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(54) **INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS, WEB SERVER, AND NON-TRANSITORY COMPUTER READABLE STORAGE MEDIUM**

(71) Applicant: **MARS FLAG Corporation**, Tokyo (JP)

(72) Inventors: **Shinya TAKEI**, Tokyo (JP); **Toshiaki NAKATSU**, Tokyo (JP); **Umihito KUSAMA**, Tokyo (JP); **Takahide OHTAKE**, Tokyo (JP); **Kaoru ASHIHARA**, Tokyo (JP)

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G06F 17/22	(2006.01)
G06F 17/30	(2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC ***H04L 67/02*** (2013.01); ***G06F 17/3089*** (2013.01); ***G06F 17/30899*** (2013.01); ***G06F 3/0482*** (2013.01); ***G06F 17/2235*** (2013.01); ***G06F 17/2247*** (2013.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

An information processing apparatus that receives a link source page file including a plurality of links from a Web server, and displays the link source page file, the information processing apparatus comprising, a communication unit configured to communicate with the Web server, a display unit configured to display the link source page file received from the Web server, a detection unit configured to detect an operation from a user of the information processing apparatus with respect to the link source page file displayed by the display unit, and a processing unit configured to execute a script described in the link source page file.

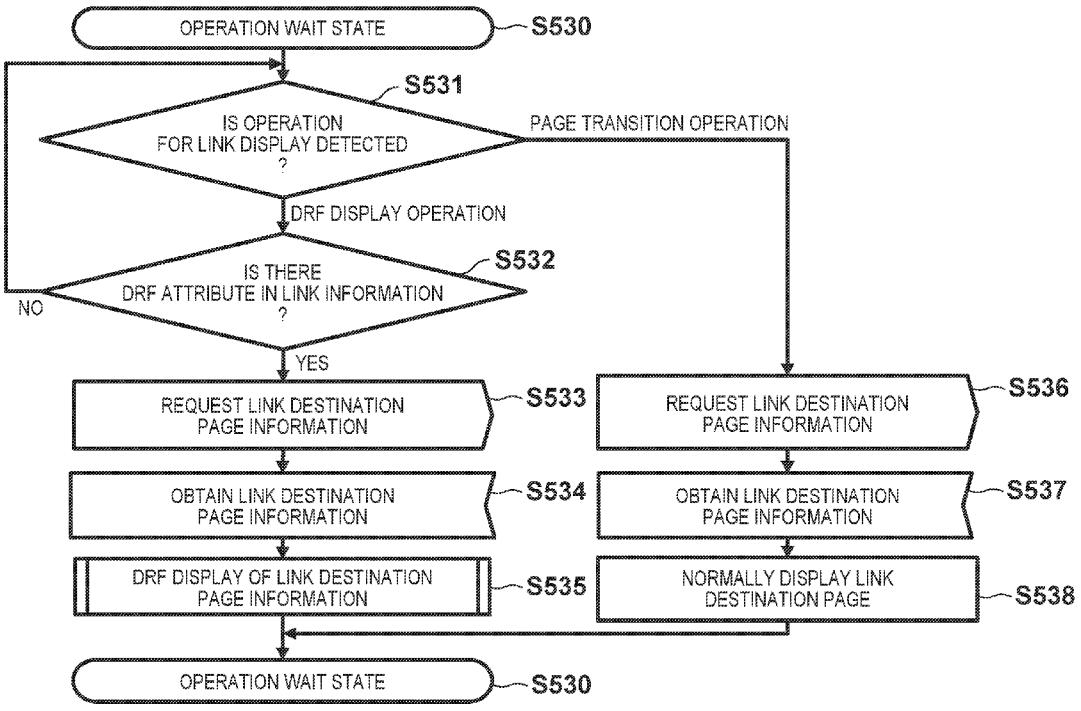


FIG. 1

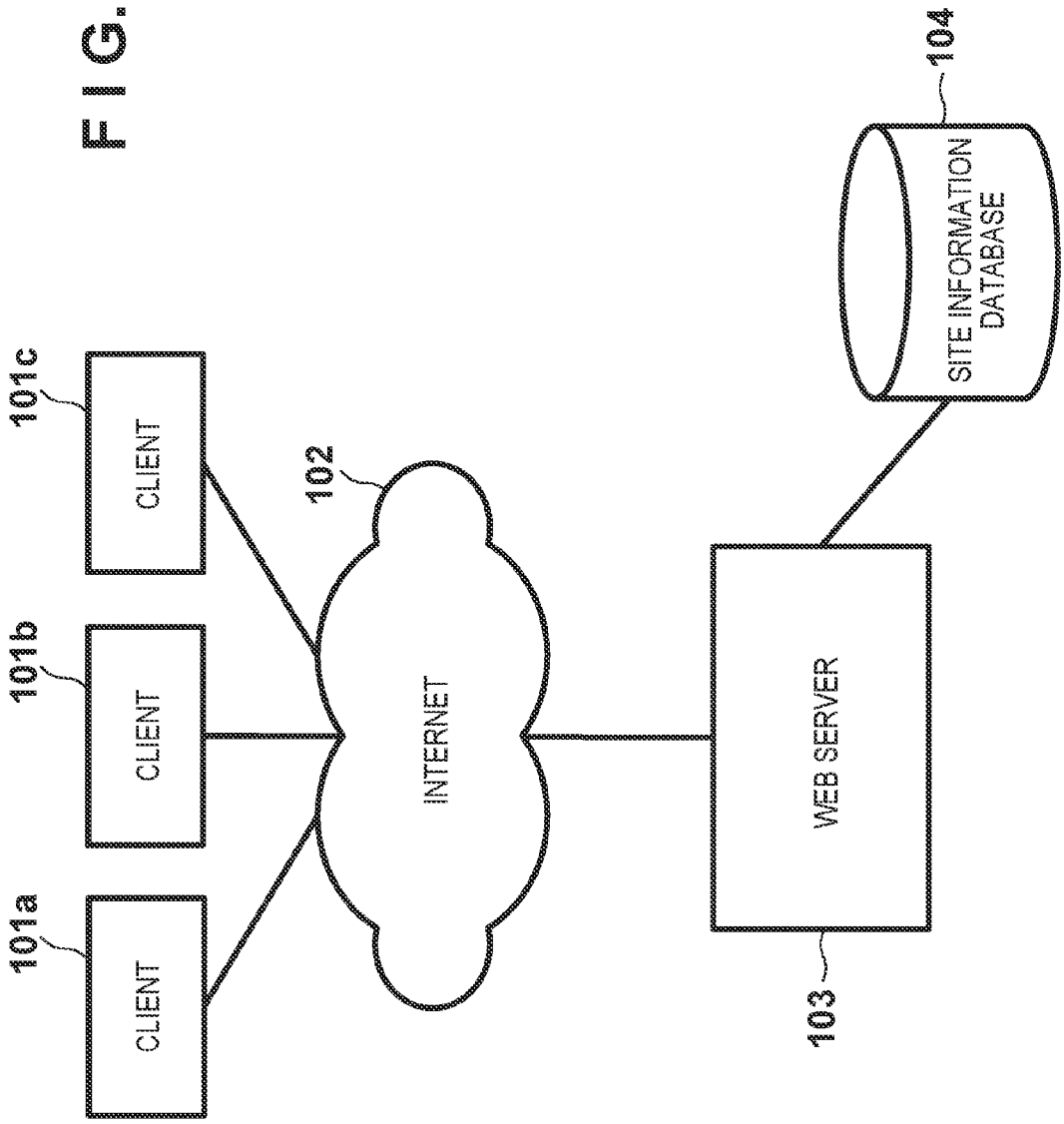

101c
CLIENT
101b
CLIENT
101a
CLIENT
102
INTERNET
WEB SERVER
103
104
SITE INFORMATION DATABASE

FIG. 2

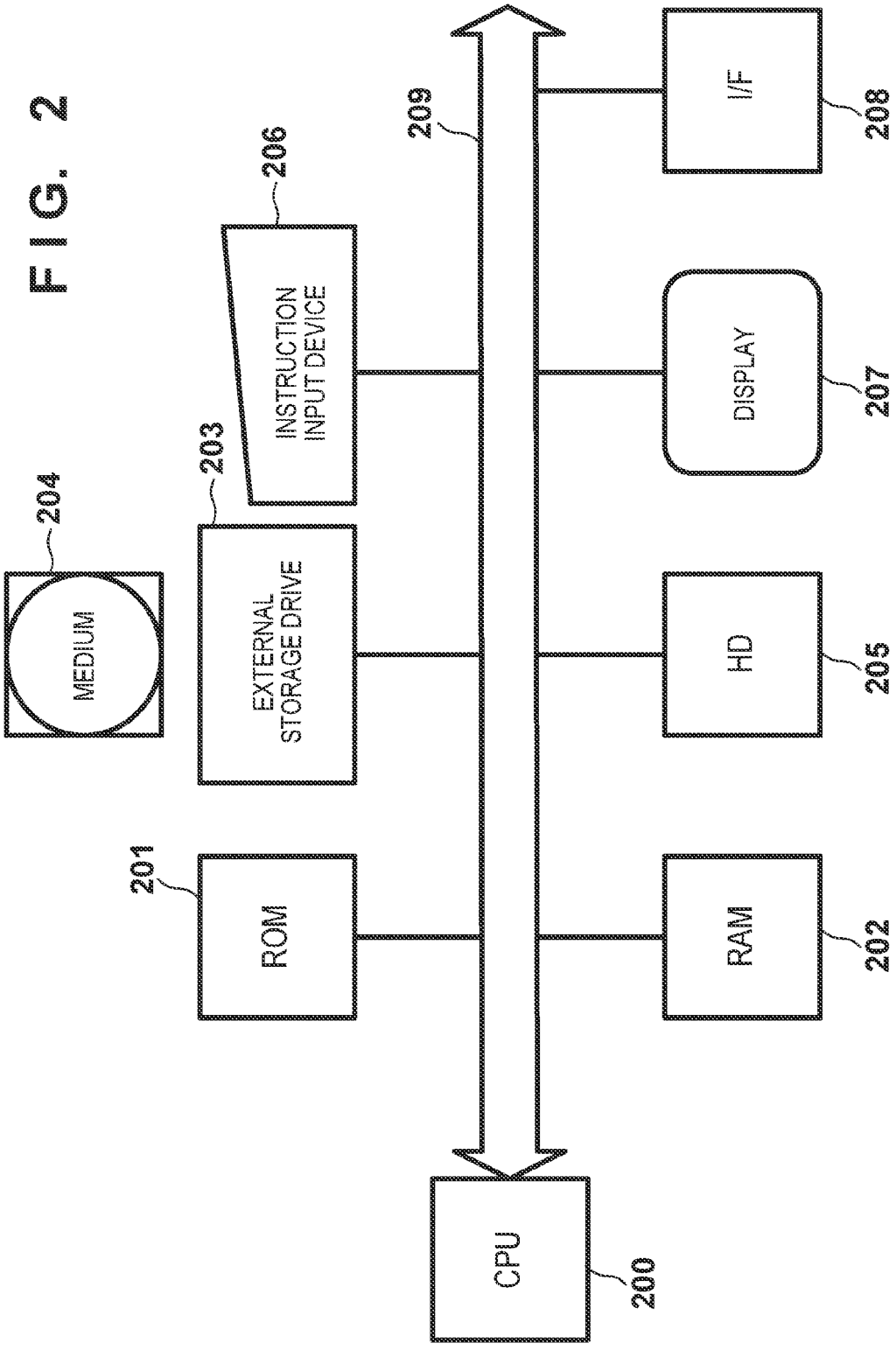

CPU
200
ROM
201
RAM
202
EXTERNAL STORAGE DRIVE
203
MEDIUM
204
HD
205
DISPLAY
207
INSTRUCTION INPUT DEVICE
206
I/F
208
209

FIG. 3

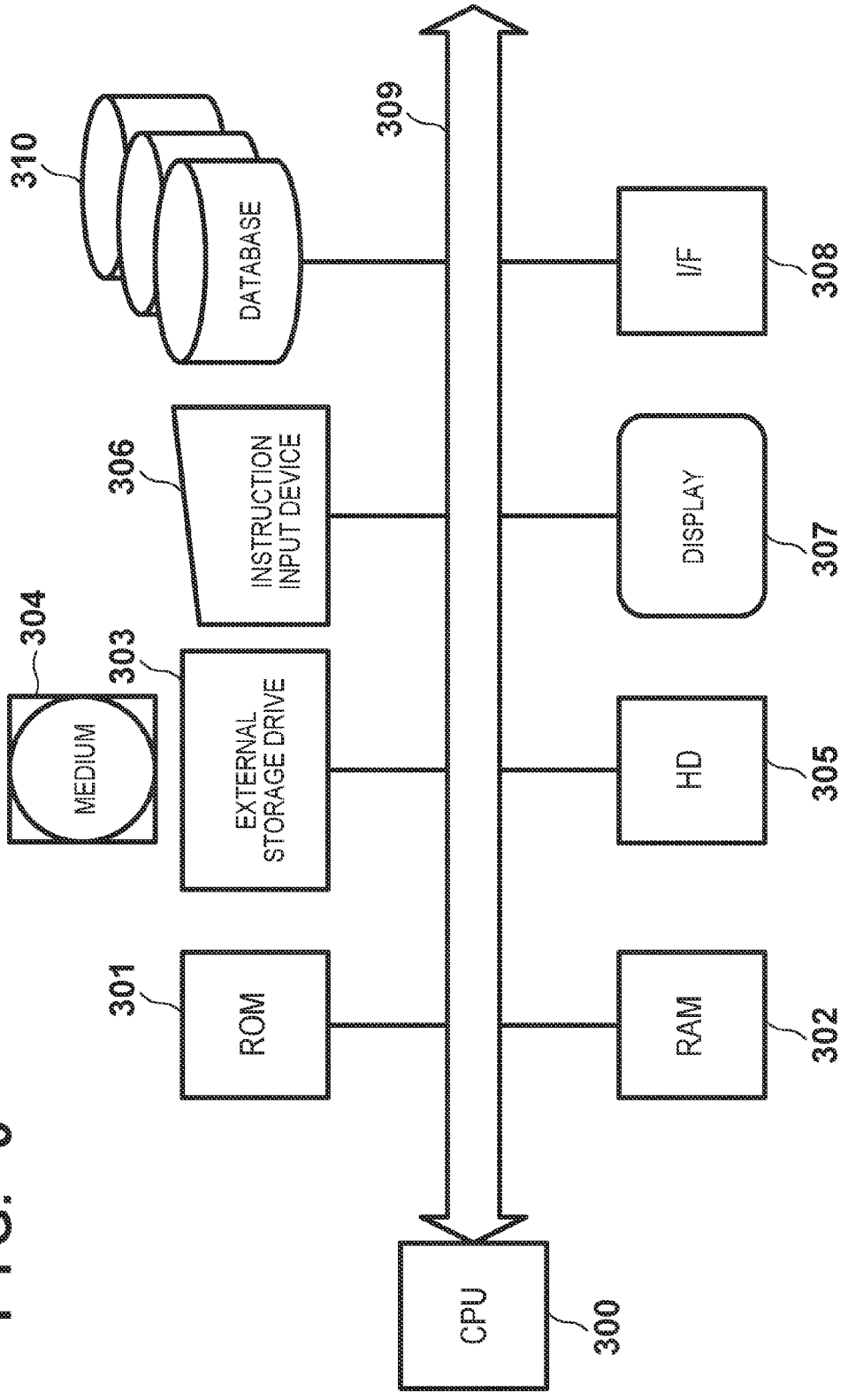

CPU
300
ROM
301
RAM
302
EXTERNAL STORAGE DRIVE
303
MEDIUM
304
HD
305
INSTRUCTION INPUT DEVICE
306
DISPLAY
307
I/F
308
309
DATABASE
310

FIG. 4

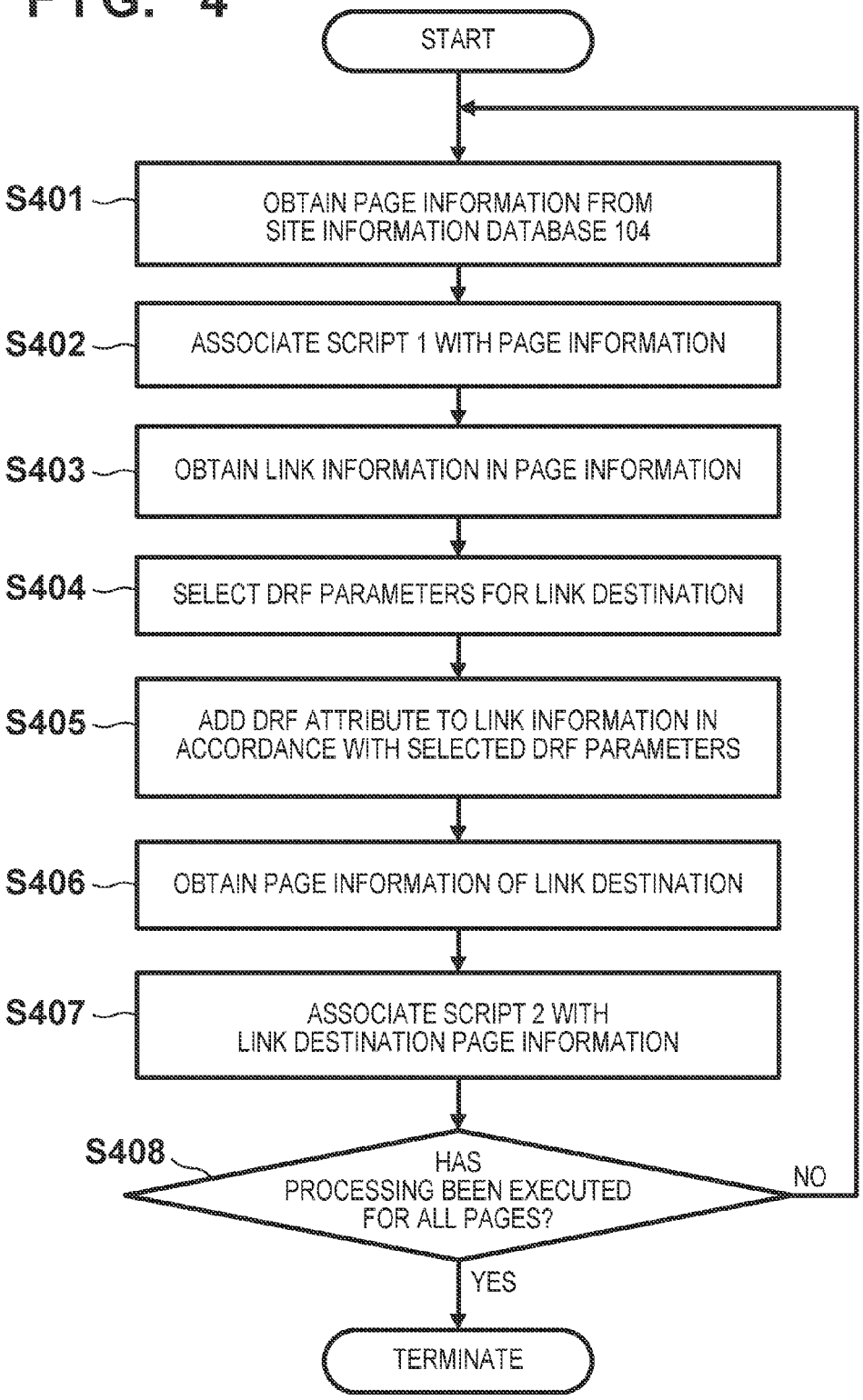

START
S401
OBTAIN PAGE INFORMATION FROM SITE INFORMATION DATABASE 104
S402
ASSOCIATE SCRIPT 1 WITH PAGE INFORMATION
S403
OBTAIN LINK INFORMATION IN PAGE INFORMATION
S404
SELECT DRF PARAMETERS FOR LINK DESTINATION
S405
ADD DRF ATTRIBUTE TO LINK INFORMATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SELECTED DRF PARAMETERS
S406
OBTAIN PAGE INFORMATION OF LINK DESTINATION
S407
ASSOCIATE SCRIPT 2 WITH LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S408
HAS PROCESSING BEEN EXECUTED FOR ALL PAGES?
NO
YES
TERMINATE

FIG. 5A

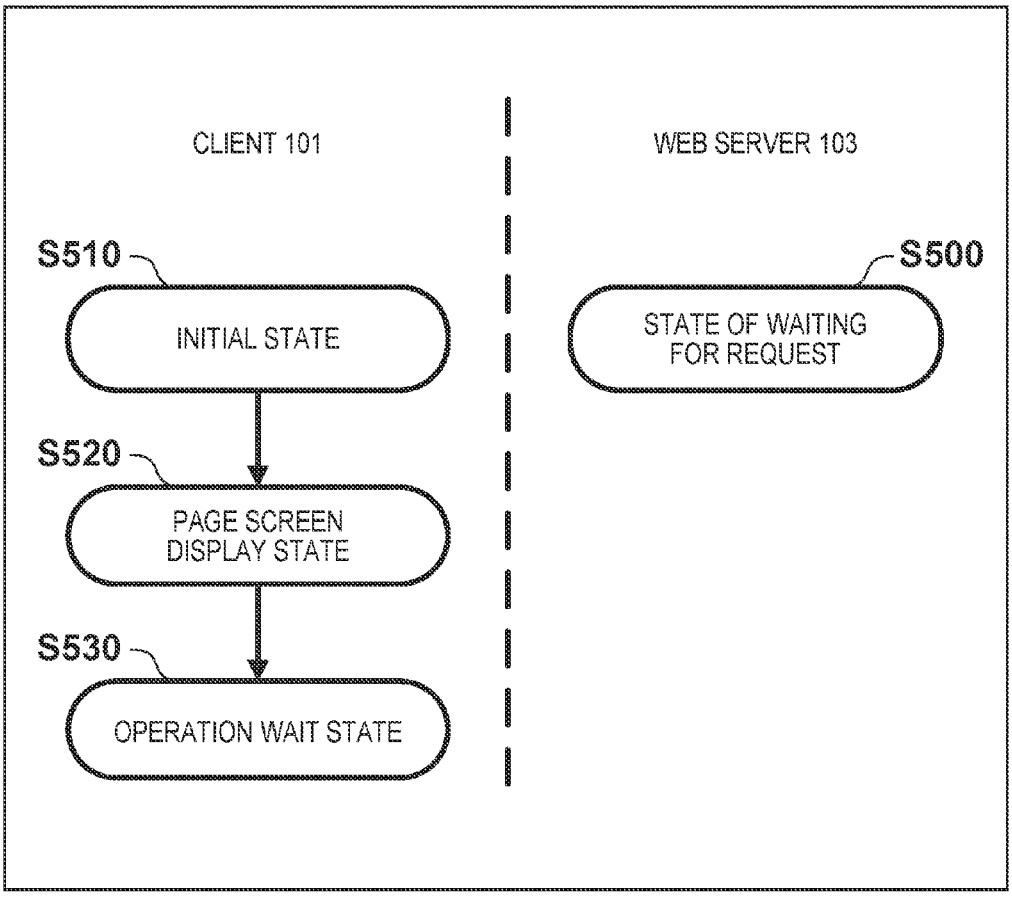

CLIENT 101
WEB SERVER 103
S510
INITIAL STATE
S520
PAGE SCREEN DISPLAY STATE
S530
OPERATION WAIT STATE
S500
STATE OF WAITING FOR REQUEST

FIG. 5B

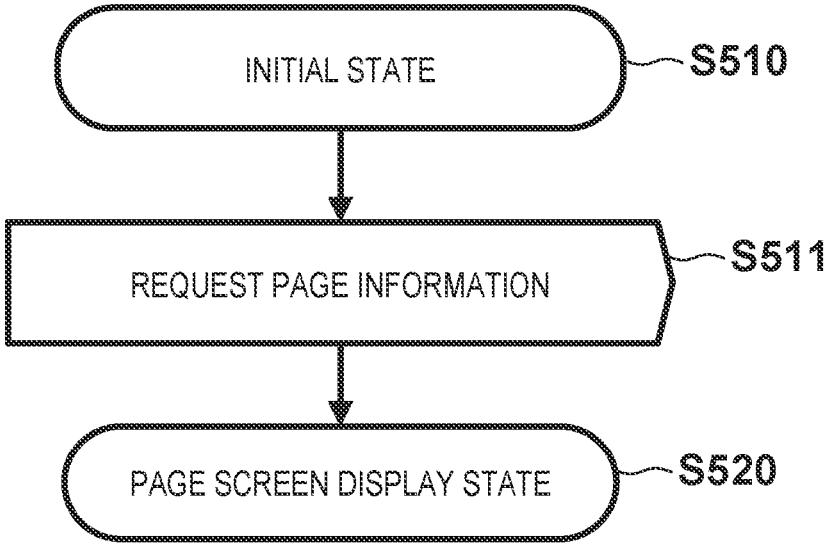

INITIAL STATE
S510
REQUEST PAGE INFORMATION
S511
PAGE SCREEN DISPLAY STATE
S520

FIG. 5C

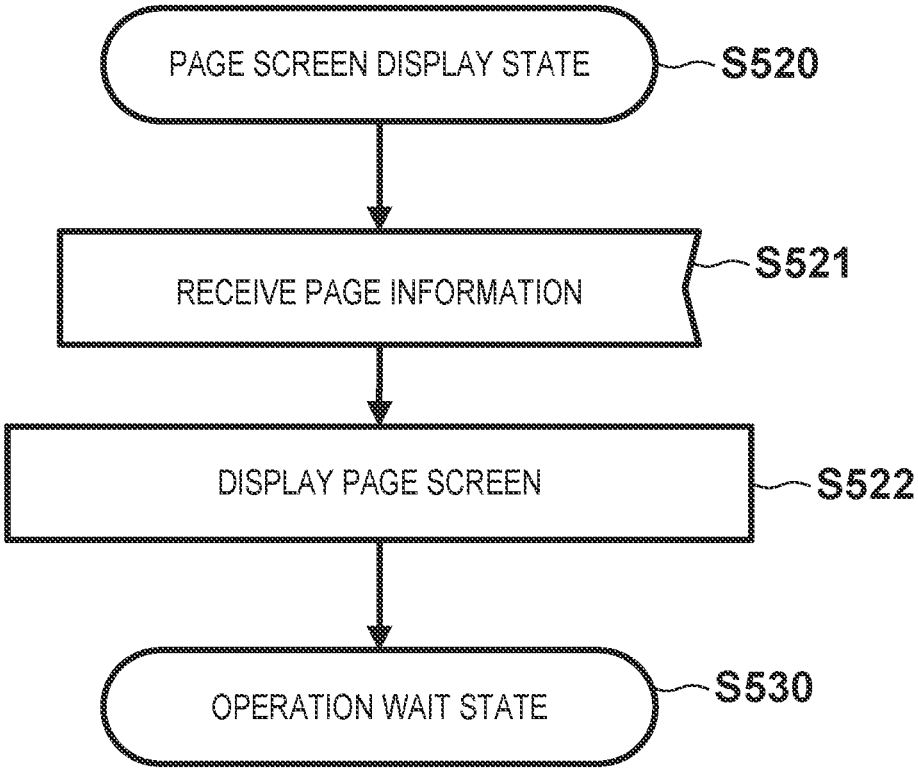
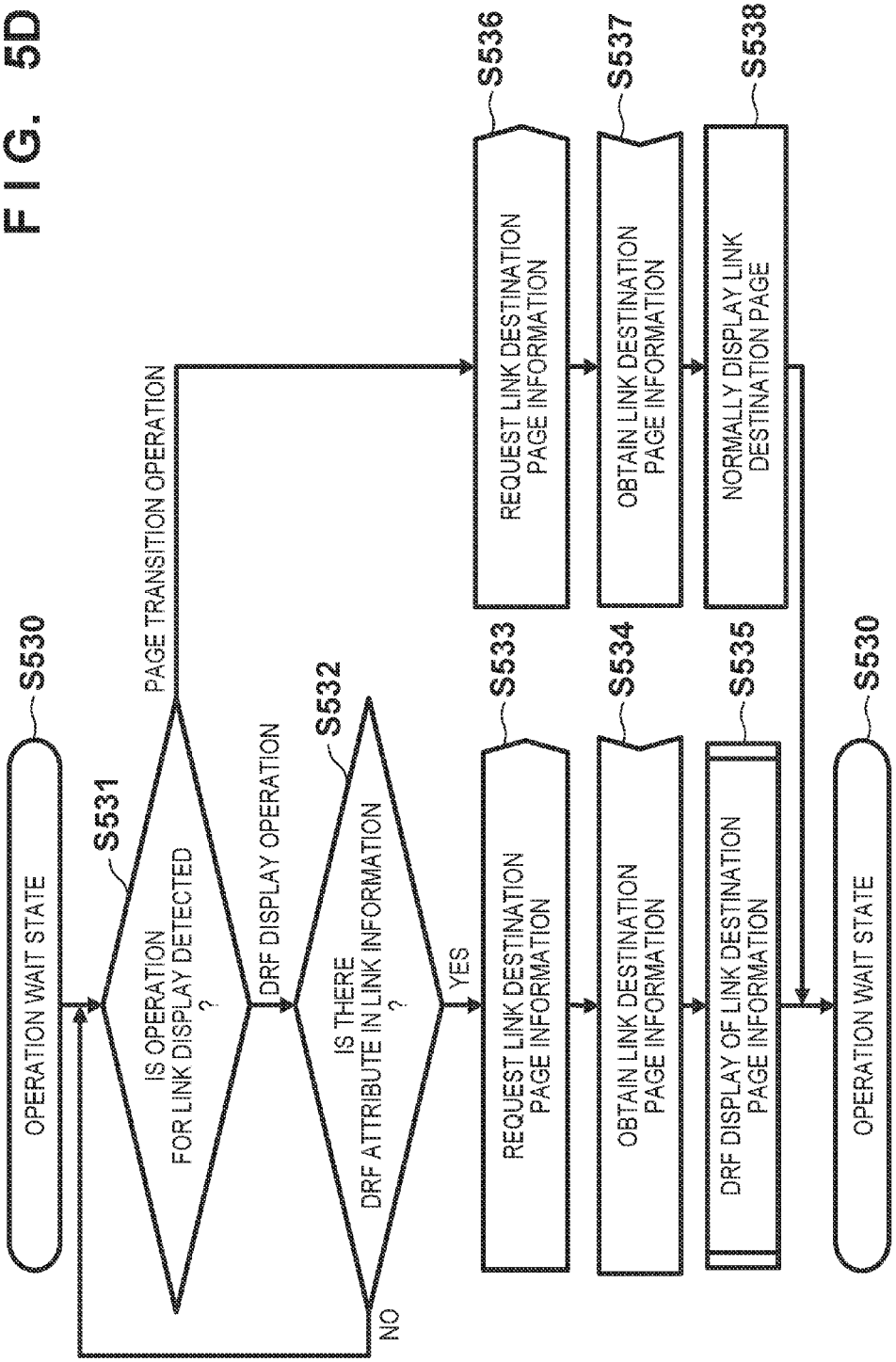

PAGE SCREEN DISPLAY STATE
S520
RECEIVE PAGE INFORMATION
S521
DISPLAY PAGE SCREEN
S522
OPERATION WAIT STATE
S530

FIG. 5D


S530
OPERATION WAIT STATE
S531
IS OPERATION FOR LINK DISPLAY DETECTED ?
PAGE TRANSITION OPERATION
DRF DISPLAY OPERATION
S532
IS THERE DRF ATTRIBUTE IN LINK INFORMATION ?
YES
NO
S533
REQUEST LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S534
OBTAIN LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S535
DRF DISPLAY OF LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S536
REQUEST LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S537
OBTAIN LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S538
NORMALLY DISPLAY LINK DESTINATION PAGE
S530
OPERATION WAIT STATE

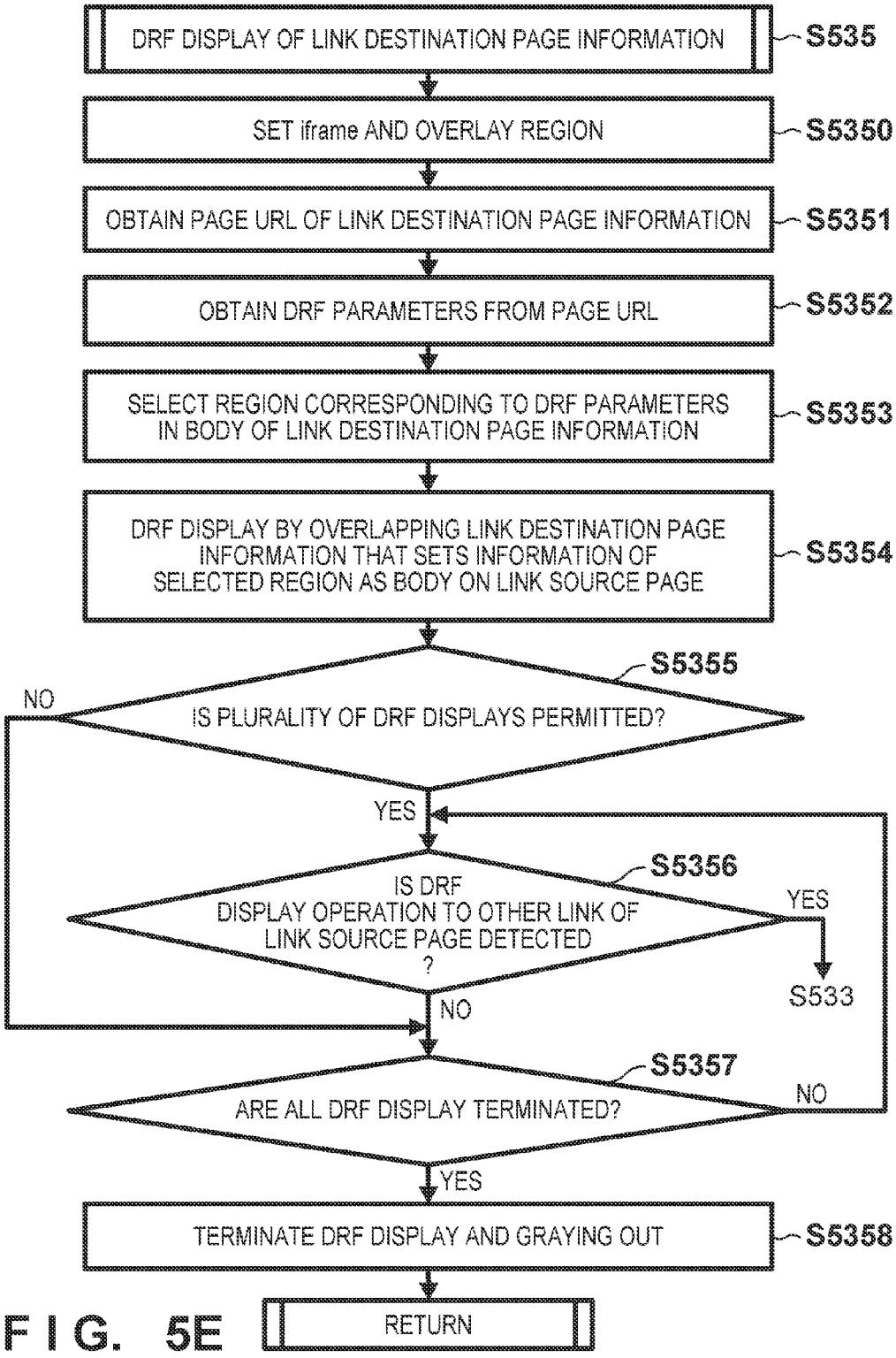

DRF DISPLAY OF LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S535
SET iframe AND OVERLAY REGION
S5350
OBTAIN PAGE URL OF LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S5351
OBTAIN DRF PARAMETERS FROM PAGE URL
S5352
SELECT REGION CORRESPONDING TO DRF PARAMETERS IN BODY OF LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S5353
DRF DISPLAY BY OVERLAPPING LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION THAT SETS INFORMATION OF SELECTED REGION AS BODY ON LINK SOURCE PAGE
S5354
S5355
IS PLURALITY OF DRF DISPLAYS PERMITTED?
NO
YES
S5356
IS DRF DISPLAY OPERATION TO OTHER LINK OF LINK SOURCE PAGE DETECTED ?
YES
S533
NO
S5357
ARE ALL DRF DISPLAY TERMINATED?
NO
YES
TERMINATE DRF DISPLAY AND GRAYING OUT
S5358
RETURN

FIG. 5E

FIG. 5F

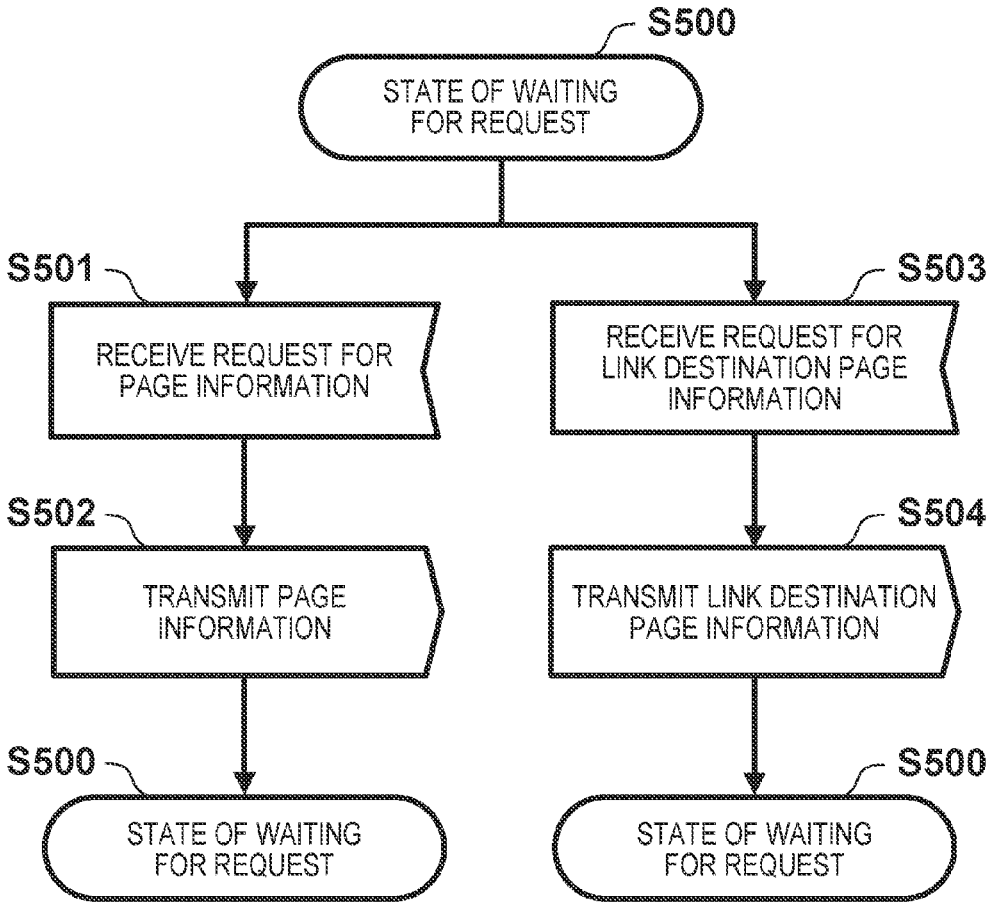

S500
STATE OF WAITING FOR REQUEST
S501
RECEIVE REQUEST FOR PAGE INFORMATION
S502
TRANSMIT PAGE INFORMATION
S500
STATE OF WAITING FOR REQUEST
S503
RECEIVE REQUEST FOR LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S504
TRANSMIT LINK DESTINATION PAGE INFORMATION
S500
STATE OF WAITING FOR REQUEST

FIG. 6A

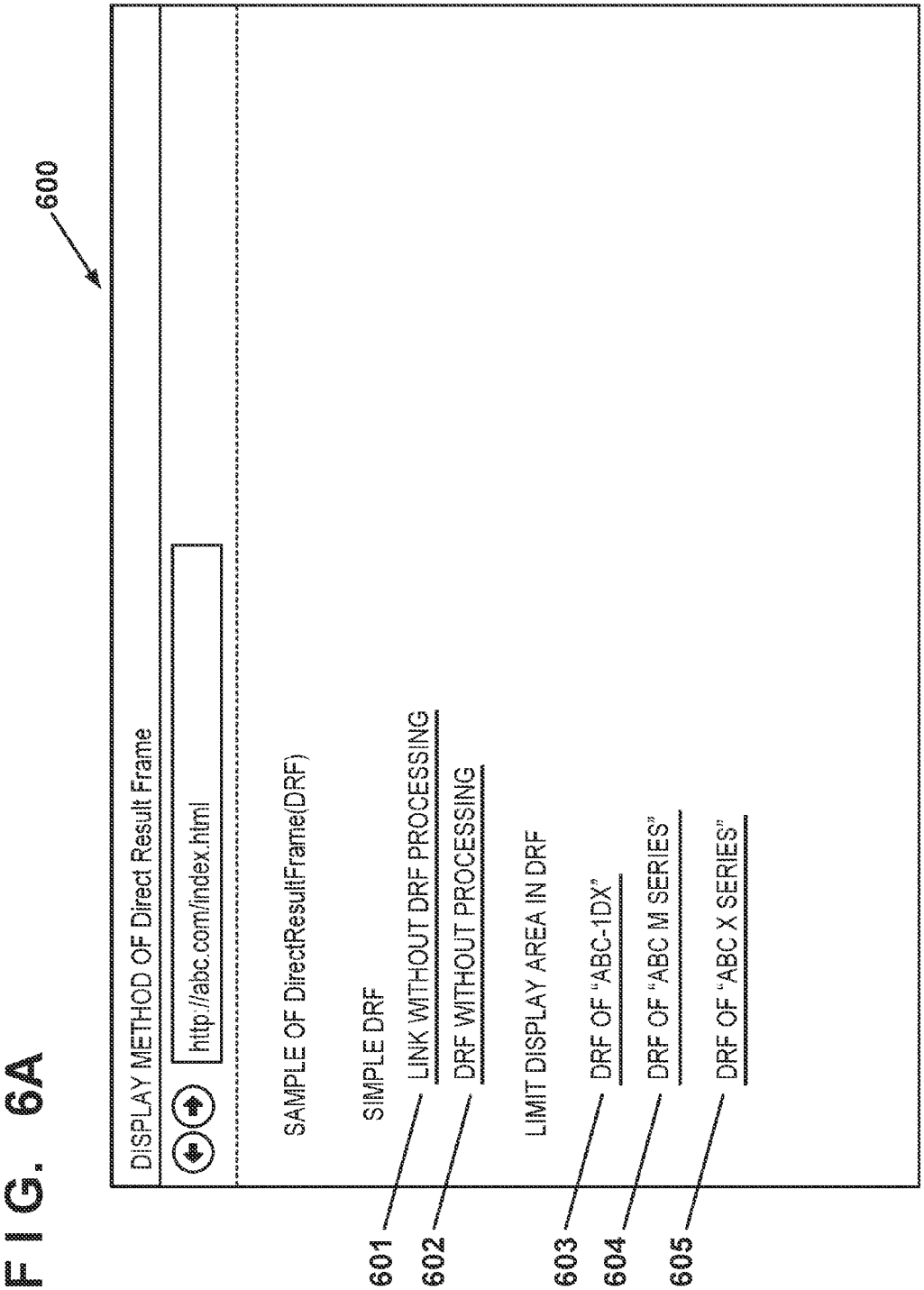

600
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/index.html
SAMPLE OF DirectResultFrame(DRF)
SIMPLE DRF
LINK WITHOUT DRF PROCESSING
DRF WITHOUT PROCESSING
LIMIT DISPLAY AREA IN DRF
DRF OF "ABC-1DX"
DRF OF "ABC M SERIES"
DRF OF "ABC X SERIES"
601
602
603
604
605

FIG. 6B

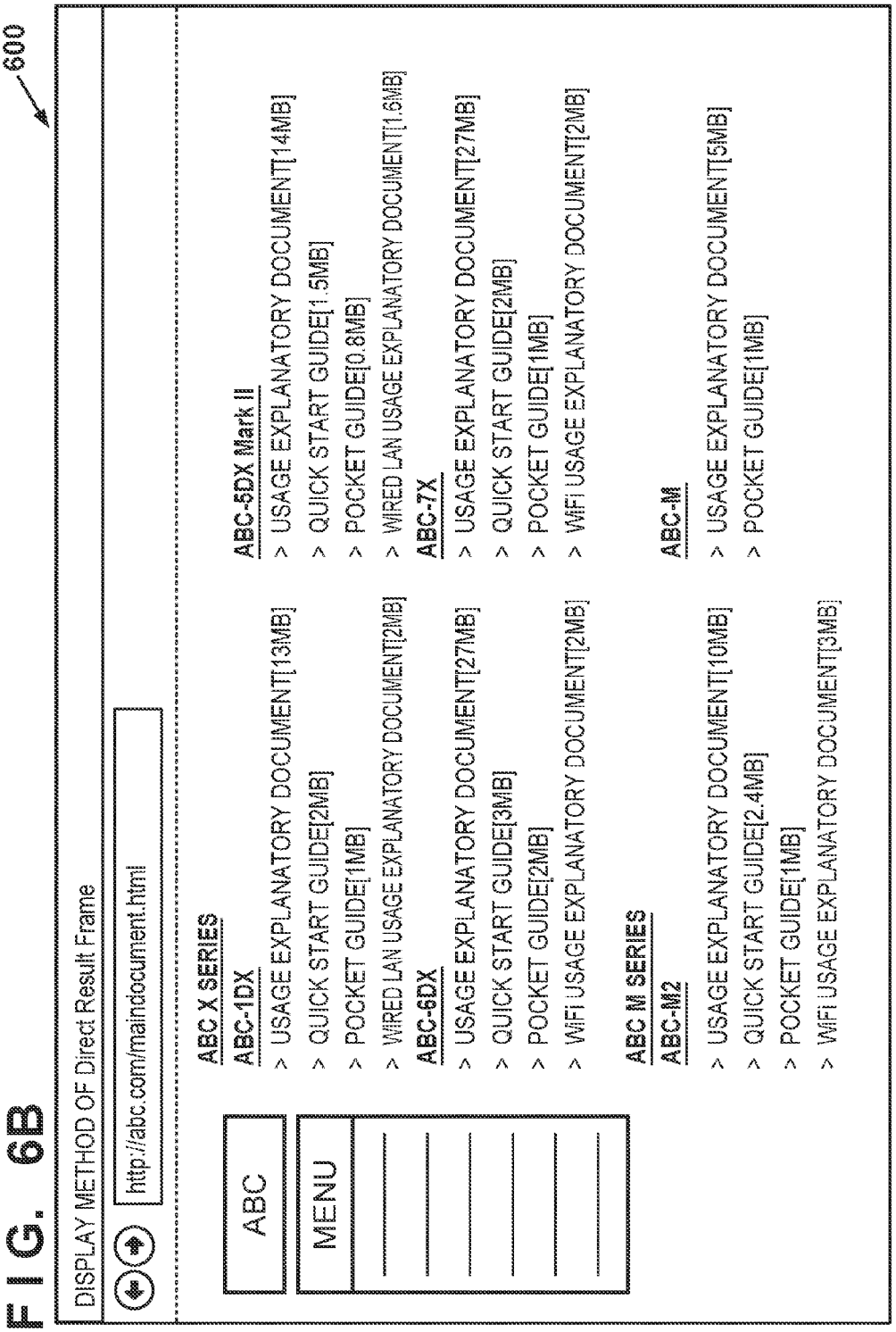
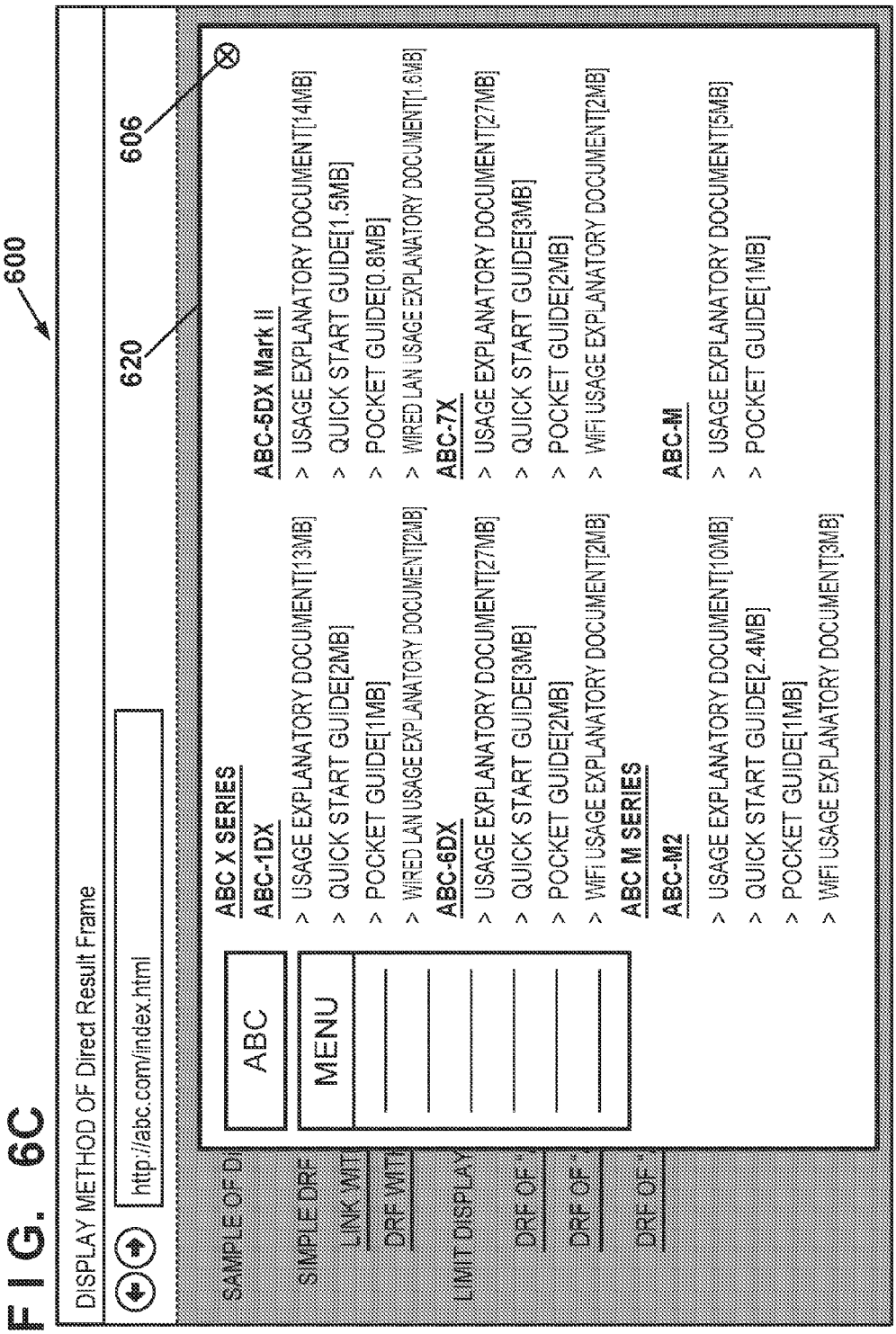

600
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/maindocument.html
ABC
MENU
ABC X SERIES
ABC-1DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[13MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC-6DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[27MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[3MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[2MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC M SERIES
ABC-M2
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[10MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2.4MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[3MB]
ABC-5DX Mark II
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[14MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[1.5MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[0.8MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[1.6MB]
ABC-7X
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[27MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC-M
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[5MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]

FIG. 6C


600
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/index.html
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606
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SIMPLE DRF
MENU
LINK MIT
DRF MIT
LIMIT DISPLAY
DRF OF "
DRF OF "
DRF OF "
ABC X SERIES
ABC-1DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[13MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC-6DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[27MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[3MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[2MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC M SERIES
ABC-M2
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[10MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2.4MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[3MB]
ABC-5DX Mark II
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[14MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[1.5MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[0.8MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[1.6MB]
ABC-7X
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[27MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[3MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[2MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC-M
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[5MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]

FIG. 6D

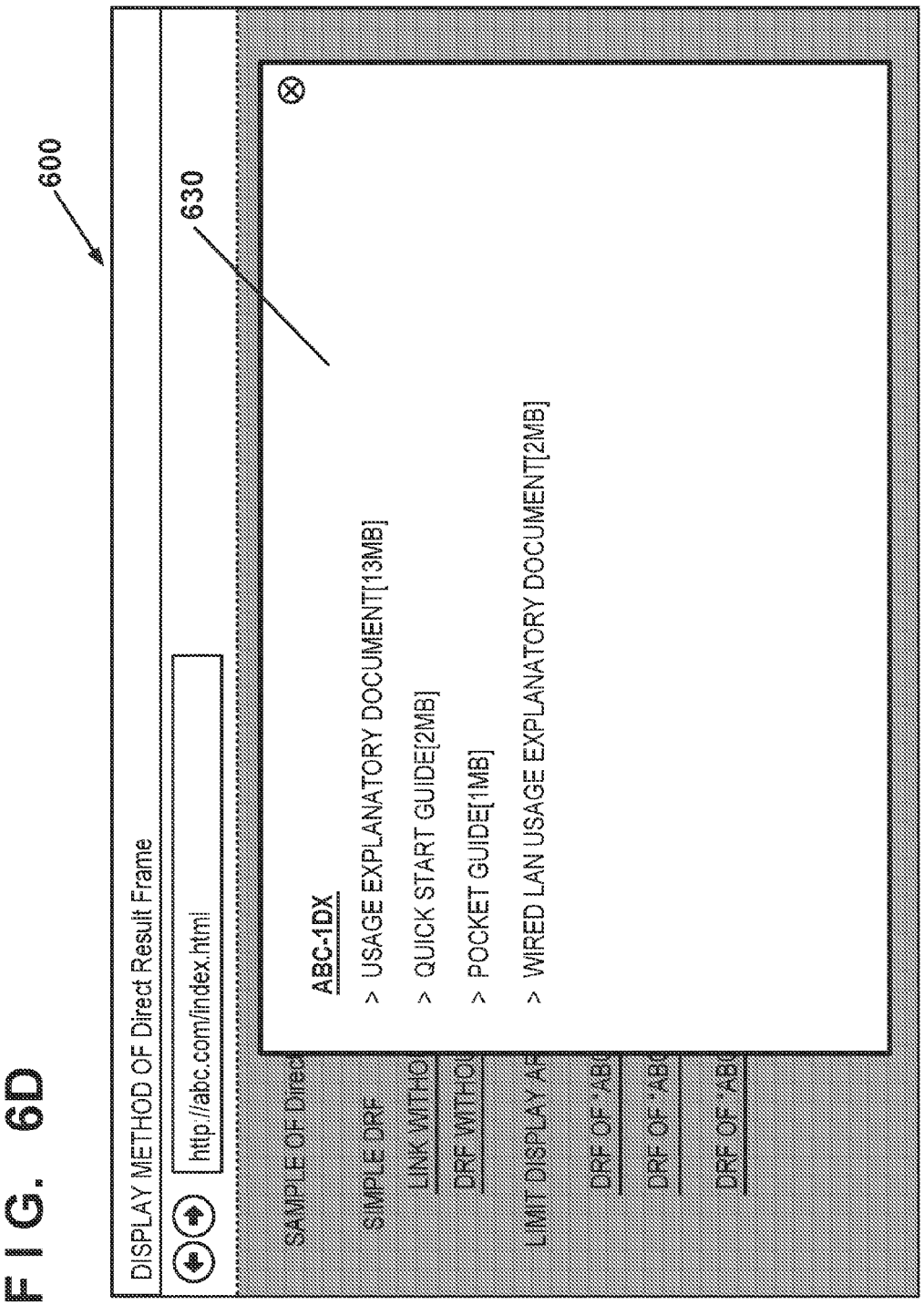

600
630
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/index.html
SAMPLE OF Direct
SIMPLE DRF
LINK WITHO
DRF WITHO
LIMIT DISPLAY AF
DRF OF "ABI
DRF OF "ABI
DRF OF "ABI
ABC-1DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[13MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]

FIG. 6E

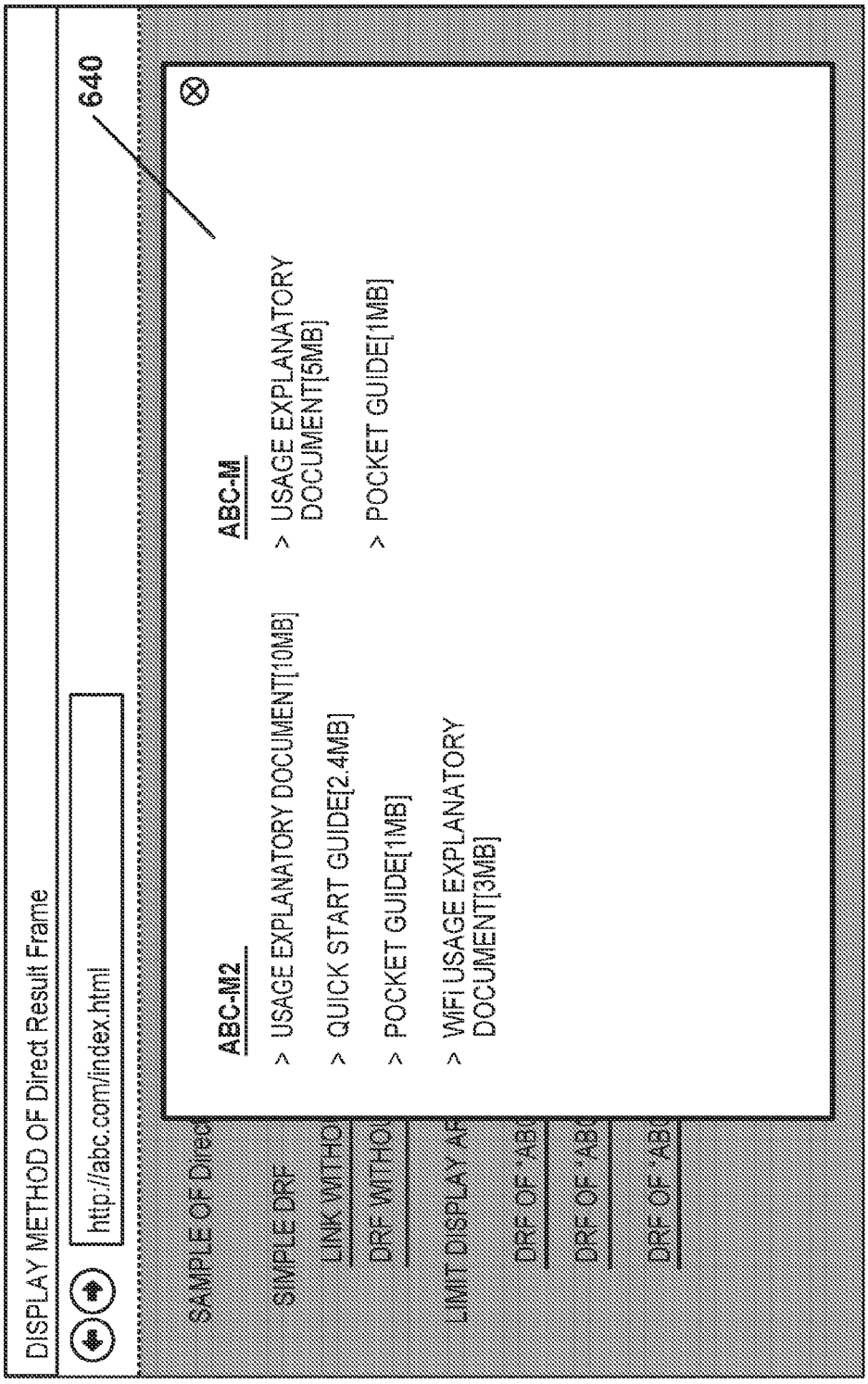

600
640
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/index.html
SAMPLE OF Direc
SIMPLE DRF
LINK WITHO
DRF WITHOU
LIMIT DISPLAY AR
DRF OF "AB
DRF OF "AB
DRF OF "AB
ABC-M2
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[10MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2.4MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[3MB]
ABC-M
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[5MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]

FIG. 6F

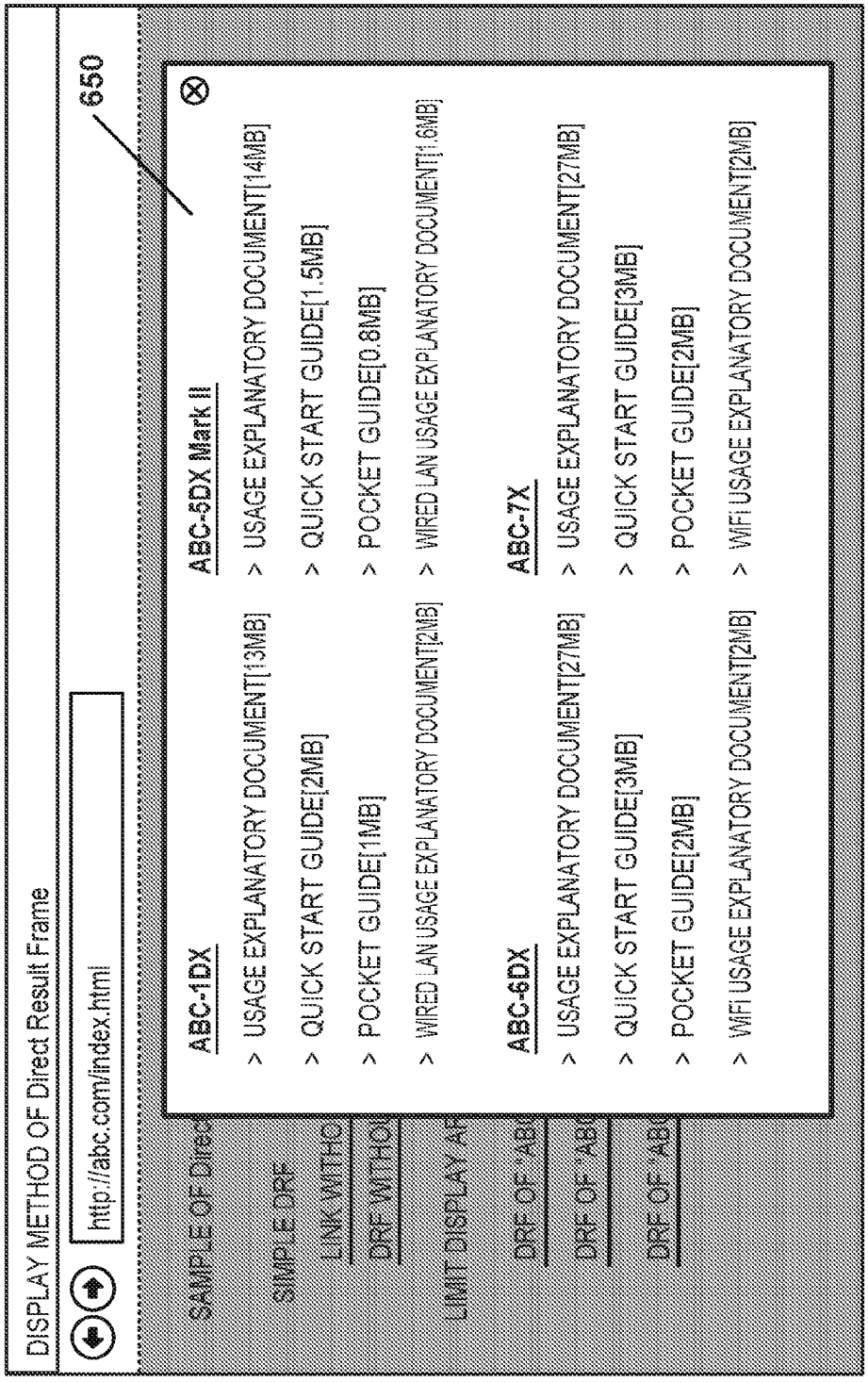

600
650
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/index.html
SAMPLE OF Direct
SIMPLE DRF
LINK WITHO
DRF WITHOU
LIMIT DISPLAY AF
DRF OF ABC
DRF OF ABC
DRF OF ABC
ABC-1DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[13MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC-6DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[27MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[3MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[2MB]
> WFI USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
ABC-5DX Mark II
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[14MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[1.5MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[0.8MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[1.6MB]
ABC-7X
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[27MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[3MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[2MB]
> WFI USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]

FIG. 7A

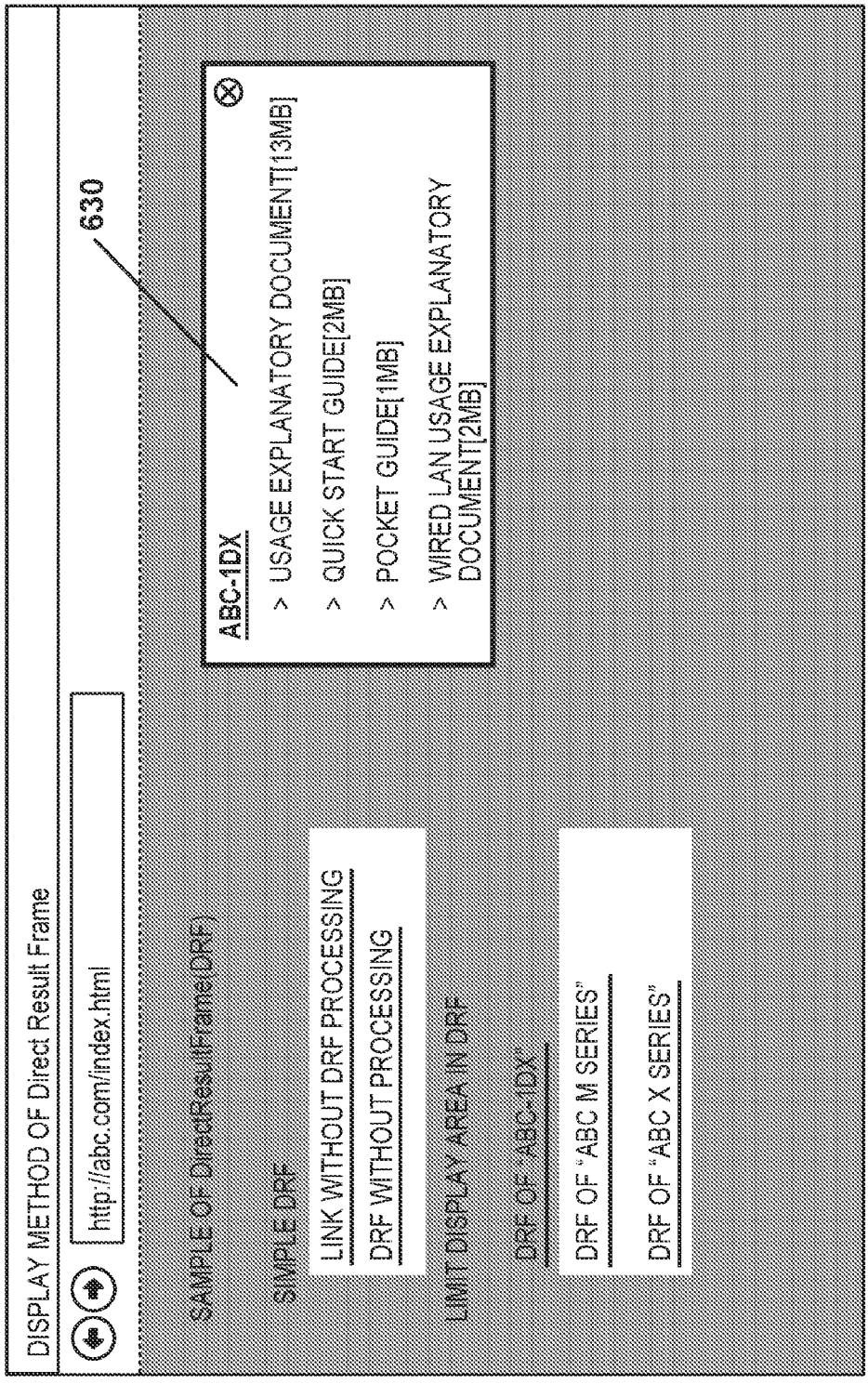

600
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/index.html
630
SAMPLE OF DirectResultFrame[DRF]
SIMPLE DRF
LINK WITHOUT DRF PROCESSING
DRF WITHOUT PROCESSING
LIMIT DISPLAY AREA IN DRF
DRF OF "ABC-1DX"
DRF OF "ABC M SERIES"
DRF OF "ABC X SERIES"
ABC-1DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[13MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]

FIG. 7B

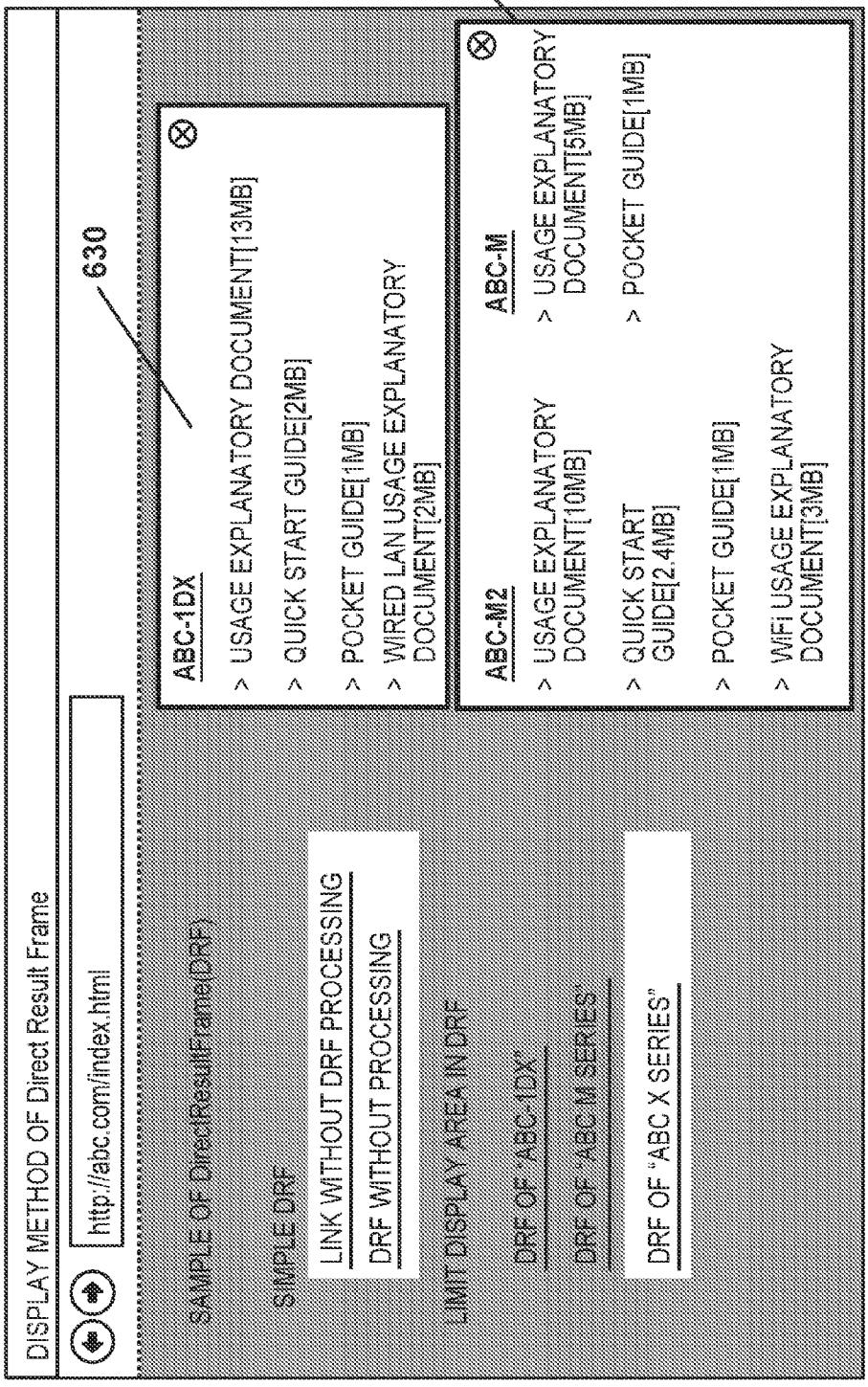

600
DISPLAY METHOD OF Direct Result Frame
http://abc.com/index.html
630
SAMPLE OF DirectResultFrame(DRF)
SIMPLE DRF
LINK WITHOUT DRF PROCESSING
DRF WITHOUT PROCESSING
LIMIT DISPLAY AREA IN DRF
DRF OF "ABC-1DX"
DRF OF "ABC M SERIES"
DRF OF "ABC X SERIES"
ABC-1DX
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[13MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WIRED LAN USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[2MB]
640
ABC-M2
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[10MB]
> QUICK START GUIDE[2.4MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]
> WiFi USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[3MB]
ABC-M
> USAGE EXPLANATORY DOCUMENT[5MB]
> POCKET GUIDE[1MB]

FIG. 8A

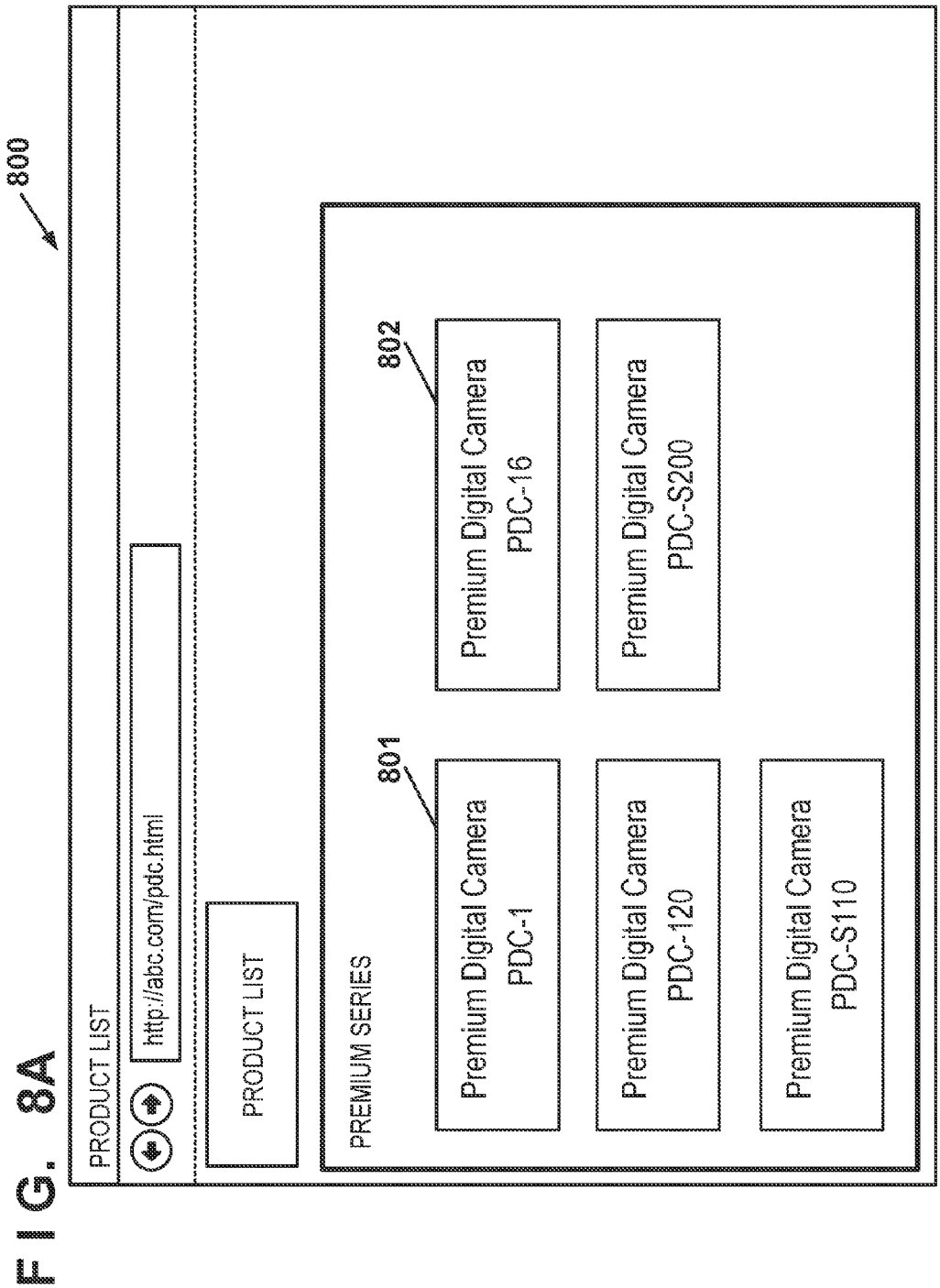

800
PRODUCT LIST
http://abc.com/pdc.html
PRODUCT LIST
PREMIUM SERIES
801
802
Premium Digital Camera PDC-1
Premium Digital Camera PDC-16
Premium Digital Camera PDC-120
Premium Digital Camera PDC-S200
Premium Digital Camera PDC-S110

FIG. 8B

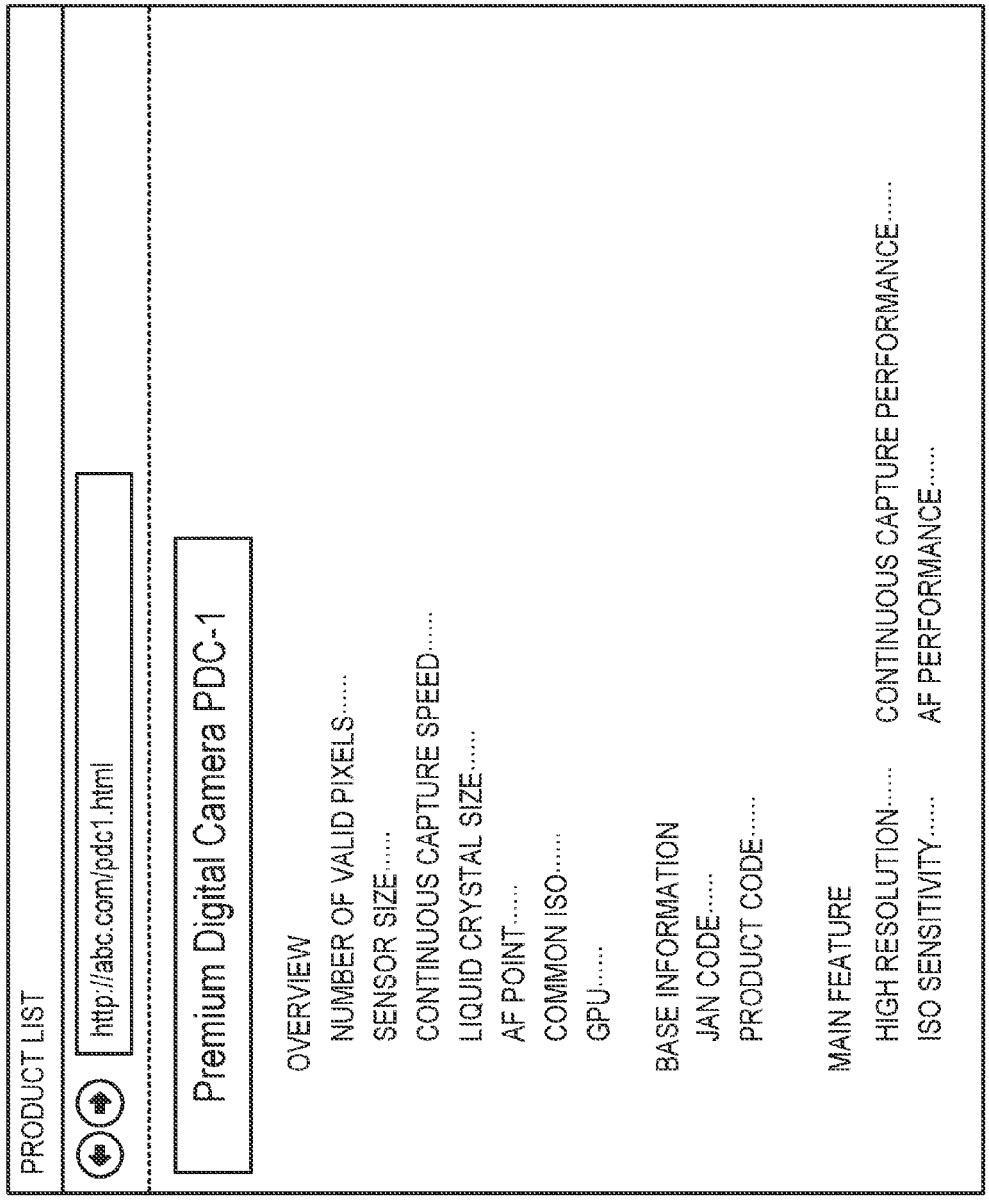

800
PRODUCT LIST
http://abc.com/pdc1.html
Premium Digital Camera PDC-1
OVERVIEW
NUMBER OF VALID PIXELS.....
SENSOR SIZE.....
CONTINUOUS CAPTURE SPEED.....
LIQUID CRYSTAL SIZE.....
AF POINT.....
COMMON ISO.....
GPU.....
BASE INFORMATION
JAN CODE.....
PRODUCT CODE.....
MAIN FEATURE
HIGH RESOLUTION.....
ISO SENSITIVITY.....
CONTINUOUS CAPTURE PERFORMANCE.....
AF PERFORMANCE.....

FIG. 8C

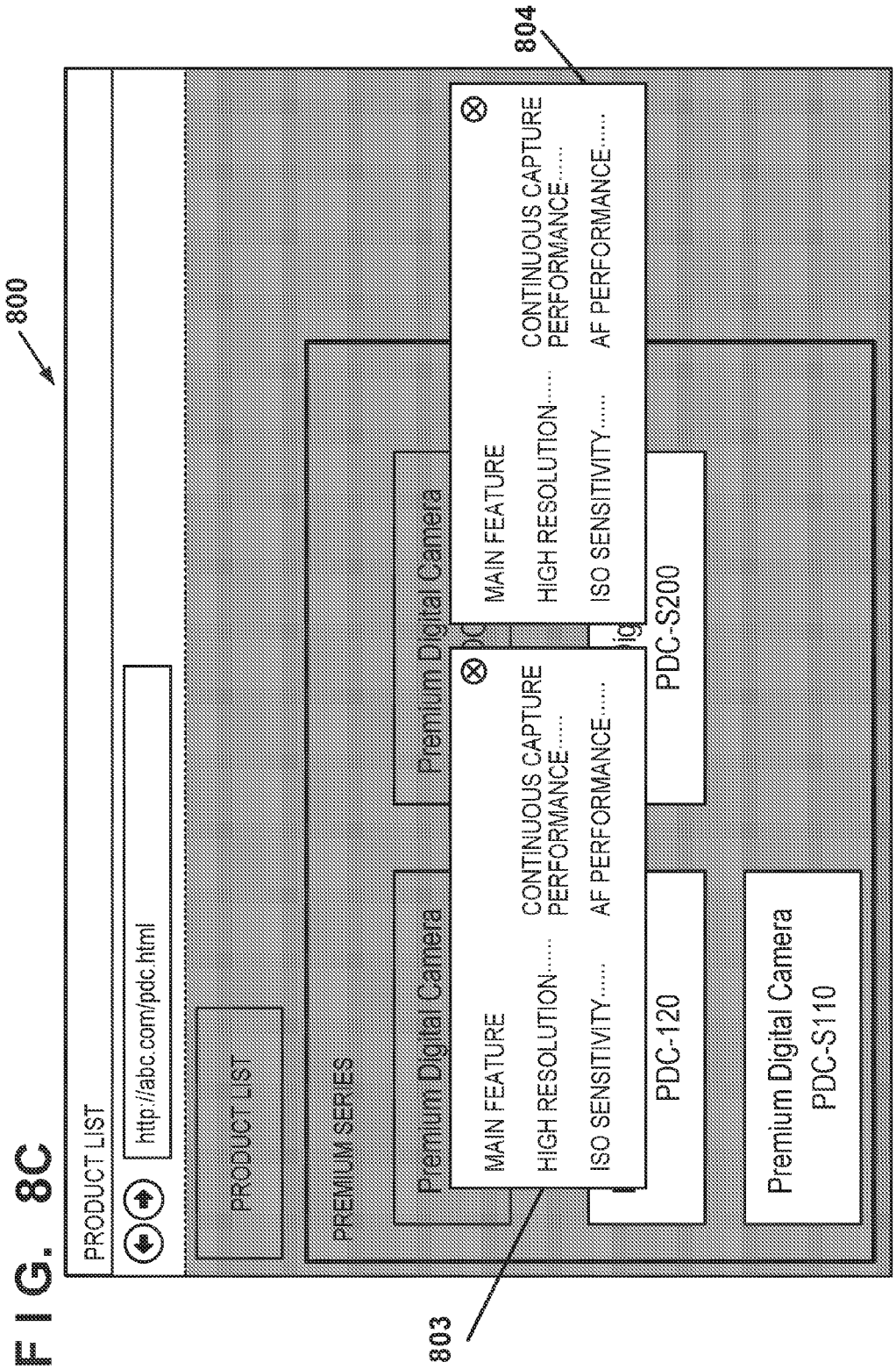
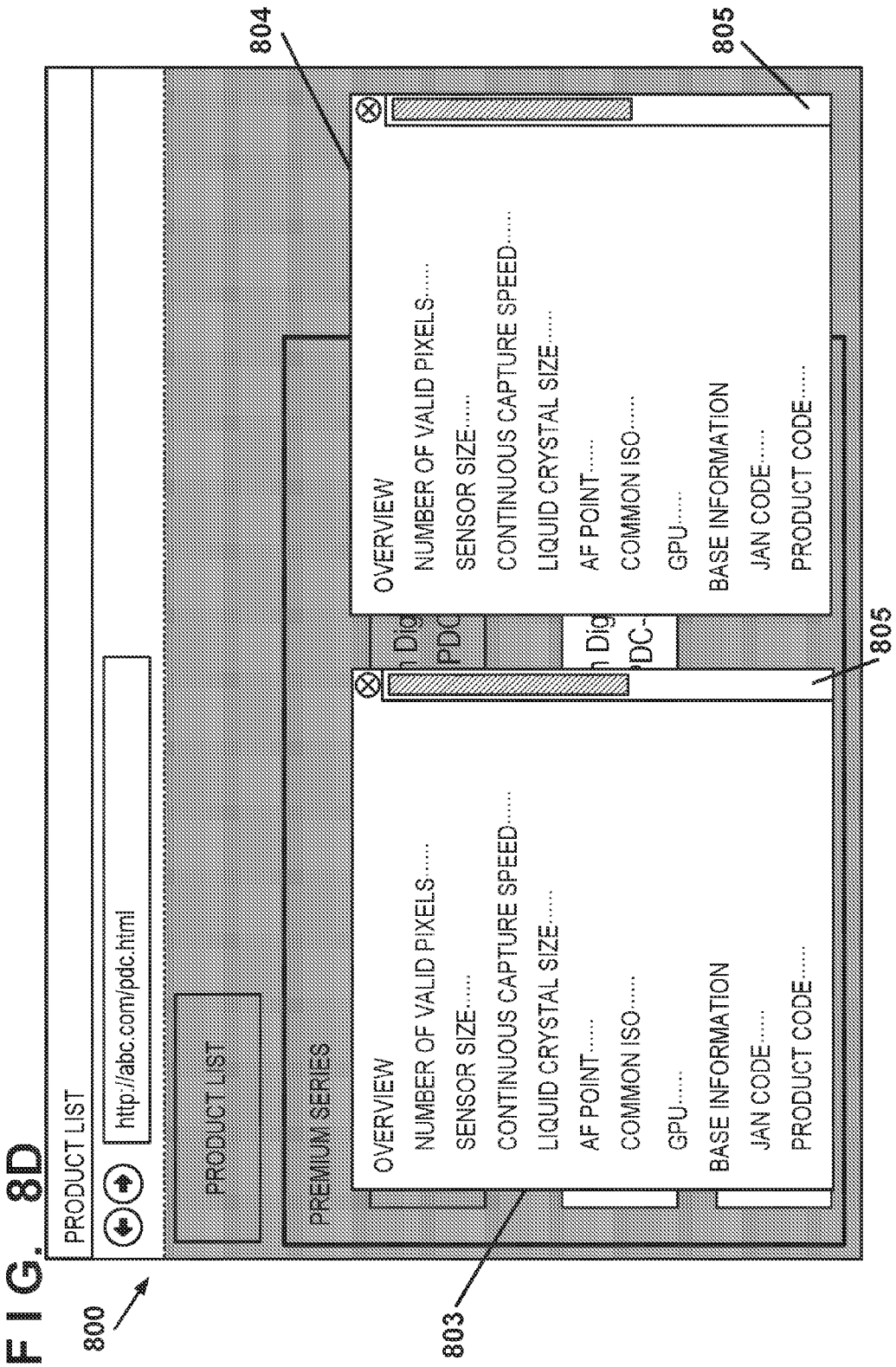

800
PRODUCT LIST
http://abc.com/pdc.html
PRODUCT LIST
PREMIUM SERIES
Premium Digital Camera
MAIN FEATURE
HIGH RESOLUTION.....
ISO SENSITIVITY.....
CONTINUOUS CAPTURE PERFORMANCE.....
AF PERFORMANCE.....
PDC-120
Premium Digital Camera
MAIN FEATURE
HIGH RESOLUTION.....
ISO SENSITIVITY.....
CONTINUOUS CAPTURE PERFORMANCE.....
AF PERFORMANCE.....
PDC-S200
Premium Digital Camera
PDC-S110
803
804

FIG. 8D


800
PRODUCT LIST
http://abc.com/pdc.html
PRODUCT LIST
PREMIUM SERIES
OVERVIEW
NUMBER OF VALID PIXELS.....
SENSOR SIZE.....
CONTINUOUS CAPTURE SPEED.....
LIQUID CRYSTAL SIZE.....
AF POINT.....
COMMON ISO.....
GPU.....
BASE INFORMATION
JAN CODE.....
PRODUCT CODE.....
803
804
805
805

INFORMATION PROCESSING APPARATUS, WEB SERVER, AND NON-TRANSITORY COMPUTER READABLE STORAGE MEDIUM

[0001] This application is a continuation of International Patent Application No. PCT/JP2013/007695 filed on Dec. 27, 2013, the entire content of which is incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] The invention relates to an information processing apparatus, a Web server, and a non-transitory computer readable storage medium.

BACKGROUND ART

[0003] In recent years, the Internet has spread rapidly, and it has become possible to acquire vast amounts of information via the Internet. This information is provided in accordance with an HTTP protocol as file information of an HTML format and is called a Web page, and it can be browsed by an application called a browser. Various pieces of link information are inserted in the Web page, and it is possible to immediately switch display from the Web page to another page that is the link destination by a single click operation. However, it is common to not be able to check details of another page that is a link destination without switching a screen display by clicking.

[0004] With respect to this, Japanese Patent Laid-Open No. 2010-205180 proposes an invention that previews in advance information relating to another page (page B) included in a page (page A) which the information processing apparatus has received from a Web server. Specifically, in Japanese Patent Laid-Open No. 2010-205180, an analysis apparatus obtains page B from a Web server in advance, analyzes content thereof, and provides obtained information in accordance with a request from an information processing apparatus. The information processing apparatus uses the information received from the analysis apparatus, and performs a preview display in accordance with an operation by a user.

[0005] In the above proposed invention, processing is complicated because there is a necessity for an analysis apparatus to analyze page information of a processing target in advance by a technique such as data mining, and for the analysis apparatus to provide an information processing apparatus with information to be displayed by the information processing apparatus. In addition, regarding information of a single link destination, although it is possible to present the information at a plurality of levels of detail, it is not possible to simultaneously provide page information of a plurality of link destinations in one screen.

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

[0006] Processing that preview-displays a link destination page by processing on the side of an information processing apparatus that received a page will be provided, as well as provision of a plurality of pieces of link destination page information in one screen.

[0007] One aspect of embodiments relates to an information processing apparatus that receives a link source page file including a plurality of links from a Web server, and displays the link source page file, the information processing apparatus comprising, a communication unit configured to communicate with the Web server, a display unit configured to display the link source page file received from the Web server, a detection unit configured to detect an operation from a user of the information processing apparatus with respect to the link source page file displayed by the display unit, and a processing unit configured to execute a script described in the link source page file, wherein in response that the processing unit executes the script when the detection unit detects a frame display operation with respect to any of the plurality of links included in the link source page file, the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the operated link destination, and the display unit performs a frame display of the page file of the link destination in a first frame overlapped on the display of the link source page file, and if the display unit is overlappingly displaying the page file of the link destination in the first frame and if the detection unit has detected a frame display operation with respect to another link that has not been operated out of the plurality of links, the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the other link destination that was operated, and the display unit, while maintaining the display of the first frame, performs a frame display of the page file of the other link destination in a second frame that is different from the first frame and is overlapped on the display of the link source page file.

[0008] Another aspect of embodiments relates to an information processing apparatus that receives a link source page file including a plurality of links from a Web server, and displays the link source page file, the information processing apparatus comprising, a communication unit configured to communicate with the Web server, a display unit configured to display the link source page file received from the Web server, and a detection unit configured to detect an operation from a user of the information processing apparatus with respect to the link source page file displayed by the display unit, wherein if the detection unit detects a frame display operation with respect to any of the plurality of links included in the link source page file, the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the operated link destination, and the display unit performs a frame display in a frame overlapped on the display of the link source page file of information of sub-trees in the page file of the link destination that are narrowed down based on information for narrowing down sub-trees in the page file included in the link information in the link source page file.

[0009] Another aspect of embodiments relates to a Web server that receives a request for a page file from an information processing apparatus, and transmits the requested page file, the Web server comprising, a processing unit configured to manage a page file that includes a plurality of links, and a communication unit configured to communicate with the information processing apparatus and transmitting the requested page file, wherein the processing unit adds to link information in a page file a parameter for narrowing down display information within frames when link destination page files of the plurality of links included in the page file are displayed within the frames in the information processing apparatus, and associates with the link destination page files a script for causing the information processing apparatus to perform narrowing down of display content within the frame based on the parameter.

[0010] Further features of the present invention will become apparent from the following description of exemplary embodiments (with reference to the attached drawings).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0011] The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of the specification, illustrate embodiments of the invention and, together with the description, are employed to explain the principles of the invention.

[0012] FIG. **1** is a block diagram for illustrating an overall configuration of a DRF display system for a Web site on the Internet, corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0013] FIG. **2** is a block diagram for illustrating an example of a hardware configuration of a client **101** corresponding to an embodiment of the invention.

[0014] FIG. **3** is a block diagram for illustrating a device configuration of a Web server **103** corresponding to an embodiment of the invention.

[0015] FIG. **4** is a flowchart for illustrating an example of processing for generating DRF display data in the Web server **103** corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0016] FIG. **5**A is a flowchart for illustrating an example of DRF display processing corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0017] FIG. **5**B is a flowchart for illustrating an example of processing in an initial state of the client **101** in the DRF display processing corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0018] FIG. **5**C is a flowchart for illustrating an example of processing in a page screen display state of the client **101** in the DRF display processing corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0019] FIG. **5**D is a flowchart for illustrating an example of processing in an operation wait state of the client **101** in the DRF display processing corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0020] FIG. **5**E is a flowchart for illustrating an example of DRF processing of page information of a link destination of the client **101** in the DRF display processing corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0021] FIG. **5**F is a flowchart for illustrating an example of processing in a state of waiting for a request of the Web server **103** in DRF processing corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0022] FIG. **6**A is a view for illustrating an example of a window display of a link source page corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0023] FIG. **6**B is a view for illustrating an example of a window display of a link destination page corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0024] FIG. **6**C is a view for illustrating an example of a DRF display corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0025] FIG. **6**D is a view for illustrating another example of a DRF display corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0026] FIG. **6**E is a view for illustrating another example of a DRF display corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0027] FIG. **6**F is a view for illustrating another example of a DRF display corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0028] FIG. **7**A is a view for illustrating example of displaying in a case of performing a plurality of DRF displays corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0029] FIG. **7**B is a view for illustrating another example of displaying in a case of performing a plurality of DRF displays corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0030] FIG. **8**A is a view for illustrating an example of a window display of page information of a link source corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0031] FIG. **8**B is a view for illustrating an example of a window display of one piece of page information out of link destinations having common items corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0032] FIG. **8**C is a view for illustrating an example of a DRF display of page information of link destinations having common items that narrows down display items corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

[0033] FIG. **8**D is a view for illustrating an example of a DRF display of page information of link destinations having common items that does not narrow down display items corresponding to embodiments of the invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0034] Below, explanation is given of embodiments of the invention with reference to the attached drawings. However, the configuration elements described in this embodiment are only examples, and the scope of the invention is not limited thereto.

[0035] <System Configuration>

[0036] FIG. **1** is a block diagram for illustrating an overall configuration of a system corresponding to the present embodiment. Clients **101***a*, **101***b*, and **101***c* (hereinafter, these are collectively referred to as the "client **101**") that are operated by users to obtain document files that can be obtained on the Internet, and a Web server **103** for providing information of a Web site are each connected to the Internet **102**. The Web server **103** is connected to a site information database **104**.

[0037] The client **101** is an information processing apparatus that a user can operate to browse Web site information published on the Internet by the Web server **103**, and encompasses a notebook computer, a desktop personal computer, a mobile information terminal, a mobile telephone, a smart phone, a tablet terminal, or the like. It is assumed that so-called Internet browser software is installed on the client **101**. The client **101** is connected to the Internet **102** by a LAN, which is an access means that encompasses a network cable, such as Ethernet (registered trademark). Note that a means for accessing the network **102** is not limited to an Ethernet (registered trademark) cable, and may be configured by wireless communication means such as a wireless LAN. The Web server **103**, which is described later, is provided with a similar access means. The Internet **102** is a network in which networks across the world are connected to each other, but, for example, it may be a network in which connection is only possible within a specific organization, such as an intranet.

[0038] The Web server **103** manages information stored in the site information database **104**. The Web server **103** edits information of a link destination in a document file saved by the site information database **104** into a direct result frame (hereinafter, abbreviated as DRF) format corresponding to an embodiment of the invention that is a format that the client **101** can display, and provides it to the client **101**. A

DRF (display) in the present embodiment means a configuration for displaying by which a page of any link destination included in a page that is currently displayed by a display **207** can be previewed by using an inline frame and overlapping it on the page that is currently displayed. The Web server **103** is connected to the site information database **104** by a LAN, for example. The site information database **104** is an information processing apparatus in which predetermined database software is installed, and performs management of various data.

[0039] The site information database **104** manages information of document files for publishing a Web site on the Internet **102**. In addition to HTML files and PDF files, the document files include files used by specific applications (for example, MS Word, or the like). It is possible to include information relating to a Web site owner and a product that an owner provides or the like in these document files. For example, if the Web site is a homepage of a corporation, in addition to a company overview, information for investors, and the like, information of products that the corporation manufactures/sells and other information relating to any services that the corporation provides is stored in the site information database **104**. For example, in a case where a service that a corporation provides is a blog provision service, blog information that a user that receives the service provisioning creates is included. The site information database **104** is dynamically updated, and stores the latest information.

[0040] Note that, in the present specification, although for convenience the Web server **103** and the site information database **104** are explained as being realized by information processing apparatuses that are respectively physically independent, embodiments of the invention are not limited to this. For example, these may be realized by a single information processing apparatus. In contrast, the Web server **103** may be of distributively configured or redundantly configured by a plurality of information processing apparatuses. In addition, although the site information database **104** is explained as being connected to the Web server **103** by a LAN or the like, configuration may be taken to have an embodiment that can communicate with the Web server **103** via the Internet **102** or an intranet (not shown), for example. Note that, a Web site can be said to be a group of Web pages published as a whole. A Web site may be, for example, a corporate or a personal homepage, or the like.

[0041] <Information Processing Apparatus Configuration>

[0042] Next, explanation is given regarding an overview of an information processing apparatuses that configure the DRF display system corresponding to the present embodiment. FIG. **2** is a block diagram for illustrating an example of a hardware configuration of the client **101**. The above described site information database **104**, which is an information processing apparatus, may also be configured by a similar or equivalent hardware configuration.

[0043] In FIG. **2**, a CPU **200** executes application programs, an operating system (OS), control programs, or the like, which are stored in a hard disk apparatus (hereinafter, referred to as an HD) **205**, and performs control for temporarily storing files, information necessary for execution of the program, and the like, in a RAM **202**. Note that processing in later described FIG. **5**A to FIG. **5**F is also realized by the CPU **200** controlling the device overall by executing corresponding processing programs.

[0044] A ROM **201** internally stores programs such as a basic I/O program, and various data such as font data or template data used upon document processing, or the like. The RAM **202** temporarily stores various data, and functions as a main memory, a work area or the like for the CPU **200**.

[0045] An external storage drive **203** is an external storage drive for realizing access to a recording medium, and can load a program stored in a medium (a recording medium) **204** into this computer system. Note that for the medium **204**, a floppy (registered trademark) disk (FD), a CD-ROM, a CD-R, a CD-RW, a PC card, a DVD, Blu-ray, an IC memory card, MO, a memory stick, or the like can be used for example.

[0046] An HD (hard disk) that functions as a large capacity memory is used for an external storage device **205** in the present embodiment. Application programs, an OS, control programs, related programs, or the like, are stored in the HD **205**. Note that in place of the hard disk, a nonvolatile storage apparatus such as a Flash (registered trademark) memory may be used.

[0047] An instruction input device **206** corresponds to a keyboard, a pointing device (a mouse or the like), a touch panel, or the like. Using the instruction input device **206**, a user makes an input instruction, such as a command for controlling the apparatus, to the client **101**. The display **207** displays a command inputted from the instruction input device **206**, and a response output of the client **101** in response to that, or the like. A system bus **209** is responsible for a flow of data in the information processing apparatus. An interface (hereinafter, referred as an I/F) **208** fulfills a role of mediating an exchange of data with an external apparatus.

[0048] Note that by software for realizing functions equivalent to those of the foregoing apparatuses, it is possible to configure alternatives to the hardware apparatuses.

[0049] Configuration may be taken such that whenever a corresponding program is caused to operate to execute processing corresponding to the present embodiment, the program is loaded from the HD **205**, in which it is previously installed, into the RAM **202**. Also, a program according to the present embodiment is recorded in the ROM **201**, and configured so as to be a part of a memory map, and can be executed by the CPU **200** directly. Furthermore, it is possible to load a corresponding program and related data from the medium **204** into the RAM **202** directly, and cause the program to execute.

[0050] FIG. **3** is a block diagram for illustrating a device configuration of the Web server **103**. Regarding functions and applications of the CPU **200**, the ROM **201**, the RAM **202**, the external storage drive **203**, the medium **204**, the HD **205**, the instruction input device **206**, the display **207**, the I/F **208**, and the system bus **209**, and also relations therebetween, it is similar or equivalent to what is explained using FIG. **2**. In FIG. **3**, it is noted that a database **310** is connected to the system bus **209**. Here, the database **310** indicates the site information database **104**.

[0051] <Generation of DRF Display Data>

[0052] Next, explanation is given regarding processing for generating DRF display data based on site information corresponding to embodiments of the invention with reference to the flowchart of FIG. **4**. FIG. **4** is a flowchart for illustrating an example of processing for generating DRF display data in the Web server **103** corresponding to embodiments of the invention. Processing that corresponds to FIG.

4 is realized by a CPU **300** executing a processing program that the Web server **103** holds in an HD **305** or the database **310**. In addition, the performer of execution of the processing may be a DRF display data generation server that is other than the Web server **103**. In that case, the server may generate DRF display data based on site information stored in the site information database **104**, and save it in the site information database **104** via the Web server **103**.

[0053] In FIG. **4**, in step S**401**, page information, which is data to be processed that is stored in the site information database **104**, is obtained from the Web server **103**. The page information obtained here is page data of an HTML format.

[0054] Continuing, in step S**402**, a first script (script 1) for performing a DRF display of a page for a link destination included in the page is embedded or associated with the obtained page information. The script 1 is a script that is executed by the client **101**, and performs processing to generate a DRF display inline frame (iframe) and an overlay region, based on URL information of link destinations in a <a> tag in a page. Note that embedding of the script 1 may be by directly describing the script in the page, or may be of a form that describes URL information for obtaining the script 1.

[0055] Next, in step S**403**, the link information in the page is obtained, and in step S**404**, a DRF parameter related to the link destination is selected. A DRF parameter is a parameter used for DRF display of only specific information in the page of the link destination. For the DRF parameter, "#~" may be added to a URL as a fragment identifier, or "?~" may be added to the URL as a query string. Although page data of an HTML format is generally a tree structure that uses tags, DRF parameters include, as information for narrowing down sub-trees that are included in the page data of the HTML format, at least one of a tag name, a tag ID, a class name, an attribute, text within tags, and the like, for example.

[0056] Specifically, if there is a sub-tree 1 configured by a tag description of . . . , for example, tag information for narrowing down to the sub-tree 1 is tag name: div, ID: aa1, class name: bbb, attribute: the attribute value is yyy for the attribute name of xxx. Also, if there is a sub-tree 2 configured by a tag description of . . . , for example, tag information for narrowing down to the sub-tree 2 is tag name: span, ID: aa2, class name: bbb, attribute: the attribute value is zzz for the attribute name of xxx.

[0057] Note that in the above, although id and class are types of attributes, there are the following differences. Firstly, because an ID set to id is used as an identifier in a page, setting the same value to a plurality of tags is not permitted. In addition, for class it is possible to arrange a plurality of class names separated by spaces (e.g., 'class="xxx yyy"').

[0058] In CSS or jQuery, it is possible to narrow down tags by designating this information in a format below.

[0059] '<tag name>', '#<ID>', '.<class name>', '[<attribute name>=<attribute value>]'

[0060] For example, the above sub-trees **1** and **2** can be narrowed down by designating tag information as follows.

[0061] 1. If '#aa1' is set, this means a sub-tree having as a root a tag with an ID of aa1, and so narrowing down to the sub-tree 1 is performed.

[0062] 2. If '.bbb' is set, this means sub-trees having as a root a tag for which bbb is set as a class name, and so narrowing down to both of sub-trees **1** and **2** is performed.

[0063] 3. If 'span.bbb' is set, this means sub-trees having as a root a tag whose tag name is span and for which bbb is set as a class name, and so narrowing down to both of sub-trees **1** and **2** is performed.

[0064] 4. If 'div[xxx=yyy]' is set, this means a sub-tree having as root a tag whose tag name is div and for which an attribute name xxx has an attribute value of yyy, and so narrowing down to the sub-tree 1 is performed.

[0065] In addition, regarding DRF parameters, it is further possible to include values such as below.

[0066] Values for designating an order among the narrowed down sub-trees. For example, if designating the second tag for which a class name of section is set: '.section:eq(2)'. By this, it is possible to narrow down to a sub-tree having as a root the second tag for which section is set as the class name.

[0067] A value for narrowing down to sub-trees that include a particular keyword or text in the narrowed down sub-trees. For example, if the keyword is 'exposure control': '.section:contains(exposure control)'. By this, it is possible to narrow to a tree for a tag for which 'section' is set as the class name, and in which the text 'exposure control' is included in the sub-tree, for example.

[0068] A value for narrowing down with a condition that, out of narrowed down sub-trees, a further specific tag is included in the sub-trees. For example, in the case of sub-trees in which 'exposure control' is included in specific sub-trees, '.section:has(h2:contains(exposure control))'. By this, it is possible to narrow down to a tree for a tag whose class name is set to 'section', and that is a tag for which an h2 tag is included in a child element of the tree, and the text 'exposure control' is included in a child element of the tree for that h2 tag.

[0069] Note that the aforementioned is merely an example, and in addition to the aforementioned narrowing down methods, it is possible to narrow down sub-trees by using begins-with matching or ends-with matching of an attribute value, a parent-child relationship or a sibling relationship for tags, or the like. In such a case as well, sub-trees are narrowed down by using tag names, IDs, class names, and attributes.

[0070] Because the aforementioned DRF parameters are parameters for selecting information displayed when performing a DRF display of page information of a link destination, they can be decided by a relation between the original page and the link destination page. In addition, it is also possible to select all link destination pages without selecting information. In such a case the DRF parameters are set to be blank.

[0071] Next, in step S**405**, in accordance with the selected DRF parameters, the DRF parameters are added to the link information in the page obtained in step S**401**, for example by inserting drf attributes. For example, if there is the link . . . , in a case of inserting the class name 'section' as a drf attribute, it becomes . . . . Note that the attribute name is not limited to drf, and another name may be used. In addition, . . . or the like may be set by using the href attribute without using a special attribute.

[0072] Next, in step S**406**, page information of the link destination corresponding to a URL of the link information

is obtained. Continuing, in step S**407**, a second script (script 2) is embedded or associated with the obtained link destination page information. The script 2 is a script that is executed when the client **101** displays a DRF, and information to display in the DRF is selected based on the DRF parameters that are obtained from the URL information of the link destination page by the execution. Note that embedding of the script 2 may be by directly describing the script in the page, or may be of a form that describes URL information for obtaining the script 2.

[0073] Next, in step S**408**, whether the aforementioned processing has been executed for all pages is determined based on the selection of the page information in step S**401**, and if there are unselected pages step S**401** is returned to, and other pages are processed.

[0074] Next, explanation is given of detail of processing executed by the DRF display system of the invention, based on the configuration illustrated in FIG. **1** through FIG. **4**.

[0075] FIG. **5**A through FIG. **5**F are state transition views illustrating an example of DRF display processing that corresponds to an embodiment of the invention, in accordance with an SDL (Specification and Description Language) description method. Processing that corresponds to FIG. **5**A through FIG. **5**F is realized by the client **101** and the Web server **103** each executing processing programs held respectively. Communication between the client **101** and the Web server **103** can be realized by using a Web browser communication function executed in the client **101**, or a Web browser plugin (extension program) communication function. For example, it can be realized in accordance with an HTTP protocol using Java (registered trademark) Script. In addition, Flash or the like may be used, and the communication may be in accordance with another protocol that is not HTTP.

[0076] Firstly, FIG. **5**A is a view that illustrates state transitions of the client **101** and the Web server **103**. In FIG. **5**A, the client **101** takes states of step S**510** to step S**530**, and processing illustrated in FIG. **5**B through FIG. **5**E is performed in these states respectively. In addition, the Web server **103** is in a state of waiting for a request from the client **101**, and executes processing as illustrated in later described FIG. **5**F in response to a request received from the client **101**.

[0077] Firstly, the client **101** is in an initial state in step S**510**. In this initial state, a screen is not displayed on the display **207** of the client **101**, and as illustrated in FIG. **5**B, in step S**711** a page information request for a predetermined Web page is transmitted to the Web server **103**, for example. Thereafter, transition is made to a page screen display state of step S**520**.

[0078] In the page screen display state of step S**520**, as illustrated in FIG. **5**C, the client **101** receives page information from the Web server **103** in step S**521**. Next, the processing proceeds to step S**522**, the received page information is displayed on the display **207**, and transition is made to an operation wait state in step S**530**.

[0079] An example of a display screen at this point is as illustrated in FIG. **6**A. In FIG. **6**A, a plurality of link displays **601** to **605** are displayed in a screen **600**. Note that, if these pieces of link information are clicked, a page of a link destination included in the page information is displayed in the screen **600**. An example of such a display screen is as illustrated in FIG. **6**B. Here, an example in which a page of URL:http://abc.com/maindocument.html is displayed is illustrated. Note that, in the present embodiment, because differences in a DRF display configuration in accordance with values of DRF attributes are explained, the link destination page is explanatorily the same for the link displays **601** to **605**.

[0080] Next, in the operation wait state of step S**530**, as illustrated in FIG. **5**D, in step S**531**, if the client **101** detects an operation with respect to any of the link displays **601** to **605** in the page display state as illustrated in FIG. **6**A, if the operation is a page transition operation for causing the link destination page to be displayed replacing the current display page, or for causing the link destination page to be displayed in a separate window, a transition is made to step S**536**, and if a DRF display operation for causing the link destination page to be DRF displayed, a transition is made to step S**532**.

[0081] As methods for a page transition operation and a DRF display operation, for example it is possible to accept a page transition operation as a click operation in which the user uses a mouse or the like, and it is possible to accept a DRF display operation as a mouseover operation. Note that a mouseover operation means an operation by which a mouse cursor displayed on the display **207** overlaps a link display. In addition, it is possible to accept a one click (a single click) operation as a DRF display operation, and a successive two-click (a double-click) operation as a page transition operation. Note that a page transition operation may be accepted by a single click operation, and a DRF display operation may be accepted by a double-click operation. Furthermore, if a touch panel is used as the instruction input device **206**, a single tap operation may be allocated to a DRF display operation, and a double tap operation to a page transition operation, or the reverse. In addition, the DRF display operation and the page transition operation may be made to not be different things, and for example, even if they are the same operation, an operation with respect to a display link for which there has not been a DRF display is interpreted as a DRF display operation, and for a display link which there already has been a DRF display it is interpreted as a page transition operation.

[0082] Firstly, in step S**532**, it is determined whether a drf attribute is set in link information of a link display detected by the DRF display operation. If not set, because the link display is not a target of a DRF display by the DRF display operation, step S**531** is returned to and the processing continues. In contrast, if a drf attribute is set, the script 1 embedded in the page is executed, and the processing transitions to step S**533**. Note that, in the present embodiment, it is assumed that a drf attribute is not set in the link display **601**, and drf attributes are set in the link displays **602** to **605**.

[0083] In step S**533**, the Web server **103** is requested for the page information of the link destination, in accordance with the link information. Specifically, the script 1 generates a URL that is set to a src attribute value of an iframe element for generating an inline frame in accordance with values of the drf attribute and the href of the link information in the page information. For example, if the link information is . . . , a tag for DRF display becomes <iframe src="XXX#.section"></iframe>.

[0084] Next, in step S**534**, the link destination page information transmitted from the Web server **103** in response to the request is received. Next, in step S**535**, in accordance with the value set by the drf attribute, the script 1 and the

script 2, which is embedded in the link destination page information, are executed to perform a DRF display of the page information in the screen **600**, and a transition is made to the operation wait state of step S**530**.

[0085] Also, in step S**536**, the Web server **103** is requested for link destination page information in accordance with the link information of the link display for which the page transition operation was performed. Here, a request is made for page information based on a URL in accordance with the value of an href of the link information in the page information. Next, in step S**537**, the link destination page information transmitted from the Web server **103** in response to the request is received. Next, in step S**538**, the received link destination page information is normally displayed in the screen **600** by switching it with the original page, and a transition is made to the operation wait state of step S**530**. At that time, the page may be switched to and displayed in the same window as the window in which the original page is displayed, or may be displayed in a different window.

[0086] Subsequently, explanation is given of the details of the DRF display processing in step S**535** above with reference to FIG. **5**E. This processing is processing that is realized by executing the script 1 and the script 2, which are respectively embedded (or obtained in accordance with an obtainment URL designated in the page) in the link source page and the link destination page.

[0087] Firstly, in step S**5350**, the script 1 is executed to set an inline frame (iframe) corresponding to the direct result frame (DRF), which is to be displayed over the page currently being displayed, and an overlay region, which is a region other than the DRF. In the present embodiment, the overlay region is grayed out. Gray-out processing can be realized by creating a layer that is semi-transparent, is the same size as the page overall, and has a background color of gray, for example, and after arrangement so as to cover the page overall, designating a z-index to be high. Note that, if a setting that permits a plurality of DRF displays is not made, graying out is not performed, or the overlay region is set so that all of the link source page other than the region in which the DRF frame is displayed is grayed out. However, if a plurality of DRF displays is permitted, an overlay region is set so as to gray out other than the link displays in the link source page. Regarding this setting, for a page that includes a plurality of links, for example, a user can use a predetermined setting screen to set in advance whether to permit a plurality of DRF displays. Alternatively, it is possible to set in advance whether to permit a plurality of DRF displays in the script 1, which is embedded in the page information.

[0088] Specifically, explanation is given below of DRF display processing that uses an inline frame. Subsequent DRF display processing is realized by executing the script 2, which is embedded in a link destination page to be DRF displayed. Firstly, in step S**5351**, a URL of the link destination page information itself is obtained. For the URL, the one used in the page request in step S**533** may be used. Next, in step S**5352**, the DRF parameters in the page URL are obtained. The DRF parameters may be obtained from fragment identifiers, or may be of a form in which they are obtained from a query string. Furthermore, in step S**5353**, a region corresponding to the DRF parameters obtained from the body (the region sandwiched between the <body> tags) of the link destination page information is selected. Specifically, a region satisfying conditions indicated by the DRF parameters is specified from regions for which a tag has been added. For example, if the DRF parameters are '.section:has(h2:contains(exposure control)', a region that is a tag whose class name is set to 'section' and in which an h2 tag is included in child elements of its tree, and also in which 'exposure control' is included in the child elements of the tree of the h2 tag is selected.

[0089] Next, in step S**5354**, a DRF display is performed by overlapping the link destination page information, which has as a body the information of the selected region, in an inline frame on the display of the link source page. Display examples for this point are illustrated in FIG. **6**C through FIG. **6**F. FIG. **6**C is a DRF display example for when the link display **602** is selected, illustrates a case in which the drf attribute values are blank, and in such a case all information in the page is DRF displayed in the frame **620**. Note that a button **606** is a button for closing the frame **620** that is DRF displayed. By a click of the button **606** the script 1 is stopped, the frame **620** is closed, the graying out terminates, and the screen of FIG. **6**A is returned to. FIG. **6**D is a DRF display example for when the link display **603** is selected, and illustrates a case in which only information of a product 'ABC-1DX' is selected and displayed in a frame **630**. The DRF parameter in such a case is '.col2Float:first' for example, designates the first tag whose class name is set to col2Float, and a corresponding recitation of a region in relation to ABC-1DX is as follows, for example.

```
<div class="col2Float">
<h3><span class="txt">ABC-1D X</span></h3>
<ul>
<li><a href="http:xxx>usage explanatory
document></a>[13MB]</li>
<li><a href="http:xxxx>quick start
guide></a>[2MB]</li>
<li><a href="http:xxxxx>pocket
guide></a>[1MB]</li>
<li><a href="http:xxxxxx> wired LAN usage
explanatory document></a>[2MB]</li>
</ul>
</div>
```

[0090] Next, FIG. **6**E is a DRF display example for when the link display **604** is selected, and illustrates a case in which product series of ABC M series is displayed in a frame **640**. The DRF parameter in such a case is '.linkList4: has(h2:contains(ABC M series))' for example, and designates a tag for which the class name linkList4 is set, and in which an h2 tag is included in a child element of its tree, where 'ABC M series' is included in a child element of the tree of the h2 tag. A recitation of a corresponding region is as follows, for example.

```
<div class="linkList4">
<h2><span class="txt">ABC M series</span></h2>
<a name="eos_m">
<div class="col2">
<div class="col2Float">
<h3><span class="txt">ABC M2</span></h3>
<ul>
<li> <a href="http:nnn>usage explanatory document>
</a>[10MB]</li>
<li> <a href="http:nnnn>quick start guide>
</a>[2.4MB]</li>
<li><a href="http:nnnnn>pocket
```

-continued

```
guide></a>[1MB]</li>
    <li> <a href="http:nnnnnn> WiFi usage explanatory
document> </a>[3MB]</li>
    </ul>
    </div>
    <div class="col2Float">
    <h3><span class="txt">ABC M</span></h3>
    <ul>
    <li> <a href="http:mmm>usage explanatory document>
</a>[5MB]</li>
    <li> <a href="http:mmmm>pocket guide>
</a>[1MB]</li>
    </ul>
    </div></div></div>
```

[0091] Next, FIG. **6**F is a DRF display example for when the link display **605** is selected, and illustrates a case in which product series of ABC X series is displayed in a frame **650**. The DRF parameter in such a case is '.linkList4:has (h2:contains(ABC X series))' for example, and designates a tag for which the class name linkList4 is set, and in which an h2 tag is included in a child element of its tree, where 'ABC X series' is included in a child element of the tree of the h2 tag. A recitation of a corresponding region is similar to that of the aforementioned ABC M series, so it is omitted.

[0092] Returning to FIG. **5**E, in the following step S**5355**, it is determined whether a plurality of DRF displays is permitted. If display of a plurality of DRFs is permitted, transition is made to step S**5356**. In contrast, if not permitted, transition is made to step S**5357**. Note that the display forms illustrated in FIG. **6**C through FIG. **6**F correspond to cases in which display of a plurality of DRFs is not permitted, and, in the case in which display of a plurality of DRFs is permitted, outside of the link displays in the link source page is grayed out as illustrated in FIG. **7**A or FIG. **7**B. FIG. **7**A illustrates a case in which only the link display **603** is selected and DRF displayed in the frame **630**. In such a case, link displays **601**, **602**, **604**, and **605**, which are unselected (unoperated), are not grayed out and furthermore can be selected. However, the selected link display **603** is grayed out. Alternatively, configuration may be taken to not gray out the link displays, distinguishably display the selected and unselected DRF supporting links, and perform a page transition in accordance with a page transition operation for a selected link. For example, configuration may be taken to display a selected link as normal, but to highlight an unselected DRF-supporting link. Note that an icon of the link display **603** may be displayed together with the frame **630** of the DRF display. Alternatively, the two may be associated such as by displaying to partially combine the frame **630** with the link display **603**, displaying them in a caption, or the like.

[0093] Next, in step S**5356**, it is determined whether a DRF display operation to another link of the link source page that has not been grayed out is detected. If a DRF display operation is detected, step S**533** is returned to, and processing continues. FIG. **7**B illustrates an example of displaying in a case in which another link is selected. FIG. **7**B illustrates a case in which in addition to the link display **603**, the link display **604** is selected and DRF displayed additionally in the frame **640**. In such a case, the link display **604** is grayed out and unselected link displays **601**, **602**, and **605** are not grayed out, and can be further selected. Note that, in the aforementioned example, although a restriction is not put on a number of frames to DRF display, limitation may be made to a predetermined number (for example, three frames). In such a case, all links may be grayed out if a corresponding number of frames is reached. However, if thereafter the button **606** is operated to close one of the frames, graying out of the link is canceled, and it becomes possible to select a link display of a link that is not DRF displayed. Alternatively, one of the displayed DRF frames (for example, a frame displayed first) may be closed, and a page corresponding to the link display that is further operated DRF displayed in a case where unselected link displays are not grayed out and a DRF display operation is performed with respect to another link display in a state where an upper limit is reached.

[0094] If a DRF display operation is not detected in step S**5356**, step S**5357** is proceeded to, and it is determined whether DRF displays are all terminated. Termination of the DRF displays is determined based on whether the button **606** of the displayed DRF display frames has been selected, and all frames have been closed. If even one frame remains, processing by step S**5356** is returned to (note that even if a plurality of DRF displays is prohibited, there is no problem because just "NO" is selected in step S**5356**). If it is determined that all DRF displays have terminated in step S**5357**, DRF displays and graying out are terminated in step S**5358**, the screen of FIG. **6**A is returned to, and transition is made to the operation wait state of step S**530** again.

[0095] Note that, in the aforementioned embodiment, a display form that excludes unselected links from graying out as in FIG. **7**A was limited to a case in which a plurality of DRF displays are permitted, but configuration may be taken such that display is possible even in the case where they are not permitted. In such a case, if a new link is selected, the display target is switched to the newly selected link destination page information. In other words, although ordinarily only one DRF display frame is displayed, by successively selecting link destinations, it is possible to switch a page to display in the frame.

[0096] In addition, although in the above it is possible to terminate a DRF display by operating the button **606**, termination of the DRF display may be performed in accordance with a condition other than a button operation. For example, it is possible to set a predetermined display time in advance, and terminate the DRF display when the time has elapsed. Alternatively, configuration may be taken to terminate if a predetermined operation is performed with respect to a region other than that the frame in which the DRF display is performed (for example, a click operation), or a predetermined key input (for example, input or the like of an esc key) is performed.

[0097] Furthermore, in the foregoing embodiment, a display position of a DRF display inline frame can be changed in accordance with a user operation, and in the frame it is possible to click on a link or perform a page scroll. If a link within the frame is clicked on, it is accepted as a normal page transition operation ('page transition' in step S**531**), and a link destination page may be displayed in a different window, for example. In addition, similarly to a normal window, it is also possible to use the edge or corners of the frame to change the display size.

[0098] Next, explanation is given of processing of a Web server **103** side. In step S**700** of FIG. **5**F, the Web server **103** is initially placed in a state of waiting for a request. In this state of waiting for a request, the Web server **103** receives

the page information request transmitted in step S**511** from the client **101**, and the request for link destination page information transmitted in either step S**533** or step S**536**. Firstly, upon receiving the page information request in step S**501**, in step S**502** the requested page information is obtained from the site information database **104** and transmitted to the client **101**. Subsequently, the state of waiting for a request of step S**500** is returned to. Furthermore, upon receiving a link destination page information request in step S**503**, transition is made to step S**504**, the requested link destination page information is obtained from the site information database **104** and transmitted to the client **101**, and the state of waiting for a request of step S**500** is returned to.

[0099] By virtue of the above embodiment, when a predetermined page is displayed in a browser, it is possible to confirm details and information of a page of a link destination included in the page by a DRF display that uses an inline frame, without switching the screen by a click. In addition, because the number of frames for which a DRF display is possible is not limited to one, it is possible to display a plurality of frames simultaneously to compare information of link destinations. It is possible to display all information of the link destination, and, alternatively, it is also possible to select particular information to display.

[0100] For example, in a case in which it is desired to compare pages that introduce products of a manufacturer, often pages that introduce products are typically created based on the same items so as to enable comparison. Accordingly, when performing a DRF display of a link destination, by setting the same items to drf attributes of the link destinations, it is possible to easily compare information of particular items of a plurality of link destination pages. Explanation is given of this effect with reference to FIG. **8**A through FIG. **8**C.

[0101] FIG. **8**A is a product listing page, and icons indicating five types of cameras in a bundle called Premium Series is displayed. Details of each camera are displayed by clicking a corresponding icon, but by using the DRF of the invention it is possible to compare information of a plurality of cameras without clicking. For example, if the link **801** is clicked, an example of a screen displayed is illustrated in FIG. **8**B. In FIG. **8**B, detailed information regarding a camera called PDC-**1** is displayed. Here, as product introduction items there are the large items of "overview", "basic information", and "main features", and medium items that belong to each large item; it is assumed that these items are essentially common to the product introduction of the premium series. In such a case, if the drf attributes of the five link destinations of FIG. **8**A are made to be common, it is possible to compare information relating to the common items in a plurality of DRF displays. For example, in a case of selecting 'main features' (in such a case it is possible to set the drf attributes to '.section:has(h2:contains(main features)'), for two cameras PDC-**1** and PDC-**16** as illustrated in FIG. **8**C, it is possible to compare 'main features' by two DRF displays **803** and **804**.

[0102] In addition although in FIG. **8**C DRF displays that narrow down to particular items are performed, a DRF display of all page information of a link destination may be performed as illustrated in FIG. **8**D, and in such a case a user can perform a comparison for any item by using scroll bars **805** to scroll information in each DRF frame.

[0103] By causing the above processing (for example, the processing or the like in accordance with the flowcharts illustrated by the aforementioned FIG. **4**, and FIG. **5**A through FIG. **5**F) to be stored as a computer program in a predetermined storage medium and causing a computer to read (causing installation or copying) the program that has been stored in the storage medium, the computer can perform the above processing. Accordingly, it is clear that a computer program and a storage medium are within the scope of the invention. In addition, the invention is not limited to the aforementioned embodiments, and various changes and transformations are possible without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the following claims are attached to make public the scope of the invention.

1. An information processing apparatus that receives a link source page file including a plurality of links from a Web server, and displays the link source page file, the information processing apparatus comprising:

a communication unit configured to communicate with the Web server;

a display unit configured to display the link source page file received from the Web server;

a detection unit configured to detect an operation from a user of the information processing apparatus with respect to the link source page file displayed by the display unit; and

a processing unit configured to execute a script described in the link source page file, wherein

in response that the processing unit executes the script when the detection unit detects a frame display operation with respect to any of the plurality of links included in the link source page file,

the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the operated link destination, and

the display unit performs a frame display of the page file of the link destination in a first frame overlapped on the display of the link source page file, and

if the display unit is overlappingly displaying the page file of the link destination in the first frame and if the detection unit has detected a frame display operation with respect to another link that has not been operated out of the plurality of links, the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the other link destination that was operated, and

the display unit, while maintaining the display of the first frame, performs a frame display of the page file of the other link destination in a second frame that is different from the first frame and is overlapped on the display of the link source page file.

2. The information processing apparatus according to claim **1**, wherein the display unit, if performing frame display by overlapping on the display of the link source page file, displays some of information of a link destination page file to be displayed.

3. The information processing apparatus according to claim **2**, wherein

the some of the information is narrowed down based on a parameter included in link information in the page file of the link source,

the parameter includes information for narrowing down sub-trees in a page file, and

the display unit displays information of a sub-tree narrowed down by information for narrowing down the sub-trees out of the page file of the link source.

4. An information processing apparatus that receives a link source page file including a plurality of links from a Web server, and displays the link source page file, the information processing apparatus comprising:

a communication unit configured to communicate with the Web server;

a display unit configured to display the link source page file received from the Web server; and

a detection unit configured to detect an operation from a user of the information processing apparatus with respect to the link source page file displayed by the display unit,

wherein

if the detection unit detects a frame display operation with respect to any of the plurality of links included in the link source page file,

the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the operated link destination, and

the display unit performs a frame display in a frame overlapped on the display of the link source page file of information of sub-trees in the page file of the link destination that are narrowed down based on information for narrowing down sub-trees in the page file included in the link information in the link source page file.

5. The information processing apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the information for narrowing down the sub-trees further includes at least information that designates any of an HTML tag name, a tag ID, a class name and an attribute, and text in a tag.

6. The information processing apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the display unit, if displaying a plurality of frames, displays information of an item common to link destination page files corresponding to each frame as the some of the information.

7. The information processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the display unit, if performing a frame display by overlapping on the display of the link source page file, grays out the link source page file.

8. The information processing apparatus according to claim 6, wherein the display unit, if graying out the link source page file, excludes from the graying out and selectably displays the plurality of links that the link source page file includes.

9. The information processing apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the display unit, if excluding from the graying out and selectably displaying the plurality of links, distinguishably displays links for which the frame display operation has already been performed, and unoperated links.

10. The information processing apparatus according to claim 8, wherein if a number of frames displayed by overlapping on the display of the link source page file is limited to a predetermined number and the display unit is displaying the predetermined number of frames, the display unit grays out the link source page file, including the plurality of links.

11. The information processing apparatus according to claim 10, wherein if at least one of the predetermined number of frames is closed, the display unit re-excludes the plurality of links from the graying out.

12. The information processing apparatus according to claim 7, wherein

if the display unit is graying out the link source page file and if the detection unit detects a page transition operation with respect to a link corresponding to a page file of a link destination displayed in a frame,

the communication unit receives the page file of the link destination from the Web server, and the display unit switches the link source page file and the frame and displays the page file of the link destination for which the operation was performed.

13. The information processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein

if a number of frames displayed by overlapping on the display of the link source page file is limited to a predetermined number and the display unit is displaying the predetermined number of frames, and if the detection unit further detects a frame display operation with respect to another unoperated link of the plurality of links,

the display unit closes any of frames being displayed and performs a frame display of a page file of the other link corresponding to the further detected frame display operation.

14. The information processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein

if the display unit is displaying a frame to overlap the display of the link source page file and if the detection unit detects an operation with respect to a link included in a page file within the frame,

the communication unit receives the page file of the link destination from the Web server, and the display unit switches from the display of the link source page file and the frame to a display of the page file of the link destination for which the operation was performed.

15. A Web server that receives a request for a page file from an information processing apparatus, and transmits the requested page file, the Web server comprising:

a processing unit configured to manage a page file that includes a plurality of links; and

a communication unit configured to communicate with the information processing apparatus and transmitting the requested page file,

wherein

the processing unit adds to link information in a page file a parameter for narrowing down display information within frames when link destination page files of the plurality of links included in the page file are displayed within the frames in the information processing apparatus, and

associates with the link destination page files a script for causing the information processing apparatus to perform narrowing down of display content within the frame based on the parameter.

16. A non-transitory computer readable storage medium that stores a computer program including instructions which when executed by an processing unit of a computer causes the computer to function as an information processing apparatus that receives a link source page file including a plurality of links from a Web server, and displays the link source page file, the information processing apparatus comprising:

a communication unit configured to communicate with the Web server;

a display unit configured to display the link source page file received from the Web server;

a detection unit configured to detect an operation from a user of the information processing apparatus with respect to the link source page file displayed by the display unit; and

a processing unit configured to execute a script described in the link source page file, wherein in response that the processing unit executes the script when the detection unit detects a frame display operation with respect to any of the plurality of links included in the link source page file,

the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the operated link destination, and

the display unit performs a frame display of the page file of the link destination in a first frame overlapped on the display of the link source page file, and

if the display unit is overlappingly displaying the page file of the link destination in the first frame and if the detection unit has detected a frame display operation with respect to another link that has not been operated out of the plurality of links, the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the other link destination that was operated, and

the display unit, while maintaining the display of the first frame, performs a frame display of the page file of the other link destination in a second frame that is different from the first frame and is overlapped on the display of the link source page file.

17. A non-transitory computer readable storage medium that stores a computer program including instructions which when executed by an processing unit of a computer causes the computer to function as an information processing apparatus that receives a link source page file including a plurality of links from a Web server, and displays the link source page file, the information processing apparatus comprising:

a communication unit configured to communicate with the Web server;

a display unit configured to display the link source page file received from the Web server; and

a detection unit configured to detect an operation from a user of the information processing apparatus with respect to the link source page file displayed by the display unit,

wherein

if the detection unit detects a frame display operation with respect to any of the plurality of links included in the link source page file,

the communication unit receives from the Web server a page file of the operated link destination, and

the display unit performs a frame display in a frame overlapped on the display of the link source page file of information of sub-trees in the page file of the link destination that are narrowed down based on information for narrowing down sub-trees in the page file included in the link information in the link source page file.

18. A non-transitory computer readable storage medium that stores a computer program including instructions which when executed by an processing unit of a computer causes the computer to function a Web server that receives a request for a page file from an information processing apparatus, and transmits the requested page file, the Web server comprising:

a processing unit configured to manage a page file that includes a plurality of links; and

a communication unit configured to communicate with the information processing apparatus and transmitting the requested page file,

wherein

the processing unit adds to link information in a page file a parameter for narrowing down display information within frames when link destination page files of the plurality of links included in the page file are displayed within the frames in the information processing apparatus, and

associates with the link destination page files a script for causing the information processing apparatus to perform narrowing down of display content within the frame based on the parameter.

* * * * *