



US 20210123035A1

(19) **United States**

(12) **Patent Application Publication**  
**Woodley et al.**

(10) **Pub. No.: US 2021/0123035 A1**

(43) **Pub. Date: Apr. 29, 2021**

(54) **MODIFIED DOUBLE-STRANDED DONOR TEMPLATES**

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(21) Appl. No.: **17/079,097**

(22) Filed: **Oct. 23, 2020**

**Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Provisional application No. 62/925,366, filed on Oct. 24, 2019.

**Publication Classification**

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
*C12N 9/22* (2006.01)  
*C12N 15/113* (2006.01)  
(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
CPC ..... *C12N 9/22* (2013.01); *C12N 15/113* (2013.01); *C12N 2310/122* (2013.01); *C12N 2310/20* (2017.05); *C12N 2800/80* (2013.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

Described herein are compositions and methods for improving homology directed repair (HDR) efficiency and reducing homology-independent integration following introduction of double strand breaks with engineered nucleases. Additionally, modifications to double stranded DNA donors to improve the donor potency and efficiency of homology directed repair following introduction of double stranded breaks with programmable nucleases.

**Specification includes a Sequence Listing.**

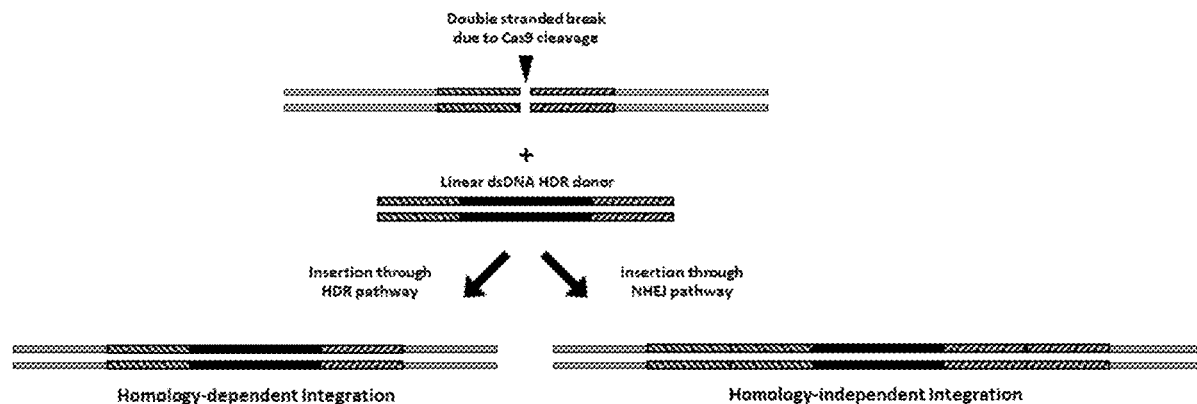
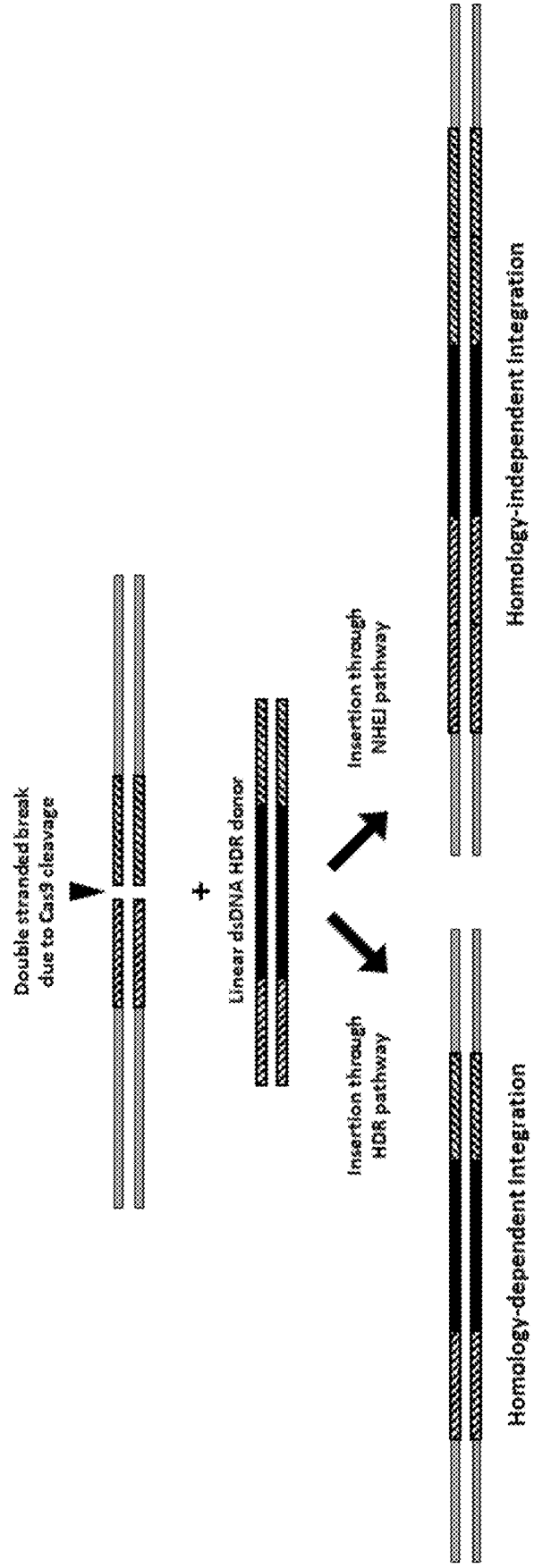


FIG. 1A



**FIG. 1B**

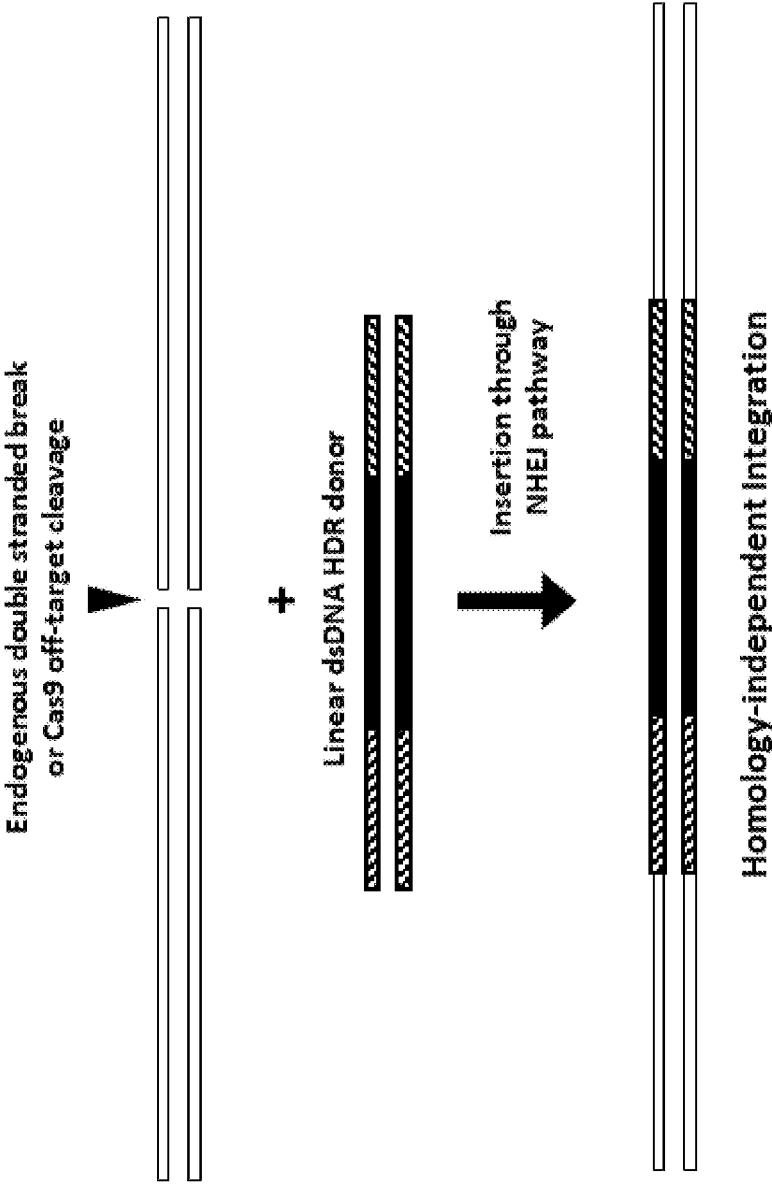


FIG. 2

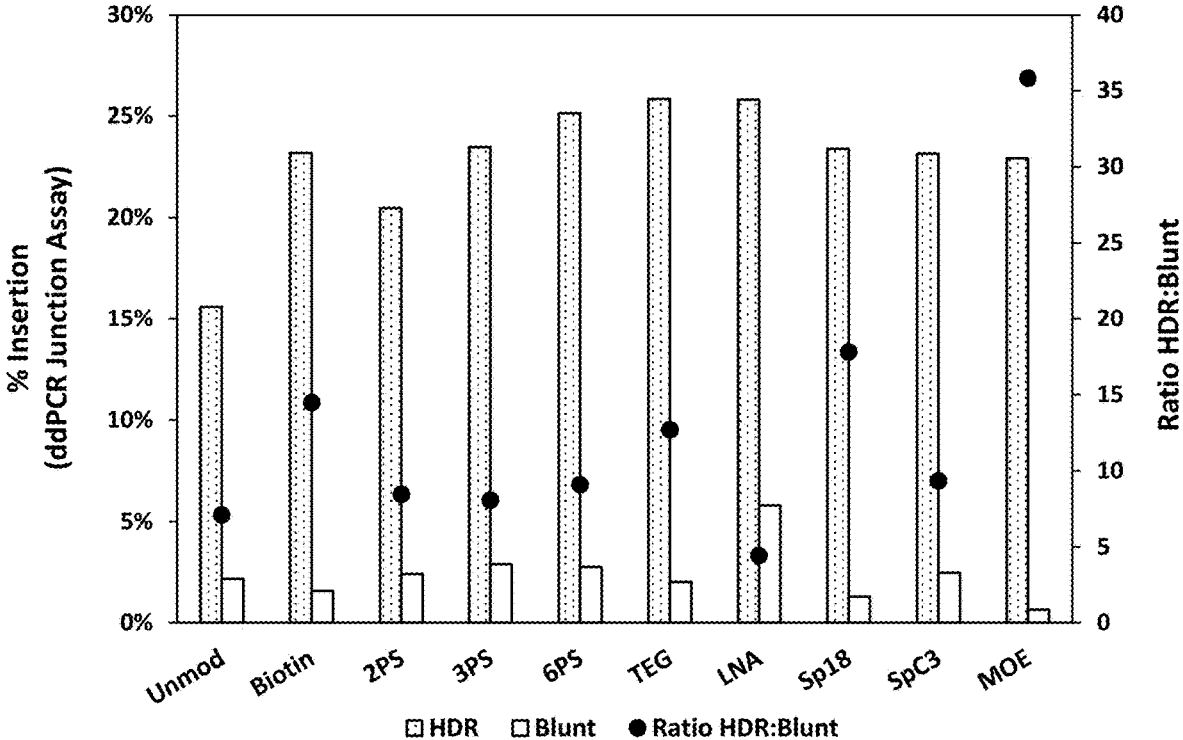


FIG. 3

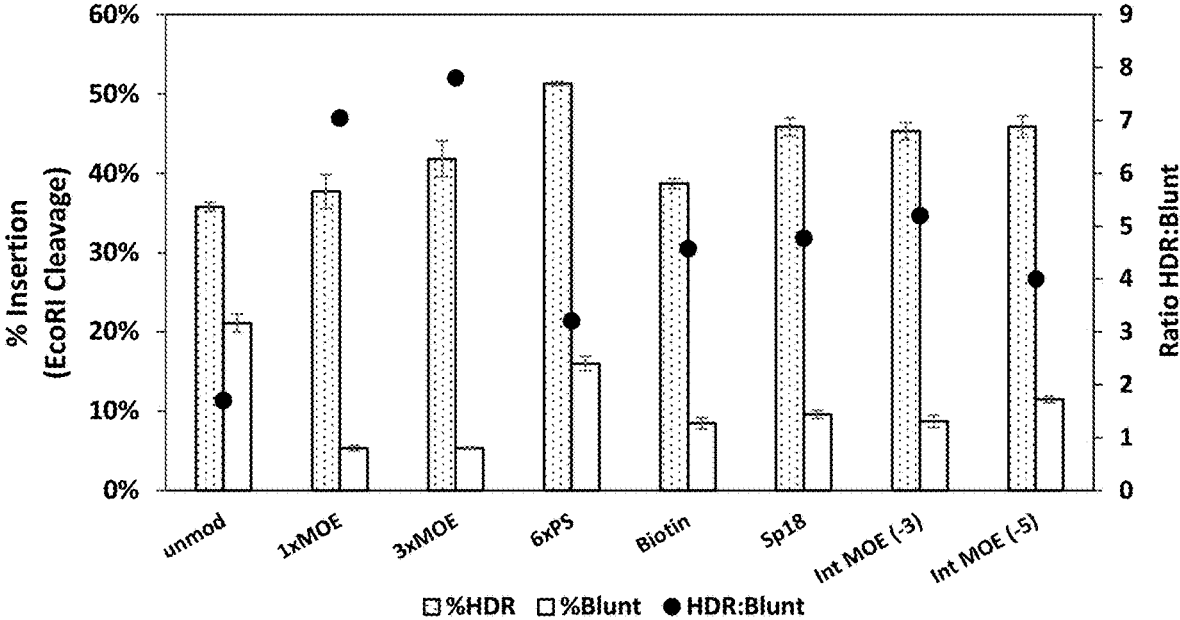


FIG. 4

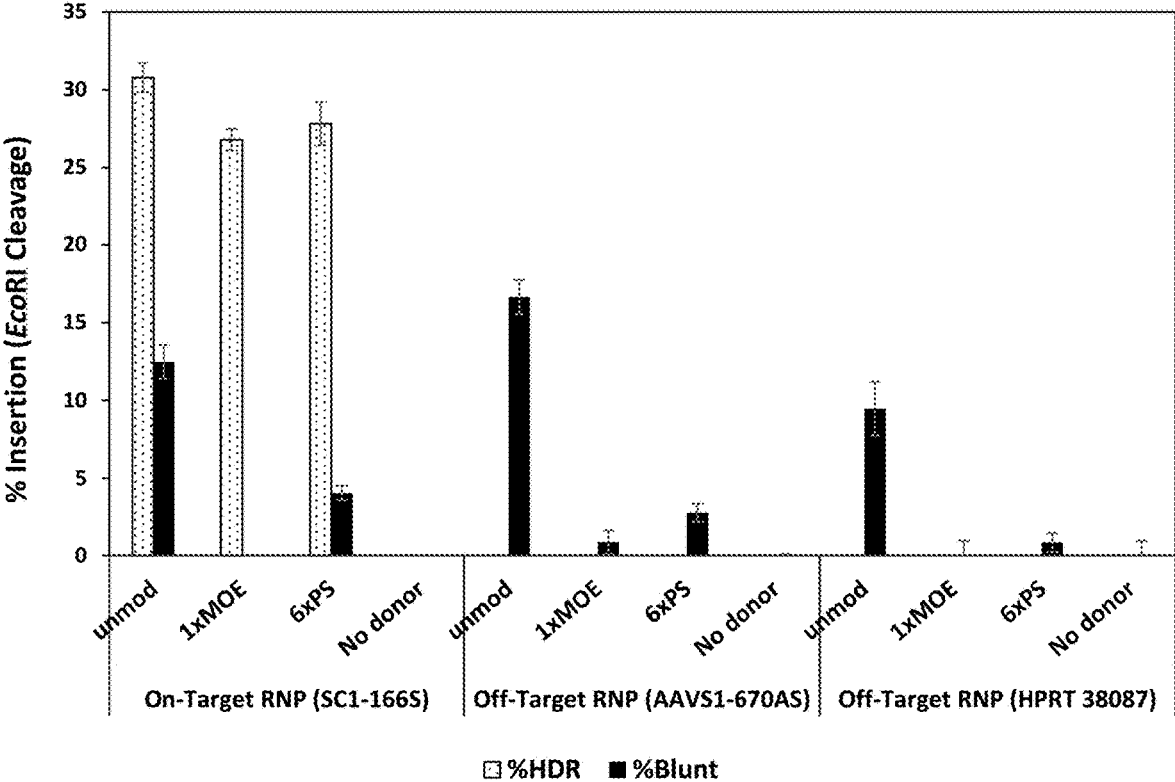


FIG. 5

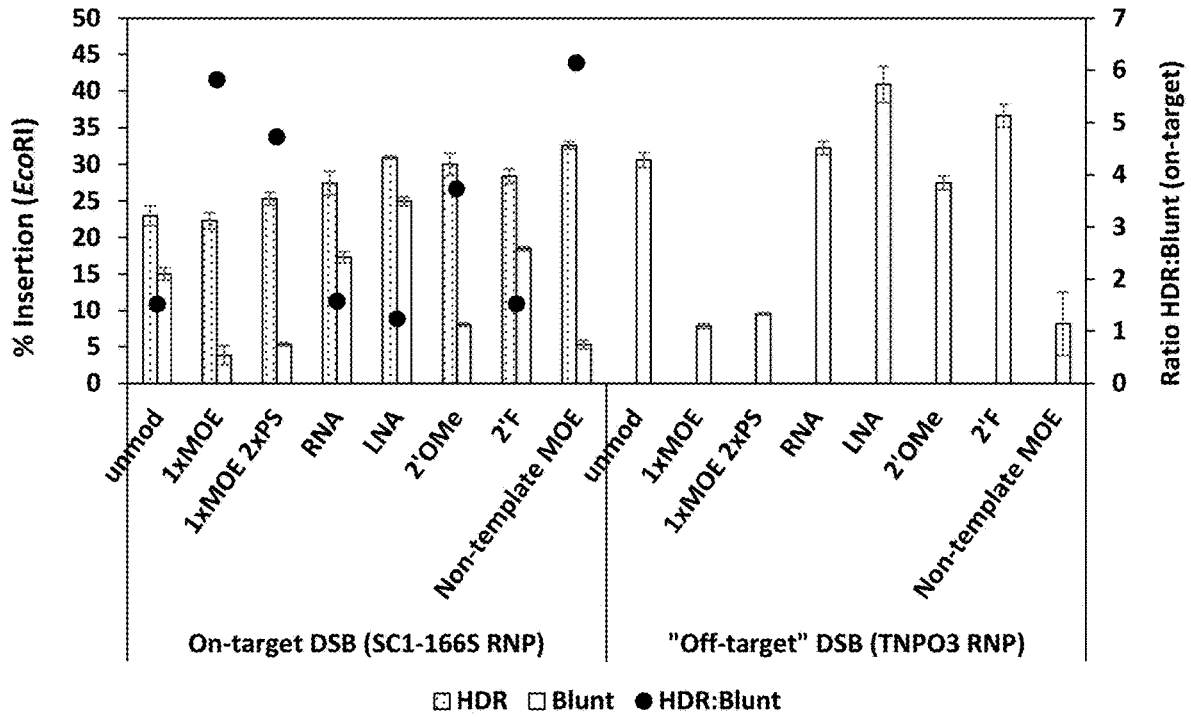


FIG. 6A



FIG. 6B

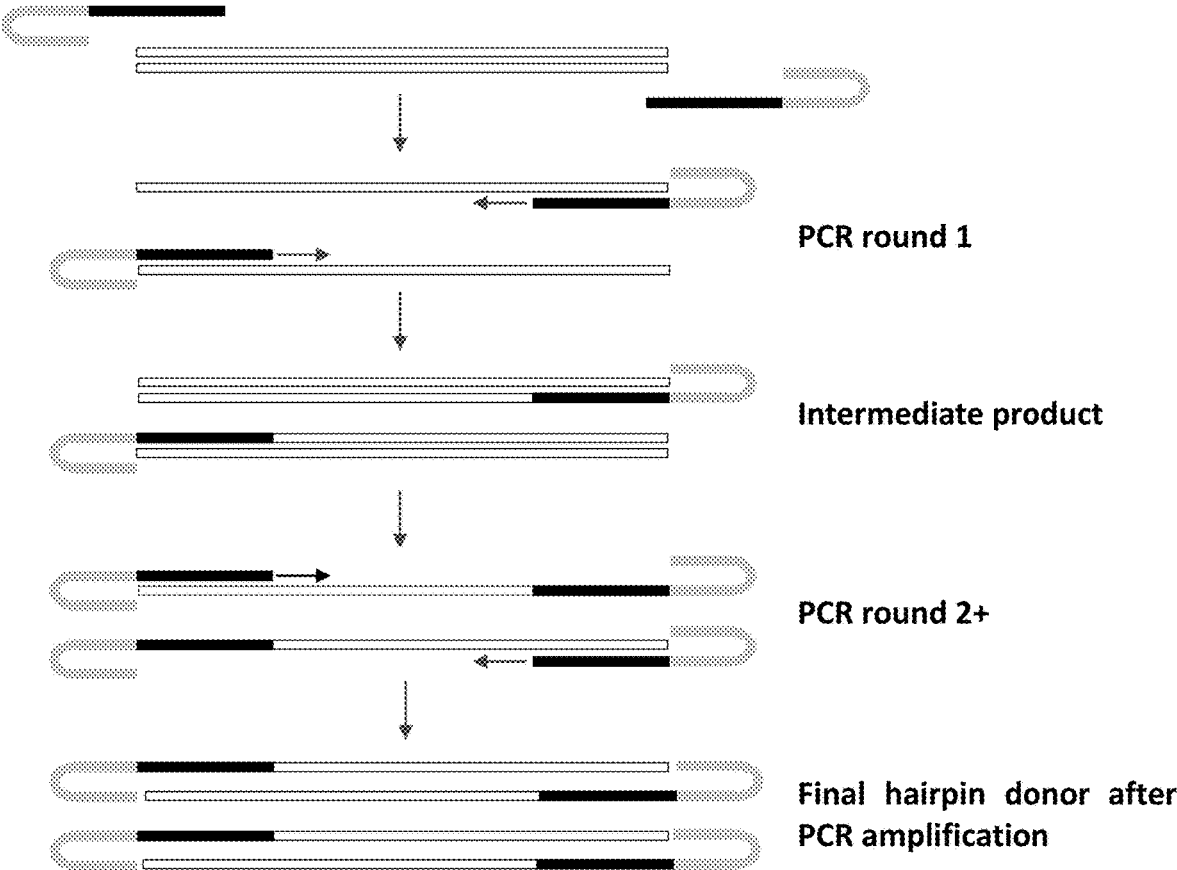




FIG. 7

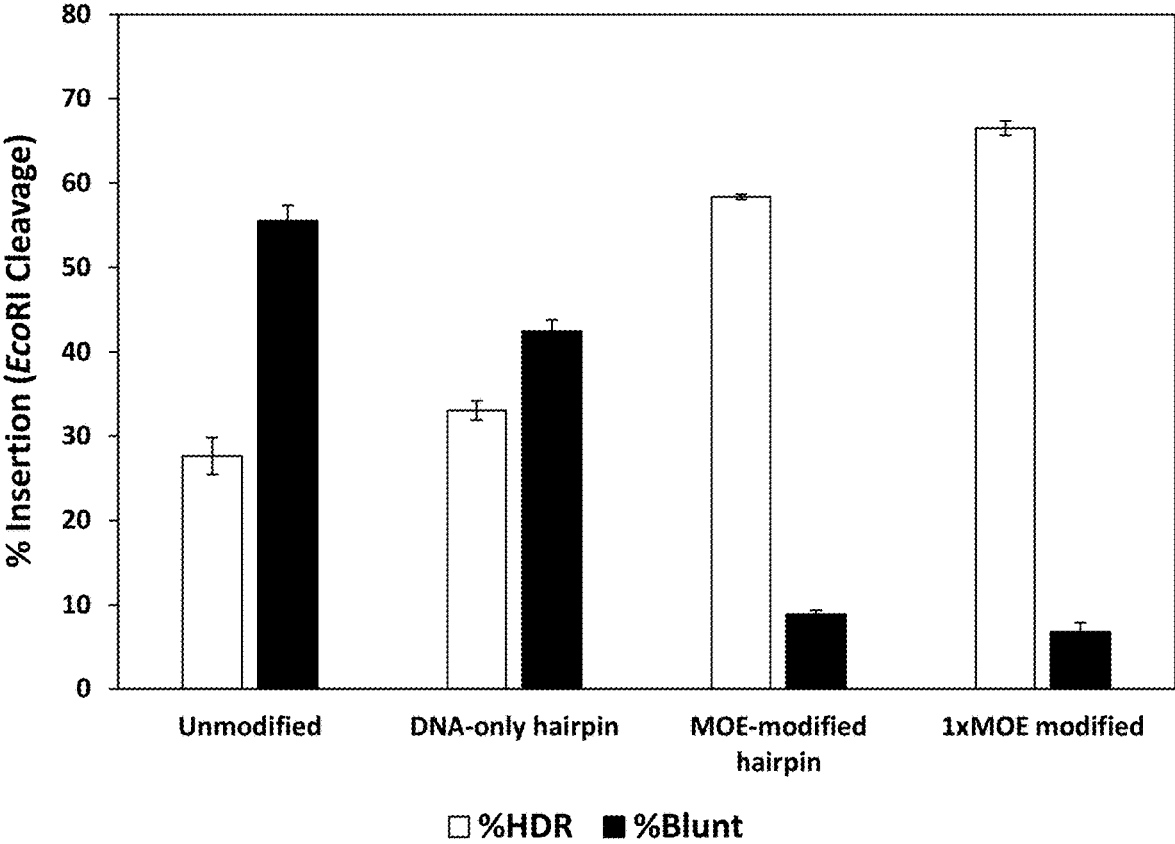


FIG. 8A

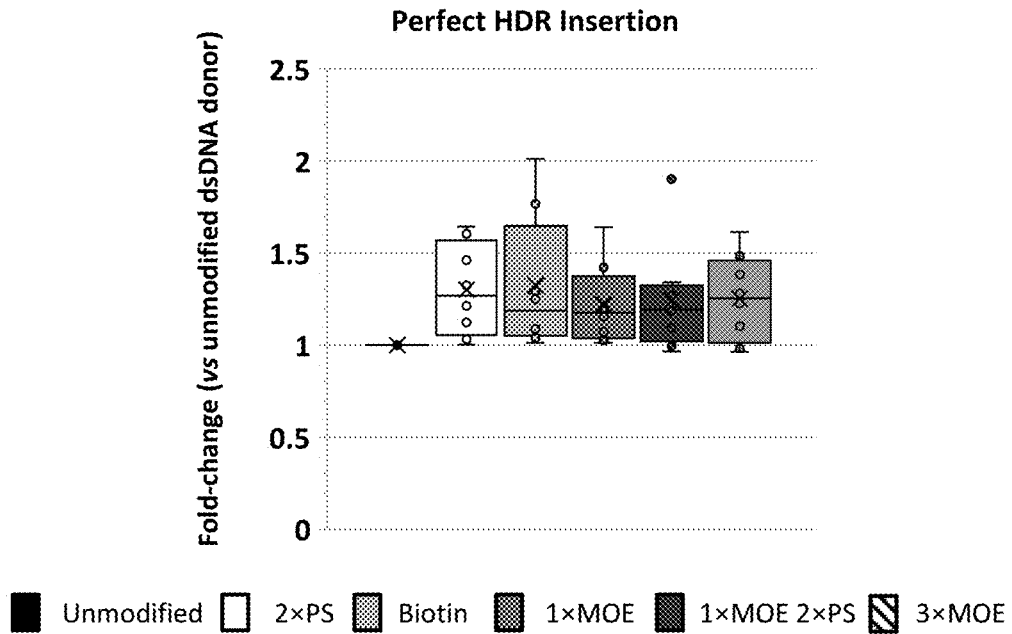


FIG. 8B

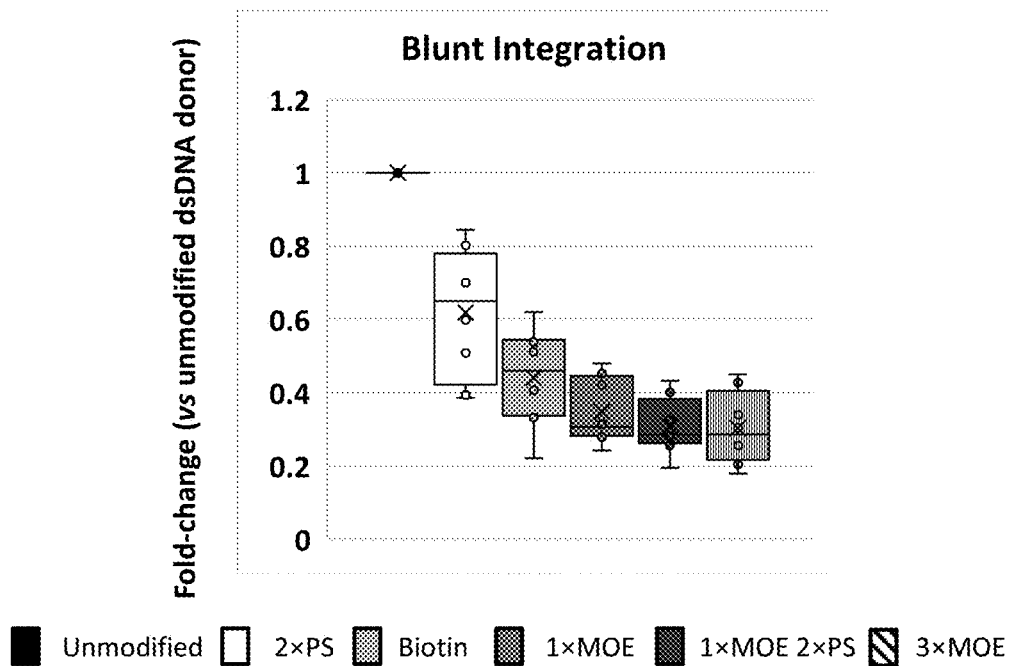
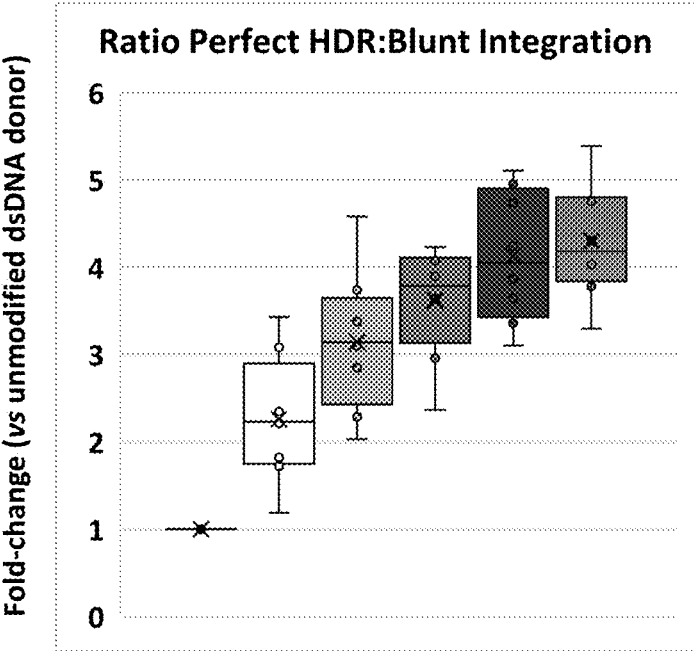


FIG. 8C



Unmodified 2xPS Biotin 1xMOE 1xMOE 2xPS 3xMOE

FIG. 9A

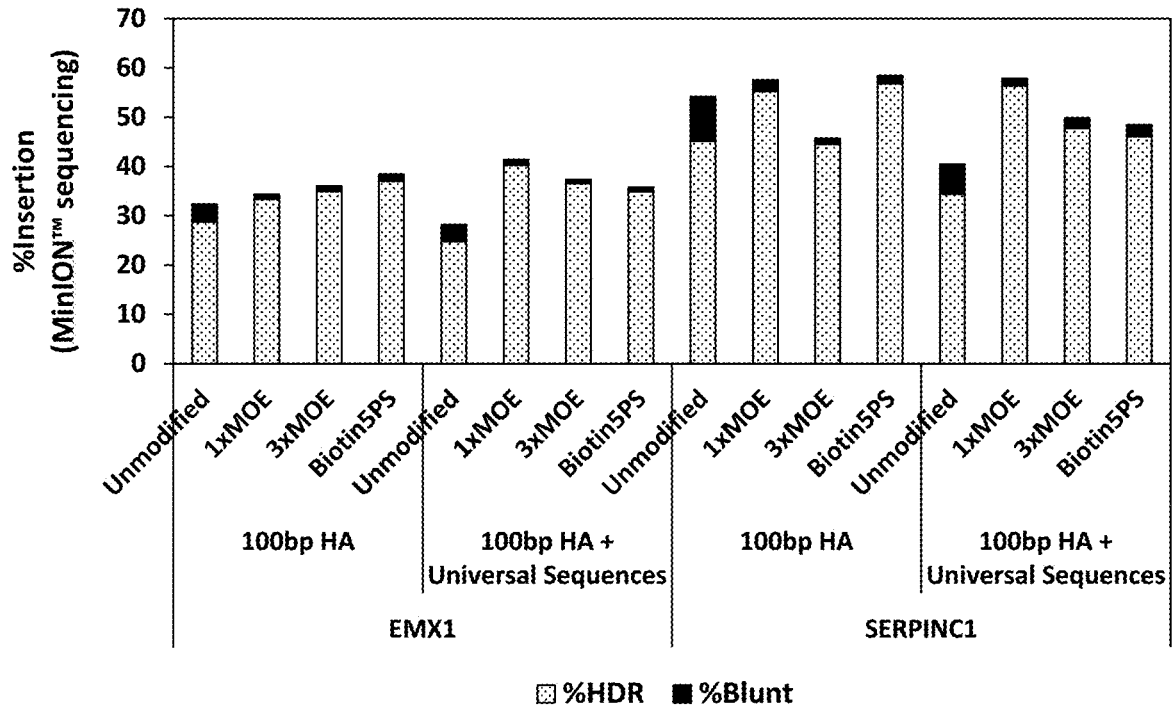


FIG. 9B

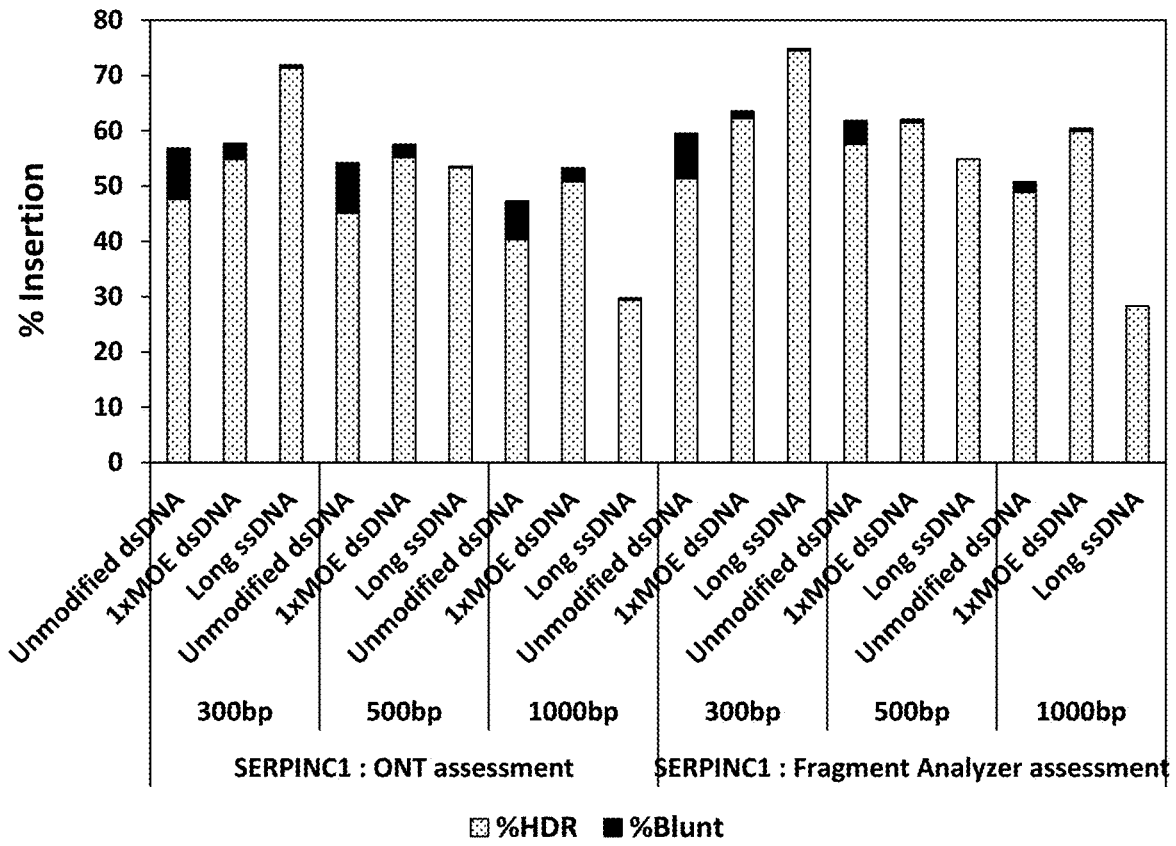


FIG. 10



FIG. 11

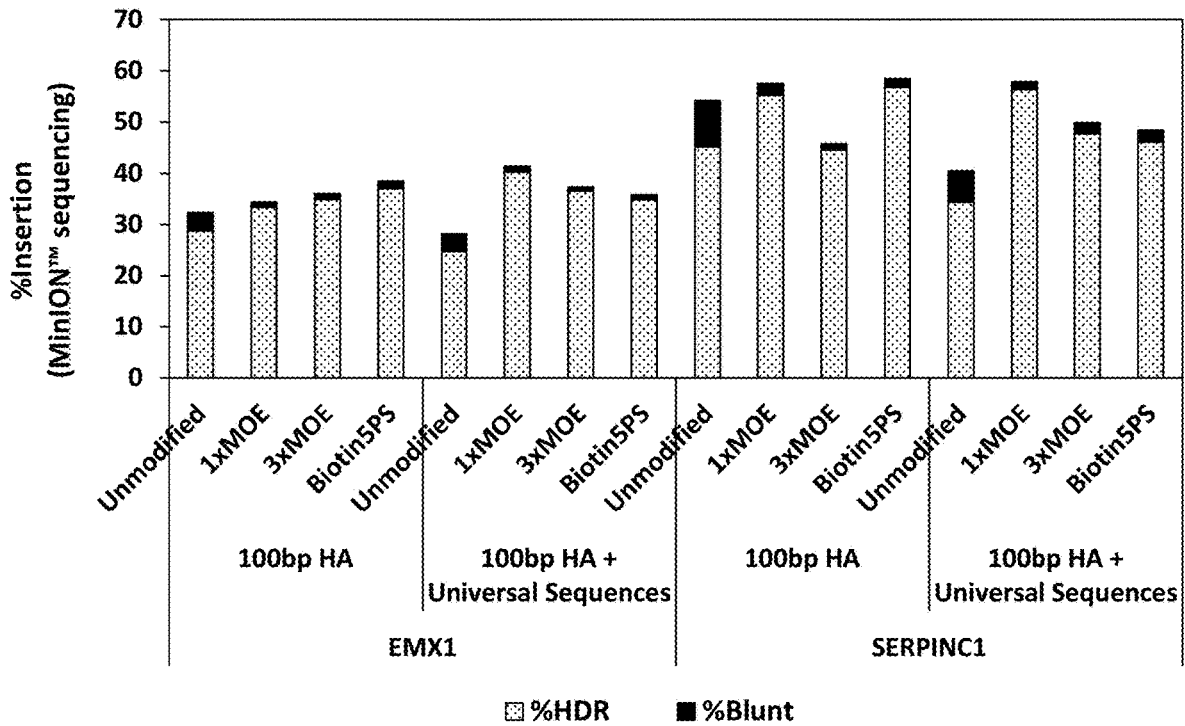


FIG. 12A

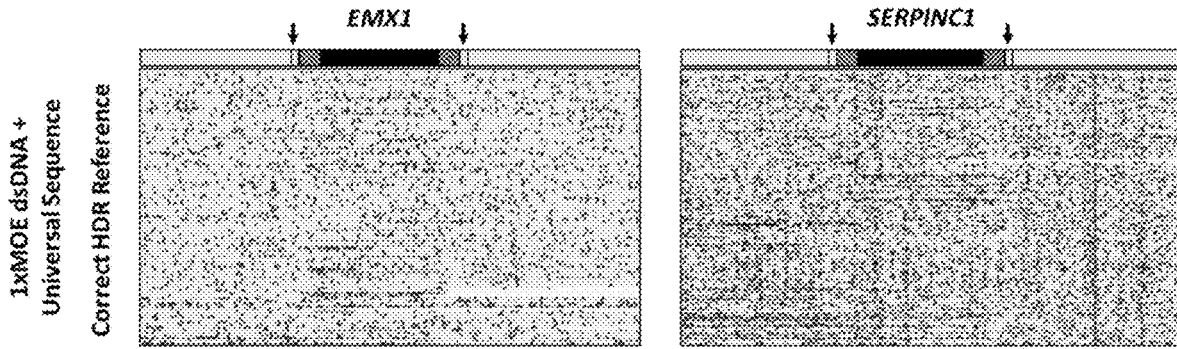


FIG. 12B

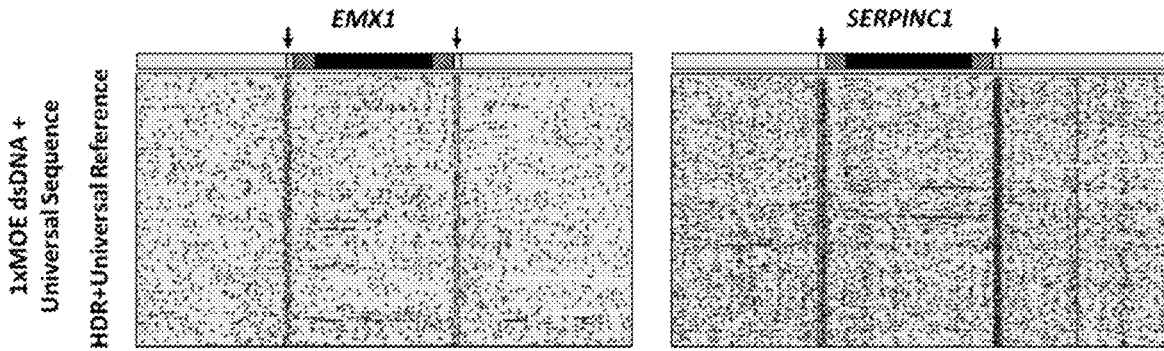


FIG. 12C

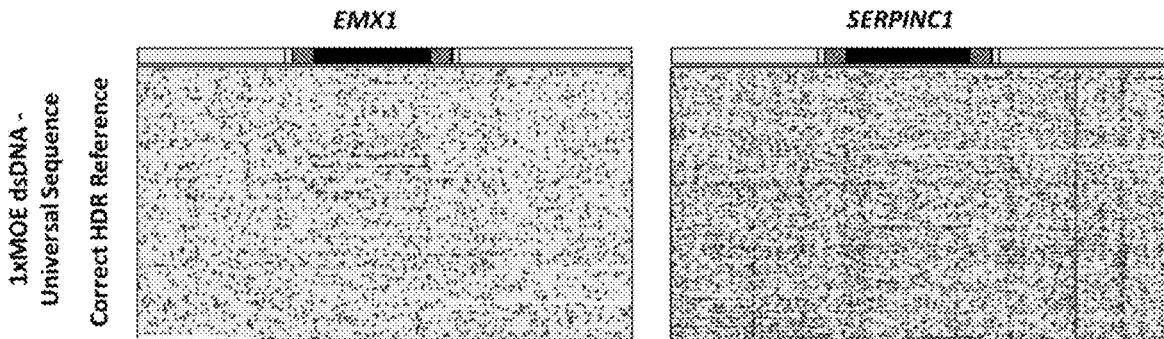
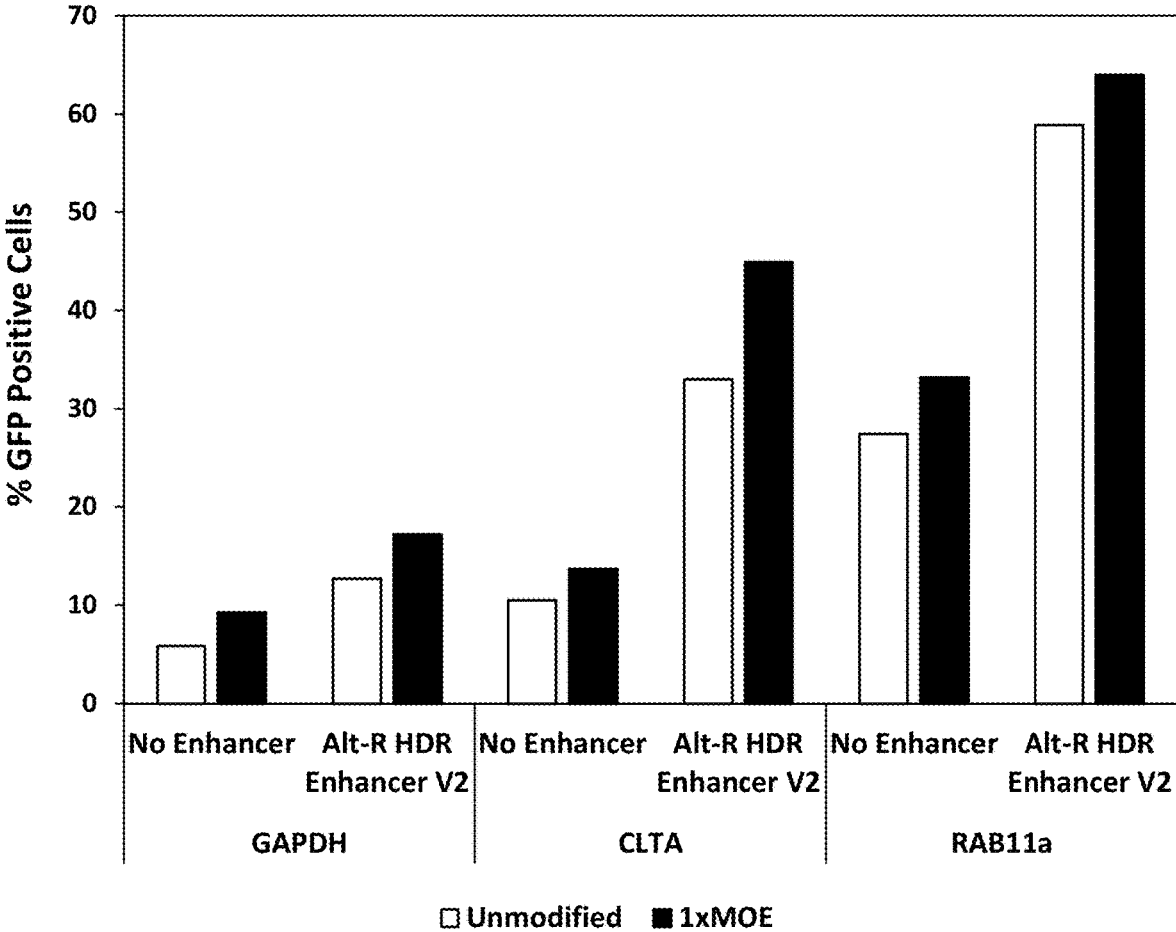
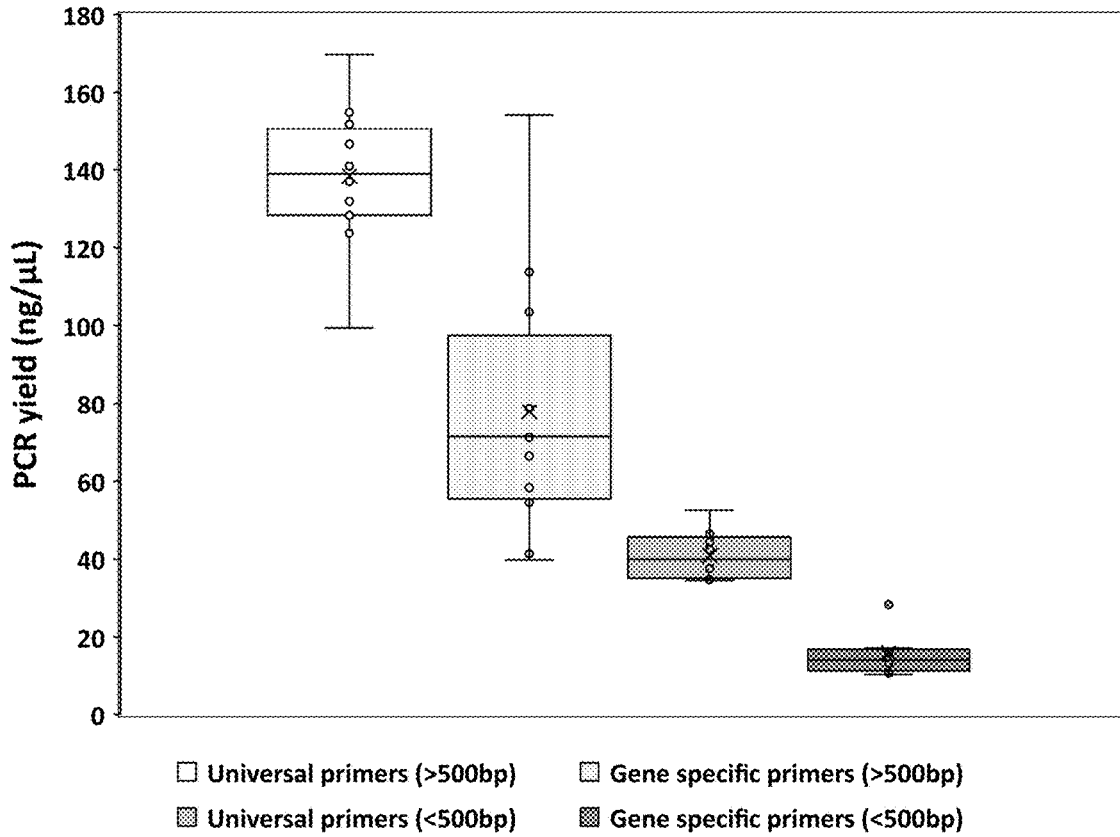


FIG. 13

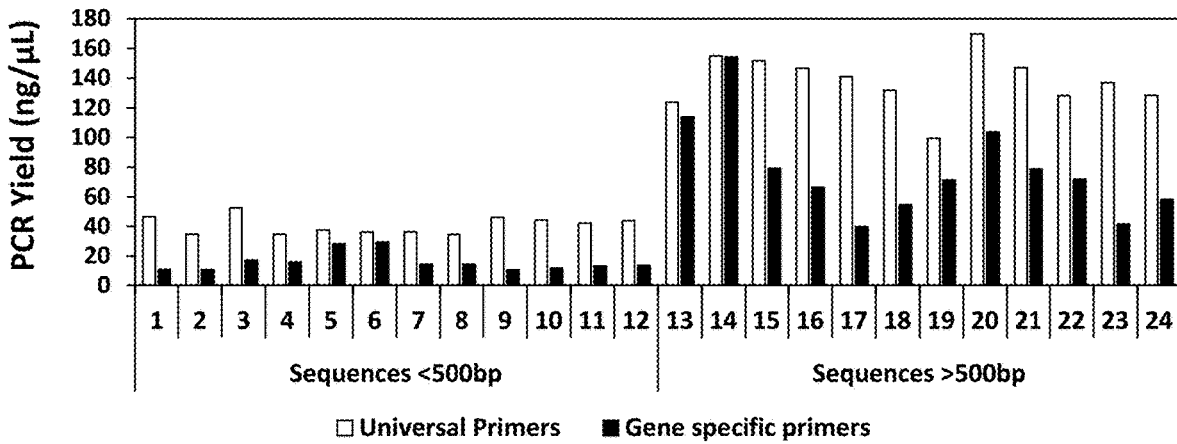




**FIG. 14A**



**FIG. 14B**



## MODIFIED DOUBLE-STRANDED DONOR TEMPLATES

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

**[0001]** This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/925,366, filed on Oct. 24, 2019, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

### REFERENCE TO SEQUENCE LISTING

**[0002]** This application is filed with a Computer Readable Form of a Sequence Listing in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.821(c). The text file submitted by EFS, "013670-9060-US02\_sequence\_listing\_18-DEC-2020\_ST25.K" was created on Dec. 18, 2020, contains 235 sequences, has a file size of 86.4 Kbytes, and is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

### TECHNICAL FIELD

**[0003]** Described herein are compositions and methods for improving homology directed repair (HDR) efficiency and reducing homology-independent integration following introduction of double strand breaks with engineered nucleases. Additionally, modifications to double stranded DNA donors to improve the donor potency and efficiency of homology directed repair following introduction of double stranded breaks with programmable nucleases.

### BACKGROUND

**[0004]** Genome editing with programmable nucleases allows the site-specific introduction of DNA into target genomes of interest. A number of systems permit targeted genomic editing and these systems include transcription activator-like effector nucleases (TALENs), zinc fingers (ZFNs), or clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeat (CRISPR).

**[0005]** The CRISPR-Cas9 system has been widely utilized to perform site-specific genome editing in eukaryotic cells. A sequence specific guide RNA is required to recruit Cas9 protein to the target site, and then the Cas9 endonuclease cleaves both strands of the target DNA creating a double stranded break (DSB). This DSB is corrected by the cell's innate DNA damage repair pathways. Two of the main pathways of DSB repair are the error prone non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) pathway, which can lead to random insertions or deletions (indels) in the target DNA, and the homology directed repair (HDR) pathway, which uses a single or double stranded DNA molecule with homology to either side of the DSB as a repair template to generate a desired mutation in the target DNA [1].

**[0006]** Various forms of DNA can be used as the repair template for HDR experiments such as plasmid DNA, double stranded linear DNA (dsDNA), or single stranded DNA (ssDNA). Both dsDNA and ssDNA donors can induce an innate immune response in mammalian tissue culture cells. For short insertions (generally 120 bp) or mutations, a chemically synthesized oligonucleotide such as an IDT® Ultramer™ ssDNA can be used as the single stranded oligo donors (ssODN) for HDR experiments. The use of synthetic ssDNA allows for chemical modifications to be placed in the molecule to potentially improve HDR efficiency. Templates for larger insertions (generally >120 bp) are limited due to the increased complexity of synthesis. Generation of long

ssDNA can be a labor intensive and costly process, while linear dsDNA can be generated quickly and in large quantities. Because, the more prevalent NHEJ repair pathway facilitates the ligation of blunt ends, a linear dsDNA donor has a higher risk for homology-independent integration into any DSB present in the cell (including the on-target Cas9 cleavage site, any Cas9 off-target sites, and any endogenous DSB) [2, 3]. When homology-independent integration occurs at the on-target site, the entire donor is incorporated including the homology arms leading to the duplication of one or both homology arm regions.

**[0007]** It has been reported that the addition of a 5'-biotin modification on a linear dsDNA donor can reduce the formation of concatemers and integration via the NHEJ pathway [4]. Similarly, another group reported that biotin or ssDNA overhangs on the 5'-terminus can reduce blunt insertions [5]. Another group suggested that TEG and 2'-OME ribonucleotide adapters on the 5'-termini of dsDNA donors could potentially increase HDR rates by limiting access of the NHEJ machinery to the free ends of the donor but did not demonstrate any reduction in blunt integration [6].

**[0008]** There is a need for compositions of modified dsDNA templates for HDR and methods thereof that increase the efficiency of HDR and reduce undesired homology-independent integration (both at the targeted site and potential off-target or endogenous DSBs) that is typically associated with linear dsDNA donors.

### SUMMARY

**[0009]** One embodiment described herein is a double stranded DNA homology directed repair (HDR) donor comprising: a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprise modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In one aspect, the modifications comprise: modifications to the 2'-position of one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and modifications to the 2'-position of one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the second homology arm region. In another aspect, the modifications comprise modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region. In another aspect, the modifications at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor comprise one or more of: 2'-O-methyl (2'-OMe), 2'-fluoro (2'-F), or 2'-O-methoxyethyl (2'-MOE). In another aspect, the modifications at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor comprise 2'-MOE. In another aspect, the modification at or near the 5'-termini are non-template mismatches relative to a target DNA. In another aspect, the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region are 40 to 150 nucleotides in length. In another aspect, the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region are at least 100 nucleotides in length. In another aspect, the double stranded DNA HDR donor further comprises universal primer sequences. In another aspect, the insert region is greater than 100 bp. In aspect, the insert region is greater than 0.25 kb, greater than 0.5 kb, greater than 1 kb, greater than 2 kb, greater than 3 kb, greater than 4 kb, greater than 5 kb, greater than 6 kb, greater than 7 kb,

greater than 8 kb, greater than 9 kb, or greater than 10 kb. In another aspect, the double stranded HDR donor comprises a hairpin at either the 5'-terminus or the 3'-terminus. In another aspect, the double stranded HDR donor comprises a hairpin at both the 5'-terminus and the 3'-terminus. In another aspect, the double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system.

**[0010]** Another embodiment described herein is a programmable nuclease system comprising: a modified double stranded DNA homology directed repair (HDR) donor, a programmable nuclease enzyme, and a gRNA, wherein the gRNA molecule is capable of targeting the programmable nuclease molecule to a target nucleic acid. In one aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprises modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises one or more 2'-MOE modifications at or near the 5'-termini. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises universal primer sequences. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system. In another aspect, the programmable nuclease system comprises one or more of transcription activator-like effector nucleases (TALENs), zinc fingers (ZFNs), or clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeat (CRISPR). In another aspect, the programmable nuclease system is CRISPR. In another aspect, the programmable nuclease enzyme is CRISPR associated-9 (Cas9). In another aspect, the programmable nuclease system further comprises one or more HDR enhancers.

**[0011]** Another embodiment described herein is a method for increasing homology directed repair (HDR) rates and reducing homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system comprising targeting a candidate editing target site locus with an active programmable nuclease system and a modified double stranded DNA HDR donor. In one aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprises modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or

2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises one or more 2'-MOE modifications at or near the 5'-termini. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises universal primer sequences. In another aspect, the method further comprises one or more HDR enhancers. In another aspect, the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system.

**[0012]** Another embodiment described herein is the use of modified double stranded DNA HDR donors for increasing homology directed repair (HDR) rates and reducing homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises a first homology arm region, an insert region, a second homology arm region; and optionally, one or more universal priming sequences; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprise modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In one aspect, the modification comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor.

**[0013]** Another embodiment described herein is a method for manufacturing a modified double stranded DNA HDR donor, the method comprising synthesizing an oligonucleotide comprising a first homology arm region, an insert region, a second homology arm region; and optionally, one or more universal priming sequences; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprise modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In one aspect, the modification comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor.

**[0014]** Another embodiment describe herein is a method for manufacturing a modified double stranded DNA HDR donor, the method comprising amplifying a target nucleic acid sequence comprising a first homology arm region, an insert region, a second homology arm region with one or more universal primers, wherein the universal priming sequences comprise modification to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini. In one aspect, the modification comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications at one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini of the universal primer.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0015]** FIG. 1A-B show schematics showing homology-independent and homology-dependent integration events when using a dsDNA HDR donor template for Cas9 directed cleavage (FIG. 1A) or endogenous double stranded breaks or Cas9 off-target cleavage (FIG. 1B). These homology-independent integration events lead to incorporation or duplication of homology arms at double stranded breaks introduced by programmable nucleases.

**[0016]** FIG. 2 shows the assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR or NHEJ pathways using modified linear dsDNA donors containing a 1 kb insert.

**[0017]** FIG. 3 shows the assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR or NHEJ pathways using modified linear dsDNA donors containing a 42 bp insert. Modifica-

tions were extended to multiple 2'-MOE ribonucleotides and internally placed 2'-MOE ribonucleotides.

**[0018]** FIG. 4 shows the assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR or NHEJ pathways using modified linear dsDNA donors containing a 42 bp insert. Cas9 guides targeting non-homologous sites were used to mimic off-target Cas9 cleavage.

**[0019]** FIG. 5 shows the assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR or NHEJ pathways using modified linear dsDNA donors containing a 42 bp insert. Modifications were extended to include additional 2'-modification. Cas9 guides targeting non-homologous sites were used to mimic off-target Cas9 cleavage.

**[0020]** FIG. 6A-B shows synthesis methods for hairpin blocked dsDNA HDR templates. Grey indicates a DNA hairpin composed of 2'-MOE ribonucleotides. Black indicates chemically synthesized unmodified DNA. White indicates a DNA template sequence with available primer binding sites. FIG. 6A shows that for short HDR inserts, hairpin blocked dsDNA donors can be generated by annealing two chemically synthesized ssDNA oligos containing the 5'-MOE hairpin.

**[0021]** FIG. 6B shows that for longer HDR inserts, hairpin blocked dsDNA donors can be generated through PCR amplification. Primers with 5'-MOE hairpins can be used to amplify a target HDR template. The DNA polymerase should not be able to amplify through the MOE containing hairpin. After several cycles, a final dsDNA product containing MOE hairpins on both 5'-termini should be generated.

**[0022]** FIG. 7 shows an assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR or NHEJ pathways using donors with either a hairpin or a 1xMOE modified base at the 5'-termini. Donors contained 30 bp homology arms and mediated a 6 bp insert to introduce an EcoRI restriction site into the SERPINC1 locus. Hairpins were composed of a 3 bp stem with a "TTTT" loop and contained either unmodified DNA bases (DNA-only) or 2'-MOE modified bases (MOE-modified). Hairpins were unligated for initial testing.

**[0023]** FIG. 8A-C show an assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR (FIG. 8A) or NHEJ (FIG. 8B) pathways using modified linear dsDNA donors. The ratio of HDR vs. blunt integration is shown in FIG. 8C. Donors were designed to mediate a 42 bp insertion at 4 genomic loci and were tested in 2 cell lines (n=8 per modification). Results are reported as the fold-change over the unmodified dsDNA donor for each site and cell line.

**[0024]** FIG. 9A shows an assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR or NHEJ pathways using modified linear dsDNA donors mediating a 300 bp, 500 bp, or 1 kb insert at two genomic loci. A long ssDNA donor targeting the SERPINC1 locus was provided for comparison. FIG. 9B shows comparison orthogonal analysis methods for assessment of insertion at the SERPINC1 locus. Long-read sequencing using the MinION™ system from Oxford Nanopore Technologies (ONT) was compared to amplicon length analysis where PCR amplicons from genomic DNA samples were run and quantified on a Fragment Analyzer.

**[0025]** FIG. 10 shows a schematic of dsDNA HDR donor template design comprising universal priming sequences. Hashed black indicates DNA sequence that is homologous between the genomic DNA target and the HDR donor (i.e., homology arms). Black indicates the desired insert DNA

sequence. White indicates DNA sequence homologous to the universal priming sequences.

**[0026]** FIG. 11 shows an assessment of dsDNA donor integration via HDR or NHEJ pathways using modified linear dsDNA donors composed of a 500 bp insert flanked by 100 bp homology arms. Donors were synthesized with or without terminal universal priming sequences.

**[0027]** FIG. 12A-C show a visual assessment of HDR reads from 1xMOE donors using IGV. HDR reads from the EMX1 and SERPINC1 1xMOE dsDNA donors manufactured with the universal priming sequences were aligned against a reference containing either the correct HDR sequence (FIG. 12A) or the HDR sequence with the universal sequences (i.e., incorrect HDR) (FIG. 12B). For comparison, HDR reads from the 1xMOE dsDNA donors lacking universal sequences were aligned against the correct HDR reference (FIG. 12C). Within the IGV plots, individual reads are represented as thin horizontal lines. Individual nucleotides that do not correctly align to the reference (i.e., insertions, gaps, or mutations) are marked in black. The background error rate from the MinION™ sequencing can be assessed in FIG. 12C. A representation of the HDR reference is shown above each IGV panel. Solid black represents the desired 500 bp insert. Dashed areas represent sequence homologous to the 100 bp donor homology arms. Dotted areas represent the 30 bp universal priming sequences. Areas of interest are indicated by arrows. Misalignments against the incorrect HDR reference (FIG. 12B) are evident in every HDR read, indicating a lack of the 30 bp universal sequences after the repair. Panels for EMX1 donors represent approximately 500 reads. Panels for SERPINC1 donors represent approximately 3700 reads.

**[0028]** FIG. 13 shows an assessment of HDR rates when using either unmodified or 1xMOE modified dsDNA donor templates. Donors were designed to insert GFP at the N- or C-terminus of the target genes and contained 200 bp homology arms. Donors were generated with universal priming sequences. HDR rates were assessed by flow cytometry (reported as % GFP positive cells).

**[0029]** FIG. 14A-B show an assessment of yields when dsDNA HDR templates are manufactured with either universal primers or gene specific primers. Twelve sequences >500 bp and twelve sequences <500 bp were manufactured and PCR yields were assessed. Overall yields for each group are shown in FIG. 14A, while comparisons between templates with or without universal primers for each sequence are shown in FIG. 14B.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

**[0030]** Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art. For example, any nomenclatures used in connection with, and techniques of, cell and tissue culture, molecular biology, immunology, microbiology, genetics, and protein and nucleic acid chemistry and hybridization described herein are well known and commonly used in the art. In case of conflict, the present document, including definitions, will control. Preferred methods and materials are described below, although methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in practice or testing of the present invention.

**[0031]** As used herein, the terms "amino acid," "nucleotide," "polypeptide," "polynucleotide," and "vector" have

their common meanings as would be understood by a biochemist of ordinary skill in the art. Standard single letter nucleotides (A, C, G, T, U) and standard single letter amino acids (A, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, L, M, N, P, Q, R, S, T, V, W, or R) are used herein.

**[0032]** As used herein, the terms such as “include,” “including,” “contain,” “containing,” “having,” and the like mean “comprising.” The disclosure also contemplates other embodiments “comprising,” “consisting of,” and “consisting essentially of,” the embodiments, aspects, or elements presented herein, whether explicitly set forth or not.

**[0033]** As used herein, the term “a,” “an,” “the” and similar terms used in the context of the disclosure (especially in the context of the claims) are to be construed to cover both the singular and plural unless otherwise indicated herein or clearly contradicted by the context. In addition, “a,” “an,” or “the” means “one or more” unless otherwise specified.

**[0034]** As used herein, the term “or” can be conjunctive or disjunctive.

**[0035]** As used herein, the term “substantially” means to a great or significant extent, but not completely.

**[0036]** As used herein, the term “about” or “approximately” as applied to one or more values of interest, refers to a value that is similar to a stated reference value, or within an acceptable error range for the particular value as determined by one of ordinary skill in the art, which will depend in part on how the value is measured or determined, such as the limitations of the measurement system. In one aspect, the term “about” refers to any values, including both integers and fractional components that are within a variation of up to  $\pm 10\%$  of the value modified by the term “about.” Alternatively, “about” can mean within 3 or more standard deviations, per the practice in the art. Alternatively, such as with respect to biological systems or processes, the term “about” can mean within an order of magnitude, in some embodiments within 5-fold, and in some embodiments within 2-fold, of a value. As used herein, the symbol “~” means “about” or “approximately.”

**[0037]** All ranges disclosed herein include both end points as discrete values as well as all integers and fractions specified within the range. For example, a range of 0.1-2.0 includes 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4 . . . 2.0. If the end points are modified by the term “about,” the range specified is expanded by a variation of up to  $\pm 10\%$  of any value within the range or within 3 or more standard deviations, including the end points.

**[0038]** As used herein, the terms “control,” or “reference” are used herein interchangeably. A “reference” or “control” level may be a predetermined value or range, which is employed as a baseline or benchmark against which to assess a measured result. “Control” also refers to control experiments or control cells.

**[0039]** As used herein, the phrase “an effective amount” of a compound described herein refers to an amount of the compound described herein that will elicit the biological response, for example, reduction or inhibition of an enzyme or a protein activity, or ameliorate symptoms, alleviate conditions, slow or delay disease progression, or prevent a disease, etc.

**[0040]** As used herein, the terms “inhibit,” “inhibition,” or “inhibiting” refer to the reduction or suppression of a given

condition, symptom, or disorder, or disease, or a significant decrease in the baseline activity of a biological activity or process.

**[0041]** As used herein, the term “universal primer” refers to a sequence that does not have a known alignment to a target sequence. Universal primers permit the sequence independent amplification of target sequences.

**[0042]** Disclosed herein are methods and compositions of dsDNA donor templates for improving HDR efficiency and reducing blunt integration events. In various embodiments the disclosed methods and compositions allow for a reduction in homology-independent integration following genomic editing with programmable nucleases. In some embodiments bulky modifications are placed at the 5'-terminus of the linear dsDNA donor. In further embodiments bulky modifications are placed at or near the 5' end of the linear dsDNA donor. Additionally, modifications may be placed at the 2'-position of the DNA (e.g., 2'-MOE, 2'-OME, or 2'-F nucleotides) of a nucleotide at or near the 5'-nucleotide or nucleotides of the dsDNA donor. These modifications demonstrate an improved efficacy at reducing homology-independent integration. Furthermore, this reduction does not seem to be mediated through increased donor stability, as other modifications that have the established ability to block nuclease degradation (PS, etc.) do not also reduce the blunt integration rate to the same extent as other 2'-modifications.

**[0043]** When homology-independent integration occurs at the on-target site, the entire donor is incorporated including the homology arms (FIG. 1) which leads to duplicated homology arms. FIG. 1 is a schematic of homology-independent (duplicated homology arms) and homology-dependent integration events when using a dsDNA HDR donor template. Light grey bars indicate the target genomic DNA sequence while white indicates a non-homologous genomic DNA sequence (either at an endogenous DSB or a Cas9 off-target site). Hashed black indicates DNA sequence that is homologous between the genomic DNA target and the HDR donor (i.e., homology arms). Black indicates the desired insert DNA sequence. FIG. 1A shows insertion of a dsDNA donor through the HDR or NHEJ repair pathways at the on-target Cas9 cleavage site. Insertion through the NHEJ pathway results in duplication of the donor homology arms. FIG. 1B shows insertion of a dsDNA through the NHEJ repair pathway at an endogenous DSB or at an off-target Cas9 cleavage site.

**[0044]** In some embodiments chemical modifications are introduced to the 5'-terminus of linear dsDNA donors. These chemical modifications are used to reduce the risk for NHEJ integration and improve their utility as repair templates in HDR experiments. In some embodiments bulky or large modifications are introduced to the 5'-terminal end of the dsDNA donor. In additional embodiments the modifications may be introduced to the terminal or 5'-DNA nucleotide of the dsDNA oligonucleotide. In some embodiments the modification may be introduced at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA oligonucleotide. In some embodiments the DNA nucleotide or nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA oligonucleotide may be modified. In some embodiments, the modifications include biotin, phosphorothioate (PS), triethylene glycol (TEG), Locked Nucleic Acid (LNA, a 2'-oxygen-4'-carbon methylene linkage), hexaethylene glycol (Sp18), 1,3-propanediol (SpC3), 2'-O-methoxyethyl (MOE) ribonucleotides, 2'-O-methyl ribonucleotides (2'-

OMe), 2'-fluoro (2'-F) nucleotides, or ribonucleotides. In some embodiments the modification is placed on the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA donor. In additional embodiments the modification is placed at the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA donor. In yet an additional embodiment the modification is placed at the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA donor.

**[0045]** The use of 2'-modified ribonucleotides, particularly 2'-O-methoxyethyl (MOE), was found to give the optimal improvement when compared to biotin or other modifications. Additional experiments establishing the use of these modifications with donors mediating large insertions are described herein.

**[0046]** Further improvements to the manufacturing process of the dsDNA donors were evaluated. Universal priming sequences were selected to have no homology to common genomes (human, mouse, rat, zebrafish). Previous work by our group has established the utility of these priming sequences in cloning applications (i.e., highly efficient, reliable amplification). Significant improvements to (1) amplification success with a wide variety of sequences and (2) overall amplification yields can be achieved by incorporating these universal sequences into the donor manufacturing process. Described herein is testing of these universal sequences when placed flanking the complete HDR donor sequence. Due to the lowered risk of homology-independent integration when using the 5'-dsDNA modifications, these sequences do not adversely impact correct HDR rates with modified donors and are only rarely incorporated during blunt integration.

**[0047]** The methods and compositions disclosed herein are of dsDNA donor templates for use in improving HDR efficiency and reducing homology-independent events (blunt integration events or multimerization events). In various embodiments the disclosed methods and compositions allow for a reduction in homology-independent integration or increase in homology-dependent integration following genomic editing with programmable nucleases. In some embodiments bulky nucleotide modifications are placed at the 5'-terminus of the linear dsDNA donor. In additional embodiments modifications placed at the 2'-position of the nucleotide (e.g., 2'-MOE, 2'-OMe) of the 5'-terminal nucleotide or nucleotides near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA demonstrate an improvement in efficacy at reducing homology-independent integration. Furthermore, this reduction does not seem to be mediated through increased donor stability, as other modifications that have the established ability to inhibit nuclease degradation (PS, etc.) do not also reduce the blunt integration rate to the same extent as other 2'-modifications.

**[0048]** In some embodiments chemical modifications are introduced to the 5'-terminus of linear dsDNA donors. These chemical modifications are used to reduce the risk for NHEJ integration and improve their utility as repair templates in HDR experiments. In some embodiments bulky or large modifications are introduced. In additional embodiments the modifications may be introduced near the 5'-terminus of the

dsDNA oligonucleotide donor. In some embodiments the modification may be introduced at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA oligonucleotide donor. In some embodiments the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA oligonucleotide may be modified. In additional embodiments modifications include, but are not limited to: biotin (B); phosphorothioate (PS, \*); triethylene glycol (TEG); Locked Nucleic Acid, e.g., a 2'-oxygen-4'-carbon methylene linkage (LNA); hexaethylene glycol (Sp18); 1,3-propanediol (SpC3); 2'-O-methoxyethyl (MOE) ribonucleotides, 2'-O-methyl ribonucleotides (2'-OMe), 2'-fluoro (2'-F) nucleotides, and ribonucleotides.

**[0049]** In further embodiments, the use of hairpin structures on the ends of the dsDNA donor similarly reduces blunt integration.

**[0050]** In one embodiment the end modified dsDNA donor templates would be suitable for use following introduction of double strand breaks by programmable nucleases. In further embodiments the programmable nucleases include transcription activator-like effector nucleases (TALENs), zinc fingers (ZFNs), or clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeat (CRISPR). In one embodiment, the programmable nuclease system is CRISPR. In one aspect, the programmable nuclease enzyme is CRISPR associated-9 (Cas9).

**[0051]** In one embodiment 5'-terminal modified dsDNA donors are generated by PCR amplification. Primers modified with biotin, phosphorothioate (PS) linkages, TEG, LNA, spacer 18 (SP18), C3 spacers (SpC3), or MOE are used to amplify insert regions and generate end modified dsDNA donors. In some embodiments the insert region is greater than 120 bp. In some embodiments the insert region is at least 1 kb insert regions. In some embodiments the insert region is greater than 1 kb, greater than 2 kb, greater than 3 kb, greater 4 kb, greater than 5 kb, greater than 6 kb, greater than 7 kb, greater than 8 kb, greater than 9 kb, or greater than 10 kb.

**[0052]** In additional embodiments, modifications at or near the 5'-terminus include biotin, phosphorothioate (PS), triethylene glycol (TEG), Locked Nucleic Acid, e.g., a 2'-oxygen-4'-carbon methylene linkage (LNA), hexaethylene glycol (Sp18), 1,3 propanediol (SpC3), 2'-O-methoxyethyl ribonucleotides (MOE), 2'-O-methyl ribonucleotides (2'-OMe), 2'-fluoro (2'-F) nucleotides, and ribonucleotides.

**[0053]** In further embodiments the modification at or near the 5'-terminus includes modifications of the 2'-position of the DNA nucleotide at or near the 5'-terminus of the double stranded DNA donor. In some embodiments the 2'-modification is 2'-MOE, 2'-OMe, or 2'-fluoro and the modification of the nucleotide occurs at or near the 5'-terminus of the double stranded DNA donor. In some embodiments the 5'-terminus modification is on the 5'-terminal nucleotide of the double stranded DNA donor. In additional embodiments the 5'-terminus modification is positioned at the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the dsDNA donor. In other embodiments the 5'-terminal modification is positioned at 5'-terminus modification is positioned at the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, or the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide. In yet another embodiment the 5'-terminal modification is a 2'-MOE modified ribonucleotide positioned at the terminal 5'-position, the penultimate nucleotide position from the 5'-terminus, the antepenulti-

mate (third) nucleotide position from the 5'-terminus, or a combination thereof. In still a further embodiment the 5'-terminal modification is a 2'-MOE ribonucleotide positioned at the terminal 5'-position, the penultimate nucleotide position from the 5'-terminus, the antepenultimate (third) nucleotide position from the 5'-terminus, or a combination thereof.

**[0054]** In an additional embodiments HDR donors comprise homology arms on either side of an insert. The homology arms are complementary to the sequences flanking the double-stranded break introduced by the programmable nuclease. In some embodiments the homology arms vary in length from at least 20 nucleotides in length to 500 nucleotides in length. In some embodiments the homology arms are at least 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 300, 400, or 500 nucleotides in length. In some embodiments the homology arm length may be greater than 500 nucleotides in length. In additional embodiments the homology arms are preferably at least 40 nucleotides in length and more preferably at least 100 nucleotides in length.

**[0055]** In some embodiments the inserts are placed between homology arms. In some embodiments the inserts are greater than 20 nucleotides in length. In some embodiments the inserts are from at least 1 nucleotide in length to 4 kb in length. In some embodiments the inserts range from 1-2 kb in length. In some embodiments the inserts may be at least 1 bp, 2 bp, 3 bp, 4 bp, 5 bp, 6 bp, 7 bp, 8 bp, 9 bp, 10 bp, 20 bp, 30 bp, 40 bp, 50 bp, 60 bp, 70 bp, 80 bp, 90 bp, 100 bp, 200 bp, 300 bp, 400 bp, 500 bp, 600 bp, 700 bp, 800 bp, 900 bp, 1 kb, 2 kb, 3 kb, 4 kb, 5 kb, 6 kb, 7 kb, 8 kb, 9 kb in length. In yet an additional embodiment the insert may be 10 kb or longer in length.

**[0056]** In an additional embodiment HDR donor comprise homology arms on either side of an insert where the insert may include SNPs, MNPs, or deletions. In some embodiments the inserts are from at least 1 nucleotide in length to 4 kb in length. In some embodiments the inserts range from 1-2 kb in length. In some embodiments the inserts may be at least 1 bp, 2 bp, 3 bp, 4 bp, 5 bp, 6 bp, 7 bp, 8 bp, 9 bp, 10 bp, 20 bp, 30 bp, 40 bp, 50 bp, 60 bp, 70 bp, 80 bp, 90 bp, 100 bp, 200 bp, 300 bp, 400 bp, 500 bp, 600 bp, 700 bp, 800 bp, 900 bp, 1 kb, 2 kb, 3 kb, 4 kb, 5 kb, 6 kb, 7 kb, 8 kb, 9 kb in length. In yet an additional embodiment the insert may be 10 kb or longer in length.

**[0057]** The polynucleotides described herein include variants that have substitutions, deletions, and/or additions that can involve one or more nucleotides. The variants can be altered in coding regions, non-coding regions, or both. Alterations in the coding regions can produce conservative or non-conservative amino acid substitutions, deletions, or additions. Especially preferred among these are silent substitutions, additions, and deletions, which do not alter the properties and activities of the binding.

**[0058]** Further embodiments described herein include nucleic acid molecules comprising polynucleotides having nucleotide sequences about 50%, 55%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical, and more preferably at least about 90-99% identical to (a) nucleotide sequences, or degenerate, homologous, or codon-optimized variants thereof; or (b) nucleotide sequences capable of hybridizing to the complement of any of the nucleotide sequences in (a).

**[0059]** By a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least, for example, 90-99% "identical" to a reference nucleotide sequence is intended that the nucleotide sequence

of the polynucleotide be identical to the reference sequence except that the polynucleotide sequence can include up to about 10 to 1 point mutations, additions, or deletions per each 100 nucleotides of the reference nucleotide sequence.

**[0060]** In other words, to obtain a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence about at least 90-99% identical to a reference nucleotide sequence, up to 10% of the nucleotides in the reference sequence can be deleted, added, or substituted, with another nucleotide, or a number of nucleotides up to 10% of the total nucleotides in the reference sequence can be inserted into the reference sequence. These mutations of the reference sequence can occur at the 5'- or 3'-terminal positions of the reference nucleotide sequence or anywhere between those terminal positions, interspersed either individually among nucleotides in the reference sequence or in one or more contiguous groups within the reference sequence. The same is applicable to polypeptide sequences about at least 90-99% identical to a reference polypeptide sequence.

**[0061]** In some embodiments the programmable nucleases (e.g., CRISPR enzyme) or components (e.g. gRNA) can be introduced into the cell using various approaches. Examples include plasmid or viral expression vectors (which lead to endogenous expression of either the enzyme, the gRNA, or both), delivery of the enzyme with separate gRNA/crRNA transfection, or delivery of the enzyme with the gRNA or crRNA as a ribonucleoprotein (RNP) complex.

**[0062]** It will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the relevant art that suitable modifications and adaptations to the compositions, formulations, methods, processes, apparatus, assemblies, and applications described herein can be made without departing from the scope of any embodiments or aspects thereof. The compositions, apparatus, assemblies, and methods provided are exemplary and are not intended to limit the scope of any of the disclosed embodiments. All the various embodiments, aspects, and options disclosed herein can be combined in any variations or iterations. The scope of the compositions, formulations, methods, apparatus, assemblies, and processes described herein include all actual or potential combinations of embodiments, aspects, options, examples, and preferences described herein. The compositions, formulations, apparatus, assemblies, or methods described herein may omit any component or step, substitute any component or step disclosed herein, or include any component or step disclosed elsewhere herein. The ratios of the mass of any component of any of the compositions or formulations disclosed herein to the mass of any other component in the formulation or to the total mass of the other components in the formulation are hereby disclosed as if they were expressly disclosed. Should the meaning of any terms in any of the patents or publications incorporated by reference conflict with the meaning of the terms used in this disclosure, the meanings of the terms or phrases in this disclosure are controlling. All patents and publications cited herein are incorporated by reference herein for the specific teachings thereof.

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#### EMBODIMENTS

- [0070] A1. A double stranded DNA homology directed repair (HDR) donor comprising: a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprise modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.
- [0071] A2. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1, wherein the modifications comprise: modifications to the 2'-position of one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and modifications to the 2'-position of one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the second homology arm region.
- [0072] A3. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A2, wherein the modifications comprise modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region.
- [0073] A4. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1, wherein the modifications at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor comprise one or more of: 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE.
- [0074] A5. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A4, wherein the modifications at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor comprise 2'-MOE.
- [0075] A6. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A5, wherein the modification at or near the 5'-termini are non-template mismatches relative to a target DNA.
- [0076] A7. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A6, wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region are 40 to 150 nucleotides in length.
- [0077] A8. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A7, wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region are at least 100 nucleotides in length.
- [0078] A9. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A8, wherein the double stranded DNA HDR donor further comprises universal primer sequences.
- [0079] A10. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A9, wherein the insert region is greater than 100 bp.
- [0080] A11. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A10, wherein the insert region is greater than 0.25 kb, greater than 0.5 kb, greater than 1 kb, greater than 2 kb, greater than 3 kb, greater than 4 kb, greater than 5 kb, greater than 6 kb, greater than 7 kb, greater than 8 kb, greater than 9 kb, or greater than 10 kb.
- [0081] A12. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A11, wherein the double stranded HDR donor comprises a hairpin at either the 5'-terminus or the 3'-terminus.
- [0082] A13. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A12, wherein the double stranded HDR donor comprises a hairpin at both the 5'-terminus and the 3'-terminus.
- [0083] A14. The double stranded DNA HDR donor of A1-A13, wherein the double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system.
- [0084] B1. A programmable nuclease system comprising: a modified double stranded DNA homology directed repair (HDR) donor, a programmable nuclease enzyme, and a gRNA, wherein the gRNA molecule is capable of targeting the programmable nuclease molecule to a target nucleic acid.
- [0085] B2. The programmable nuclease system of B1, wherein the modified double stranded DNA
- [0086] HDR donor comprises a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprises modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.
- [0087] B3. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B2, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region.
- [0088] B4. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B3, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.
- [0089] B5. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B4, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises one or more 2'-MOE modifications at or near the 5'-termini. B6. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B5, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises universal primer sequences.
- [0090] B7. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B6, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system.
- [0091] B8. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B7, wherein the programmable nuclease system comprises one or more of transcription activator-like effector nucleases (TALENs), zinc fingers (ZFNs), or clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeat (CRISPR).
- [0092] B9. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B8, wherein the programmable nuclease system is CRISPR.
- [0093] B10. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B9, wherein the programmable nuclease enzyme is CRISPR associated-9 (Cas9).



**[0094]** B11. The programmable nuclease system of B1-B10, wherein the programmable nuclease system further comprises one or more HDR enhancers.

**[0095]** C1. A method for increasing homology directed repair (HDR) rates and reducing homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system comprising targeting a candidate editing target site locus with an active programmable nuclease system and a modified double stranded DNA HDR donor.

**[0096]** C1. The method of C1, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprises modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**[0097]** C2. The method of C1, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region.

**[0098]** C3. The method of C1-C2, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**[0099]** C4. The method of C1-C3, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises one or more 2'-MOE modifications at or near the 5'-termini.

**[0100]** C5. The method of C1-C4, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises universal primer sequences.

**[0101]** C6. The method of C1-C5, wherein the method further comprises one or more HDR enhancers.

**[0102]** C7. The method of C1-C6, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system.

**[0103]** D1. A use of modified double stranded DNA HDR donors for increasing homology directed repair (HDR) rates and reducing homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises a first homology arm region, an insert region, a second homology arm region; and optionally, one or more universal priming sequences; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprise modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**[0104]** D2. The use of D1, wherein the modification comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor.

**[0105]** E1. A method for manufacturing a modified double stranded DNA HDR donor, the method comprising syn-

thesizing a first oligonucleotide comprising a first homology arm region, an insert region, a second homology arm region; and optionally, one or more universal priming sequences, synthesizing a second complementary oligonucleotide sequence, and hybridizing the first oligonucleotide and second oligonucleotide sequence; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprise modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**[0106]** E2. The method of E1, wherein the modification comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor.

**[0107]** F1. A method for manufacturing a modified double stranded DNA HDR donor, the method comprising amplifying a target nucleic sequence comprising a first homology arm region, an insert region, a second homology arm region with one or more universal primers, wherein the universal priming sequences comprise modification to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**[0108]** F2. The method of F1, wherein the modification comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications at one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini of the universal primer.

## EXAMPLES

### Example 1

**[0109]** HDR Rates are Increased, and NHEJ Insertions are Reduced with Modified dsDNA Donors.

**[0110]** Initial tests were performed to compare the homology-independent (i.e., blunt) integration relative to HDR insertion rates of unmodified linear dsDNA, donors containing 5'-biotin modification, or donors with alternative modifications on or near the 5'-termini. dsDNA donors were generated by PCR amplification of a plasmid containing a 1 kb insert with 100 bp of flanking homology arms targeting the human SERPINC1 gene (100-1000-100; SEQ ID NO: 1; see Table 1 for amplification primer sequences; SEQ ID NO: 2-21). Amplification primers were designed with either unmodified sequence or the indicated modifications. Purified dsDNA donors were delivered at 100 nM (1  $\mu$ g) in a final volume of 28  $\mu$ L nucleofection buffer with 2  $\mu$ M Cas9 V3<sup>TM</sup> RNP (IDT, Coralville, Iowa) targeting SERPINC1 into  $3.5 \times 10^5$  HEK-293 cells using Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel, Switzerland). The SC1 (SERPINC1) protospacer sequence used can be found in Table 1 (SEQ ID NO: 22). Cells were lysed after 48 hours using QuickExtract<sup>TM</sup> DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.). HDR and blunt integration rates were assessed by digital-droplet PCR (ddPCR) (Bio-Rad, Hercules, Calif.) using PCR assays with primers flanking the junction between the target DNA and insert (Table 1; SEQ ID NO: 23-27). Both HDR and blunt junction assays contained one primer external to the homology arm sequence to avoid amplification from non-integrated donor. The HDR assay probe (SEQ ID NO: 25) covered the junction of the target site and insert sequence. The blunt assay probe (SEQ ID NO: 27) covered the junction between the target site and integrated homology arm sequence.

TABLE 1

Sequences of primers, probes, crRNAs, and templates used in Example 1.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 1	SC1 100-1000-100 donor	GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCCACTGCCCAGCCCT GTGGAAGATTAGCGGCCATGTATTCCAATGTGATAGGAA CTGTAACCTCTGGAAAAAGGTACGAATTCGAGGGCAGAG GCAGTCTGCTGACATGCGGTGACGTGGAAGAGAATCCCG GCCCTTCTAGAATGGTTAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCTGTTCA CCGGGTGGTGCCATCCTGGTCGAGCTGGACGGCGACG TAAACGGCCACAAGTTCAGCGTGTCCGGCGAGGGCGAGG GCGATGCCACCTACGGCAAGCTGACCCCTGAAGTTCATCT GCACCACGGCAAGCTGCCCGTGCCCTGGCCACCCTCG TGACCACCCTGACCTACGGCGTGCAGTGCTTCAGCCGCT ACCCCGACCACATGAAGCAGCAGACTTCTTCAAGTCCG CCATGCCCGAAGGCTACGTCCAGGAGCGCACCATCTTCT TCAAGGACGACGGCAACTACAAGACCCCGCGCGAGGTGA AGTTCGAGGGCGACACCCCTGGTGAACCGCATCGAGCTGA AGGGCATCGACTTCAAGGAGGACGGCAACATCCTGGGGC ACAAGCTTGAGTACAACACTACAACAGCCACAACGTCTATA TCATGGCCGACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCATCAAGGTGAAC TCAAGATCCGCAACAACATCGAGGACGGCAGCGTGCAGC TCGCCGACCCTACAGCAGAACACCCCATCGGGCAGG GCCCGTGCTGTGCCGACAACCACTACCTGAGCACCC AGTCCGCCCTGAGCAAAGACCCCAACGAGAAGCGCGATC ACATGGTCTGTGAGTTCGTGACCGCCGCGGGATCA CTCTCGGCATGGACGAGCTGTACAAGTAACTGTGCCTTC TAGTTGCCAGCCATCTGTGTGTTGCCCTCCCCCGTGCC TTCTTGACCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCACTGTCTCTTC CTAATAAATGAGGAAATGCATCGCATTTGTCTGAGTAG GTGTCAATCTATTCTGGGGGTGGGTGGGGCAGGACAG CAAGGGGGAGGATTGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGG GGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCGGTACCAGAGGGGTGAGC TTTCCCTTGCCCTGCCCTACTGGGTTTGTGACCTCCA AAGGACTCACAGGAATGACCTCCAACACCTTTGAGAAGA CCAGGCCCTC
SEQ ID NO: 2	SC1 100 Fwd unmod	GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 3	SC1 100 Rev unmod	GAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 4	SC1 100 Fwd Biotin	B-GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 5	SC1 100 Rev Biotin	B-GAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 6	SC1 100 Fwd 2 x PS	G*A*TTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 7	SC1 100 Rev 2 x PS	G*A*GGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 8	SC1 100 Fwd 3 x P5	G*A*T*TGCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 9	SC1 100 Rev 3 x PS	G*A*G*GGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 10	SC1 100 Fwd 6 x PS	G*A*T*T*G*C*CTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 11	SC1 100 Rev 6 x PS	G*A*G*G*G*C*CTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 12	SC1 100 Fwd TEG	TEG-GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 13	SC1 100 Rev TEG	TEG-GAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 14	SC1 100 Fwd LNA	+GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 15	SC1 100 Rev LNA	+GAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 16	SC1 100 Fwd Sp18	Sp18-GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 17	SC1 100 Rev Sp18	Sp18-GAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 18	SC1 100 Fwd SpC3	SpC3-GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 19	SC1 100 Rev SpC3	SpC3-GAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 20	SC1 100 Fwd MOE	MGATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 21	SC1 100 Rev MOE SC1-166S guide	MGAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAG

TABLE 1-continued

Sequences of primers, probes, crRNAs, and templates used in Example 1.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 22	protospacer	ACCTCTGGAAAAAGGTAAGA
SEQ ID NO: 23	SC1 ddPCR For	AGAACCAGTTTTTCAGGCGG
SEQ ID NO: 24	SC1 ddPCR HDR Rev	ACCGCATGTCAGCAGAC
SEQ ID NO: 25	SC1 ddPCR HDR Probe	FAM-TGGAAAAAG-ZEN-GTACGAATTCGAGGGCA-FQ
SEQ ID NO: 26	SC1 ddPCR Blunt Rev	CGCTAATCTTCCACAGGG
SEQ ID NO: 27	SC1 ddPCR Blunt Probe	FAM-TCTGGAAAA-ZEN-AGGTAGATTGCCTCAGATCA-FQ

DNA is uppercase; B- is a 5'-biotin moiety; phosphorothioate (PS) modified linkages are shown with an asterisk (\*); triethylene glycol spacer is indicated by an uppercase TEG; 5'-locked ribonucleotides (2'-oxygen-4'-carbon methylene linkage) are shown as a + before the modified ribonucleotide; hexaethylene glycol spacer 18 is shown as Sp18; 1,3-propanediol spacer is shown as SpC3; 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide; 2'-O-methyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with a lower-case m preceding the modified ribonucleotide; FAM is 5,6 fluorescein dye; FQ is Iowa Black™ FQ fluorescent quencher; and ZEN is ZEN™ fluorescent quencher. SC1 is SERPINC1. All primers, probes and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

**[0111]** dsDNA donors containing known nuclease resistant modifications, such as phosphorothioate linkages (2×PS, 3×PS, or 6×PS) or an LNA nucleotide on the 5'-terminus did not improve the HDR:Blunt ratio above unmodified (unmod) donors, as the modifications increased the rates for both HDR and blunt integration (FIG. 2). 5'-modifications (Biotin, TEG, Sp18, and SpC3) on the donor resulted in increased HDR rates with varying degrees of decreased blunt integration. Of these donors, TEG, Biotin, and Sp18 showed increases in the HDR:Blunt ratio (1.8-, 2.0-, and 2.5-fold improvements over unmodified, respectively). See FIG. 2. A donor containing a 2'-O-methoxy-ethyl (2'-MOE) modified ribonucleotide at both of the 5'-termini gave the greatest increase in the HDR:Blunt ratio (5.0-fold improvement over the unmodified donor). See FIG. 2. The HDR rate was similar between the 2'-MOE modification and the other modified donors, suggesting the increased stability alone was not responsible for the increased HDR:Blunt ratio. Furthermore, as stated earlier, the LNA modified donor and the PS-modified donors did not increase the HDR:Blunt rate, indicating that decreased blunt integration is likely not arising from increased nuclease resistance of the template. It also demonstrates that using any 2'-modified ribonucleotide near the 5'-termini of the donor is insufficient to lower blunt integration, and that 2'-MOE modified templates are the most competent for this activity amongst the modifications tested here.

#### Example 2

**[0112]** 5'-Modifications Demonstrate Lower Off-Target Integration when Using Shorter Donor Templates.

**[0113]** Homology-independent integration rates depend on the total donor length, with blunt insertion increasing

with decreased donor size. To determine whether 5'-terminal modification would reduce blunt insertion rates with a smaller 42 bp insert (compared with the 1 kb insert tested in Example 1), modified dsDNA donors were generated targeting the SERPINC1 locus described in Example 1 (SC1-1665; SEQ ID NO: 22). Donors consisted of a 42 bp insert containing an EcoRI restriction site with 40 bp homology arms (SC1 40-42-40; SEQ ID NO: 28) and were generated by PCR amplification of a plasmid containing the 42 bp insert with 100 bp of flanking homology arms (see Table 2 for amplification primer sequences; SEQ ID NO: 29-44).

**[0114]** Three modifications (Biotin, Sp18, and MOE) from Example 1 were selected for additional testing, while a 6×PS modification was included as a moderately performing control. Donors with three 2'-MOE ribonucleotides (3×MOE) on the 5'-termini were also included to determine if blunt integration could be further reduced by additional modified residues. A 2'-MOE ribonucleotide was also tested at varying distances from the 5'-termini (Int MOE-3 and -5, with a 2'-MOE positioned 3 or 5 nucleotides from the 5'-terminus; SEQ ID NO: 41-44). Modified and unmodified donors were delivered at 500 nM (1.1 µg) with 2 µM Cas9 V3™ (IDT, Coralville, Iowa) RNP targeting the SERPINC1 locus into  $3.5 \times 10^5$  HEK-293 cells in a 28 µL final volume using Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel Switzerland). DNA was extracted after 48 hours using QuickExtract™ DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.). Integration rates were assessed by RFLP using EcoRI digestion, using a Fragment Analyzer™ machine for band quantification (Advanced Analytical, Ames, Iowa). HDR and blunt integration events could be distinguished by a 40 bp size difference due to the homology arm duplication.

TABLE 2

Sequences of primers and templates used in Example 2. SEQ ID NO: 22 used for crRNA (Table 1).		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 28	SC1 40-42-40 donor	ATTCCAATGTGA TAGGAACTGTAA CCTCTGGAAAA GGTAGAATTCTT AGCTCTGTTTAC GTCCCAGCGGGC ATGAGAGTAAAG AGGGGTGAGCTT TCCCCTTGCCTG CCCTACTGGGT TT
SEQ ID NO: 29	SC1 40 Fwd unmod	ATTCCAATGTGA TAGGAACTGTAA CC
SEQ ID NO: 30	SC1 40 Rev unmod	AAACCCAGTAGG GGCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 31	SC1 40 Fwd 1 × MOE	MATTCCAATGTG ATAGGAACTGTAA ACC
SEQ ID NO: 32	SC1 40 Rev 1 × MOE	MAAACCCAGTAG GGCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 33	SC1 40 Fwd 3 × MOE	MAMTMTCCAATG TGATAGGAACTG TAACC
SEQ ID NO: 34	SC1 40 Rev 3 × MOE	MAMAMACCCAGT AGGGGCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 35	SC1 40 Fwd 6 × PS	A*T*T*C*C*A* ATGTGATAGGAA CTGTAACCTCTG
SEQ ID NO: 36	SC1 40 Rev 6 × PS	A*A*A*C*C*C* AGTAGGGGCAGG C
SEQ ID NO: 37	SC1 40 Fwd Biotin	B-ATTCCAATGT GATAGGAACTGT AACC
SEQ ID NO: 38	SC1 40 Rev Biotin	B-AAACCCAGTA GGGGCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 39	SC1 40 Fwd Sp18	Sp18-ATTCAA TGTGATAGGAAC TGTAACC
SEQ ID NO: 40	SC1 40 Rev Sp18	Sp18-AAACCCA GTAGGGGCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 41	SC1 40 Fwd IntMOE(-3)	ATMTCCAATGTG ATAGGAACTGTAA ACCTCTG
SEQ ID NO: 42	SC1 40 Rev IntMOE(-3)	AAMACCCAGTAG GGGCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 43	SC1 40 Fwd IntMOE(-5)	ATTCMCAATGTG ATAGGAACTGTAA ACCTCTG
SEQ ID NO: 44	SC1 40 Rev IntMOE(-5)	AAACMCCAGTAG GGGCAGGC

TABLE 2-continued

Sequences of primers and templates used in Example 2. SEQ ID NO: 22 used for crRNA (Table 1).		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 45	SC1 RFLP For	CTGTCCCTCTT TGCCTTCTCT
SEQ ID NO: 46	SC1 RFLP Rev	GGGTGGATCTGA GTGGAAGAAA

DNA is uppercase; B- is a 5'-biotin moiety; phosphorothioate (PS) modified linkages are shown with an asterisk (\*); hexaethylene glycol spacer is shown as Sp18; and 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide. SC1 is SERPINC1. All primers, guides, and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

**[0115]** 1×MOE and 3×MOE modified donors resulted in the greatest improvement in the HDR:Blunt ratio (4.1- and 4.6-fold improvement over unmod respectively). See FIG. 3. As previously observed, 6×PS, biotin, and Sp18 yielded some improvement (1.9-, 2.7-, and 2.8-fold improvement over unmod respectively) but did not reduce blunt integration to the same extent as the MOE modified donors. See FIG. 3. Interestingly, the position of the 2'-MOE ribonucleotide within the donor did slightly impact its utility for reducing blunt integration. Shifting the MOE ribonucleotide either 3- or 5-nucleotides from the 5'-termini of the donor resulted in only a 3.1- or 2.4-fold improvement in the HDR:Blunt ratio compared to unmodified donor. See FIG. 3. As such, a user skilled in the art would predict that a 2'-MOE ribonucleotide placed within 2-3 nucleotides of the 5'-termini of a donor template would yield a large reduction in NHEJ-mediated insertion.

### Example 3

2'-MOE Modifications Lower Integration at Non-Homologous Double Strand Breaks

**[0116]** In addition to blunt integration at the targeted cleavage site, double-strand donors can potentially integrate at any other double-stranded break in the genome, including off-target Cas9 cleavage sites and endogenous breaks in dsDNA. To assess the impact of the 2'-MOE modification on donor integration at potential non-homologous DSBs, dsDNA donors with either unmodified or modified 5'-termini (unmod, 1×MOE, or 6×PS) were generated by PCR amplification (see Table 3 for amplification primer sequences; SEQ ID NO: 48-53) and co-delivered with Cas9 complexed with either the target gRNA (SC1-1665; SEQ ID NO: 22) or a mock "off-target" gRNA with no homology to the donor (AAVS1-670AS; SEQ ID NO: 54; HPRT 38087; SEQ ID NO: 55).

**[0117]** Donors consisted of a 42 bp insert containing an EcoRI restriction site and 50 bp homology arms targeting the SERPINC1 locus (SC1 50-42-50; SEQ ID NO: 47). Donors were delivered at a 100 nM dose (0.3 μg) with 2 μM Cas9 V3™ RNP (IDT, Coralville, Iowa) and 2 μM Alt-R™ Cas9 Electroporation Enhancer™ into 3×10<sup>5</sup> K562 cells in a final 28 μL volume by Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel Switzerland). DNA was extracted after 48 hrs using QuickExtract™ DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.).

Integration rates were assessed by RFLP using EcoRI digestion, with each band quantified on a Fragment Analyzer™ machine (Advanced Analytical, Ames, Iowa). HDR and blunt integration events could be distinguished by a 50 bp size difference due to the homology arm duplication (FIG. 4).

TABLE 3

Sequences of primers, crRNA guides, and templates used in Example 3.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 47	SC2 50-42-50 donor	GCGGCCATGTATTCCAA TGTGATAGGAAGTAA CCTCTGGAAAAAGGTAG AATTCTTAGCTCTGTTT ACGTCCCAGCGGCATG AGAGTAAAGAGGGTGA GCTTTCCCCTTGCTGC CCCTACTGGGTTTGTG ACCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 48	SC1 50 Fwd unmod	GCGGCCATGTATTCCAA TGTG
SEQ ID NO: 49	SC1 50 Rev unmod	GGAGGTCACAAAACCCA GTAGG
SEQ ID NO: 50	SC1 50 Fwd 1 x MOE	MGCGGCCATGTATTCC AATGTG
SEQ ID NO: 51	SC1 50 Rev 1 x MOE	MGGAGGTCACAAAACCC AGTAGG
SEQ ID NO: 52	SC1 50 Fwd 6 x PS	G*C*G*G*C*C*ATGTAT TCCAATGTG
SEQ ID NO: 53	SC1 50 Rev 6 x PS	G*A*A*G*G*T*CACAAA ACCCAGTAGG
SEQ ID NO: 54	AAVS1-670A5 guide protospacer	CCTCTAAGGTTTGCTTA CGA
SEQ ID NO: 55	HPRT 38087 guide protospacer	AATTATGGGATTACTA GGA
SEQ ID NO: 56	AAVS1 RFLP Fwd	GCCAAGGACTCAAACCC AGA
SEQ ID NO: 57	AAVS1 RFLP Rev	CCCCGTTCTCCTGTGGA TTC
SEQ ID NO: 58	HPRT RFLP Fwd	AAGAAATGTTGTGATAAA AGGTGATGCT
SEQ ID NO: 59	HPRT RFLP Rev	ACACATCCATGGGACTT CTGCCTC

DNA is uppercase; phosphorothioate (PS) modified linkages are shown with an asterisk (\*); hexaethylene glycol spacer is shown as Sp18; and 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide. SC1 is SERPINC1. All primers, guides, and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

[0118] Blunt integration rates >9% were observed for unmodified dsDNA at the on-target Cas9 site and both “off-target” Cas9 sites. See FIG. 4. Reduced blunt integration (<1%) was observed with the 2'-MOE modified donor, demonstrating that 2'-MOE modifications can also reduce NHEJ-mediated insertions at non-homologous DSBs. See

FIG. 4. As previously observed, a 6xPS modification resulted in moderate decrease in blunt integration.

## Example 4

Reduction of Off-Target Integration is not the Result of Increased Nuclease Protection, and Specific 2'-Modifications are Required for Efficient Reduction

[0119] To determine whether the ability of 2'-MOE modification to reduce blunt integration was specific or a general function of modifications at the 2'-position of the 5'-most nucleotides, additional 2'-modifications were tested (RNA, LNA, 2'-OME, or 2'-F), as well as a non-template 2'-MOE ribonucleotide (SEQ ID NO: 70-71) on the 5'-termini. (Non-template ribonucleotide defined as non-homologous to the target DNA sequence.) Donors consisted of the sequence previously described in Example 2 (SC1 40-42-40; SEQ ID NO: 28), a 42 bp insert containing an EcoRI restriction site and with 40 bp homology arms targeting the SerpinC1 locus. Donors were generated by PCR amplification as previously described (primer sequences unique to Example 4 listed in Table 4; SEQ ID NO: 60-71).

TABLE 4

Sequences of primers, probes, crRNAs, and templates used in Example 4.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 60	SC1 40 Fwd 1 x MOE 2 x PS	MA*T*TCCAATGTGA TAGGAACTGTAACC
SEQ ID NO: 61	SC1 40 Rev 1 x MOE 2 x PS	MA*A*ACCCAGTAG GGCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 62	SC1 40 Fwd 5'-RNA	aTTCCAATGTGATA GGAAGTGAACC
SEQ ID NO: 63	SC1 40 Rev 5'-RNA	aAACCCAGTAGGG GCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 64	SC1 40 Fwd LNA	+ATTCCAATGTGATAG GAACTGTAACC
SEQ ID NO: 65	SC1 40 Rev LNA	+AAACCCAGTAGGG GCAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 66	SC1 40 Fwd 2'-OME	mATTCCAATGTGATAG GAACTGTAACC
SEQ ID NO: 67	SC1 40 Rev 2'-OME	mAAACCCAGTAGGGG AGGC
SEQ ID NO: 68	SC1 40 Fwd 2'-F	fATTCCAATGTGATAG GAACTGTAACC
SEQ ID NO: 69	SC1 40 Rev 2'-F	fAAACCCAGTAGGGG AGGC
SEQ ID NO: 70	SC1 40 Fwd Non- template 2'-MOE	MGATTCCAATGTGATA GGAAGTGAACC
SEQ ID NO: 71	SC1 40 Rev Non- template 2'-MOE	MGAACCCAGTAGGGG CAGGC
SEQ ID NO: 72	TNPO3 gRNA protospacer	TGCCCTGGTAAC GGCCAAAG
SEQ ID NO: 73	TNPO3 RFLP Fwd	TCCGACAGAAAGG CATTACA

TABLE 4-continued

Sequences of primers, probes, crRNAs, and templates used in Example 4.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 74	TNPO3 RFLP Rev	CAACGGCAAAGGG AGAACTTAAAC

DNA is uppercase; RNA is lowercase; locked nucleic acids are shown as a + preceding the modified nucleotide; 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide; 2'-O-methyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with a lower-case m preceding the modified ribonucleotide; 2'-fluoro modified ribonucleotides are shown with a lowercase f preceding the modified ribonucleotide; and non-templated 2'-MOE modified ribonucleotides are shown underlined. SC1 is SERPINC1. All primers and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

**[0120]** dsDNA donors were co-delivered with Cas9 complexed with either the target gRNA (SC1-166S; SEQ ID NO: 22) or a gRNA with no homology to the donor (TNPO3; SEQ ID NO: 72). Donors were delivered at a 250 nM dose (0.6 µg) with 2 µM Cas9 V3 RNP into HEK-293 cells in a final 28 µL volume by Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel Switzerland). DNA was extracted after 48 hrs using QuickExtract™ DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.). Integration rates were assessed by RFLP using EcoRI, with each band quantified on a Fragment Analyzer™ machine (Advanced Analytical, Ames, Iowa).

**[0121]** While HDR was either not impacted or slightly boosted by the various modifications, blunt integration was decreased at both the on-target and off-target DSBs whenever a 2'-MOE modification was present (FIG. 5). In contrast, most of the additional 2'-modifications either did not impact or increased the blunt integration rate. The 2'-OME modification did reduce the blunt integration rate at the on-target DSB, but not to the same extent as the 2'-MOE modifications. See FIG. 5. The 2'-OME modification did not significantly decrease the blunt integration rate at the off-target DSB.

**[0122]** Taken together, these data suggest that the ability of 2'-MOE modifications to reduce homology-independent integration is (a) not a function of increased stability by promoting nuclease resistance as other stabilizing modifications do not result in a similar outcome and (b) not a generalized function of 2'-modifications on the 5'-most ribonucleotide as other 2'-modifications do not result in a similar outcome.

#### Example 5

Use of Hairpins as Blocking Groups to Reduce Homology-Independent Integration.

**[0123]** In addition to chemical modifications, the use of DNA hairpins at the ends of dsDNA donors can be used to reduce homology-independent integration. Generation of these hairpin-blocked donors is achieved in several methods (FIG. 6A-B). In the case of small HDR events (generally 120 bp insert with 40 bp homology arms), both DNA strands were chemically synthesized with a 5'-MOE hairpin

sequence. These MOE adapters contain complementary sequences allowing for the formation of a hairpin structure. The DNA strands were annealed to form a dsDNA HDR donor. In the case of larger HDR events, DNA primers containing a similar 5'-MOE hairpin were chemically synthesized and used for amplification of the desired HDR donor. Use of MOE ribonucleotides within the hairpin structure prevents the procession of the DNA polymerase through the hairpin. For both synthesis methods, hairpin-blocked donors can be used as a nicked HDR template or ligated to generate a fully closed molecule.

**[0124]** The use of hairpins on chemically synthesized short oligos was functionally tested in cells. A 66-nt sequence was designed to mediate a 6 base GAATTC insertion in the SERPINC1 locus. This sequence and its reverse complement were synthesized as ssODNs that were either fully unmodified (Table 5; SEQ ID NO: 75-76), contained an unmodified hairpin at the 5'-termini (SEQ ID NO: 77-78), contained a MOE-modified hairpin at the 5' end (SEQ ID NO: 79-80), or contained a non-template MOE-modified base at the 5'-termini (SEQ ID NO: 81-82). Paired ssODNs were diluted to 100 µM and then mixed at a 1:1 ratio to generate a 50 µM final duplex. The oligo mixtures were heated at 95° C. for 1 min and then slow cooled to room temperature to allow the strands to anneal. Duplexed dsDNA donors were co-delivered with Cas9 complexed with the target gRNA (SEQ ID NO: 22). Donors were delivered at a 2 µM concentration with 2 µM Cas9 V3 RNP and 2 µM Alt-R® Cas9 Electroporation Enhancer into HEK-293 cells in a final 28 µL volume by Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel Switzerland). DNA was extracted after 48 hrs using QuickExtract™ DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.). Integration rates were assessed by RFLP using EcoRI, with each band quantified on a Fragment Analyzer™ machine (Advanced Analytical, Ames, Iowa) (FIG. 7).

TABLE 5

Sequences of primers and templates used in Example 5.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 75	Top Unmod	GATAGGAAGTGTAACT CTGGAAAAAGGTAGA ATTCAGAGGGGTGAGC TTTCCCCTTGCCCTGCC CC
SEQ ID NO: 76	Bottom Unmod	GGGGCAGGCAAGGGGA AAGCTCACCCCTCTGA ATCTACCTTTTCCA GAGGTTACAGTTCCCTA TC
SEQ ID NO: 77	Top 3DNA HP	pTCGTTTTTCGAGATAG GAACTGTAACCTCTGG AAAAAGGTAGATTCA GAGGGGTGAGCTTTCC CCTTGCCCTGCC
SEQ ID NO: 78	Bottom 3DNA HP	pTCGTTTTTCGAGGGGC AGGCAAGGGGAAGCT CACCCCTCTGAATTCT ACCTTTTCCAGAGGT TACAGTTCTATC
SEQ ID NO: 79	Top 3MOE HP	pMTMCMGMTMTMTMTM CMGMAGATAGGAAGCTG TAACCTCTGGAAAAAG

TABLE 5-continued

Sequences of primers and templates used in Example 5.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 80	Bottom 3MOE HP	GTAGAATTCAGAGGGG TGAGCTTCCCTTGC CTGCCCC <i>pMTMCMGMTMTMTMTM</i> <i>CMGMAGGGGCAGGCAA</i> GGGAAAGCTCAGCCC TCTGAATTCTACCTTT TTCCAGAGGTTACAGT TCCTATC
SEQ ID NO: 81	Top 1 × MOE	<u>M</u> AGATAGGAACTGTAA CCTCTGAAAAGGTA GAATTCAGAGGGTGVG AGCTTCCCTTGCCT GCCCC
SEQ ID NO: 82	Bottom 1 × MOE	<u>M</u> AGGGGCAGGCAAGGG GAAAGCTCAGCCCTCT GAATTCACCTTTTTC CAGAGGTTACAGTTCC TATC

DNA is uppercase; p indicates at 5'-phosphate modification; 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide; non-templated 2'-MOE modified ribonucleotides are shown underlined. Hairpin structures are indicated with italics. All primers and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

**[0125]** Use of the shorter 66 bp unmodified dsDNA donor resulted in efficient integration through the NHEJ pathway relative to the HDR pathway (55.5% Blunt vs. 27.6% HDR). Introduction of the DNA-only hairpin to the ends of the donor provided an improvement in the repair profile (42.4% Blunt vs. 33.0% HDR). Inclusion of MOE modifications within the hairpin significantly improved this function to similar levels observed with the single 1×MOE on the 5'-termini (58.4% HDR vs. 8.9% Blunt for MOE-modified

hairpin; 66.5% HDR vs. 6.9% Blunt for 1×MOE). Additional optimization to the modified hairpins (i.e., ligation, stem-loop length optimization, etc) could be implemented to further improve this function.

## Example 6

2'-MOE Modifications Improve Desired Repair Outcomes at Multiple Sites and in Multiple Cell Lines.

**[0126]** In the following experiments, all guides were tested as Alt-R™ crRNA:tracrRNA complexed to Alt-R™ *S. pyogenes* Cas9 nuclease. RNP complexes and dsDNA donors were delivered to cells of interest using Lonza nucleofection following recommended protocols.

**[0127]** To further validate the ability of the 2'-MOE modification to drive correct repair through higher HDR rates and reduced blunt integration, unmodified and 1×MOE modified dsDNA donors were tested at 4 additional genomic loci (HPRT, AAVS1 670, AAVS1 T2, EMX1) in 2 cell lines (HEK293, K562). Donors were designed to mediate a 42 bp insert and had 40 bp homology arms (SEQ ID NO: 83-86). Donors were generated by PCR amplification as previously described (primer sequences unique to Example 6 listed in Table 6, SEQ ID NO: 95-142). Donors were delivered at 250 nM in a final volume of 28 μL nucleofection buffer with 2 μM Cas9 V3™ RNP (IDT, Coralville, Iowa) and 2 μM Alt-R™ Cas9 Electroporation Enhancer™ into the indicated cell lines using recommended protocols for Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel, Switzerland). The protospacer sequences used can be found in Table 6 (SEQ ID NO: 135-138). Cells were lysed after 48 hours using QuickExtract™ DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.). Repair events were quantified by NGS amplicon sequencing (rhAmpSeg™) on the Illumina MiSeq platform (locus specific sequencing primers listed in Table 6, SEQ ID NO: 139-146) and data analysis was performed using IDT's in-house data analysis pipeline (CRISPAIRations), described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 16/919,577, which is incorporated herein by reference for such teachings (FIG. 8).

TABLE 6

Sequences of primers, crRNAs, and templates used in Example 6.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 83	HPRT 40-42-40 donor	AGTGCCTTGCTGTAGTGTCAACTCATTGCTGCCCT TCCGAATTCCTAGCTCTGTTTACGTCCCAGCGGCAT GAGAGTAATAGTAATCCCATTAATTAGCTCTCCATT TCATAGTCTTT
SEQ ID NO: 84	AAVS1 site1 40-42-40 donor	AAGGAGGAGGCCTAAGGATGGGGCTTTTCTGTCCCA ATCGAATTCCTAGCTCTGTTTACGTCCCAGCGGCAT GAGAGTAACTGTCCCTAGTGGCCCACTGTGGGGTGG AGGGACAGAT
SEQ ID NO: 85	AAVS1 site2 40-42-40 donor	TGCCAAGCTCTCCCTCCCAGGATCCTCTCTGGTCCA TCGGAATTCCTAGCTCTGTTTACGTCCCAGCGGCAT GAGAGTAATAAGCAAACCTTAGAGGTTCTGGCAAGGA GAGAGATGGCT
SEQ ID NO: 86	EMX1 site 40-42-40 donor	AGGCCAATGGGAGGACATCGATGTACCTCCAATGA CTAGAATTCCTAGCTCTGTTTACGTCCCAGCGGCAT GAGAGTAAGGGTGGGCAACCACAAACCCACGAGGGCA GAGTGCTGCTT

TABLE 6-continued

Sequences of primers, crRNAs, and templates used in Example 6.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 87	HPRT For Unmod	AGTGCCTTGTCTGTAGTGTCA
SEQ ID NO: 88	HPRT Rev Unmod	AAAGACTATGAAATGGAGAGCTAAATTATG
SEQ ID NO: 89	HPRT For 2 × PS	A*G*TCCTTGTCTGTAGTGTCA
SEQ ID NO: 90	HPRT Rev 2 × PS	A*A*AGACTATGAAATGGAGAGCTAAATTATG
SEQ ID NO: 91	HPRT For Biotin	B-AGTGCCTTGTCTGTAGTGTCA
SEQ ID NO: 92	HPRT Rev Biotin	B-AAAGACTATGAAATGGAGAGCTAAATTATG
SEQ ID NO: 93	HPRT For 1 × MOE	MAGTGCCTTGTCTGTAGTGTCA
SEQ ID NO: 94	HPRT Rev 1 × MOE	MAAAGACTATGAAATGGAGAGCTAAATTATG
SEQ ID NO: 95	HPRT For 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MA*G*TCCTTGTCTGTAGTGTCA
SEQ ID NO: 96	HPRT Rev 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MA*A*AGACTATGAAATGGAGAGCTAAATTATG
SEQ ID NO: 97	HPRT For 3 × MOE	MAMGMTGCCTTGTCTGTAGTGTCA
SEQ ID NO: 98	HPRT Rev 3 × MOE	MAMAMAGACTATGAAATGGAGAGCTAAATTATG
SEQ ID NO: 99	AAVS1 T2 For Unmod	AAGGAGGAGGCCTAAGGATGG
SEQ ID NO: 100	AAVS1 T2 Rev Unmod	ATCTGTCCCCTCCACCCC
SEQ ID NO: 101	AAVS1 T2 For 2 × PS	A*A*GGAGGAGGCCTAAGGATGG
SEQ ID NO: 102	AAVS1 T2 Rev 2 × PS	A*T*CTGTCCCCTCCACCCC
SEQ ID NO: 103	AAVS1 T2 For Biotin	B-AAGGAGGAGGCCTAAGGATGG
SEQ ID NO: 104	AAVS1 T2 Rev Biotin	B-ATCTGTCCCCTCCACCCC
SEQ ID NO: 105	AAVS1 T2 For 1 × MOE	MAAGGAGGAGGCCTAAGGATGG
SEQ ID NO: 106	AAVS1 T2 Rev 1 × MOE	MATCTGTCCCCTCCACCCC
SEQ ID NO: 107	AAVS1 T2 For 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MA*A*GGAGGAGGCCTAAGGATGG
SEQ ID NO: 108	AAVS1 T2 Rev 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MA*T*CTGTCCCCTCCACCCC
SEQ ID NO: 109	AAVS1 T2 For 3 × MOE	MAMAMGGAGGAGGCCTAAGGATGG
SEQ ID NO: 110	AAVS1 T2 Rev 3 × MOE	MAMTMCTGTCCCCTCCACCCC
SEQ ID NO: 111	AAVS1 670 For Unmod	TGCCAAGCTCTCCCTCCC
SEQ ID NO: 112	AAVS1 670 Rev Unmod	AGCCATCTCTCTCCTTGCCAG
SEQ ID NO: 113	AAVS1 670 For 2 × PS	T*G*CCAAGCTCTCCCTCCC
SEQ ID NO: 114	AAVS1 670 Rev 2 × PS	A*G*CCATCTCTCTCCTTGCCAG
SEQ ID NO: 115	AAVS1 670 For Biotin	B-TGCCAAGCTCTCCCTCCC
SEQ ID NO: 116	AAVS1 670 Rev Biotin	B-AGCCATCTCTCTCCTTGCCAG
SEQ ID NO: 117	AAVS1 670 For 1 × MOE	MTGCCAAGCTCTCCCTCCC
SEQ ID NO: 118	AAVS1 670 Rev 1 × MOE	MAGCCATCTCTCTCCTTGCCAG
SEQ ID NO: 119	AAVS1 670 For 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MT*G*CCAAGCTCTCCCTCCC
SEQ ID NO: 120	AAVS1 670 Rev 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MA*G*CCATCTCTCTCCTTGCCAG
SEQ ID NO: 121	AAVS1 670 For 3 × MOE	MTMGCCAAGCTCTCCCTCCC
SEQ ID NO: 122	AAVS1 670 Rev 3 × MOE	MAMGMCCATCTCTCTCCTTGCCAG



TABLE 6-continued

Sequences of primers, crRNAs, and templates used in Example 6.		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 123	EMX1 For Unmod	AGGCCAATGGGGAGGACATC
SEQ ID NO: 124	EMX1 Rev Unmod	AAGCAGCACTCTGCCCTCG
SEQ ID NO: 125	EMX1 For 2 × PS	A*G*GCCAATGGGGAGGACATC
SEQ ID NO: 126	EMX1 Rev 2 × PS	A*A*GCAGCACTCTGCCCTCG
SEQ ID NO: 127	EMX1 For Biotin	B-AGGCCAATGGGGAGGACATC
SEQ ID NO: 128	EMX1 Rev Biotin	B-AAGCAGCACTCTGCCCTCG
SEQ ID NO: 129	EMX1 For 1 × MOE	MAGGCCAATGGGGAGGACATC
SEQ ID NO: 130	EMX1 Rev 1 × MOE	MAAGCAGCACTCTGCCCTCG
SEQ ID NO: 131	EMX1 For 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MA*G*GCCAATGGGGAGGACATC
SEQ ID NO: 132	EMX1 Rev 1 × MOE 2 × PS	MA*A*GCAGCACTCTGCCCTCG
SEQ ID NO: 133	EMX1 For 3 × MOE	MAMGMGCCAATGGGGAGGACATC
SEQ ID NO: 134	EMX1 Rev 3 × MOE	MAMAMGCAGCACTCTGCCCTCG
SEQ ID NO: 135	HPRT gRNA protospacer	AATTATGGGGATTACTAGGA
SEQ ID NO: 136	AAVS1 T2 gRNA protospacer	GGGGCCACTAGGGACAGGAT
SEQ ID NO: 137	AAVS1 670 gRNA protospacer	CCTCTAAGGTTTGCTTACGA
SEQ ID NO: 138	EMX1 gRNA protospacer	GTCACCTCCAATGACTAGGG
SEQ ID NO: 139	HPRT NGS For	ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGA TCTCAGAAGTGTCTTCCAGTTC
SEQ ID NO: 140	HPRT NGS Rev	GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCG TATCTCAGTTCATTTTCATCCGTG
SEQ ID NO: 141	AAVS1 T2 NGS For	ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGA TCTGAGAGATGGCTCCAGGAAATG
SEQ ID NO: 142	AAVS1 T2 NGS Rev	GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCG ATCTCACTTCAGGACAGCATGTTTG
SEQ ID NO: 143	AAVS1 670 NGS For	ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGA TCTGATCAGTGAAACGCACCAGA
SEQ ID NO: 144	AAVS1 670 NGS Rev	GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCG ATCTCCTCCTTCTAGTCTCCTGATATT
SEQ ID NO: 145	EMX1 NGS For	ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGA TCTAGAAGAAGAAGGGCTCCCA
SEQ ID NO: 146	EMX1 NGS Rev	GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCG ATCTCAGGGAGTGGCCAGAGT

DNA is uppercase; RNA is lowercase; B- is a 5'-biotin moiety; phosphorothioate (PS) modified linkages are shown with an asterisk (\*); and 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide. All primers and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

[0128] As previously observed, the 5'-modifications all improved HDR rates over unmodified dsDNA donors (A). While the fold-improvement in HDR over an unmodified dsDNA varied across sites and cell lines, the average improvement in HDR rates were relatively similar for all modifications tested (ranging from a 1.2 to 1.3-fold improvement). In contrast, MOE modified donors displayed a greater reduction in blunt integration compared to the 2×PS and Biotin donors (B). On average, the fold reductions

in blunt integration relative to unmodified dsDNA were 1.6 (2×PS), 2.3 (Biotin), 2.9 (1×MOE), 3.2 (1×MOE, 2×PS), and 3.3 (3×MOE). When the improvements in HDR and blunt integration were assessed together for each site (C, reported as the ratio of HDR:Blunt repair events), MOE modified dsDNA donors outperformed other modifications. The average fold change over unmodified dsDNA were 2.3 (2×PS), 3.1 (Biotin), 3.6 (1×MOE), 4.1 (1×MOE 2×PS), and 4.3 (3×MOE). Taken together, these results demonstrate that

MOE modifications are the most efficient at driving the correct repair event following CRISPR editing.

Example 7

**[0129]** HDR Rates are Increased, and NHEJ Insertions are Reduced with Modified dsDNA Donors Mediating Large Insertions.

**[0130]** As a follow-up to the work with short insertions, experiments were performed to compare the HDR and blunt integration rates when using dsDNA donors mediating 300 bp, 500 bp, or 1000 bp insertions at two genomic loci (SERPINC1 and EMX1; see Table 7 for donor sequences and amplification primers, SEQ ID NO: 147-154). Donors were generated by PCR amplification of plasmids containing the desired inserts with 100 bp of flanking homology arms. Amplification primers were designed with either unmodified sequence or the indicated modifications. Long ssDNA (Megamers™) were ordered for comparison at the SERPINC1 locus. Donors were delivered at 100 nM in a final volume of 28 µL nucleofection buffer with 2 µM Cas9 V3™ RNP (IDT, Coralville, Iowa) targeting SERPINC1 or EMX1

into 3.5×10<sup>5</sup> HEK-293 cells using Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel, Switzerland). Cells were treated with the IDT Alt-R™ HDR Enhancer V2 (1 µM) for 24 hrs post-transfection. The protospacer sequences used is shown in Table 1 (SEQ ID NO: 22) and Table 7 (SEQ ID NO: 161).

**[0131]** Cells were lysed after 48 hours using QuickExtract™ DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.). HDR and blunt integration rates were assessed by long-read sequencing using the MinION™ platform (Oxford Nanopore Technologies, Oxford, UK). Locus specific amplification primers used are listed (Table 7, SEQ ID NO: 162-165). Final sequencing libraries were prepared with the PCR Barcoding Expansion and Ligation Sequencing Kit following the manufacturer's recommended protocols. Final data analysis was performed using IDT's in-house data analysis pipeline (CRISPRatRations) (FIG. 9A). Insertion rates were independently assessed by amplicon length analysis for the SERPINC1 samples. Isolated gDNA was PCR amplified using the SERPINC1 RFLP primers (SEQ ID NO: 45-46). Amplicons were run on a Fragment Analyzer™ machine for band quantification. Insertion events were identified based on expected amplicon sizes for integration events (FIG. 9B).

TABLE 7

Sequences of Primers and Templates used in Example 7. SEQ ID NO: 22 used for SERPINC1 crRNA (Table 1).		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 147	SC1 100-300-100 donor	GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCCACTTGCCAGCCCTGT GGAAGATTAGCGGCCATGTATTCCAATGTGATAGGAAGTGT AACCTCTGGAAAAGGTACGAATTCGAGGGCAGAGGCAGTCT TGCTGACATGCGGTGACGTGGAAGAGAATCCCGCCCTTCT AGATAACTGTGCCTTCTAGTTGCCAGCCATCTGTGTTTGC CCCTCCCCCGTGCCTTCTTGACCCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCC CACTGTCCCTTCTAATAAAAATGAGGAAATTCATCGCATT GTCTGAGTAGGTGTCAATCTATTCTGGGGGTGGGTGGGG CAGGACAGCAAGGGGGAGGATTGGGAAGCAATAGCAGGCA TGCTGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCGGTACCAGAGGGT GAGCTTCCCTTGCCTGCCCTACTGGGTTTTGTGACCTC CAAAGGACTCACAGGAATGACCTCCAACACCTTTGAGAAGA CCAGGCCCTC
SEQ ID NO: 148	SC1 100-500-100 donor	GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCCACTTGCCAGCCCTGT GGAAGATTAGCGGCCATGTATTCCAATGTGATAGGAAGTGT AACCTCTGGAAAAGGTACGAATTCGAGGGCAGAGGCAGTCT TGCTGACATGCGGTGACGTGGAAGAGAATCCCGCCCTTCT AGAATGGTTAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCTGTTCAACGGGTGGT GCCCATCTGGTTCGAGCTGGACGGCGACGTAAACGGCCACA AGTTACGCGTGTCCGGCAGGGCGAGGGCGATGCCACTAC GGCAAGCTGACCCCTGAAGTTTCATCTGCACCACCGCAAGCT GCCCGTGCCTGGCCACCCTCGTGACCACCCTGACCTAAC TGTGCCTTCTAGTTGCCAGCCATCTGTTGTTTGCCTCC CCGTGCCTTCTTGACCCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCACTGTC CTTCTAATAAAAATGAGGAAATTCATCGCATTGTCTGAG TAGGTGTCATTTCTATTCTGGGGGTGGGTGGGGCAGGACA GCAAGGGGGAGGATTGGGAAGCAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGG GATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCGGTACCAGAGGGGTGAGCTTT CCCCTTGCCCTGCCCTACTGGGTTTTGTGACCTCAAAGGA CTCACAGGAATGACCTCCAACACCTTTGAGAAGACCAGGCC CTC
SEQ ID NO: 1	SC1 100-1000-100	GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCCACTTGCCAGCCCTGT GGAAGATTAGCGGCCATGTATTCCAATGTGATAGGAAGTGT AACCTCTGGAAAAGGTACGAATTCGAGGGCAGAGGCAGTCT TGCTGACATGCGGTGACGTGGAAGAGAATCCCGCCCTTCT AGAATGGTTAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCTGTTCAACGGGTGGT GCCCATCTGGTTCGAGCTGGACGGCGACGTAAACGGCCACA AGTTACGCGTGTCCGGCAGGGCGAGGGCGATGCCACTAC GGCAAGCTGACCCCTGAAGTTTCATCTGCACCACCGCAAGCT GCCCGTGCCTGGCCACCCTCGTGACCACCCTGACCTACG GCTGACGTGCTTACGCGCTACCCGACACATGAAGCAG CAGGACTTCTCAAGTCCGCCATGCCGAAGGCTACGTCCA
SEQ ID NO: 149	donor2	

TABLE 7-continued

Sequences of Primers and Templates used in Example 7. SEQ ID NO: 22 used for SERPIN1 crRNA (Table 1).		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
		GGAGCGCACCATCTTCTTCAAGGACGACGGCAACTACAAGA CCCGCGCCGAGGTGAAGTTCGAGGGCGACACCTGGTGAAC CGCATCGAGCTGAAGGCATCGACTTCAAGGAGGACGGCAA CATCCTGGGGCACAAGCTTGAGTACAACACAGCCACA ACGTCATATCATGCGCCACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCATCAAG GTGAATTCAGATCCGCCACAACATCGAGGACGGCAGCGT GCAGCTCGCCGACACTACCAGCAGAACACCCCATCGGCG ACGGCCCCGTGCTGCTGCCCGACAACCACTACCTGAGCACC CAGTCCGCCCTGAGCAAGACCCCAACGAGAAGCGGATCA CATGGTCTGCTGGAGTTCGTGACCCGCCCGGGATCACTC TCGGCATGGACGAGCTGTACAAGTAACTGTGCCTTCTAGTT GCCAGCCATCTGTTGTTTGCCTCCCGCTGCCTTCCTTG ACCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCCTGTCTTTCCTAATAAAAA TGAGGAAATTCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCAATCTA TTCTGGGGGTGGGGTGGGGCAGGACAGCAAGGGGGAGGAT TGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTC TATGGCGGTACCAGAGGGGTGAGCTTCCCTTGCCTGCC CTACTGGGTTTTGTGACCTCCAAGGACTCACAGGAATGAC CTCCAACACCTTTGAGAAGACCAGGCCCTC
SEQ ID NO: 150	EMX 1 100-300-100 donor	CTCCCTCCCTGGCCAGGTGAAGGTGTGGTTCAGAACCGG AGGACAAAGTACAAACGGCAGAAGCTGGAGGAGGAAGGGCC TGAGTCCGAGCAGAAGAACGAATTCGAGGGCAGAGGCAGTC TGCTGACATGCGGTGACGTGGAAGAGAAATCCCGGCCCTTCT AGATAACTGTGCCTTCTAGTTGCCAGCCATCTGTTGTTGTC GCCTCACTCGTGCCTTCATTGACCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCC CACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTCATCGCATT GTCTGAGTAGGTGTCAATCTATCTGGCGTATCGAGTGGCT CAGGACAGCAAGAGCGAGGATTGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCA TGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCGGTACCAGAGGCT CCCATCACATCAACCGGTGGCGCATTGCACGAAGCAGGCC AATGGGGAGGACATCGATGTACCTCCAATGACTAGGGTGG GCACCCACAA
SEQ ID NO: 151	EMX1 100-500-100 donor	CTCCCTCCCTGGCCAGGTGAAGGTGTGGTTCAGAACCGG AGGACAAAGTACAAACGGCAGAAGCTGGAGGAGGAAGGGCC TGAGTCCGAGCAGAAGAACGAATTCGAGGGCAGAGGCAGTC TGCTGACATGCGGTGACGTGGAAGAGAAATCCCGGCCCTTCT AGAATGGTTAGCAAGGGCAGGAGCTGTTCAACGGGGTGGT GCCCATCTGGTTCGAGCTGGACGGCGACGTAAACGGCCACA AGTTCAAGCGTGTCCGGCGAGGAGAGGGCGATGCCACTAC GGCAAGCTGACCTGAAGTTCATCTGCACCACCGGCAAGCT GCCAGTGCCTGGCCTACCTCGTGACCACTGACCTAAC TGTGCCTTCTAGTTGCCAGCCATCTGTTGTTTGCCTCAC TCGTGCCCTTCATTGACCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTC CTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTCATCGCATTGTCTGAG TAGGTGTCAATCTATCTGGCGTATCGAGTGGCTCAGGACA GCAAGAGCGAGGATTGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGG GATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCGGTACCAGAGGCTCCCATCA CATCAACCGGTGGCGCATTGCACGAAGCAGGCCAATGGGG AGGACATCGATGTACCTCCAATGACTAGGGTGGGCAACCA CAA
SEQ ID NO: 152	EMX1 100-1000-100 donor	CTCCCTCCCTGGCCAGGTGAAGGTGTGGTTCAGAACCGG AGGACAAAGTACAAACGGCAGAAGCTGGAGGAGGAAGGGCC TGAGTCCGAGCAGAAGAACGAATTCGAGGGCAGAGGCAGTC TGCTGACATGCGGTGACGTGGAAGAGAAATCCCGGCCCTTCT AGAATGGTTAGCAAGGGCAGGAGCTGTTCAACGGGGTGGT GCCATCTGGTTCGAGCTGGACGGCGACGTAAACGGCCACA AGTTCAAGCGTGTCCGGCGAGGAGAGGGCGATGCCACTAC GGCAAGCTGACCTGAAGTTCATCTGCACCACCGGCAAGCT GCCAGTGCCTGGCCTACCTCGTGACCACTGACCTACG GCGTGAGTGTCTCAGCCGCTACCCGACCACTGAAGCAG CACGACTCTTCAAGTCCGCATGCCCGAAGGCTACGTCCA GGAGCGCACCACTTCTTCAAGGACGACGGCAACTACAAGA CCCGTGCCGAGGTGAAGTTCGAAGGCGACACCTGGTGAAC CGCATCGAGCTGAAGGCATCGACTTCAAGGAGGACGGCAA CATCCTGGGGCACAAGCTTGAGTACAACACAGCCACA ACGTCATATCATGCGCCACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCATCAAG GTGAATTCAGATCCGCCACAACATCGAGGACGGTAGCGT GCAGCTCGTGCCTACCACTACCAGCAGAACCTCCTATCGGAG ACGGTCTGTGCTGCTGCCAGACAACCACTACCTGAGCACA

TABLE 7-continued

Sequences of Primers and Templates used in Example 7. SEQ ID NO: 22 used for SERPINC1 crRNA (Table 1).		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 2	SC1 100 Fwd unmod2	CAGTCCGCTCTGAGCAAAGACCCTAACGAGAAGCGGATCA CATGGTCTGCTGGAGTTCGTGACAGCCGCTGGGATCACTC TCGGCATGGACGAGCTGTACAAGTAACTGTGCCTTCTAGTT GCCAGCCATCTGTTGTTTGGCCCTCACTCGTGCCTTCATTG ACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCCTGTCTTTCTAATAAAA TGAGGAAATTCATCGCATTTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATTCTA TTCTGGCGTATCGAGTGGCTCAGGACAGCAAGAGCGAGGAT TGGGAAGACAAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTC TATGGCGGTACCGAAGGGCTCCCATCACATCAACCGGTGGC GCATTGCCACGAAGCAGGCCAATGGGGAGGACATCGATGTC ACCTCCAATGACTAGGGTGGGCAACCACAA GATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCCACTTGCC
SEQ ID NO: 153		
SEQ ID NO: 3	SC1 100 Rev unmod2	GAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAGGTGTTG
SEQ ID NO: 154		
SEQ ID NO: 20	SC1 100 Fwd MOE2	MGATTGCCTCAGATCACACTATCTCCACTTGCC
SEQ ID NO: 155		
SEQ ID NO: 21	SC1 100 Rev MOE2	MGAGGGCCTGGTCTTCTCAAAGGTGTTG
SEQ ID NO: 156		
SEQ ID NO: 157	EMX1 100 Fwd unmod	CTCCCTCCCTGGCCCAGGTGAAG
SEQ ID NO: 158	EMX1 100 Rev unmod	TTGTGGTTGCCACCCCTAGTCATTGGA
SEQ ID NO: 159	EMX1 100 Fwd MOE	MCTCCCTCCCTGGCCCAGGTGAAG
SEQ ID NO: 160	EMX1 100 Rev MOE	MTTGTGGTTGCCACCCCTAGTCATTGGA
SEQ ID NO: 161	EMX1 guide protospacer	GAGTCCGAGCAGAAGAAGAA
SEQ ID NO: 162	SC1 ONT For	TTTCTGTTGGTGCTGATATTGCCTTTATGTGATTGCTGTAT GTCTCC
SEQ ID NO: 163	SC1 ONT Rev	ACTTGCCTGTCGCTCTATCTTCGAATCTGCCAGGTGCTGAT A
SEQ ID NO: 164	EMX1 ONT For	TTTCTGTTGGTGCTGATATTGCCTGTGCTTTACCCAGTTCT CT
SEQ ID NO: 165	EMX1 ONT Rev	ACTTGCCTGTCGCTCTATCTTCGCTGGGTCTCTGACATCTT T

DNA is uppercase; and 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceeding the modified ribonucleotide. SC1 is SERPINC1. All primers and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

**[0132]** 1×MOE modified donors resulted in higher HDR rates (on average from 28.6% to 30.9% at EMX1 and 44.4% to 53.6% at SERPINC1) and lower blunt integration rates (on average from 3.2% to 1.1% at EMX1 and 8.4% to 2.5% at SERPINC1) when compared to unmodified dsDNA donors mediating large insertions at both genomic loci. Long ssDNA donors mediating the same insertions at the SERPINC1 locus resulted in extremely low blunt integration rates (<1%). The long ssDNA donor mediated the highest rates of HDR for the 300 bp insert (71.3% vs. 54.9% with a modified dsDNA donor). However, the modified dsDNA donor performed as well or better than the long ssDNA for HDR with the larger insertions (55.2% vs. 53.3% for a 500 bp insert, 50.8% vs. 29.4% for a 1000 bp insert). Similar trends were observed for the SERPINC1 samples when an orthologous method of assessment was used (FIG. 9B).

#### Example 8

**[0133]** Utilization of Universal Priming Sequences for Manufacturing Modified dsDNA Donors does not Adversely Affect HDR Repair.

**[0134]** To assess the impact of incorporating universal priming sequences into the donor template, dsDNA donors mediating a 500 bp insert at EMX1 and SERPINC1 (see Table 7, SEQ ID NO: 148 and 151) were prepared with either locus specific primers or with universal primers (Table 7 SEQ ID NO: 153-160; Table 8 SEQ ID NO: 166-181). Placement of the universal priming sequences relative to the donor is shown in FIG. 10. Modifications tested included 1×MOE, 3×MOE, and Biotin with phosphorothioate modifications (Biotin5×PS, as described in [5]). Donors were delivered at 100 nM in a final volume of 28 µL nucleofection buffer with 2 µM Cas9 V3™ RNP (IDT, Coralville, Iowa) targeting SERPINC1 or EMX1 into 3.5×10<sup>5</sup> HEK-293 cells using Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel, Switzerland).

Cells were treated with the IDT Alt-R™ HDR Enhancer V2 (1 μM) for 24 hrs post-transfection. Cells were lysed after 48 hours using QuickExtract™ DNA extraction solution (Lucigen, Madison, Wis.). HDR and blunt integration rates were assessed by long-read sequencing using the MinION™ platform (Oxford Nanopore Technologies, Oxford, UK) and analyzed as previously described (FIG. 11).

TABLE 8

Sequences of Primers for dsDNA Donor Synthesis in Example 8		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 166	SC1 100 Fwd 3 × MOE	MGMAMTTGCC TCAGATCAC CTATCTCCAC TTGCC
SEQ ID NO: 167	SC1 100 Rev 3 × MOE	MGMAMGGGCC TGGTCTTCTC AAAGGTGTTG
SEQ ID NO: 168	SC1 100 Fwd Biotin5PS	B-G*A*T*T* G*CCTCAGAT CACACTATCT CCACTTGCC
SEQ ID NO: 169	SC1 100 Rev Biotin5 × PS	B-G*A*G*G* G*CCTGGTCT TCTCAAAGGT GTTG
SEQ ID NO: 170	EMX1 100 Fwd 3 × MOE	MCMTMCCCTC CCTGGCCCAG GTGAAG
SEQ ID NO: 171	EMX1 100 Rev 3 × MOE	MTMTMGTTGGT TGCCACCCCT AGTCATTGGA
SEQ ID NO: 172	EMX1 100 Fwd Biotin5 × PS	B-C*T*C*C* C*TCCCTGGC CCAGGTGAAG
SEQ ID NO: 173	EMX1 100 Rev Biotin5 × PS	B-T*T*G*T* G*GTTGCCCA CCCTAGTCAT TGGA
SEQ ID NO: 174	Universal For unmod	GTCGTACCGA CTGGTAGATG ACAGCAAACC
SEQ ID NO: 175	Universal Rev unmod	GGTCTCGACT ATACGCCCGT TTTCGGATC
SEQ ID NO: 176	Universal For 1 × MOE	MGTTCGTACCG ACTGGTAGAT GACAGCAAAC C
SEQ ID NO: 177	Universal Rev 1 × MOE	MGGTCTCGAC TATACGCCCG TTTTCCGGATC
SEQ ID NO: 178	Universal For 3 × MOE	MGMTMCGTAC CGACTGGTAG ATGACAGCAA ACC
SEQ ID NO: 179	Universal Rev 3 × MOE	MGMGMTCTCG ACTATACGCC CGTTTTCCGGA TC

TABLE 8-continued

Sequences of Primers for dsDNA Donor Synthesis in Example 8		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 180	Universal For Biotin5 × PS	B-G*T*C*G* T*ACCGACTG GTAGATGACA GCAAACC
SEQ ID NO: 181	Universal Rev Biotin5 × PS	B-G*G*T*C* T*CGACTATA CGCCCGTTTT CGGATC

DNA is uppercase; 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide; B- is a 5'-biotin moiety; and phosphorothioate (PS) modified linkages are shown with an asterisk (\*). SC1 is SERPINC1. All primers and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

[0135] HDR and blunt integration rates were relatively similar for dsDNA donors generated with or without the universal priming sequences. For donors without universal priming sequences, the improvement to HDR and reduction in blunt rates were similar across the various modifications. The major exception to this trend was the 3×MOE modification for the SERPINC1 site, where blunt insertion was still reduced relative to an unmodified dsDNA but HDR was not improved to the same extent as 1×MOE or Biotin5×PS (unmod: 45.1% HDR, 9.0% Blunt; 1×MOE: 55.2% HDR, 2.3% Blunt, 3×MOE: 44.5% HDR, 1.2% Blunt). In contrast, a much larger difference in performance was observed with the modified donors manufactured with the universal priming sequences. Interestingly, the unmodified dsDNA donors for both sites had lower integration rates when universal priming sites were included in the donor sequence (EMX1: 28.8% vs 24.8% HDR, SERPINC1: 45.2% vs 34.4% HDR). For both sites, the 1×MOE modification offered the greatest improvement to the HDR rate when incorporated into donors containing the universal sequences.

[0136] Further analysis of the HDR reads from the 1×MOE modified donors was conducted in the Integrative Genomics Viewer [7] (IGV, Broad Institute, Cambridge, Mass.). When HDR reads were aligned against either a reference amplicon containing the correct HDR sequence (FIG. 12A) or a reference amplicon containing both the desired insert and the universal priming sequences (FIG. 12B), no evidence of universal sequence incorporation was observed in the HDR reads. Thus, the universal sequences can be incorporated into the manufacturing process of modified dsDNA donors without adversely impacting functional performance.

## Example 9

[0137] Use of Modified dsDNA Donors Manufactured with Universal Priming Sequences to Generate GFP Fusions in Human Cell Lines.

[0138] To assess the functional performance of modified dsDNA donor templates in applications such as protein tagging, donors were designed to generate GFP tagged GAPDH (C-terminal fusion), CLTA (N-terminal fusion), and RAB11a (N-terminal fusion). Donors were manufactured with universal priming sequences as previously described, using either unmodified or 1×MOE modified

primers. Guide and donor sequences used are listed in Table 9. Donors were delivered at 50 nM in a final volume of 28  $\mu$ L nucleofection buffer with 2  $\mu$ M Cas9 V3™ RNP (IDT, Coralville, Iowa) targeting GAPDH, CLTA, or RAB11a into  $3.5 \times 10^5$  K562 cells using Lonza nucleofection (Lonza, Basel, Switzerland). Following the transfection, cells were plated in duplicate wells. For one set of wells, cells were treated with the IDT Alt-R™ HDR Enhancer V2 (1  $\mu$ M) for

24 hrs post-transfection. Cells were passaged for 7 days, at which point HDR rates were assessed by flow cytometry. Briefly, cells were washed in PBS and then resuspended at  $1-2 \times 10^6$  cells/mL. Hoechst 33258 was added to the cell suspension at a final concentration of 4  $\mu$ g/ml shortly before analysis for viability staining. Cells were analyzed on a Becton Dickinson LSR II cytometer (BD Bioscience, San Jose, Calif.) to assess GFP expression levels (FIG. 12).

TABLE 9

Sequences of Primers for dsDNA Donor Synthesis in Example 9		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 182	GAPDH C-term GFP donor	AACGACCACTTTGTCAAGCTCATTTCTGGTATGTGGCTGGGGC CAGAGACTGGCTCTTAAAAAGTGCAGGGTCTGGCGCCTCTGGT GGCTGGCTCAGAAAAAGGGCCCTGACAACCTTTTTCATCTTCTA GGTATGACAACGAATTGGCTACAGCAACAGGGTGGTGGACCTC ATGGCCACATGGCTCCAAGGAGGGATCTGGCGCCACCAATTT CAGCCTGCTGAAACAGGCTGGCGACGTGGAAGAGAACCTGGAC CTGTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCTGTTACCGGGTGGTGCCCATC CTGGTCGAGCTGGACGGCGACGTAACGGCCACAAGTTGAGCGT GTCGGCGAGGGCGAGGGCGATGCCACCTACGGCAAGCTGACCC TGAAGTTCATCTGCACCACCGCAAGCTGCCCGTCCCTGGCCC ACCCTCGTGACCACCTGACCTACGGCGTGCAGTGCCTCAGCCG CTACCCCGACCATGAAGCAGCAGACTTCTTCAAGTCCGCCA TGCCCGAAGGCTACGTCACGAGCGCACCATCTTCTCAAGGAC GACGGCAACTACAAGACCCGCGCCGAGGTGAAGTTCGAGGGCGA CACCTGGTGAACCGCATCGAGCTGAAGGGCATCGACTTCAAGG AGGACGGCAACATCCTGGGCGACAAGCTGGAGTACAACATAAC AGCCACAACGCTATATCATGGCCGACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCAT CAAGGTGAACCTCAAGATCCGCCACAACATCGAGGACGGCAGCG TGCAGCTCGCCGACCACTACCAGCAGAACACCCCATCGGCGAC GGCCCCGTGCTGCTGCCGACAACCACTACTGAGCACCCAGTC CGCCCTGAGCAAGACCCCAACGAGAAGCGCGATCACATGGTCC TGCTGGAGTTCGTGACCGCGCGGGATCACTCTCGGCATGGAC GAGCTGTACAAGTAAGACCCCTGGACCACAGCCCAAGCAGAG CACAAGAGGAAGAGAGAGACCCTCACTGCTGGGGAGTCCCTGCC ACACTCAGTCCCCACCACTGAATCTCCCTCCTCACAGTTG CCATGTAGACCCCTTGAAGAGGGGAGGGCCTAGGGAGCCGCAC CTTGTCATGTACCATCAATAAAGTACCCTGTGCTCA
SEQ ID NO: 183	CLTA N-term GFP donor	GTCGTACCGACTGGTAGATGACAGCAAACTGTTCCTTTTCCG CTCTGCAACACCGCCTAGACCGACCGGATACAGGGTAGGGCTT CCGCTTACCCTGCTCCCTCTGGCGCTTGTCTCTCTCCAG TCGGCACCAAGCGGTGGCTGCCGGCGTGGTGTGGTGGGTGG GTTGGTTTTTGTCTCACCGTTGGTGTCCGTGCCGTTCAAGTGGC CGCCATGGCTGGATCTGGTGGTACTAGTGAAGCAAGGGTGAAG AGCTGTTACCGGAGTGGTGCCTATCCTGGTTCGAGCTGGACGGC GACGTAAACGGTCAAGATTCAGCGTGGCTGGTGGAGGGGAGGG CGATGCCACCAACGGCAAGCTGACCCGAAGTTCATCTGCACCA CTGGCAAGCTGCCTGTTCATGGCCAACCTCGTGACTACACTG ACCTACGGCGTTCAGTGCCTCAGCCGTTACCCCTGACCATATGAA GCGTCACGACTTCTTCAAGTCTGCCATGCCTGAAGGCTACGTCC AGGAGCGTACCATCAGCTTCAAGGACGATGGCACCTACAAGACT CGTGGCGAGGTGAAGTTCGAGGGTGACACCTGGTGAACCGCAT CGAGCTGAAGGGTATCGACTTCAAGGAGGACGGCAACATCTGG GTCACAAGCTGGAGTACAACCTCAACAGCCACAACGCTATATC ACCGCCGACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCATCAAGGCCAAGTCAAGAT TCGTCAACAAGTGGAGGACGGTACGCTGCAGCTCGCAGACCACT ACCAGCAGAACACGCCATACGGCGACGGTCCAGTGTGCTGCCA GACAACCACTACCTGAGCACCCAGTCCGTGCTGAGCAAGACCC GAACGAGAAGCGGATCACATGGTCTGCTGGAGTTCGTGACCG CAGCCGGTATCACTGGAACCGGTGCTGGAAGTGGTGGAGTGGAT CCGTTCCGGCCCTGCCCGCGCCCTGGCGGTCCTCCGCTGGG GAACGGAGTGGCCGGCGCCGGCGAAGAAGACCCGGTGGCGCT TCTTGGCGCAGCAAGAGAGCGAGATTGGCGGCATCGAGAACGAC GAGGCTTCGCCATCTGGACGGCGGCGCCCGGGCCCCAGCC

TABLE 9-continued

Sequences of Primers for dsDNA Donor Synthesis in Example 9		
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence
		GCACGGCGAGCCGCGATCCGAAACGGGCGTATAGTCGAGACC TCAGGGCGGGCGCCGCCCGCCGGAAGTACTTCCCCTTAAAGGC TGGGGCTGCCCAGAAATGGCGCAGCGCAGGGAGGGGCTTCA CCCAGTCCGGCAGTTGAAGCTCGGCGCTCGGGTTACCCCTGCAG CGACGCCCCCTGGTCCCACAGATAACCACTGCTGCTCCCGCCCTT TCGCTCCTCGGCCGCGCAATGGGCGGATCGGGTGGACTAGTGG CAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCTGTTACCGGGTGGTCCCCATCCTGG TCGAGCTGGACGGGCGCTAAACGGCCACAAGTTTCAGCGTGC GGCGAGGGCGAGGGCGATGCCACCAACGGCAAGCTGACCCTGAA GTTTCATCTGCACCACCGCAAGCTGCCCGTGCCTGGCCACCC TCGTGACCACCTGACCTACGGCGTGCAGTCTTCAGCCGCTAC CCCGACCACATGAAGCGCCACGACTTCTTCAAGTCCGCCATGCC CGAAGGCTACGTCCAGGAGCCACCATCAGCTTCAAGGACGACG
SEQ ID NO: 184	RAB11a N-term GFP donor	GCACCTACAAGACCCGCGCCGAGGTGAAGTTCGAGGGCGACACC CTGGTGAACCGCATCGAGCTGAAGGGCATCGACTTCAAGGAGGA CGGCAACATCTTGGGGCACAAGCTGGAGTACAACCTTCAACAGCC ACAACGTCATATACCCGCGACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCATCAAG GCCAATTCAGATCCGCCACAACGTTGGAGGACGGCAGCGTGCA GCTCGCCGACCACTACCAGCAGAACACCCCATCGGCGACGGCC CCGTGCTGCTGCCCGACAACCACTACCTGAGCACCAGTCCGTG CTGAGCAAGACCCCAACGAGAAGCGCGATCACATGGTCTCTGCT GGAGTTCGTGACCCGCCCGGGATCACTGGAACCGGTGCTGGAA GTGGTACACGCGACGACGAGTACGACTACCTTTAAAGGTGAG GCCATGGGCTCTCGACTCTACACAGTCTCGTTCCGGGGACCCG GGCCACTCCCGGTGACCCCTCGTCCCGCCACCCCTGCACATGAT ATAGGCCCTCCCTCAGCCCTTCTTTTGTGCGGTTCCGTCTCCT ACCCAGCTCAGCCTCTTCTCCCCGCTCA
SEQ ID NO: 185	GAPDH guide protospacer	CCTCCAAGGAGTAAGACCCC
SEQ ID NO: 186	CLTA guide protospacer	GAACGGATCCAGCTCAGCCA
SEQ ID NO: 187	RAB11a guide protospacer	GGTAGTCGTACTCGTCGTCG

DNA is uppercase. All primers and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

**[0139]** Overall HDR rates varied across the sites tested, with maximum GFP positive rates of 17.2% (GAPDH), 44.9% (CLTA), and 64% (RAB11a) achieved under optimal conditions. No GFP signal was observed in cells that received a dsDNA donor without RNP (data not shown). HDR rates were increased with modified dsDNA donor templates in both untreated conditions (1.6, 1.3, and 1.2-fold improvement over unmodified dsDNA for GAPDH, CLTA, and RAB11a respectively) and in HDR Enhancer treated conditions (1.4, 1.4, and 1.1-fold improvements over unmodified dsDNA respectively). On average, use of 1xMOE modified dsDNA donors increased HDR rates 1.3-fold over unmodified dsDNA donors across all conditions. In comparison, use of the Alt-R HDR Enhancer V2 increased HDR rates on average 2.4-fold across all sites and conditions. The combined use of modified donors and HDR Enhancer boosted HDR rates 3.2-fold on average across all sites. Taken together, this demonstrates the combined utility of using optimal reagents (i.e. modified donors and small molecule enhancers) in HDR experiments.

#### Example 10

**[0140]** Use of Universal Priming Sequences Enables Greater Consistency and Improved Yields when Manufacturing dsDNA HDR Templates

**[0141]** In order to assess the impact of universal priming sequences on the manufacturing process of dsDNA HDR templates, 24 sequences were generated using either universal priming sequences (Table 8, SEQ ID NO: 172-181) or gene specific primers (Table 10, SEQ ID NO: 188-235) with varying modifications. As previously described, all donors were produced by amplification from a plasmid (pUCIDT Amp or pUCIDT Kan vectors) containing the sequence of interest. PCR amplifications were conducted using KOD Hot Start DNA Polymerase (EMD) according to the manufacturer's recommendations, with 200 nM primers and 10 ng plasmid DNA in a 50  $\mu$ L final reaction volume. Thermocycling was conducted using a Bio-Rad S1000 thermal cycler with the following cycling conditions: a 3 min incubation at 95° C., followed by 36 amplification cycles (95° C. for 20 sec; 65° C. for 10 sec; 70° C. for 20-30 sec/kb). Annealing temperatures were adjusted according to the gene specific primer melting temperatures. Following a SPRI bead-

cleanup, all products were analyzed using Fragment Analyzer (Agilent) and sequence verified by NGS using the Illumina-Nextera DNA Library Preparation Kit. Overall

amplification efficiencies from universal primers or gene specific primers were assessed by measuring final yields, reported as ng/ $\mu$ L (FIG. 14A).

TABLE 10

Sequences of Primers for dsDNA Donor Synthesis in Example 10.			
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence	Amplicon Length (bp)
SEQ ID NO: 188	Gene specific F1	ACGAAGTGTGGATATA AGCCAGACTGTAAGTGA	152
SEQ ID NO: 189	Gene specific R1	TCTAAGCAATTATAAGC CATTTCACATAAAACTC TTTAGGTTAAA	152
SEQ ID NO: 190	Gene specific F2	MACGAAGTGTGGATATA AGCCAGACTGTAAGTGA	152
SEQ ID NO: 191	Gene specific R2	MTCTAAGCAATTATAAGC CATTTCACATAAAACTCT TTTAGGTTAAA	152
SEQ ID NO: 192	Gene specific F3	GCCCTGTAGTCTCTCTGT ATGTTATATGTCACATTT TGTA	198
SEQ ID NO: 193	Gene specific R3	AAGTAATCACTTACAGT CTGGCTTATATCCAACAC TTCG	198
SEQ ID NO: 194	Gene specific F4	MGCCCTGTAGTCTCTCTG TATGTTATATGTCACATT TTGTA	198
SEQ ID NO: 195	Gene specific R4	MAAGTAATCACTTACAG TCTGGCTTATATCCAACA CTTCG	198
SEQ ID NO: 196	Gene specific F5	AGCTTGCTGGTGAAAAGG ACCCCA	282
SEQ ID NO: 197	Gene specific R5	AATGTGCCTCTCTACAAA TATTCTTAAGCAATTAT AAGCCATTC	282
SEQ ID NO: 198	Gene specific F6	MAGCTTGCTGGTGAAAAG GACCCCA	282
SEQ ID NO: 199	Gene specific R6	MAATGTGCCTCTCTACAA ATATTCTTAAGCAATTA TAAGCCATTC	282
SEQ ID NO: 200	Gene specific F7	ACGTCAGTCTTCTCTTT TGTAATGCCCTGTAGTC	951
SEQ ID NO: 201	Gene specific R7	GATGGTTAAATGATTGAC AAAAAAGTAATCACTT ACAGTCTGG	1456
SEQ ID NO: 202	Gene specific F8	MACGTCAGTCTTCTCTTT TGTAATGCCCTGTAGTC	2170
SEQ ID NO: 203	Gene specific R8	MGATGGTTAAATGATTGA CAAAAAAGTAATCACT TACAGTCTGG	2170
SEQ ID NO: 204	Gene specific F9	TGTAGTCTCTGTATGT TATATGTCACATTTTGTA ATTAACAGCT	2170
SEQ ID NO: 205	Gene specific R9	ATTTAGATAAAGAAAACA TCACTTTTAAATCTAATA CTGGCAAATG	2170



TABLE 10-continued

Sequences of Primers for dsDNA Donor Synthesis in Example 10.			
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence	Amplicon Length (bp)
SEQ ID NO: 206	Gene specific F10	MTGTAGTCTCTCTGTATG TTATATGTCACATTTTGT AATTAACAGCT	2567
SEQ ID NO: 207	Gene specific R10	MATTTAGATAAAGAAAAC ATCACTTTTAAATCTAAT ACTGGCAAATG	2814
SEQ ID NO: 208	Gene specific F11	CATGGTACACTCAGCAGC GATGAAATGAAACAG	2955
SEQ ID NO: 209	Gene specific R11	AGCAATTATAAGCCATTT CACATAAACTCTTTTGT GTAAAGATG	2955
SEQ ID NO: 210	Gene specific F12	MCATGGTACACTCAGCA CGGATGAAATGAAACAG	2955
SEQ ID NO: 211	Gene specific R12	MAGCAATTATAAGCCATT TCACATAAACTCTTTTA GGTTAAAGATG	2955
SEQ ID NO: 212	Gene specific F13	MTCTCAGATTCAGTTTC AGCAAATTTGCTTGATAT GTACAGC	152
SEQ ID NO: 213	Gene specific R13	MTGAATAGAGTGGTTGCA CAAACCTACGGATCATT G	152
SEQ ID NO: 214	Gene specific F14	MATGGTGAGCAAGGGCGA GGAGCT	152
SEQ ID NO: 215	Gene specific R14	MAGAGTGATCCCGCGGCG GGTCA	152
SEQ ID NO: 216	Gene specific F15	CCCACAATTCGCTCTCAC CAAACCTGAG	198
SEQ ID NO: 217	Gene specific R15	AGTAGTAATAGTAGTAGT ATTAATAATTTGATAAA TAATTTTAGCAATATAGT TTTTTGT	198
SEQ ID NO: 218	Gene specific F16	MCCCACAATTCGCTCTC ACCAAACCTGAG	198
SEQ ID NO: 219	Gene specific R16	MAGTAGTAATAGTAGTAG TATTAAATAATTTGATAA ATAATTTTAGCAATATAG TTTTTGT	198
SEQ ID NO: 220	Gene specific F17	MCMCMCACAATTCGCTCT CACCAAACCTGAG	282
SEQ ID NO: 221	Gene specific R17	MAMGMTAGTAATAGTAGT AGTATTAATAATTTGAT AAATAATTTTAGCAATAT AGTTTTTTGT	282
SEQ ID NO: 222	Gene specific F18	B-C*C*C*A*C*AATTC GCTCTCACCAAACCTGAG	282
SEQ ID NO: 223	Gene specific R18	B-A*G*T*A*G*TAATAG TAGTAGTATTAATAATT TG  ATAAATAATTTTAGCAA TATAGTTTTTTGT	282

TABLE 10-continued

Sequences of Primers for dsDNA Donor Synthesis in Example 10.			
SEQ ID NO.	Name	Sequence	Amplicon Length (bp)
SEQ ID NO: 224	Gene specific F19	B-G*G*T*A*C*AAGTGG ATTTGACTAATTACGAGT GGCTTGATAA	951
SEQ ID NO: 225	Gene specific R19	B-A*A*A*C*A*ATGCAC TCACTTCTTCTAGAGAA GAGTACATTC	1456
SEQ ID NO: 226	Gene specific F20	MCCTATTAATAAAAGAA TAAGCAGTATTATTAAGT AGCCCTGCATTTCA	2170
SEQ ID NO: 227	Gene specific R20	MCATCTGCTTTTTTCCCG TGTCATTCTCTGGACTG	2170
SEQ ID NO: 228	Gene specific F21	CCCACAATTCGCTCTCA CCAACCTGAG	2170
SEQ ID NO: 229	Gene specific R21	AGTAGTAATAGTAGTAGT ATTAATAAATTTGATAAA TAATTTTAGCAATATAGT TTTTTGT	2170
SEQ ID NO: 230	Gene specific F22	MCCCACAATTCGCTCTC ACCAAACCTGAG	2567
SEQ ID NO: 231	Gene specific R22	MAGTAGTAATAGTAGTA GTATTAATAAATTTGAT AAATAAATTTAGCAATA TAGTTTTTTGT	2814
SEQ ID NO: 232	Gene specific F23	MCMCMACAATTCGCTC TCACCAAACCTGAG	2955
SEQ ID NO: 233	Gene specific R23	MAMGMTAGTAATAGTAG TAGTATTAATAAATTTG ATAAATAAATTTAGCAA TATAGTTTTTTGT	2955
SEQ ID NO: 234	Gene specific F24	B-C*C*C*A*C*AATTCG CTCTCACCAAACCTGAG	2955
SEQ ID NO: 235	Gene specific R24	B-A*G*T*A*G*TAATAG TAGTAGTATTAATAAAT TGATAAATAAATTTAGCA ATATAGTTTTTTGT	2955

DNA is uppercase; 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribonucleotides are shown with an uppercase M preceding the modified ribonucleotide; B- is a 5'-biotin moiety; and phosphorothioate (PS) modified linkages are shown with an asterisk (\*). All primers and templates were synthesized by IDT (Coralville, IA).

[0142] Owing to differences in the yields for short (<500 bp) and long (>500 bp) amplicons, overall yields following amplification with either universal or gene specific primers were assessed separately for 12 short and 12 long HDR templates (FIG. 14A). Overall, yields were significantly higher with the use of universal primers for both short and long amplicons. For long amplicons, use of universal primers resulted in an average concentration of 138.3 ng/μL (±18.0 SD) following cleanup while use of gene specific primers resulted in an average concentration of 77.8 ng/μL (±32.6 SD). For short amplicons, use of universal primers

resulted in an average concentration of 40.9 ng/μL (±5.9 SD) following cleanup while use of gene specific primers resulted in an average concentration of 15.9 ng/μL (±6.4 SD). Direct comparisons between each sequence amplified with universal or gene specific primers (FIG. 14B) reveals large variation in the yields when using gene specific primers. In contrast, use of universal primers results in both higher yields (2.9- and 2.0-fold improvements on average for short and long amplicons, respectively) and greater consistency in the yields across sequences of similar length. Owing to the higher yields and greater consistency, the use of universal primers will better support the development of high-throughput manufacturing processes.

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-FAM (5,6 fluorescein dye)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (9)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZEN fluorescent quencher is located between G9  
and G10  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (27)..(27)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 3'-FQ (Iowa Black FQ fluorescent quencher)

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

tggaaaaagg tacgaattcg agggca 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 26  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

cgctaattctt ccacaggg 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 27  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-FAM (5,6 fluorescein dye)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (9)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZEN fluorescent quencher is located between A9  
and A10  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (30)..(30)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 3'-FQ (Iowa Black FQ fluorescent quencher)

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

tctggaaaaa ggtagattgc ctcagatca 29

<210> SEQ ID NO 28  
<211> LENGTH: 122  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaaggta gaattcttag ctctgtttac 60

gtcccagcgg gcatgagagt aaagaggggt gagctttccc ctgectgcc cctactgggt 120

tt 122

<210> SEQ ID NO 29

<211> LENGTH: 26

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 30

<211> LENGTH: 19

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 31

<211> LENGTH: 26

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 32

<211> LENGTH: 19

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 33

<211> LENGTH: 26

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 33  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 34  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 34  
  
aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 35  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (6)..(7)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 35  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg 30

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<210> SEQ ID NO 36  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (6)..(7)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 36  
  
aaaccagta ggggcagc 19  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 37  
<211> LENGTH: 26  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 37  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 38  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 38  
  
aaaccagta ggggcagc 19  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 39  
<211> LENGTH: 26  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-Sp18 (hexaethylene glycol)  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 39  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 40  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-Sp18 (hexaethylene glycol)  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 40  
  
aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 41  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 41  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg 30  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 42  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 42  
  
aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 43  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 43  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg 30  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 44  
<211> LENGTH: 19

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<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 45  
<211> LENGTH: 22  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

cttgtccctc tttgccttct ct 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 46  
<211> LENGTH: 22  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 46

gggtggatct gagtgaaga aa 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 47  
<211> LENGTH: 142  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

gcggccatgt attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaaggta gaattcttag 60  
ctctgtttac gtcccagcgg gcatgagagt aaagaggggt gagctttccc cttgcctgcc 120  
cctactgggt tttgtgacct cc 142

<210> SEQ ID NO 48  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

gcggccatgt attccaatgt g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 49  
<211> LENGTH: 22  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

ggaggtcaca aaaccagta gg 22

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<210> SEQ ID NO 50  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 50  
  
gcggccatgt attccaatgt g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 51  
<211> LENGTH: 22  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 51  
  
ggaggtcaca aaaccagta gg 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 52  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (6)..(7)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 52  
  
gcggccatgt attccaatgt g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 53  
<211> LENGTH: 22  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (6)..(7)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 53  
  
ggaggtcaca aaaccagta gg 22  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 54  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 54  
  
cctctaaggt ttgcttacga 20  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 55  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 55  
  
aattatgggg attactagga 20  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 56  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 56  
  
gccaaaggact caaaccagga 20  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 57  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 57  
  
ccccgttctc ctgtggattc 20



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<210> SEQ ID NO 58  
<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

aagaatggtg tgataaaagg tgatgct 27

<210> SEQ ID NO 59  
<211> LENGTH: 24  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

acacatccat gggacttctg cctc 24

<210> SEQ ID NO 60  
<211> LENGTH: 66  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaaggta gaattcagag gggtagctt tccccttgcc 60

tgcccc 66

<210> SEQ ID NO 61  
<211> LENGTH: 66  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

ggggcaggca aggggaaagc tcacctctt gaattctacc tttttccaga gggttacggt 60

cctatc 66

<210> SEQ ID NO 62  
<211> LENGTH: 76  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-phosphate modification  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Hairpin Region

<400> SEQUENCE: 62

tcggttttcga gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaaggta gaattcagag gggtagctt 60

tccccttgcc tgcccc 76

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<210> SEQ ID NO 63  
<211> LENGTH: 76  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-phosphate modification  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Hairpin Region  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 63  
  
tcgttttcga ggggcaggca aggggaaagc tcaccctct gaattctacc tttttccaga 60  
ggttacagtt cctatc 76

<210> SEQ ID NO 64  
<211> LENGTH: 76  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-phosphate modification  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Hairpin Region  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (6)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (7)..(7)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (8)..(8)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (9)..(9)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (10)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 64

tcgttttcga gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaggta gaattcagag gggtagcctt 60  
tccccttgcc tgcccc 76

<210> SEQ ID NO 65  
<211> LENGTH: 76  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-phosphate modification  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Hairpin Region  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (6)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (7)..(7)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (8)..(8)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (9)..(9)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (10)..(10)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 65

tcgttttcga ggggcaggca aggggaaagc tcaccctct gaattctacc tttttccaga 60

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ggttacagtt cctatc 76

<210> SEQ ID NO 66  
<211> LENGTH: 67  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Non-template 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified  
riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 66

agataggaac tgtaacctct ggaaaaaggt agaattcaga ggggtgagct ttccccttgc 60

ctgcccc 67

<210> SEQ ID NO 67  
<211> LENGTH: 67  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Non-template 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified  
riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 67

aggggcaggc aaggggaaag ctcacccctc tgaattctac ctttttccag aggttacagt 60

tcctatc 67

<210> SEQ ID NO 68  
<211> LENGTH: 26  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 68

attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 69  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

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<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 69  
  
aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 70  
<211> LENGTH: 26  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 70  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 71  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 71  
  
aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 72  
<211> LENGTH: 26  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-locked (2'-oxygen-4'-carbon methylene linkage)  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 72  
  
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 73  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-locked (2'-oxygen-4'-carbon methylene linkage)  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 73

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aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 74  
<211> LENGTH: 26  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 74

attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 75  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 75

aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 76  
<211> LENGTH: 26  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
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<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-fluoro modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 76

attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 77  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-fluoro modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 77

aaaccagta ggggcaggc 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 78  
<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Non-template 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified  
riboguanosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 78

27

gattccaatg tgataggaac tgtaacc

<210> SEQ ID NO 79  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Non-template 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified  
riboguanosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

20

gaaaccagc aggggcaggc

<210> SEQ ID NO 80  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 80

20

tgccctggta acggccaaag

<210> SEQ ID NO 81  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 81

21

tcggacagaa aggcattcac a

<210> SEQ ID NO 82  
<211> LENGTH: 24  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

24

caacggcaaa gggagaactt aaac

<210> SEQ ID NO 83  
<211> LENGTH: 122  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 83

60

agtgccttgt ctgtagtgtc aactcattgc tgccccttcc gaattcttag ctctgtttac

120

gtcccagcgg gcatgagagt aatagtaatc cccataatct agctctccat ttcatagtct

122

tt

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<210> SEQ ID NO 84  
<211> LENGTH: 122  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

aaggaggagg cctaaggatg gggcttttct gtcaccaatc gaattcttag ctctgtttac 60  
gtcccagcgg gcatgagagt aactgtccct agtggcccca ctgtgggggtg gaggggacag 120  
at 122

<210> SEQ ID NO 85  
<211> LENGTH: 122  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 85

tgccaagctc tccctcccag gatcctctct ggctccatcg gaattcttag ctctgtttac 60  
gtcccagcgg gcatgagagt aataagcaaa ccttagaggt tctggcaagg agagagatgg 120  
ct 122

<210> SEQ ID NO 86  
<211> LENGTH: 122  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 86

aggccaatgg ggaggacatc gatgtcacct ccaatgacta gaattcttag ctctgtttac 60  
gtcccagcgg gcatgagagt aagggtgggc aaccacaaac ccacgagggc agagtgtctg 120  
tt 122

<210> SEQ ID NO 87  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 87

agtgccttgt ctgtagtgtc a 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 88  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 88

aaagactatg aaatggagag ctaaattatg 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 89  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA



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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 89

agtgcccttgt ctgtagtgtc a 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 90  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 90

aaagactatg aaatggagag ctaaattatg 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 91  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 91

agtgcccttgt ctgtagtgtc a 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 92  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 92

aaagactatg aaatggagag ctaaattatg 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 93  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 93

agtgcccttgt ctgtagtgtc a 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 94  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 94

aaagactatg aaatggagag ctaaattatg 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 95  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 95

agtgcccttgt ctgtagtgtc a 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 96  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 96

aaagactatg aaatggagag ctaaattatg 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 97  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine
      (ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 97

agtgcccttgt ctgtagtgtc a                                21

<210> SEQ ID NO 98
<211> LENGTH: 30
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 98

aaagactatg aaatggagag ctaaattatg                            30

<210> SEQ ID NO 99
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 99

aaggaggagg cctaaggatg g                                    21

<210> SEQ ID NO 100
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 100

atctgtcccc tccacccc                                       18

<210> SEQ ID NO 101
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 101

aaggaggagg cctaaggatg g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 102  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 102

atctgtcccc tccacccc 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 103  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 103

aaggaggagg cctaaggatg g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 104  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 104

atctgtcccc tccacccc 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 105  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

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<400> SEQUENCE: 105

aaggaggagg cctaaggatg g

21

<210> SEQ ID NO 106

<211> LENGTH: 18

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 106

atctgtcccc tccacccc

18

<210> SEQ ID NO 107

<211> LENGTH: 21

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 107

aaggaggagg cctaaggatg g

21

<210> SEQ ID NO 108

<211> LENGTH: 18

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 108

atctgtcccc tccacccc

18

<210> SEQ ID NO 109

<211> LENGTH: 21

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
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<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 109  
  
aaggaggagg cctaaggatg g 21  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 110  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
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<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
  
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atctgtccccc tccaccccc 18  
  
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<212> TYPE: DNA  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 111  
  
tgccaagctc tccctccc 18  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 112  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 112  
  
agccatctct ctcttggcca g 21  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 113  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 113

tgccaagctc tccctccc                                18

<210> SEQ ID NO 114
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 114

agccatctct ctccttgcca g                                21

<210> SEQ ID NO 115
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 115

tgccaagctc tccctccc                                18

<210> SEQ ID NO 116
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 116

agccatctct ctccttgcca g                                21

<210> SEQ ID NO 117
<211> LENGTH: 18
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 117

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tgccaagctc tccctccc 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 118  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 118

agccatctct ctccttgcca g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 119  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 119

tgccaagctc tccctccc 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 120  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 120

agccatctct ctccttgcca g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 121  
<211> LENGTH: 18  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature



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<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 121

tgccaagctc tccctccc 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 122  
<211> LENGTH: 21  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 122

agccatctct ctccttgcca g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 123  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 123

aggccaatgg ggaggacatc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 124  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 124

aagcagcact ctgccctcg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 125  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 125

aggccaatgg ggaggacatc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 126  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 126

aagcagcact ctgccctcg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 127  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 127

aggccaatgg ggaggacatc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 128  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin

<400> SEQUENCE: 128

aagcagcact ctgccctcg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 129  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 129

aggccaatgg ggaggacatc 20

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<210> SEQ ID NO 130  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 130  
  
aagcagcact ctgccctcg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 131  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 131  
  
aggccaatgg ggaggacatc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 132  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 132  
  
aagcagcact ctgccctcg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 133  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 133  
  
aggccaatgg ggaggacatc 20  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 134  
<211> LENGTH: 19  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
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<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 134  
  
aagcagcact ctgccctcg 19  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 135  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 135  
  
aattatgggg attactagga 20  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 136  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 136  
  
ggggccacta gggacaggat 20  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 137  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 137  
  
cctctaaggt ttgcttacga 20  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 138  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 138

gtcacctcca atgactaggg 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 139  
<211> LENGTH: 53  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 139

acactctttc cctacacgac gctcttccga tctcagaact gtccttcagg ttc 53

<210> SEQ ID NO 140  
<211> LENGTH: 55  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 140

gtgactggag ttcagacgtg tgctcttccg atctcactgt ttcatttcat ccgtg 55

<210> SEQ ID NO 141  
<211> LENGTH: 54  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 141

acactctttc cctacacgac gctcttccga tctgagagat ggctccagga aatg 54

<210> SEQ ID NO 142  
<211> LENGTH: 55  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 142

gtgactggag ttcagacgtg tgctcttccg atctcacttc aggacagcat gtttg 55

<210> SEQ ID NO 143  
<211> LENGTH: 53  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 143

acactctttc cctacacgac gctcttccga tctgatcagt gaaacgcacc aga 53

<210> SEQ ID NO 144  
<211> LENGTH: 58  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 144

gtgactggag ttcagacgtg tgctcttccg atctctctct tcttagtctc ctgatatt 58

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 145

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 52

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 145

acactctttc cctacacgac gctcttccga tctagaagaa gaagggtcc ca 52

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 146

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 51

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 146

gtgactggag ttcagacgtg tgctcttccg atctcagga gtggccagag t 51

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 147

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 502

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 147

gattgcctca gatcacacta tctccacttg cccagccctg tggaagatta gcggccatgt 60

attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaaggta cgaattcgag ggcagaggca 120

gtctgctgac atgcggtgac gtggaagaga atccccggccc ttctagataa ctgtgccttc 180

tagttgccag ccactctgtt tttgccctc ccccgctgct tccctgaccc tggaagggtg 240

cactcccact gtctcttctc aataaaatga ggaaattgca tcgcattgct tgagtaggtg 300

tcattctatt ctgggggggtg ggggtggggca ggacagcaag ggggaggatt ggaagacaa 360

tagcaggcat gctggggatg cgggtgggtc tatggcgta ccagaggggt gagctttccc 420

cttgctgcc cctactgggt tttgtgacct ccaaaggact cacaggaatg acctccaaca 480

cctttgagaa gaccaggccc tc 502

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 148

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 700

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 148

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attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaaggta cgaattcgag ggcagaggca 120

gtctgctgac atgcggtgac gtggaagaga atccccggccc ttctagaatg gttagcaagg 180

gagaggagct gttaccggg gtgggtgcca tcttggtcga gctggacggc gacgtaaagc 240

gccacaagtt cagcgtgtcc ggcgagggcg agggcgatgc cacctaeggc aagctgaccc 300

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tgaagtteat ctgcaccacc ggcaagctgc ccgtgccctg gcccaccctc gtgaccacce	360
tgacctaaact gtgccttcta gttgccagcc atctgttgtt tgcccctccc ccgtgccttc	420
cttgaccctg gaagggtgcca ctcccactgt cctttcctaa taaaatgagg aaattgcatc	480
gcattgtctg agtaggtgtc attctattct ggggggtggg gtggggcagg acagcaaggg	540
ggaggattgg gaagacaata gcaggcatgc tggggatgcg gtgggctcta tggcgggtacc	600
agaggggtga gctttcccct tgccctcccc tactgggttt tgtgacctcc aaaggactca	660
caggaatgac ctccaacacc tttgagaaga ccaggccctc	700

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 149

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 1219

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 149

gattgcctca gatcacacta tctccacttg cccagccctg tggaagatta gcggccatgt	60
attccaatgt gataggaact gtaacctctg gaaaaggtta cgaattcgag gccagaggca	120
gtctgctgac atgcgggtgac gtggaagaga atcccggccc ttctagaatg gttagcaagg	180
gcgaggagct gttcaccggg gtggtgcca tcctggtcga gctggacggc gacgtaaacg	240
gccacaagtt cagcgtgtcc ggcaggggag agggcgatgc cacctacggc aagctgacct	300
tgaagtteat ctgcaccacc ggcaagctgc ccgtgccctg gcccaccctc gtgaccacce	360
tgacctacgg cgtgcagtgc ttcagccgct accccgacca catgaagcag cagcacttct	420
tcaagtccgc catgcccga ggtacgtcc aggagcgcac catcttcttc aaggacgacg	480
gcaactacaa gacccgcgcc gaggtgaagt tcgagggcga caccctggtg aaccgcatcg	540
agctgaaggg catcgacttc aaggaggacg gcaacatcct ggggcacaag cttgagtaca	600
actacaacag ccacaacgtc tatatcatgg ccgacaagca gaagaacggc atcaaggtga	660
acttcaagat ccgccacaac atcgaggacg gcagcgtgca gctcggcgac cactaccage	720
agaacacccc catcggcgac ggccccgtgc tgctgcccga caaccactac ctgagcacc	780
agtccgcct gagcaagac cccaacgaga agcgcgatca catggtcctg ctggagtctg	840
tgaccgccgc cgggatcact ctccgcatgg acgagctgta caagtaactg tgccttctag	900
ttgccagcca tctgttgttt gccctcccc cgtgccttcc ttgaccctgg aaggtgccac	960
tcccactgtc ctttcctaat aaaatgagga aattgcatcg cattgtctga gtaggtgtca	1020
ttctattctg ggggggtggg tggggcagga cagcaagggg gaggattggg aagacaatag	1080
caggcatgct ggggatgctg tgggctctat ggcggtacca gaggggtgag ctttcccctt	1140
gcctgcccct actgggtttt gtgacctcca aaggactcac aggaatgacc tccaacacct	1200
ttgagaagac caggccctc	1219

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 150

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 502

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 150

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ctccctccct ggcccaggtg aaggtgtggt tccagaaccg gaggacaaag tacaaacggc   60
agaagctgga ggaggaaggg cctgagtccg agcagaagaa cgaattcgag ggcagaggca   120
gtctgctgac atgcggtgac gtggaagaga atccccggccc ttctagataa ctgtgccttc   180
tagttgccag ccatctgttg tttgcgctc actcgtgcct tcattgacct tggaaaggtgc   240
cactcccact gtcctttcct aataaaatga ggaaattgca tcgattgtc tgagtaggtg   300
tcattctatt ctggcgtatc gagtggctca ggacagcaag agcgaggatt gggaaagacaa   360
tagcaggcat gctggggatg cgggtgggctc tatggcggtc ccgaagggtc cccatcacat   420
caaccggtgg cgcattgcca cgaagcaggc caatggggag gacatcgatg tcacctccaa   480
tgactagggt gggcaaccac aa                                         502

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<210> SEQ ID NO 151
<211> LENGTH: 700
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 151

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agaagctgga ggaggaaggg cctgagtccg agcagaagaa cgaattcgag ggcagaggca   120
gtctgctgac atgcggtgac gtggaagaga atccccggccc ttctagaatg gttagcaagg   180
gcgaggagct gttaccgggg gtggtgccc tccctggtcga gctggacggc gacgtaaacy   240
gccacaagtt cagcgtgtcc ggcgagggag agggcgatgc cacctacggc aagctgacct   300
tgaagtteat ctgaccacc ggcaagctgc cagtgccctg gcctaccctc gtgaccacc   360
tgacctaaat gtgccttota gttgccagcc atctgttgtt tgcgctcac tcgtgccttc   420
attgacctg gaaggtgcca ctcccactgt cctttcctaa taaaatgagg aaattgcatc   480
gcattgtctg agtaggtgct attctattct ggcgtatcga gtggctcagg acagcaagag   540
cgaggattgg gaagacaata gcaggcatgc tggggatgcy gtgggctcta tggcgggtacc   600
gaagggtcc catcacatca accggtggcg cattgccacg aagcaggcca atggggagga   660
catcgatgct acctccaatg actagggtgg gcaaccacaa                                         700

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<210> SEQ ID NO 152
<211> LENGTH: 1219
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 152

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ctccctccct ggcccaggtg aaggtgtggt tccagaaccg gaggacaaag tacaaacggc   60
agaagctgga ggaggaaggg cctgagtccg agcagaagaa cgaattcgag ggcagaggca   120
gtctgctgac atgcggtgac gtggaagaga atccccggccc ttctagaatg gttagcaagg   180
gcgaggagct gttaccgggg gtggtgccc tccctggtcga gctggacggc gacgtaaacy   240
gccacaagtt cagcgtgtcc ggcgagggag agggcgatgc cacctacggc aagctgacct   300
tgaagtteat ctgaccacc ggcaagctgc cagtgccctg gcctaccctc gtgaccacc   360
tgacctacgg cgtgcagtgc ttcagccgct accccgacca catgaagcag caccgcttct   420

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tcaagtccgc catgcccgaaggctacgtcc agggagcgcac catcttcttc aaggacgacg	480
gcaactacaa gaccctgtgcc gaggtgaagt tcgaaggcga caccttggtg aaccgcatcg	540
agctgaaggg catcgacttc aaggaggacg gcaacatcct ggggcacaag cttgagtaca	600
actacaacag ccacaacgtc tatatcatgg ccgacaagca gaagaacggc atcaagggtga	660
acttcaagat ccgccacaac atcgaggacg gtagcgtgca gctcgtgac cactaccagc	720
agaacactcc tateggagac ggtcctgtgc tgctgccaga caaccactac ctgagcacac	780
agtccgctct gagcaaagac cctaacgaga agcgcgatca catggctctg ctggagtctg	840
tgacagccgc tgggatcact ctccggcatgg acgagctgta caagtaactg tgccttctag	900
ttgccagcca tctgttgttt ggcctcact cgtgccttca ttgacctgg aagggtgccac	960
tcccactgtc ctttcctaataaaatgagga aattgcatcg cattgtctga gtaggtgtca	1020
ttctattctg gcgtatcgag tggctcagga cagcaagagc gaggattggg aagacaatag	1080
caggcatgct ggggatgctg tgggtctat ggcggtaccg aagggtccc atcacatcaa	1140
ccggtggcgc attgccacga agcaggccaa tggggaggac atcgatgtca cctccaatga	1200
ctagggtggg caaccacaa	1219

<210> SEQ ID NO 153  
 <211> LENGTH: 32  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 153

gattgcctca gatcacacta tctccacttg cc	32
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<210> SEQ ID NO 154  
 <211> LENGTH: 27  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 154

gagggcctgg tcttctcaaa ggtgttg	27
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<210> SEQ ID NO 155  
 <211> LENGTH: 32  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
 <222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 155

gattgcctca gatcacacta tctccacttg cc	32
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<210> SEQ ID NO 156  
 <211> LENGTH: 27  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
 <220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 156

gagggcctgg tcttctcaaa ggtgttg 27

<210> SEQ ID NO 157  
<211> LENGTH: 23  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 157

ctccctccct ggcccaggtg aag 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 158  
<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 158

ttgtggttgc ccaccctagt cattgga 27

<210> SEQ ID NO 159  
<211> LENGTH: 23  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 159

ctccctccct ggcccaggtg aag 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 160  
<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 160

ttgtggttgc ccaccctagt cattgga 27

<210> SEQ ID NO 161  
<211> LENGTH: 20  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 161

gagtcgagc agaagaagaa 20

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<210> SEQ ID NO 162  
<211> LENGTH: 47  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 162

tttctggttg tgctgatatt gcctttatgt gattgctgta tgtctcc 47

<210> SEQ ID NO 163  
<211> LENGTH: 42  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 163

acttgctgt cgctctatct tcgaatctgc caggtgctga ta 42

<210> SEQ ID NO 164  
<211> LENGTH: 43  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 164

tttctggttg tgctgatatt gcctgtgctt taccagttc tct 43

<210> SEQ ID NO 165  
<211> LENGTH: 42  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 165

acttgctgt cgctctatct tcgctgggtc tctgacatct tt 42

<210> SEQ ID NO 166  
<211> LENGTH: 32  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine

<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 166

gattgcctca gatcacacta tctccacttg cc 32

<210> SEQ ID NO 167

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<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 167

gagggcctgg tcttctcaaa ggtggtg

27

<210> SEQ ID NO 168  
<211> LENGTH: 32  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 168

gattgcctca gatcacacta tctccacttg cc

32

<210> SEQ ID NO 169  
<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 169  
  
gagggcctgg tcttctcaaa ggtgttg 27  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 170  
<211> LENGTH: 23  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 170  
  
ctccctcct ggcccagggtg aag 23  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 171  
<211> LENGTH: 27  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 171  
  
ttgtggttgc ccaccctagt cattgga 27  
  
<210> SEQ ID NO 172  
<211> LENGTH: 23  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 172

ctccctcctt ggcccaggtg aag                                     23

<210> SEQ ID NO 173
<211> LENGTH: 26
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 173

ttgtggttgc ccaccctagt cattgg                                     26

<210> SEQ ID NO 174
<211> LENGTH: 30
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 174

gtcgtaccga ctggtagatg acagcaaac                                     30

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<210> SEQ ID NO 175  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 175

ggtctcgact atacgccgt tttcggatc 29

<210> SEQ ID NO 176  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 176

gtcgtaccga ctggtagatg acagcaaacc 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 177  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 177

ggtctcgact atacgccgt tttcggatc 29

<210> SEQ ID NO 178  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 178

gtcgtaccga ctggtagatg acagcaaacc 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 179  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 179

ggtctcgact atacgccgt tttcggatc

29

<210> SEQ ID NO 180  
<211> LENGTH: 30  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 180

gtcgtaccga ctggtagatg acagcaaac

30

<210> SEQ ID NO 181  
<211> LENGTH: 29  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature



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<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 181

gggtctcgact atacgcccgt tttcggatc                29

<210> SEQ ID NO 182
<211> LENGTH: 1180
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 182

aacgaccact ttgtcaagct catttcctgg tatgtggctg gggccagaga ctggctetta    60
aaaagtgcag ggtctggcgc cctctggctg ctggctcaga aaaagggccc tgacaactct    120
tttcatcttc taggtatgac aacgaatttg gctacagcaa cagggtggtg gacctcatgg    180
cccacatggc ctccaaggag ggatctggcg ccaccaattt cagcctgctg aaacaggctg    240
gcgacgtgga agagaacctt ggacctgtga gcaagggcga ggagctgttc accggggctg    300
tgcccacact ggtcgagctg gacggcgacg taaacggcca caagttcagc gtgtccggcg    360
agggcgaggg cgatgccacc tacggcaagc tgacctgaa gttcactctgc accaccggca    420
agctgcccgt gccctggccc accctcgtga ccacctgac ctacggcgtg cagtgtctca    480
gccgctaccc cgaccacatg aagcagcaag acttcttcaa gtccgceatg cccgaaggct    540
acgtccagga gcgcaccatc ttcttcaagg acgacggcaa ctacaagacc cgcgcccagg    600
tgaagtctga gggcgacacc ctggtgaacc gcatcgagct gaagggcatc gacttcaagg    660
aggacggcaa catcctgggg cacaagctgg agtacaacta caacagccac aacgtctata    720
tcatggccga caagcagaag aacggcatca aggtgaactt caagatccgc cacaacatcg    780
aggacggcag cgtgcagctc gccgaccact accagcagaa caccoccatc ggcgacggcc    840
ccgtgctgct gcccgacaac cactacctga gcaccacgtc cgccctgagc aaagacccca    900
acgagaagcg cgatcacatg gtctctgctg agttcgtgac cgccgcccggg atcactctcg    960
gcatggacga gctgtacaag taagaccctt ggaccaccag cccagcaag agcacaagag    1020
gaagagagag accctcactg ctggggagtc cctgccacac tcagtcccc accacactga    1080
atctcccctc ctcacagttg ccatgtagac cccttgaaga ggggaggggc ctagggagcc    1140
gcacctgtgc atgtaccatc aataaagtac cctgtgtctca                1180

<210> SEQ ID NO 183
<211> LENGTH: 1188
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 183

gtcgtaccga ctggtagatg acagcaaac tgttcccttt tcggctctgc aacaccgctc    60

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agaccgaccg gatacacggg tagggettcc gctttaccog tctccctcct ggcgcttgc 120
ctcctctccc agtcggcacc acagcgggtg ctgccggggc tgggtgctggg gggctcggtg 180
gtttttgtct caccgttggg gtccgtgccc ttcagttgcc cgccatggct ggatctgggt 240
gtactagtgg aagcaagggt gaggagctgt tcaccggagt ggtgcctatc ctggtcgagc 300
tggacggcga cgtaaacggg cacaagtcca gcgtgcgtgg tgagggcgag ggcgatgcca 360
ccaacggcaa gctgacctg aagtcatct gcaccactgg caagctgctt gttccatggc 420
caacctcgt gactacactg acctacggcg ttcagtgctt cagccgttac cctgaccata 480
tgaagcgtca cgacttcttc aagtctgcca tgccctgaag ctacgtccag gagcgtacca 540
tcagcttcaa ggacgatggc acctacaaga ctctgcccga ggtgaagttc gagggtgaca 600
ccctggtgaa ccgcatcgag ctgaagggtg tcgacttcaa ggaggacggc aacatcctgg 660
gtcacaagct ggagtacaac ttcaacagcc acaacgteta taccaccgcc gacaagcaga 720
agaacggcat caaggccaac ttcaagattc gtcacaacgt ggaggacggg agcgtgcagc 780
tcgcagacca ctaccagcag aacacgccta tcggcgacgg tccagtgttg ctgccagaca 840
accactacct gagcaccag tccgtgctga gcaaagacc gaacgagaag cgcgatcaca 900
tggctcctgct ggagtctggt accgcagccg gtatcactgg aaccggtgct ggaagtgggt 960
agctggatcc gttcggcgcc cctgcggcg cccctggcg tcccgcgctg gggaaacggag 1020
tggccggcgc cggcgaagaa gacccggctg cggccttctt ggcgcagcaa gagagcgaga 1080
ttgcgggcat cgagaacgac gaggccttcg ccactcctga cggcgggccc cccgggcccc 1140
agccgcacgg cgagccgccc atccgaaaac gggcgtatag tcgagacc 1188

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&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 184

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 1129

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 184

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tcaggggccc ggcgcccgcc ccggaagtac ttccccttaa aggtggggc ctgccgaaa 60
tggcgacgag gcagggagg gctcttcacc cagtcggca gttgaagctc ggcgctcggg 120
ttaccctcgc agcagcggcc cctggtccca cagataccac tgctgctccc gcccttctgc 180
tcctcggcgc cgcaatgggc ggatcgggtg ggactagtgg cagcaagggc gaggagctgt 240
tcaccggggt ggtgcccatc ctggtcgagc tggacggcga cgtaaacggc cacaagtcca 300
gcgtgcgccc cgagggcgag ggcgatgcca ccaacggcaa gctgacctg aagtcatct 360
gcaccaccgg caagctgccc gtgcctggc ccacctcgt gaccacctg acctacggcg 420
tgcagtgtt cagccgctac cccgaccaca tgaagcga cgacttcttc aagtccgcca 480
tgcccgaagg ctacgtccag gagcgcacca tcagcttcaa ggacgacggc acctacaaga 540
cccgcgccc ggtgaagttc gagggcgaca ccctggtgaa ccgcatcgag ctgaagggca 600
tcgacttcaa ggaggacggc aacatcctgg ggcacaagct ggagtacaac ttcaacagcc 660
acaacgteta taccaccgcc gacaagcaga agaacggcat caaggccaac ttcaagatcc 720
gccacaacgt ggaggacggc agcgtgcagc tcgcccacca ctaccagcag aacaccccc 780
tcggcgacgg ccccgctgtg ctgcccgaca accactacct gagcaccag tccgtgctga 840

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gcaaagaccc caacgagaag cgcgatcaca tggctctgct ggagttcgtg accgccgccg    900
ggatcactgg aaccggtgct ggaagtggta cacgcgacga cgagtacgac tacctcttta    960
aaggtgaggc catgggtctc cgcactctac acagtctctg ttcggggacc cggggccactc   1020
ccggtggacc ctctgtgccg ccaccctctc actgatatag gcctccctca gcccttctct   1080
tttgtcgggt tccgtctctc acccagctca gcctcttctc ccccgctca                1129

```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 185
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<400> SEQUENCE: 185

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cctccaagga gtaagacccc                20

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 186
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<400> SEQUENCE: 186

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```

gaacggatcc agctcagcca                20

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 187
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 187

```

```

ggtagtcgta ctctctctctg                20

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 188
<211> LENGTH: 34
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<400> SEQUENCE: 188

```

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acgaagtgtt ggatataagc cagactgtaa gtga                34

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 189
<211> LENGTH: 46
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<400> SEQUENCE: 189

```

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tctaagcaat tataagccat ttcacataaa actcttttag gttaaa                46

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<210> SEQ ID NO 190
<211> LENGTH: 34
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

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<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 190

acgaagtgtt ggatataagc cagactgtaa gtga 34

<210> SEQ ID NO 191  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 191

tctaagcaat tataagccat ttcacataaa actctttag gtaaa 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 192  
<211> LENGTH: 41  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 192

gccctgtagt ctctctgtat gttatatgtc acattttgta a 41

<210> SEQ ID NO 193  
<211> LENGTH: 40  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 193

aagtaattca cttacagtct ggcttatatc caacacttcg 40

<210> SEQ ID NO 194  
<211> LENGTH: 41  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 194

gccctgtagt ctctctgtat gttatatgtc acattttgta a 41

<210> SEQ ID NO 195  
<211> LENGTH: 40  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 195

aagtaattca cttacagtct ggcttatatc caacacttcg 40

<210> SEQ ID NO 196  
<211> LENGTH: 24  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 196

agcttgctgg tgaaaaggac ccca 24

<210> SEQ ID NO 197  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 197

aatgtgcctc tctacaaata ttctctaagc aattataagc catttc 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 198  
<211> LENGTH: 24  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 198

agcttgctgg tgaaaaggac ccca 24

<210> SEQ ID NO 199  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 199

aatgtgcctc tctacaaata ttctctaagc aattataagc catttc 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 200  
<211> LENGTH: 34  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 200

acgtcagtct tctcttttgt aatgcctgt agtc 34

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<210> SEQ ID NO 201  
<211> LENGTH: 45  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 201  
  
gatggttaaa tgattgacaa aaaaagtaat tcacttacag tctgg 45

<210> SEQ ID NO 202  
<211> LENGTH: 34  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 202  
  
acgtcagtct tctcttttgt aatgcctgt agtc 34

<210> SEQ ID NO 203  
<211> LENGTH: 45  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 203  
  
gatggttaaa tgattgacaa aaaaagtaat tcacttacag tctgg 45

<210> SEQ ID NO 204  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 204  
  
tgtagtctct ctgtatgta tatgtcacat tttgtaatta acagct 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 205  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
  
<400> SEQUENCE: 205  
  
atthagataa agaaaacatc acttttaaat ctaatactgg caaatg 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 206  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
<400> SEQUENCE: 206  
tgtagtctct ctgtatggtta tatgtcacat tttgtaatta acagct 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 207  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<400> SEQUENCE: 207  
atthagataa agaaaacatc actttttaaact ctaatactgg caaatg 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 208  
<211> LENGTH: 33  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<400> SEQUENCE: 208  
catggtacac tcagcacgga tgaatgaaa cag 33

<210> SEQ ID NO 209  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<400> SEQUENCE: 209  
agcaattata agccatttca cataaaactc ttttaggtta aagatg 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 210  
<211> LENGTH: 33  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<400> SEQUENCE: 210  
catggtacac tcagcacgga tgaatgaaa cag 33

<210> SEQ ID NO 211  
<211> LENGTH: 46  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

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<400> SEQUENCE: 211

agcaattata agccatttca cataaaactc ttttaggtta aagatg 46

<210> SEQ ID NO 212

<211> LENGTH: 42

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 212

tctcagattc cagtttcagc aaatttgctt gatatgtaca gc 42

<210> SEQ ID NO 213

<211> LENGTH: 36

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 213

tgaatagagt gggtgcacaa acttacggat catttg 36

<210> SEQ ID NO 214

<211> LENGTH: 23

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 214

atggtgagca agggcgagga gct 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 215

<211> LENGTH: 22

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 215

agagtgatcc cggeggcggt ca 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 216

<211> LENGTH: 28

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence



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<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 216

cccacaattc gctctcacca aacctgag 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 217  
<211> LENGTH: 61  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

<400> SEQUENCE: 217

agtagtaata gtagtagtat taaataattt gataaataat ttagcaata tagttttttg 60  
t 61

<210> SEQ ID NO 218  
<211> LENGTH: 28  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 218

cccacaattc gctctcacca aacctgag 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 219  
<211> LENGTH: 61  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 219

agtagtaata gtagtagtat taaataattt gataaataat ttagcaata tagttttttg 60  
t 61

<210> SEQ ID NO 220  
<211> LENGTH: 28  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 220

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cccacaattc gctctcacca aacctgag 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 221  
<211> LENGTH: 61  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboguanosine  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)

<400> SEQUENCE: 221

agtagtaata gtagtagtat taaataattt gataaataat ttagcaata tagttttttg 60  
t 61

<210> SEQ ID NO 222  
<211> LENGTH: 28  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin moiety  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 222

cccacaattc gctctcacca aacctgag 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 223  
<211> LENGTH: 61  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin moiety
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 223

agtagtaata gtagtagtat taataattt gataaataat ttagcaata tagttttttg      60
t                                                                           61

<210> SEQ ID NO 224
<211> LENGTH: 39
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin moiety
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (2)..(3)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (3)..(4)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 224

ggtacaagtg gatttgacta attacgagtg gcttgataa      39

<210> SEQ ID NO 225
<211> LENGTH: 39
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin moiety
<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(2)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 226

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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<400> SEQUENCE: 228

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t 61

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<220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 230

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 231

agtagtaata gtagtagtat taaataattt gataaataat ttagcaata tagttttttg 60  
t 61

<210> SEQ ID NO 232

<211> LENGTH: 28

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic

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<222> LOCATION: (1)..(1)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

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<222> LOCATION: (2)..(2)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

<220> FEATURE:

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<222> LOCATION: (3)..(3)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified ribocytidine

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified riboadenosine

<220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc\_feature  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 2'-O-methoxyethyl modified 5-methyluridine  
(ribothymidine)  
  
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t 61

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin moiety  
<220> FEATURE:  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 5'-biotin moiety  
<220> FEATURE:  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage  
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<222> LOCATION: (4)..(5)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage
<220> FEATURE:
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<222> LOCATION: (5)..(6)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phosphorothioate 5'-3' linkage

<400> SEQUENCE: 235

agtagtaata gtagtagtat taataattt gataaataat ttagcaata tagttttttg      60
t                                                                                   61

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**1.** A double stranded DNA homology directed repair (HDR) donor comprising: a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprise modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**2.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the modifications comprise: modifications to the 2'-position of one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and modifications to the 2'-position of one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the second homology arm region.

**3.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the modifications comprise modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region.

**4.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the modifications at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor comprise one or more of: 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE.

**5.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the modifications at or near the 5'-termini of the double stranded DNA HDR donor comprise 2'-MOE.

**6.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the modification at or near the 5'-termini are non-template mismatches relative to a target DNA.

**7.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region are 40 to 150 nucleotides in length.

**8.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region are at least 100 nucleotides in length.

**9.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the double stranded DNA HDR donor further comprises universal primer sequences.

**10.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the insert region is greater than 100 bp.

**11.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the insert region is greater than 0.25 kb, greater than 0.5 kb, greater than 1 kb, greater than 2 kb, greater than 3 kb, greater than 4 kb, greater than 5 kb, greater than 6 kb, greater than 7 kb, greater than 8 kb, greater than 9 kb, or greater than 10 kb.

**12.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the double stranded HDR donor comprises a hairpin at either the 5'-terminus or the 3'-terminus.

**13.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the double stranded HDR donor comprises a hairpin at both the 5'-terminus and the 3'-terminus.

**14.** The double stranded DNA HDR donor of claim **1**, wherein the double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system.

**15.** A programmable nuclease system comprising: a modified double stranded DNA homology directed repair (HDR) donor, a programmable nuclease enzyme, and a gRNA, wherein the gRNA molecule is capable of targeting the programmable nuclease molecule to a target nucleic acid.

**16.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises a first homology arm region, an insert region, and a second homology arm region; wherein the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region comprises modifications to one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**17.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises modifications to the 2'-position of the 5'-terminal nucleotide, the 5'-penultimate nucleotide, the 5'-antepenultimate (third) nucleotide, or a combination of the nucleotides at or near the 5'-terminus of the first homology arm region and the second homology arm region.

**18.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises at least one 2'-OME, 2'-F, or 2'-MOE modifications one or more nucleotides at or near the 5'-termini.

**19.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises one or more 2'-MOE modifications at or near the 5'-termini.

**20.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor comprises universal primer sequences.

**21.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the modified double stranded DNA HDR donor improves homology directed repair efficiency and reduces homology-independent integration in a programmable nuclease system.

**22.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the programmable nuclease system comprises one or more of transcription activator-like effector nucleases (Taalense), zinc fingers (ZFNs), or clustered, regularly interspaced, short palindromic repeat (CRISPR).

**23.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the programmable nuclease system is CRISPR.

**24.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the programmable nuclease enzyme is CRISPR associated-9 (Cas9).

**25.** The programmable nuclease system of claim **15**, wherein the programmable nuclease system further comprises one or more HDR enhancers.

**26-39.** (canceled)

\* \* \* \* \*