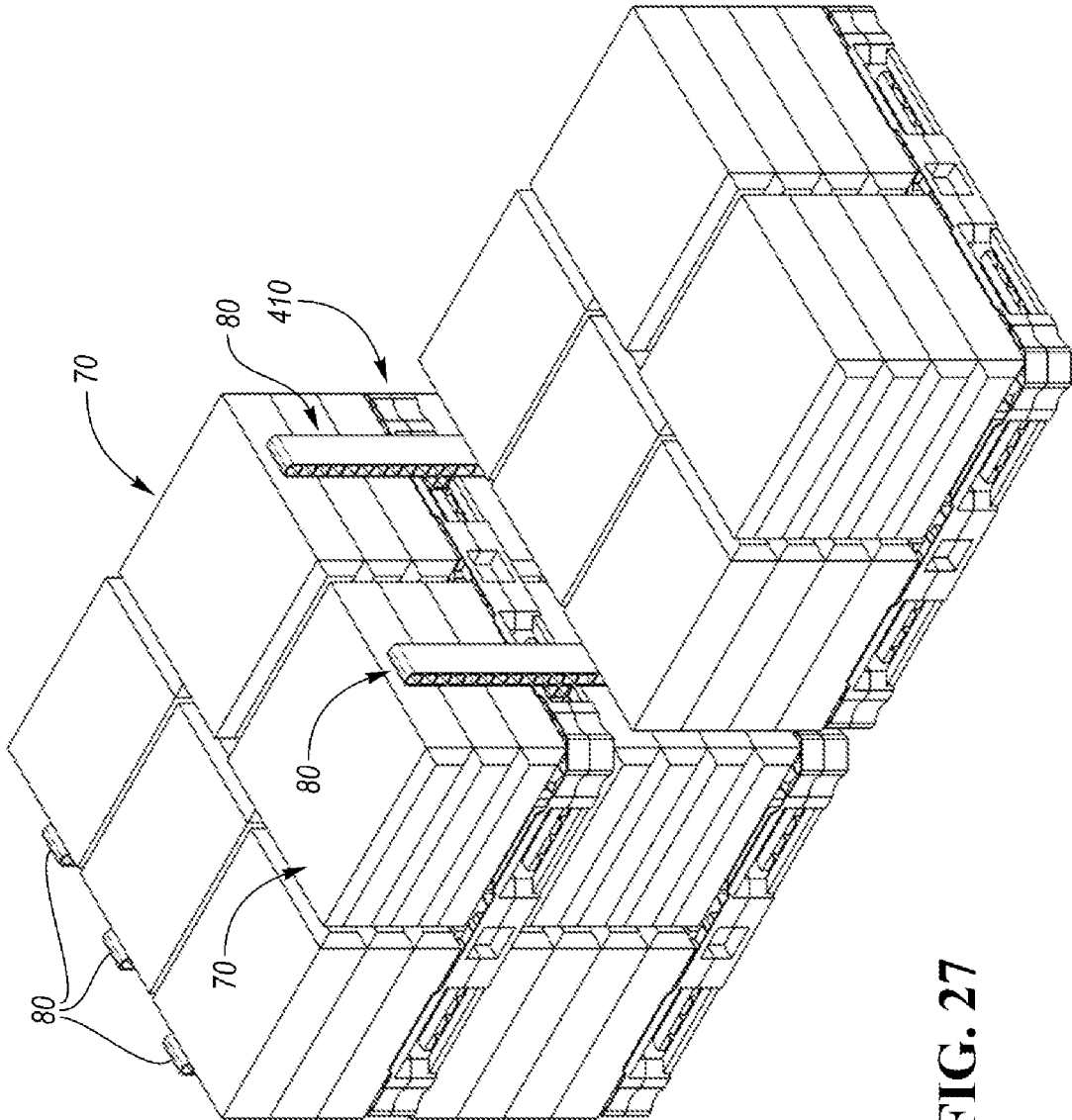


FIG. 27

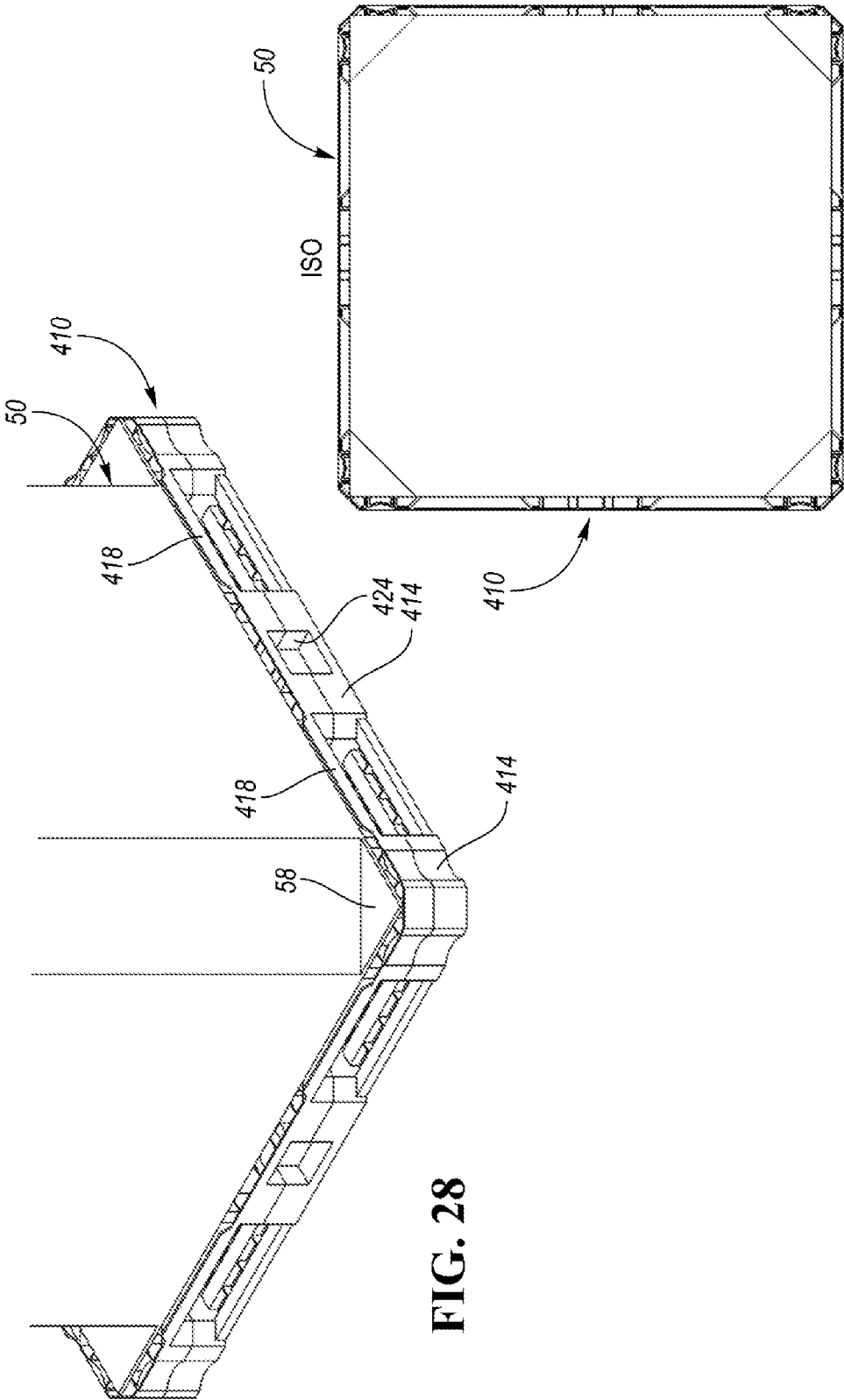


FIG. 28

FIG. 29

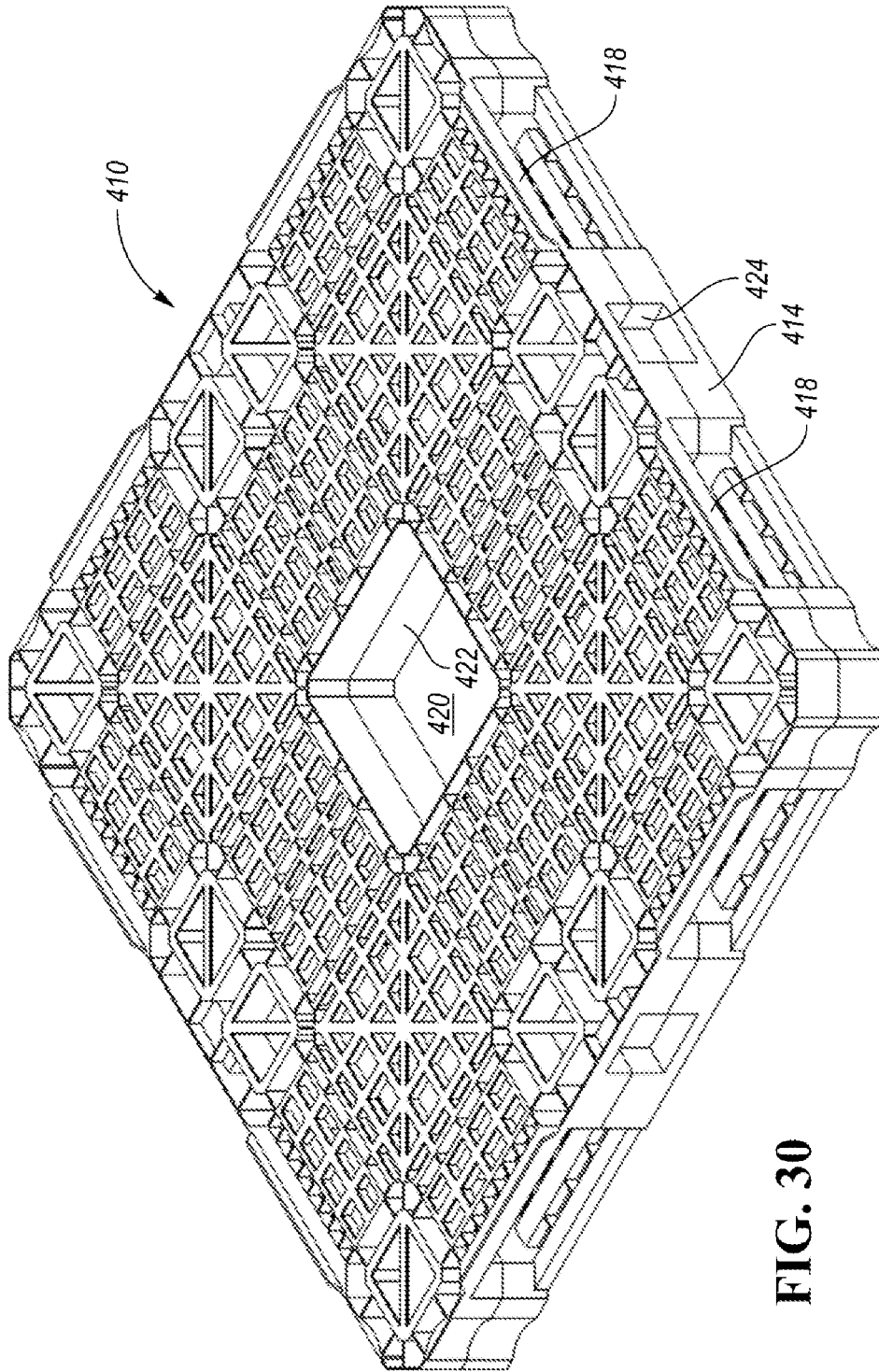


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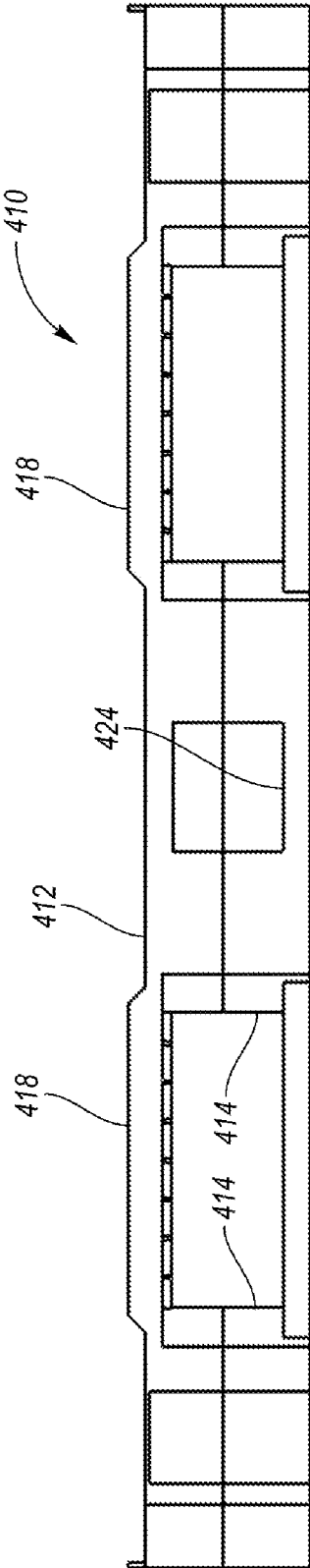


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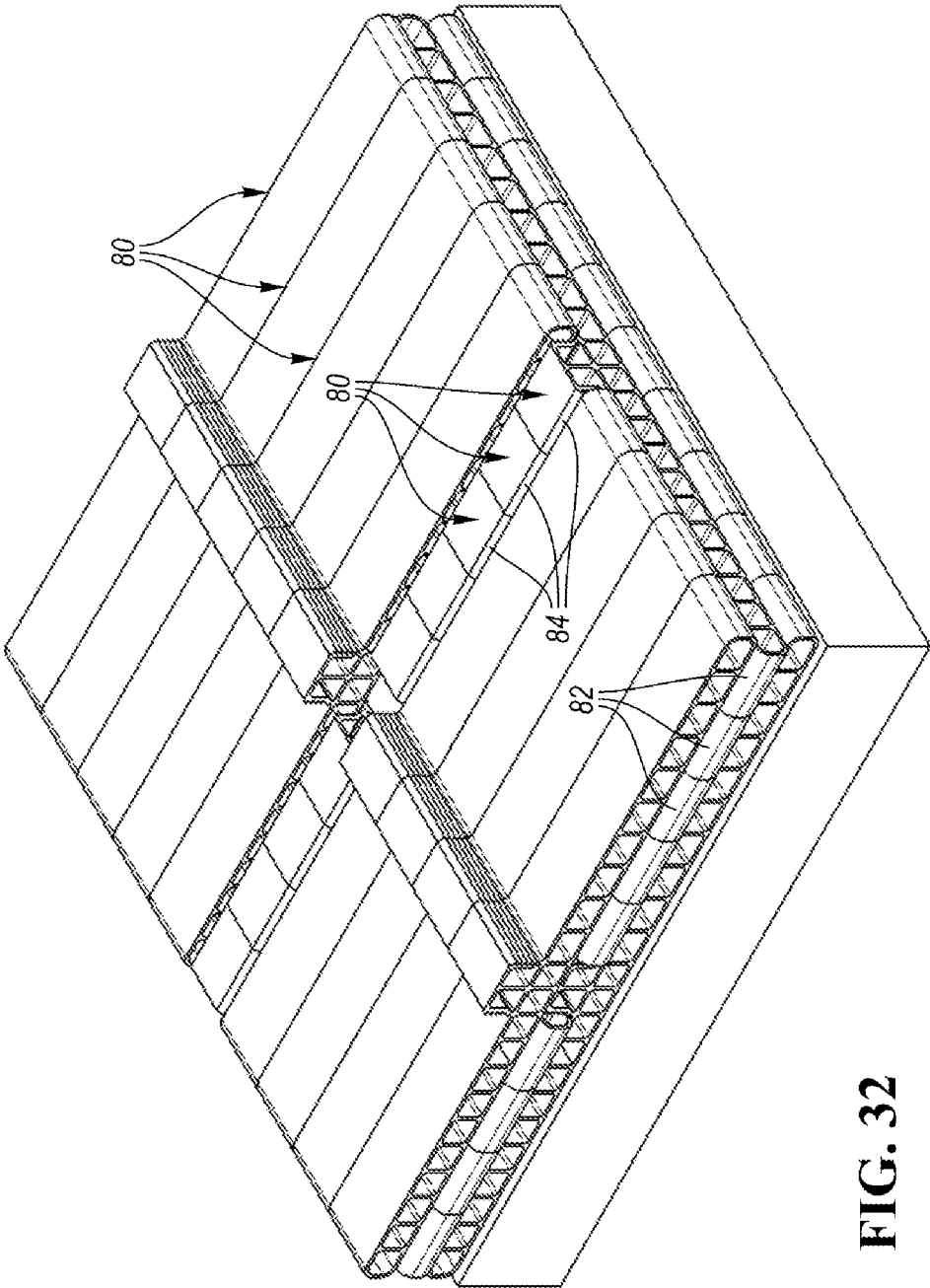


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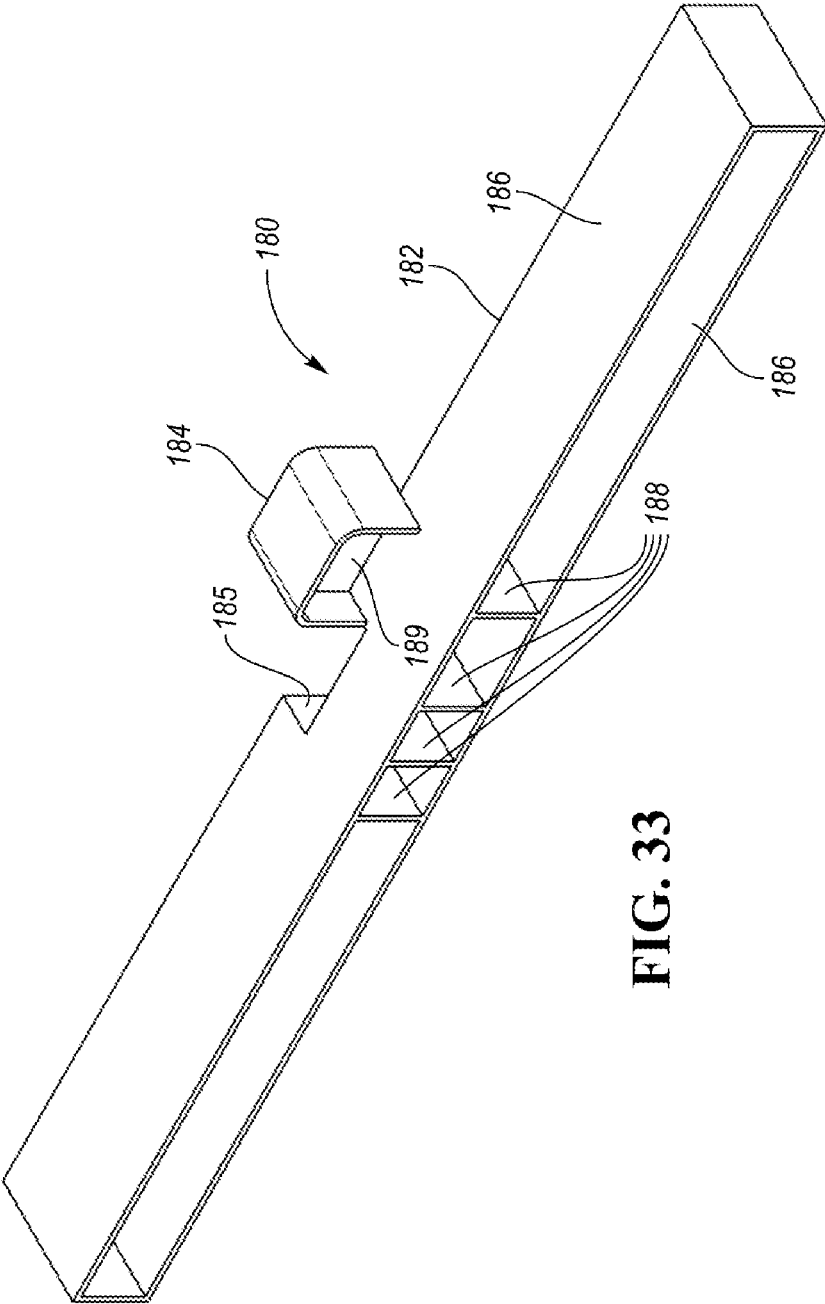


FIG. 33

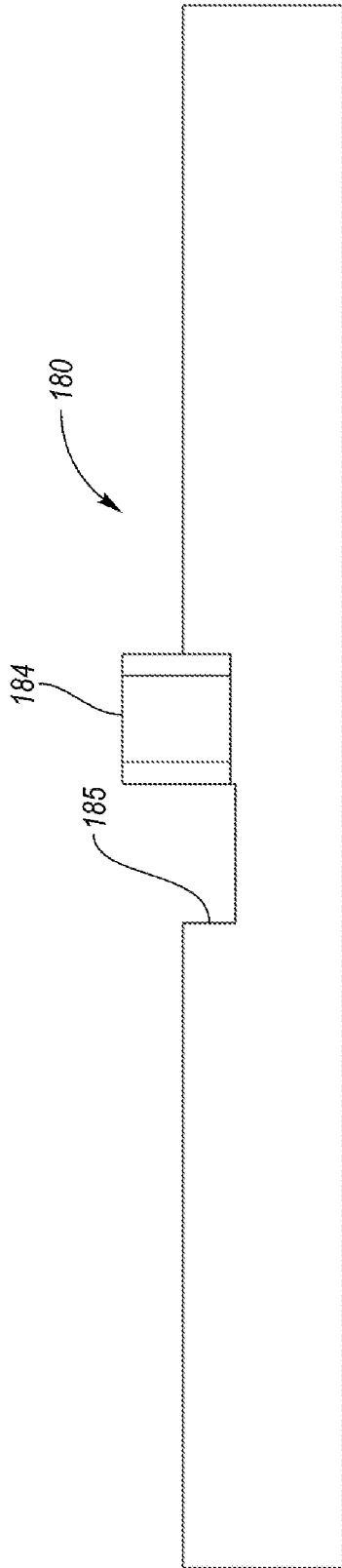


FIG. 34

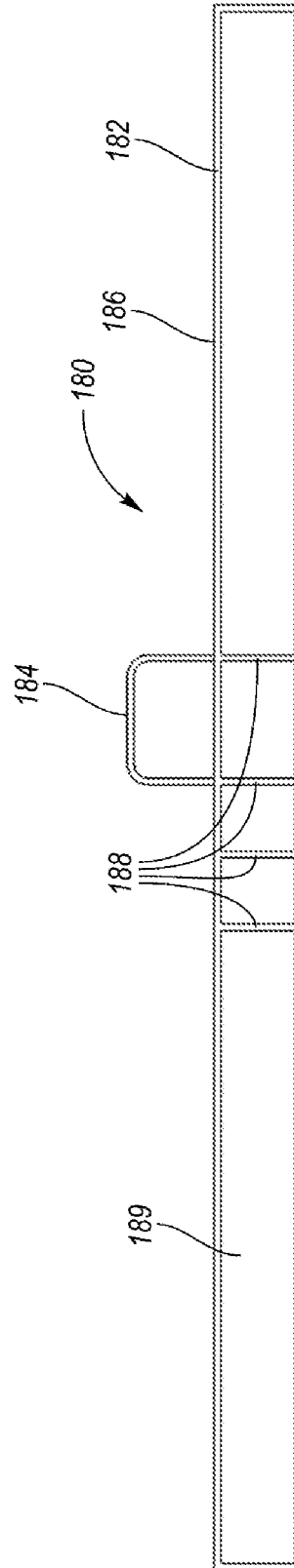


FIG. 35

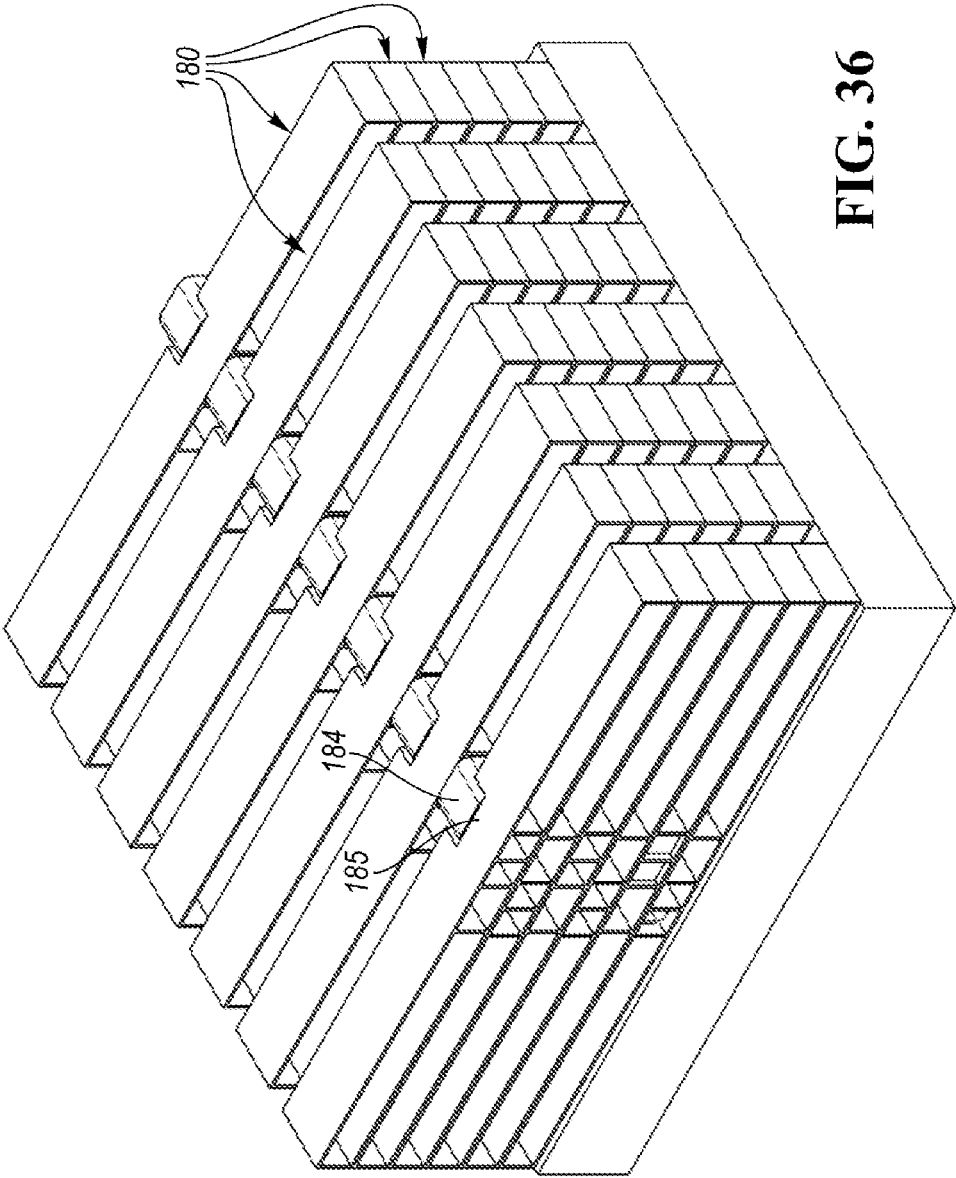


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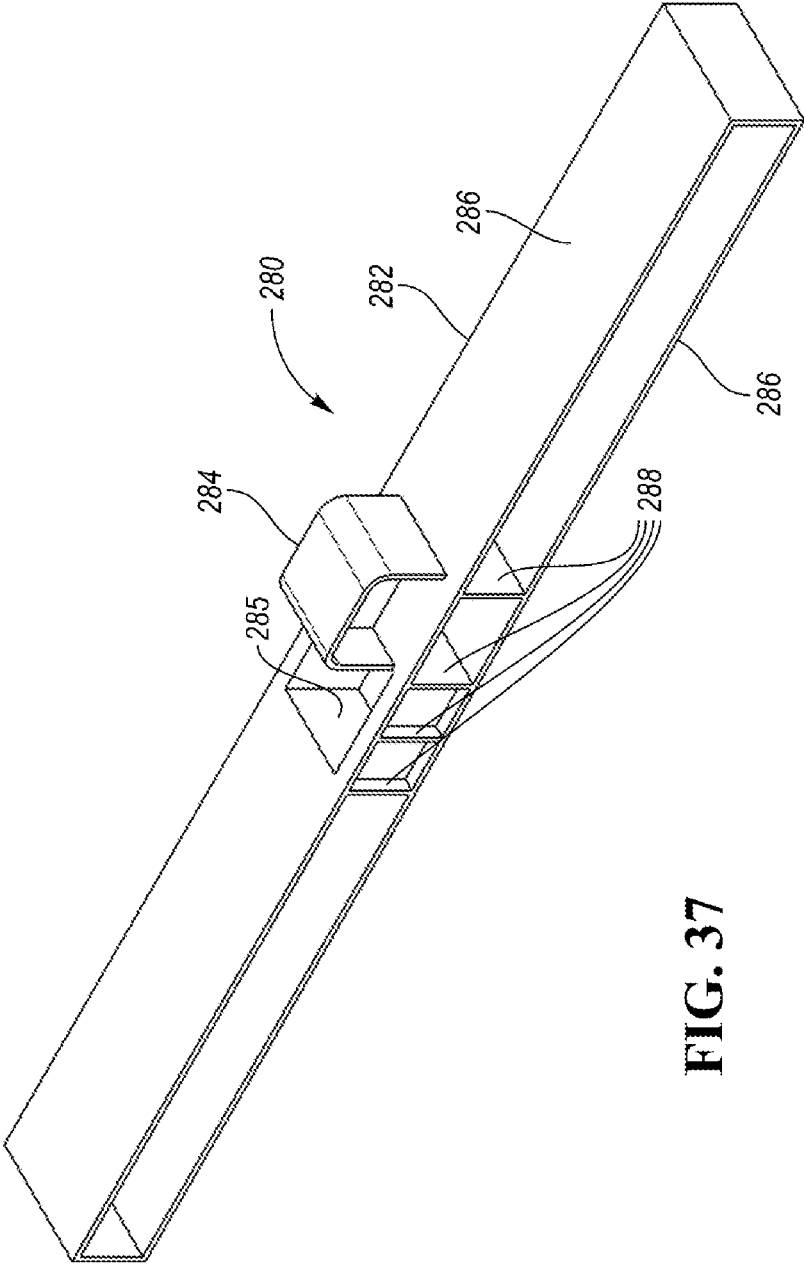


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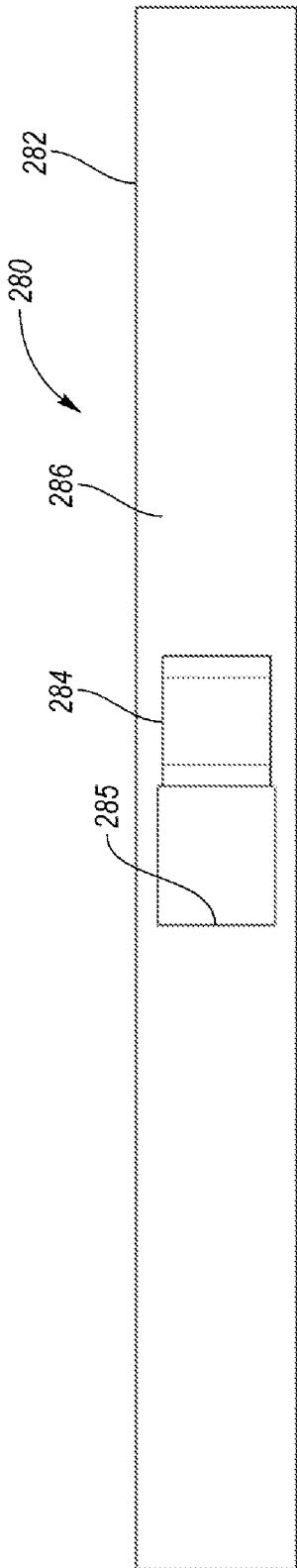


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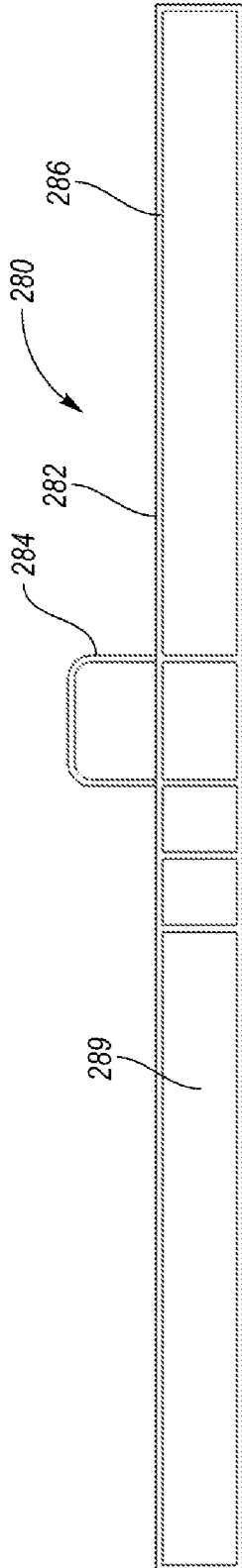


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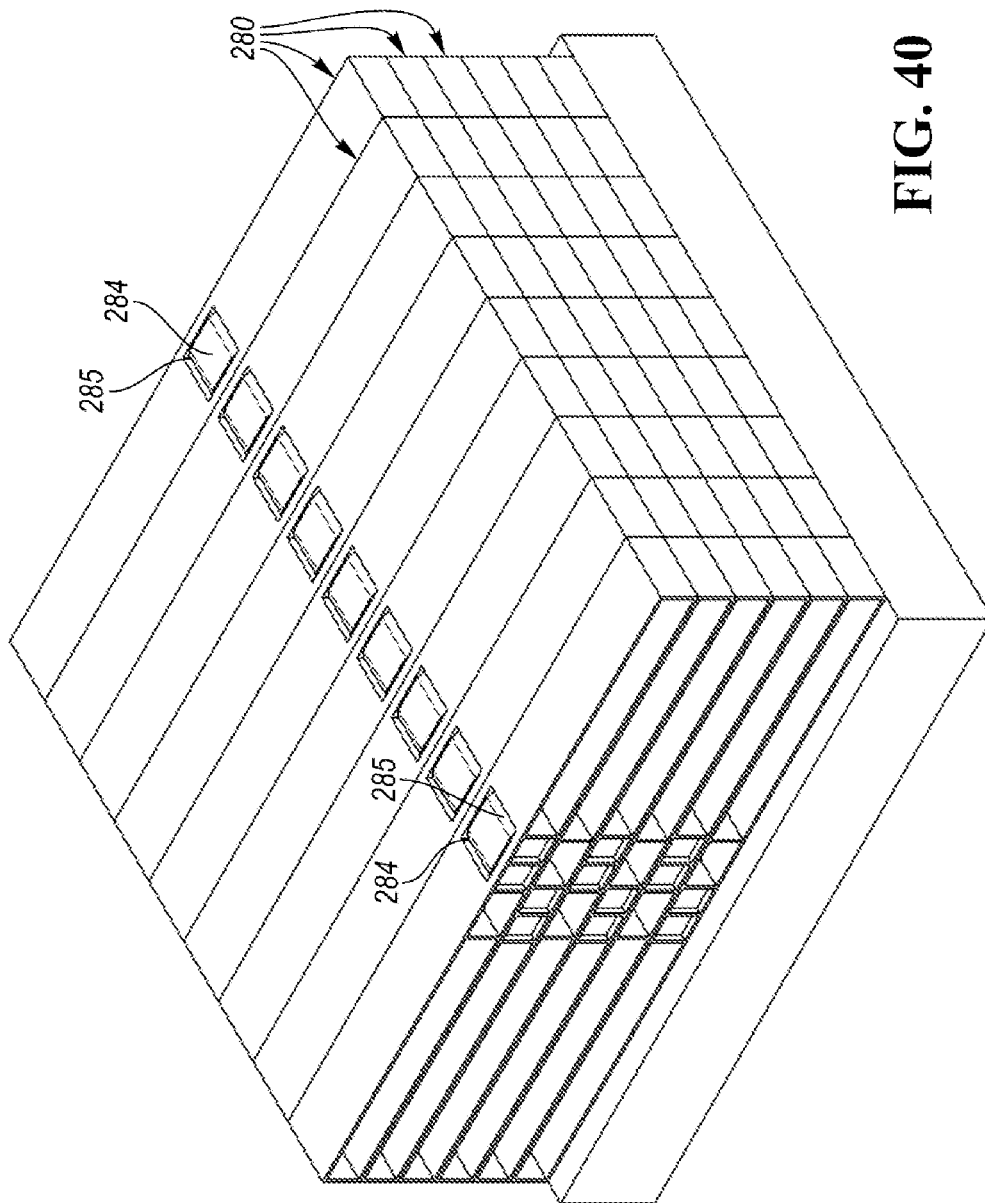


FIG. 40

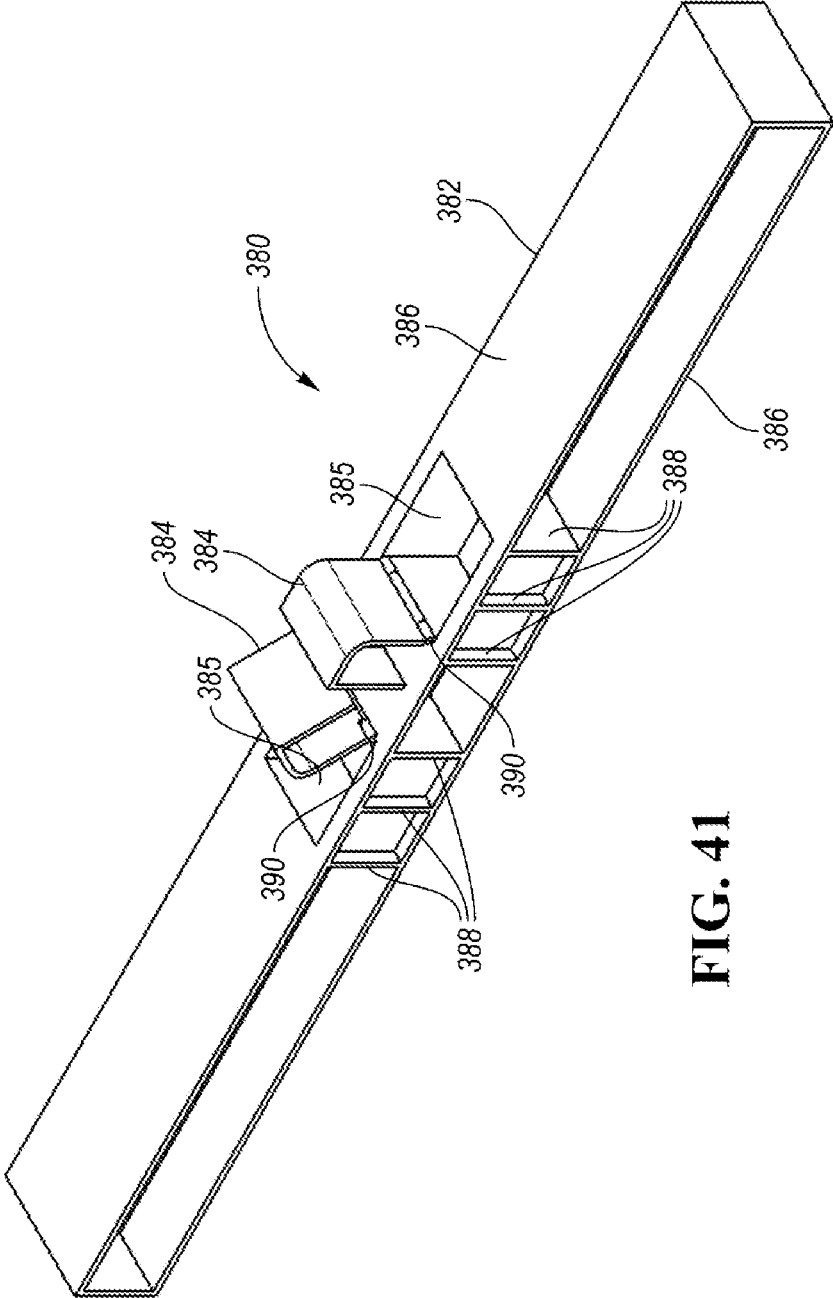


FIG. 41

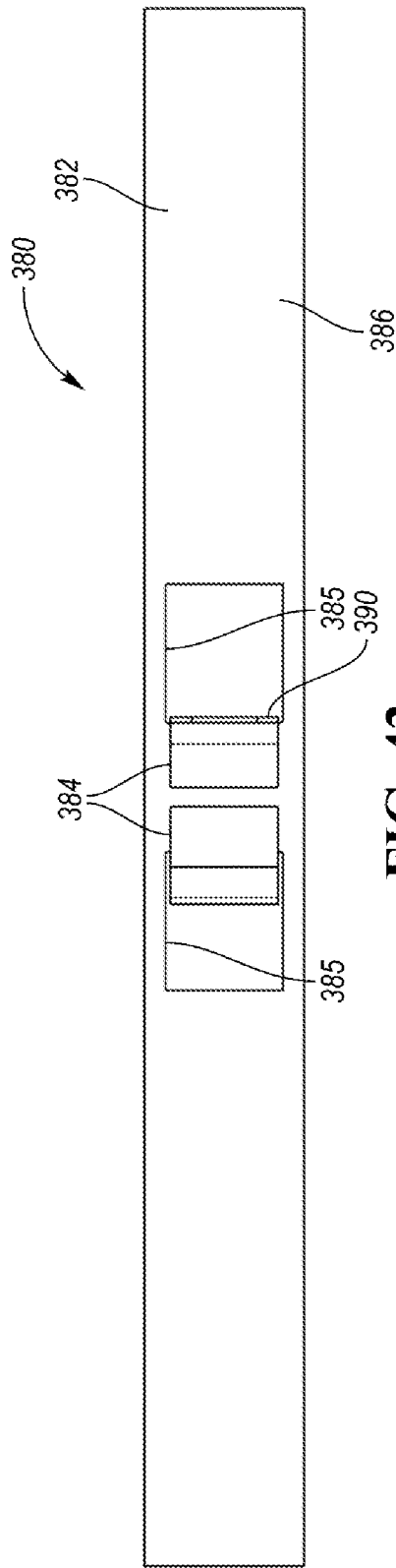


FIG. 42

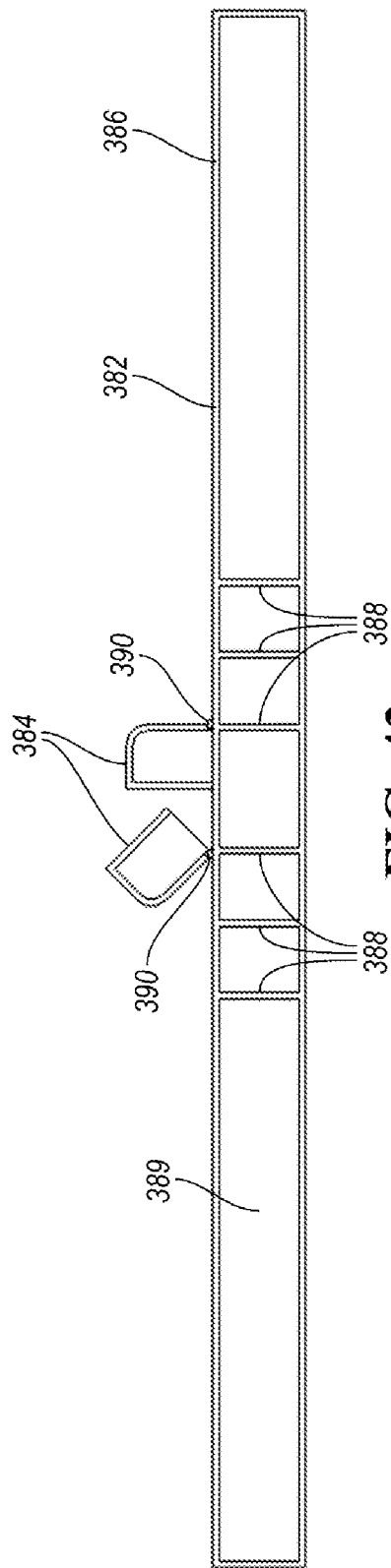


FIG. 43

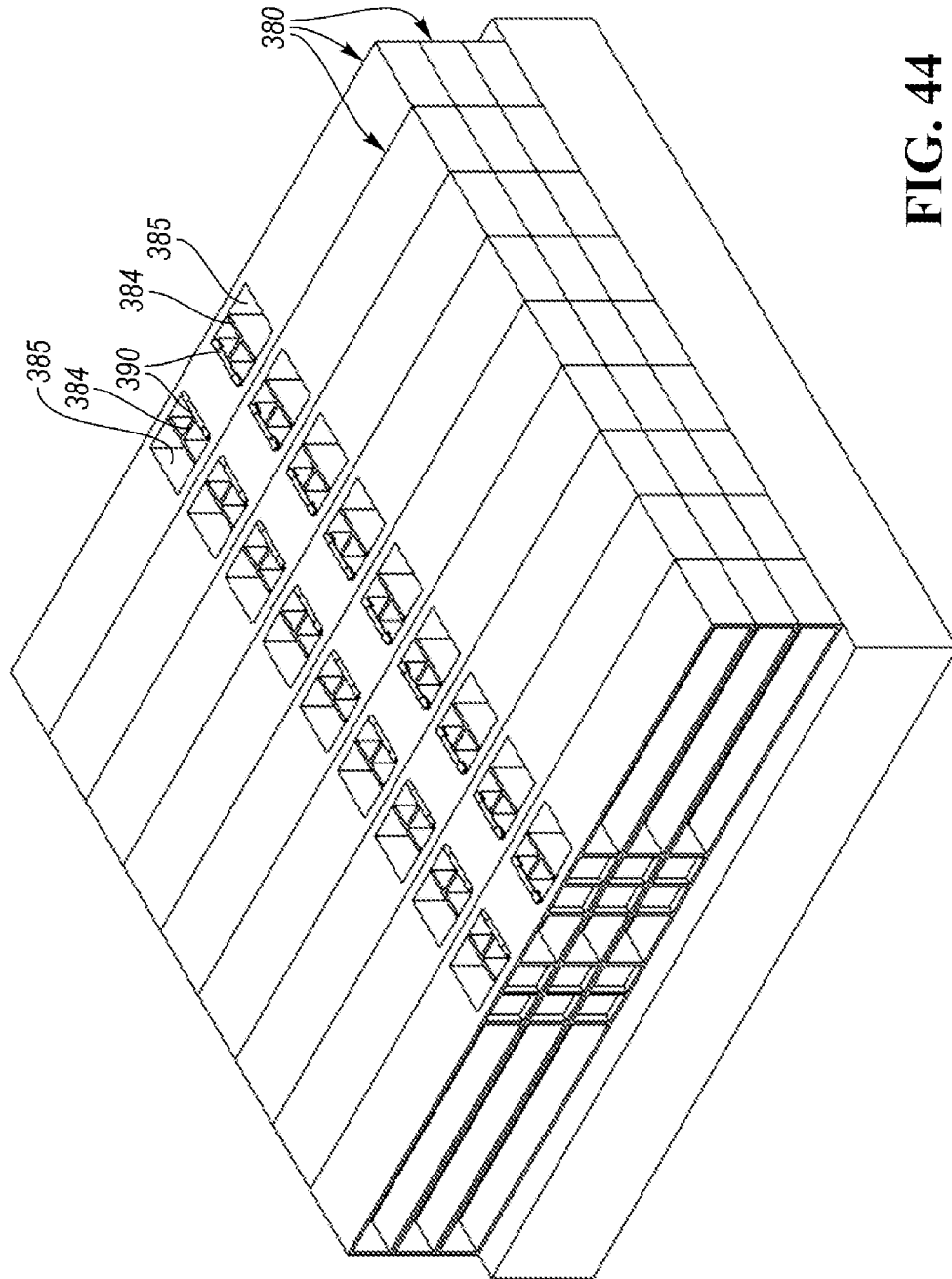


FIG. 44

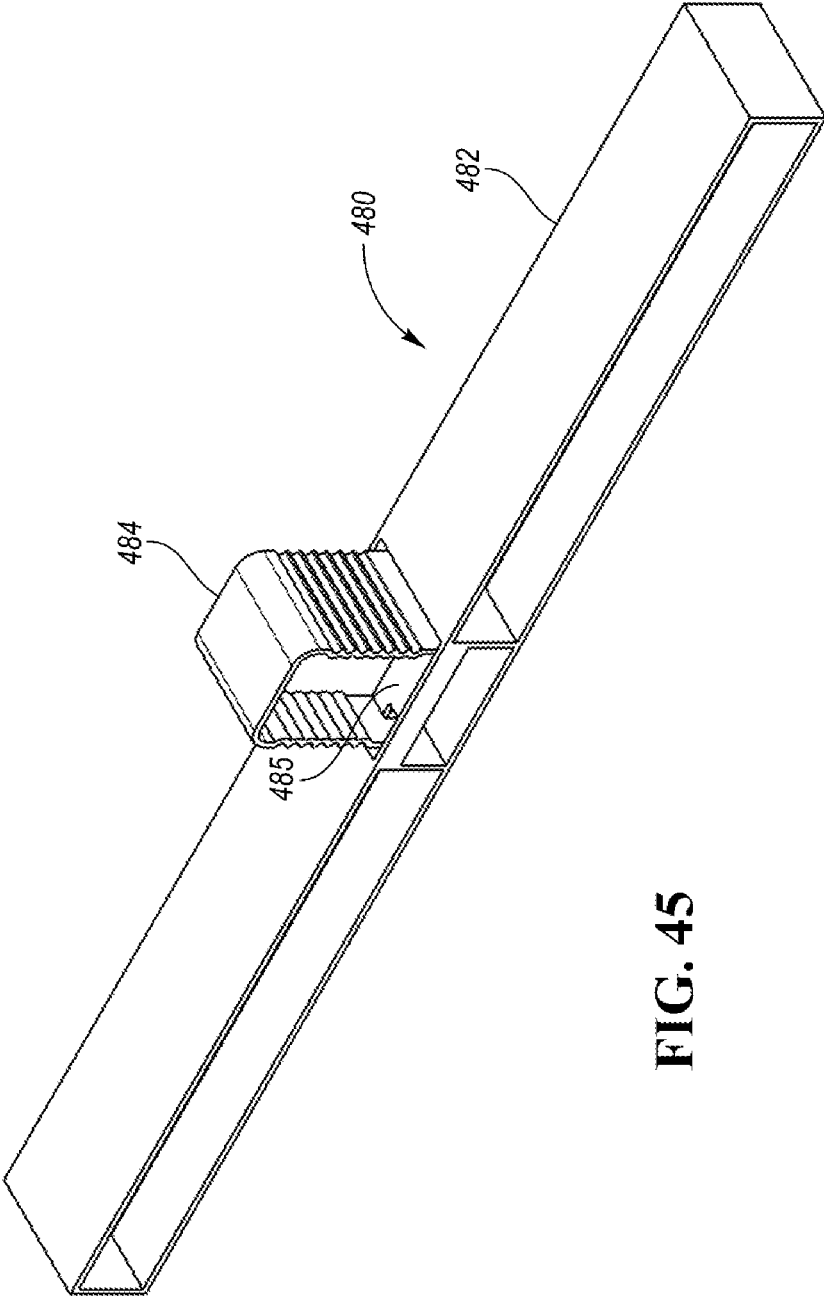


FIG. 45

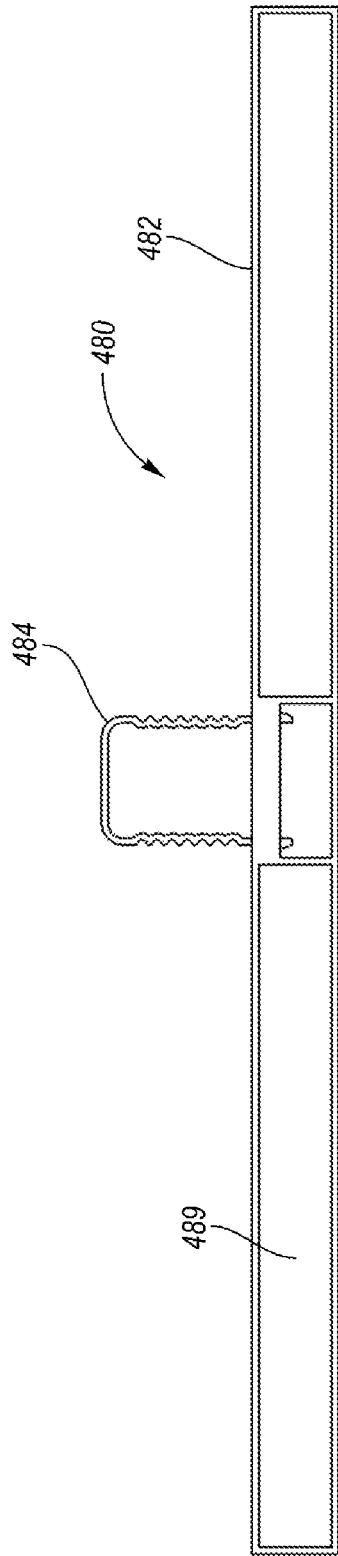


FIG. 46

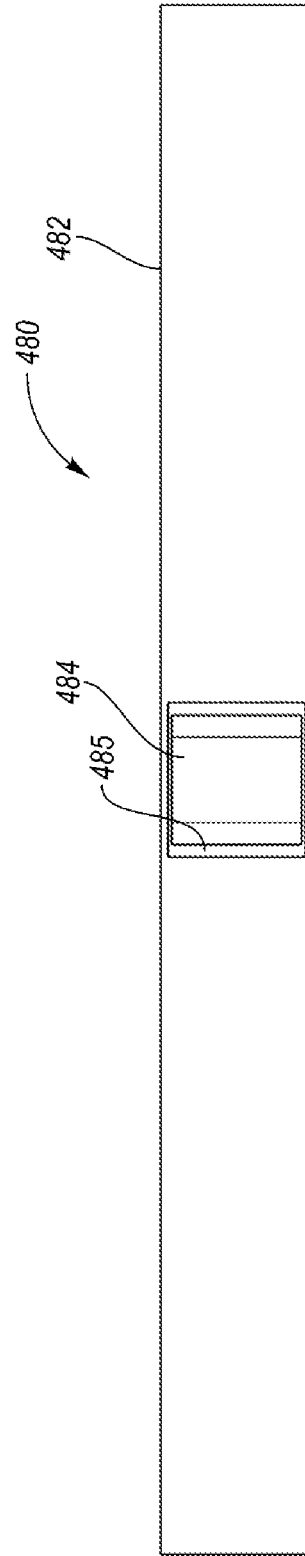


FIG. 47

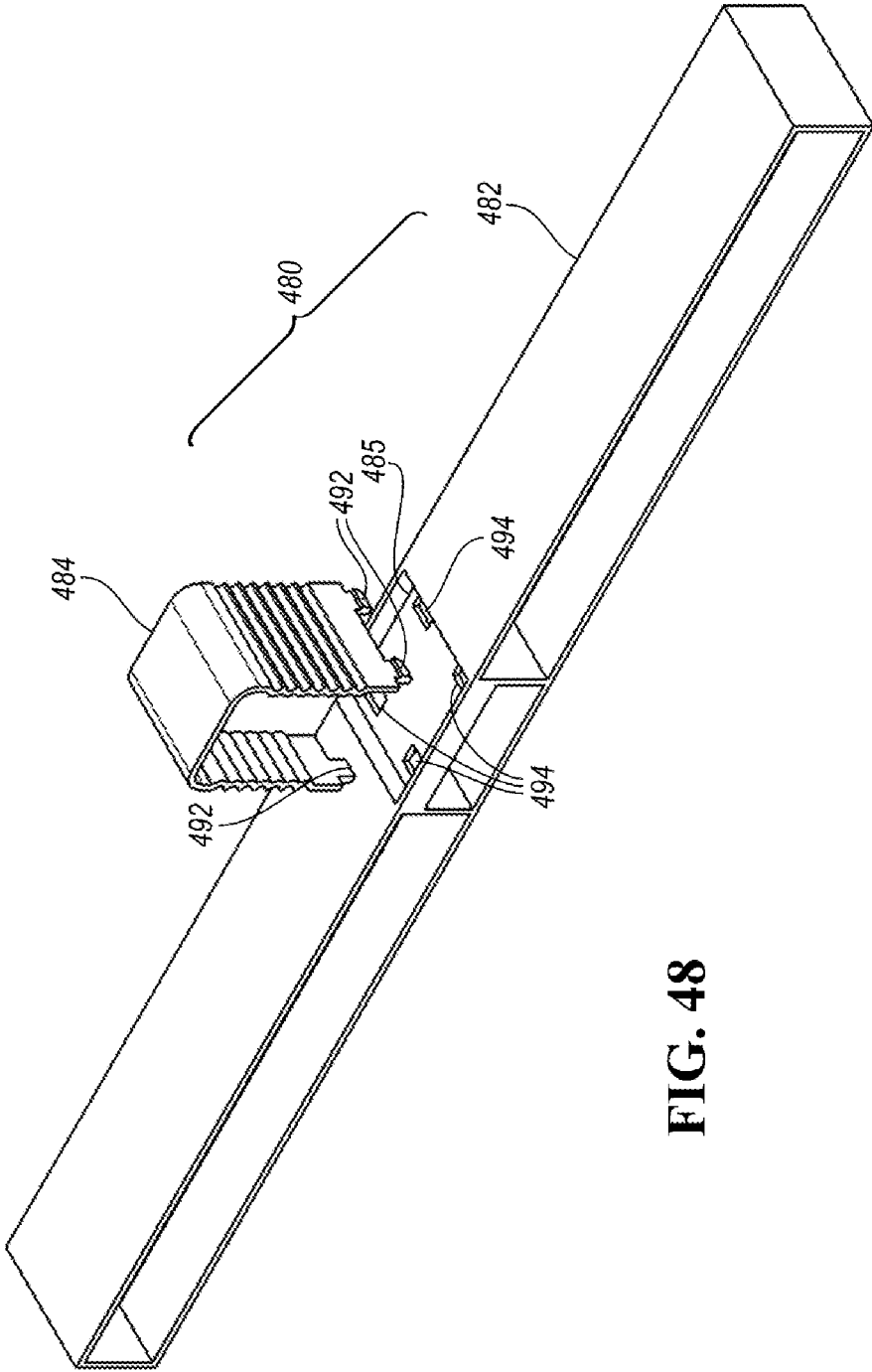


FIG. 48

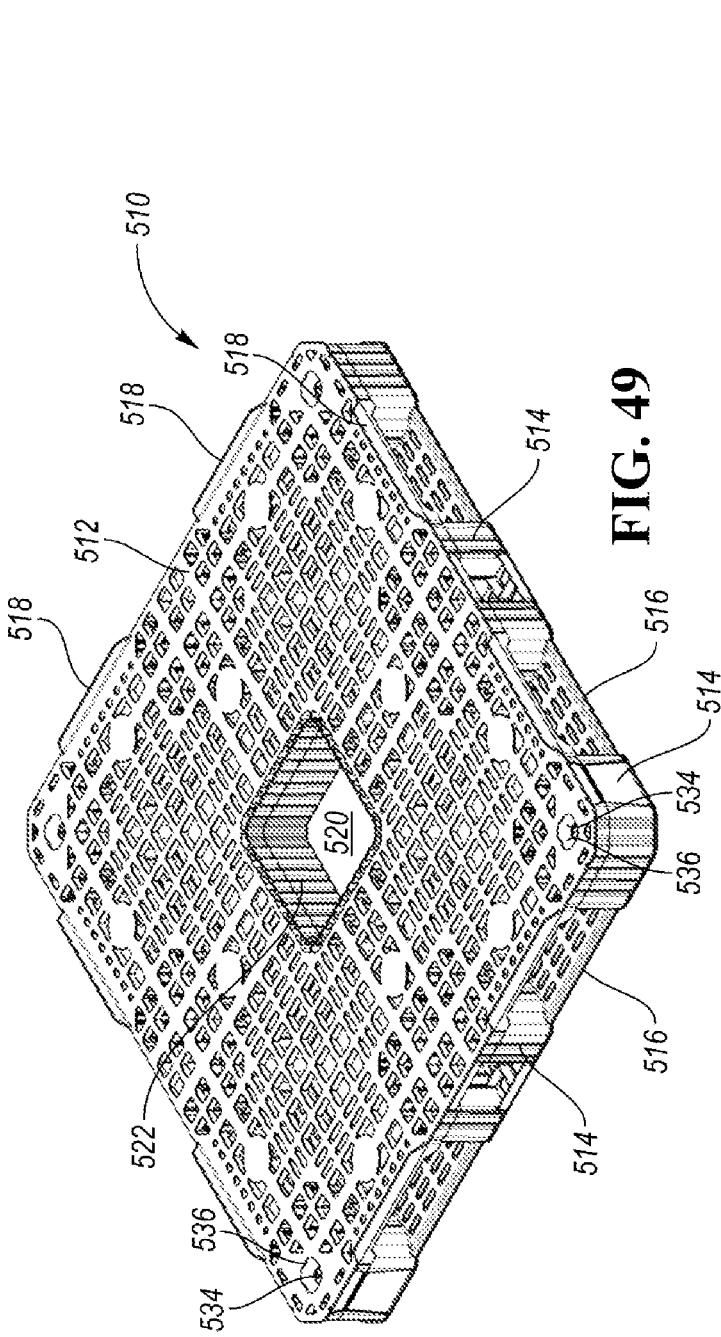


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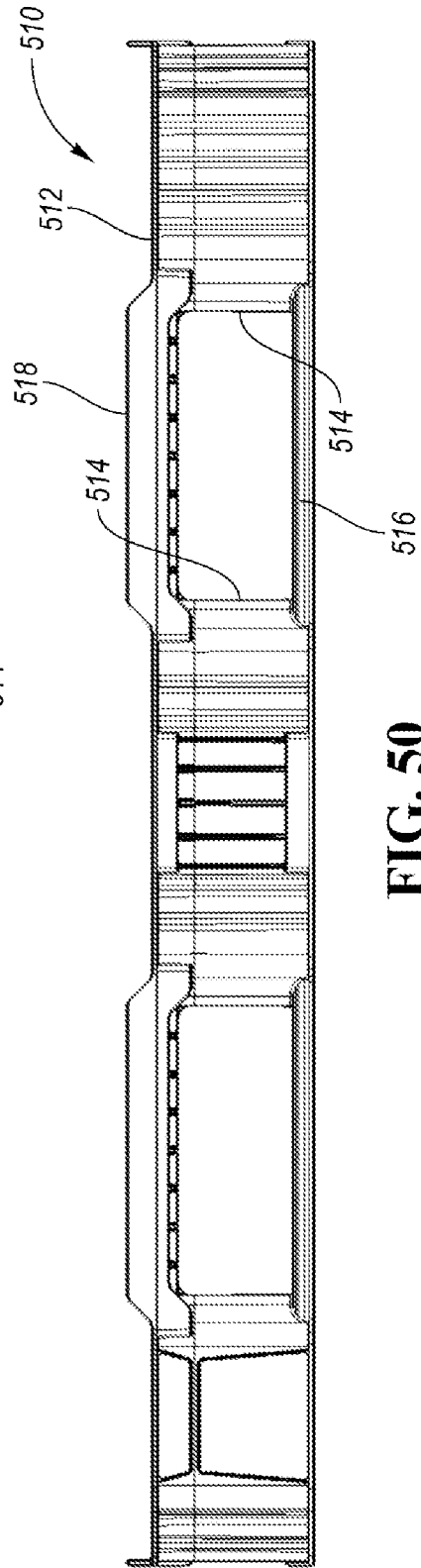


FIG. 50

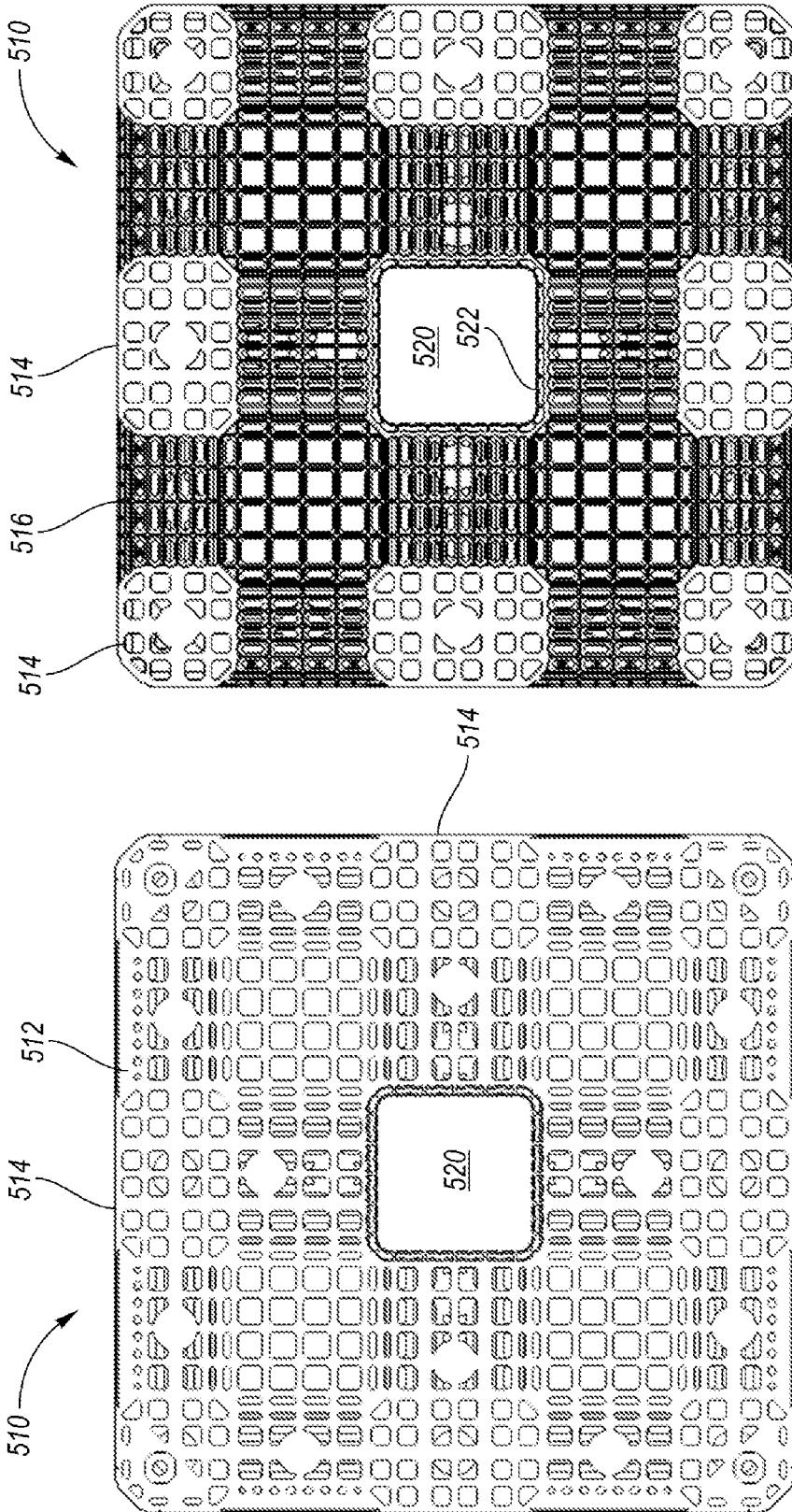


FIG. 52

FIG. 51

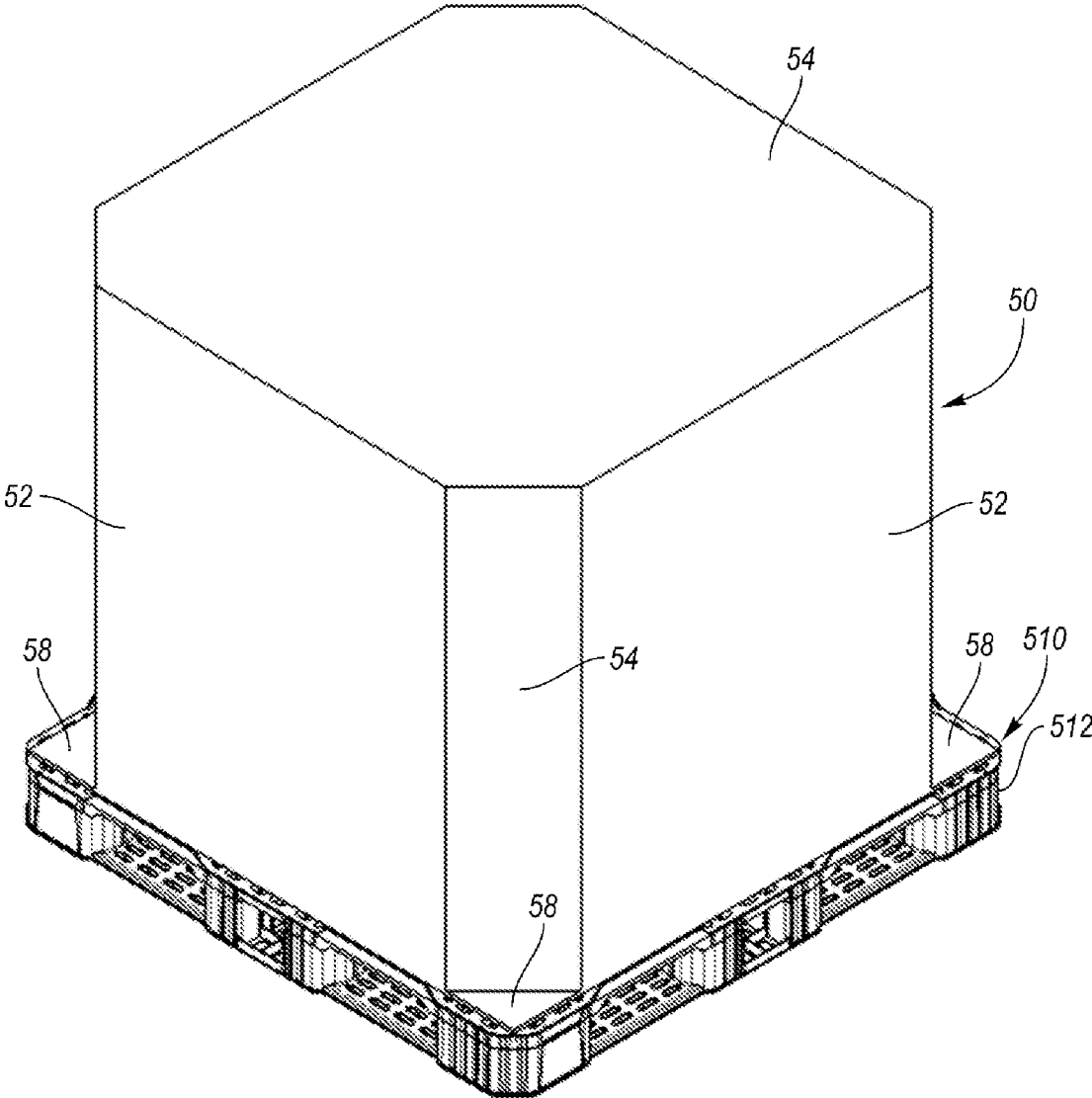
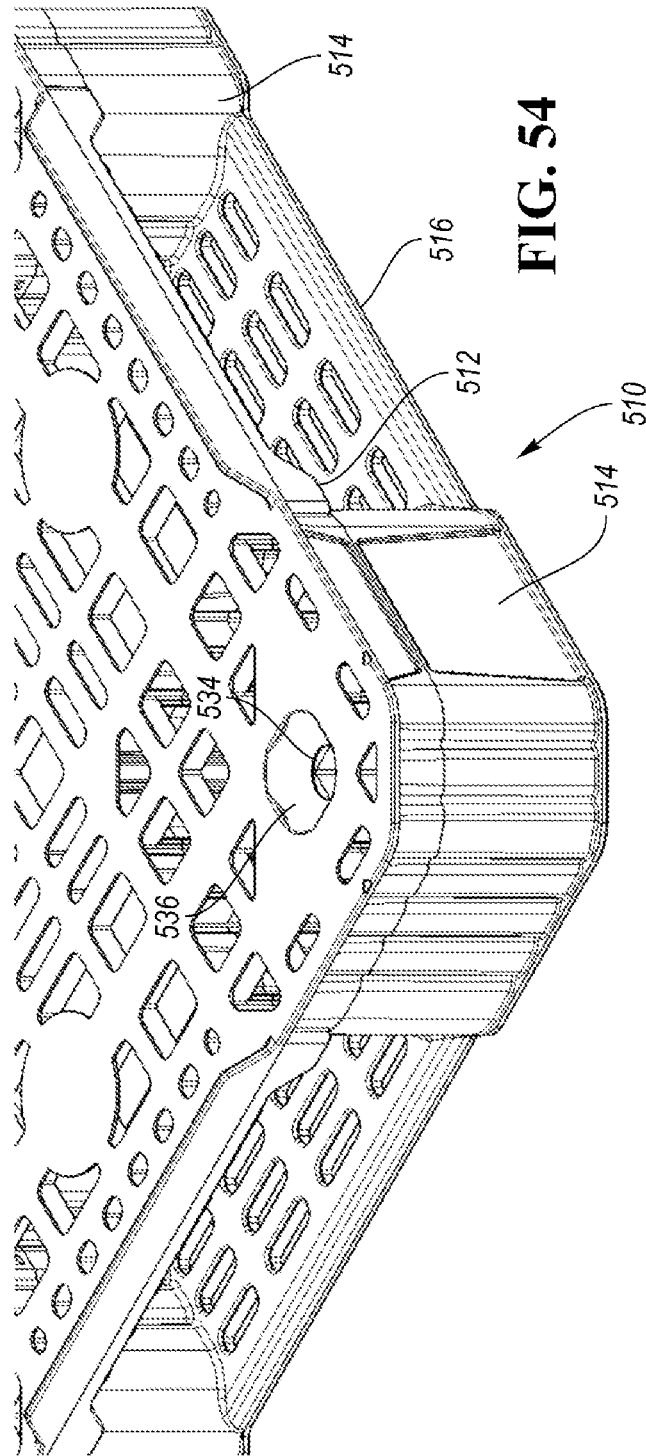


FIG. 53



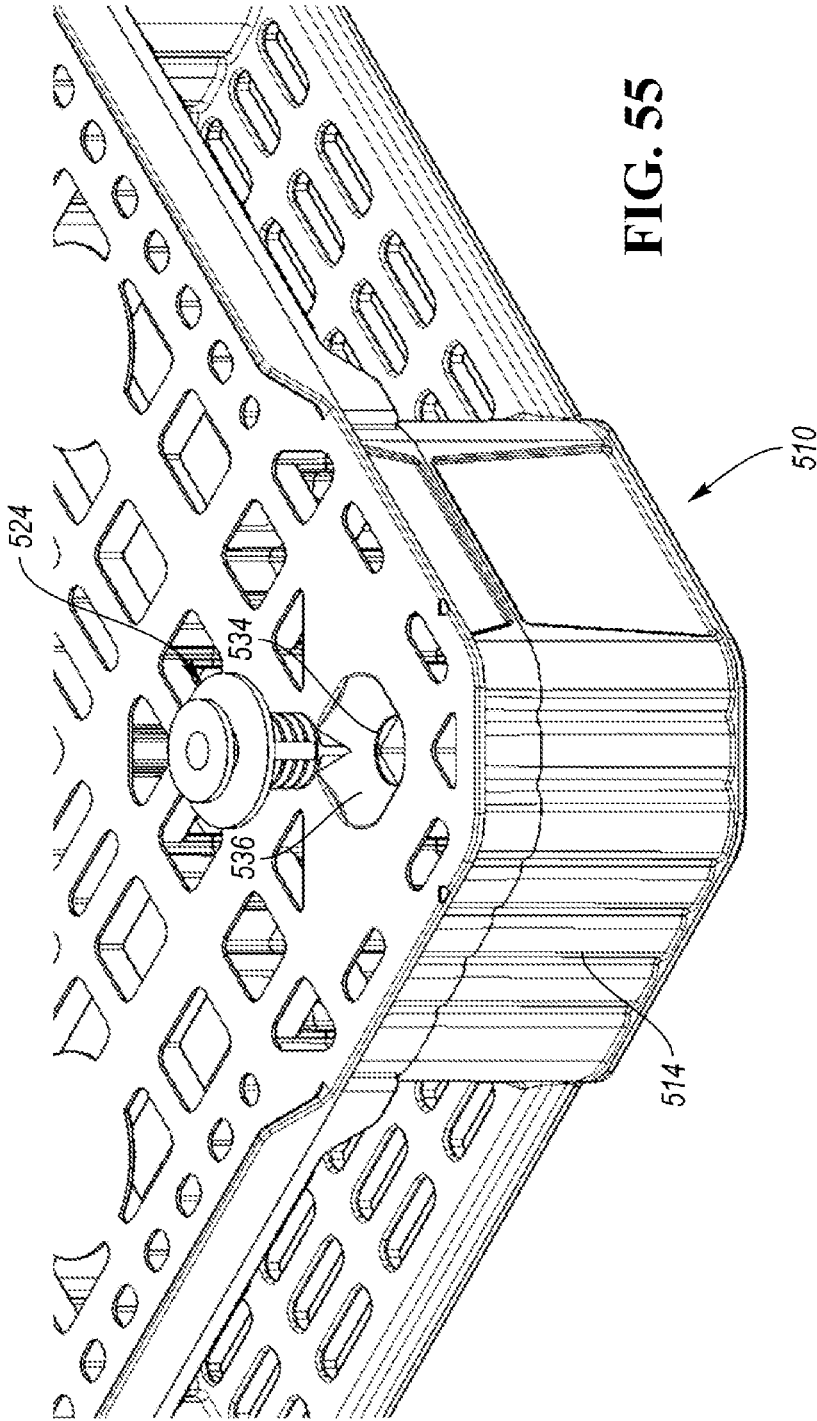


FIG. 55

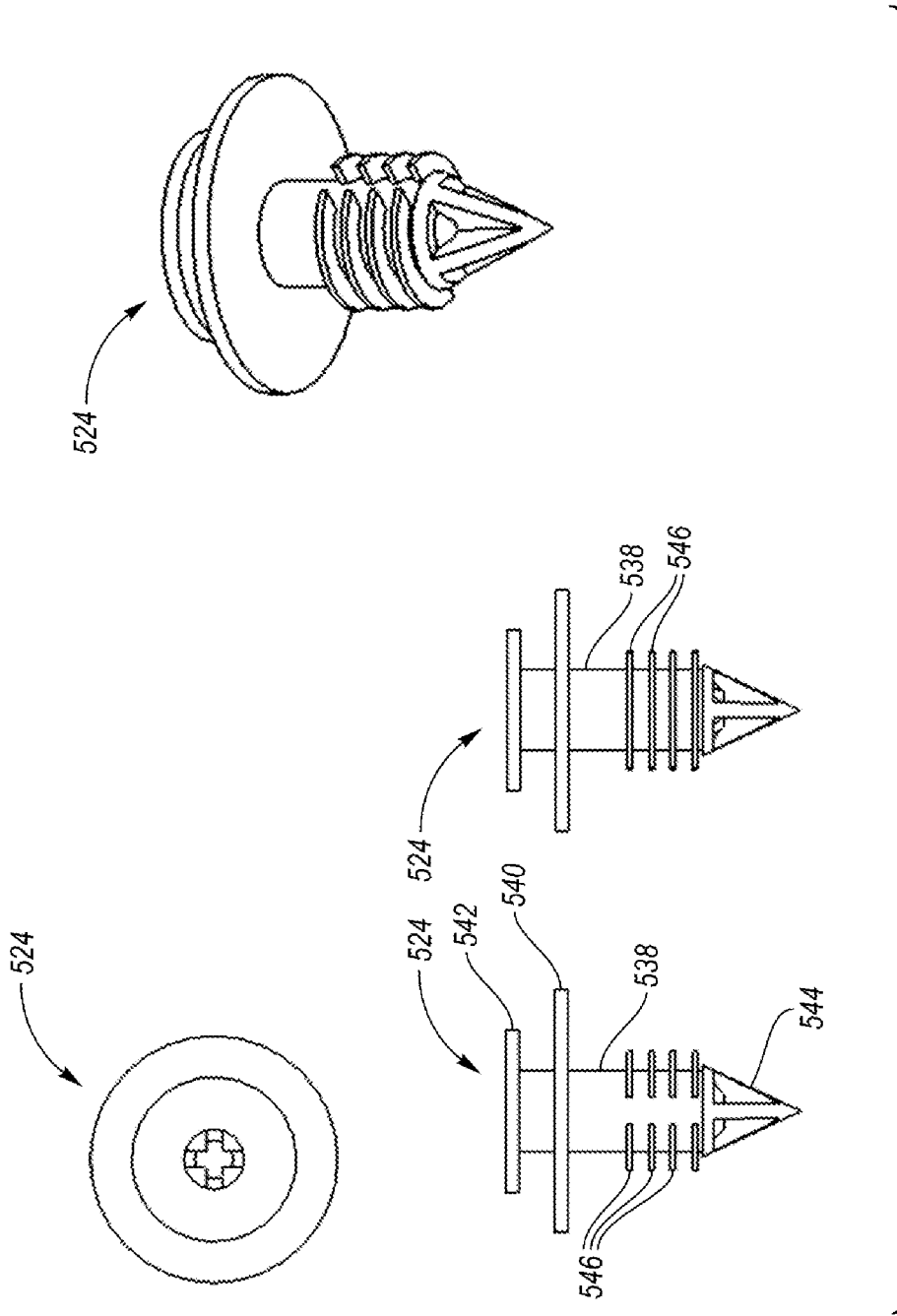


FIG. 56

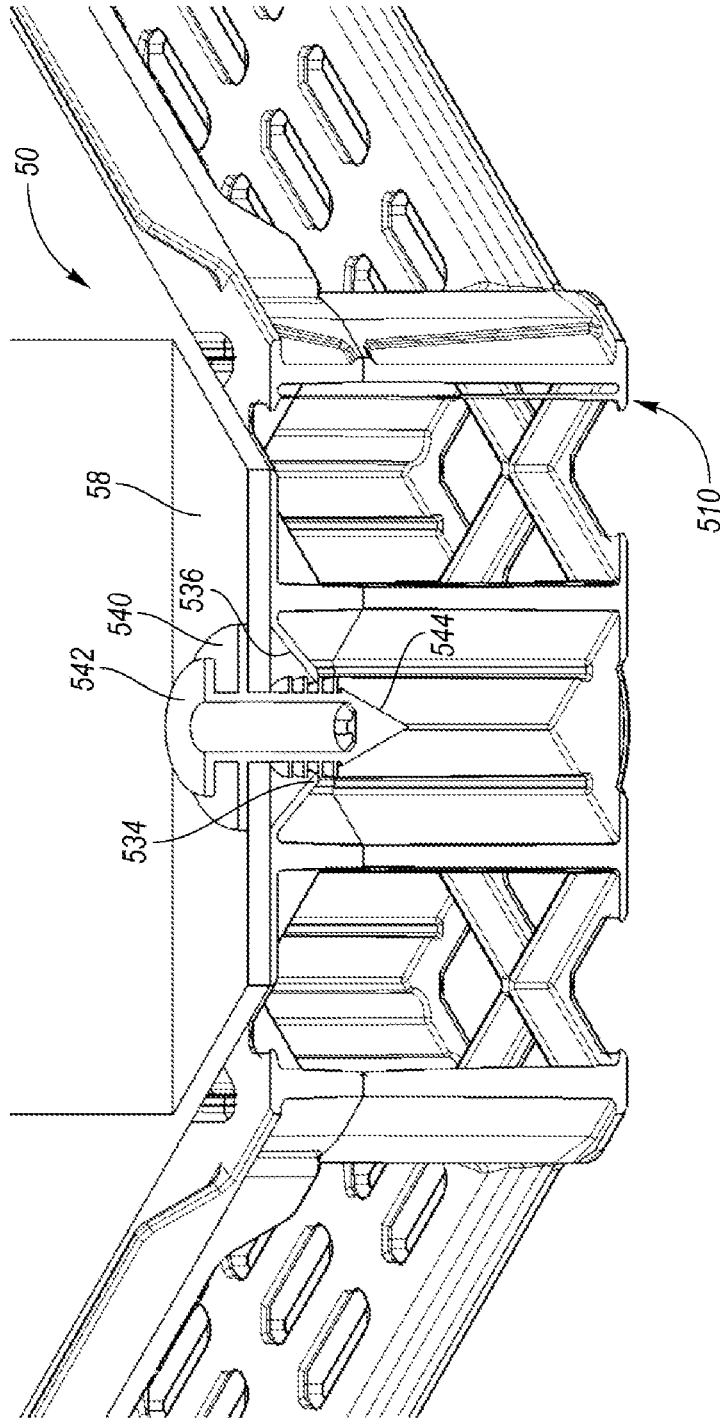


FIG. 57

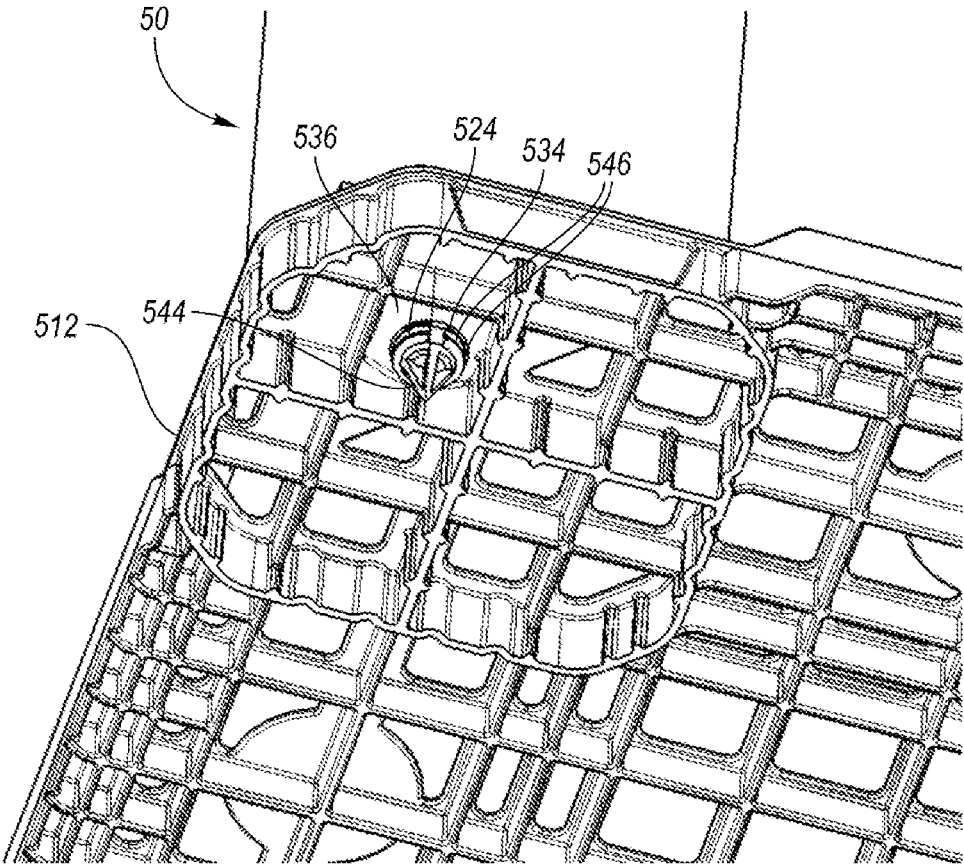
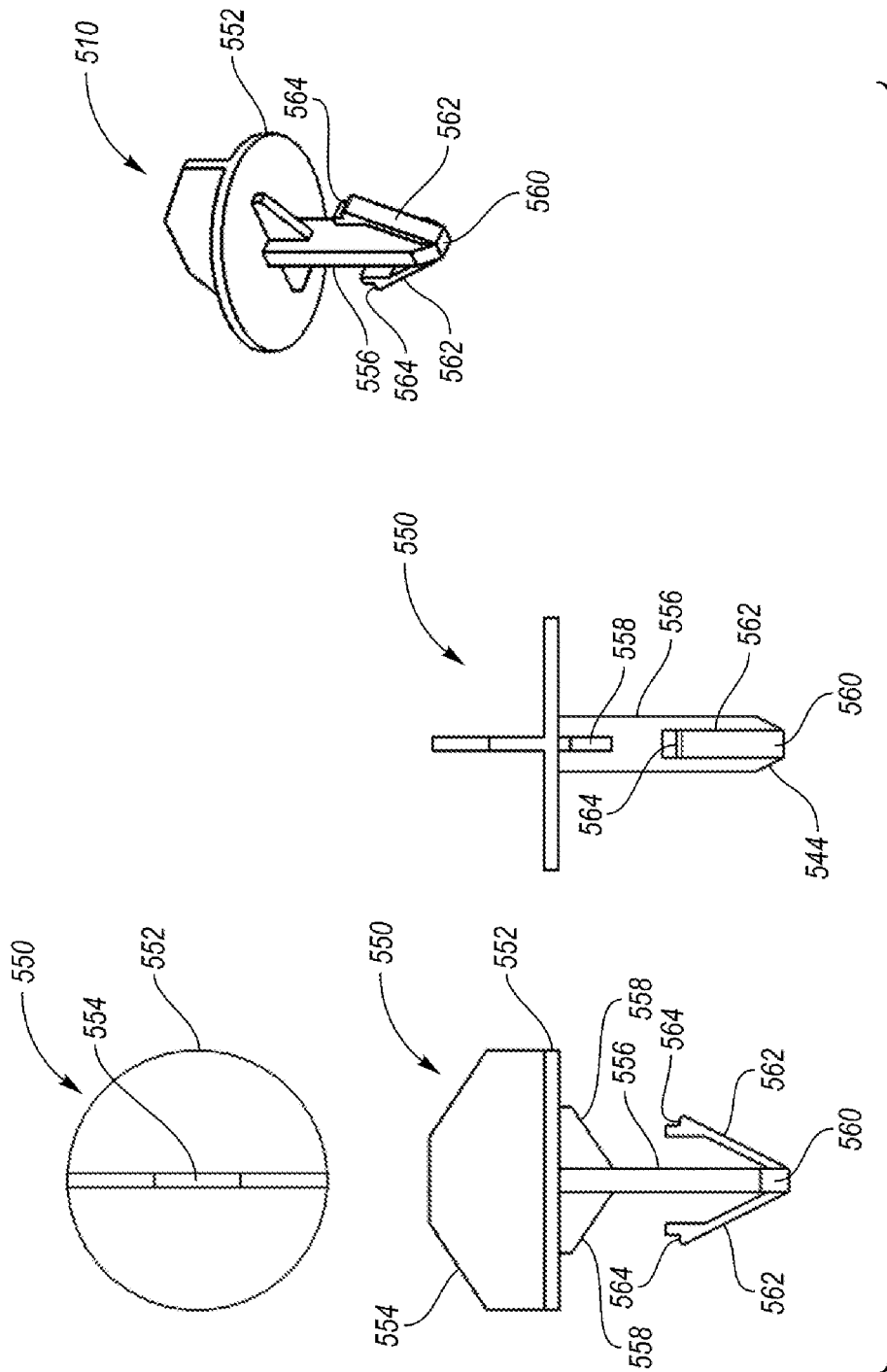


FIG. 58



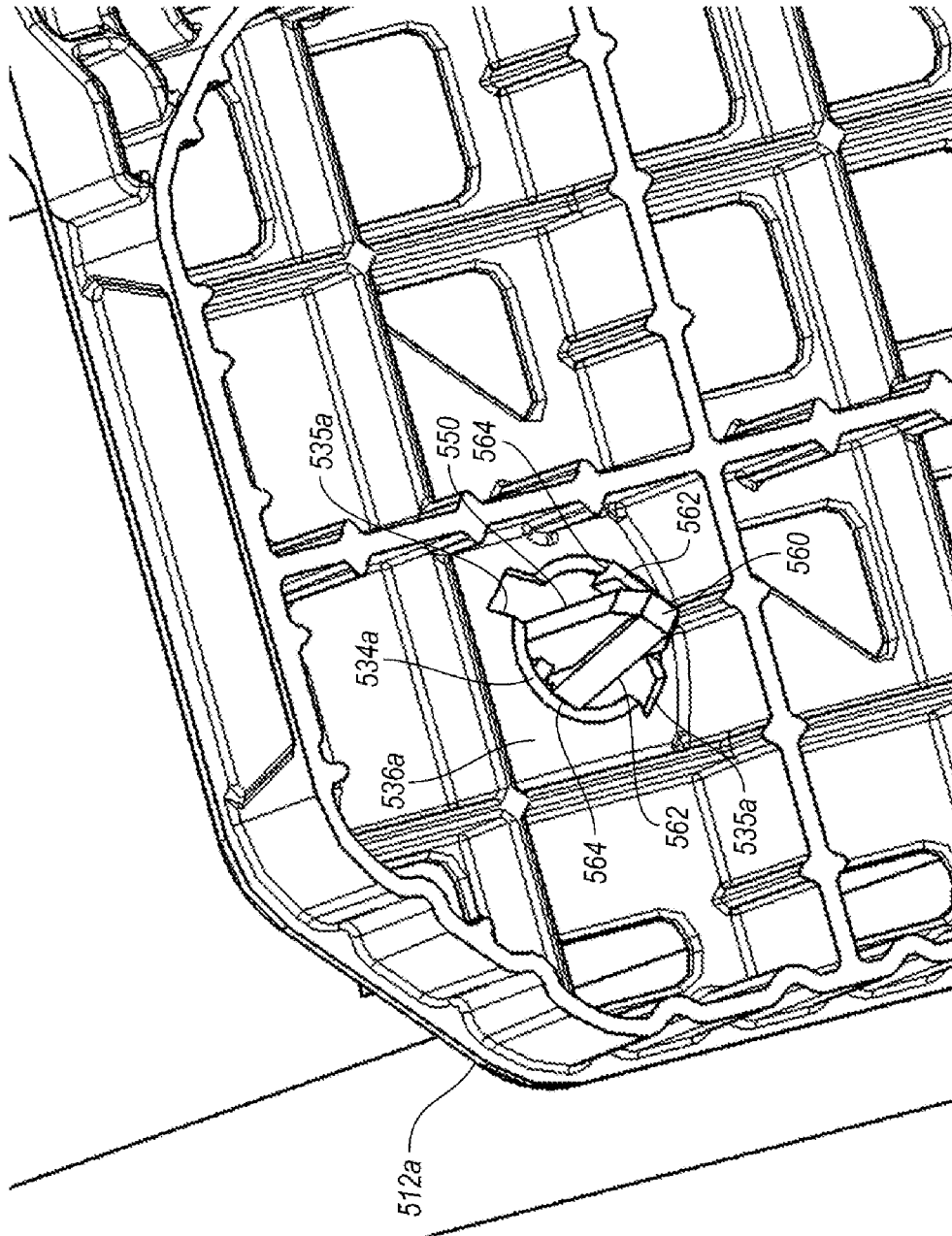


FIG. 60

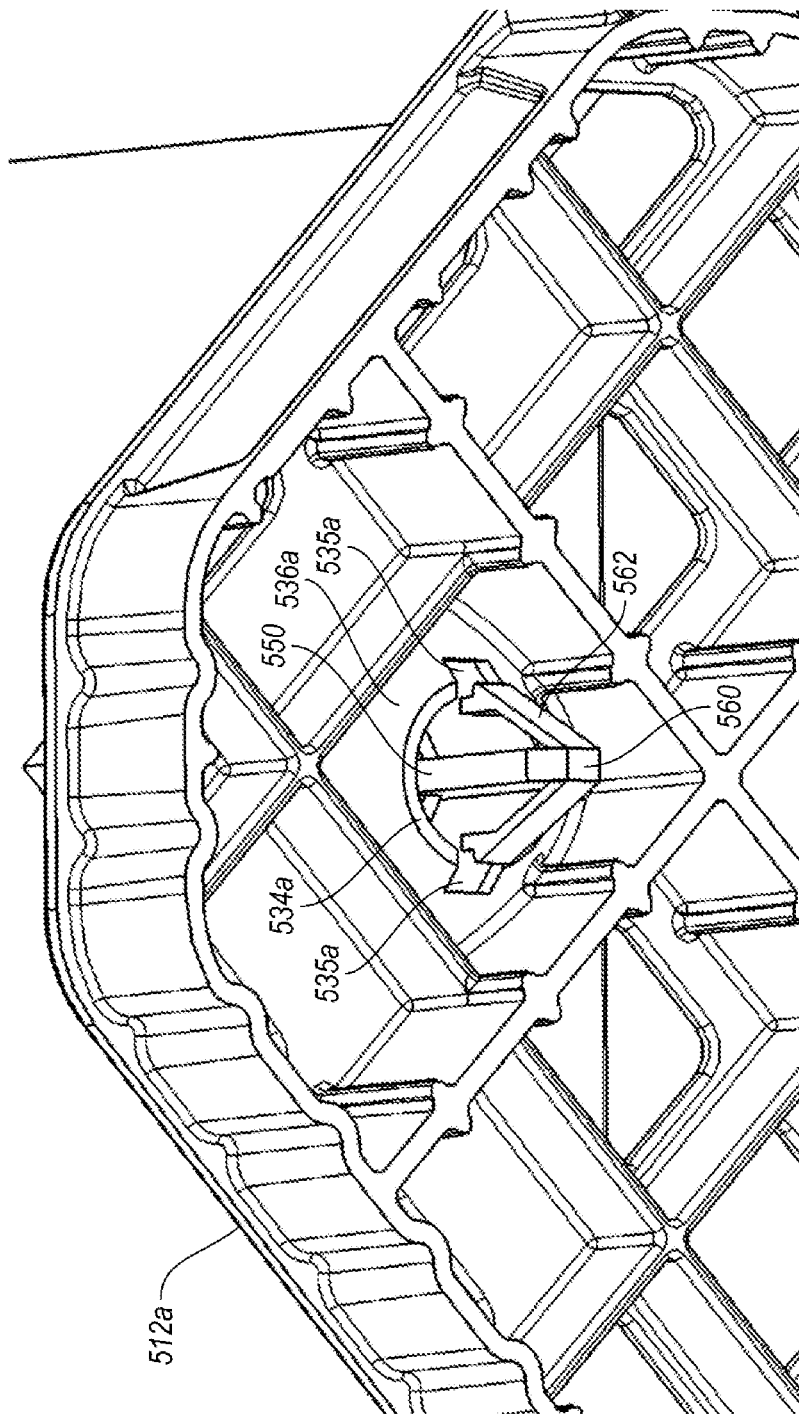


FIG. 61

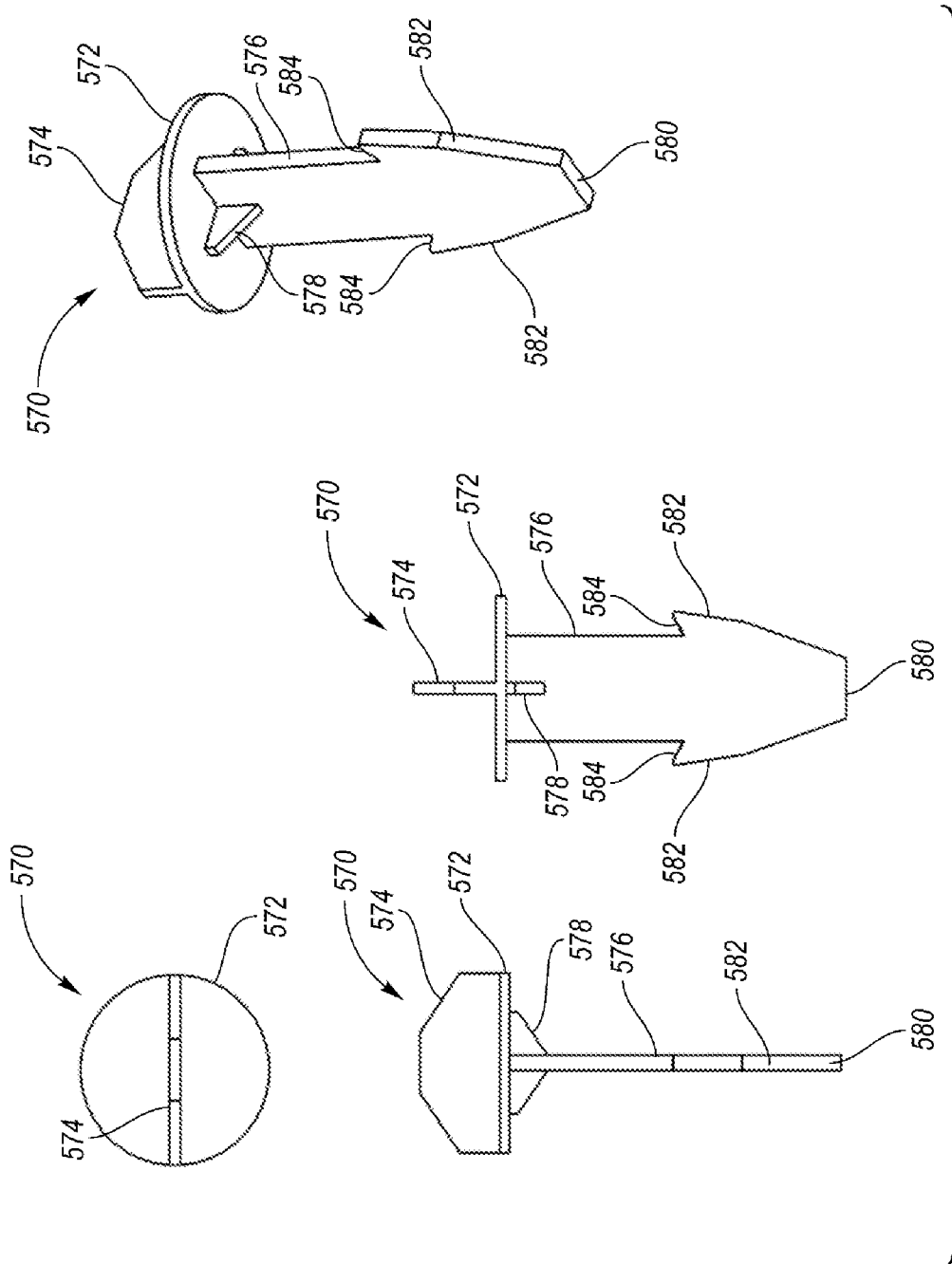


FIG. 62

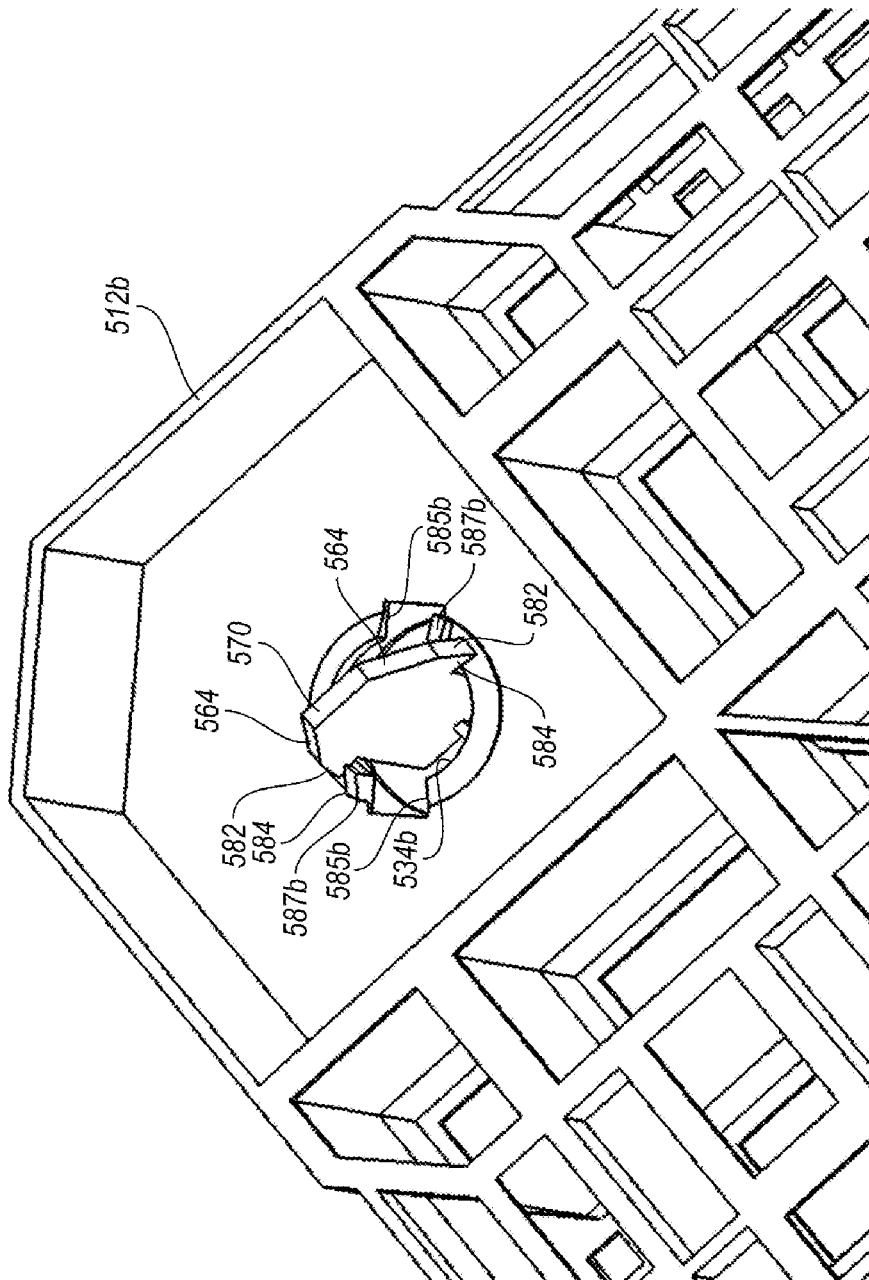


FIG. 63

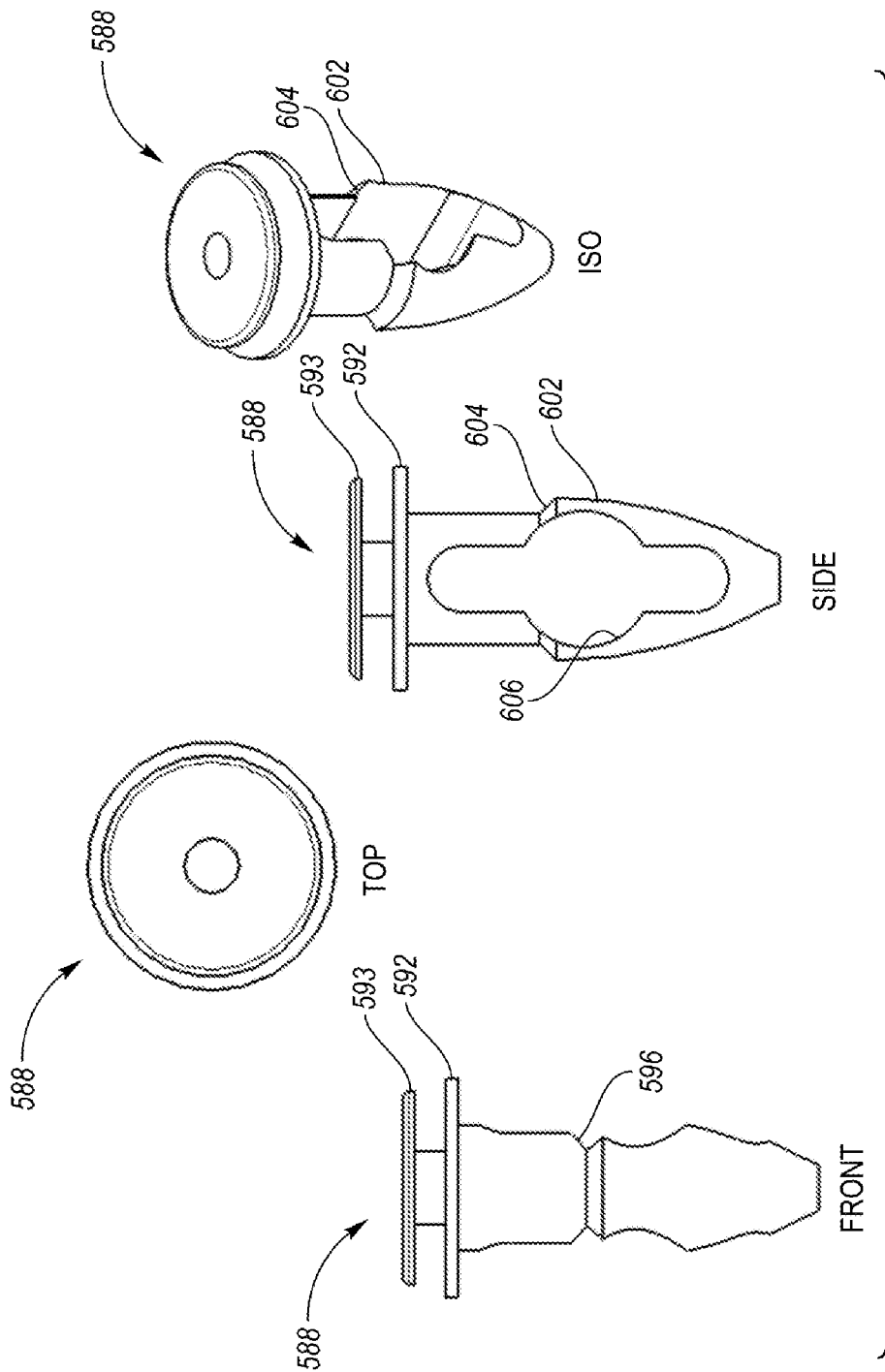


FIG. 64

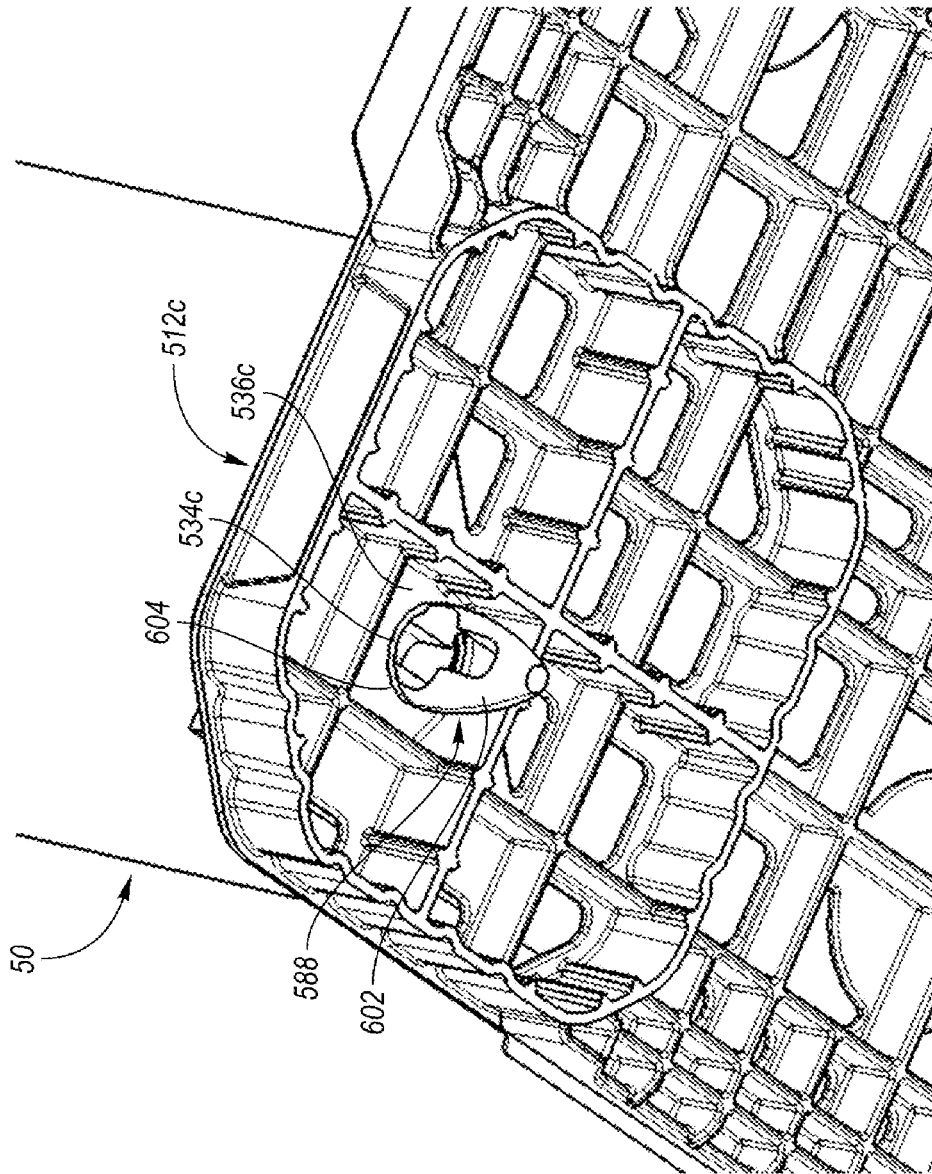


FIG. 65

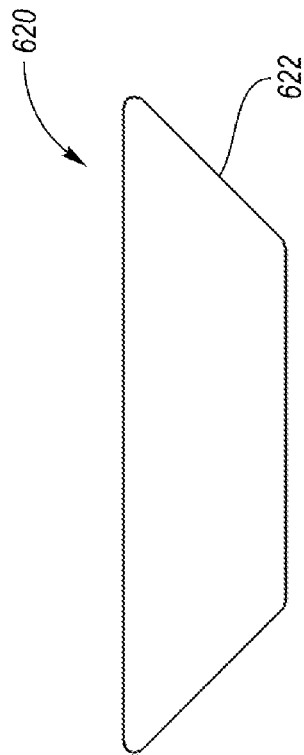


FIG. 66

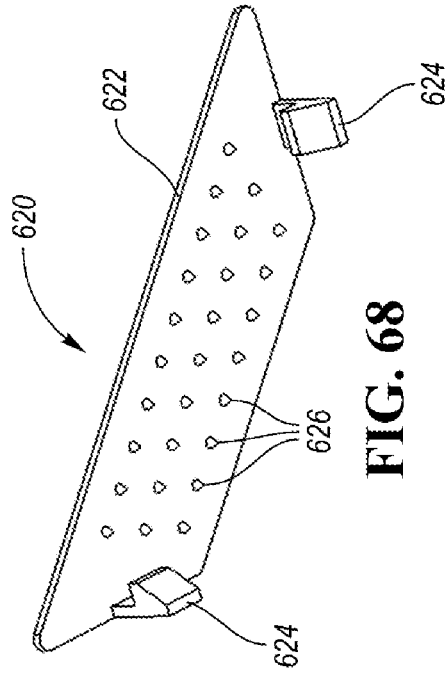


FIG. 68

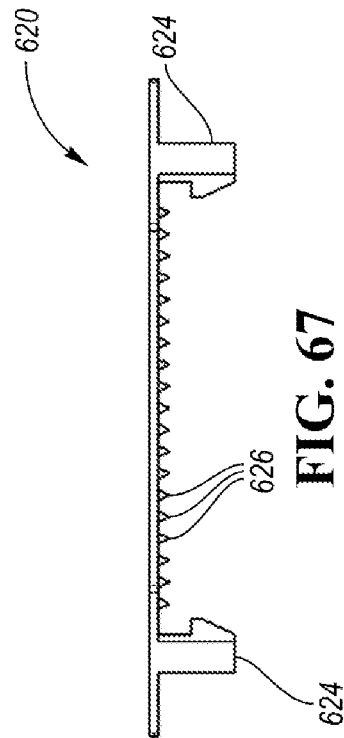


FIG. 67

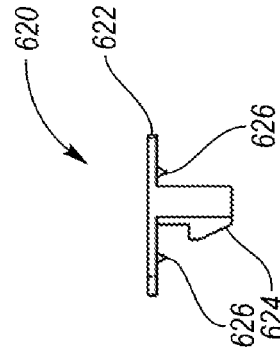


FIG. 69

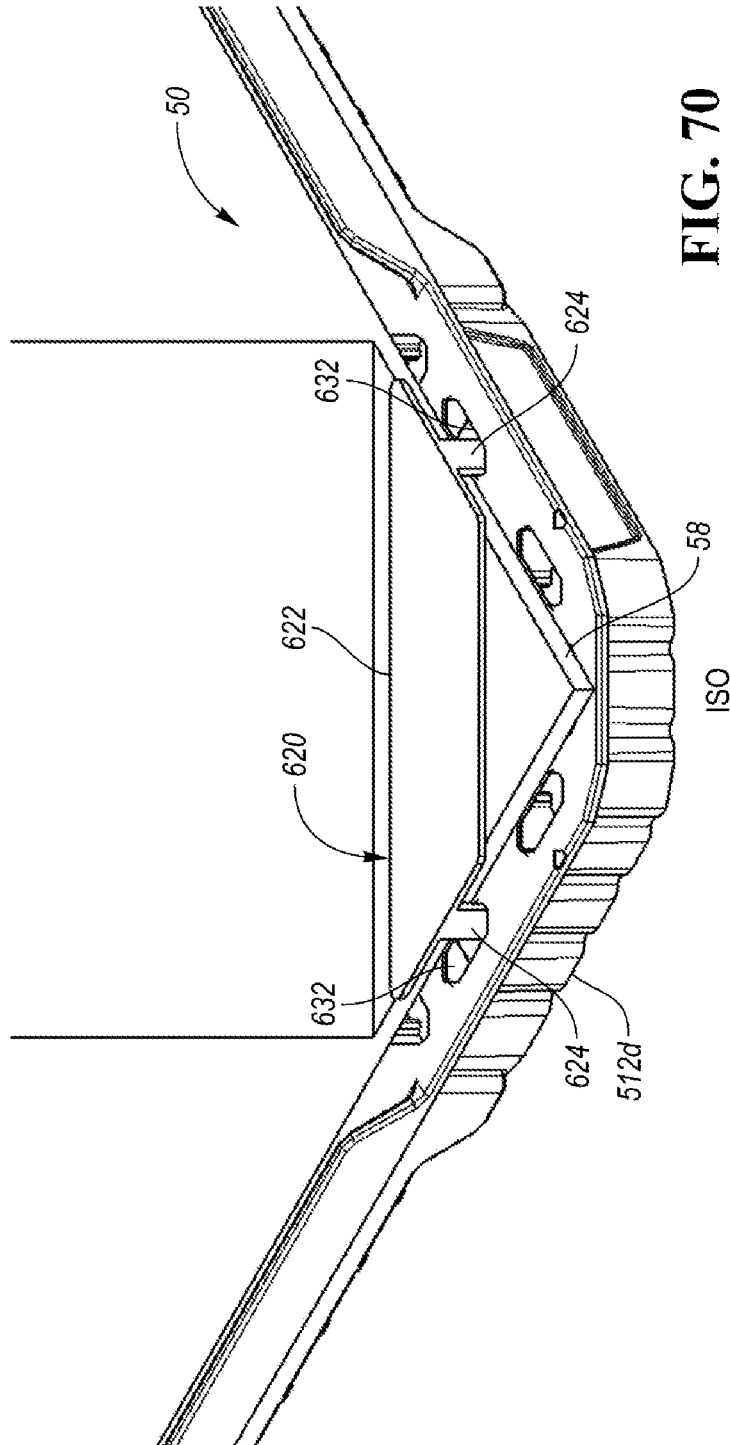


FIG. 70

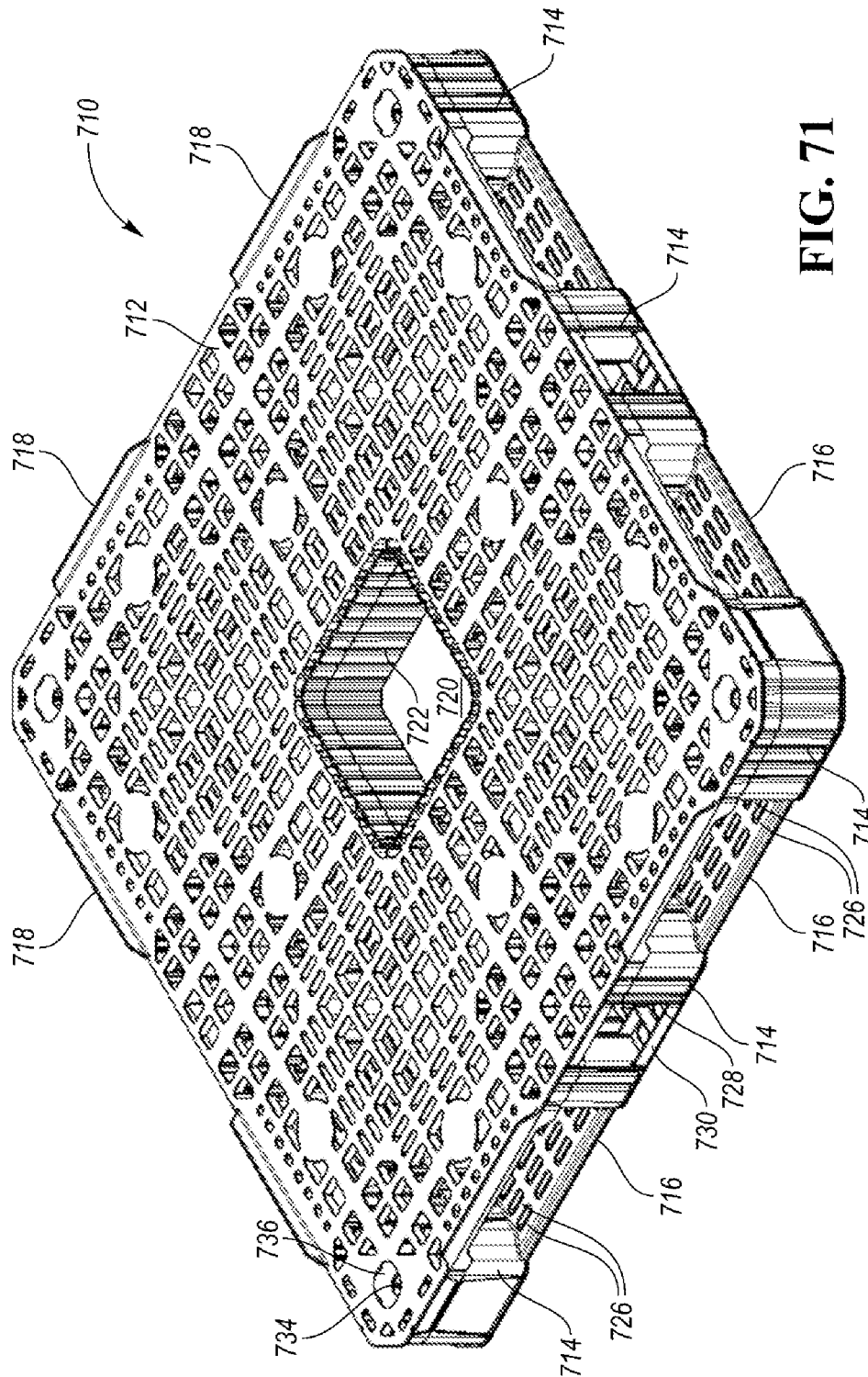


FIG. 71

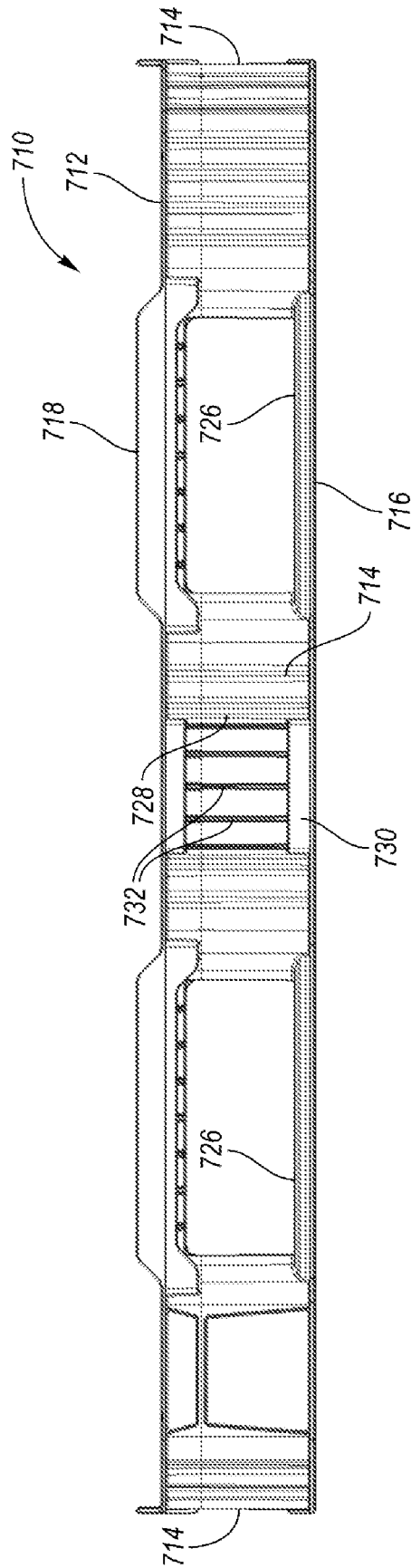


FIG. 72

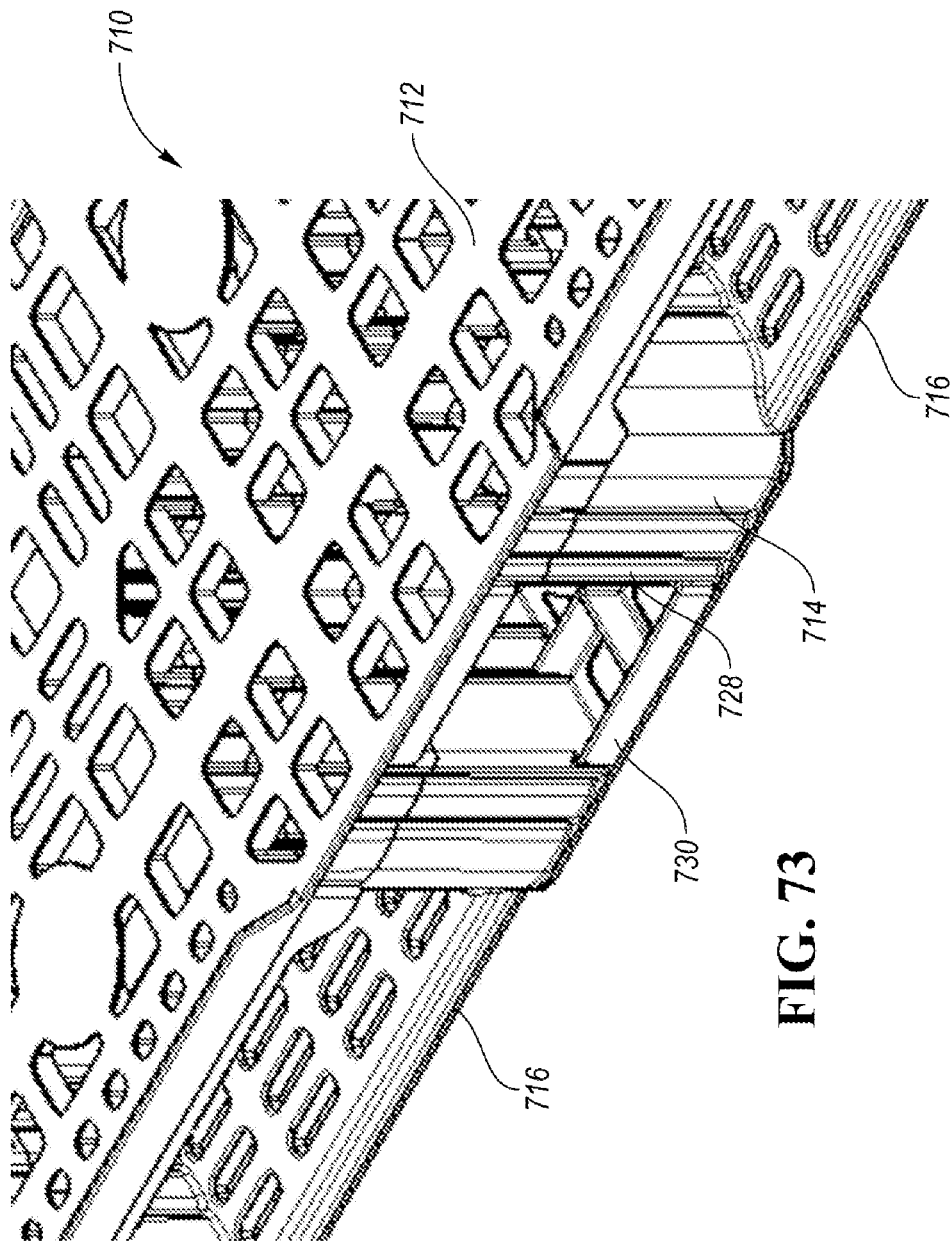


FIG. 73

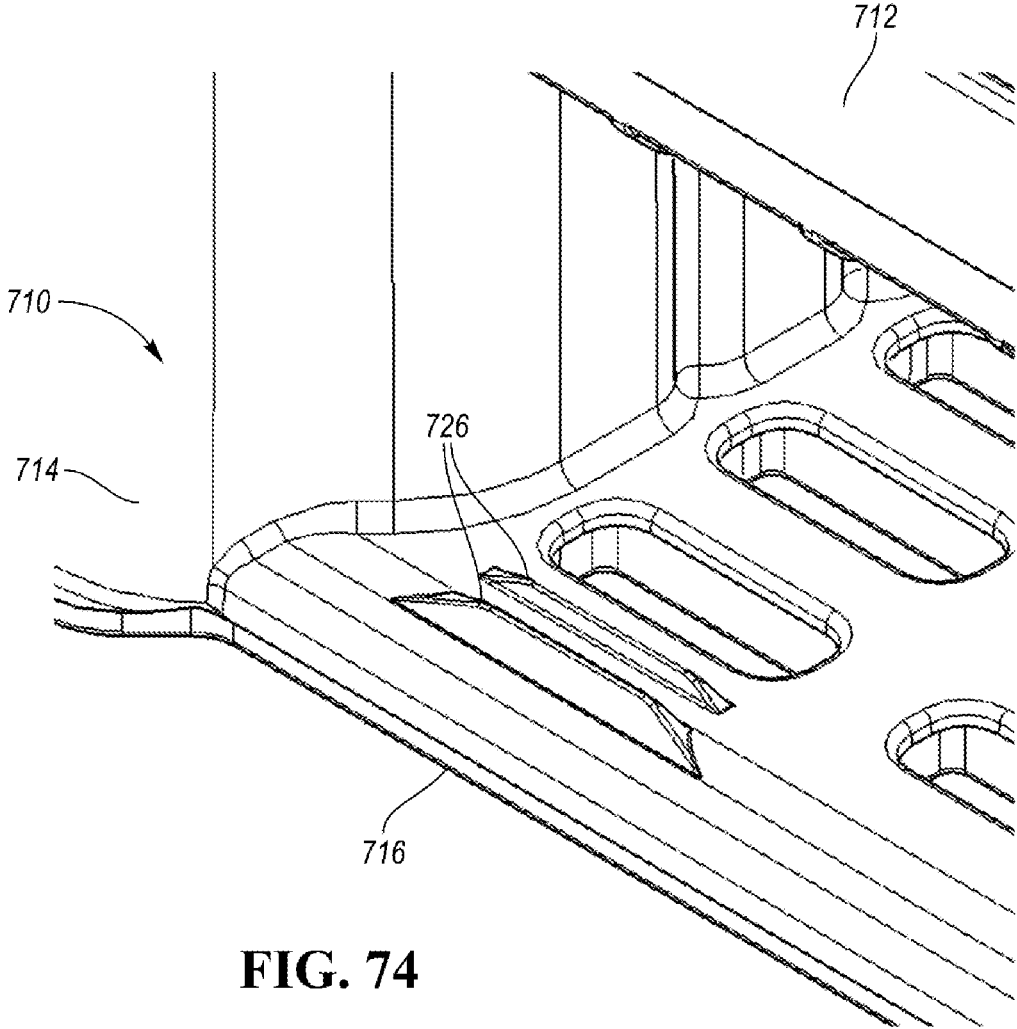


FIG. 74

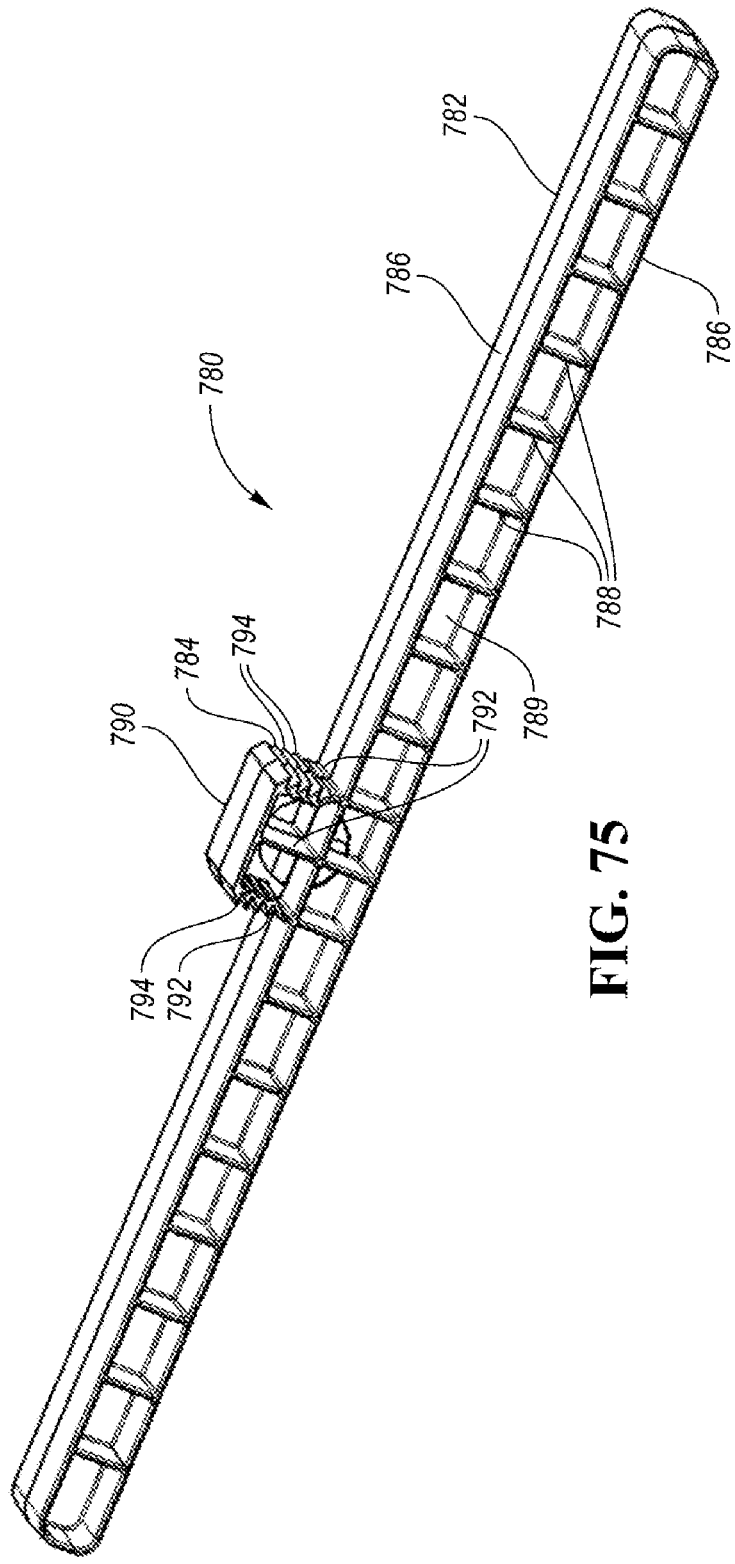


FIG. 75

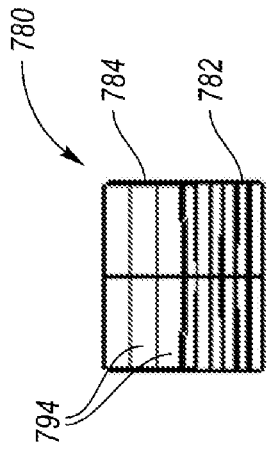


FIG. 76

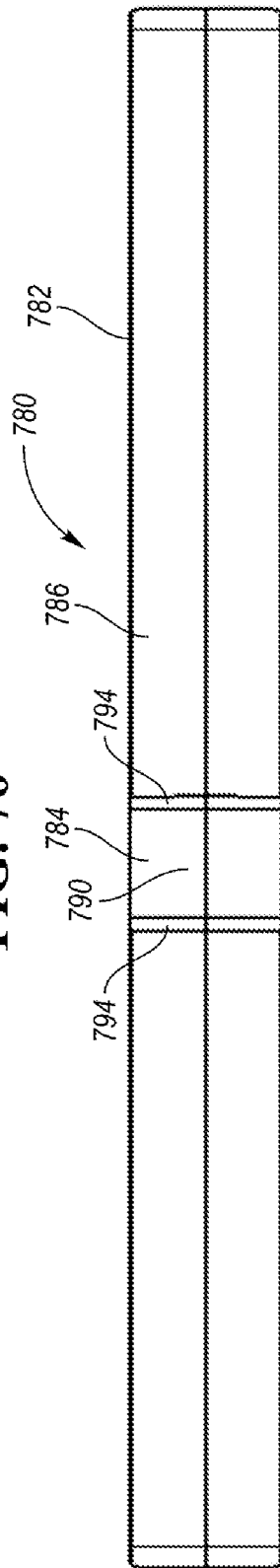


FIG. 77

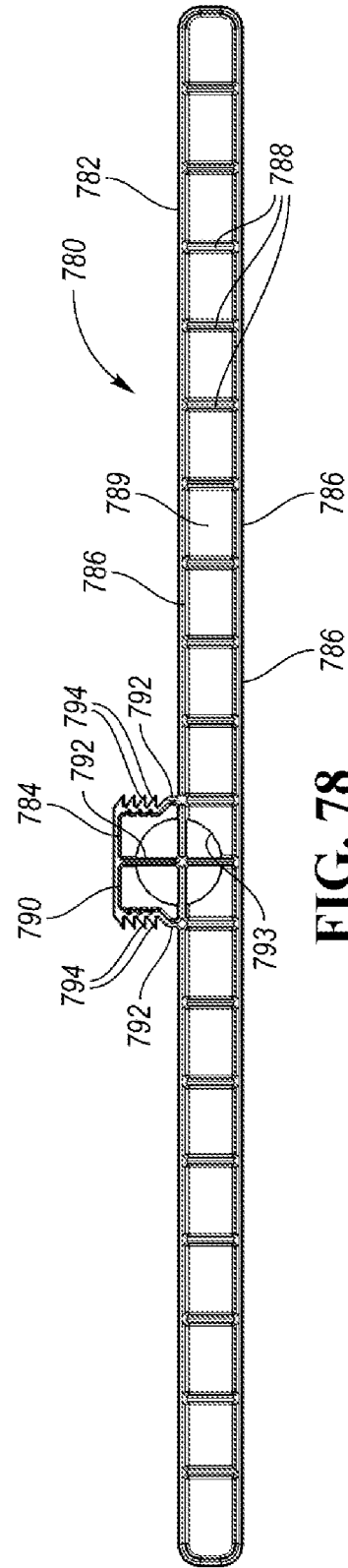
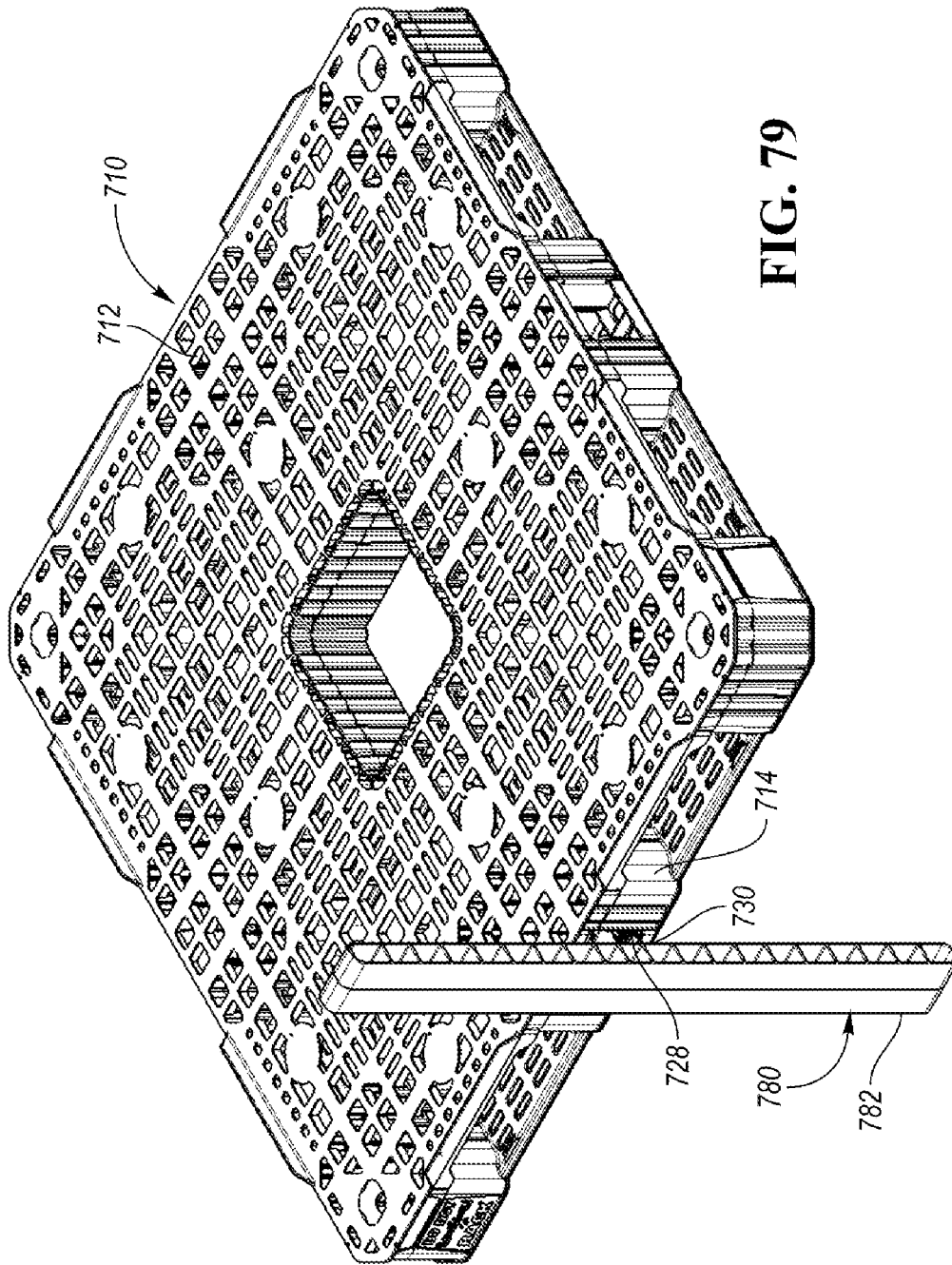


FIG. 78



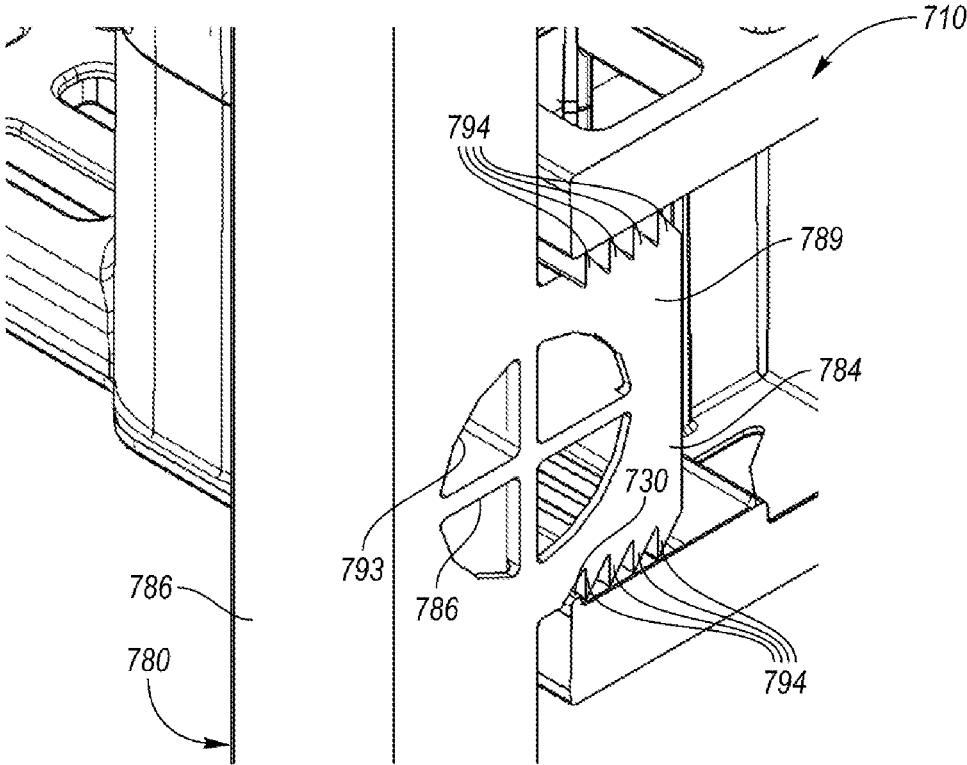


FIG. 80

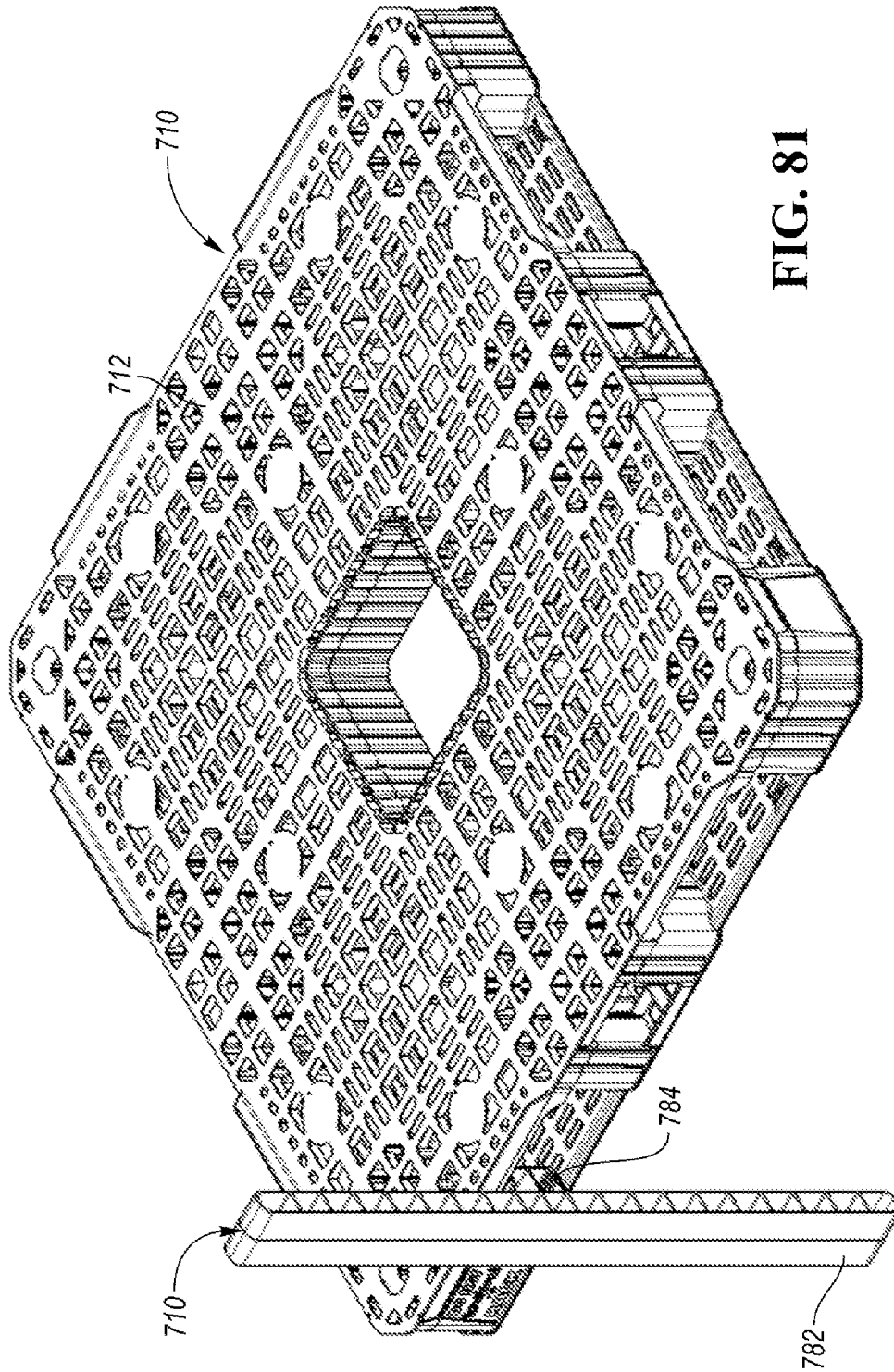


FIG. 81

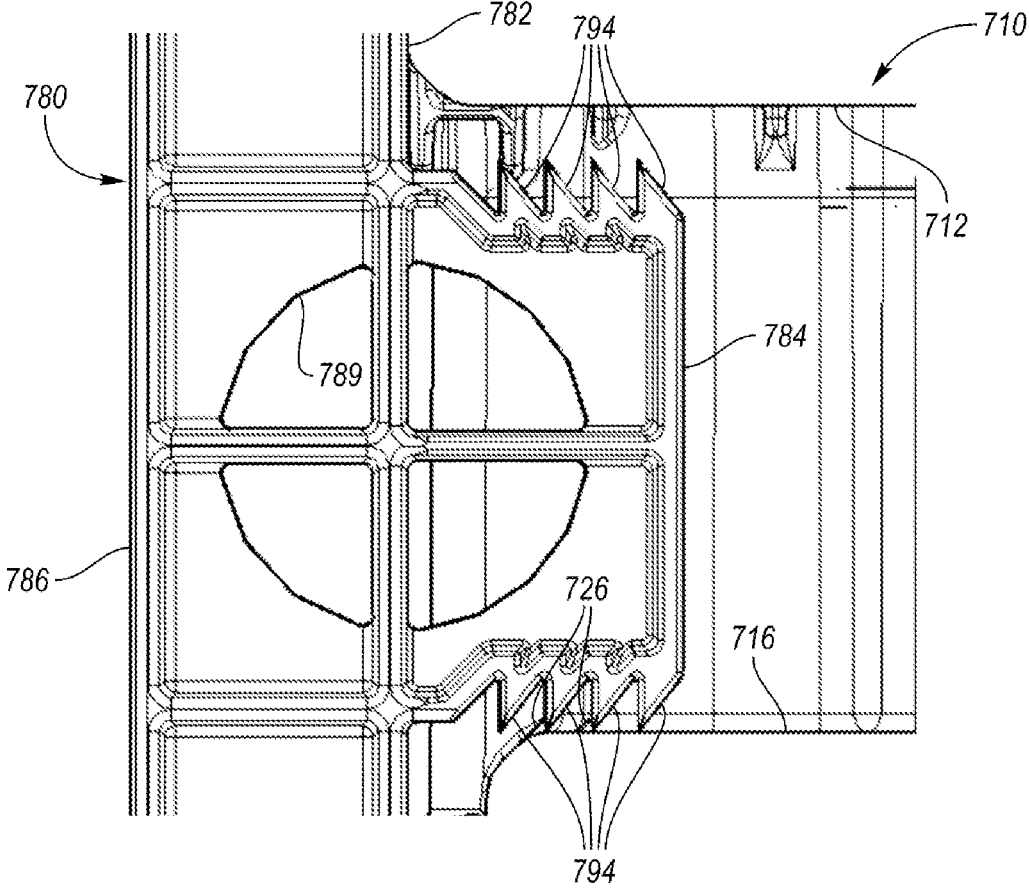


FIG. 82

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PALLET WITH DECK OPENING AND BRACE

BACKGROUND

Pallets generally include a deck having an upper surface for supporting goods thereon. Columns support the deck above the floor so that fork tines or tines of a pallet jack can be inserted under the deck to lift and move the loaded pallet.

SUMMARY

A pallet according to one example disclosed herein includes a deck having an opening therethrough, such that product can be removed through the opening from a box loaded on the deck of a pallet. The opening is at least approximately $\frac{1}{5}$ a width and at least approximately $\frac{1}{5}$ a length of the deck. A plurality of columns support the deck.

In the example shown herein, the opening is approximately one quarter the width and length of the deck. A peripheral wall may extend downward from a periphery of the opening.

According to another feature, fasteners may secure flaps of the box in corners of the deck of a pallet. The fasteners may include corner caps configured to snap-fit to the deck and to sandwich flaps of the box to the deck.

The box may be supported on the deck over the opening. If the box contains items that are smaller than the opening, the bottom wall of the box may be opened through the opening in the deck. The items can then be removed from the box through the opening through the deck without removing the box from the pallet.

According to another feature, at least one brace includes an elongated body portion and a retainer portion extending transversely from the elongated body portion. The retainer portion can be secured to an opening of the pallet, such that the elongated body portion abuts goods that are supported on the deck. The elongated body portion may also extend downward to abut goods supported on the deck of a pallet stacked below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a pallet according to a first embodiment.

FIG. 2 is a side view of the pallet of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is a top view of the pallet of FIG. 1.

FIG. 4 is a bottom view of the pallet of FIG. 1.

FIG. 5 shows a pallet according to a second embodiment with a box thereon.

FIG. 6 shows the pallet of FIG. 5 without the box.

FIG. 7 is a side view with one of the corner caps exploded from the pallet of FIG. 6.

FIG. 8 is an enlarged view of the corner column and corner cap of FIG. 7.

FIG. 9 illustrates a pallet according to a third embodiment with a box thereon.

FIG. 10 is a side view of the pallet and box of FIG. 9 being engaged by a cutting instrument from below.

FIG. 11 is another side view of the pallet and box of FIG. 9.

FIGS. 12 and 13 are side views of the pallet of FIG. 9 without the box.

FIG. 14 is an enlarged section view through the corner column of the pallet of FIG. 12.

FIG. 15 shows a pallet according to a fourth embodiment with a box thereon.

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FIG. 16 shows the pallet and box of FIG. 15 with the retainers pivoted outward in the unsecured position.

FIG. 17 is an enlarged view of one corner column of the pallet and box of FIG. 16.

FIG. 18 shows the corner column of FIG. 17 without the box.

FIG. 19 shows an alternate pallet with a box thereon.

FIG. 20 shows the pallet of FIG. 19 without the box.

FIG. 21 shows a system including a plurality of pallets and a brace positioned between the plurality of loaded pallets.

FIG. 22 shows two of the loaded pallets and the brace of FIG. 21.

FIG. 23 shows one embodiment of the brace of FIG. 22.

FIG. 24 is side view of the brace of FIG. 23.

FIG. 25 is a top view of the brace of FIG. 23.

FIG. 26 shows a plurality of the pallets of FIG. 21 loaded with goods and with a plurality of braces similar to the brace of FIG. 23.

FIG. 27 shows a plurality of the pallets and braces of FIG. 21 loaded with different size goods.

FIG. 28 shows one of the pallets of FIG. 21 with a box loaded thereon.

FIG. 29 is a top view of the pallet and box of FIG. 28.

FIG. 30 is a perspective view of one of the pallets of FIG. 21.

FIG. 31 is a side view of the pallet of FIG. 30.

FIG. 32 shows a plurality of the braces of FIG. 23 stacked together.

FIG. 33 shows a brace according to a second embodiment.

FIG. 34 is a top view of the brace of FIG. 33.

FIG. 35 is a side view of the brace of FIG. 33.

FIG. 36 shows a stack of a plurality of the braces of FIG. 33.

FIG. 37 shows a brace according to a third embodiment.

FIG. 38 is a top view of the brace of FIG. 37.

FIG. 39 is a side view of the brace of FIG. 37.

FIG. 40 shows a stack of a plurality of braces of FIG. 37.

FIG. 41 shows a brace according to a fourth embodiment.

FIG. 42 is a top view of the brace of FIG. 41.

FIG. 43 is a side view of the brace of FIG. 41.

FIG. 44 shows a stack of a plurality of the braces of FIG. 41.

FIG. 45 shows a brace according to a fifth embodiment.

FIG. 46 is a side view of the brace of FIG. 45.

FIG. 47 is a top view of the brace of FIG. 45.

FIG. 48 is an exploded view of the brace of FIG. 45.

FIG. 49 is a perspective view of a pallet according to a sixth embodiment.

FIG. 50 is a side view of the pallet of FIG. 49.

FIG. 51 is a top view of the pallet of FIG. 49.

FIG. 52 is a bottom view of the pallet of FIG. 49.

FIG. 53 shows the pallet of FIG. 49 with the box thereon.

FIG. 54 is an enlarged view of one corner of the pallet of FIG. 49.

FIG. 55 shows the pallet of FIG. 54 and one possible fastener that could be used in the corner of the pallet.

FIG. 56 shows multiple views of the fastener of FIG. 55 in detail.

FIG. 57 shows the fastener installed through a flap of a box in the corner of the pallet of FIG. 55, partially broken away.

FIG. 58 shows a bottom view of the deck of FIG. 57, with lower portions of the pallet removed for illustration.

FIG. 59 shows multiple views of an alternative fastener.

FIG. 60 shows the fastener of FIG. 59 being inserted into an alternate deck.

FIG. 61 shows the fastener and deck of FIG. 60 with the fastener rotated to a position for removal.

FIG. 62 shows multiple views of an alternative fastener.

FIG. 63 shows the fastener of FIG. 62 installed in an alternative deck.

FIG. 64 shows multiple views of an alternative fastener.

FIG. 65 shows the fastener of FIG. 64 inserted into an alternate deck.

FIG. 66 is a top view of an alternate corner cap.

FIG. 67 is a front view of the corner cap of FIG. 66.

FIG. 68 is a bottom perspective view of the corner cap of FIG. 66.

FIG. 69 is a side view of the corner cap of FIG. 66.

FIG. 70 shows the corner cap of FIG. 66 secured to a corner of a deck on top of one of the corner flaps of the box.

FIG. 71 is a perspective view of a pallet according to a seventh embodiment.

FIG. 72 is a side view of the pallet of FIG. 71.

FIG. 73 is an enlarged view of a non-corner, outer column of the pallet of FIG. 71.

FIG. 74 is an enlarged view of a tine opening of the pallet of FIG. 71.

FIG. 75 is a perspective view of a brace according to a sixth embodiment.

FIG. 76 is an end view of the brace of FIG. 75.

FIG. 77 is a top view of the brace of FIG. 75.

FIG. 78 is a side view of the brace of FIG. 75.

FIG. 79 shows the brace of FIG. 75 received in a non-corner, outer column of the pallet of FIG. 71.

FIG. 80 is an enlarged view of the brace and pallet of FIG. 79, partially broken away.

FIG. 81 shows the brace of FIG. 75 received in a tine opening of the pallet of FIG. 71.

FIG. 82 is a section view of the brace and tine opening of FIG. 81.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A pallet 10 according to a first embodiment is shown in FIG. 1. The pallet includes a deck 12 having an upper surface for supporting goods thereon. The deck 12 is supported above a floor by a plurality of columns 14, which optionally may be connected to one another by runners 16. A peripheral lip 18 is formed at the periphery of the deck 12 and interrupted by the columns 14. The pallet 10 is preferably injection molded of a suitable plastic, but it can be thermoformed or rotomolded.

A large central opening 20 is formed through a center portion of the deck 12 and passes entirely through the pallet 10. The opening 20 is large, i.e. at least approximately one fifth ($\frac{1}{5}$) each of the width and length of the deck 12. The opening 20 should be less than half each of the width and length of the deck 12. More preferably the opening 20 should be approximately one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) to approximately one third ($\frac{1}{3}$) each of the width and length of the deck 12, and even more preferably approximately one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) each of the width and length of the deck 12. The opening 20 is approximately the same width as the non-corner outer columns 14 aligned therewith, as shown in FIG. 3. In the example illustrated, the pallet 10 is approximately 48 inches by 48 inches and the opening 20 is approximately 12 inches by 12 inches. The opening does not have to be square, but could be elongated or rounded.

A peripheral wall 22 circumscribes the opening 20 to provide support to the center of the deck 12 as a central column. The peripheral wall 22 extends down to a plane

containing the bottoms surfaces of the pallet 10 and transfers weight on the upper surface of the deck 12 to the floor.

FIG. 2 is a side view of the pallet 10. FIG. 3 is a top view of the pallet 10. FIG. 4 is a bottom view of the pallet 10.

The central opening 20 in the deck 12 aids in unloading material from a box that sits on the pallet 10 without removing the box from the pallet 10. The shape of the opening 20 can be any shape. The box can be accessed through the opening 20 from below when the pallet 10 is elevated. For example, an automation arm can engage the opening 20 to cut into the box. The box preferably contains items that are many times smaller than the opening, such as pellets, such as resin pellets. The items would fall out of the box and through the opening through the deck. The central opening 20 and the method for using the central opening 20 in a pallet 10 to access a box on the pallet can be used with any of the pallets described herein. It can also be used with other types, shapes and sizes of pallets, such as half pallets, nestable pallets, thermoformed pallets, etc.

FIG. 5 shows a pallet 110 according to a second embodiment. The pallet 110 is identical to the pallet 10 of FIG. 1 except as otherwise described or shown. The pallet 110 includes a deck 112 supported by columns 114. A box 50, such as a corrugated cardboard box 50, is supported on deck 112 of the pallet 110. The box 50 includes four sidewalls 52 and an upper wall 54. Corner walls 56 connect the sidewalls 52 to one another and have corner flaps 58 extending horizontally outward from a lower edge thereof. A bottom wall (not visible) may seal the box 50 until it is opened (such as through the opening 120 through the pallet 110). Corner caps 124 are snap fit onto the corner columns 114 of the pallet 110 on top of the corner flaps 58 of the box 50. The corner caps 124 are fasteners that sandwich the corner flaps 58 to the corner columns 114 to secure the box 50 to the pallet 110.

FIG. 6 shows the pallet 110 without the box 50. As shown, the pallet 110 may include the large central opening 120 having the peripheral wall 122, as previously described. FIG. 7 is a side view with one of the corner caps 124 exploded from the pallet 110. FIG. 8 is an enlarged view of the corner column 114 and corner cap 124 of FIG. 7. The corner caps 124 are molded of plastic separately from the pallet 110 and from one another. Each corner cap 124 includes an upper triangular wall 126 having side walls 128 extending downwardly therefrom. Snap tabs 130 extend downward from the upper wall 126 and are received into openings 132 in the corner columns 114. In this manner, the corner caps 124 can snap fit onto the corner columns 114. Other methods of removable securement could also be utilized.

FIG. 9 illustrates a pallet 210 according to a third embodiment. The pallet 210 is identical to the pallet 10 of FIG. 1 except as otherwise shown or described. The pallet 210 includes an upper deck 212 for supporting a box 50 thereon. Columns 214 support the deck 212 above the floor. In this embodiment, the corner columns 214 are truncated to provide a corner wall 226 parallel to the corner walls 56 of the box 50. An opening 224 is formed in the corner wall 226 to receive the corner flap 58. The corner flap 58 can be folded and tucked into the opening 224 of the corner wall 226 to retain the box 50 on the pallet 210.

FIG. 10 is a side view of the pallet 210 and box 50 of FIG. 9. The opening 222 through the pallet 210 is shown in broken lines, and again would be similar in size and location to those in FIGS. 1 and 6. Items 68 inside the box are many times smaller than the opening 22. In practice, such as if the

items 68 are resin pellets, they would be even smaller than shown in FIG. 10 (e.g. 2 to 5 mm).

An automated arm 150 holds a knife 152 (or other instrument capable of opening the bottom wall 51) and may be used to open the bottom wall 51 of the box 50. Optionally, a person holding a blade could cut the bottom wall 51 manually. When the bottom wall 51 of the box 50 is cut through the opening 222, the items 68 can easily fall through the opening 222. Alternatively, a wall or other seal, separate from the box can be placed across the opening 222 and subsequently removed or cut. This way the box 50 can be emptied before it is removed from the pallet 210. Again, this method could be used for any of the pallets disclosed herein.

FIG. 11 is a corner view of the pallet 210 and box 50, showing the flap 58 tucked into the opening 224 in the corner wall 226 of the column 214.

FIG. 12 is a side view of the pallet 210 without the box 50. FIG. 13 is a corner view of the pallet of FIG. 12.

FIG. 14 is an enlarged section view through the corner column 214. As shown in FIG. 14, the opening 224 into the corner column 214 may include a plurality of barbs 228 extending toward one another, such that when the flap 58 is tucked into the opening 224 the barbs 228 secure the flap 58 within the opening 224 to the columns 214.

FIG. 15 shows a pallet 310 according to a fourth embodiment. The pallet 310 is identical to the pallet 10 of FIG. 1 except as otherwise shown or described. The pallet 310 includes an upper deck 312 supported above the floor by columns 314. In this embodiment, retainers 324 are hingably connected to each of the corner columns 314, such as by a living hinge. The retainers 324 fold back onto the corner column 314 and snap fit to the corner column 314 over the corner flap 58 of the box 50, thereby securing the box 50 to the pallet 310.

FIG. 16 shows the retainers 324 pivoted outward in the unsecured position.

FIG. 17 is an enlarged view of one corner column 314 of the pallet 310. As shown, each of the retainers 324 is formed integrally with the corner column 314 and includes a protrusion 325. As shown in FIG. 18, the columns 314 include corresponding apertures 326, into which the protrusions 325 can be snap fit. In use, the protrusions 325 may puncture the flaps 58 and then snap fit into the apertures 326. Alternatively, the protrusions 325 may be received through pre-formed holes through the corner flaps 58. Alternatively, the protrusions 325 can snap fit into the apertures 326 immediately adjacent the flaps 58 with the retainers 324 protruding over the corner flaps 58, to retain the flaps 58 to the corner columns 314.

FIG. 19 shows an alternate pallet 310a having alternate retainers 324a with alternate protrusions 325a. The protrusions 325a are configured in a different physical shape, but can be snap fit into apertures 326a (FIG. 20).

FIG. 21 shows a system including a plurality of pallets 410 and a brace 80 positioned between the plurality of loaded pallets 410. As shown in FIG. 22, the brace 80 is secured to a central outer column 414 of an upper pallet 410. The brace extends upward adjacent the box 50 on the pallet 410 and the brace 80 extends downward adjacent the box 50 below the pallet 410 supported on the lower pallet 410. The central outer columns 414 of the pallets 410 include an opening 424 to which the braces 80 can be secured.

FIG. 23 shows one embodiment of the brace 80. The brace 80 includes an elongated body portion 82 and a retainer portion 84 protruding generally transversely away from a mid-portion of the body portion 82. In FIG. 23, the retainer portion 84 extends upward relative to the body portion 82

(“upward” defined only with reference to FIG. 23). The body portion 82 includes outer walls 86 connected by perpendicular ribs 88. The retainer portion 84 includes an outer wall 90 connected to the body portion 82 by a plurality of ribs 92 or walls. The retainer portion 84 is flexible or resiliently deformable. The outermost ribs 92 include a plurality of barbs 94, which may be angled downward toward the body portion 82.

FIG. 24 is side view of the brace 80. As can be seen in FIG. 24, the brace 80 includes a longitudinal mid-wall 89 extending from one outer wall 86 to the other and between the ribs 88. The mid-wall 89 is perpendicular to the outer walls 86 and to the ribs 88 and is positioned approximately halfway between opposite edges of the outer walls 86. The mid-wall 89 also extends into the retainer portion 84 between the ribs 92. FIG. 25 is a top view of the brace 80.

FIG. 26 shows a plurality of pallets 410 loaded with goods 70. Three braces 80 are secured to the upper pallet 410. The retainer portion 84 (not visible) of the center brace 80 is secured to an opening in the center outer column 414. The retainer portions 84 of the outer braces 80 are secured in the fork tine openings of the upper pallet 410. All three retainer portion 84 are pressed into their respective openings, somewhat deforming the retainer portions 84, which together with the barbs 94 retains the braces 80 in this position. Additionally, the adjacent goods 70 loaded on the adjacent lower pallet 410 also keep the braces 80 in place, which in turn assists in keeping the goods 70 in place on that pallet 410. In other words, although the braces 80 would not assist much in keeping the goods 70 on the pallet 410 by themselves, they can provide substantial support to the goods 70 on the pallet 410 once another loaded pallet 410 abuts the braces 80.

As shown in FIG. 27, depending upon the arrangement of the goods 70 on the pallet 410 only two braces 80 may be needed on a particular side of the pallet 410. In FIG. 27, the upper pallet 410 is rotated 180 degrees compared to the upper pallet 410 in FIG. 26.

FIG. 28 shows the pallet 410 with a box 50 loaded thereon. The peripheral lip 418 helps secure the box 50 on the pallet 410. The opening 424 is provided in the central outer columns 414 for receiving the retaining portion 84 of the braces 80 (FIG. 23). FIG. 29 is a top view of the pallet 410 and box 50.

FIG. 30 is a perspective view of the pallet 410. As shown, the pallet 410 may also include the central opening 420 circumscribed by the peripheral wall 422, as described above with respect to the earlier embodiments. FIG. 31 is a side view of the pallet 410.

As shown in FIG. 32, a plurality of the braces 80, when not in use, can be stacked as shown. By alternating the orientation of the braces 80 in each subsequent row, the retaining portions 84 aligned in the lower row can fit between perpendicular braces 80 in the upper row. In this manner, these braces 80 can be shipped and stored efficiently.

FIG. 33 shows a brace 180 according to a second embodiment, which could be used identically to the brace 80 of the previous embodiment (e.g. as shown in FIGS. 21, 22, 26, and 27). The brace 180 includes an elongated body portion 182 and an offset retaining portion 184. The retaining portion 184 is offset off the longitudinal axis of the body portion 182 and may be offset from the longitudinal center of the body portion 182 as well (i.e. toward one longitudinal end). A recess 185 may be formed through the upper wall

186 of the body portion **182** adjacent the retaining portion **184**. The body portion **182** includes perpendicular ribs **188** between the walls **186**.

FIG. **34** is a top view of the brace **180**. FIG. **35** is a side view of the brace **180**. As can be seen in FIG. **35**, the brace **180** includes a longitudinal mid-wall **189** extending from one outer wall **186** to the other and between the ribs **188**. The mid-wall **189** is perpendicular to the outer walls **186** and to the ribs **188** and is positioned approximately halfway between opposite edges of the outer walls **186**. The mid-wall **189** also extends into the retainer portion **184**.

As shown in FIG. **36**, by flipping subjacent braces **180**, the retaining portions **184** of one brace **180** can be received partially in the recess **185** of the adjacent brace **180**. This provides efficient storage and shipping of the braces **180** when not in use.

FIG. **37** shows a brace **280** according to a third embodiment, which could be used identically to the previous embodiments (e.g. as shown in FIGS. **21**, **22**, **26**, and **27**). The brace **280** includes an elongated body portion **282** having opposed elongated walls **286** connected by ribs **288**. A retaining portion **284** comprises an inverted U-shaped wall adjacent a recess **285** formed through the wall **286** of the body portion **282**. FIG. **38** is a top view of the brace **280**. FIG. **39** is a side view of the brace **280**. As can be seen in FIG. **39**, the brace **280** includes a longitudinal mid-wall **289** extending from one outer wall **286** to the other and between the ribs **288**. The mid-wall **289** is perpendicular to the outer walls **286** and to the ribs **288** and is positioned approximately halfway between opposite edges of the outer walls **286**. The mid-wall **289** also extends into the retainer portion **284**.

Referring to FIG. **40**, by flipping an upper brace **280**, adjacent braces **280** have their retaining portions **284** received in the recesses **285** of the other, thereby providing a very efficient and compact storage.

FIG. **41** shows a brace **380** according to a fourth embodiment, which could be used identically to the previous embodiments (e.g. as shown in FIGS. **21**, **22**, **26**, and **27**). The brace **380** includes an elongated body portion **382** and a two-part retaining portion **384**. The elongated body portion **382** includes spaced apart walls **386** connected by ribs **388**. The retaining portions **384** are connected to the upper wall **386** of the body portion **382** adjacent recess **385** by hinges **390**. In FIG. **41**, one of the retaining portions **384** is shown in the deployed position, while the other retaining portion **384** is shown being pivoted into the retracted position in its respective recess **385**. FIG. **42** is a top view of the brace **380** of FIG. **41**.

FIG. **43** is a side view of the brace **380** of FIG. **41**, again with one of the retaining portions in the deployed position and the other retaining portion **384** being pivoted toward the retracted position. As can be seen in FIG. **43**, the brace **380** includes a longitudinal mid-wall **389** extending from one outer wall **386** to the other and between the ribs **388**. The mid-wall **389** is perpendicular to the outer walls **386** and to the ribs **388** and is positioned approximately halfway between opposite edges of the outer walls **386**. The mid-wall **389** also extends into the retainer portions **384**.

FIG. **44** shows a plurality of the braces **380** with all of their retaining portions **384** pivoted into their respective recesses **385** about their hinges **390** to provide a very compact and efficient storage configuration.

FIG. **45** shows a brace **480** according to a fifth embodiment in which the body portion **482** and retaining portion **484** are initially formed as separate pieces. The brace **480** could be used identically to the previous embodiments (e.g.

as shown in FIGS. **21**, **22**, **26**, and **27**). The retaining portion **484** is partially received in a recess **485** formed in a body portion **482** and snap fit therein.

FIG. **46** is a side view of the brace **480**. As can be seen in FIG. **46**, the brace **480** includes a longitudinal mid-wall **489** extending from one outer wall **486** to the other and between the ribs **488**. The mid-wall **489** is perpendicular to the outer walls **486** and to the ribs **488** and is positioned approximately halfway between opposite edges of the outer walls **486**. The retainer portion **284** does not include the mid-wall **489**.

FIG. **47** is a top view of the brace **480**. FIG. **48** is an exploded view of the brace **480**. As shown, the retaining portion **484** includes a plurality of snap tabs **490** configured to snap fit into openings **494** in the recess **485**.

A pallet **510** according to a sixth embodiment is shown in FIG. **49**. The pallet **510** includes a deck **512** having an upper surface for supporting goods thereon. The deck **512** is supported above a floor by a plurality of columns **514**, which optionally may be connected to one another by runners **516**. Peripheral lips **518** are formed at the periphery of the deck **512** and interrupted by the columns **514**.

A large central opening **520** is formed through a center portion of the deck **512** and passes entirely through the pallet **510**. The opening **520** is large, i.e. at least approximately one fifth ($\frac{1}{5}$) each of the width and length of the deck **512**. The opening **520** should be less than half each of the width and length of the deck **512**. More preferably the opening **520** should be approximately one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) to approximately one third ($\frac{1}{3}$) each of the width and length of the deck **512**, and even more preferably approximately one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) each of the width and length of the deck **512**. The opening **520** is approximately the same width as the non-corner outer columns **514** aligned therewith, as shown in FIG. **51**. In the example illustrated, the pallet **510** is approximately 48 inches by 48 inches and the opening **520** is approximately 12 inches by 12 inches. The opening does not have to be square, but could be elongated or rounded.

A peripheral wall **522** circumscribes the opening **520** to provide support to the center of the pallet **510** as a central column. The corner columns **514** each include an aperture **534** formed through the center of a concave upper surface **536**. The concave upper surface **536** may be conical, as shown, or other self-centering shape.

FIG. **50** is a side view of the pallet **510**. FIG. **51** is a top view of the pallet **510**. FIG. **52** is a bottom view of the pallet **510**.

The central opening **520** in the pallet deck **512** aids in unloading material from a box that sits on the pallet **510** without removing the box from the pallet **510**. The shape of the opening **520** can be any shape. The box can be accessed through the opening **520** from below when the pallet **510** is elevated. For example, an automation arm can engage the opening **520** to cut into the box, as described above. The central opening **520** and the method for using the central opening **520** in a pallet deck **512** to access a box on the pallet **510** can be used with any of the pallets described herein. It can also be used with other types, shapes and sizes of pallets, such as half pallets, nestable pallets, thermoformed pallets, etc.

FIG. **53** shows the pallet **510** with the box **50**, such as a corrugated cardboard box **50**, supported on deck **512** of the pallet **510**. The box **50** includes four sidewalls **52** and an upper wall **54**. A bottom wall (not visible) may seal the box **50** until it is opened (such as through the opening **520**—all as described above). Corner walls **56** connect the sidewalls **52** to one another and have corner flaps **58** extending

horizontally outward from a lower edge thereof. The corner flaps **58** are subsequently secured to the deck **512** of the pallet **510**, as will be explained below.

FIG. **54** is an enlarged view of one corner of the pallet **510**. Again, the corner columns **514** each include the aperture **534** formed through the center of the concave upper surface **536**, which is recessed relative to the support surface of the deck **512**. The concave upper surface **536** may be conical, as shown, or other self-centering shape providing surfaces that slope toward the aperture **534**.

FIG. **55** shows one possible fastener **524** positioned above the aperture **534** in the corner of the pallet **510** over one of the corner columns **514**.

FIG. **56** shows multiple views of the fastener **524** in detail. The fastener **524** includes a stem **538**, which in this example is generally cylindrical and having a lower head **540** and an upper head **542**. The upper head **542** is spaced above the lower head **540** to leave room for a pry tool, to remove the fastener **524**. In this example, the heads **540**, **542** are both annular, circumscribing the stem **538**, but other shapes would be possible. At the lower end of the stem **538** is a tapered portion **544**, which may comprise intersecting tapered ribs as shown, and which terminates in a relatively sharp point. Between the lower head **540** and the tapered portion **544** are a plurality of annular ribs **546** that can flex during insertion but are rigid enough to retain the fastener **524** in the aperture **534**. The annular ribs **546** may each include a gap, as shown.

Referring to FIG. **57**, in use, each fastener **524** is punched through one of the corner flaps **58** of the box **50** and snap fit into one of the apertures in the corners of the pallet **510**. The fastener **524** secures the corner flap **58** to the corner column **514** to secure the box **50** to the pallet **510**. The tapered portion **544** facilitates the fastener **524** punching through the corner flap **58** and together with the concave surface **536**, facilitates the fastener **524** aligning with the aperture **536**. The tapered portion **544** and at least one of the ribs **546** are inserted through the aperture **536** and the fastener **524** is retained in place by the rib **546**.

FIG. **58** shows a bottom view of the deck **512** of FIG. **57**, with lower portions of the pallet **510** removed for illustration. As shown, the tapered portion **544** and some of the ribs **546** protrude downward past the concave surface **536** through the aperture **534**. The ribs **546** retain the fastener **524** and retain the box **50** to the deck **512**.

FIG. **59** shows multiple views of an alternative fastener **550**. The fastener **550** includes a head **552** having a perpendicular handle **554** extending upward therefrom and a stem **556** extending downward therefrom. Tapered gussets **558** reinforce the connection between the head **552** and the stem **556**. A pair of flexible arms **562** extend upward and outward from a relatively sharp tapered portion **560** and terminate in a shoulder **584**.

FIG. **60** shows the fastener **550** being inserted into an alternate deck **512a**. The tapered portion **544** of the fastener **550** is punched through the corner flap (not shown) of the box **50** and into the aperture **534a**. The aperture **534a** of the deck **512a** includes opposed portions of increased diameter **535a**. As the arms **562** pass through the aperture **534a** of the concave portion **536a**, the arms **562** are flexed inward toward one another by the concave wall **536a**. Once the arms **562** extend fully past the concave wall **536a**, the arms **562** return to their normal undeflected position, with the edges of the concave wall **536a** received in the shoulders **584** of the arms **562**. This secures the fasteners **550** in the apertures **534a** and secures the box **50** to the deck **512a**.

If one wants to remove the fasteners **550**, one can rotate the fastener **550** using the handle **554** (FIG. **59**) to the position shown in FIG. **61**. By aligning the arms **562** with the portions of increased diameter **535a** of the aperture **534a**, the fastener **550** can be removed from the deck **512a**.

FIG. **62** shows an alternative fastener **570**. The fastener **570** includes a head **572** having a perpendicular handle **574** extending upward therefrom and a stem **576** extending downward therefrom. Tapered gussets **578** reinforce the connection between the head **572** and the stem **576**. A pair of rigid arms **582** contiguous with the stem **576** extend upward from a relatively sharp tapered portion **580** and terminate in a shoulder **584** that is defined by an undercut in each arm **582**. In this embodiment, the stem **576** and the arms **582** are coplanar.

FIG. **63** shows the fastener **570** inserted into an alternate deck **512b**. The fastener **570** is punched through the corner flap (not shown) of the box **50** and into the aperture **534b**. The aperture **534b** of the deck **512a** includes opposed portions of increased diameter **585b**. The arms **582** are aligned with the portions of increased diameter **585b** during insertion. Once the arms **582** extend fully through the aperture **534b**, the fastener **570** is rotated about 350 degrees until the arms **582** contact stops **587b** adjacent the portions of increased diameter **585b**, with the edges of the wall adjacent the aperture **534b** received in the shoulders **584** of the arms **582**. This secures the fasteners **570** in the apertures **534b** and secures the box **50** to the deck **512b**.

If one wants to remove the fasteners **570**, one can rotate the fastener **570** using the handle **574** (FIG. **62**) to re-align the arms **582** with the portions of increased diameter **535a** of the aperture **534a**.

FIG. **64** shows another alternative fastener **588** having a stem **596**. A lower head **592** is spaced below an upper head **593** at an upper end of the stem **596**. The stem **596** includes a portion of increased diameter **602** and a tapered shoulder **604** at the upper end of the portion of increased diameter **602**. The stem **596** may also include a large opening **606** therethrough, extending in a direction perpendicular to the longest axis of the stem **596**.

FIG. **65** shows the fastener **588** inserted into an alternate deck **512c**. The fastener **588** is punched through the corner flap (not shown) of the box **50** and into the aperture **534c** formed in a concave wall **536c**. The portion of increased diameter **602** flexes inward as it is inserted through the aperture **534c** and then expands again, such that the shoulder **604** retains the fasteners **588** in the aperture **534c** and secures the box **50** to the deck **512c**. Similar fasteners **588** would be used in the other three corner flaps.

FIGS. **66-69** show an alternate corner cap **620**. The corner cap **620** is molded as a single piece of plastic. The corner cap **620** includes a trapezoidal upper wall **622** and a pair of snap-fit connectors **624** adjacent opposite side edges. A plurality of small teeth **626** project downward from the upper wall **622**.

FIG. **70** shows the corner cap **620** secured to a corner of a deck **512d** on top of one of the corner flaps **58** of the box **50**. The snap-fit connectors **624** are snap-fit into apertures **632** in the deck **512d**. The corner cap **620** sandwiches the corner flaps **58** to the corner column of the deck **512d** to secure the box **50** to the pallet (not shown). Similar corner caps **620** are used to secure the other corner flaps **58** to the pallet deck **512d**.

A pallet **710** according to a seventh embodiment is shown in FIG. **71**. The pallet **710** includes a deck **712** having an upper surface for supporting goods thereon. The deck **712** is supported above a floor by a plurality of columns **714**, which

optionally may be connected to one another by runners 716. A peripheral lip 718 is formed at the periphery of the deck 712 and interrupted by the columns 714. The pallet 710 is preferably injection molded of a suitable plastic, but it can be thermoformed or rotomolded.

A large central opening 720 is formed through a center portion of the deck 712 and passes entirely through the pallet 710. The opening 720 is large, i.e. at least approximately one fifth ($\frac{1}{5}$) each of the width and length of the deck 712. The opening 720 should be less than half each of the width and length of the deck 712. More preferably the opening 720 should be approximately one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) to approximately one third ($\frac{1}{3}$) each of the width and length of the deck 712, and even more preferably approximately one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$) each of the width and length of the deck 712. The opening 720 is approximately the same width as the non-corner outer columns 714 aligned therewith. In the example illustrated, the pallet 710 is approximately 48 inches by 48 inches and the opening 720 is approximately 12 inches by 12 inches. The opening does not have to be square, but could be elongated or rounded.

A peripheral wall 722 circumscribes the opening 720 to provide support to the center of the deck 712 as a central column. The peripheral wall 722 extends down to a plane containing the bottoms surfaces of the pallet 710 and transfers weight on the upper surface of the deck 712 to the floor.

The corners of the deck 712 each include connectors for securing the flaps of a box, such as apertures 734 with concave upper surfaces 736, which are identical to the apertures 534 and concave upper surfaces 536 of FIG. 49. However any of the previously described methods for securing the box could be used.

In this embodiment, teeth 726 are added to the tine openings between the columns 714, such as on the upper surfaces of the runners 716. Further, recesses 728 are formed through the outer walls of the non-corner outer columns 714. The recesses 728 are sized to receive a brace, as will be explained below. Ribs 730 protrude into the recesses 728. The ribs 730 extend in a direction extending from one adjacent column 714 to the other. The ribs 730 are preferably positioned proximate an outer edge of the runner 716.

FIG. 72 is a side view of the pallet 710. The recess 728 in the column 714 does not need to extend all the way through the column, but only needs to be deep enough to receive the brace. In FIG. 72, vertical ribs 732 of the column 714 are visible beyond the recess 728.

FIG. 73 is an enlarged perspective view of the recess 728 in the column 714. As shown, the rib 730 may extend along the outermost edge of the recess 728.

FIG. 74 is an enlarged perspective view of one of the tine openings. The teeth 726 protrude upward from the runner 716. The teeth 716 are elongated in a direction parallel to the runner 716.

FIG. 75 is a perspective view of a brace 780 according to a sixth embodiment. The brace 780 includes an elongated body portion 782 and a retainer portion 784 protruding generally transversely away from a mid-portion of the body portion 782. The retainer portion 784 extends transversely from the body portion 782. The body portion 782 includes outer walls 786 connected by a longitudinal mid-wall 789 and perpendicular ribs 788 that are perpendicular to the outer walls 786 and the mid-wall 789. The mid-wall 789 is approximately half-way between the front and rear edges of the outer walls 786.

The retainer portion 784 includes an outer wall 790 connected to the body portion 782 by a plurality of ribs 792 or walls. The retainer portion 784 is flexible or resiliently

deformable. The outermost ribs 792 include a plurality of barbs 794, which may be angled downward toward the body portion 782.

FIG. 76 is an end view of the brace 780. FIG. 77 is a top view of the brace 780. FIG. 78 is a side view of the brace 780, showing a circular opening 793 through the mid-wall 789. The opening 793 aids in injection-molding the brace 780.

FIG. 79 shows the brace 780 of FIG. 75 received in the recess 728 in one of the non-corner, outer columns 714 of the pallet 710 of FIG. 71. In this embodiment, all of the non-corner, outer columns 714 have identical recesses 728 and could receive a brace 780. Again, the brace 780 extends generally perpendicularly to the plane of the upper surface of the deck 712.

FIG. 80 is an enlarged view of the brace 780 and pallet 710 of FIG. 79, partially broken away. The barbs 794 of the retainer portion 784 engage the rib 730 in the recess 728 of the column 714 to help retain the retainer portion 784. The ribs 794 on both sides of the retainer portion 784 are resiliently deformed when the retainer portion 784 is pressed into the recess 728 to further retain the brace 780 in position.

FIG. 81 shows the brace 780 received in a tine opening of the pallet 710 of FIG. 71. Again, the brace 780 extends generally perpendicularly to the plane of the upper surface of the deck 712.

FIG. 82 is a section view of the brace 780 and tine opening of FIG. 81. The ribs 794 on both sides of the retainer portion 784 are resiliently deformed when the retainer portion 784 is pressed into the tine opening to retain the brace 780 in position. The barbs 794 engage the teeth 726 on the runner 716 to further retain the brace 780 in position.

With one or more braces 780 in any of the tine openings or recesses 728 in the center, outer columns 714, the braces 780 are used with the pallet 710 as shown in the previous embodiments to help retain the goods in place on the pallet 710.

In accordance with the provisions of the patent statutes and jurisprudence, exemplary configurations described above are considered to represent a preferred embodiment of the invention. However, it should be noted that the invention can be practiced otherwise than as specifically illustrated and described without departing from its spirit or scope.

What is claimed is:

1. A pallet comprising:

a deck having an upper surface for supporting goods thereon, wherein the upper surface is formed by a plurality of intersecting plastic ribs, the deck having an opening therethrough, wherein the opening is at least approximately $\frac{1}{5}$ a width and at least approximately $\frac{1}{5}$ a length of the deck;
a peripheral wall extending downward from the upper surface and a periphery of the opening; and
a plurality of columns supporting the deck, wherein the plurality of columns includes corner columns and non-corner outer columns, the plurality of columns defining fork tine openings on four sides of the pallet.

2. The pallet of claim 1 wherein the opening is approximately one fifth to approximately one half each of the width and length of the deck.

3. The pallet of claim 2 wherein the opening is approximately one quarter to approximately one third each of the width and length of the deck.

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- 4. A pallet comprising:
a deck, the deck having an opening therethrough, wherein the opening is at least approximately 1/5 a width and at least approximately 1/5 a length of the deck;
fasteners removably securable to corners of the deck and each configured to secure a flap of a box to the deck; and
a plurality of columns supporting the deck.
- 5. The pallet of claim 4 wherein the fasteners include corner caps configured to snap-fit to the deck and to sandwich flaps of the box to the deck.
- 6. The pallet of claim 5 wherein the corner caps include tabs configured to be connected to the columns.
- 7. The pallet of claim 5 wherein the fasteners include an upper wall and side extending downward from the upper wall, wherein the side walls are configured to connect to the deck of the pallet.
- 8. The pallet of claim 1 wherein the deck includes a peripheral lip at the periphery of the deck.
- 9. The pallet of claim 1 wherein the opening through the deck is approximately the same width as non-corner outer columns aligned therewith.
- 10. A pallet and box comprising:
a pallet having a deck, the deck having an opening therethrough, wherein the opening is at least approximately 1/5 a width and at least approximately 1/5 a length of the deck, the pallet further including a plurality of columns supporting the deck; and
a box supported on the deck over the opening, wherein the box contains items that are smaller than the opening.
- 11. The pallet and box of claim 10 wherein portions of the box are secured to the deck of the pallet.
- 12. The pallet and box of claim 11 further including fasteners securing the portions of the box to the deck of the pallet.
- 13. The pallet and box of claim 12 wherein the portions of the box are flaps extending outward from the box on the deck.
- 14. The pallet and box of claim 13 wherein the fasteners include an upper wall and side extending downward from the upper wall, wherein the side walls are configured to connect to the deck of the pallet, and wherein the fasteners sandwich the flaps between the upper walls of the fasteners and the deck of the pallet.
- 15. A method for emptying items from a pallet including the steps of:
a) providing a box of items on a pallet, the pallet having a deck supported by columns and an opening through the deck; and
b) cutting a wall extending across the opening through the deck and permitting the items in the box to fall through the opening through the deck.
- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein the wall is a bottom wall of the box.
- 17. A pallet system comprising:
a pallet including a deck supported by a plurality of columns; and
at least one brace having an elongated body portion selectively secured to the pallet, such that the elongated body portion of the at least one brace is generally perpendicular to a plane of a support surface of the deck of the pallet and such that the elongated body portion

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- of the at least one brace extends upward above the plane of a support surface of the deck of the pallet to a self-supporting upper free end of the elongated body portion the at least one brace further including a retainer portion projecting transversely from a point on the elongated body portion away from the upper free end to a retainer free end, wherein the retainer is configured to be retained in an opening formed in the pallet below the deck—has been inserted after “portion”.
- 18. The pallet system of claim 17 wherein the elongated body portion extends downward below a plane containing lowermost surfaces of the deck to a lower free end of the elongated body portion.
- 19. A pallet system comprising:
a first pallet including a deck supported by a plurality of columns;
a second pallet loaded with goods, wherein the first pallet is stacked on the goods on the second pallet; and
at least one brace having an elongated body portion selectively secured to the first pallet, such that the elongated body portion of the at least one brace is generally perpendicular to a plane of a support surface of the deck of the first pallet and such that the elongated body portion of the at least one brace extends upward above the plane of a support surface of the deck of the first pallet, the elongated body portion of the at least one brace abutting the goods on the second pallet.
- 20. The pallet system of claim 19 further including a third pallet loaded with goods adjacent the second pallet, wherein the goods on the third pallet abut the elongated body portion of the at least one brace.
- 21. The pallet system of claim 19 further including goods on the first pallet, wherein the elongated body portion abuts the good on the first pallet.
- 22. A pallet comprising:
a deck; and
a plurality of columns supporting the deck, the plurality of columns including corner columns and non-corner outer columns, wherein the openings are defined between each corner column and an adjacent non-corner outer column, at least one opening in at least one of the non-corner columns below the deck, each of the at least one openings configured to receive a retainer portion of a brace.
- 23. The pallet of claim 22 wherein the opening includes at least one rib or barb for retaining the retainer portion of the brace.
- 24. A brace for use with a pallet, the brace comprising:
an elongated body portion including outer walls connected to one another by ribs; and
a retainer portion protruding generally transversely from the body portion, the retainer portion including barbs configured to secure the retainer portion in an opening.
- 25. The pallet of claim 4 wherein the fasteners include corner caps configured to snap-fit to the deck or a plurality of tapered stems each extending downward from an enlarged head to a relatively sharp end or retainers hingeably connected to the deck and including protrusion configured to snap-fit to the deck.

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