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(54) **FLEXIBLE IMPELLER APPARATUS AND METHOD**

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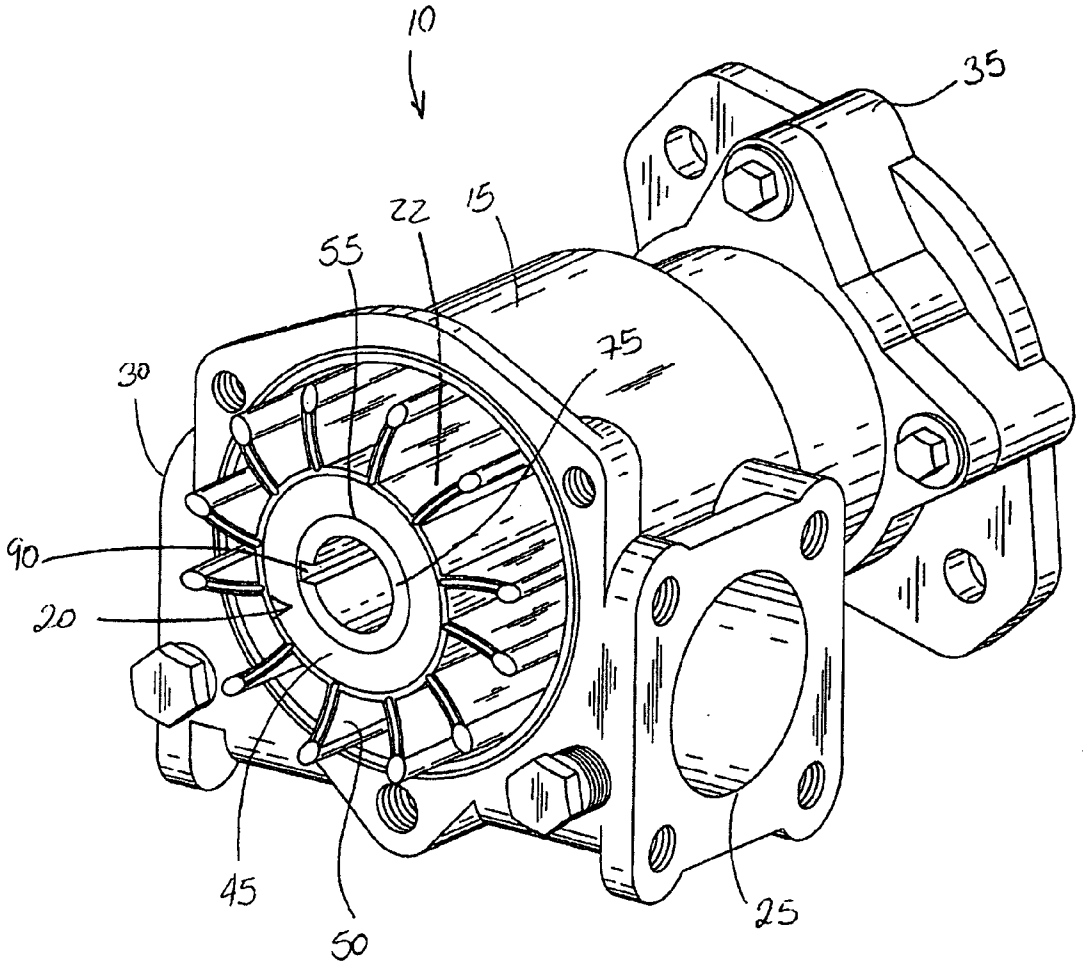
(57) **ABSTRACT**

Embodiments of the invention provide an impeller assembly having a flexible impeller and a method of replacing a removable drive mechanism. The impeller assembly includes an impeller having an outer portion defining a substantially cylindrical shape, at least one flexible blade extending radially outward from the outer portion, and a first bore extending a first axial length. The impeller assembly also includes a tubular insert supported at least partially within the first bore. The tubular insert has a second bore defining a substantially cylindrical shape with a first radial distance from an axis passing through the center of the impeller, and a key portion radially extending from the second bore. The key portion defines a second radial distance from the axis larger than the first radial distance.



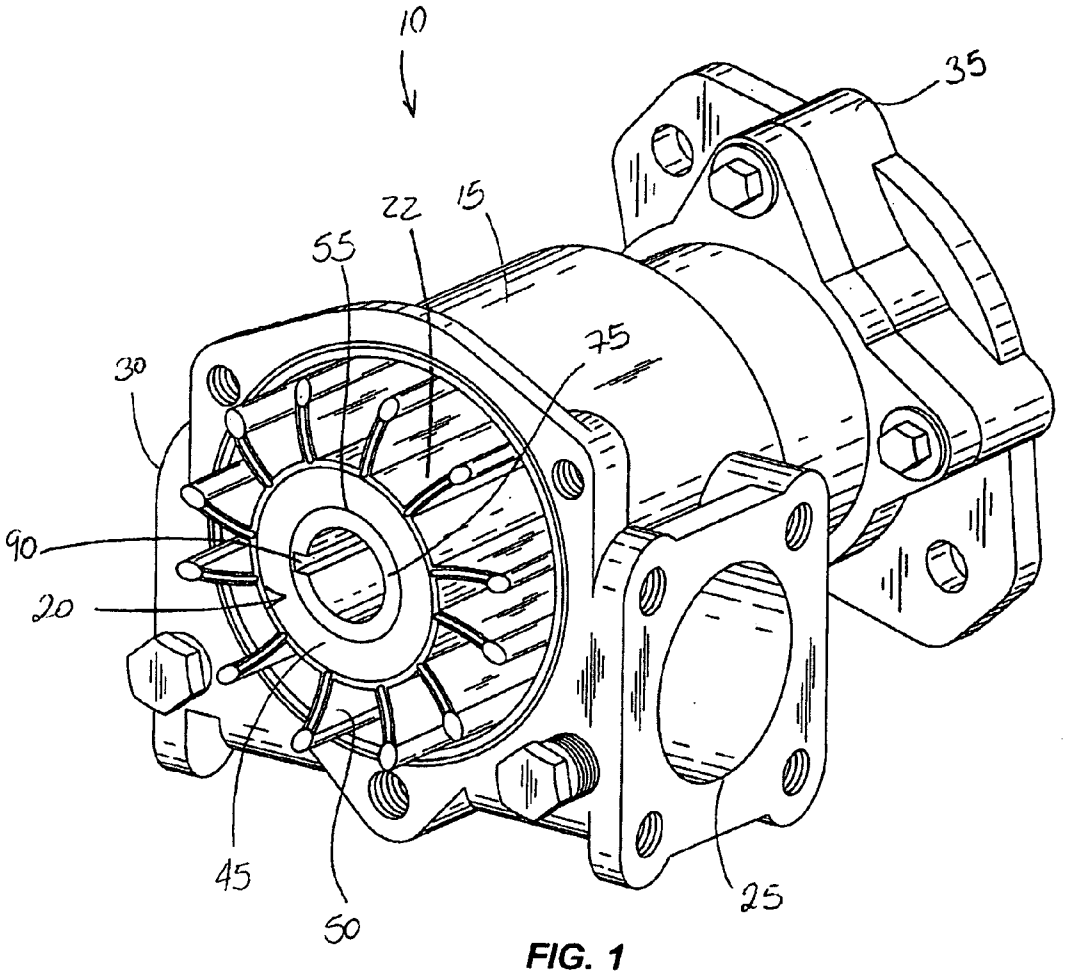


FIG. 1

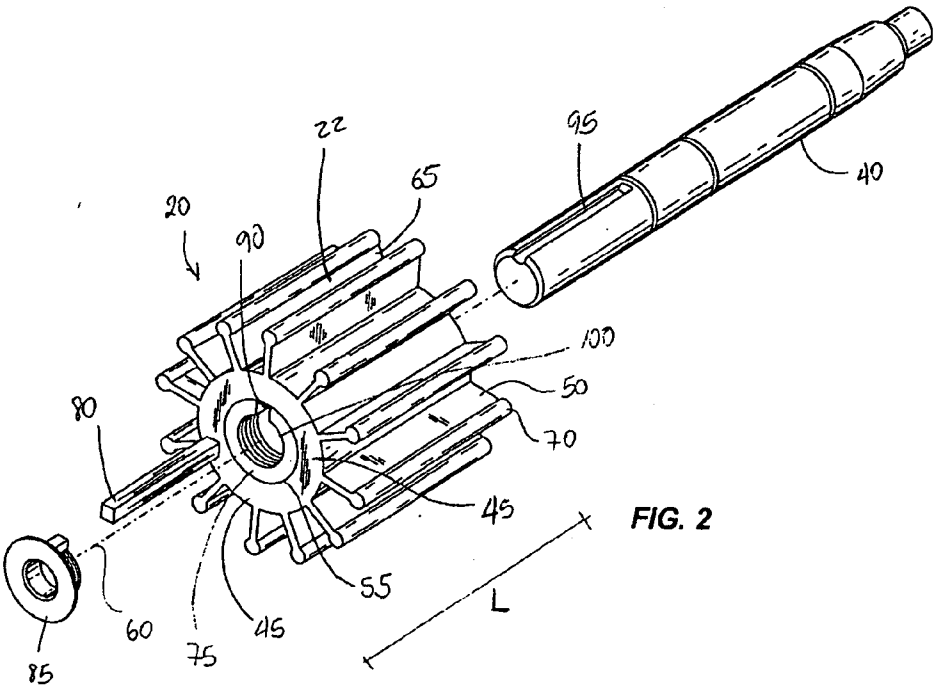


FIG. 2

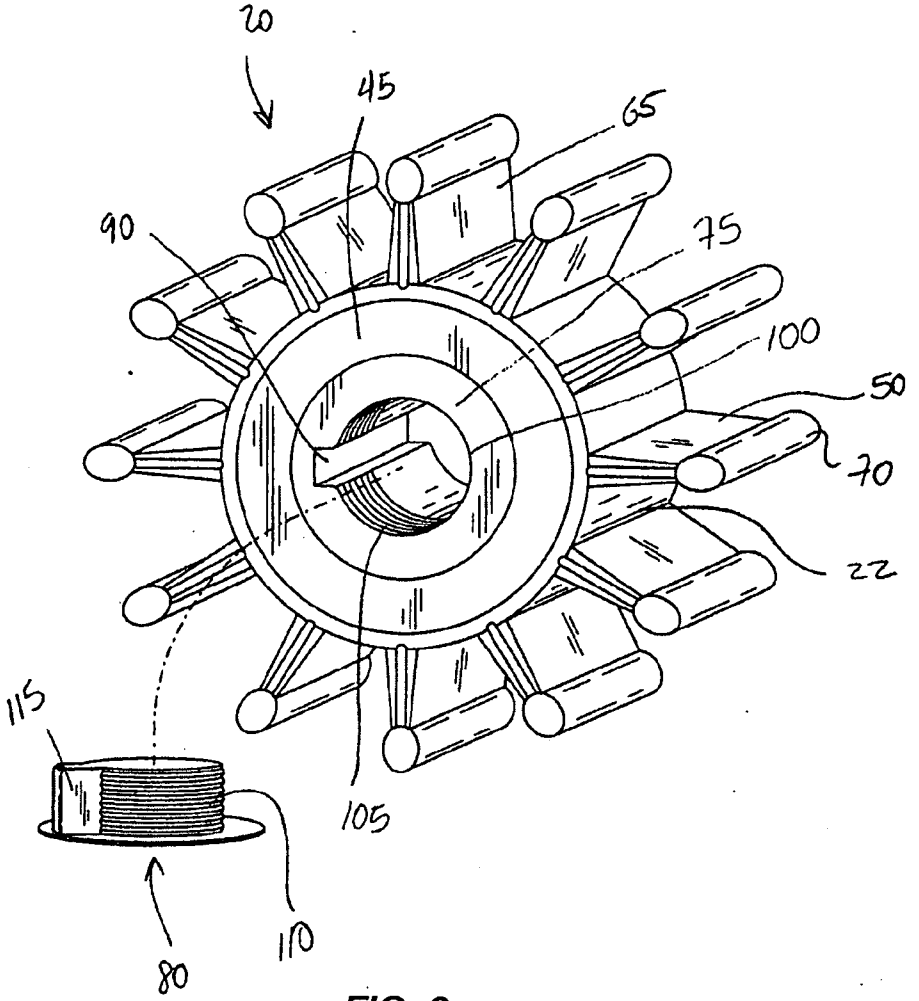


FIG. 3

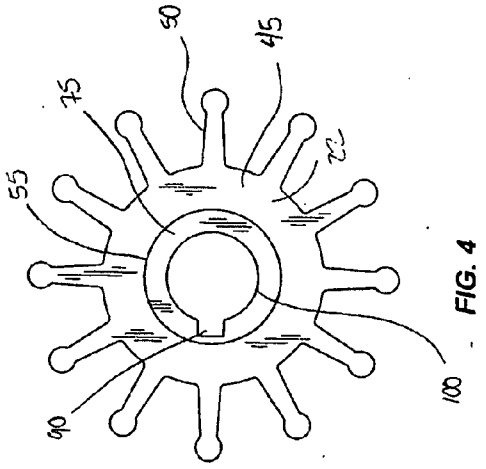


FIG. 4

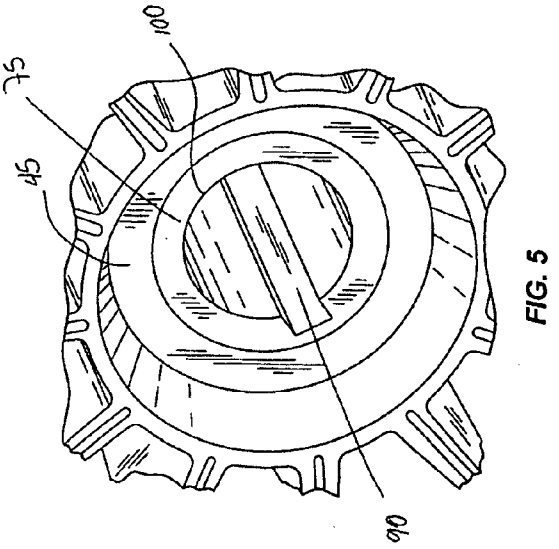


FIG. 5

FLEXIBLE IMPELLER APPARATUS AND METHOD

RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/999,893 filed on Oct. 22, 2007, the entire contents of which is incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Flexible rubber impeller pumps are generally used in the marine industry as raw water coolant pumps for diesel and gasoline internal combustion engines. The pumps draw water from a lake or ocean and either pump it directly to an engine, as is the case of pleasure boat engines, or through a heat exchanger as is the case of larger diesel engines. The rubber impeller in this variety of pumps typically includes an insert of a metal or plastic and a number of flexible blades. The rubber impeller needs to be periodically replaced due to wear and deterioration over time. Most manufacturers of flexible rubber impeller pumps recommend that the impeller be replaced at least annually. In addition, impeller failure can occur prematurely from various reasons, such as the pump suction being blocked or running in an adverse environment and such as in running water saturated with silt, sand, or other corrosive materials.

[0003] In the case of marine engines, when an engine overheats, one common check for maintenance personnel is to evaluate the impellers in the pump, which could be under less than ideal conditions. Conditions contributing to the deterioration of the impellers usually include usage in an overheating engine, cramped engine compartment, usage of inadequate tools for maintenance, and possibly a boat which may be adrift in rough seas and foul weather. The removal of the impeller for checking and possibly replacing is further complicated by the presence of corrosion and the build up of deposits between the impeller insert and the shaft.

SUMMARY

[0004] Some embodiments of the invention provide an impeller assembly removably mounted into a pump. The impeller assembly includes an impeller having an outer portion defining a substantially cylindrical shape, at least one flexible blade extending radially outward from the outer portion, and a first bore extending a first axial length. The impeller assembly also includes a tubular insert supported at least partially within the first bore. The tubular insert has a second bore defining a substantially cylindrical shape with a first radial distance from an axis passing through the center of the impeller, and a key portion radially extending from the second bore. The key portion defines a second radial distance from the axis larger than the first radial distance.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0005] FIG. **1** is a perspective view of a pump assembly according to one embodiment of the invention.

[0006] FIG. **2** is an exploded view of a shaft and a flexible impeller assembly for use with the pump assembly of FIG. **1**.

[0007] FIG. **3** is a perspective view of a flexible impeller and a cap of FIG. **2**.

[0008] FIG. **4** is a front view of the flexible impeller of FIG. **3**.

[0009] FIG. **5** is a partial perspective view of the flexible impeller of FIG. **1**.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0010] Before any embodiments of the invention are explained in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of construction and the arrangement of components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the following drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced or of being carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology used herein is for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting. The use of "including," "comprising," or "having" and variations thereof herein is meant to encompass the items listed thereafter and equivalents thereof as well as additional items. Unless specified or limited otherwise, the terms "mounted," "connected," "supported," and "coupled" and variations thereof are used broadly and encompass both direct and indirect mountings, connections, supports, and couplings. Further, "connected" and "coupled" are not restricted to physical or mechanical connections or couplings.

[0011] The following discussion is presented to enable a person skilled in the art to make and use embodiments of the invention. Various modifications to the illustrated embodiments will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, and the generic principles herein can be applied to other embodiments and applications without departing from embodiments of the invention. Thus, embodiments of the invention are not intended to be limited to embodiments shown, but are to be accorded the widest scope consistent with the principles and features disclosed herein. The following detailed description is to be read with reference to the figures, in which like elements in different figures have like reference numerals. The figures, which are not necessarily to scale, depict selected embodiments and are not intended to limit the scope of embodiments of the invention. Skilled artisans will recognize the examples provided herein have many useful alternatives and fall within the scope of embodiments of the invention.

[0012] FIG. **1** is an exploded view of a pump assembly **10** including an impeller housing **15** to support a flexible impeller assembly **20**, a fluid inlet **25**, a fluid outlet **30**, and a connection portion **35** to connect the pump assembly **10** to a removable drive mechanism generally including a shaft **40** (as shown in FIG. **2**). Other configurations of the pump assembly **10** are possible. For example, other constructions of the pump assembly **10** can include the fluid inlet **25** and the fluid outlet **30** oriented vertically (as opposed to horizontally as shown in FIG. **1**). In other constructions, the pump assembly **10** can include a different connection portion **35** to connect the pump assembly **10** to any suitable mechanism operable to engage the flexible impeller assembly **20**.

[0013] As shown in FIGS. **1-5**, the flexible impeller assembly **20** includes a flexible impeller **22** with an outer portion **45** generally defining a cylindrical shape, a number of flexible blades **50** extending radially outward from the outer portion **45**, and a first bore **55**. As shown in FIG. **2**, the flexible impeller assembly **20** extends a first axial length L along an axis **60**. The outer portion **45** and flexible blades **50** of the impeller **22** are generally manufactured of a rubber-like or resilient material, although other suitable flexible materials can be used. The impeller assembly **20** also includes a tubular insert **75** with a key portion **90**.

[0014] FIG. **2** illustrates the flexible impeller assembly **20** and the shaft **40**. As shown in FIG. **2**, the flexible impeller assembly **20** defines the axial length L. However, other constructions of the flexible impeller **20** can include the flexible impeller **22** defining a different axial length than the insert **75**. Moreover, other constructions of the impeller **22** can include the flexible blades **50** defining a different axial length than the outer portion **45**. Each flexible blade **50** includes a radially elongated portion **65** and an end portion **70** having generally the shape of a cylinder. Other configurations of the flexible blades **50** are also possible. For example, as shown in FIG. **3**, the elongated portion **65** of the flexible blade **50** can define a substantially triangular sectional area. In other embodiments, the elongated portion **65** and the end portion **70** can define any suitable shape to provide desirable operating conditions of the pump assembly **10**.

[0015] As shown in FIGS. **2** and **3**, the pump assembly **10** also includes a key **80** and a cap **85**. The tubular insert **75** is generally formed of a plastic material or a metal, and includes a key portion **90** to support the key **80**, and a second bore **100** with a threaded end portion **105**. The shaft **40** includes an axial groove **95** extending at one end of the shaft **40** generally parallel to the axis **60**. At least a portion of the shaft **40** is generally supported within the second bore **100**. In addition, the cap **85** includes a threaded portion **110** and a radial extension **115**.

[0016] In one embodiment of the pump assembly **10**, the shaft **40** can be inserted within the second bore **100** so that the axial groove **95** is supported within the tubular insert **75**. Generally, the shaft **40** extends within the second bore **100** a second axial length which is smaller than the first axial length L defining the axial length of the flexible impeller assembly **20**. The axial groove **95** and the key portion **90** are aligned and thus both are made operable to support the key **80** so as to substantially restrict rotation of the shaft **40** with respect to the flexible impeller assembly **20**. Subsequently to inserting the key **80** within the groove **95** and the key portion **90**, it is possible to mount the cap **85** at one end of the tubular insert **75** to axially support the key **80**.

[0017] In some embodiments, the pump assembly **10** may be operated in a location that lacks sufficient space to comfortably maintain and operate the pump assembly **10**. The impeller assembly **20** is operable for easy maintenance and replacement of a removable drive mechanism coupled to the pump assembly **10**. A user can mount the flexible impeller assembly **20** onto the shaft **40**, allowing the user to remove single-handedly the removable drive mechanism coupled to the flexible impeller assembly **20**. One of the advantages of the flexible impeller assembly **20** is that the user performing maintenance does not need to manipulate the drive assembly to properly mount the impeller assembly **20** onto the shaft **40**.

[0018] FIG. **4** illustrates the impeller assembly **20** including the key portion **90**. The key portion **90** defines a second radial distance from the axis **60** that is greater than the radial distance defined by the second bore **100**. Other embodiments of the flexible impeller assembly **20** can include the tubular insert **75** having none or more than one key portions **90**. Moreover, the sectional view of the key portions **90** may be different from the one shown in FIG. **4**. FIG. **2** also indicates that the general orientation of the flexible blades **50** and the key portion **90** is parallel to the axis **60**. However, other orientations of the flexible blades **50** and the key portion **90** are possible.

[0019] FIG. **5** illustrates another embodiment of the tubular insert **75** without a threaded portion. Frictional forces exerted between a cap and the surface of the second bore **100** can be sufficient to support the cap within the second bore **100**. Additionally, other suitable methods or devices to support the key **80** substantially within the key portion **90** and the groove **95** are possible.

[0020] It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that while the invention has been described above in connection with particular embodiments and examples, the invention is not necessarily so limited, and that numerous other embodiments, examples, uses, modifications and departures from the embodiments, examples and uses are intended to be encompassed by the claims attached hereto. Various features and advantages of the invention are set forth in the following claims.

1. A pump assembly with an impeller assembly, the pump assembly comprising:
- an impeller including an outer portion defining a substantially cylindrical shape, at least one flexible blade extending radially outward from the outer portion, and a first bore extending a first axial length; and
- a tubular insert supported at least partially within the first bore, the tubular insert including a second bore defining a substantially cylindrical shape with a first radial distance from an axis passing through the center of the impeller, and a key portion radially extending from the second bore, the key portion defining a second radial distance from the axis larger than the first radial distance.

2. The pump assembly of claim **1**, wherein the tubular insert defines a second axial length substantially equal to the first axial length.

3. The pump assembly of claim **1**, wherein the key portion defines a second axial length substantially equal to the first axial length.

4. The pump assembly of claim **1**, and further comprising a key at least partially supported within the key portion, the key being operable to align the impeller with a drive mechanism.

5. The pump assembly of claim **1**, and further comprising a cap operable to be mounted at one end of the first bore.

6. The pump assembly of claim **5**, wherein the cap includes a threaded portion and a radial extension at least partially supported in the key portion.

7. The pump assembly of claim **1**, wherein the tubular insert includes a threaded end portion.

8. A pump assembly comprising:
- an impeller assembly including
  - a flexible impeller having an outer portion defining a substantially cylindrical shape, at least one flexible blade extending radially outward from the outer portion, and a first bore extending a first axial length, and
  - a tubular insert at least partially supported within the first bore, the tubular insert having a second bore defining a substantially cylindrical shape with a first radial distance from an axis passing through the center of the impeller, and a key portion radially extending from the second bore, the key portion defining a second radial distance larger than the first radial distance;
- a drive assembly including a shaft with a groove extending from one end of the shaft, the shaft extending within the second bore a second axial length shorter than the first axial length;

a key element at least partially supported within the key portion and the axial groove; and

a cap operable to be mounted at one end of the tubular insert to support the key element.

9. The pump assembly of claim **8**, wherein the tubular insert defines a second axial length substantially equal to the first axial length.

10. The pump assembly of claim **8**, wherein the tubular insert includes a threaded portion.

11. The pump assembly of claim **8**, wherein the key portion defines a second length substantially equal to the first axial length.

12. The pump assembly of claim **8**, wherein the cap includes a cylindrical portion defining a radial distance substantially equal to the radial distance of the second bore, and a radial extension at least partially supported within the key portion.

13. The pump assembly of claim **12**, wherein the cylindrical portion includes a threaded portion.

14. The pump assembly of claim **8**, wherein the second bore includes a threaded portion.

15. A method of replacing a removable drive mechanism, the method comprising:

providing an impeller assembly having a flexible impeller with a substantially cylindrical outer portion, and at least one flexible blade, and a tubular insert with a bore defining a first radial distance, and a key portion defining a second radial distance larger than the first radial distance;

providing a shaft with a groove extending from one end of the shaft;

aligning the key portion of the impeller assembly with the groove of the shaft;

inserting a key into the key portion and the groove; and

securing the key into the groove and the key portion with a cap.

* * * * *