(12) 按照专利合作条约所公布的国际申请

(19) 世界知识产权组织
国 际 局

(43) 国际公布日
2021 年 2 月 4 日 (04.02.2021)

WIPO | PCT

(10) 国际公布号
WO 2021/017916 A1

(51) 国际专利分类号:
G01M 17/007 (2006.01)

(21) 国际申请号: PCT/CN2020/102925

(22) 国际申请日: 2020 年 7 月 20 日 (20.07.2020)

(25) 申请语言: 中文

(26) 公布语言: 中文

(30) 优先权:
201910707483.1 2019年8月1日 (01.08.2019) CN

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(81) 指定国 (除另有指明, 要求每一种可提供的国家保护): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DJ, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, IT, JO, JP, KE, KG, KH, KN, KP, KR, KW, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL,

(54) **Title:** AIRBAG DEPLOYMENT TESTING SYSTEM

(54) 发明名称: 一种安全气囊展开的试验系统

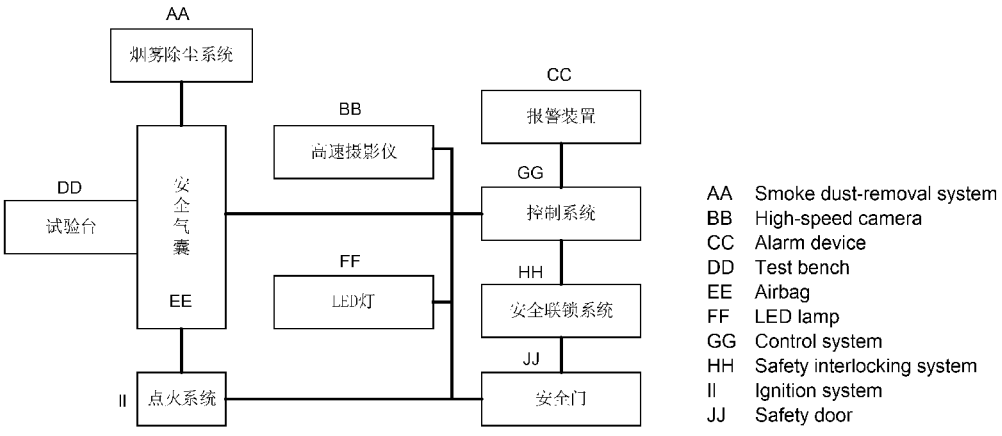

图 1

(57) **Abstract:** Provided is an airbag (1) deployment testing system; the ignition system of the testing system is connected to each of a high-speed camera (2), an LED lamp (3), and a safety interlocking system; the high-speed camera (2) is connected to the LED lamp (3); the safety interlocking system is connected to a control system; a first green lamp, a first red lamp, a second green lamp, and a second red lamp are installed on a test bench; a personnel identification module is connected to the first green lamp and the first red lamp; the safety interlocking system comprises a personnel identification module and a safety door detection module; the personnel identification module is connected to the first green lamp and the first red lamp, and the safety door detection module is connected to the second green lamp and the second red lamp; the control system is used for detecting the parameter values of the ignition system, the high-speed camera (2), the LED lamp (3), or safety interlock system and, according to the parameter values, controlling whether to activate the ignition system, high-speed camera (2), LED lamp (3), or safety interlocking system. The testing system can detect the deployment speed, posture, shape of the airbag, and whether there are metal projectiles.

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ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, WS, ZA, ZM, ZW。

(84) 指定国(除另有指明，要求每一种可提供的地区保护)：ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), 欧亚 (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), 欧洲 (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG)。

本国际公布:

— 包括国际检索报告(条约第21条(3))。

(57) 摘要：一种安全气囊（1）展开的试验系统，该试验系统的点火系统分别与高速摄影仪（2）、LED灯（3）、安全联锁系统连接；高速摄影仪（2）与LED灯（3）连接；安全联锁系统与控制系统连接；试验台上安装有第一绿灯、第一红灯、第二绿灯和第二红灯；人员识别模块与第一绿灯、第一红灯连接；安全联锁系统包括人员识别模块和安全门检测模块；人员识别模块与第一绿灯、第一红灯连接，安全门检测模块与第二绿灯、第二红灯连接；控制系统用于检测点火系统、高速摄影仪（2）、LED灯（3）或安全联锁系统的参数值并根据参数值控制点火系统、高速摄影仪（2）、LED灯（3）或安全联锁系统是否开启。该试验系统能够检测安全气囊的展开速率、姿态、形貌以及是否有金属迸射物。

AIRBAG DEPLOYMENT TESTING SYSTEM

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present disclosure belongs to the technical field of automobile part test, in particular to an airbag deployment testing system.

BACKGROUND ART

[0002] The airbag can complete work within tens of milliseconds after a car collision accident happens, thereby quickly generating an airbag containing a certain amount of gas, so as to reduce injury degree of drivers and passengers and avoid secondary collision.

[0003] Airbags are mainly distributed in the front and sides of the vehicle. Front airbags in the driver's seat and the co-driver's seat can effectively protect heads, chests and knees of the driver and the passenger at the co-driver's seat at the moment of frontal collision, and side airbags can effectively protect upper limbs, chests, crotches and heads of the passengers in the vehicle at the moment of side collision. Therefore, the safety of drivers and passengers directly depends on the quality of the airbag.

[0004] However, the airbag in the prior art will shake violently during deployment, so the following problems exist.

[0005] Due to lack of regular sampling inspection on the deployment process of the airbag, during the use of the airbag, when the reagent emitted by the airbag is aging and hygroscopic, the user cannot detect the property change data of the reagent in time. Therefore, it is very easy for the airbag to explode during use.

[0006] Because working time of the airbag is very short (tens of milliseconds) and the pressure is relatively high, it is necessary to develop an airbag deployment testing system that can detect property data of a deployment speed, an posture , a shape and metal projectiles of the airbag, so as to reduce the probability of airbag explosion accident as much as possible.

SUMMARY

[0007] An object of the present disclosure is to provide an airbag deployment testing system which can effectively detect a deployment speed, a posture, a shape of the airbag and whether there are metal projectiles, so as to provide accurate speed design and identification input parameters for an airbag.

[0008] The above object of the disclosure is obtained through the following technical solution.

[0009] An airbag deployment testing system includes a test bench, a high-speed camera, an LED lamp, a safety interlocking system, a control system and an ignition system.

[0010] The ignition system is connected with the high-speed camera, the LED lamp and the safety interlocking system; the high-speed camera is connected with the LED lamp; the safety interlocking system is connected with the control system.

[0011] A first green lamp, a first red lamp, a second green lamp and a second red lamp are installed on the test bench; the ignition system is used to trigger deployment of an airbag.

[0012] The high-speed camera is used for collecting and recording a deployment process of the airbag.

[0013] The LED lamp is used to provide brightness and light for recording the deployment process of the airbag by the high-speed camera.

[0014] The safety interlocking system includes a personnel identification module and a safety door detection module; the personnel identification module is connected with the first green lamp and the first red lamp.

[0015] The personnel identification module is used to identify whether an operator is in a laboratory, and the personnel identification module is connected with the first green lamp and the first red lamp; if the operator is in the laboratory, the first red lamp is on; if the operator is not in the laboratory, the first green lamp is on.

[0016] The safety door detection module is used to determine whether a safety door is closed, and the safety door detection module is connected with the second green lamp and the second red lamp.

[0017] The control system is used to detect parameter values of the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp or the safety interlocking system, and to control whether to activate the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp or the safety interlocking system, according to the parameter values.

[0018] The present disclosure has the following beneficial effects.

[0019] (1) the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure can test and identify the speed, the posture, the shape of the airbag and whether there are metal projectiles in the airbag deployment process, and can provide data for experimental research and design, delivery inspection and judicial identification of the airbag and the like.

[0020] (2) the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure has the advantages of monitoring the functionality and safety of the airbag ignition system, and displays and alarms the results.

[0021] (3) the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure has the safety interlocking system. During the test process, if there are cases in which an operator operates incorrectly, the test safety door is not normally closed, the operator is not evacuated, etc., the system will automatically lock, so as to ensure the safety of the whole test.

[0022] (4) the LED lamp, the high-speed camera and the like used in the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure have automatic adjustment function, which greatly improves working efficiency.

[0023] (5) the smoke dust-removal device in the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure is linked with the testing system. When smoke is generated during the test, the smoke dust-removal system may automatically start to discharge the smoke during the test from the laboratory.

[0024] (6) the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure has the advantages of small volume, convenient movement, reasonable human-computer interaction, etc.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0025] FIG. 1 is a schematic structural diagram of a principle of an airbag deployment

testing system according to an embodiment of the present disclosure;

[0026] FIG. 2 is a schematic structural diagram of a position of the airbag deployment testing system according to an embodiment of the present disclosure;

[0027] List of reference numerals: 1 DAB-1 airbag; 2 high-speed camera; 3 LED lamp.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0028] I. An airbag deployment testing system

[0029] FIG. 1 shows an airbag deployment testing system provided by an embodiment of the disclosure. Referring to Fig. 1, the testing system includes: a test bench, a high-speed camera, an LED lamp, a safety interlocking system, a control system and an ignition system.

[0030] The ignition system is connected with the high-speed camera, the LED lamp and the safety interlocking system. The high-speed camera is connected with the LED lamp, and the safety interlocking system is connected with the control system.

[0031] The ignition system is used to trigger deployment of an airbag.

[0032] The high-speed camera is used to collect and record the deployment process of the airbag.

[0033] The LED lamp is used to provide brightness and light for recording the deployment process of the airbag by the high-speed camera.

[0034] The safety interlocking system includes a personnel identification module and a safety door detection module.

[0035] The personnel identification module is used to identify whether an operator is in a laboratory, and the personnel identification module is connected with a first green lamp and a first red lamp. If the operator is in the laboratory, the first red lamp is on; if the operator is not in the laboratory, the first green lamp is on.

[0036] The safety door detection module is used to determine whether the safety door is closed, and the safety door detection module is connected with a second green lamp and a second red lamp.

[0037] The control system is used to detect parameter values of the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp or the safety interlocking system, and to control whether to activate the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp or the safety interlock system according to the parameter values.

[0038] Components and working processes of the test bench, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp, the safety interlocking system, the control system and the ignition system will be described in detail below.

[0039] In the embodiment, a plurality of detection lamps can be installed on the test bench, including a first green lamp, a first red lamp, a second green lamp, a second red lamp and a warning lamp.

[0040] The high-speed camera is used to collect and record the deployment process, a posture, a shape and projectiles of the airbag.

[0041] The LED lamp is used to provide brightness and light for recording the deployment process of the airbag by the high-speed camera, so that the high-speed camera can clearly capture the deployment process, the posture, the shape and the projectiles of the airbag.

[0042] In some embodiments, the safety interlocking system includes a personnel identification module and a safety door detection module; the personnel identification module uses a face identification method or an infrared laser method to identify whether the operator is in the laboratory.

[0043] The personnel identification module includes an infrared sensor and an identification device, and the identification device is connected with the first green lamp and the first red lamp.

[0044] The infrared sensor is used to detect data of an object, such as a temperature, an outline and a size, and transmit the data to the identification device. The identification device identifies whether an operator is in the laboratory according to a preset threshold. If so, the first red lamp is on; if not, the first green lamp is on. Whether the operator is in the laboratory during the testing process can be identified by the personnel identification module, so as to ensure safety of the operator.

[0045] The safety door detection module is used to determine whether the laboratory safety door is closed, and the safety door detection module is connected with the second green lamp and the second red lamp. The safety door detection module includes a transmitting device, a signal detection device, a receiving device and a determination device. The transmitting device, the signal detection device, the receiving device and the determination device are connected in sequence.

[0046] In the embodiment, the transmitting device can be installed outside the safety door. When an operator in front of the test bench presses the safety interlocking detection button, the transmitting device transmits a signal, and the signal detection device detects whether the safety door is closed.

[0047] When the signal detection device detects that the safety door is closed, the receiving device (for example, it can be installed on a door frame of the safety door) receives the signal transmitted and feeds it back to the determination device, then the determination device determines that the safety door is closed, and the second green lamp is on.

[0048] When the signal detection device detects that the safety door is not closed in place or not closed, and the receiving device cannot receive the signal transmitted, the determination device determines that the safety door is not closed, and the second red lamp is on.

[0049] When the first green lamp and the second green lamp are on at the same time, the test will enter a ready state.

[0050] When the first red lamp and / or the second red lamp are on, the test cannot be carried out. The operator in the laboratory needs to detect whether the safety door is closed again.

[0051] When the personnel identification module identifies that no one is in the laboratory and the safety door detection module determines that the laboratory safety door is closed, the safety interlocking system sends a signal to the control system, the control system may activate the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp, etc. so as to start the test.

[0052] When the personnel identification module identifies that an operator is in the laboratory and / or the safety door detection module determines that the safety door is

open, the safety interlocking system sends a signal to the control system, so that the whole testing system may automatically lock to ensure the safety of the whole test.

[0053] The control system includes a plurality of start buttons to control start of the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp and the safety interlocking system respectively. The control system can perform a safety detection on the ignition system of the airbag before ignition, and display the detected results.

[0054] The control system is used to detect the following parameters: whether resistance of the ignition system is normal, whether the safety door is closed, whether the operator is in the laboratory, whether the LED lamp is on and so on. The control system detects the above parameters mainly to ensure that the instruments are in a normal state before the test, and the safety of the test process.

[0055] Furthermore, the control system also includes an emergency stop button, which is used in the following emergency situations: 1) someone accidentally breaks into the laboratory after the test all is ready; 2) some instruments are abnormal after all of the test is ready; 3) the test is to be carried out or cancelled because of other reasons.

[0056] Furthermore, the control system also includes an adjustment button, which is used to adjust light intensity of the LED lamp and a center point of the high-speed camera. The adjustment button can also adjust angles and directions of the high-speed camera and / or LED lamp.

[0057] The ignition system provides safe constant current source current for ignition of the airbag. The ignition system is connected with a warning lamp. When the ignition system is in a short circuit state, the warning lamp is green. When the ignition system is in the testing state, the warning lamp is red. The ignition system includes a constant current source, a capacitor, a charging switch, an ignition switch and a high-voltage ignition wire. During use, the charging switch is pressed down firstly, and the constant current source may charge the capacitor. After the capacitor is fully charged, the charging switch may be automatically disconnected. The ignition switch is pressed down, so that the current flows through the high-voltage ignition line to trigger the deployment of the airbag.

[0058] Furthermore, the airbag deployment testing system in this embodiment also includes an alarm device, which is connected with an output end of the control system. When the control system detects abnormal results in the deployment of the airbag and / or the deployment of the airbag caused by incorrect operation, the alarm device starts to alarm. It can be understood that the alarm device may be a device with alarm function, such as a siren and an alarm lamp. The alarm device includes an abnormal result alarm device and an incorrect operation alarm device.

[0059] The abnormal result alarm device may alarm under the following situations:

[0060] 1) during the test, someone broke into the laboratory accidently;

[0061] 2) the resistance is abnormal before the test;

[0062] 3) light intensity of the LED is insufficient;

[0063] 4) the interlocking alarm system is abnormal; in some embodiments, alarms of different types of abnormal results can be represented by different numbers and / or different lamps.

[0064] The incorrect operation alarm device may alarm under the following situations:

[0065] 1) an ignition button is pressed down incorrectly when someone is in the laboratory;

[0066] 2) an ignition button is pressed down incorrectly when the safety door is not closed;

[0067] 3) an ignition button is pressed down incorrectly, without comprehensive self-inspection.

[0068] The abnormal result alarm device and the incorrect operation alarm device are both manual or automatic alarm devices. The above abnormal results are alarmed when the normal process steps are unqualified or not met. The incorrect operation alarm device may alarm under abnormal operations.

[0069] Furthermore, the airbag deployment testing system in this embodiment also includes a smoke dust-removal system. The smoke dust-removal device can be linked with the testing system. When smoke is generated during the test, the smoke dust-removal system may automatically start to discharge the smoke generated during the test from the laboratory. In addition, after the test is completed, the smoke dust-removal system is used to remove dust in the laboratory to ensure cleanness of the laboratory environment. In this embodiment, the smoke dust-removal system can be, for example, a smoke filtering system, a smoke cleaning system, etc., which will not be described in detail here.

[0070] Furthermore, the airbag includes a curtain airbag.

[0071] II. Working process of the airbag deployment testing system

[0072] In the following embodiment, in order to illustrate the working process of the airbag deployment testing system in this embodiment, the airbag is selected as DAB-1 airbag and the LED lamp is selected as the high bright LED lamp.

[0073] FIG. 2 is a schematic structural diagram of a position of the airbag deployment testing system provided by the embodiment of the disclosure. Referring to Fig. 2, in this embodiment, two high-speed cameras can be selected to record the deployment process of the DAB-1 airbag, and an imaging angle formed between the two high-speed cameras is 90 degrees, so that all of the DAB-1 airbag at various angles can be captured comprehensively. It can be understood that in other embodiments, one or other number of high-speed cameras can also be selected, and the disclosure is not limited thereto. The alarm device in this embodiment takes the warning lamp as an example. In other embodiments, alarm devices such as sirens can also be selected.

[0074] First, the power supply of the DAB-1 airbag deployment testing system is turned on, and the control system controls the high-speed camera and the high bright LED to turn on for preheating. The safety interlocking system is started. At this time, the ignition system is in a short circuit state and the warning lamp is green. The DAB-1 airbag is installed into a chuck of the test bench. After confirming that the airbag is installed correctly, the ignition circuit of the ignition system is connected. The ignition circuit is a part of the ignition system and is located next to the airbag. The ignition circuit is connected with the plug. When the test is carried out, the plug is plugged in directly.

[0075] When an operator leaves the laboratory, the safety door is closed. When the safety interlocking system determines that no one is in the laboratory and the safety

door is in a closed state, the safety interlocking system sends a signal to the control system to control the ignition system to start.

[0076] Then, the control system controls the ignition system to start. The ignition system automatically detects the parameters of the DAB-1 airbag ignition system, such as resistance. When the parameters such as the resistance of the airbag ignition system are confirmed as preset parameters such as preset resistance, the control system adjusts the angles of the high-speed camera and the high bright LED lamp. After the angles meet the test requirements, the test button on the test bench is pressed down. Two high-speed cameras automatically record and store the deployment data of the DAB-1 airbag such as speeds, postures, shapes and projectiles in the deployment process, in two directions perpendicular to each other, and send the obtained deployment data of the airbag to the external computer equipment.

[0077] Finally, the external computer equipment generates an analysis report according to the deployment data of the airbag.

[0078] The airbag deployment testing system in this embodiment can be used to design and identify input parameters for the development, the production and the like of the airbag.

[0079] Specifically, a deployment speed of the airbag is obtained according to the deployment radius and time of the airbag, that is, the deployment percentage is expressed by the deployment radius of the airbag, and a ratio of the percentage to the deployment time of the airbag is the deployment speed of the airbag.

[0080] Deployment roundness of the airbag is obtained according to a ratio of the deployed horizontal area of the airbag to an area of a preset standard circle, and a value of the deployment roundness is used to represent the posture of the airbag.

[0081] The shape of the airbag includes data such as a length, a width and a shape of the airbag. The projectiles of the airbag mainly include a small amount of protective metal chips in the airbag.

[0082] The present disclosure has the following beneficial effects.

[0083] (1) The airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure can test and identify the speed, the posture, the shape of the airbag and whether there are metal projectiles in the airbag deployment process, and can provide data for experimental research and design, delivery inspection and judicial identification of the airbag and the like.

[0084] (2) The airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure has the advantages of monitoring the functionality and safety of the airbag ignition system, and displays and alarms the results.

[0085] (3) The airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure has the safety interlocking system. During the test process, if there are cases in which someone operates incorrectly, the test safety door is not normally closed, the operator is not evacuated, etc., the system will automatically lock, so as to ensure the safety of the whole test.

[0086] (4) The LED lamp, the high-speed camera and the like used in the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure have automatic adjustment function, which greatly improves working efficiency.

[0087] (5) The smoke dust-removal device in the airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure is linked with the testing system. When smoke is generated during the test, the smoke dust-removal system may automatically start to discharge the smoke during the test from the laboratory.

[0088] (6) The airbag deployment testing system of the disclosure has the advantages of small volume, convenient movement, reasonable human-computer interaction, etc.

[0089] Those skilled in the art can realize that the units and algorithm steps of each example described in combination with the embodiments disclosed in the embodiments of the disclosure can be realized by electronic hardware, or a combination of computer software and electronic hardware. Whether these functions are performed in hardware or software depends on the specific application and design constraints of the technical solution. Professional technicians may use different methods to realize the described functions for each specific application, but such realization should not be considered to be beyond the scope of the present disclosure.

[0090] In the embodiments provided in the present application, it should be understood that the disclosed devices and methods can be realized in other ways. For example, the device embodiment described above is only schematic. For example, the division of the unit is only a logical function division, and there can be another division mode in actual implementation. For example, multiple units or components can be combined or integrated into another system, or some features can be ignored or not executed. On the other hand, the mutual coupling or direct coupling or communication connection shown or discussed can be indirect coupling or communication connection through some interfaces, devices or units, and can be electrical, mechanical or other forms.

[0091] Units described as separate components may or may not be physically separated. Components displayed as units may or may not be physical units, which may be located at one place or distributed on a plurality of network units. Some or all of the units can be selected according to the actual needs to achieve the purpose of the embodiment.

[0092] In addition, in each embodiment of the disclosure, each functional unit can be integrated in one processing unit, each unit can exist separately and physically, or two or more units can be integrated in one unit.

[0093] If the functions are realized in the form of software functional units and sold or used as independent products, they can be stored in a computer-readable storage medium. Based on such understanding, the technical solution of the disclosure, in essence, or the part that contributes to the prior art or the part of the technical solution, can be embodied in the form of a software product, which is stored in a storage medium, the software product includes a plurality of instructions to enable a computer device (which can be a personal computer, a server, a network device, etc.) to perform all or part of the steps of the methods described in various embodiments of the present disclosure. The aforementioned storage media includes: U disks, mobile hard disks, ROMs, RAMs, magnetic disks or optical disks and other media that can store program code.

[0094] The above description is only the specific embodiment of the disclosure, but the protection scope of the disclosure is not limited thereto. Any technician familiar with the technical field can easily think of changes or replacements within the technical

scope disclosed by the disclosure, which should be covered by the protection scope of the disclosure. Therefore, the protection scope of the disclosure shall be subject to the protection scope of the claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An airbag deployment testing system, comprising a test bench, a high-speed camera, an LED lamp, a safety interlocking system, a control system and an ignition system;

wherein the ignition system is connected with the high-speed camera, the LED lamp and the safety interlocking system; the high-speed camera is connected with the LED lamp; the safety interlocking system is connected with the control system;

a first green lamp, a first red lamp, a second green lamp and a second red lamp are installed on the test bench;

the ignition system is used to trigger deployment of an airbag;

the high-speed camera is used for collecting and recording a deployment process of the airbag;

the LED lamp is used to provide brightness and light for recording the deployment process of the airbag by the high-speed camera;

the safety interlocking system comprises a personnel identification module and a safety door detection module; the personnel identification module is connected with the first green lamp and the first red lamp;

the personnel identification module is used to identify whether a person is in a laboratory, and the personnel identification module is connected with the first green lamp and the first red lamp; if the operator is in the laboratory, the first red lamp is on; if the operator is not in the laboratory, the first green lamp is on;

the safety door detection module is used to determine whether a safety door is closed, and the safety door detection module is connected with the second green lamp and the second red lamp;

the control system is used to detect parameter values of the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp or the safety interlocking system, and to control whether to activate the ignition system, the high-speed camera, the LED lamp or the safety interlocking system, according to the parameter values.

2. The testing system according to claim 1, wherein the personnel identification module comprises an infrared sensor and an identification device, and the identification device is connected with the first green lamp and the first red lamp;

the infrared sensor is used to detect information of an object and transmit the information of the object to the identification device; the identification device identifies whether the operator is in the laboratory according to a preset threshold; if so, the first red lamp is on; if not, the first green lamp is on.

3.The testing system according to claim 1, wherein the safety door detection module comprises a transmitting device, a safety door signal detection device, a receiving device and a determination device;

the transmitting device is used for transmitting a signal, and the signal detection device is used for detecting whether the safety door is closed;

when the signal detection device detects that the safety door is closed, the receiving device receives the signal transmitted and feeds the signal back to the determination device; the determination device determines that the safety door is closed, and the

second green lamp is on;

when the signal detection device detects that the safety door is not closed in place or not closed, the receiving device cannot receive the signal transmitted, and the determination device determines that the safety door is not closed in place or not closed, and the second red lamp is on.

4. The testing system according to claim 2, wherein when the first green lamp and the second green lamp are on at a same time, the testing system enters a ready state.

5. The testing system according to claim 1, wherein the control system comprises an adjustment button for adjusting light intensity of the LED lamp, a center point of the high-speed camera, a position of the high-speed camera and a position of the LED lamp.

6. The testing system according to claim 1, wherein the testing system further comprises an alarm device which is connected with the control system; when detection results of the airbag indicate that the detection results are abnormal or incorrect operations are made, the alarm device alarms.

7. The testing system according to claim 6, wherein the alarm device comprises an abnormal result alarm device and an incorrect operation alarm device.

8. The testing system according to claim 1, wherein the testing system further comprises a smoke dust-removal system which is connected with a gas outlet of the airbag and linked with the testing system; when smoke is detected, the smoke dust-removal system automatically starts to discharge the smoke out of the laboratory.

9. The testing system according to claim 1, wherein the airbag comprises a curtain airbag.

10. The testing system according to any one of claims 1-9, wherein the test bench of the testing system is in a form of a chuck.

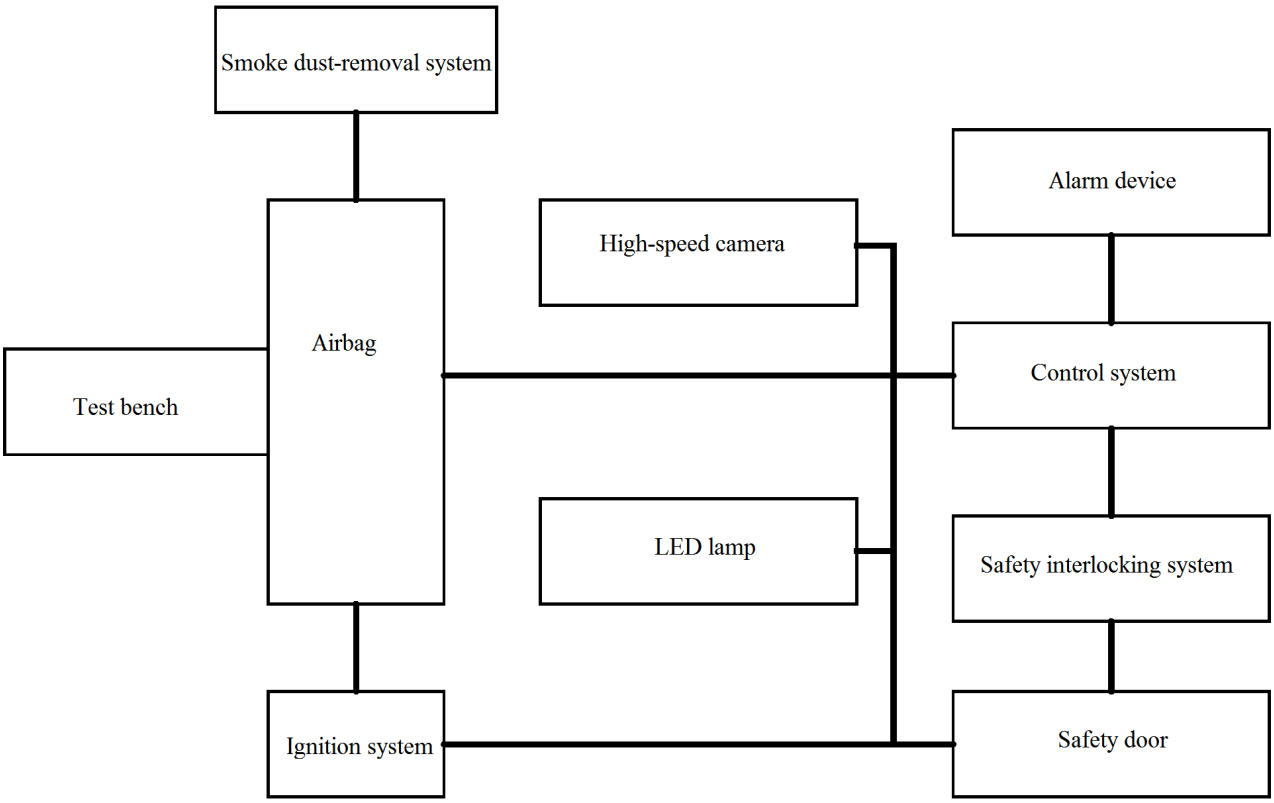
Smoke dust-removal system
Alarm device
High-speed camera
Airbag
Test bench
Control system
LED lamp
Safety interlocking system
Ignition system
Safety door

FIG.1

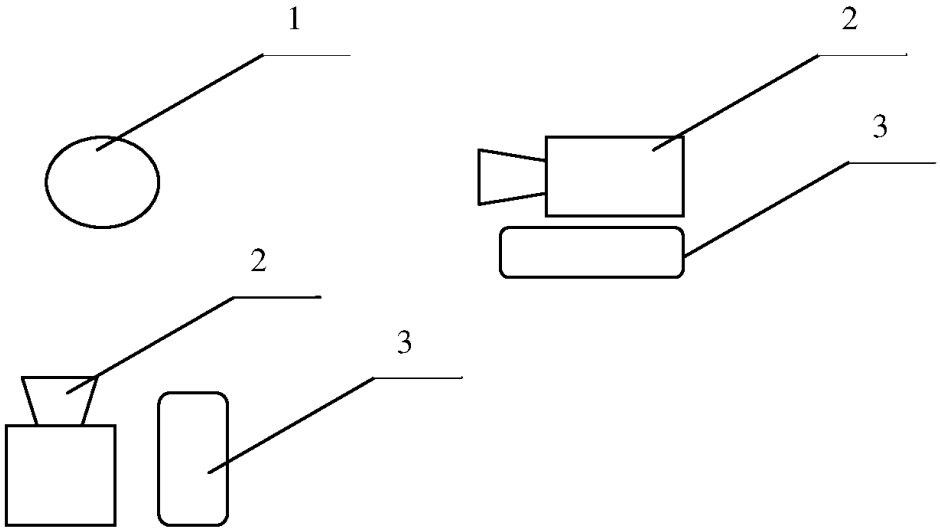

FIG.2