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(54) **METHODS OF REVERSING CACHEXIA AND PROLONGING SURVIVAL COMPRISING ADMINISTERING A GDF15 MODULATOR AND AN ANTI-CANCER AGENT**

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ABSTRACT

Methods are provided for improved treatment of subjects with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome, comprising treatment with a combination of at least one anti-cancer agent and at least one GDF 15 modulator. Methods are further provided for improved treatment of subjects with anti-cancer agents which induce cachexia, comprising further treating the subject with at least one GDF 15 modulator.

FIGURE 1 Inhibition of GDF15 Significantly Improved Overall Survival in Cancer Cachexia Tumor Bearing Mice

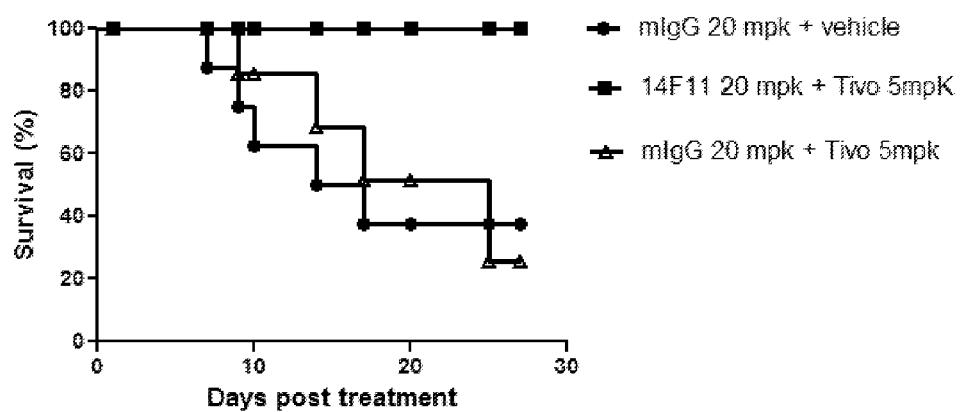
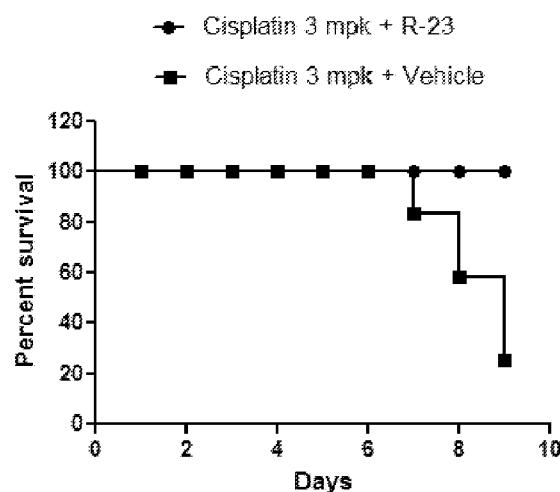


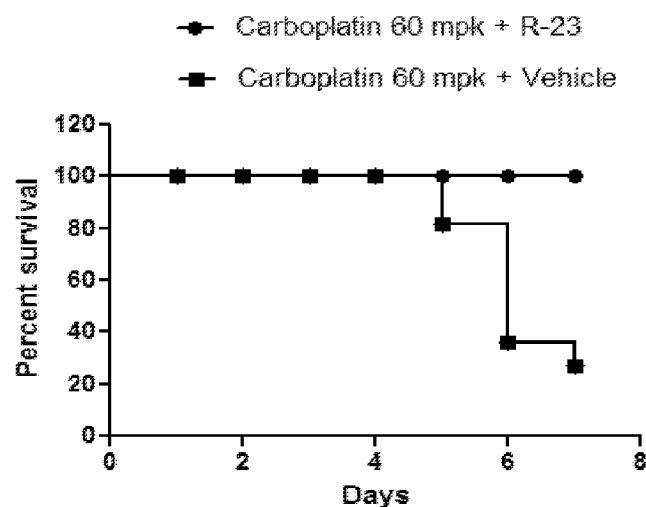
FIGURE 2 Inhibition of GDF15 Significantly Improved Overall Survival in Cisplatin-induced Cachexia Model



Survival criteria:

1. Alive
 2. Body weight loss <20%
 3. Better than moribund health
- HR: 0.09 P: 0.001

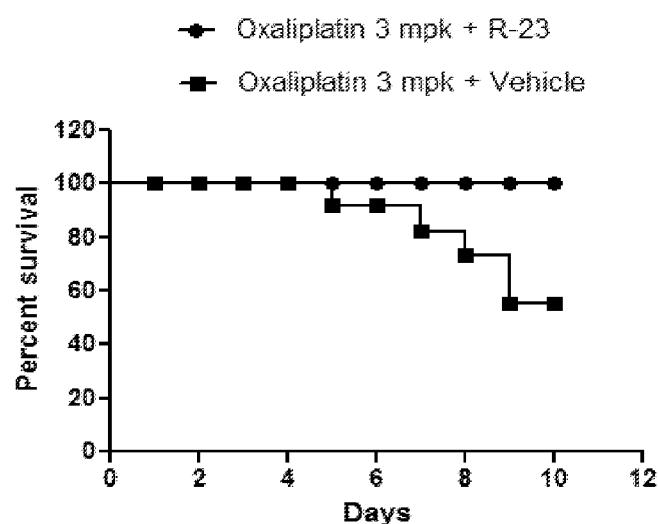
FIGURE 3: Inhibition of GDF15 Significantly Improved Overall Survival in Carboplatin-induced Cachexia Model



Survival criteria:

1. Alive
 2. Body weight loss <20%
 3. Better than moribund health
- HR: 0.09 P: 0.02

FIGURE 4: Inhibition of GDF15 Significantly Improved Overall Survival in Oxaliplatin-induced Cachexia Model



Survival criteria:

1. Alive
 2. Body weight loss <20%
 3. Better than moribund health
- HR: 0.12 P: 0.024

METHODS OF REVERSING CACHEXIA AND PROLONGING SURVIVAL COMPRISING ADMINISTERING A GDF15 MODULATOR AND AN ANTI-CANCER AGENT

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims the benefit of and priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/055,203, filed Sep. 25, 2014, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] A large majority of advanced cancer patients experience progressive weight loss associated with anorexia, malnutrition, anemia, inflammation and suppression of immune functions. Collectively, this series of complex and inter-related symptoms have been described as Cancer Anorexia-Cachexia Syndrome (CACS). CACS is associated with muscle and fat mass loss, decreased quality of life, reduced response to anti-cancer therapies, increased treatment toxicity and reduced survival. Further, certain chemotherapeutic treatments used to treat various cancers have been shown to induce or contribute to cachexia. In particular, subjects treated with platinum-based therapies, such as carboplatin and oxaliplatin, may experience dose-limiting, harmful, and sometimes fatal cachexia.

[0003] Growth Differentiation Factor-15 (GDF15) is a member of the transforming growth factor-beta (TGF- β) superfamily of proteins, which comprise a large group of multifunctional proteins that serve as regulators of cell proliferation and differentiation. Prominent members of this family include the TGF- β s 1-5, activins, bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs) that serve as regulators of bone, cartilage and other tissue types, and other proteins involved in cellular regulation, such as glial cell-line derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF), and myostatin (also known as GDF-8). GDF15 was isolated early on from such tissues as prostate and placenta, and has been known by the additional names macrophage inhibitory cytokine 1 (or MIC1), NSAID-activated gene 1 protein (or NAG1), NSAID-regulated gene 1 protein (or NRG-1), placental TGF-beta (or PTGFB), placental bone morphogenetic protein (or PLAB), and prostate differentiation factor (or PDF).

[0004] Monoclonal antibodies against GDF15 have been recognized as potential anti-cachexia therapeutic agents. See, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 8,192,735 and WO 2014/100689.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] The present inventors have discovered that, among other things, inhibition of GDF15 can reverse chemotherapy-induced cachexia. Accordingly, inhibition of GDF15 allows enhanced treatment by reducing the dose-limiting cachexia caused by such chemotherapeutics. The present inventors have also discovered that prevention and/or reversal of cachexia by administration of a GDF15 modulator is useful for the increase of overall survival in subjects treated with anti-cancer agents. Additionally, the inventors have discovered that treatment of cachexia can be integrated into anti-cancer treatment regimens to increase the therapeutic benefit.

[0006] In one aspect, the disclosure relates to a method for increasing the overall survival in a subject having cancer

anorexia-cachexia syndrome, comprising treating the subject with at least one anti-cancer agent and at least one GDF15 modulator.

[0007] In another aspect, the disclosure relates to a method for increasing the overall survival in a subject being treated with an anti-cancer agent, comprising further treating the subject with at least one GDF15 modulator. In certain embodiments, the anti-cancer agent induces cachexia.

[0008] In another aspect, the disclosure relates to a method for increasing the overall survival in a subject bearing a cachexia-inducing tumor, comprising treating the subject with at least one anti-cancer agent and at least one GDF15 modulator.

[0009] In another aspect, the disclosure relates to a method of treating a subject with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome, the method comprising administering a GDF15 modulator and an anti-cancer agent, wherein administration of the GDF15 modulator and the anti-cancer agent prolongs mean survival in a first patient population with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome relative to a second patient population with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome who do not receive the GDF15 modulator.

[0010] In certain embodiments of any of the methods disclosed herein, the anti-cancer agent is selected from the group consisting of: capecitabine, gemcitabine, doxorubicin, cisplatin, carboplatin and oxaliplatin. In certain embodiments, the GDF15 modulator is an anti-GDF15 antibody, or a GDF15-binding fragment thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

[0011] FIG. 1 shows a graph illustrating the effects of treatment with GDF15 inhibitory antibody on survival of mice with tumors.

[0012] FIG. 2 shows a graph illustrating the effects of combined treatment with cisplatin and a GDF15 inhibitory antibody on chemotherapy-induced cachexia in mice.

[0013] FIG. 3 shows a graph illustrating the effects of combined treatment with carboplatin and a GDF15 inhibitory antibody on chemotherapy-induced cachexia in mice.

[0014] FIG. 4 shows a graph illustrating the effects of combined treatment with oxaliplatin and a GDF15 inhibitory antibody on chemo-induced cachexia in mice.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

I. GDF15 Modulators

[0015] As used herein a "GDF15 modulator" is understood to mean an agent that reduces or inhibits GDF15 activity or the activity of the GDF15 pathway, which can result from reduced expression, amount, or biological activity or function, of GDF15 or the GDF15 pathway. GDF15 modulators or modulating agents useful in the practice of the invention may comprise an anti-GDF15 antibody, an anti-GDF15 receptor antibody, soluble GDF15 mimetics or analogs that prevent GDF15 from binding to its cognate binding partner, a soluble GDF15 receptor mimetic or analog that prevents GDF15 from binding to its cognate binding partner. Additional exemplary GDF15 modulating agents include small molecule inhibitors of GDF15 or a GDF15 receptor, interfering nucleic acids (for example, interfering RNA or antisense nucleic acids, such as antisense DNA or RNA) that interfere with expression of endogenous GDF15 or a cognate receptor.

[0016] Antibodies against GDF15, GDF15-binding fragments thereof, and methods for their use have been described in U.S. Pat. No. 8,192,735; WO 2014/100689 (corresponding to U.S. Patent Publication No. US 2014-0193427-A1); and International Patent Application Nos. PCT/US2015/036790 and PCT/US2015/036794. These documents are hereby incorporated herein in their entirety, including their description of GDF15, GDF15 modulators (e.g., GDF15 inhibitors), antibodies to GDF15, methods of producing and using such modulators and antibodies, as well as their description of compositions, formulations, excipients and carriers, therapeutically effective amounts, dosage forms and modes of administration.

[0017] In a preferred embodiment, the GDF15 modulating agent can comprise an anti-GDF15 antibody, which is humanized or human. As used herein, unless otherwise indicated, the term “antibody” is understood to mean an intact antibody (e.g., an intact monoclonal antibody) or antigen-binding fragment of an antibody, including an intact antibody or antigen-binding fragment of an antibody (e.g., a phage display antibody including a fully human antibody, a semisynthetic antibody or a fully synthetic antibody) that has been optimized, engineered or chemically conjugated. Examples of antibodies that have been optimized are affinity-matured antibodies. Examples of antibodies that have been engineered are Fc optimized antibodies, and multispecific antibodies (e.g., bispecific antibodies). Examples of antigen-binding fragments include Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, Fv, single chain antibodies (e.g., scFv), minibodies and diabodies. An antibody conjugated to a toxin moiety is an example of a chemically conjugated antibody.

[0018] In certain embodiments, the antibody comprises: (a) an immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region comprising the structure CDR_{H1}-CDR_{H2}-CDR_{H3} and (b) an immunoglobulin light chain variable region, wherein the heavy chain variable region and the light chain variable region together define a single binding site for binding GDF15 or a GDF15 receptor. The CDR_{H1}, CDR_{H2}, and CDR_{H3} sequences are interposed between immunoglobulin framework (FR) sequences. In certain other embodiments, the antibody comprises (a) an immunoglobulin light chain variable region comprising the structure CDR_{L1}-CDR_{L2}-CDR_{L3}, and (b) an immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region, wherein the IgG light chain variable region and the IgG heavy chain variable region together define a single binding site for binding GDF15 or a GDF15 receptor. The CDR_{L1}, CDR_{L2}, and CDR_{L3} sequences are interposed between immunoglobulin FR sequences. In certain other embodiments, the antibody comprises: (a) an immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region comprising the structure CDR_{H1}-CDR_{H2}-CDR_{H3} and (b) an immunoglobulin light chain variable region comprising the structure CDR_{L1}-CDR_{L2}-CDR_{L3}, wherein the heavy chain variable region and the light chain variable region together define a single binding site for binding GDF15 or a GDF15 receptor. Exemplary anti-GDF15 antibodies are described, for example, in U.S. Patent Publication No. US 2014-0193427-A1, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein for all purposes.

[0019] Exemplary anti-GDF15 antibodies useful in the methods and compositions of the invention may, for example, include a heavy chain variable region comprising any one of the nine sets of CDR_{H1}, CDR_{H2}, and CDR_{H3} region sequences set forth in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1

	CDR _{H1}	CDR _{H2}	CDR _{H3}
1	DYNMD (SEQ ID NO: 1)	QINPNNGGIFFNQKFKG (SEQ ID NO: 4)	EAITTVGAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 13)
2	DYNMD (SEQ ID NO: 1)	QINPNNGGIFFNQKFQG (SEQ ID NO: 5)	EAITTVGAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 13)
3	DYNMD (SEQ ID NO: 1)	QINPYNHLIFFNQKFQG (SEQ ID NO: 6)	EAITTVGAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 13)
4	DYNMD (SEQ ID NO: 1)	QINPNNGLIFFNQKFQG (SEQ ID NO: 7)	EAITTVGAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 13)
5	DYNMD (SEQ ID NO: 1)	QINPNNGLIFFNQKFKG (SEQ ID NO: 8)	EAITTVGAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 13)
6	DYNMD (SEQ ID NO: 1)	QINPYNHLIFFNQKFKG (SEQ ID NO: 9)	EAITTVGAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 13)
7	TYGMGV (SEQ ID NO: 2)	HIYWDDDKRYNPSLKS (SEQ ID NO: 10)	RGYDDYWGY (SEQ ID NO: 14)
8	TYGMGV (SEQ ID NO: 2)	HIYWDDDKRYNPSLKT (SEQ ID NO: 11)	RGYDDYWGY (SEQ ID NO: 14)
9	TYGMGV (SEQ ID NO: 3)	DIW-WDDDKYYNPSLKS (SEQ ID NO: 12)	RGHYSAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 15)

[0020] Exemplary anti-GDF15 antibodies useful in the methods and compositions of the invention may, for example, include a light chain variable region comprising any one of the four sets of CDR_{L1}, CDR_{L2}, and CDR_{L3} region sequences set forth in Table 2 below.

TABLE 2

	CDRL ₁	CDRL ₂	CDRL ₁
1	RTSENLLHNYLA (SEQ ID NO: 16)	DAKTLAD (SEQ ID NO: 18)	QHFWSSPYT (SEQ ID NO: 21)
2	RTSENLLHNYLA (SEQ ID NO: 16)	DAKTLAD (SEQ ID NO: 18)	QHFWSDPYT (SEQ ID NO: 22)
3	KASQNVGTNVA (SEQ ID NO: 17)	SASYRYS (SEQ ID NO: 19)	QQYNNYPLT (SEQ ID NO: 23)
4	KASQNVGTNVA (SEQ ID NO: 17)	SPSYRYS (SEQ ID NO: 20)	QQYNNSYPHT (SEQ ID NO: 24)

[0021] Exemplary anti-GDF15 antibodies useful in the practice of the invention are described in U.S. Patent Publication No. US 2014-0193427-A1, including 01G06, 03G05, 04F08, 06C11, 08G01, 14F11, 17B11, as well as human or humanized forms thereof. In certain embodiments, the antibodies disclosed herein (e.g., 01G06, 03G05, 04F08, 06C11, 08G01, 14F11, or 17B11, or humanized forms thereof) are used to treat a subject with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome, wherein administration of the antibody and an anti-cancer agent prolongs mean survival in a first patient population with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome relative to a second patient population with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome who do not receive the GDF15 modulator.

[0022] In a preferred embodiment, an anti-GDF15 antibody useful in the practice of the invention is referred to as 01G06 in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/137,415. Humanized forms of the 01G06 antibody are listed below together with the amino acid sequences of their respective heavy and light chain variable regions. Exemplary humanized anti-GDF15 antibodies include: Hu01G06-1; Hu01G06-46; Hu01G06-52; Hu01G06-100; Hu01G06-101; Hu01G06-102; Hu01G06-103; Hu01G06-104; Hu01G06-105; Hu01G06-106; Hu01G06-107; Hu01G06-108; Hu01G06-109; Hu01G06-110; Hu01G06-111; Hu01G06-112; Hu01G06-113; Hu01G06-114; Hu01G06-122; Hu01G06-127; Hu01G06-135; Hu01G06-138; Hu01G06-146; Hu06C11-1; Hu06C11-27; Hu06C11-30; Hu14F11-1; Hu14F11-23; Hu14F11-24; Hu14F11-39; and Hu14F11-47. The amino acid sequences for the heavy chain and light chain for each of the aforementioned antibodies is set forth below in Table 3.

TABLE 3

Antibody Name	Light Chain	Heavy Chain
01G06 (murine)	SEQ ID NO: 25	SEQ ID NO: 37
Hu01G06-1	SEQ ID NO: 26	SEQ ID NO: 38

TABLE 3-continued

Antibody Name	Light Chain	Heavy Chain
Hu01G06-46	SEQ ID NO: 27	SEQ ID NO: 39
Hu01G06-52	SEQ ID NO: 27	SEQ ID NO: 40

TABLE 3-continued

Antibody Name	Light Chain	Heavy Chain
Hu01G06-100	SEQ ID NO: 27	SEQ ID NO: 41
Hu01G06-101	SEQ ID NO: 27	SEQ ID NO: 42
Hu01G06-102	SEQ ID NO: 27	SEQ ID NO: 43
Hu01G06-103	SEQ ID NO: 27	SEQ ID NO: 44
Hu01G06-104	SEQ ID NO: 27	SEQ ID NO: 45
Hu01G06-105	SEQ ID NO: 28	SEQ ID NO: 41
Hu01G06-106	SEQ ID NO: 28	SEQ ID NO: 42
Hu01G06-107	SEQ ID NO: 28	SEQ ID NO: 43
Hu01G06-108	SEQ ID NO: 28	SEQ ID NO: 44
Hu01G06-109	SEQ ID NO: 28	SEQ ID NO: 45
Hu01G06-110	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 41
Hu01G06-111	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 42
Hu01G06-112	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 43
Hu01G06-113	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 44
Hu01G06-114	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 45
Hu01G06-122	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 46
Hu01G06-127	SEQ ID NO: 30	SEQ ID NO: 47
Hu01G06-135	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 48
Hu01G06-138	SEQ ID NO: 29	SEQ ID NO: 49
Hu01G06-146	SEQ ID NO: 30	SEQ ID NO: 49
06C11 (murine)	SEQ ID NO: 31	SEQ ID NO: 50
Hu06C11-1	SEQ ID NO: 32	SEQ ID NO: 38
Hu06C11-27	SEQ ID NO: 33	SEQ ID NO: 51
Hu06C11-30	SEQ ID NO: 33	SEQ ID NO: 52
14F11 (murine)	SEQ ID NO: 34	SEQ ID NO: 53
Hu14F11-1	SEQ ID NO: 35	SEQ ID NO: 54
Hu14F11-23	SEQ ID NO: 35	SEQ ID NO: 55
Hu14F11-24	SEQ ID NO: 32	SEQ ID NO: 54
Hu14F11-39	SEQ ID NO: 36	SEQ ID NO: 56
Hu14F11-47	SEQ ID NO: 36	SEQ ID NO: 57

[0023] It is understood that the antibodies described herein can be designed, tested, and formulated using techniques known in the art.

SEQ ID NO: 25
1 diqmtqspas lsasvgetvt itcrtsenlh nylawyqqkq gkspqllyd aktladgvps
61 rfgsgsgtq yslkinslqp edfgsyyccqh fwsspytfgg gkleikrad aaptvsifpp
121 sseqltsgga svvcflnnfy pkdinvkwki dgserqngv1 nswtdqdskd stysmsstlt
181 ltkdeyehn sytceathkt stspivksfn rnec

SEQ ID NO: 26
1 diqmtqspas lsasvgetvt itcrtsenlh nylawyqqkq gkspqllyd aktladgvps
61 rfgsgsgtq yslkinslqp edfgsyyccqh fwsspytfgg gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlksgt a svvcllnnf ypeakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdskd styslsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 27
1 diqmtqspss lsasvgdrvt itcrtsenlh nylawyqqkq gkspkllvyd aktladgvps
61 rfgsgsgtd ytlisslqp edfatyyccqh fwsspytfgg gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlksgt a svvcllnnf ypeakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdskd styslsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 29
1 diqmtqspss lsasvgdrvt itcrtsenlh nylawyqqkq gkapklliyyd aktladgvps
61 rfgsgsgtd ytlisslqp edfatyyccqh fwsspytfgg gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlksgt a svvcllnnf ypeakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdskd styslsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 28
1 diqmtqspss lsasvgdrvt itcrtsenlh nylawyqqkq gkspkillyd aktladgvps
61 rfgsgsgtd ytlisslqp edfatyyccqh fwsspytfgg gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlksgt a svvcllnnf ypeakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdskd styslsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 32
1 divmtqsqkf mstsvgdrv s vtckasqnv tnvawfqqkq ggspkallys asyrysgvpd
61 rftgsgsgtd filtisnvqs edlaeyfcqq ynnyplytfga gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlksgt a svvcllnnf ypeakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdskd styslsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 33
1 diqmtqspss lsasvgdrvt itckasqnv tnvawfqqkq gkapkslllys asyrysgvpd
61 rfgsgsgtd ftltisslqp edfatyyccq ynnyplytfgg gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlksgt a svvcllnnf ypeakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdskd styslsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 35
1 divmtqsqkf mstsvgdrv s vtckasqnv tnvawyqqkq ggspkallys psyrysgvpd
61 rftgsgsgtd ftltisnvqs edlaeyfcqq ynsyphfpgg gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlksgt a svvcllnnf ypeakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdskd styslsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 36
1 diqmtqspss lsasvgdrvt itckasqnv tnvawfqqkq gkspkallys psyrysgvpd
61 rfgsgsgtd ftltisslqp edfatyfcqq ynsyphfpgg gkleikrtv aapsvfifpp

-continued

121 sdeqlkshta svvcllnnf preakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdsd styplsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 37

1 evllqqsgpe lvkpgasvki pckasgytft dynmdwvkqs hgkslewigg inpnnggiff
61 nqkfkgkatl tvdkssntaf mevrsltsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw ggtsvtvss
121 akttppsvyp lapgsaaqtn smvtlgclvk gyfpepvtvt wnsqslssgv htfpavlqsd
181 lytlsssvtv psstwpsetv tcnvahpass tkvdkkivpr dcgckpcict vpevssvfif
241 ppkpkdvlti tltpkvtcvv vdiskddpev qfswfvddve vhtaqtqpre eqfnstfrsv
301 selpimhqdw lngkefkcrs nsaafpapie ktisktkgrp kapqvytipp pkeqmakdkv
361 sltcmitdff peditviewqw ngqpaenykn tqpimtdgs yfvysklnvq ksnweagntf
421 tcsvlheglh nhhtekslsh spgk

SEQ ID NO: 30

1 diqmtqspss lsasvgdrvt itcrtsenlh nylawyqqkp gkspkillyd aktladgvps
61 rfsgsgsgtd ytlisslqp edfatyyccqf fwspdytfqg gtleikrtv aapsvfifpp
121 sdeqlkshta svvcllnnf preakvqwkv dnalqsgnsq esvteqdsd styplsstlt
181 lskadyekhk vyacevthqg lsspvtksfn rgec

SEQ ID NO: 38

1 evllqqsgpe lvkpgasvki pckasgytft dynmdwvkqs hgkslewigg inpnnggiff
61 nqkfkgkatl tvdkssntaf mevrsltsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw ggtsvtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvtvs wnsqaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep ksckthtcp pcparellgg
241 psvflfppkp kdtmlmisrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqprepq vytllpsree
361 mtknqvsltc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 39

1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgasvkv sckasgytft dynmdwvrqa pgkslewigg inpnnggiff
61 nqkfkgratl tvdtstntay melrsrlsdd tavyycarea ittvgamdyw ggtsvtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvtvs wnsqaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep ksckthtcp pcparellgg
241 psvflfppkp kdtmlmisrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqprepq vytllpsree
361 mtknqvsltc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 40

1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgssvkv sckasgytft dynmdwvrqa pgkslewigg inpnnggiff
61 nqkfkgratl tvdkstntay melssrlsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw ggtsvtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvtvs wnsqaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep ksckthtcp pcparellgg
241 psvflfppkp kdtmlmisrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqprepq vytllpsree

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361 mtknqvsldc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgssffly skltvdksrw
421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk
                                         SEQ ID NO: 41
1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgasvkv sckasgytft dynmdwvrqa pgqglewmqq inpnnggiff
61 nqkfqgrvtl ttdtststay melrsrlsdd tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pcparllgg
241 psvflfppkp kdtmlmisrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqprepq vytllpsree
361 mtknqvsldc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgssffly skltvdksrw
421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk
                                         SEQ ID NO: 43
1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgasvkv sckasgytft dynmdwvrqa pgqglewmqq inpnnggiff
61 nqkfqgrvtl ttdtststay melrsrlsdd tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pcparllgg
241 psvflfppkp kdtmlmisrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqprepq vytllpsree
361 mtknqvsldc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgssffly skltvdksrw
421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk
                                         SEQ ID NO: 42
1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgasvkv sckasgytft dynmdwvrqa pgqglewmqq inpnnggiff
61 nqkfqgrvtl ttdtststay melrsrlsdd tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pcparllgg
241 psvflfppkp kdtmlmisrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqprepq vytllpsree
361 mtknqvsldc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgssffly skltvdksrw
421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk
                                         SEQ ID NO: 44
1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgssvkv sckasgytfs dynmdwvrqa pgqglewmqq inpnnggiff
61 nqkfqgrvtl tdkststay melssrlsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pcparllgg
241 psvflfppkp kdtmlmisrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqprepq vytllpsree
361 mtknqvsldc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgssffly skltvdksrw
421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk
                                         SEQ ID NO: 45
1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgssvkv sckasgytfs dynmdwvrqa pgqglewmqq inpnnggiff
61 nqkfqgrvtl tdkststay melssrlsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsaltsgv htfpavlqss

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181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pc papellgg
 241 psvflfppkp kd1misrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
 301 styrvvsvlt v1hqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqppepq vyt1ppsree
 361 mtknqvsltc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
 421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 46

1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgasvkv sckasgytft dynmdwvrqa pgqslewmqq inpynhliff
 61 nqkfqgrvt1 ttdtststay melrsrlsdd tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
 121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsgaltsgv htfpavlqss
 181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pc papellgg
 241 psvflfppkp kd1misrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
 301 styrvvsvlt v1hqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqppepq vyt1ppsree
 361 mtknqvsltc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
 421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 47

1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgasvkv sckasgytft dynmdwvrqa pgqslewmqq inpnngliff
 61 nqkfqgrvt1 ttdtststay melrsrlsdd tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
 121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsgaltsgv htfpavlqss
 181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pc papellgg
 241 psvflfppkp kd1misrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
 301 styrvvsvlt v1hqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqppepq vyt1ppsree
 361 mtknqvsltc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
 421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 48

1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgssvkv sckasgytfs dynmdwvrqa pgqglewmqq inpnngliff
 61 nqkfkggrvt1 tadkststay melssrlsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
 121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsgaltsgv htfpavlqss
 181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pc papellgg
 241 psvflfppkp kd1misrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
 301 styrvvsvlt v1hqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqppepq vyt1ppsree
 361 mtknqvsltc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
 421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 49

1 qvqlvqsgae vkkpgssvkv sckasgytfs dynmdwvrqa pgqglewmqq inpynhliff
 61 nqkfkggrvt1 tadkststay melssrlsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw gggtivtvss
 121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk dyfpepvts wnsgaltsgv htfpavlqss
 181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvep kscdkthtcp pc papellgg
 241 psvflfppkp kd1misrtp evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna ktkpreeqyn
 301 styrvvsvlt v1hqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis kakgqppepq vyt1ppsree
 361 mtknqvsltc lvkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
 421 qqgnvfscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

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SEQ ID NO: 38

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1 evllqqsgpe lvkpgasvki pckasgytft dynmdwvkqs hgkslewigq inpnnggiff
61 nqkfkgkatl tdkssntaf mevrsltsed tavyycarea ittvgamdyw ggtsvtvss
121 astkgpsvfp lapsskstsg gtaalgclvk yfpepvts wnsgaltsgv htfpavlqss
181 glyslssvvt vpssslgtqt yicnvnhkps ntkvdkrvepk scdkthtcp cpapellgg
241 psvflfppkp dtlmisrtpe evtcvvvdvs hedpevkfnw yvdgvevhna tkpreeqyn
301 styrvvsvlt vlhqdwlngk eykckvsnka lpapiektis akgqprepq yt1ppsree
361 mtknqvsltcl vkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly skltvdksrw
421 qgnvfvscsv mhealhnhyt qkslslspgk

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SEQ ID NO: 51

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1 qvtlkesgpa lvpktqtl1 tctfsgfsln tygmgvswir qppgkalewl ahiywdddkr
61 ynpslktrlt iskdtksknqy vltitnmdp vdtavyycaqr gyddywgywg qgtivtissa
121 stkgpsvfp1 apsskstsgg taalgclvk yfpepvts wnsgaltsgvh tfpavlqssg
181 lyslssvvtv pssslgtqty icnvnhkpsn tkvdkrvepk scdkthtcp cpapellggp
241 svflfppkp dtlmisrtpe vtcvvvdvsh edpevkfnw yvdgvevhna tkpreeqyns
301 tyrvvvsvltv lhqdwlngke ykckvsnkal papiektisk akgqprepq yt1ppsreem
361 tkmqvltscl vkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly kltvdksrwq
421 qgnvfvscsv healhnhyt qkslslspgk

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SEQ ID NO: 52

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1 qvtlkesgpt lvpktqtl1 tctfsgfsln tygmgvswir qppgkglewl ahiywdddkr
61 ynpslkrsrlt itkdtksknqy vltitnmdp vdtavyycaqr gyddywgywg qgtivtvssa
121 stkgpsvfp1 apsskstsgg taalgclvk yfpepvts wnsgaltsgvh tfpavlqssg
181 lyslssvvtv pssslgtqty icnvnhkpsn tkvdkrvepk scdkthtcp cpapellggp
241 svflfppkp dtlmisrtpe vtcvvvdvsh edpevkfnw yvdgvevhna tkpreeqyns
301 tyrvvvsvltv lhqdwlngke ykckvsnkal papiektisk akgqprepq yt1ppsreem
361 tkmqvltscl vkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly kltvdksrwq
421 qgnvfvscsv healhnhyt qkslslspgk

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SEQ ID NO: 54

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1 qvtlkesgpg ilqpsqtl1 tcsfsgfsln tygmgvgwir qpsgkglewl adiwwdddky
61 ynpslkrsrlt iskdtssnev flkiaivdta dtatyyccarr ghysamdywg qgttsvtvssa
121 stkgpsvfp1 apsskstsgg taalgclvk yfpepvts wnsgaltsgvh tfpavlqssg
181 lyslssvvtv pssslgtqty icnvnhkpsn tkvdkrvepk scdkthtcp cpapellggp
241 svflfppkp dtlmisrtpe vtcvvvdvsh edpevkfnw yvdgvevhna tkpreeqyns
301 tyrvvvsvltv lhqdwlngke ykckvsnkal papiektisk akgqprepq yt1ppsreem
361 tkmqvltscl vkgfypsdi avewesngqp ennykttppv lsdgsffly kltvdksrwq
421 qgnvfvscsv healhnhyt qkslslspgk

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SEQ ID NO: 55

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1 qvtlkesgpg ilqpsqtl1 tcsfsgfsln tygmgvswir qpsgkglewl ahiywdddkr
61 ynpslkrsrlt iskdasnnry flkitsvdta dtatyycaqr gyddywgywg qgtivtisaa
121 stkgpsvfp1 apsskstsgg taalgclvk yfpepvts wnsgaltsgvh tfpavlqssg
181 lyslssvvtv pssslgtqty icnvnhkpsn tkvdkrvepk scdkthtcp cpapellggp

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241 svflfppkpk dtlmisrtpe vtcvvvdvsh edpevkfnwy vdgvevhnak tkpreeqyns
 301 tyrvvsvltv lhqdwlngke ykckvsnkal papiektisk akgqprepqv ytlppsreem
 361 tknqvslltcl vkgfypsodia vewesngqpe nnykttppvl dsdgsfflys kltvdksrwq
 421 qgnvfscsvm healhnhytq ksllslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 56

1 qitlkesgpt lvkptqtllt tctfsgfsls tygmgvgwir qppgkalewl adiwwdddky
 61 ynpslksrlt iskdtsknqv vltmtnmdpv dtatyyccarr ghysamdywg qgtivtvssa
 121 stkgpsvfpl apsskstsgg taalgclvkd yfpepvtvsw nsgaltsgvh tfpavqlqssg
 181 lyslssvvtv pssslgtqty icvnvhkpsn tkvdkrvepk scdkthtcpp cpapelggp
 241 svflfppkpk dtlmisrtpe vtcvvvdvsh edpevkfnwy vdgvevhnak tkpreeqyns
 301 tyrvvsvltv lhqdwlngke ykckvsnkal papiektisk akgqprepqv ytlppsreem
 361 tknqvslltcl vkgfypsodia vewesngqpe nnykttppvl dsdgsfflys kltvdksrwq
 421 nvfscsvm healhnhytq ksllslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 57

1 qvtlkesgpa lvkptqtllt tctfsgfsls tygmgvgwir qppgkalewl adiwwdddky
 61 ynpslksrlt iskdtsknqv vltmtnmdpv dtavyyccarr ghysamdywg qgtivtvssa
 121 stkgpsvfpl apsskstsgg taalgclvkd yfpepvtvsw nsgaltsgvh tfpavqlqssg
 181 lyslssvvtv pssslgtqty icvnvhkpsn tkvdkrvepk scdkthtcpp cpapelggp
 241 svflfppkpk dtlmisrtpe vtcvvvdvsh edpevkfnwy vdgvevhnak tkpreeqyns
 301 tyrvvsvltv lhqdwlngke ykckvsnkal papiektisk akgqprepqv ytlppsreem
 361 tknqvslltcl vkgfypsodia vewesngqpe nnykttppvl dsdgsfflys kltvdksrwq
 421 qgnvfscsvm healhnhytq ksllslspgk

SEQ ID NO: 50

1 qvtlkesgpg ilqpsqtlsl tcsfsgfsln tygmgvgswir qpsgkglewl ahlywdkk
 61 ynpslksrlt iskdasnnry flkitsvda dtatyyccqr gyddywgywg qgtivtisaa
 121 ktppsvypl apgsaaqtns mvtlgclvkg yfpepvtvsw nsgslssgvh tfpavqlqsdl
 181 ytlsssvtvp sstwpsetvt cnvahpasst kvdkkivprd cgckpcictv pevssvfifp
 241 pkpkdvltit ltpkvttcvv diskddpevq fswfvddvev htaqtqpree qfnstfrsys
 301 elpimhqdwln gkefkcrvn saafapapiek tisktkgrpk apqvytippp keqmakdkvs
 361 ltcmitdffp editvewqwn qgpaenyknt qpmtdgpsy fvysklnvqk snweagntft
 421 csvlheglhn htetkslshs pgk

SEQ ID NO: 31

1 divmtqskf mstsvgdrv s vtckasqnv tnawfqqqp qqspkaliys asyrysgvpd
 61 rftgsgsgtd filtisnvqs edlaeyfcqq ynnypftrga gtlklelkrad aaptvsifpp
 121 sseqqltsgga svvcflnnfy pdkinvkwki dgserqngvl nswtdqdsd stysmsstlt
 181 ltkdeyerhn sytceathkt stspivksfn rnec

SEQ ID NO: 53

1 qvtlkesgpg ilqpsqtlsl tcsfsgfsls tygmgvgwir qpsgkglewl adiwwdddky
 61 ynpslksrlt iskdtsnev flkiaivdta dtatyyccarr ghysamdywg qgtivtvssa
 121 ktppsvypl apgsaaqtns mvtlgclvkg yfpepvtvsw nsgslssgvh tfpavqlqsdl
 181 ytlsssvtvp sstwpsetvt cnvahpasst kvdkkivprd cgckpcictv pevssvfifp
 241 pkpkdvltit ltpkvttcvv diskddpevq fswfvddvev htaqtqpree qfnstfrsys

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301 elpimhqdw1 ngkefkcrvn saafpapiek tisktkgrpk apqvytippp keqmakdkvs
361 ltcmitdffp editviewqn gcpaenyknt qpmtdgpsy fvysklnvqk snweagntft
421 csvlheglhn hhtekslshs pgk

           SEQ ID NO: 34
1 divmtqsgkf mstsvgdrv s vtcasqnv g tnvwyyqqkp qqspkaliy psyrsgvpd
61 rftgsgsgtd ftltisnvqs edlaeyfcqq ynsyphfpg g tklemkrad aaptvsifpp
121 sseqqltsgga svvcflnnfy pkdinwkwi dgserqngv nswtdqdsd stysmsstt
181 ltkdeyerhn sytceathkt stspivksfn rnec

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[0024] The antibody may be a neutralizing antibody, which reduces GDF15 activity. For example, the antibody may reduce GDF15 activity in an in vivo assay (see, e.g., Johnen et al., 2007, NATURE MEDICINE 13:1333-1340) by at least 10%, preferably 20%, 30% or 40%, and more preferably at least about 50%, 60%, 80% or 90% of GDF15 compared to GDF15 activity measured in the same assay under the same conditions in the absence of the antibody. The antibody may selectively and/or significantly reduce or inhibit the binding of GDF15 to its endogenous receptor. As used herein, the term “significantly reduces or inhibits binding” of GDF15 to its receptor is understood to mean that the antibody inhibits GDF15 binding with a potency or percent inhibition that measures at least 10%, preferably 20%, 30% or 40%, and more preferably at least about 50%, 60%, 80% or 90% of GDF15 [serum level/activity] in the absence of said antibody. Binding can be measured using a direct or sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), as described, e.g., in Tsai et al., 2013, PLOS ONE, 8:e55174. As used herein, the term “selectively” in the context of an antibody that binds to GDF15 or GDF15 receptor is understood to mean that the antibody binds GDF15 or a GDF15 receptor with a binding affinity that is at least two, three, four, five or ten times greater than that of a functionally unrelated protein or another member of the TGF- β superfamily or a receptor of a member of the TGF- β superfamily.

[0025] Methods for reducing or eliminating the antigenicity of antibodies and antibody fragments are known in the art. When the antibodies are to be administered to a human, the antibodies preferably are “humanized” to reduce or eliminate antigenicity in humans. Preferably, each humanized antibody has the same or substantially the same affinity for the antigen as the non-humanized mouse antibody from which it was derived.

[0026] In one humanization approach, chimeric proteins are created in which mouse immunoglobulin constant regions are replaced with human immunoglobulin constant regions. See, e.g., Morrison et al., 1984, PROC. NAT. ACAD. SCI. 81:6851-6855; Neuberger et al., 1984, NATURE 312:604-608; U.S. Pat. No. 6,893,625 (Robinson); U.S. Pat. No. 5,500,362 (Robinson); and U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567 (Cabilly).

[0027] In an approach known as CDR grafting, the CDRs of the light and heavy chain variable regions are grafted into frameworks from another species. For example, murine CDRs can be grafted into human FRs. In some embodiments, the CDRs of the light and heavy chain variable regions of an anti-GDF15 antibody are grafted into human FRs or consensus human FRs. To create consensus human

FRs, FRs from several human heavy chain or light chain amino acid sequences are aligned to identify a consensus amino acid sequence. CDR grafting is described in U.S. Pat. No. 7,022,500 (Queen); U.S. Pat. No. 6,982,321 (Winter); U.S. Pat. No. 6,180,370 (Queen); U.S. Pat. No. 6,054,297 (Carter); U.S. Pat. No. 5,693,762 (Queen); U.S. Pat. No. 5,859,205 (Adair); U.S. Pat. No. 5,693,761 (Queen); U.S. Pat. No. 5,565,332 (Hoogenboom); U.S. Pat. No. 5,585,089 (Queen); U.S. Pat. No. 5,530,101 (Queen); Jones et al., 1986, NATURE 321: 522-525; Riechmann et al., 1988, NATURE 332: 323-327; Verhoeven et al., 1988, SCIENCE 239: 1534-1536; and Winter, 1998, FEBS LETT 430: 92-94.

[0028] In an approach called “SUPERHUMANIZATION™,” human CDR sequences are chosen from human germline genes, based on the structural similarity of the human CDRs to those of the mouse antibody to be humanized. See, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 6,881,557 (Foote); and Tan et al., 2002, J. IMMUNOL. 169:1119-1125.

[0029] Other methods to reduce immunogenicity include “reshaping,” “hyperchimerization,” and “veneering/resurfacing.” See, e.g., Vaswami et al., 1998, ANNALS OF ALLERGY, ASTHMA, & IMMUNOL. 81:105; Roguska et al., 1996, PROT. ENGINEER 9:895-904; and U.S. Pat. No. 6,072,035 (Hardman). In the veneering/resurfacing approach, the surface accessible amino acid residues in the murine antibody are replaced by amino acid residues more frequently found at the same positions in a human antibody. This type of antibody resurfacing is described, e.g., in U.S. Pat. No. 5,639,641 (Pedersen).

[0030] Another approach for converting a mouse antibody into a form suitable for medical use in humans is known as ACTIVIMAB™ technology (Vaccinex, Inc., Rochester, N.Y.), which involves a vaccinia virus-based vector to express antibodies in mammalian cells. High levels of combinatorial diversity of IgG heavy and light chains are said to be produced. See, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 6,706,477 (Zauderer); U.S. Pat. No. 6,800,442 (Zauderer); and U.S. Pat. No. 6,872,518 (Zauderer).

[0031] Another approach for converting a mouse antibody into a form suitable for use in humans is technology practiced commercially by KaloBios Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (Palo Alto, Calif.). This technology involves the use of a proprietary human “acceptor” library to produce an “epitope focused” library for antibody selection.

[0032] Another approach for modifying a mouse antibody into a form suitable for medical use in humans is HUMAN ENGINEERING™ technology, which is practiced commercially by XOMA (US) LLC. See, e.g., PCT Publication No. WO 93/11794 and U.S. Pat. No. 5,766,886 (Studnicka); U.S.

Pat. No. 5,770,196 (Studnicka); U.S. Pat. No. 5,821,123 (Studnicka); and U.S. Pat. No. 5,869,619 (Studnicka).

[0033] Any suitable approach, including any of the above approaches, can be used to reduce or eliminate human immunogenicity of an antibody.

[0034] In addition, it is possible to create fully human antibodies in mice. Fully human mAbs lacking any non-human sequences can be prepared from human immunoglobulin transgenic mice by techniques referenced in, e.g., Lonberg et al., NATURE 368:856-859, 1994; Fishwild et al., NATURE BIOTECHNOLOGY 14:845-851, 1996; and Mendez et al., NATURE GENETICS 15:146-156, 1997. Fully human mAbs can also be prepared and optimized from phage display libraries by techniques referenced in, e.g., Knappik et al., J. MOL. BIOL. 296:57-86, 2000; and Krebs et al., J. Immunol. Meth. 254:67-84 2001).

[0035] It is contemplated that variants and derivatives of GDF15 that act as decoys can be useful in the practice of the invention. For example, through deletion analysis, it may be possible to identify smaller biologically active fragments of GDF15 that compete with endogenous GDF15 for its cognate receptor. Similarly, it is possible to create soluble biologically active fragments of the GDF15 receptor that compete with endogenous GDF15 receptor for available GDF. For example, “biologically active fragments” include, but are not limited to, fragments of a naturally-occurring GDF15 (or homolog) or a GDF15 receptor (or homolog) that compete with endogenous GDF15 or an endogenous GDF15 receptor, respectively, for binding to a cognate binding partner (e.g., GDF15 receptor or GDF15, respectively).

[0036] It is contemplated that antisense nucleic acids (DNA and RNA) and small interfering nucleic acids (e.g., siRNAs) can be designed and used using techniques known in the art. Exemplary siRNA inhibitors of GDF15 include siRNAs from Santa Cruz Biotech (Catalog No. sc-39799, targeting mouse GDF15; and Catalog No. sc-39798, targeting human GDF15), siRNAs from Life Technologies (Cat. Nos. AM16708, 4392420, and 1299001, targeting human GDF15; and Cat. Nos. 1320001 and 4390771, targeting mouse GDF15; and Cat. Nos. 1330001 and 4390771, targeting rat GDF15), siRNAs from Fisher Scientific (Catalog No. NC0683807, targeting human GDF15), siRNAs from Origene (Catalog No. SR306321, targeting human GDF15), siRNAs from amsbio (Catalog No. SR509800, targeting rat GDF15), siRNAs from Dharmacon (including Catalog No. D-019875-02, targeting human GDF15), siRNAs from Sigma-Aldrich (Catalog No. EHU052901, targeting human GDF15), and siRNAs described in Kim et al., 2005, MOLECULAR CANCER THERAPEUTICS, 4:487-493, Chang et al., 2007, MOL. CANCER THERAPEUTICS, 6:2271-2279, and Boyle et al., 2009, J. INVEST. DERMATOL., 129:383-391.

II. Formulation and Delivery of GDF15 Modulators

[0037] Pharmaceutical compositions containing GDF15 modulators, such as those disclosed herein, can be formulated into dosage forms or dosage units using standard formulation techniques. However, the pharmaceutical composition should be formulated to be compatible with its intended route of administration.

[0038] The compositions described herein can be administered to a subject via any route, including, but not limited to, intravenous (e.g., by infusion pumps), intraperitoneal, intraocular, intra-arterial, intrapulmonary, oral, inhalation, intravesicular, intramuscular, intra-tracheal, subcutaneous,

intraocular, intrathecal, transdermal, transpleural, intraarterial, topical, inhalational (e.g., as mists of sprays), mucosal (such as via nasal mucosa), subcutaneous, transdermal, gastrointestinal, intraarticular, intracisternal, intraventricular, rectal (i.e., via suppository), vaginal (i.e., via pessary), intracranial, intraurethral, intrahepatic, and intratumoral. In some embodiments, the compositions are administered systemically (for example by intravenous injection). In some embodiments, the compositions are administered locally (for example by intraarterial or intraocular injection). A preferred route of administration for GDF15 modulators, such as an antibody, is via intravenous infusion.

[0039] Useful formulations can be prepared by methods well known in the pharmaceutical art. For example, see REMINGTON'S PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES, 18th ed. (Mack Publishing Company, 1990). Formulation components suitable for parenteral administration include a sterile diluent such as bacteriostatic water for injection, physiological saline, fixed oils, polyethylene glycols, glycerine, propylene glycol or other synthetic solvents; antibacterial agents such as benzyl alcohol or methyl paraben; antioxidants such as ascorbic acid or sodium bisulfite; chelating agents such as EDTA; buffers such as acetates, citrates or phosphates; and agents for the adjustment of tonicity such as sodium chloride or dextrose. The carrier should be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage, and should be preserved against microorganisms. In some embodiments, an antibody is lyophilized, and then reconstituted in buffered saline, at the time of administration.

[0040] For therapeutic use, an antibody preferably is combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. As used herein, “pharmaceutically acceptable carrier” means buffers, carriers, and excipients suitable for use in contact with the tissues of human beings and animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, or other problem or complication, commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio. The carrier(s) should be “acceptable” in the sense of being compatible with the other ingredients of the formulations and not deleterious to the recipient. Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include buffers, solvents, dispersion media, coatings, isotonic and absorption delaying agents, and the like, that are compatible with pharmaceutical administration. The use of such media and agents for pharmaceutically active substances is known in the art.

[0041] The pharmaceutical compositions preferably are sterile. Sterilization can be accomplished, for example, by filtration through sterile filtration membranes. Where the composition is lyophilized, filter sterilization can be conducted prior to or following lyophilization and reconstitution.

[0042] Generally, a therapeutically effective amount of active component is in the range of 0.1 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg, e.g., 1 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg to 10 mg/kg. The amount administered will depend on variables such as the type and extent of disease or indication to be treated, the overall health of the patient, the in vivo potency of the antibody, the pharmaceutical formulation, and the route of administration. The initial dosage can be increased beyond the upper level in order to rapidly achieve the desired blood-level or tissue-level. Alternatively, the initial dosage can be smaller than the optimum, and the daily dosage may be progressively increased during the course of treatment. Human dosage can be optimized, e.g., in a conventional Phase I dose escalation study designed to run from 0.5

mg/kg to 20 mg/kg. Dosing frequency can vary, depending on factors such as route of administration, dosage amount, serum half-life of the antibody, and the disease being treated. Exemplary dosing frequencies are once per day, once per week and once every two weeks.

[0043] The optimal effective amount of the compositions can be determined empirically and will depend on the type and severity of the disease, route of administration, disease progression and health, mass and body area of the subject. Such determinations are within the skill of one in the art. Examples of dosages of GDF15 modulator molecules which can be used for methods described herein include, but are not limited to, an effective amount within the dosage range of any of about 0.01 µg/kg to about 300 mg/kg, or within about 0.1 µg/kg to about 40 mg/kg, or with about 1 µg/kg to about 20 mg/kg, or within about 1 µg/kg to about 10 mg/kg. For example, when administered subcutaneously, the composition may be administered at low microgram ranges, including for example about 0.1 µg/kg or less, about 0.05 µg/kg or less, or 0.01 µg/kg or less.

[0044] In certain embodiments, the amount of GDF15 modulators administered to a subject is about 10 µg to about 500 mg per dose, including for example any of about 10 µg to about 50 mg, about 50 µg to about 100 mg, about 100 µg to about 200 mg, about 200 µg to about 300 mg, about 300 µg to about 500 mg, about 500 µg to about 1 mg, about 1 mg to about 10 mg, about 10 mg to about 50 mg, about 50 mg to about 100 mg, about 100 mg to about 200 mg, about 200 mg to about 300 mg, about 300 mg to about 400 mg, or about 400 mg to about 500 mg per dose. In certain embodiments, a GDF15 modulator is administered at a dose from about 0.025 mg to about 4 mg, from about 0.035 mg to about 2 mg, from about 0.05 mg to about 2 mg, from about 0.1 mg to about 2 mg, from about 0.2 mg to about 1 mg, or from about 0.2 mg to about 0.8 mg of the GDF15 modulator can be administered. In one embodiment, 0.5 mg of GDF15 modulator is administered locally. In certain other embodiments, from about 0.05 mg to about 2 mg, from about 0.2 mg to about 2 mg, from about 0.05 mg to about 1.5 mg, from about 0.15 mg to about 1.5 mg, from about 0.4 mg to about 1 mg, or from about 0.5 mg to about 0.8 mg of GDF15 modulator is administered locally.

[0045] The GDF15 modulator compositions may be administered in a single daily dose, or the total daily dose may be administered in divided dosages of two, three, or four times daily. The compositions can also be administered less frequently than daily, for example, six times a week, five times a week, four times a week, three times a week, twice a week, once a week, once every two weeks, once every three weeks, once a month, once every two months, once every three months, or once every six months. The compositions may also be administered in a sustained release formulation, such as in an implant which gradually releases the composition for use over a period of time, and which allows for the composition to be administered less frequently, such as once a month, once every 2-6 months, once every year, or even a single administration. The sustained release devices (such as pellets, nanoparticles, microparticles, nanospheres, microspheres, and the like) may be administered by injection or surgical implanted in various locations in the body.

[0046] In certain embodiments of the invention, the dosing of the GDF15 modulator is titrated such that the dose is

sufficient to reduce or prevent adverse effects, but yet fully or partially inhibit the activity of the GDF15.

[0047] In some aspects, the activity of GDF15 can be modulated in a target cell using antisense nucleic acids or small interfering nucleic acids. Modulation can be achieved using expression constructs known in the art, e.g., naked DNA constructs, DNA vector based constructs, and/or viral vector and/or viral based constructs to express nucleic acids encoding an anti-GDF15 siRNA or antisense molecule.

[0048] Exemplary DNA constructs and the therapeutic use of such constructs are well known to those of skill in the art (see, e.g., Chiarella et al., 2008, RECENT PATENTS ANTI-INFECT. DRUG DISC., 3:93-101; Gray et al., 2008, EXPERT OPIN. BIOL. THER., 8:911-922; Melman et al., 2008, HUM. GENE THER., 17:1165-1176). Naked DNA constructs typically include one or more therapeutic nucleic acids (e.g., GDF15 modulators) and a promoter sequence. A naked DNA construct can be a DNA vector, commonly referred to as pDNA. Naked DNA typically do not integrate into chromosomal DNA. Generally, naked DNA constructs do not require, or are not used in conjunction with, the presence of lipids, polymers, or viral proteins. Such constructs may also include one or more of the non-therapeutic components described herein.

[0049] DNA vectors are known in the art and typically are circular double stranded DNA molecules. DNA vectors usually range in size from three to five kilo-base pairs (e.g., including inserted therapeutic nucleic acids). Like naked DNA, DNA vectors can be used to deliver and express one or more therapeutic proteins in target cells. DNA vectors do not integrate into chromosomal DNA.

[0050] Generally, DNA vectors include at least one promoter sequence that allows for replication in a target cell. Uptake of a DNA vector may be facilitated by combining the DNA vector with, for example, a cationic lipid, and forming a DNA complex. Typically, viral vectors are double stranded circular DNA molecules that are derived from a virus. Viral vectors typically are larger in size than naked DNA and DNA vector constructs and have a greater capacity for the introduction of foreign (i.e., not virally encoded) genes. Like naked DNA and DNA vectors, viral vectors can be used to deliver and express one or more therapeutic nucleic acids in target cells. Unlike naked DNA and DNA vectors, certain viral vectors stably incorporate themselves into chromosomal DNA. Typically, viral vectors include at least one promoter sequence that allows for replication of one or more vector encoded nucleic acids, e.g., a therapeutic nucleic acid, in a host cell. Viral vectors may optionally include one or more non-therapeutic components described herein. Advantageously, uptake of a viral vector into a target cell does not require additional components, e.g., cationic lipids. Rather, viral vectors transfect or infect cells directly upon contact with a target cell.

[0051] The approaches described herein include the use of retroviral vectors, adenovirus-derived vectors, and/or adeno-associated viral vectors as recombinant gene delivery systems for the transfer of exogenous genes in vivo, particularly into humans. Protocols for producing recombinant retroviruses and for infecting cells in vitro or in vivo with such viruses can be found in CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, Ausubel, F. M. et al. (eds.) Greene Publishing Associates, 1989, Sections 9.10-9.14, and other standard laboratory manuals.

[0052] Viruses that are used as transduction agents of DNA vectors and viral vectors such as adenoviruses, retro-

viruses, and lentiviruses may be used in practicing the present invention. Illustrative retroviruses include, but are not limited to: Moloney murine leukemia virus (M-MuLV), Moloney murine sarcoma virus (MoMSV), Harvey murine sarcoma virus (HaMuSV), murine mammary tumor virus (MuMTV), gibbon ape leukemia virus (GaLV), feline leukemia virus (FLV), spumavirus, Friend murine leukemia virus, Murine Stem Cell Virus (MSCV) and Rous Sarcoma Virus (RSV)) and lentivirus. As used herein, the term "lentivirus" refers to a group (or genus) of complex retroviruses. Illustrative lentiviruses include, but are not limited to: HIV (human immunodeficiency virus; including HIV type 1, and HIV type 2); visna-maedi virus (VMV) virus; the caprine arthritis-encephalitis virus (CAEV); equine infectious anemia virus (EIAV); feline immunodeficiency virus (FIV); bovine immune deficiency virus (BIV); and simian immunodeficiency virus (SIV).

[0053] In certain embodiments, an adenovirus can be used in accordance with the methods described herein. The genome of an adenovirus can be manipulated such that it encodes and expresses a gene product of interest but is inactivated in terms of its ability to replicate in a normal lytic viral life cycle. Suitable adenoviral vectors derived from the adenovirus strain Ad type 5 d1324 or other strains of adenovirus (e.g., Ad2, Ad3, Ad7 etc.) are known to those skilled in the art. Recombinant adenoviruses can be advantageous in certain circumstances in that they are not capable of infecting nondividing cells and can be used to infect a wide variety of cell types, including epithelial cells. Furthermore, the virus particle is relatively stable and amenable to purification and concentration, and as above, can be modified so as to affect the spectrum of infectivity. Additionally, introduced adenoviral DNA (and foreign DNA contained therein) is not integrated into the genome of a host cell but remains episomal, thereby avoiding potential problems that can occur as a result of insertional mutagenesis *in situ* where introduced DNA becomes integrated into the host genome (e.g., retroviral DNA). Moreover, the carrying capacity of the adenoviral genome for foreign DNA is large (up to 8 kilobases) relative to other gene delivery vectors.

[0054] Adeno-associated virus is a naturally occurring defective virus that requires another virus, such as an adenovirus or a herpes virus, as a helper virus for efficient replication and a productive life cycle. It is also one of the few viruses that may integrate its DNA into nondividing cells, and exhibits a high frequency of stable integration.

[0055] In various embodiments, one or more viral vectors that expresses a therapeutic transgene or transgenes encoding a GDF15 modulator is administered by direct injection to a cell, tissue, or organ of a subject, *in vivo*. In various other embodiments, cells are transduced *in vitro* or *ex vivo* with such a vector encapsulated in a virus, and optionally expanded *ex vivo*. The transduced cells are then administered to the subject. Cells suitable for transduction include, but are not limited to stem cells, progenitor cells, and differentiated cells. In certain embodiments, the transduced cells are embryonic stem cells, bone marrow stem cells, umbilical cord stem cells, placental stem cells, mesenchymal stem cells, neural stem cells, liver stem cells, pancreatic stem cells, cardiac stem cells, kidney stem cells, or hematopoietic stem cells.

[0056] In particular embodiments, host cells transduced with viral vector of the invention that expresses one or more polypeptides, are administered to a subject to treat chemo-

therapy-induced cachexia. Other methods relating to the use of viral vectors, which may be utilized according to certain embodiments of the present invention, can be found in, e.g., Kay, 1997, CHEST, 111(6 Supp.):138S-142S; Ferry et al., 1998, HUM. GENE THER., 9:1975-81; Shiratory et al., 1999, LIVER, 19:265-74; Oka et al., 2000, CURR. OPIN. LIPIDOL., 11:179-86; Thule et al., 2000, GENE THER., 7: 1744-52; Yang, 1992, CRIT. REV. BIOTECHNOL., 12:335-56; Alt, 1995, J. HEPATOL., 23:746-58; Brody et al., 1994, ANN. N. Y. ACAD. SCI., 716:90-101; Strayer, 1999, EXPERT OPIN. INVESTIG. DRUGS, 8:2159-2172; Smith-Arica et al., 2001, CURR. CARDIOL. REP., 3:43-49; and Lee et al., 2000, NATURE, 408:483-8.

[0057] Certain embodiments of the invention provide conditional expression of a polynucleotide of interest. For example, expression is controlled by subjecting a cell, tissue, organism, etc., to a treatment or condition that causes the polynucleotide to be expressed or that causes an increase or decrease in expression of the polynucleotide encoded by the polynucleotide of interest. Illustrative examples of inducible promoters/systems include, but are not limited to, steroid-inducible promoters such as promoters for genes encoding glucocorticoid or estrogen receptors (inducible by treatment with the corresponding hormone), metallothioneine promoter (inducible by treatment with various heavy metals), MX-1 promoter (inducible by interferon), the "Gene-Switch" mifepristone-regulatable system (Sirin et al., 2003, GENE, 323:67), the cumate inducible gene switch (WO 2002/088346), tetracycline-dependent regulatory systems, etc.

[0058] Conditional expression can also be achieved by using a site specific DNA recombinase. According to certain embodiments of the invention the vector comprises at least one (typically two) site(s) for recombination mediated by a site specific recombinase. As used herein, the terms "recombinase" or "site specific recombinase" include excisive or integrative proteins, enzymes, co-factors or associated proteins that are involved in recombination reactions involving one or more recombination sites (e.g., two, three, four, five, seven, ten, twelve, fifteen, twenty, thirty, fifty, etc.), which may be wild-type proteins (see Landy, 1993, CURRENT OPINION IN BIOTECHNOLOGY, 3:699-707), or mutants, derivatives (e.g., fusion proteins containing the recombination protein sequences or fragments thereof), fragments, and variants thereof. Illustrative examples of recombinases suitable for use in particular embodiments of the present invention include, but are not limited to: Cre, Int, IHF, Xis, Flp, Fis, Hin, Gin, OC31, Cin, Tn3 resolvase, TndX, XerC, XerD, TnpX, Hjc, Gin, SpCCE1, and ParA.

[0059] The vectors may comprise one or more recombination sites for any of a wide variety of site specific recombinases. It is to be understood that the target site for a site specific recombinase is in addition to any site(s) required for integration of a vector (e.g., a retroviral vector or lentiviral vector).

[0060] In certain embodiments, vectors comprise a selection gene, also termed a selectable marker. Typical selection genes encode proteins that (a) confer resistance to antibiotics or other toxins, e.g., ampicillin, neomycin, hygromycin, methotrexate, Zeocin, Blasticidin, or tetracycline, (b) complement auxotrophic deficiencies, or (c) supply critical nutrients not available from complex media, e.g., the gene encoding D-alanine racemase for Bacilli. Any number of selection systems may be used to recover transformed cell lines. These include, but are not limited to, the herpes

simplex virus thymidine kinase (Wigler et al., 1977, *CELL*, 11:223-232) and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase (Lowy et al., 1990, *CELL*, 22:817-823) genes which can be employed in tk- or aprt-cells, respectively.

[0061] All the molecular biological techniques required to generate an expression construct described herein are standard techniques that will be appreciated by one of skill in the art.

[0062] In certain embodiments, DNA delivery may occur parenterally, intravenously, intramuscularly, or even intraperitoneally as described, for example, in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,543,158; 5,641,515; and 5,399,363 (each specifically incorporated herein by reference in its entirety). Solutions of the active compounds as free base or pharmacologically acceptable salts may be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant, such as hydroxypropylcellulose. Dispersions may also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols, and mixtures thereof and in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

[0063] In certain embodiments, DNA delivery may occur by use of liposomes, nanocapsules, microparticles, microspheres, lipid particles, vesicles, optionally mixing with cell penetrating polypeptides, and the like, for the introduction of the compositions of the present invention into suitable host cells. In particular, the compositions of the present invention may be formulated for delivery either encapsulated in a lipid particle, a liposome, a vesicle, a nanosphere, a nanoparticle or the like. The formulation and use of such delivery vehicles can be carried out using known and conventional techniques.

[0064] Exemplary formulations for ex vivo DNA delivery may also include the use of various transfection agents known in the art, such as calcium phosphate, electroporation, heat shock and various liposome formulations (i.e., lipid-mediated transfection). Particular embodiments of the invention may comprise other formulations, such as those that are well known in the pharmaceutical art, and are described, for example, in REMINGTON: THE SCIENCE AND PRACTICE OF PHARMACY, 20th Edition. Baltimore, Md.: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2000.

[0065] In certain embodiments, GDF15 activity is inhibited by contacting a body fluid with a composition comprising a GDF15 modulator ex vivo under conditions that permit the GDF15 modulators to reduce or inhibit GDF15 activity. Suitable body fluids include those that can be returned to the individual, such as blood, plasma, or lymph. Affinity adsorption apheresis is described generally in Nilsson et al., 1988, *BLOOD*, 58(1):38-44; Christie et al., 1993, *TRANSFUSION*, 33:234-242; Richter et al., 1997, *ASAIO J.*, 43(1):53-59; Suzuki et al., 1994, *AUTOIMMUNITY*, 19: 105-112; U.S. Pat. No. 5,733,254; Richter et al., 1993, *METABOL. CLIN. EXP.*, 42:888-894; and Wallukat et al., 1996, *INT'L J. CARD.*, 54:1910195.

[0066] Accordingly, the invention includes methods of treating one or more diseases described herein in a subject comprising treating the subject's blood extracorporeally (i.e., outside the body or ex vivo) with a composition comprising a GDF15 modulator under conditions that permit the modulator to reduce or inhibit GDF15 activity in the blood of the subject.

III. Methods

[0067] The prevention and/or reversal of cachexia, such as cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome, by use of a GDF15 modulator in combination with anti-cancer treatment is particularly useful in cases where the anti-cancer agent itself may induce or contribute to wasting conditions in the subject being treated. Examples of anti-cancer agents whose treatment and effects can benefit from combination with one or more GDF15 modulators are platinum-based therapeutics such as cisplatin, carboplatin and oxaliplatin. Other anti-cancer agents whose treatment and effects can benefit from combination with one or more GDF15 modulators include: capecitabine, doxorubicin, and gemcitabine.

[0068] The methods of the present invention may also be useful for enhanced therapeutic treatment regimens and/or increase of overall survival in subjects treated with other anti-cancer agents, including alkylating agents; antimetabolites; anti-tumor antibiotics; topoisomerase inhibitors; mitotic inhibitors; corticosteroids; targeted therapies; hormone therapy; immunotherapy; and cancer vaccines. Accordingly, the present invention includes the use of GDF15 modulators, such as antibodies to GDF15, in combination with one or more anti-cancer agents, including: abiraterone (e.g., abiraterone acetate); afatinib (e.g., afatinib dimaleate); afiblertcept; aldesleukin; alemtuzumab; anastrazole; asparaginase (e.g., asparaginase *Erwinia chrysanthemi*); arsenic (e.g., arsenic trioxide); axitinib; azacitidine; belinostat; bendamustine (e.g., bendamustine hydrochloride); bevacizumab (e.g., Avastin®); bicalutamide; bisulfan; bleomycin; bortezomib; bosutinib; brentuximab (e.g., brentuximab vedotin); cabazitaxel; cabozantinib (e.g., cabozantinib-S-malate); capecitabine; carboplatin; carfilzomib; carbustine; ceritinib; cetuximab; chlorambucil; cisplatin; clofarabine; crizotinib; cyclophosphamide; cytarabine (e.g., liposomal cytarabine); dabrafenib; dacarbazine; dactinomycin; dasatinib; daunorubicin (e.g., daunorubicin hydrochloride); decitabine; degare; denileukin diftitox; dexamethasone; docetaxel; doxorubicin (e.g., Adriamycin®); doxorubicin hydrochloride; doxorubicin hydrochloride liposome; enzalutamide; epirubicin (e.g., epirubicin hydrochloride); anti-ErbB2 antibodies; anti-ErbB3 antibodies; erlotinib (e.g., erlotinib hydrochloride); etoposide (e.g., etoposide phosphate); everolimus; exemestane; anti-FGFR2 antibodies; anti-FGFR3 antibodies; fludarabine (e.g., fludarabine phosphate); fluorouracil; fulvestrant; gefitinib; gemcitabine (e.g., gemcitabine hydrochloride); goserelin (e.g., goserelin acetate); anti-HGF1 antibodies (e.g., ficiatuzumab); ibritinib; ibritumomab (e.g., ibritumomab tiuxetan); idelalisib; ifosfamide; imatinib (e.g., imatinib mesylate); imiquimod; ipilimumab; irinotecan (e.g., irinotecan hydrochloride); ixabepilone; lapatinib (e.g., lapatinib ditosylate); lenalidomide; letrozole; leucovorin (e.g., leucovorin calcium; folic acid); leuprolide (e.g., leuprolide acetate); lomustine; mechlorethamine (e.g., mechlorethamine hydrochloride); megestrol (e.g., megestrol acetate); mesna; mercaptopurine; methotrexate; mitomycin (e.g., mitomycin C); nelarabine; nilotinib; nivolumab; anti-notch1 antibodies; anti-notch3 antibodies; obinutuzumab; ofatumumab; omacetaxine (e.g., omacetaxine mepesuccinate); oxaliplatin; paclitaxel (e.g., paclitaxel albumin-stabilized nanoparticle formulation); pamidronate (e.g., pamidronate disodium); panitumumab; pazopanib (e.g., pazopanib hydrochloride); pegaspargase; pemetrexed (e.g., pemetrexed disodium); pertuzumab; plerixafor; pomalidomide; pon-

tinib (e.g., ponatinib hydrochloride); pralatrexate; prednisone; procarbazine (e.g., procarbazine hydrochloride); radium 223 (e.g., radium 223 dichloride); ramucirumab; recombinant HPV vaccines (e.g., Cervarix®, Gardasil®); recombinant interferon (e.g., interferon alfa-2b; pegylated interferon alfa-2b); pembrolizumab; regorafenib; rituximab; romidepsin; ruxolitinib (e.g., ruxolitinib phosphate); siltuximab; sipuleucel-T; sorafenib (e.g., sorafenib tosylate); sunitinib (e.g., sunitinib malate); tamoxifen (e.g., tamoxifen citrate); temozolamide; temsirolimus; thalidomide; tivozanib; topotecan (e.g., topotecan hydrochloride); toremifene; tositumomab (e.g., tositumomab and iodine); trametinib; trastuzumab (e.g., Herceptin®; Kadcyla®); vandetanib; vemurafenib; vinblastine (e.g., vinblastine sulfate); vincristine (e.g., vincristine sulfate); vismodegib; vorinostat; and zoledronic acid.

[0069] In certain embodiments, the GDF15 modulator is used with combinations of one or more of the above cancer treatment agents, including but not limited to, the following combinations of anti-cancer agents: AC [Adriamycin (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+cyclophosphamide]; ACT [Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+cyclophosphamide+Taxol® (i.e. paclitaxel)]; CAF [cyclophosphamide+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+fluorouracil]; CMF [cyclophosphamide+methotrexate+fluorouracil]; FEC [fluorouracil+epirubicin hydrochloride+cyclophosphamide]; TAC [Taxotere® (i.e. docetaxel)+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+cyclophosphamide]; CAPDX [capecitabine+oxaliplatin]; FOLFIRI [Folinic acid (i.e., leucovorin calcium)+fluorouracil+irinotecan hydrochloride]; FOLFIRI+bevacizumab; FOLFIRI+cetuximab; FOLFOX [Folinic acid (i.e., leucovorin calcium)+fluorouracil+oxaliplatin]; XELOX [Xeloda® (i.e., capecitabine)+oxaliplatin]; Hyper-CVAD [cyclophosphamide+vincristine sulfate+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+dexamethasone]; ADE [Ara-C (i.e., cytarabine)+daunorubicin hydrochloride+etoposide]; chlorambucil+prednisone; CVP [chlorambucil+vincristine sulfate+prednisone]; carboplatin-paclitaxel; carboplatin-taxol; gemcitabine-cisplatin; gemcitabine-oxaliplatin; ABVD [Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+bleomycin+vincristine sulfate+dacarbazine]; ABVE [Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+bleomycin+vincristine sulfate+etoposide]; ABVE-PC [Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+bleomycin+vincristine sulfate+etoposide+prednisone+cyclophosphamide]; BEACOPP [bleomycin+etoposide+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+cyclophosphamide+Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate+procarbazine hydrochloride+prednisone)]; COPP [cyclophosphamide+Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate+procarbazine hydrochloride+prednisone)]; COPP-ABV [cyclophosphamide+Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate)+procarbazine hydrochloride+prednisone+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+bleomycin+vinblastine sulfate]; ICE [Ifosfamide+carboplatin+etoposide]; MOPP [mechlorethamine hydrochloride+Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate)+procarbazine hydrochloride+prednisone]; OEPA [Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate)+etoposide+prednisone+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)]; OPPA [Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate)+procarbazine hydrochloride+prednisone+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)]; Stanford V combination [mechlorethamine hydrochloride+doxorubicin hydrochloride+vinblastine sulfate+vincristine sulfate+bleomycin+etoposide+pred-

nisone]; VAMP [vincristine sulfate+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+methotrexate+prednisone]; CHOP [cyclophosphamide+Hydroxydaunomycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+Oncovin (i.e., vincristine sulfate)+prednisone]; R-CHOP [rituximab+cyclophosphamide+Hydroxydaunomycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate)+prednisone]; EPOCH [etoposide+prednisone+Oncovin® (i.e., vincristine sulfate)+cyclophosphamide+Hydroxydaunomycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)]; PAD [PS-341 (i.e., bortezomib)+Adriamycin® (i.e., doxorubicin hydrochloride)+dexamethasone]; BEP [bleomycin+etoposide+Platinol® (i.e., cisplatin); VeIP [Velban® (i.e., vinblastine sulfate)+ifosfamide+Platinol® (i.e., cisplatin)+mesna]; OFF [oxaliplatin+fluorouracil+Folinic Acid (i.e., leucovorin calcium)].

[0070] Exemplary indications for the methods of the present invention include the following tumors and cancers: breast cancer; lung cancer (including small cell and non-small cell lung cancer); anal, colon, rectal and colorectal cancer; liver cancer; kidney and renal cancer (including renal cell carcinoma); head and neck cancer; pancreatic cancer; bone cancer; cervical, ovarian, vaginal and vulvar cancer; prostate, penile and testicular cancer; anal cancer; bladder cancer; leukemia (including AML; CML; ALL and CLL); stomach cancer (including gastrointestinal stromal tumors) and gastric cancer; brain tumors; gliomas; neuroblastomas and retinoblastomas; thyroid cancer; skin cancer (including melanoma); multiple myeloma (and other plasma cell neoplasms); lymphoma (including Hodgkin's and non-Hodgkin's); sarcoma; myeloproliferative neoplasms; malignant mesothelioma; adult/childhood soft tissue sarcoma; AIDS related Kaposi Sarcoma; endometrial cancer; gestational trophoblastic disease; malignant mesothelioma; multicentric Castleman Disease; myeloproliferative neoplasms; rhabdomyosarcoma; basal cell carcinoma; Wilms tumor and other childhood kidney cancers.

[0071] In certain embodiments, one or more anti-cachexia agents may be used in addition to, or as substitute for, a GDF15 modulator. Anti-cachexia agents that may be useful in the present invention include megestrol acetate (Agiles et al. (2013) CLINICAL NUTRITION 32:319-324); corticosteroids or glucocorticoids (such as dexamethasone, prednisone, methyl prednisolone); cannabinoids (such as dronabinol); ghrelin and anamorelin; melanocortin antagonists; anti-IL6 monoclonal antibodies; selective androgen receptor modulators (SARS); thalidomide; oxandrolone; activin receptor II; GDF8 (myostatin); and IL-1 α inhibitors.

IV: Preferred Embodiments

[0072] In preferred embodiments of the invention, subjects may be pre-treated with a GDF15 modulator, such as a GDF15 inhibitory antibody, prior to or concomitant with treatment with one or more anti-cancer agents. Dosage and administration of a GDF15 modulator may be determined by the skilled clinician. In some embodiments, the amount of GDF15 modulator administered to an individual is about 10 μ g to about 500 mg per dose, including for example any of about 10 μ g to about 50 μ g, about 50 μ g to about 100 μ g, about 100 μ g to about 200 μ g, about 200 μ g to about 300 μ g, about 300 μ g to about 500 μ g, about 500 μ g to about 1 mg, about 1 mg to about 10 mg, about 10 mg to about 50 mg, about 50 mg to about 100 mg, about 100 mg to about 200 mg, about 200 mg to about 300 mg, about 300 mg to about 400 mg, or about 400 mg to about 500 mg per dose. In

particular preferred embodiments, the GDF15 modulator is a GDF15 antibody selected from the group consisting of Hu01G06-135 and Hu01G06-127. See WO 2014/100689, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

[0073] The GDF15 modulator compositions may be administered in a single daily dose, or the total daily dose may be administered in divided dosages of two, three, or four times daily. The compositions can also be administered less frequently than daily, for example, six times a week, five times a week, four times a week, three times a week, twice a week, once a week, once every two weeks, once every three weeks, once a month, once every two months, once every three months, or once every six months. The compositions may also be administered in a sustained release formulation, such as in an implant which gradually releases the composition for use over a period of time, and which allows for the composition to be administered less frequently, such as once a month, once every 2-6 months, once every year, or even a single administration. The sustained release devices (such as pellets, nanoparticles, microparticles, nanospheres, microspheres, and the like) may be administered by injection or surgical implanted in various locations in the body.

[0074] In certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the subject is treated with capecitabine (for example, Xeloda®) for cancer of the colon or rectum that has spread to other parts of the body (metastatic colorectal cancer), or cancer of the colon after surgery. Prior to, concomitant with, or subsequent to treatment with capecitabine, the subject is treated with anti-GDF15 antibody as a GDF15 modulator.

[0075] In other embodiments, the subject is treated with capecitabine in combination with, or after treatment with, docetaxel (e.g., Taxotere®) for breast cancer that has spread to other parts of the body (metastatic breast cancer). Prior to, concomitant with, or subsequent to treatment with capecitabine, the subject is treated with anti-GDF15 antibody as a GDF15 modulator.

[0076] Dosage and administration of capecitabine may be determined by the skilled clinician. A typical regimen may comprise administration of 1250 mg/ml² administered orally twice per day for two weeks, followed by a one week resting period, as a three week cycle. When used in combination with docetaxel, a typical regimen for docetaxel is 75 mg/ml² as one hour intravenous infusion every 3 weeks.

[0077] In certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the subject is treated with gemcitabine (for example, Gemzar®), for pancreatic cancer; for ovarian in combination with carboplatin; for breast cancer in combination with paclitaxel; for non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) in combination with cisplatin. Prior to, concomitant with, or subsequent to treatment with gemcitabine, the subject is treated with anti-GDF15 antibody as a GDF15 modulator.

[0078] Dosage and administration of gemcitabine may be determined by the skilled clinician. A typical regimen may comprise administration of between 1000 and 1250 mg/ml² administered intravenously over 30 minutes on days 1 and 8 of each 21 day cycle; or days 1, 8 and 15 of each 28 day cycle.

[0079] In certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the subject is treated with doxorubicin (for example, Adriamycin®) for cancer of the colon or rectum that has spread to other parts of the body (metastatic colorectal cancer), or cancer of the colon after surgery. Prior to, concomitant with,

or subsequent to treatment with capecitabine, the subject is treated with anti-GDF15 antibody as a GDF15 modulator.

[0080] Doxorubicin (for example Doxil®) is also approved for treatment of ovarian cancer, AIDS-related Kaposi's Sarcoma; and multiple myeloma, in combination with bortezomib, as well as for acute lymphoblastic lymphoma (ALL); acute myeloblastic lymphoma (AML); neuroblastoma; breast carcinoma; ovarian carcinoma; Hodgkin's Disease; malignant lymphoma; and bronchogenic carcinoma in which the small cell type is the most responsive compared to other cell types. Prior to, concomitant with, or subsequent to treatment with doxorubicin, the subject is treated with anti-GDF antibody as a GDF modulator.

[0081] Dosage and administration of doxorubicin may be determined by the skilled clinician. A typical regimen may comprise administration of between 50 mg/ml² administered intravenously every 4 weeks, for four courses minimum (ovarian cancer); 20 mg/ml² administered intravenously every three weeks for treatment of AIDS-related Kaposi's Sarcoma. In multiple myeloma, a typical regimen is administration of bortezomib at 1.3 mg/ml², administered as an intravenous bolus injection on days 1, 4, 8 and 11 every 3 weeks, and administration of doxorubicin at 30 mg/ml², administered intravenously on day 4 following the administration of bortezomib.

[0082] In certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the subject is treated with carboplatin, for example, Paraplatin®, for ovarian cancer. In other embodiments, the subject is treated with carboplatin in combination with, or after treatment with cyclophosphamide for advanced ovarian cancer. Prior to, concomitant with, or subsequent to treatment with carboplatin, the subject is treated with anti-GDF15 antibody as a GDF15 modulator.

[0083] Dosage and administration of carboplatin may be determined by the skilled clinician. A typical regimen may comprise administration 300-360 mg/ml² intravenous on day 1 every 4 weeks for approximately 6 cycles. When cyclophosphamide is co-administered, a typical regimen may be 300 mg/ml² intravenous infusion of carboplatin one day every 4 weeks for 6 cycles, combined with 600 mg/ml² intravenous infusion of cyclophosphamide one day every 4 weeks for 6 cycles.

[0084] In certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the subject is treated with cisplatin, for example, Platinol®, for the treatment of metastatic testicular tumors, metastatic ovarian tumors, or advanced bladder cancer. In other embodiments, the subject is treated with cisplatin in combination with, or after treatment with cyclophosphamide. Prior to, concomitant with, or subsequent to treatment with cisplatin, the subject is treated with anti-GDF15 antibody as a GDF15 modulator.

[0085] Dosage and administration of cisplatin may be determined by the skilled clinician. A typical regimen may comprise administration 20 mg/ml² intravenous daily for 5 days per cycle for metastatic testicular tumors. For advanced bladder cancer, a typical regimen for cisplatin may comprise 50-70 mg/ml² intravenous infusion once every 3 to 4 weeks, depending upon the extent of prior exposure to radiation therapy and/or prior chemotherapy. For heavily pretreated patients, a dose of 50 mg/ml² intravenous once every 4 weeks is typical. For treatment of metastatic ovarian tumors, 75 to 100 mg/ml² intravenous per cycle once every 4 weeks is typical. When cisplatin administration is combined with cyclophosphamide, cisplatin injection and cyclophosph-

amide should be administered sequentially. A typical regimen may be 600 mg/ml² intravenous infusion of cyclophosphamide on day 1 every 4 weeks.

[0086] In certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the subject is treated with oxaliplatin, for example Eloxatin®, in combination with 5-fluorouracil and/or leucovorin, for treatment of cancer of the colon or advanced colorectal cancer, or cancer of the colon after surgery. Prior to, concomitant with, or subsequent to treatment with oxaliplatin, the subject is treated with anti-GDF15 antibody as a GDF15 modulator.

[0087] Dosage and administration of oxaliplatin may be determined by the skilled clinician. A typical regimen may comprise administration 85 mg/ml² intravenous infusion of oxaliplatin in 250-500 ml 5% dextrose, over 120 minutes, at the same time as 200 mg/ml² intravenous infusion of leucovorin, followed by 400 mg/ml² of 5-fluorouracil intravenous bolus given over 4-6 minutes.

Examples

[0088] The following Examples are merely illustrative and are not intended to limit the scope or content of the invention in any way.

Example 1: Inhibition of GDF15 in Cancer Cachexia Tumor-Bearing Mice

[0089] This Example demonstrates the increase in overall survival of mice bearing LNCaP prostate xenograft model when treated with a GDF15 modulator in combination with an anti-cancer agent (e.g., tivozanib). LNCaP cells were grown in culture at 37° C. in an atmosphere containing 5% CO₂, using RPMI-1640 Medium (ATCC® 30-2001™) containing 10% FBS. Cells were inoculated subcutaneously into the flank of 8-week old female NCR Nude mice with 5×10⁶ cells per mouse in 50% matrigel. When tumor size reached 500 mm³, the mice were randomized into three groups of ten mice each. Each group received one of the following treatments: (1) murine immunoglobulin G (20 mpk) and vehicle (Control); (2) murine anti-GDF15 antibody 14F11 (20 mpk) and tivozanib (5 mpk); or (3) murine immunoglobulin G (20 mpk) and tivozanib (5 mpk). Antibodies were administered every 3 days by intra-peritoneal injection, tivozanib and vehicle control was administered daily by oral gavage. Body weight and tumor size were measured daily. Mice were evaluated daily and if any of the following criteria were achieved, animals were sacrificed: a) tumor size larger than 2,000 mm³; b) body weight loss greater than 20%; c) moribund.

[0090] Treatment with the anti-tumor agent tivozanib, an angiogenesis inhibitor, slows down tumor growth. In the absence of GDF15 inhibition, 70% of the mice die due to cachexia over a period of 30 days, even in the presence of anti-cancer treatment. However, as shown in FIG. 1, the combination of GDF15 inhibition with anti-cancer agent tivozanib reverses cachexia, and results in 100% sustained survival, and effective anti-tumor treatment over the 30 day period.

Example 2: Inhibition of GDF15 in Cisplatin-Induced Cachexia Model

[0091] This Example demonstrates the increase in overall survival of mice treated with an anti-cancer agent (e.g., cisplatin) when a GDF15 modulator is administered. Naive

non-tumor-bearing, 8-week old, female, ICR-Scid mice were treated with cisplatin (3 mpk) twice a week by intra-peritoneal injection. Body weight was measured daily. After 2 doses of cisplatin (day 0 of the experiment) mice were randomized into two groups of ten mice each. One group received cisplatin 3 mpk plus (1) vehicle; or cisplatin 3 mpk with (2) rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against murine anti-GDF15 antibody, R-23 twice a week (20 mpk) by intra-peritoneal injection. In the absence of GDF15 inhibition, 80% of the mice die due to cachexia caused by the cisplatin agent over a period of 9 days. However, as shown in FIG. 2, the combination of GDF15 inhibition with cisplatin treatment resulted in 100% sustained survival over the 9 day period.

Example 3: Inhibition of GDF15 in Carboplatin-Induced Cachexia Model

[0092] This Example demonstrates the increase in overall survival of mice treated with an anti-cancer agent (e.g., carboplatin) when a GDF15 modulator is administered. Naive non-tumor-bearing, 8-week old, female, ICR-Scid mice were treated with carboplatin (60 mpk) by intra-peritoneal injection on Day 0 and Day 3 of this experiment. On Day 2, after mice experience 8% body weight loss, mice were randomized into two groups of ten mice each. One group received carboplatin (60 mpk) plus (1) vehicle or carboplatin (60 mpk) plus (2) rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against murine anti-GDF15 antibody, R-23 (20 mpk) by intra-peritoneal injection on Day 2 and Day 4. In the absence of GDF15 inhibition, 80% of the mice died due to cachexia caused by the carboplatin agent over a period of 8 days. However, as shown in FIG. 3, the combination of GDF15 inhibition with carboplatin treatment resulted in sustained survival over the 8 day period.

Example 4: Inhibition of GDF15 in Oxaliplatin-Induced Cachexia Model

[0093] This Example demonstrates the increase in overall survival of mice treated with an anti-cancer agent (e.g., oxaliplatin) when a GDF15 modulator is administered. Naive non-tumor-bearing, 8-week old, female, ICR-Scid mice were treated daily with oxaliplatin (3 mpk) by intra-peritoneal injection. On Day 3, after mice experience 8% body weight loss, mice were randomized into two groups of ten mice each. One group received oxaliplatin (3 mpk) plus (1) vehicle; or oxaliplatin (3 mpk) plus (2) rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against murine anti-GDF15 antibody, R-23 (20 mpk). Antibody or vehicle was dosed on Day 3, 5, 7, 9 by intra-peritoneal injection. In the absence of GDF15 inhibition, 45% of the mice die due to cachexia caused by the oxaliplatin agent over a period of 10 days. However, as shown in FIG. 4, the combination of GDF15 inhibition with oxaliplatin treatment resulted in sustained survival over the 10 day period.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

[0094] The entire disclosure of each of the patent documents and scientific articles referred to herein, including U.S. Pat. No. 8,192,735; WO 2014/100689 (corresponding to U.S. Patent Publication No. US 2014-0193427-A1); and International Patent Application Nos. PCT/US2015/036790 and PCT/US2015/036794, is incorporated by reference for all purposes.

EQUIVALENTS

[0095] The invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof. The foregoing embodiments are therefore to be considered in all respects illustrative rather than

limiting on the invention described herein. Scope of the invention is thus indicated by the appended claims rather than by the foregoing description, and all changes that come within the meaning and the range of equivalency of the claims are intended to be embraced therein.

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Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ser Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile
35          40          45

Tyr Asp Ala Lys Thr Leu Ala Asp Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly
50          55          60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Tyr Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro
65          70          75          80

Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Phe Trp Ser Asp Pro Tyr
85          90          95

Thr Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala
100         105         110

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-continued

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly
115 120 125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala
130 135 140

Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln
145 150 155 160

Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser
165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr
180 185 190

Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser
195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
<211> LENGTH: 214
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

Asp Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Gln Lys Phe Met Ser Thr Ser Val Gly
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Ser Val Thr Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Asn Val Gly Thr Asn
20 25 30

Val Ala Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Ala Leu Ile
35 40 45

Tyr Ser Ala Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly
50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Ile Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Val Gln Ser
65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Leu Ala Glu Tyr Phe Cys Gln Gln Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Pro Leu
85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala
100 105 110

Pro Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly
115 120 125

Gly Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile
130 135 140

Asn Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu
145 150 155 160

Asn Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser
165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr
180 185 190

Thr Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser
195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
210

-continued

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<210> SEQ ID NO 32
<211> LENGTH: 214
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

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<400> SEQUENCE: 32

Asp Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Gln Lys Phe Met Ser Thr Ser Val Gly
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Ser Val Thr Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Asn Val Gly Thr Asn
20 25 30

Val Ala Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Ala Leu Ile
35 40 45

Tyr Ser Ala Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly
50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Ile Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Val Gln Ser
65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Leu Ala Glu Tyr Phe Cys Gln Gln Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Pro Leu
85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala
100 105 110

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly
115 120 125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala
130 135 140

Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln
145 150 155 160

Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser
165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr
180 185 190

Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser
195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

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<210> SEQ ID NO 33
<211> LENGTH: 214
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

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<400> SEQUENCE: 33

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Ala Ser Val Gly
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Asn Val Gly Thr Asn
20 25 30

Val Ala Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro Lys Ser Leu Ile
35 40 45

Tyr Ser Ala Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Ser Gly Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly

-continued

50	55	60
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro		
65	70	75
Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Pro Leu		
85	90	95
Thr Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala		
100	105	110
Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly		
115	120	125
Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala		
130	135	140
Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln		
145	150	155
Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser		
165	170	175
Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr		
180	185	190
Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser		
195	200	205
Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys		
210		

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<210> SEQ_ID NO 34
<211> LENGTH: 214
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

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Asp Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Gln Lys Phe Met Ser Thr Ser Val Gly		
1	5	10
		15
Asp Arg Val Ser Val Thr Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Asn Val Gly Thr Asn		
20	25	30
Val Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Ala Leu Ile		
35	40	45
Tyr Ser Pro Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly		
50	55	60
Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Val Gln Ser		
65	70	75
		80
Glu Asp Leu Ala Glu Tyr Phe Cys Gln Gln Tyr Asn Ser Tyr Pro His		
85	90	95
Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Met Lys Arg Ala Asp Ala Ala		
100	105	110
Pro Thr Val Ser Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr Ser Gly		
115	120	125
Gly Ala Ser Val Val Cys Phe Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Lys Asp Ile		
130	135	140
Asn Val Lys Trp Lys Ile Asp Gly Ser Glu Arg Gln Asn Gly Val Leu		
145	150	155
		160
Asn Ser Trp Thr Asp Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Met Ser		
165	170	
	175	

-continued

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Arg His Asn Ser Tyr
180 185 190

Thr Cys Glu Ala Thr His Lys Thr Ser Thr Ser Pro Ile Val Lys Ser
195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Asn Glu Cys
210

<210> SEQ ID NO 35
<211> LENGTH: 214
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

Asp Ile Val Met Thr Gln Ser Gln Lys Phe Met Ser Thr Ser Val Gly
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Ser Val Thr Cys Lys Ala Ser Gln Asn Val Gly Thr Asn
20 25 30

Val Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ser Pro Lys Ala Leu Ile
35 40 45

Tyr Ser Pro Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Ser Gly Val Pro Asp Arg Phe Thr Gly
50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Asn Val Gln Ser
65 70 75 80

Glu Asp Leu Ala Glu Tyr Phe Cys Gln Gln Tyr Asn Ser Tyr Pro His
85 90 95

Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Met Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala
100 105 110

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly
115 120 125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala
130 135 140

Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln
145 150 155 160

Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser
165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr
180 185 190

Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser
195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

<210> SEQ ID NO 36
<211> LENGTH: 214
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

-continued

Asp	Ile	Gln	Met	Thr	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val	Gly
1					5			10				15			
Asp	Arg	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Asn
		20				25					30				
Val	Ala	Trp	Phe	Gln	Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Ser	Pro	Lys	Ala	Leu	Ile
		35				40				45					
Tyr	Ser	Pro	Ser	Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Val	Pro	Ser	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly
		50				55			60						
Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asp	Phe	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln	Pro
	65				70			75				80			
Glu	Asp	Phe	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Pro	His
	85					90				95					
Thr	Phe	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ile	Lys	Arg	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala
	100					105			110						
Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gly
	115					120			125						
Thr	Ala	Ser	Val	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Arg	Glu	Ala
	130				135			140							
Lys	Val	Gln	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gln
	145				150			155			160				
Glu	Ser	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asp	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser
	165					170			175						
Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Lys	His	Lys	Val	Tyr
	180					185			190						
Ala	Cys	Glu	Val	Thr	His	Gln	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Lys	Ser
	195					200			205						
Phe	Asn	Arg	Gly	Glu	Cys										
	210														

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<210> SEQ_ID NO 37
<211> LENGTH: 444
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

Glu Val Leu Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Pro Glu Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Ile Pro Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr
20 25 30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Lys Gln Ser His Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Trp Ile
35 40 45

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
50 55 60

Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Ser Asn Thr Ala Phe
65 70 75 80

Met Glu Val Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Val

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-continued

115	120	125
Tyr Pro Leu Ala Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Asn Ser Met Val Thr		
130	135	140
Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr		
145	150	155
160		
Trp Asn Ser Gly Ser Leu Ser Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val		
165	170	175
Leu Gln Ser Asp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Ser Ser Val Thr Val Pro Ser		
180	185	190
Ser Thr Trp Pro Ser Glu Thr Val Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala		
195	200	205
Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Ile Val Pro Arg Asp Cys Gly Cys		
210	215	220
Lys Pro Cys Ile Cys Thr Val Pro Glu Val Ser Ser Val Phe Ile Phe		
225	230	235
240		
Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Val Leu Thr Ile Thr Leu Thr Pro Lys Val		
245	250	255
Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Ile Ser Lys Asp Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe		
260	265	270
Ser Trp Phe Val Asp Asp Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Pro		
275	280	285
Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Phe Arg Ser Val Ser Glu Leu Pro		
290	295	300
Ile Met His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Arg Val		
305	310	315
320		
Asn Ser Ala Ala Phe Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr		
325	330	335
Lys Gly Arg Pro Lys Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Ile Pro Pro Pro Lys		
340	345	350
Glu Gln Met Ala Lys Asp Lys Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Met Ile Thr Asp		
355	360	365
Phe Phe Pro Glu Asp Ile Thr Val Glu Trp Gln Trp Asn Gly Gln Pro		
370	375	380
Ala Glu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Gln Pro Ile Met Asp Thr Asp Gly Ser		
385	390	395
400		
Tyr Phe Val Tyr Ser Lys Leu Asn Val Gln Lys Ser Asn Trp Glu Ala		
405	410	415
Gly Asn Thr Phe Thr Cys Ser Val Leu His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His		
420	425	430
His Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser His Ser Pro Gly Lys		
435	440	

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<210> SEQ_ID NO 38
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

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Glu Val Leu Leu Gln Gln Ser Gly Pro Glu Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

-continued

Ser Val Lys Ile Pro Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr
 20 25 30
 Asn Met Asp Trp Val Lys Gln Ser His Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Trp Ile
 35 40 45
 Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
 50 55 60
 Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Ser Asn Thr Ala Phe
 65 70 75 80
 Met Glu Val Arg Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95
 Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110
 Gly Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
 115 120 125
 Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
 130 135 140
 Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
 165 170 175
 Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
 180 185 190
 Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
 195 200 205
 Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
 210 215 220
 Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
 245 250 255
 Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
 260 265 270
 Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285
 Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
 290 295 300
 Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335
 Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
 340 345 350
 Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380
 Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415

-continued

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
435 440 445

Gly Lys
450

<210> SEQ ID NO 39
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr
20 25 30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Trp Ile
35 40 45

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Ala Thr Leu Thr Val Asp Thr Ser Thr Asn Thr Ala Tyr
65 70 75 80

Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
210 215 220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
245 250 255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg

-continued

290	295	300
Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys		
305	310	315
Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu		
325	330	335
Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr		
340	345	350
Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu		
355	360	365
Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp		
370	375	380
Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val		
385	390	395
Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp		
405	410	415
Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His		
420	425	430
Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro		
435	440	445
Gly Lys		
450		

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<210> SEQ ID NO 40
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

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Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ser	1	15
5	10	
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr		
20	25	30
Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Trp Ile		
35	40	45
Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe		
50	55	60
Lys Gly Arg Ala Thr Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Thr Asn Thr Ala Tyr		
65	70	80
Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Arg Ser Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys		
85	90	95
Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln		
100	105	110
Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val		
115	120	125
Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala		
130	135	140
Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser		
145	150	155
Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val		
165	170	175

-continued

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
 180 185 190
 Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
 195 200 205
 Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
 210 215 220
 Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
 245 250 255
 Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
 260 265 270
 Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285
 Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
 290 295 300
 Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335
 Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
 340 345 350
 Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380
 Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415
 Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
 420 425 430
 Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
 435 440 445
 Gly Lys
 450

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<210> SEQ ID NO 41
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"
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<400> SEQUENCE: 41

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala
 1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr
 20 25 30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met
35 40 45

-continued

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
 50 55 60
 Lys Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Thr Ser Thr Ser Thr Ala Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
 85 90 95
 Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
 100 105 110
 Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
 115 120 125
 Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
 130 135 140
 Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
 165 170 175
 Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
 180 185 190
 Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
 195 200 205
 Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
 210 215 220
 Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
 245 250 255
 Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
 260 265 270
 Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
 275 280 285
 Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
 290 295 300
 Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
 325 330 335
 Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
 340 345 350
 Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
 370 375 380
 Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
 405 410 415
 Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
 420 425 430
 Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
 435 440 445
 Glv Lvs

-continued

450

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<210> SEQ_ID NO 42
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala
1           5          10          15

Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr
20          25          30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met
35          40          45

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
50          55          60

Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Ser Thr Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65          70          75          80

Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
85          90          95

Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100         105         110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
115         120         125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
130         135         140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
145         150         155         160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165         170         175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180         185         190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195         200         205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
210         215         220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
225         230         235         240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
245         250         255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
260         265         270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
275         280         285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
290         295         300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
305         310         315         320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
325         330         335

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Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
435 440 445

Gly Lys
450

<210> SEQ ID NO 43
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr
20 25 30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Ser Leu Glu Trp Met
35 40 45

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
50 55 60

Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Ser Thr Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65 70 75 80

Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
85 90 95

Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195 200 205

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Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Arg	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp
210					215				220						
Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly
225					230				235						240
Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile
		245				250				255					
Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu
	260					265				270					
Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His
	275				280				285						
Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg
	290				295				300						
Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys
305					310				315						320
Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu
	325					330				335					
Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr
	340					345				350					
Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu
	355					360				365					
Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp
	370					375				380					
Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val
385					390				395						400
Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp
	405					410				415					
Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His
	420					425				430					
Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro
	435					440				445					
Gly	Lys														
	450														

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<210> SEQ ID NO 44
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Ser Asp Tyr
20 25 30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met
35 40 45

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Thr Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65 70 75 80

Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Arg Ser Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys

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85	90	95	
Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln			
100	105	110	
Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val			
115	120	125	
Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala			
130	135	140	
Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser			
145	150	155	160
Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val			
165	170	175	
Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro			
180	185	190	
Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys			
195	200	205	
Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp			
210	215	220	
Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly			
225	230	235	240
Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile			
245	250	255	
Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu			
260	265	270	
Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His			
275	280	285	
Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg			
290	295	300	
Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys			
305	310	315	320
Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu			
325	330	335	
Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr			
340	345	350	
Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu			
355	360	365	
Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp			
370	375	380	
Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val			
385	390	395	400
Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp			
405	410	415	
Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His			
420	425	430	
Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro			
435	440	445	
Gly Lys			
450			

<210> SEQ ID NO 45
 <211> LENGTH: 450
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

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<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ser
1           5          10          15

Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Ser Asp Tyr
20          25          30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met
35          40          45

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Gly Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
50          55          60

Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Thr Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65          70          75          80

Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Arg Ser Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
85          90          95

Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100         105         110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
115         120         125

Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
130         135         140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
145         150         155         160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165         170         175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180         185         190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195         200         205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
210         215         220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
225         230         235         240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
245         250         255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
260         265         270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
275         280         285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
290         295         300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
305         310         315         320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
325         330         335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
340         345         350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
355         360         365

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Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp
370															
														380	

Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val
385															400

Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	
														405	410	415

Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	
														420	425	430

Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	
														435	440	445

Gly	Lys															
															450	

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<210> SEQ ID NO 46
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

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<400> SEQUENCE: 46

Gln	Val	Gln	Leu	Val	Gln	Ser	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gly	Ala			
1															15			
Ser	Val	Lys	Val	Ser	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Thr	Asp	Tyr			
															20	25	30	
Asn	Met	Asp	Trp	Val	Arg	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly	Gln	Ser	Leu	Glu	Trp	Met			
															35	40	45	
Gly	Gln	Ile	Asn	Pro	Tyr	Asn	His	Leu	Ile	Phe	Phe	Asn	Gln	Lys	Phe			
															50	55	60	
Gln	Gly	Arg	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp	Thr	Ser	Thr	Ser	Thr	Ala	Tyr				
															65	70	75	80
Met	Glu	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ser	Asp	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys			
															85	90	95	
Ala	Arg	Glu	Ala	Ile	Thr	Thr	Val	Gly	Ala	Met	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln			
															100	105	110	
Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val			
															115	120	125	
Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala			
															130	135	140	
Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser			
															145	150	155	160
Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val			
															165	170	175	
Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro			
															180	185	190	
Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Lys			
															195	200	205	
Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Arg	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp			
															210	215	220	
Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly			
															225	230	235	240
Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile			

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245	250	255	
Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu			
260	265	270	
Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His			
275	280	285	
Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg			
290	295	300	
Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys			
305	310	315	320
Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu			
325	330	335	
Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr			
340	345	350	
Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu			
355	360	365	
Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp			
370	375	380	
Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val			
385	390	395	400
Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp			
405	410	415	
Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His			
420	425	430	
Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro			
435	440	445	
Gly Lys			
450			

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<210> SEQ_ID NO 47
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala
1      5          10          15

Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr
20     25          30

Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Ser Leu Glu Trp Met
35     40          45

Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Asn Asn Gly Leu Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe
50      55          60

Gln Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Ser Thr Ser Thr Ala Tyr
65      70          75          80

Met Glu Leu Arg Ser Leu Arg Ser Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys
85      90          95

Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln
100    105          110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val
115    120          125

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Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala
130 135 140

Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val
165 170 175

Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys
195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp
210 215 220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile
245 250 255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu
260 265 270

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His
275 280 285

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg
290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys
305 310 315 320

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu
325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr
340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu
355 360 365

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp
370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val
385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp
405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His
420 425 430

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro
435 440 445

Gly Lys
450

<210> SEQ ID NO 48
<211> LENGTH: 450
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"
<400> SEQUENCE: 48

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Gln	Val	Gln	Leu	Val	Gln	Ser	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gly	Ser
1				5				10					15		
Ser	Val	Lys	Val	Ser	Cys	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Ser	Asp	Tyr
	20				25					30					
Asn	Met	Asp	Trp	Val	Arg	Gln	Ala	Pro	Gly	Gln	Gly	Leu	Glu	Trp	Met
	35				40					45					
Gly	Gln	Ile	Asn	Pro	Asn	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile	Phe	Phe	Asn	Gln	Lys	Phe
	50				55				60						
Lys	Gly	Arg	Val	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Thr	Ala	Tyr
	65				70				75					80	
Met	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ser	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
	85					90						95			
Ala	Arg	Glu	Ala	Ile	Thr	Thr	Val	Gly	Ala	Met	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln
	100				105				110						
Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val
	115				120				125						
Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala
	130				135				140						
Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser
	145				150				155				160		
Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val
	165					170				175					
Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro
	180					185					190				
Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Lys
	195					200				205					
Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Arg	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp
	210					215				220					
Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly
	225				230				235				240		
Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile
	245					250				255					
Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu
	260					265				270					
Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His
	275				280				285						
Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg
	290				295				300						
Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys
	305				310				315				320		
Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu
	325					330				335					
Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr
	340					345				350					
Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu
	355				360				365						
Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp
	370				375				380						
Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val
	385					390				395					400
Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp

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405	410	415
Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His 420	425	430
Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro 435	440	445
Gly Lys 450		
 <210> SEQ_ID NO 49		
<211> LENGTH: 450		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<221> NAME/KEY: source		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic polypeptide"		
 <400> SEQUENCE: 49		
Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ser 1 5 10 15		
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Ser Asp Tyr 20 25 30		
Asn Met Asp Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met 35 40 45		
Gly Gln Ile Asn Pro Tyr Asn His Leu Ile Phe Phe Asn Gln Lys Phe 50 55 60		
Lys Gly Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Thr Ser Thr Ala Tyr 65 70 75 80		
Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Arg Ser Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys 85 90 95		
Ala Arg Glu Ala Ile Thr Thr Val Gly Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln 100 105 110		
Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val 115 120 125		
Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala 130 135 140		
Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser 145 150 155 160		
Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val 165 170 175		
Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro 180 185 190		
Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys 195 200 205		
Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp 210 215 220		
Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly 225 230 235 240		
Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile 245 250 255		
Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu 260 265 270		
Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His 275 280 285		

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Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg			
290	295	300	
Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys			
305	310	315	320
Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu			
325	330	335	
Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr			
340	345	350	
Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu			
355	360	365	
Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp			
370	375	380	
Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val			
385	390	395	400
Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp			
405	410	415	
Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His			
420	425	430	
Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro			
435	440	445	
Gly Lys			
450			

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<210> SEQ ID NO 50
<211> LENGTH: 443
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"
```

<400> SEQUENCE: 50

Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Asn Thr Tyr
20 25 30

Gly Met Gly Val Ser Trp Ile Arg Gln Pro Ser Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu
35 40 45

Trp Leu Ala His Ile Tyr Trp Asp Asp Asp Lys Arg Tyr Asn Pro Ser
50 55 60

Leu Lys Ser Arg Leu Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Ala Ser Asn Asn Arg Val
65 70 75 80

Phe Leu Lys Ile Thr Ser Val Asp Thr Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr
85 90 95

Cys Ala Gln Arg Gly Tyr Asp Asp Tyr Trp Gly Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
 100 105 110

Thr Leu Val Thr Ile Ser Ala Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Val Tyr
115 120 125

Pro Leu Ala Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Asn Ser Met Val Thr Leu

Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp

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Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu
165							170							175	
Gln	Ser	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser
180							185							190	
Thr	Trp	Pro	Ser	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Ala	His	Pro	Ala	Ser
195						200								205	
Ser	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ile	Val	Pro	Arg	Asp	Cys	Gly	Cys	Lys
210					215			220							
Pro	Cys	Ile	Cys	Thr	Val	Pro	Glu	Val	Ser	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro
225					230			235							240
Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Thr	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Lys	Val	Thr
245					250			255							
Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Ile	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Ser
260					265			270							
Trp	Phe	Val	Asp	Asp	Val	Glu	Val	His	Thr	Ala	Gln	Thr	Gln	Pro	Arg
275					280			285							
Glu	Glu	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Phe	Arg	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Leu	Pro	Ile
290					295			300							
Met	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Cys	Arg	Val	Asn
305					310			315							320
Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Thr	Lys
325					330			335							
Gly	Arg	Pro	Lys	Ala	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Pro	Pro	Pro	Lys	Glu
340					345			350							
Gln	Met	Ala	Lys	Asp	Lys	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Met	Ile	Thr	Asp	Phe
355					360			365							
Phe	Pro	Glu	Asp	Ile	Thr	Val	Glu	Trp	Gln	Trp	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Ala
370					375			380							
Glu	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Thr	Gln	Pro	Ile	Met	Asp	Thr	Asp	Gly	Ser	Tyr
385					390			395							400
Phe	Val	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Val	Gln	Lys	Ser	Asn	Trp	Glu	Ala	Gly
405					410			415							
Asn	Thr	Phe	Thr	Cys	Ser	Val	Leu	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	His	Asn	His	His
420					425			430							
Thr	Glu	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	His	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys					
435					440										

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<210> SEQ_ID NO 51
<211> LENGTH: 449
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

Gln Val Thr Leu Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Ala Leu Val Lys Pro Thr Gln
1      5          10         15

Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Cys Thr Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Asn Thr Tyr
20     25          30

Gly Met Gly Val Ser Trp Ile Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Ala Leu Glu
35      40          45

Trp Leu Ala His Ile Tyr Trp Asp Asp Lys Arg Tyr Asn Pro Ser

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50	55	60	
Leu Lys Thr Arg Leu Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Val			
65	70	75	80
Val Leu Thr Ile Thr Asn Val Asp Pro Val Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr			
85	90	95	
Cys Ala Gln Arg Gly Tyr Asp Asp Tyr Trp Gly Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly			
100	105	110	
Thr Leu Val Thr Ile Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe			
115	120	125	
Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu			
130	135	140	
Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp			
145	150	155	160
Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu			
165	170	175	
Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser			
180	185	190	
Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro			
195	200	205	
Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys			
210	215	220	
Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro			
225	230	235	240
Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser			
245	250	255	
Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp			
260	265	270	
Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn			
275	280	285	
Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val			
290	295	300	
Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu			
305	310	315	320
Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys			
325	330	335	
Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr			
340	345	350	
Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr			
355	360	365	
Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu			
370	375	380	
Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu			
385	390	395	400
Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys			
405	410	415	
Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu			
420	425	430	
Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly			
435	440	445	

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<210> SEQ ID NO 52
<211> LENGTH: 449
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

Gln Val Thr Leu Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Thr Leu Val Lys Pro Thr Gln
1           5          10          15

Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Cys Thr Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Asn Thr Tyr
20          25          30

Gly Met Gly Val Ser Trp Ile Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu
35          40          45

Trp Leu Ala His Ile Tyr Trp Asp Asp Asp Lys Arg Tyr Asn Pro Ser
50          55          60

Leu Lys Ser Arg Leu Thr Ile Thr Lys Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Val
65          70          75          80

Val Leu Thr Ile Thr Asn Met Asp Pro Val Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr
85          90          95

Cys Ala Gln Arg Gly Tyr Asp Asp Tyr Trp Gly Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
100         105         110

Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe
115         120         125

Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu
130         135         140

Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp
145         150         155         160

Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu
165         170         175

Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser
180         185         190

Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro
195         200         205

Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys
210         215         220

Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro
225         230         235         240

Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser
245         250         255

Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp
260         265         270

Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn
275         280         285

Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val
290         295         300

Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu
305         310         315         320

Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys
325         330         335

Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr

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340	345	350	
Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr			
355	360	365	
Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu			
370	375	380	
Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu			
385	390	395	400
Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys			
405	410	415	
Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu			
420	425	430	
Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly			
435	440	445	

Lys

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<210> SEQ ID NO 53
<211> LENGTH: 443
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

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Gln Val Thr Leu Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Ile Leu Gln Pro Ser Gln			
1	5	10	15
Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Ser Thr Tyr			
20	25	30	
Gly Met Gly Val Gly Trp Ile Arg Gln Pro Ser Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu			
35	40	45	
Trp Leu Ala Asp Ile Trp Trp Asp Asp Asp Lys Tyr Tyr Asn Pro Ser			
50	55	60	
Leu Lys Ser Arg Leu Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Thr Ser Ser Asn Glu Val			
65	70	75	80
Phe Leu Lys Ile Ala Ile Val Asp Thr Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr			
85	90	95	
Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly His Tyr Ser Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly			
100	105	110	
Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Val Tyr			
115	120	125	
Pro Leu Ala Pro Gly Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Asn Ser Met Val Thr Leu			
130	135	140	
Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Thr Trp			
145	150	155	160
Asn Ser Gly Ser Leu Ser Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu			
165	170	175	
Gln Ser Asp Leu Tyr Thr Leu Ser Ser Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser			
180	185	190	
Thr Trp Pro Ser Glu Thr Val Thr Cys Asn Val Ala His Pro Ala Ser			
195	200	205	
Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Ile Val Pro Arg Asp Cys Gly Cys Lys			
210	215	220	

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Pro	Cys	Ile	Cys	Thr	Val	Pro	Glu	Val	Ser	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro
225					230				235				240		
Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Thr	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Lys	Val	Thr
	245					250			255						
Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Ile	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Ser
	260					265			270						
Trp	Phe	Val	Asp	Asp	Val	Glu	Val	His	Thr	Ala	Gln	Thr	Gln	Pro	Arg
	275				280				285						
Glu	Glu	Gln	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Phe	Arg	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Leu	Pro	Ile
	290			295			300								
Met	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Cys	Arg	Val	Asn
305				310				315					320		
Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Thr	Lys
	325				330			335							
Gly	Arg	Pro	Lys	Ala	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Pro	Pro	Pro	Lys	Glu
	340				345				350						
Gln	Met	Ala	Lys	Asp	Lys	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Met	Ile	Thr	Asp	Phe
	355				360				365						
Phe	Pro	Glu	Asp	Ile	Thr	Val	Glu	Trp	Gln	Trp	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Ala
	370			375			380								
Glu	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Thr	Gln	Pro	Ile	Met	Asp	Thr	Asp	Gly	Ser	Tyr
385				390			395						400		
Phe	Val	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Val	Gln	Lys	Ser	Asn	Trp	Glu	Ala	Gly
	405				410			415							
Asn	Thr	Phe	Thr	Cys	Ser	Val	Leu	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	His	Asn	His	His
	420				425				430						
Thr	Glu	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	His	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys					
	435				440										

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<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 449
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

Gln Val Thr Leu Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Ile Leu Gln Pro Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Ser Leu Thr Cys Ser Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Ser Thr Tyr
20 25 30

Gly Met Gly Val Gly Trp Ile Arg Gln Pro Ser Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu
35 40 45

Trp Leu Ala Asp Ile Trp Trp Asp Asp Asp Lys Tyr Tyr Asn Pro Ser
50 55 60

Leu Lys Ser Arg Leu Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Thr Ser Ser Asn Glu Val
65 70 75 80

Phe Leu Lys Ile Ala Ile Val Asp Thr Ala Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr
85 90 95

Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly His Tyr Ser Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
100 105 110

Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe

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-continued

115	120	125	
Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu			
130	135	140	
Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp			
145	150	155	160
Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu			
165	170	175	
Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser			
180	185	190	
Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro			
195	200	205	
Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys			
210	215	220	
Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro			
225	230	235	240
Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser			
245	250	255	
Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp			
260	265	270	
Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn			
275	280	285	
Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val			
290	295	300	
Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu			
305	310	315	320
Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys			
325	330	335	
Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr			
340	345	350	
Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr			
355	360	365	
Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu			
370	375	380	
Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu			
385	390	395	400
Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys			
405	410	415	
Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu			
420	425	430	
Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly			
435	440	445	

Lys

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<210> SEQ_ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 449
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: source
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence:
Synthetic polypeptide"
<400> SEQUENCE: 55

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Gln	Val	Thr	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ser	Gly	Pro	Gly	Ile	Leu	Gln	Pro	Ser	Gln
1				5				10				15			
Thr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Ser	Phe	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Leu	Asn	Thr	Tyr
				20			25				30				
Gly	Met	Gly	Val	Ser	Trp	Ile	Arg	Gln	Pro	Ser	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu
	35					40					45				
Trp	Leu	Ala	His	Ile	Tyr	Trp	Asp	Asp	Asp	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Asn	Pro	Ser
	50				55					60					
Leu	Lys	Ser	Arg	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ala	Ser	Asn	Asn	Arg	Val
65						70			75			80			
Phe	Leu	Lys	Ile	Thr	Ser	Val	Asp	Thr	Ala	Asp	Thr	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr
		85					90				95				
Cys	Ala	Gln	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly
	100					105				110					
Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe
	115					120				125					
Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu
130						135				140					
Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Trp
145					150				155			160			
Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu
	165					170				175					
Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser
	180					185				190					
Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Lys	Pro
	195					200				205					
Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Arg	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys
210					215				220						
Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro
225					230				235			240			
Ser	Val	Phe	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	
	245					250				255					
Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp
	260					265				270					
Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn
	275				280				285						
Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val
	290				295				300						
Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu
305					310				315			320			
Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys
	325					330				335					
Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr
	340					345				350					
Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr
	355				360				365						
Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu
	370				375				380						
Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu
	385				390				395			400			
Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys

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405	410	415
Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu		
420	425	430
Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly		
435	440	445
Lys		
<210> SEQ_ID NO 56		
<211> LENGTH: 447		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<221> NAME/KEY: source		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: /note="Description of Artificial Sequence: Synthetic polypeptide"		
<400> SEQUENCE: 56		
Gln Ile Thr Leu Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Thr Leu Val Lys Pro Thr Gln		
1	5	10
Thr Leu Thr Leu Thr Cys Thr Phe Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Ser Thr Tyr		
20	25	30
Gly Met Gly Val Gly Trp Ile Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Ala Leu Glu		
35	40	45
Trp Leu Ala Asp Ile Trp Trp Asp Asp Asp Lys Tyr Tyr Asn Pro Ser		
50	55	60
Leu Lys Ser Arg Leu Thr Ile Thr Lys Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Val		
65	70	75
Val Leu Thr Met Thr Asn Met Asp Pro Val Asp Thr Ala Thr Tyr Tyr		
85	90	95
Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly His Tyr Ser Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly		
100	105	110
Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe		
115	120	125
Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu		
130	135	140
Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp		
145	150	155
Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu		
165	170	175
Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser		
180	185	190
Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro		
195	200	205
Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys		
210	215	220
Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro		
225	230	235
Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser		
245	250	255
Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp		
260	265	270
Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn		
275	280	285

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Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val
290 295 300

Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu
305 310 315 320

Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys
325 330 335

Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr
340 345 350

Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr
355 360 365

Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu
370 375 380

Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu
385 390 395 400

Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys
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Ser Arg Trp Gln Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu
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His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
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Gly Met Gly Val Gly Trp Ile Arg Gln Pro Pro Gly Lys Ala Leu Glu
35 40 45

Trp Leu Ala Asp Ile Trp Trp Asp Asp Asp Lys Tyr Tyr Asn Pro Ser
50 55 60

Leu Lys Ser Arg Leu Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Gln Val
65 70 75 80

Val Leu Thr Met Thr Asn Met Asp Pro Val Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr
85 90 95

Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly His Tyr Ser Ala Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly
100 105 110

Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe
115 120 125

Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu
130 135 140

Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp
145 150 155 160

Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu
165 170 175

Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser

-continued

180	185	190	
Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro			
195	200	205	
Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys			
210	215	220	
Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro			
225	230	235	240
Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser			
245	250	255	
Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp			
260	265	270	
Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn			
275	280	285	
Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val			
290	295	300	
Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu			
305	310	315	320
Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys			
325	330	335	
Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr			
340	345	350	
Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr			
355	360	365	
Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu			
370	375	380	
Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu			
385	390	395	400
Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys			
405	410	415	
Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu			
420	425	430	
Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly			
435	440	445	

Lys

What is claimed is:

1. A method for increasing the overall survival in a subject having cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome, comprising treating the subject with at least one anti-cancer agent and at least one GDF15 modulator.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the anti-cancer agent is selected from the group consisting of: capecitabine, gemcitabine, doxorubicin, cisplatin, carboplatin and oxaliplatin.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the GDF15 modulator is an anti-GDF15 antibody, or a GDF15-binding fragment thereof.
4. A method for increasing the overall survival in a subject being treated with an anti-cancer agent, comprising further treating the subject with at least one GDF15 modulator.
5. The method of claim 4, wherein the anti-cancer agent is selected from the group consisting of: capecitabine, gemcitabine, doxorubicin, cisplatin, carboplatin and oxaliplatin.

6. The method of claim 4, wherein the GDF15 modulator is an anti-GDF15 antibody, or a GDF15-binding fragment thereof.

7. The method of claim 4, wherein the anti-cancer agent induces cachexia.

8. A method for increasing the overall survival in a subject bearing a cachexia-inducing tumor, comprising treating the subject with at least one anti-cancer agent and at least one GDF15 modulator.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the anti-cancer agent is selected from the group consisting of: capecitabine, gemcitabine, doxorubicin, cisplatin, carboplatin and oxaliplatin.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein the GDF15 modulator is an anti-GDF15 antibody, or a GDF15-binding fragment thereof.

11. A method of treating a subject with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome, the method comprising administering a GDF15 modulator and an anti-cancer agent, wherein administration of the GDF15 modulator and the anti-cancer agent

prolongs mean survival in a first patient population with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome relative to a second patient population with cancer anorexia-cachexia syndrome who do not receive the GDF15 modulator.

12. The method of claim **11**, wherein the anti-cancer agent is selected from the group consisting of: capecitabine, gemcitabine, doxorubicin, cisplatin, carboplatin and oxaliplatin.

13. The method of claim **11**, wherein the GDF15 modulator is an anti-GDF15 antibody, or a GDF15-binding fragment thereof.

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