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Yeh et al.

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(54) **ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY**

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(21) Appl. No.: **17/239,482**

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(65) **Prior Publication Data**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**

H01L 23/498	(2006.01)
H01L 25/00	(2006.01)
H01L 23/31	(2006.01)
H01L 25/10	(2006.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present disclosure provides an electronic assembly including a semiconductor device package. The semiconductor device package includes a first package and a conductive element. The first package includes an electronic component and a protection layer covering the electronic component. The conductive element is supported by the protection layer and electrically connected with the electronic component through an electrical contact. A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device package is also provided in the present disclosure.

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

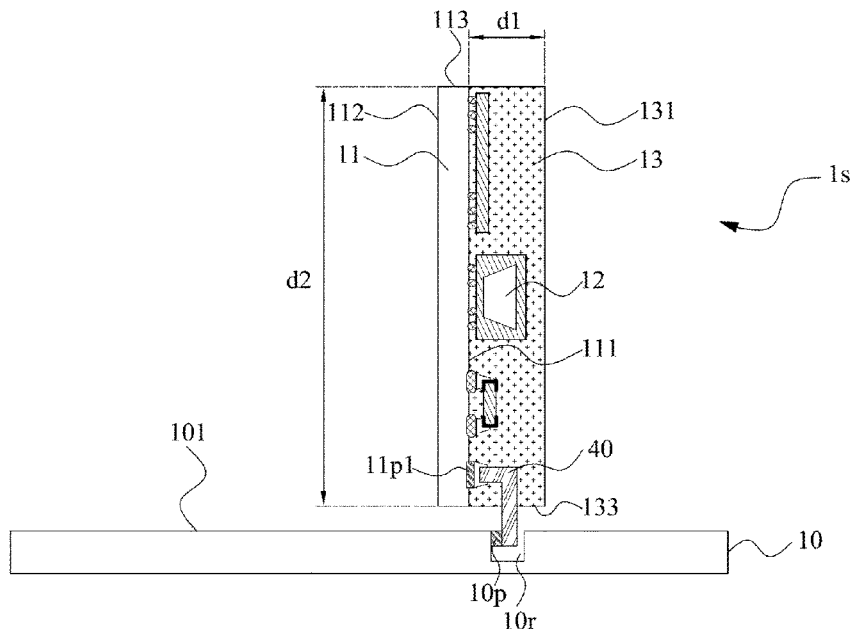
CPC **H01L 23/49805** (2013.01); **H01L 23/3121** (2013.01); **H01L 25/105** (2013.01); **H01L 25/50** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC H01L 23/49805; H01L 23/3121; H01L 25/105

See application file for complete search history.

18 Claims, 19 Drawing Sheets



1s

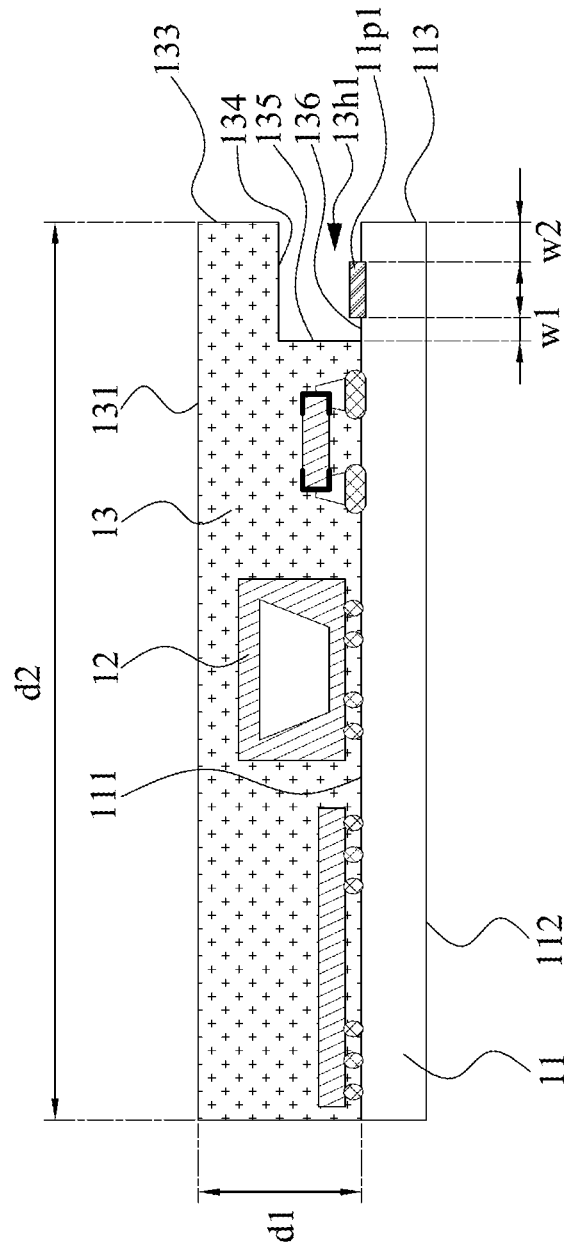


FIG. 1B

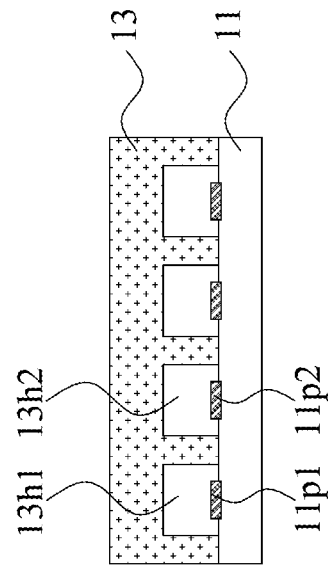


FIG. 1C

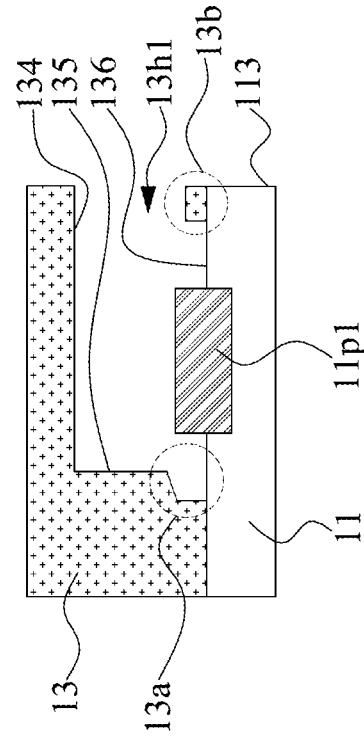


FIG. 1D

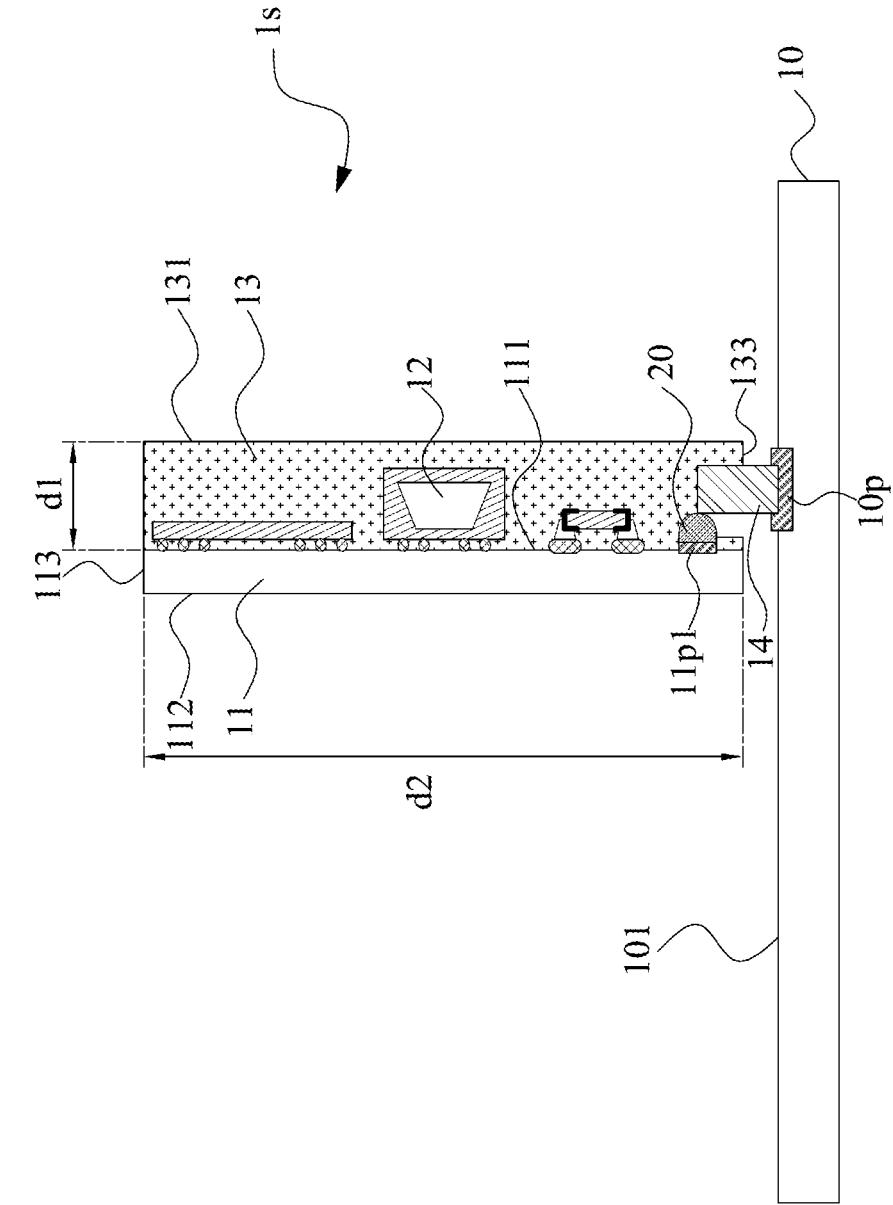


FIG. 2A

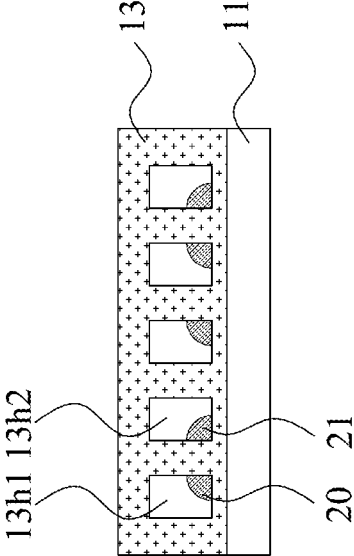


FIG. 2C

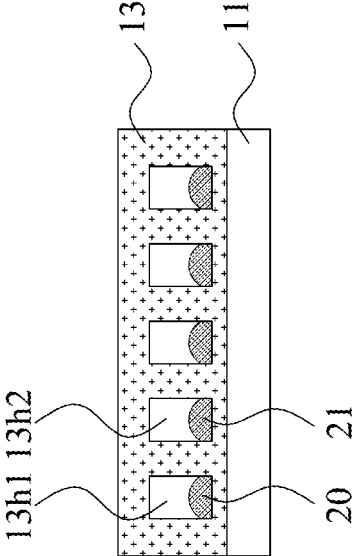


FIG. 2B

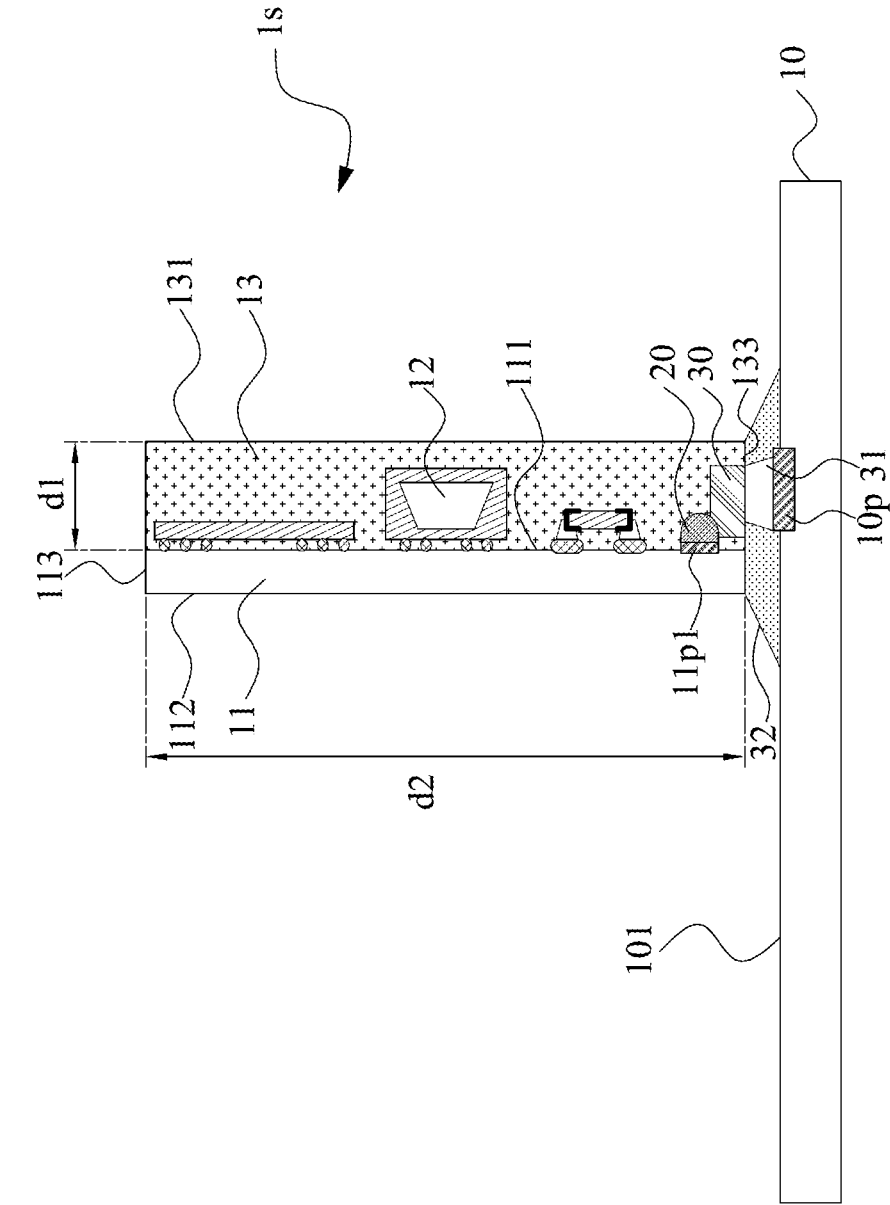


FIG. 3

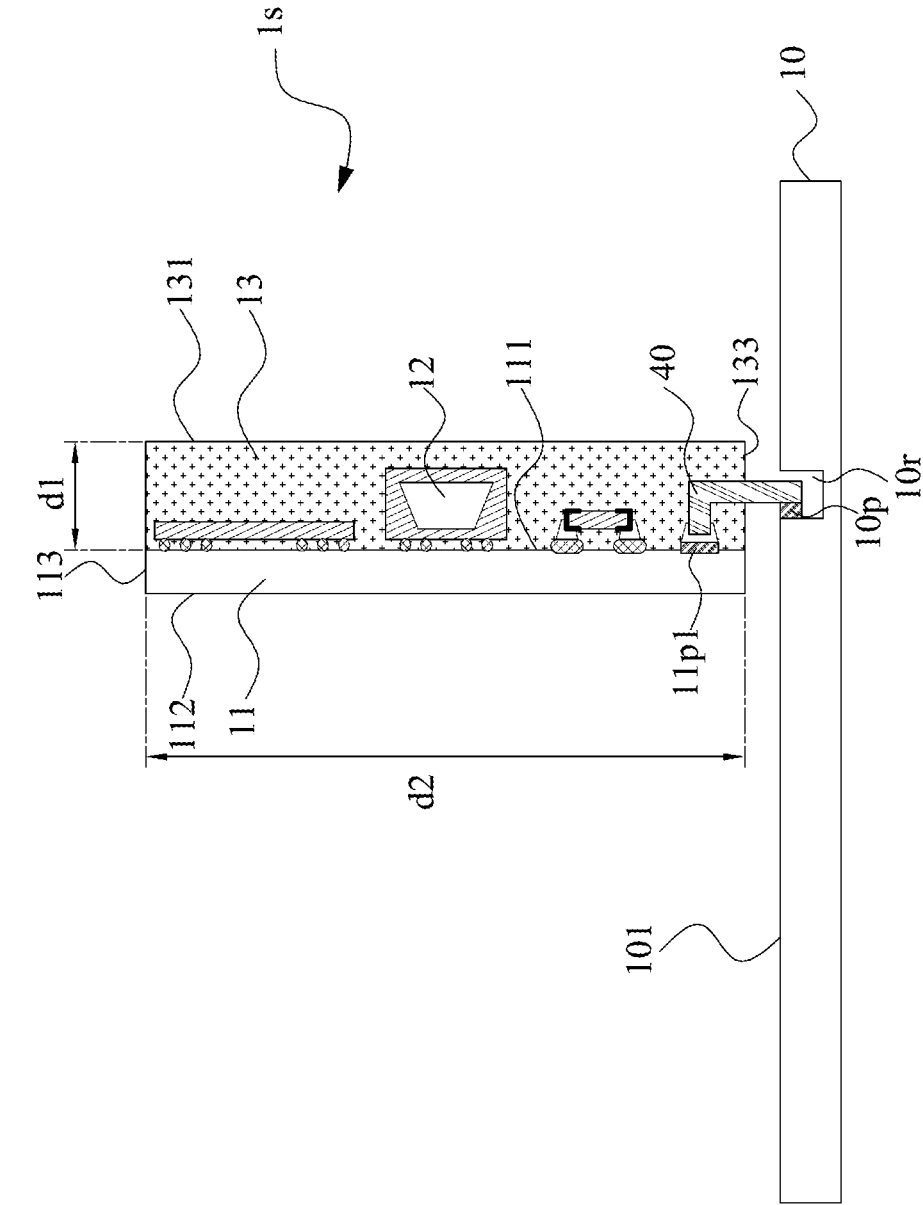


FIG. 4A

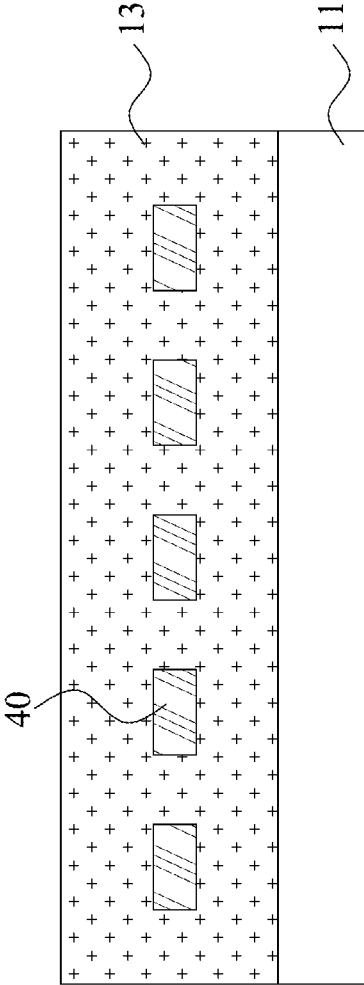


FIG. 4B

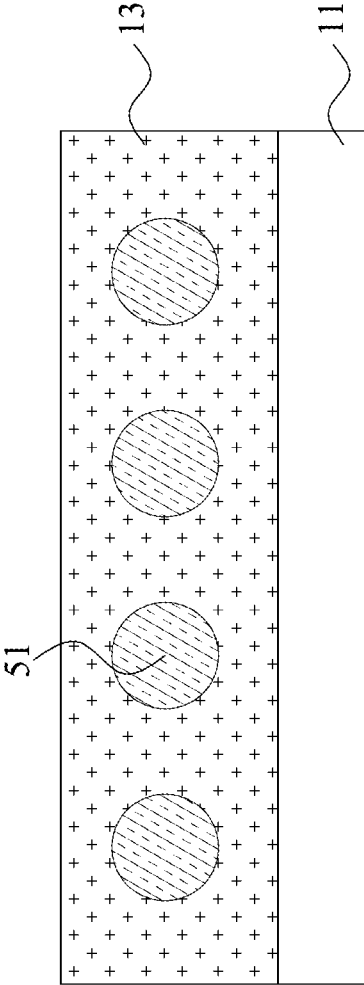


FIG. 5B

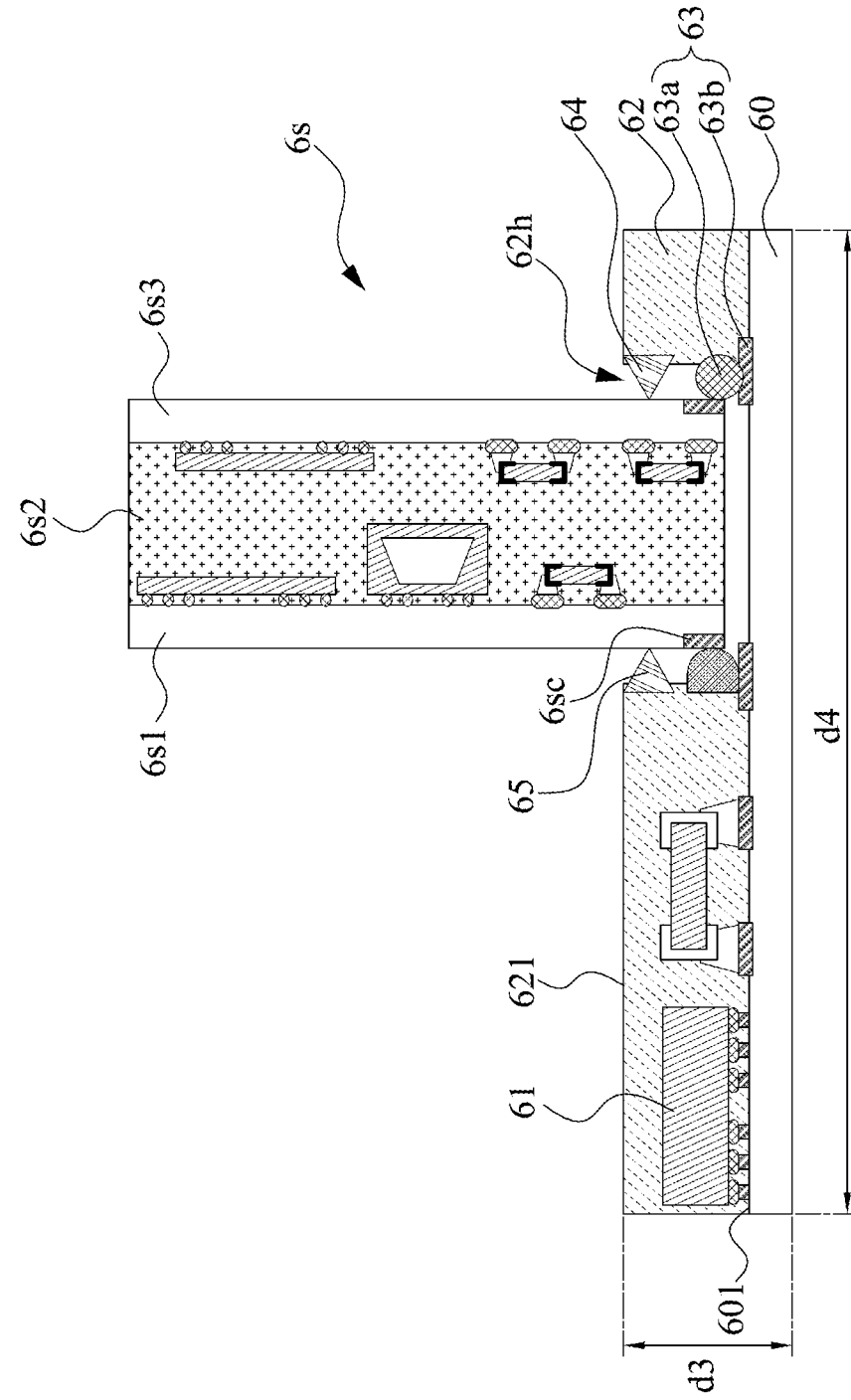


FIG. 6A

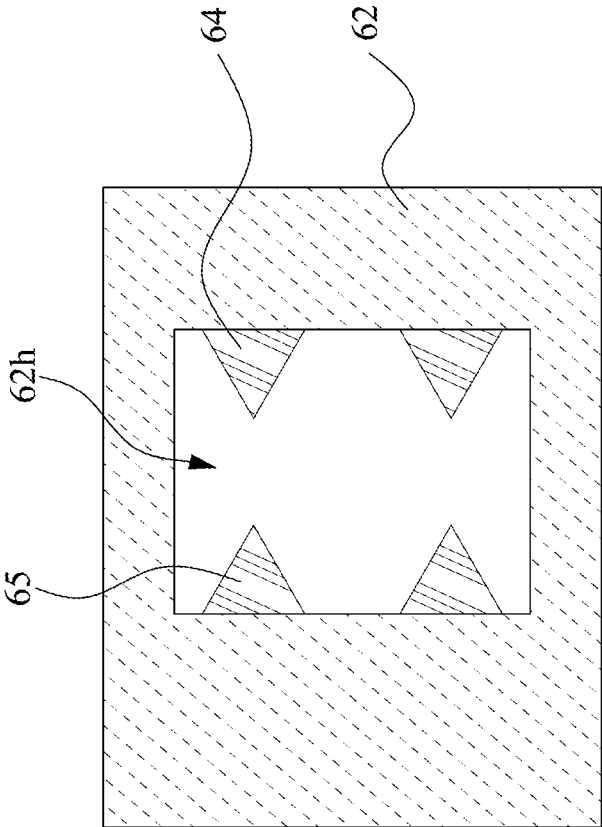


FIG. 6B

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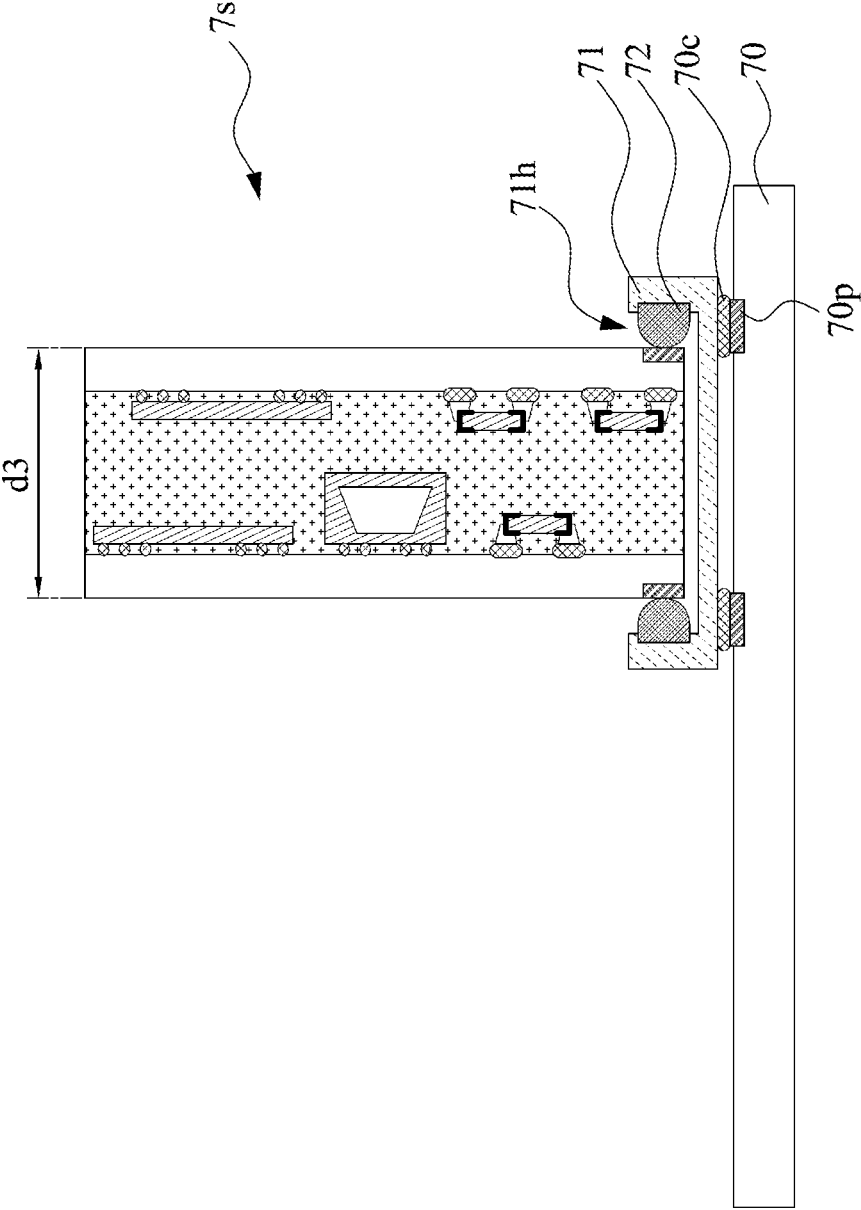


FIG. 7

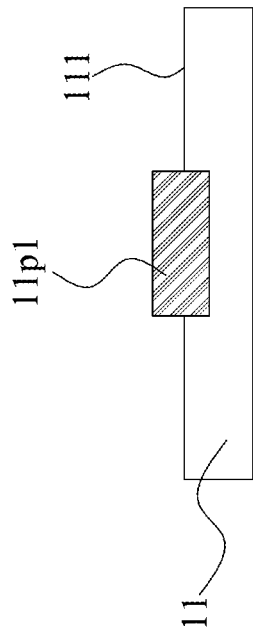


FIG. 8A

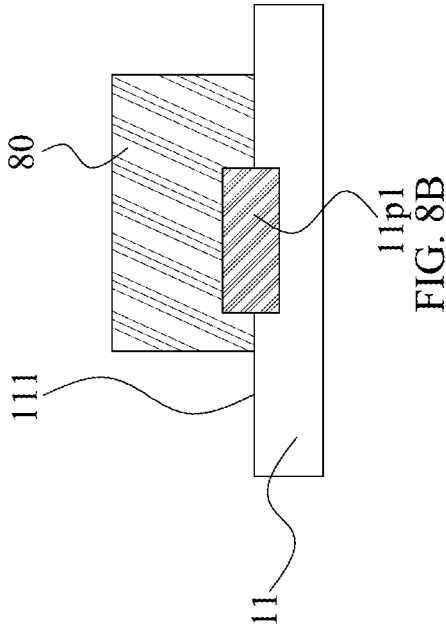


FIG. 8B

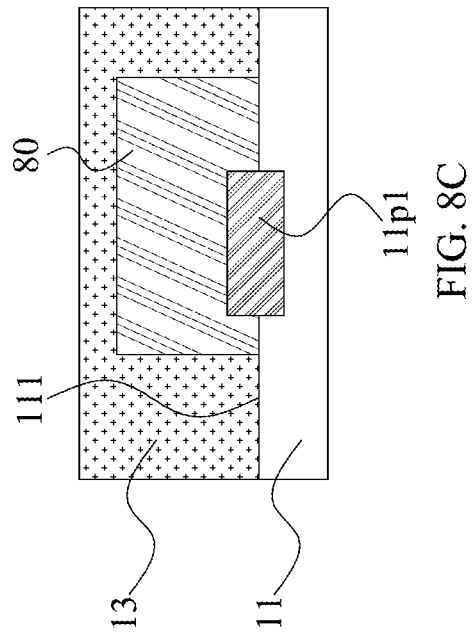


FIG. 8C

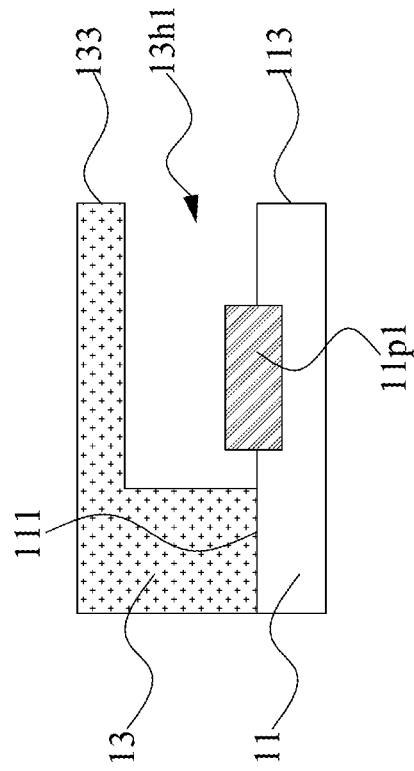


FIG. 8E

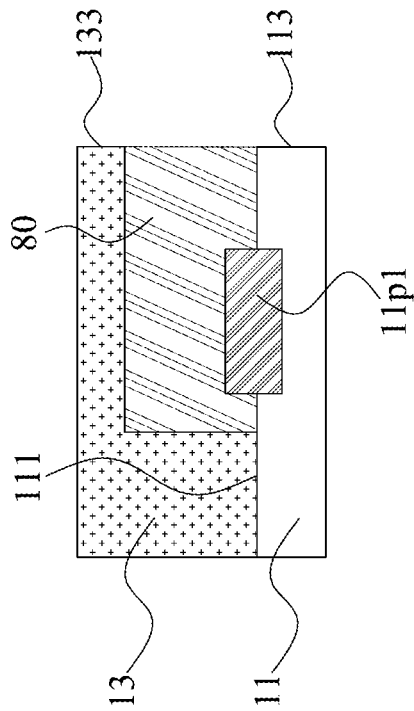


FIG. 8D

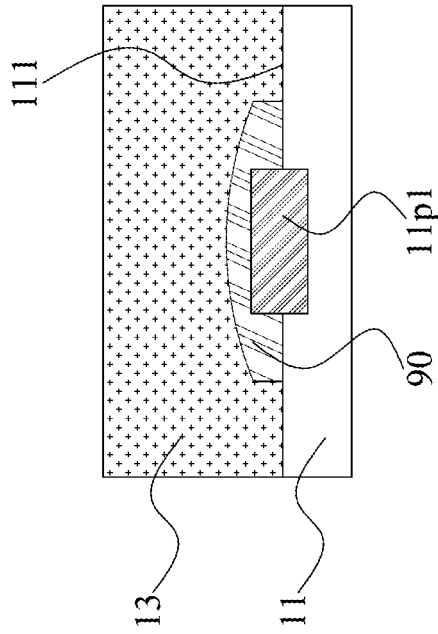


FIG. 9A

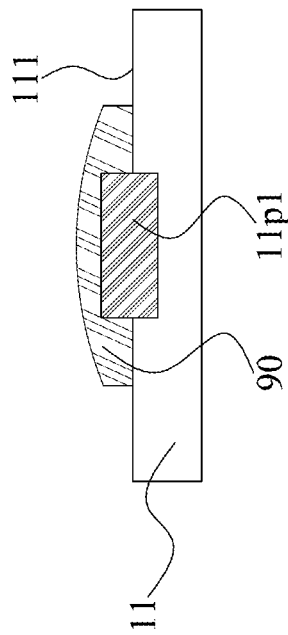


FIG. 9B

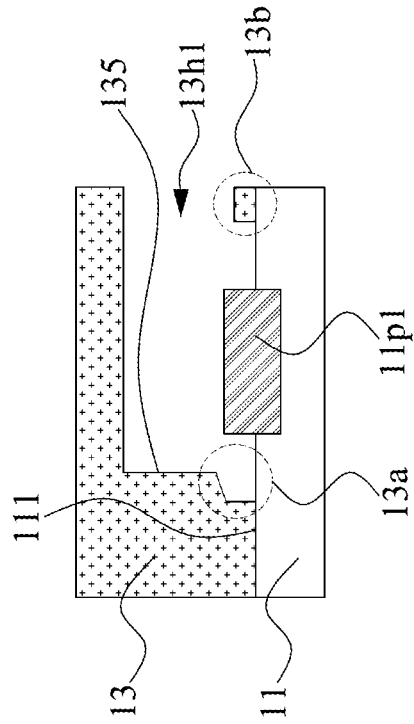


FIG. 9C

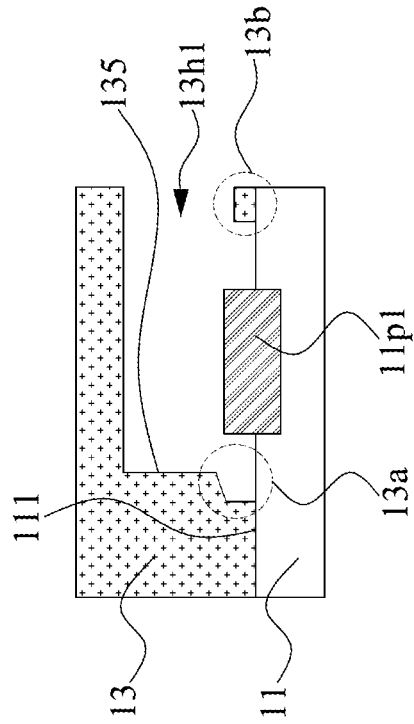


FIG. 9D

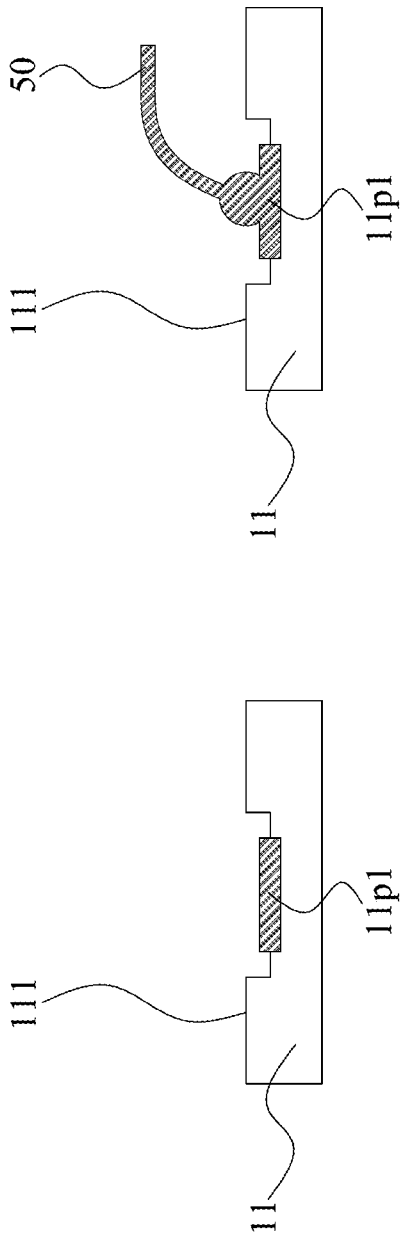


FIG. 10B

FIG. 10A

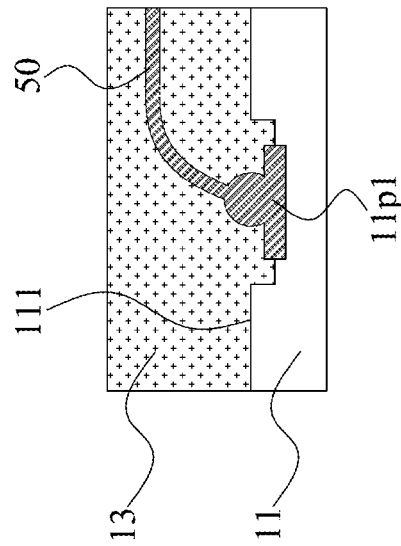


FIG. 10C

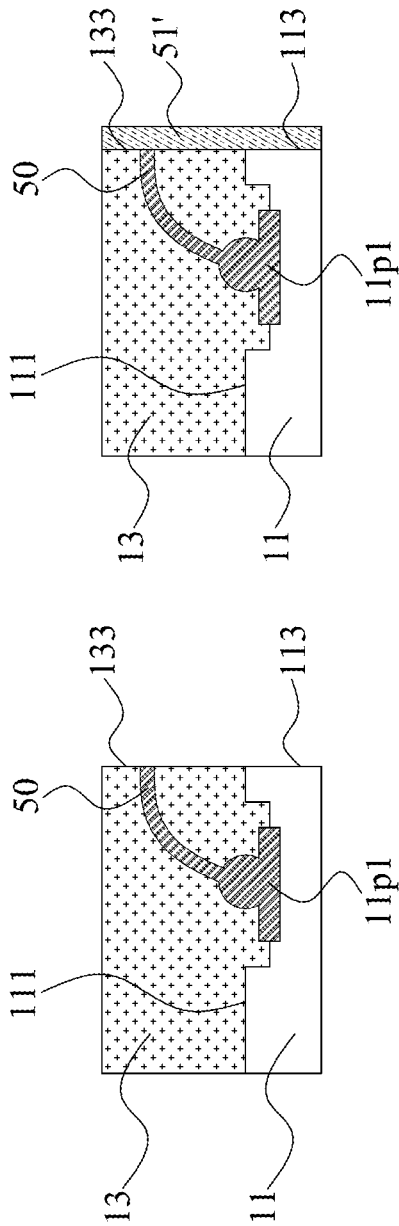


FIG. 10E

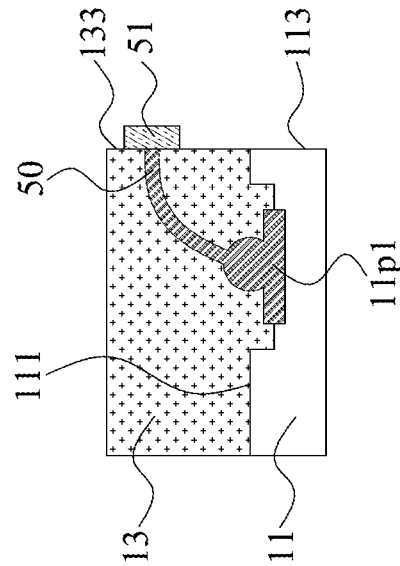


FIG. 10F

ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY

BACKGROUND

1. Technical Field

The present disclosure generally relates to an electronic assembly having a conductive element.

2. Description of the Related Art

Flexible Printed Circuits (FPC) or flexible foils can be used to connect two structures (such as substrates or packages) and provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission in two directions or bending directions. Hot bar reflow soldering (or hot bar bonding) can be used to bond the FPC to the substrates. However, joint areas are required on the substrates, which may increase the package size. In addition, warpage of the flex-foils should be well-controlled to prevent low yield issues.

SUMMARY

In some embodiments, an electronic assembly includes a first package and a conductive element. The first package includes an electronic component and a protection layer covering the electronic component. The conductive element is supported by the protection layer and electrically connected with the electronic component through an electrical contact.

In some embodiments, an electronic assembly includes a first package including an electronic component and a protection layer covering the electronic component. The protection layer defines a cavity penetrating the protection layer. The electronic assembly further includes a second package pluggable with respect to the cavity of the first package through the protection layer.

In some embodiments, a method for manufacturing a semiconductor device package includes providing a first package including a first substrate, a first electronic component disposed on the substrate, and a first protection layer covering the first electronic component. The first protection layer defines a cavity penetrating the first protection layer. The method also includes providing a second package including a second substrate, a second electronic component disposed on the second substrate and a second protection layer covering the second electronic component. The method also includes plugging the second package with respect to the cavity of the first protection layer of the first package.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Aspects of the present disclosure are readily understood from the following detailed description when read with the accompanying figures. It should be noted that various features may not be drawn to scale. The dimensions of the various features may be arbitrarily increased or reduced for clarity of discussion.

FIG. 1A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 1B illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 1C illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 1D illustrates a cross sectional view of a part of an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 2A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 2B illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 2C illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 3 illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 4A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 4B illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 5A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 5B illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 6A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 6B illustrates a top view of a part of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 7 illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 8A, FIG. 8B, FIG. 8C, FIG. 8D, and FIG. 8E illustrate one or more stages of a method of manufacturing an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 9A, FIG. 9B, FIG. 9C, and FIG. 9D illustrate one or more stages of a method of manufacturing an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

FIG. 10A, FIG. 10B, FIG. 10C, FIG. 10D, FIG. 10E, and FIG. 10F illustrate one or more stages of a method of manufacturing an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure.

Common reference numerals are used throughout the drawings and the detailed description to indicate the same or similar elements. The present disclosure will be more apparent from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The following disclosure provides for many different embodiments, or examples, for implementing different features of the provided subject matter. Specific examples of components and arrangements are described below. These are, of course, merely examples and are not intended to be limiting. In the present disclosure, a reference to the formation of a first feature over or on a second feature in the

description that follows may include embodiments in which the first and second features are formed in direct contact, and may also include embodiments in which additional features may be formed between the first and second features, such that the first and second features may not be in direct contact. In addition, the present disclosure may repeat reference numerals and/or letters in the various examples. This repetition is for simplicity and clarity and does not in itself dictate a relationship between the various embodiments and/or configurations discussed.

Embodiments of the present disclosure are discussed in detail below. It should be appreciated, however, that the present disclosure provides many applicable concepts that can be embodied in a wide variety of specific contexts. The specific embodiments discussed are merely illustrative and do not limit the scope of the disclosure.

FIG. 1A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly 1 in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. The electronic assembly 1 may include a substrate 10, a semiconductor device package 1s, and a conductive element 14.

The substrate 10 may include, for example, a printed circuit board (PCB), such as a paper-based copper foil laminate, a composite copper foil laminate, a polymer-impregnated glass-fiber-based copper foil laminate, or so on. In some embodiments, the substrate 10 may include a flexible PCB. The substrate 10 may include one or more interconnection structures, such as a redistribution layer (RDL) or a grounding element. The interconnection structures may include, for example, one or more conductive pads 10p proximate to, adjacent to, or embedded in and exposed from a surface 101 of the substrate 10 facing the semiconductor device package 1s.

The semiconductor device package 1s (which may be abbreviated as a package) may include a substrate 11, an electronic component 12, and an encapsulant 13. The details of the substrate 11 may refer to the substrate 10, and will thus not be repeated hereafter. The substrate 11 may have a surface 111, a surface 112 opposite to the surface 111, and a surface 113 (which can also be referred to as a lateral surface of the substrate 11) extending between the surface 111 and the surface 112. The surface 113 may face the substrate 10.

The substrate 11 may include an electrical contact 11p1 proximate to, adjacent to, or embedded in and exposed from the surface 111 of the substrate 11. In some embodiments, the electrical contact 11p1 may include a conductive pad. In some embodiments, the electrical contact 11p1 may be adjacent to the surface 113 of the substrate 11.

The electronic component 12 may be disposed on the surface 111 of the substrate 11. The electronic component 12 may include, for example, a chip or a die. The chip or die may include a semiconductor substrate (e.g., silicon substrate), one or more integrated circuit (IC) devices, and one or more interconnection structures therein. In some examples, the IC devices may include an active component, such as an IC chip or a die. In some examples, the IC devices may include a passive electronic component, such as a capacitor, a resistor, or an inductor. In some embodiments, the electronic component 12 may be electrically connected to the substrate 11 by, for example, flip-chip or wire-bonding.

The encapsulant 13 (which may be referred to as a protection layer) may be disposed on the surface 111 of the substrate 11. The encapsulant 13 may cover or encapsulate the electronic component 12. The electronic component 12 may be covered or encapsulated in the encapsulant 13. In some embodiments, the encapsulant 13 may include, for

example, an epoxy resin having fillers, a molding compound (e.g., an epoxy molding compound or other molding compound), a polyimide, a phenolic compound or material, a material with a silicone dispersed therein, or a combination thereof. The encapsulant 13 may have a surface 131 (which can also be referred to as a top surface of the encapsulant 13) facing away from the substrate 11 and an edge 133 (which can also be referred to as a lateral surface of the encapsulant 13). In some embodiments, the edge 133 may be substantially coplanar with the surface 113 of the substrate 11.

The encapsulant 13 may have a dimension d1 (e.g., a thickness or a height) measured between the surface 111 of the substrate 11 and the surface 131 of the encapsulant 13. The encapsulant 13 may have a dimension d2 (e.g., a length or a width) measured between two edges of the encapsulant 13 from a side view as shown in FIG. 1A. In some embodiments, the dimension d2 may be greater than the dimension d1. In other words, the dimension d1 may be smaller than the dimension d2. The shorter side of the encapsulant 13 may face the substrate 10.

The encapsulation 13 may define or have a cavity or a recessed portion (not annotated in FIG. 1A, such as the cavity 13h1 in FIG. 1B) recessed from the edge 133 of the encapsulant 13. As a result, the cavity may face the surface 101 of the substrate 10. The electrical contact 11p1 may be exposed from the encapsulant 13 through the cavity to provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate 10 and the semiconductor device package 1s.

The conductive element 14 may be disposed on the surface 101 of the substrate 10 and electrically connected to the substrate 10 through the conductive pad 10p. The conductive element 14 may be accommodated in (such as partially accommodated in) the cavity. The conductive element 14 may be surrounded by (such as partially accommodated by) the encapsulant 13. The conductive element 14 may be pluggable with respect to the encapsulant 13 through the cavity defined by the encapsulant 13. In other words, the substrate 10 may be pluggable with respect to the encapsulant 13 through the cavity.

In some embodiments, the conductive element 14 may be in contact with (such as in direct contact with) the encapsulant 13. The conductive element 14 may press against the encapsulant 13. The conductive element 14 may have a pressing force on the encapsulant 13. In some embodiments, the conductive element 14 may be in contact with (such as in direct contact with) the electrical contact 11p1 in the cavity. The conductive element 14 may press against the electrical contact 11p1 in the cavity. The conductive element 14 may have a pressing force on the electrical contact 11p1 in the cavity. The conductive element 14 may be supported in the cavity. The conductive element 14 may be supported by the encapsulant 13. For example, the conductive element 14 may be directly supported by the encapsulant 13. For example, the conductive element 14 may be indirectly supported by the encapsulant 13, such as supported by the electrical contact 11p1.

In some embodiments, the conductive element 14 may include, for example, gold (Au), silver (Ag), copper (Cu), nickel (Ni), palladium (Pd), another metal(s) or alloy(s), or a combination of two or more thereof. In some embodiments, the conductive element 14 may include a conductive pin. For example, the conductive element 14 may extend from the surface 101 of the substrate 10 into the cavity. For example, the conductive element 14 may have an elongation direction, an extending direction, or a longer side in a direction from the surface 101 of the substrate 10 into the

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cavity. For example, the conductive element **14** may pass through the edge **133** of the encapsulant **13**.

The conductive element **14** may provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate **10** and the semiconductor device package **1s**. For example, the conductive element **14** may be electrically connected between the electrical contact **11p1** and the conductive pad **10p**. For example, the conductive element **14** may be electrically connected with the electronic component **12** through the electrical contact **11p1**. In some embodiments, the signal transmission path between the electrical contact **11p1** and the conductive pad **10p** may be in the extending direction of the conductive element **14**. For example, the signal transmission path may extend from the surface **101** of the substrate **10** into the cavity. For example, the signal transmission path may be along a direction substantially perpendicular to the surface **101** of the substrate **10**. For example, the signal transmission path may be along a direction substantially in parallel with the surface **111** of the substrate **11**.

FIG. 1B illustrates a cross sectional view of the semiconductor device package **1s** in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. The semiconductor device package **1s** in FIG. 1B is similar to the semiconductor device package **1s** in FIG. 1A, with more details described below.

The cavity **13h1** may be recessed from the short side (with the dimension **d1**) of the encapsulant **13**. The cavity **13h1** may be recessed from the edge **133** of the encapsulant **13** along the surface **101** of the substrate **10**. The cavity **13h1** may be not formed on the surface **131** of the encapsulant **13**. In other words, the cavity **13h1** may be not recessed from the surface **131** of the encapsulant **13**.

In some embodiments, the cavity **13h1** may be spaced apart from the surface **131** of the encapsulant **13**. For example, a sidewall **134** of the cavity **13h1** may be opposite to the surface **131** of the encapsulant **13**. In some embodiments, the sidewall **134** of the cavity **13h1** may provide a support for the conductive element **14** in FIG. 1A to be able to press against and increase the contact area between the conductive element **14** and the encapsulant **13**. Therefore, the conductive element **14** can be secured in the cavity **13h1** by the compression force.

In some embodiments, the cavity **13h1** may have the sidewall **134** defined by the encapsulant **13**, an opposite sidewall **136** defined by the surface **111** of the substrate **11**, and a bottom surface **135** defined by the encapsulant **13**. The bottom surface **135** may be located between the sidewall **134** and the sidewall **136**.

In some embodiments, the electrical contact **11p1** may be spaced apart from the encapsulant **13**. For example, the electrical contact **11p1** may be spaced apart from the bottom surface **135** of the encapsulant **13** by a distance **w1**. For example, the electrical contact **11p1** may be not in contact with the encapsulant **13**. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **11p1** may be spaced apart from the surface **113** of the substrate **11** by a distance **w2**. In some embodiments, the distance **w1** and the distance **w2** may each be greater than zero.

FIG. 1C illustrates a cross sectional view of a semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. In some embodiments, the semiconductor device package is in FIG. 1A and FIG. 1B may have a cross sectional view as shown in FIG. 1C.

The encapsulant **13** may have a plurality of cavities (including the cavity **13h1** and the cavity **13h2**). The cavity

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13h2 may be spaced apart from the cavity **13h1**. An electrical contact **11p2** may be exposed from the encapsulant **13** through the cavity **13h2**.

In some embodiments, with more electrical contacts to provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate **10** and the semiconductor device package **1s**, I/O numbers can be increased and electrical performance of the electronic assembly **1** can be improved.

In some other embodiments, the encapsulant **13** may have any number of cavities. In addition, there may be one or more electrical contacts exposed from each of the cavities.

FIG. 1D illustrates a cross sectional view of a part of an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. FIG. 1D only illustrates a part of the substrate **11**, a part of the encapsulant **13**, and the electrical contact **11p1**. In some embodiments, the semiconductor device package is in FIG. 1A, and FIG. 1B may have a cross sectional view as shown in FIG. 1C.

The bottom surface **135** of the encapsulant **13** may have a hole as illustrated in the dotted circle **13a**. For example, the bottom surface **135** of the encapsulant **13** may be non-planar. Residue of the encapsulant **13** as illustrated in the dotted circle **13b** may remain on the substrate **11**. The residue of the encapsulant **13** may be not connected with the main portion of the encapsulant **13**. In some embodiments, the residue of the encapsulant **13** may be adjacent to the surface **113** of the substrate **11**. In some embodiments, the residue of the encapsulant **13** may have a surface substantially coplanar with the surface **113** of the substrate **11**.

In some embodiments, the electrical interconnection or signal transmission in two directions or bending directions may be obtained by bonding a connector (such as an FPC or a flexible foil) to the conductive pads on the substrates **10** and **11** through soldering. Joint areas for placing the soldering materials may be required on the substrates **10** and **11**, which may increase the package size. In addition, warpage of the FPC should be well-controlled to prevent low yield issues.

As shown in FIG. 1A and FIG. 1B, by providing the cavity **13h1**, which is recessed from the edge **133** of the encapsulant **13** for accommodating the conductive element **14**, electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate **10** and the semiconductor device package **1s** can be obtained through the conductive element **14**. Since no joint area is required to solder the conductive element **14**, the layout design flexibility can be increased, and more electronic components can be incorporated into the package. In addition, warpage issues that may be caused by the FPC may be alleviated or eliminated, which would in turn improve the electrical performance and reliability of the electronic assembly **1**.

FIG. 2A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly **2** in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. The electronic assembly **2** in FIG. 2A is similar to the electronic assembly **1** in FIG. 1A except for the differences described below.

The electronic assembly **2** may further include an electrical contact **20** covering the electrical contact **11p1**. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **20** may be exposed from the encapsulant **13** through the cavity. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **20** may be in contact with the conductive element **14** to provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate **10** and the semiconductor device package **1s**.

In some embodiments, the electrical contact **20** may include a flowable conductive material. In some embodi-

ments, the electrical contact **20** may include a soldering material. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **20** may include, for example, eutectic Sn/Pb, high-lead solder, lead-free solder, pure tin solder, or other types of solders.

In some embodiments, since the electrical contact **20** covers the electrical contact **11p1**, the electrical contact **11p1** may be not exposed through the cavity of the encapsulant **13**. In an operation to remove the encapsulant **13** to form the cavity, the electrical contact **20** may protect the solder mask on the substrate **11** from being removed or etched away. In some embodiments, the substrate **11** may be not exposed from the encapsulant **13** through the cavity.

FIG. 2B illustrates a cross sectional view of a semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. FIG. 2B only illustrates a part of the substrate **11**, a part of the encapsulant **13**, and electrical contacts **20**, **21**. In some embodiments, the semiconductor device package **1s** in FIG. 2A may have a cross sectional view as shown in FIG. 2B.

The encapsulant **13** may have a plurality of cavities (including the cavity **13h1** and the cavity **13h2**). The cavity **13h2** may be spaced apart from the cavity **13h1**. The electrical contact **21** may be exposed from the encapsulant **13** through the cavity **13h2**.

In some embodiments, with more electrical contacts to provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate **10** and the semiconductor device package **1s**, I/O numbers can be increased and electrical performance of the electronic assembly **1** can be improved.

In some other embodiments, the encapsulant **13** may have any number of cavities. In addition, there may be one or more electrical contacts exposed from each of the cavities.

FIG. 2C illustrates a cross sectional view of a semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. FIG. 2C only illustrates a part of the substrate **11**, a part of the encapsulant **13**, and electrical contacts **20**, **21**. In some embodiments, the semiconductor device package **1s** in FIG. 2A may have a cross sectional view as shown in FIG. 2C.

Similar to FIG. 2B, the encapsulant **13** may have a plurality of cavities (including the cavity **13h1** and the cavity **13h2**) except that the electrical contacts may not be equally spaced. For example, the electrical contact **21** may be closer to the electrical contact **20** than to the other electrical contacts.

FIG. 3 illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly **3** in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. The electronic assembly **3** in FIG. 3 is similar to the electronic assembly **2** in FIG. 2A except that the conductive element **14** in the electronic assembly **2** is replaced with conductive materials **30**, **31** and that the electronic assembly **2** further includes an underfill **32**.

The conductive material **30** may be exposed from the surface **133** of the encapsulant **13**. The conductive material **30** may be in contact with the electrical contact **20** on the electrical contact **11p1**. In some embodiments, the conductive material **30** may be formed by filling the conductive material **30** in the cavity of the encapsulant **13**.

In some embodiments, the conductive material **30** and the conductive material **31** may each have a material (as listed above) for the electrical contact **20**. In some embodiments, the conductive material **30** may be well combined or have a standard wetting balance with the electrical contact **20**.

In some embodiments, the underfill **32** may be formed to encapsulate the conductive material **31**. In some embodiments, the underfill **32** includes an epoxy resin, a molding

compound (e.g., an epoxy molding compound or other molding compound), a polyimide, a phenolic compound or material, a material including a silicone dispersed therein, or a combination thereof.

FIG. 4A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly **4** in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. In some embodiments, the semiconductor device package **1s** in FIG. 4A may have a cross sectional view as shown in FIG. 4B. The electronic assembly **4** in FIG. 4A is similar to the electronic assembly **1** in FIG. 1A except that the conductive element **14** in the electronic assembly **1** is replaced with a conductive frame **40**. In addition, the substrate **10** may have a cavity **10r** recessed from the surface **101**. The conductive frame **40** may extend into the cavity **10r** of the substrate **10** and contact the conductive pad **10p**. In some embodiments, as shown in the enlarged view, the conductive frame **40** may have a plurality of pins exposed from the encapsulant **13**.

FIG. 5A illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly **5** in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. In some embodiments, the semiconductor device package **1s** in FIG. 5A may have a cross sectional view as shown in FIG. 5B. The electronic assembly **5** in FIG. 5 is similar to the electronic assembly **1** in FIG. 1A except that the conductive element **14** in the electronic assembly **1** is replaced with a conductive wire **50**, a wire end pad **51**, and a conductive material **52**, and that the electronic assembly **5** further includes an underfill **53**.

In some embodiments, the wire end pad **51** may be a conductive thin film. In some embodiments, as shown in the enlarged view, there may be a plurality of wire end pads **51** on the encapsulant **13**.

In some embodiments, the conductive material **52** may have a material as listed above for the electrical contact **20**.

In some embodiments, the underfill **53** may be formed to encapsulate the wire end pad **51** and the conductive material **52**. In some embodiments, the underfill **53** may have a material as listed above for the underfill **32**.

FIG. 6 illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly **6** in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. The electronic assembly **6** in FIG. 6 is similar to the electronic assembly **1** in FIG. 1A except for the differences described below. The electronic assembly **6** may include a substrate **60** and a semiconductor device package **6s**.

An electronic component **61** may be disposed on a surface **601** of the substrate **60**. An encapsulant **62** (which may be referred to as a protection layer) may be disposed on the surface **601** of the substrate **60** to cover or encapsulate the electronic component **61**. In some embodiments, the substrate **60**, the electronic component **61**, and the encapsulant **62** may be collectively referred to as a semiconductor device package or a package.

The encapsulant **62** may have a surface **621** facing away from the substrate **60**. The encapsulant **62** may have a dimension **d3** (e.g., a thickness or a height) measured between the surface **601** of the substrate **60** and the surface **621** of the encapsulant **62**. The encapsulant **13** may have a dimension **d4** (e.g., a length or a width) measured between two edges of the encapsulant **62** from a side view as shown in FIG. 6A. In some embodiments, the dimension **d4** may be greater than the dimension **d3**. In other words, the dimension **d3** may be smaller than the dimension **d4**. The longer or greater side of the encapsulant **62** may face the semiconductor device package **6s**.

The encapsulant **62** may define or have a cavity **62h** recessed from the surface **621**. The cavity **62h** may be

recessed from the longer or greater side (with the dimension $d4$) of the encapsulant **62**. In some embodiments, the cavity $62h$ may penetrate through the encapsulant **62**. For example, a part of the surface **601** of the substrate **60** may be exposed from the encapsulant **62** through the cavity $62h$. For example, the cavity $62h$ may penetrate from the surface **621** to the surface **601**.

In some embodiments, the cavity $62h$ may be inclined to a periphery of the encapsulant **62**. For example, the cavity $62h$ may be closer to a side of the encapsulant **62** than the opposite side of the encapsulant **62**. For example, the cavity $62h$ may be spaced apart from a central portion of the encapsulant **62**. For example, the cavity $62h$ may be spaced apart from a central line of the encapsulant **62**. In some embodiments, the cavity $62h$ may be spaced apart from the circuit area of the substrate **60**. For example, the circuit area of the substrate **60** is not exposed from the encapsulant **62**.

The substrate **60** may include, for example, one or more electrical contacts **63** proximate to, adjacent to, or embedded in and exposed from the surface **601** of the substrate **60**. In some embodiments, as shown in FIG. 6A, the electrical contact **63** may include a soldering material $63a$ on a conductive pad $63b$. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **63** may include other types of connecting elements described above (such as the electrical contact $11p1$, the conductive element **14**, the conductive material **30**, the conductive frame **40**, the conductive wire **50**, etc.). In some embodiments, the electrical contact **63** may be exposed from the encapsulant **62** through the cavity $62h$. For example, the electrical contact **63** may be partially exposed from the encapsulant **62** through the cavity $62h$.

Elastic elements **64** and **65** may be provided on a sidewall of the cavity $62h$. In some embodiments, a flexibility of the elastic element **64** may be greater than a flexibility of the encapsulant **62**. In some embodiments, a flexibility of the elastic element **64** may be greater than a flexibility of the electrical contact **63**. In some embodiments, a distance between the elastic element **64** and the surface **601** may be greater than a distance between the electrical contact **63** and the surface **601**. For example, in the normal direction of the surface **601**, the electrical contact **63** is located between the surface **601** and the elastic element **64**.

The semiconductor device package **6s** (which may be abbreviated as a package) may be accommodated in (such as partially accommodated in) the cavity $62h$. The package **6s** may include substrates $6s1$ and $6s3$, and a molding material $6s2$ (or an encapsulant) disposed between the substrates $6s1$ and $6s3$. In some embodiments, the package **6s** may include one or more electronic components on the substrate $6s1$ and/or the substrate $6s3$. The one or more electronic components may be disposed between the substrates $6s1$ and $6s3$. The one or more electronic components may be covered or encapsulated by the molding material $6s2$ (or an encapsulant). In some embodiments, the package **6s** may include one substrate and a molding material (or an encapsulant) disposed on the substrate. In some embodiments, the package **6s** may be or may include a conductive element. The package **6s** may include, for example, one or more conductive pads $6sc$ proximate to, adjacent to, or embedded in and exposed from the substrate $6s1$ and/or the substrate $6s3$.

In some embodiments, the package **6s** may have a portion physically connecting to the electrical contact **63**. For example, the package **6s** may have a portion directly contacting the electrical contact **63**. In some embodiments, the conductive pad $6sc$ may have a portion physically connect-

ing to the electrical contact **63**. For example, the conductive pad $6sc$ may have a portion directly contacting the electrical contact **63**.

In some embodiments, the package **6s** may have a portion physically disconnected from the electrical contact **63**. For example, the package **6s** may have a portion spaced apart from the electrical contact **63**. In some embodiments, the conductive pad $6sc$ may have a portion physically disconnected from the electrical contact **63**. For example, the conductive pad $6sc$ may have a portion spaced apart from the electrical contact **63**.

The package **6s** may be pluggable with respect to the cavity $62h$ of the encapsulant **62** through the encapsulant **62**. The package **6s** may be supported by the encapsulant **62**. For example, the package **6s** may be directly supported by the encapsulant **62**. For example, the package **6s** may be indirectly supported by the encapsulant **62**, such as through the elastic element **64** and the electrical contact **63**. The package **6s** may be surrounded by (such as partially accommodated by) the encapsulant **61**. The package **6s** may be mounted in the cavity $62h$. The electrical contact **63** and the conductive pad $6sc$ may provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate **60** and the package **6s**.

The package **6s** may be supported by the elastic element **64** and the electrical contact **63**. In some embodiments, the elastic element **64** and the electrical contact **63** may function as location-limiting elements for the package **6s**. For example, the elastic element **64** and the electrical contact **63** may fix the package **6s**. For example, the elastic element **64** and the electrical contact **63** may press against the package **6s**.

In some embodiments, the elastic element **64** may be a non-conductive location-limiting element. In some embodiments, the elastic element **64** may correspond to a non-conductive area (or a non-circuitry area) of the package **6s**. In some embodiments, the elastic element **64** may be physically connected with a non-conductive area (or a non-circuitry area) of the package **6s**. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **63** may be a conductive location-limiting element. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **63** may correspond to a conductive area (or a circuitry area) of the package **6s**. In some embodiments, the electrical contact **63** may be physically connected with a conductive area (or a circuitry area) of the package **6s**.

FIG. 6B illustrates a top view of a semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. FIG. 6B only illustrates a part of the encapsulant **62** and the elastic elements **64**, **65**. In some embodiments, the electronic assembly **6** in FIG. 6A may have a top view as shown in FIG. 6B.

The elastic elements **64** and **65** may have a triangular shape. In some other embodiments, the elastic elements can have any shape. In some other embodiments, at least two elastic elements **64** and **65** are provided on the opposite sidewalls of the cavity $62h$ to prevent the semiconductor device package **6s** from shifting or rotating. In some other embodiments, the elastic elements **64** and **65** may be provided symmetrically. In some other embodiments, the elastic elements **64** and **65** may face each other. In some other embodiments, there may be any number of elastic elements provided on a sidewall of the cavity $62h$.

FIG. 7 illustrates a cross sectional view of an exemplary electronic assembly **7** in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. The electronic assembly **7** in FIG. 7 is similar to the electronic assembly **1** in FIG. 1A

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except for the differences described below. The electronic assembly 7 may include a substrate 70, and a semiconductor device package 7s.

The substrate 70 may include, for example, one or more conductive pads 70p proximate to, adjacent to, or embedded in and exposed from a surface of the substrate 70 facing the semiconductor device package 7s. A socket 71 may be provided on the substrate 70 and connected to the conductive pad 70p. The socket 71 may have a cavity 71h. In some embodiments, the electrical contact 72 may be provided on a sidewall of the cavity 71h.

The semiconductor device package 7s may be accommodated in (such as partially accommodated in) the cavity 71h. The socket 71 and the electrical contact 72 may provide electrical interconnection or signal transmission between the substrate 70 and the semiconductor device package 7s.

FIG. 8A, FIG. 8B, FIG. 8C, FIG. 8D, and FIG. 8E illustrate one or more stages of a method of manufacturing an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. At least some of these figures have been simplified for a better understanding of the aspects of the present disclosure.

Referring to FIG. 8A, a substrate 11 having an electrical contact 11p1 on a surface 101 of the substrate 11 may be provided.

Referring to FIG. 8B, a protection layer 80 may be formed on the surface 101 of the substrate 11 to cover the electrical contact 11p1. In some embodiments, the protection layer 80 may include an adhesive such as a hot melt adhesive (HMA). In some embodiments, the protection layer 80 may include Ethylene-vinyl acetate (EVA), polyolefins (PO), polypropylene (PP), polyamides (PA), other feasible materials or two or more combinations thereof. In some embodiments, the protection layer 80 may be formed by using paste printing, compression molding, transfer molding selective molding, liquid glue molding, vacuum lamination, spin coating, or other suitable operations.

Referring to FIG. 8C, an encapsulant 13 may be formed on the surface 101 of the substrate 11 to cover the protection layer 80. In some embodiments, the encapsulant 13 may be formed by using paste printing, compression molding, transfer molding selective molding, liquid glue molding, vacuum lamination, spin coating, or other suitable operations.

Referring to FIG. 8D, a singulation may be performed through the encapsulant 13 and the substrate 11. The singulation may be performed, for example, by using a dicing saw, laser, or other appropriate cutting techniques. After the singulation, a part of the protection layer 80 may be exposed. The exposed protection layer 80 may be substantially coplanar with the surface 133 of the encapsulant 13 and the surface 113 of the substrate 11.

Referring to FIG. 8E, the protection layer 80 may be removed to form the cavity 13h1 in the encapsulant 13.

The structure manufactured through the operations illustrated in FIG. 8A, FIG. 8B, FIG. 8C, FIG. 8D, and FIG. 8E may be similar to the semiconductor device package in FIG. 1A and FIG. 1B.

FIG. 9A, FIG. 9B, FIG. 9C, and FIG. 9D illustrate one or more stages of a method of manufacturing an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. At least some of these figures have been simplified for a better understanding of the aspects of the present disclosure.

Referring to FIG. 9A, a substrate 11 having an electrical contact 11p1 on a surface 101 of the substrate 11 may be provided. A protection layer 90 may be formed on the surface 101 of the substrate 11 to cover the electrical contact

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11p1. The protection layer 90 may be thinner than the protection layer 80 in FIG. 8B. The protection layer 90 may have an irregular shape.

Referring to FIG. 9B, an encapsulant 13 may be formed on the surface 101 of the substrate 11 to cover the protection layer 90. Optionally, a singulation may be performed through the encapsulant 13 and the substrate 11. After the singulation, the electrical contact 11p1 may be closer to the edge of the encapsulant 13.

Referring to FIG. 9C, a cavity 13h1 may be formed by performing laser drilling. Then, a part of the protection layer 90 may be exposed. In some embodiments, residue of the encapsulant 13 as illustrated in the dotted circle 13b may remain on the substrate 11.

Referring to FIG. 9D, the protection layer 90 may be removed to expose the electrical contact 11p1 in cavity 13h1. In some embodiments, since the protection layer 90 is removed after the laser drilling in FIG. 9C to form the cavity 13h1, the bottom surface 135 of the encapsulant 13 may be non-planar. The bottom surface 135 of the encapsulant 13 may have a hole as illustrated in the dotted circle 13a.

The structure manufactured through the operations illustrated in FIG. 9A, FIG. 9B, FIG. 9C, and FIG. 9D may be similar to the structure in FIG. 1D.

FIG. 10A, FIG. 10B, FIG. 10C, FIG. 10D, FIG. 10E, and FIG. 10F illustrate one or more stages of a method of manufacturing an exemplary semiconductor device package in accordance with some embodiments of the present disclosure. At least some of these figures have been simplified for a better understanding of the aspects of the present disclosure.

Referring to FIG. 10A, a substrate 11 having an electrical contact 11p1 on a surface 101 of the substrate 11 may be provided.

Referring to FIG. 10B, a conductive wire 50 may be formed on the electrical contact 11p1 through a wire bonding operation.

Referring to FIG. 10C, an encapsulant 13 may be formed on the surface 101 of the substrate 11 to cover the conductive wire 50.

Referring to FIG. 10D, a singulation may be performed through the encapsulant 13 and the substrate 11. After the singulation operation, a part of the conductive wire 50 may be exposed from the encapsulant 13. The exposed part of the conductive wire 50 may be substantially coplanar with the surface 133 of the encapsulant 13 and the surface 113 of the substrate 11.

Referring to FIG. 10E, a conductive layer 51' may be disposed on an external surface of the encapsulant 13. The conductive layer 51' may cover the exposed part of the conductive wire 50. In some embodiments, the conductive layer 51' may be a conductive thin film. The conductive layer 51' may be formed by, for example, a plating process.

Referring to FIG. 10F, the conductive layer 51' may be patterned to form a wire end pad 51.

The structure manufactured through the operations illustrated in FIG. 10A, FIG. 10B, FIG. 10C, FIG. 10D, FIG. 10E, and FIG. 10F may be similar to the semiconductor device package in FIG. 5.

Spatially relative terms, such as "beneath," "below," "lower," "above," "upper," "left," "right" and the like, may be used herein for ease of description to describe one element or feature's relationship to another element(s) or feature(s) as illustrated in the figures. The spatially relative terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in use or operation, in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures. The apparatus may be otherwise

oriented (rotated 90 degrees or at other orientations) and the spatially relative descriptors used herein may likewise be interpreted accordingly. It should be understood that when an element is referred to as being “connected to” or “coupled to” another element, it may be directly connected to or coupled to the other element, or intervening elements may be present.

As used herein, the terms “approximately”, “substantially”, “substantial” and “about” are used to describe and account for small variations. When used in conjunction with an event or circumstance, the terms can refer to instances in which the event or circumstance occurs precisely as well as instances in which the event or circumstance occurs to a close approximation. As used herein with respect to a given value or range, the term “about” generally means within $\pm 10\%$, $\pm 5\%$, $\pm 1\%$, or $\pm 0.5\%$ of the given value or range. Ranges can be expressed herein as from one endpoint to another endpoint or between two endpoints. All ranges disclosed herein are inclusive of the endpoints unless specified otherwise. The term “substantially coplanar” can refer to two surfaces within micrometers (μm) of lying along the same plane, such as within $10\ \mu\text{m}$, within $5\ \mu\text{m}$, within $1\ \mu\text{m}$, or within $0.5\ \mu\text{m}$ of lying along the same plane. When referring to numerical values or characteristics as “substantially” the same, the term can refer to the values lying within $\pm 10\%$, $\pm 5\%$, $\pm 1\%$, or $\pm 0.5\%$ of an average of the values.

The foregoing outlines features of several embodiments and detailed aspects of the present disclosure. The embodiments described in the present disclosure may be readily used as a basis for designing or modifying other processes and structures for carrying out the same or similar purposes and/or achieving the same or similar advantages of the embodiments introduced herein. Such equivalent constructions do not depart from the spirit and scope of the present disclosure, and various changes, substitutions, and alterations may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present disclosure.

What is claimed is:

1. An electronic assembly, comprising:
 - a package including an electronic component and a protection layer covering the electronic component; and
 - a conductive element supported by the protection layer and electrically connected with the electronic component through an electrical contact,
 wherein the protection layer has a first surface with a first dimension and a second surface with a second dimension longer than the first dimension, and a cavity is recessed from the first surface of the protection layer.
2. The electronic assembly of claim 1, wherein the conductive element has a first portion physically connecting to the electrical contact and a second portion physically disconnected from the electrical contact.
3. The electronic assembly of claim 1, wherein the package includes a substrate on which the electronic component is disposed and the cavity is spaced apart from a top surface of the protection layer facing away from the substrate.
4. The electronic assembly of claim 1, wherein the package includes a substrate on which the electronic component is disposed and an edge of the protection layer has a surface substantially coplanar with a lateral surface of the substrate.
5. The electronic assembly of claim 1, wherein the protection layer defines a plurality of cavities including the cavity and separated from each other, and the electronic assembly includes a plurality of conductive elements including the conductive element, wherein each of the plurality of conductive elements is accommodated in one of the plurality of cavities.

6. An electronic assembly, comprising:
 - a first package including an electronic component and a protection layer covering the electronic component, wherein the protection layer has a cavity recessed from the protection layer;
 - a conductive element supported by the protection layer and electrically connected with the electronic component through an electrical contact; and
 - a first location-limiting element within the cavity configured to fix the conductive element, wherein the first location-limiting element is physically connected to a non-circuitry area of the conductive element.
7. The electronic assembly of claim 6, wherein the protection layer has a first surface with a first dimension and a second surface with a second dimension longer than the first dimension, and wherein the cavity is recessed from the second surface of the protection layer.
8. The electronic assembly of claim 6, wherein a flexibility of the first location-limiting element is greater than a flexibility of the protection layer.
9. The electronic assembly of claim 6, further comprising:
 - a second location-limiting element, wherein the first location-limiting element and the second location-limiting element are disposed on the protection layer and facing each other.
10. The electronic assembly of claim 6, wherein the cavity is inclined to a periphery of the protection layer.
11. The electronic assembly of claim 6, wherein the cavity penetrates through the protection layer.
12. The electronic assembly of claim 6, further comprising:
 - a second package mounted in the cavity, wherein the second package has a first substrate and the conductive element is disposed on the first substrate.
13. The electronic assembly of claim 12, wherein the second package further comprises a second substrate, and a molding material disposed between the first substrate and the second substrate.
14. An electronic assembly, comprising:
 - a first package including a first electronic component and a first protection layer covering the first electronic component, the first protection layer defining a cavity penetrating the first protection layer;
 - a second package pluggable with respect to the cavity of the first package through the first protection layer; and
 - a location-limiting element configured to fix the second package.
15. The electronic assembly of claim 14, wherein the location-limiting element has a conductive portion and a non-conductive portion, wherein the conductive portion corresponds to a conductive area of the second package and the non-conductive portion corresponds to a non-conductive area of the second package.
16. The electronic assembly of claim 15, wherein a flexibility of the non-conductive portion is greater than a flexibility of the conductive portion.
17. The electronic assembly of claim 14, wherein the second package includes a second electronic component and a second protection layer covering the second electronic component.
18. The electronic assembly of claim 15, wherein the non-conductive portion protrudes from an internal surface of the cavity so that a gap exists between the first package and the second package.