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(54) **COMPETITIVE GROWTH AND/OR PRODUCTION ADVANTAGE FOR BUTANOLOGEN MICROORGANISM**

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C12N 1/00 (2006.01)
C12P 7/10 (2006.01)

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CPC **C12P 7/16** (2013.01); **C12P 7/10** (2013.01); **Y02E 50/10** (2013.01); **Y02E 50/16** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC C12P 7/16; C12P 7/10; Y02E 50/16; Y02E 50/10
USPC 435/160, 254.11
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Provided herein are recombinant yeast host cells and methods for their use for production of fermentation products. Host cells provided herein comprise a pyruvate-utilizing pathway and a competitive growth advantage over other microorganisms in solution.

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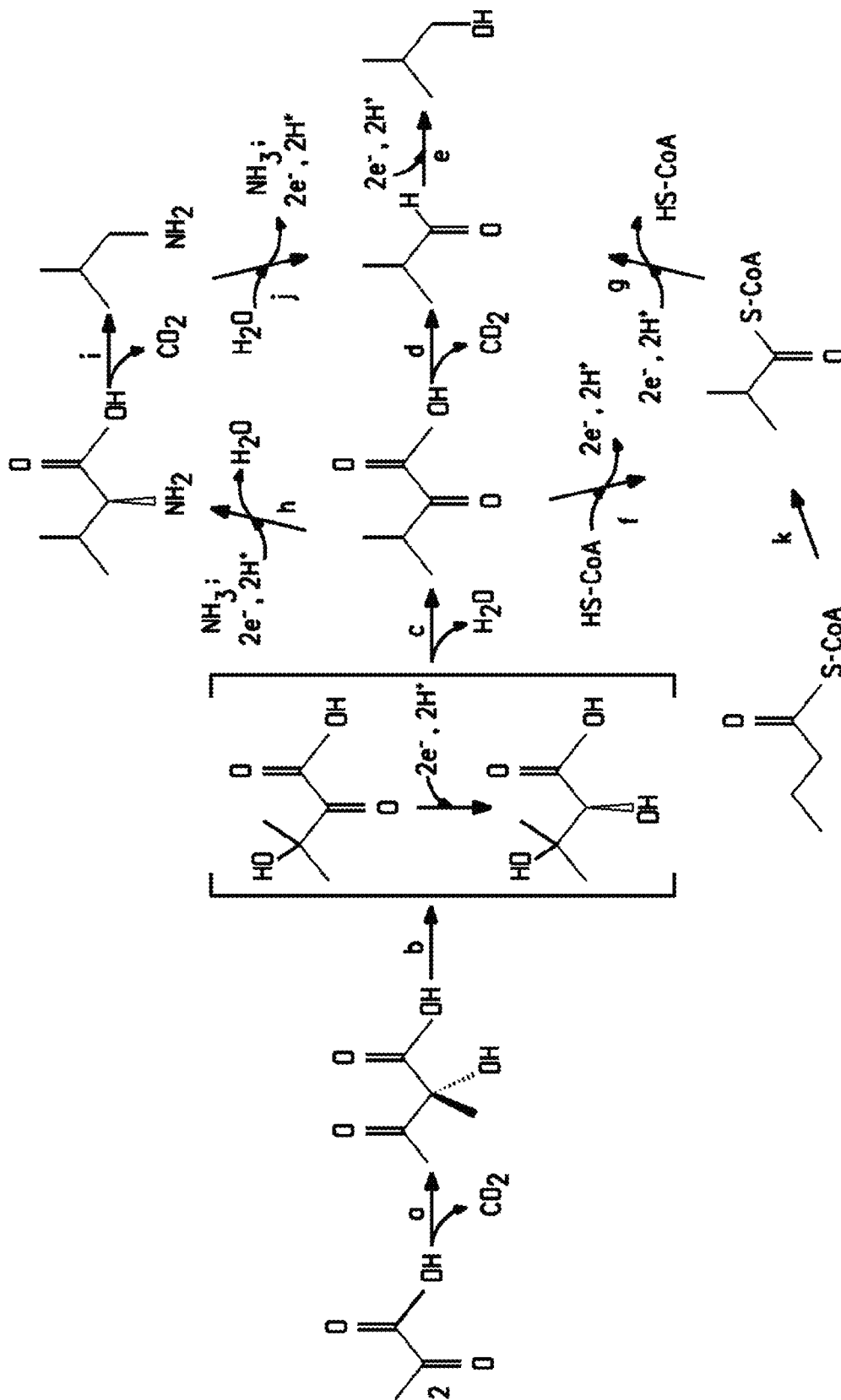


FIG. 1

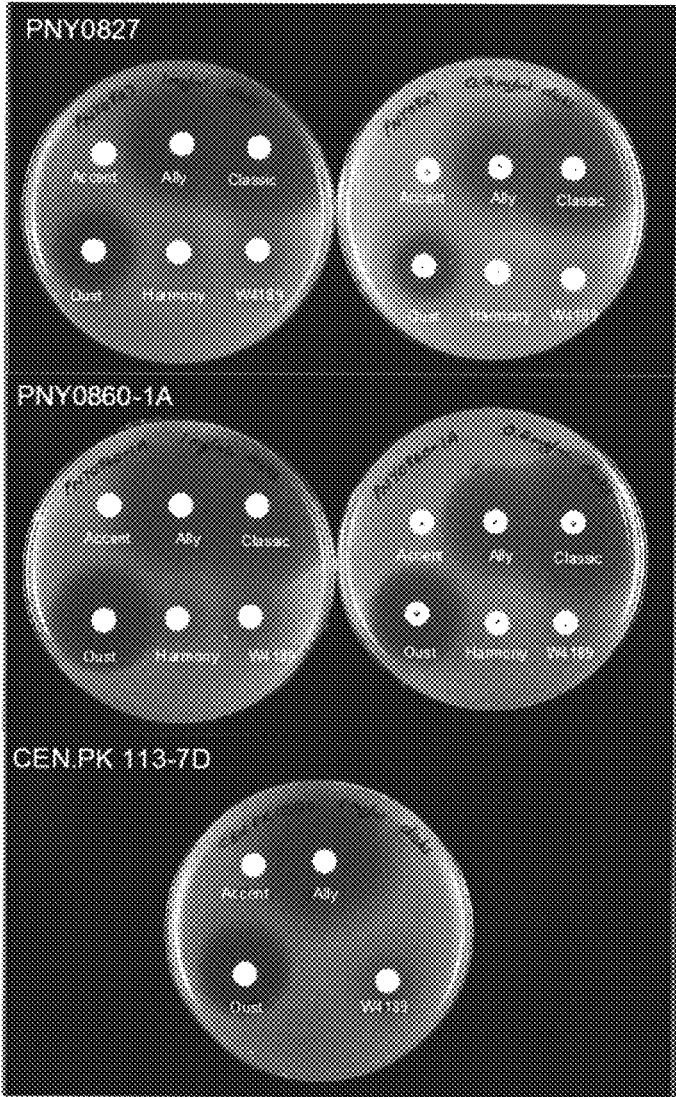


FIG. 2

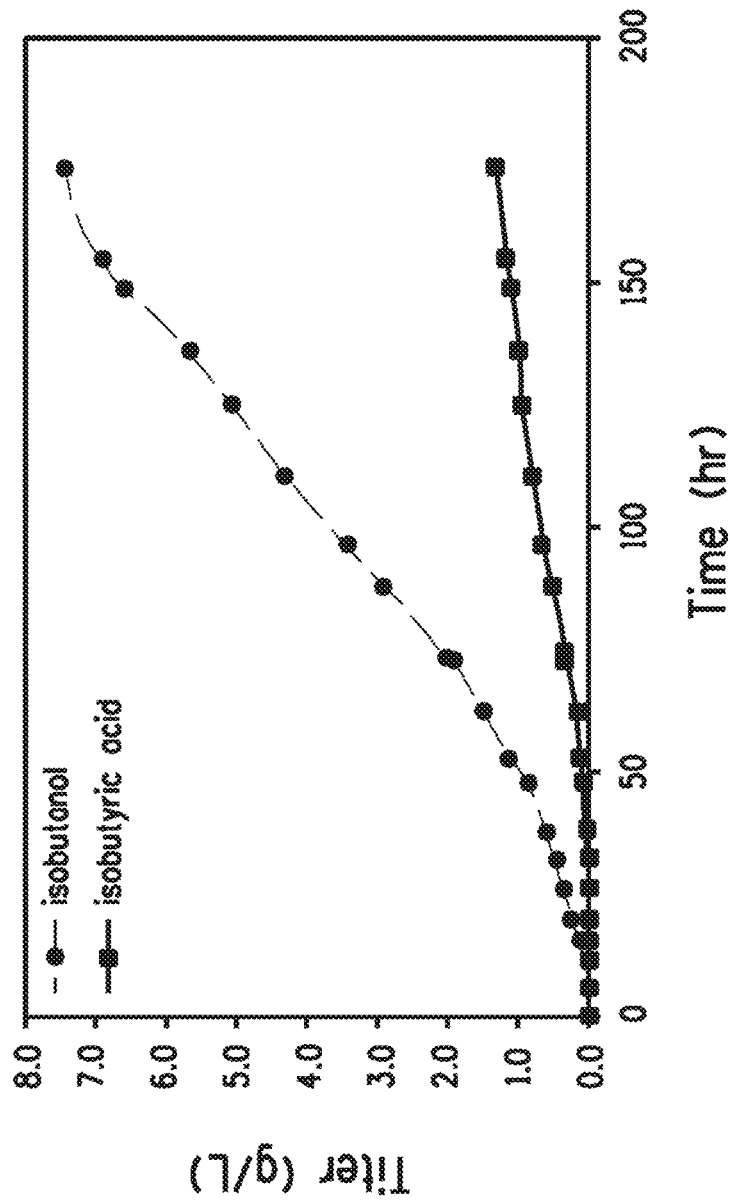


FIG. 3

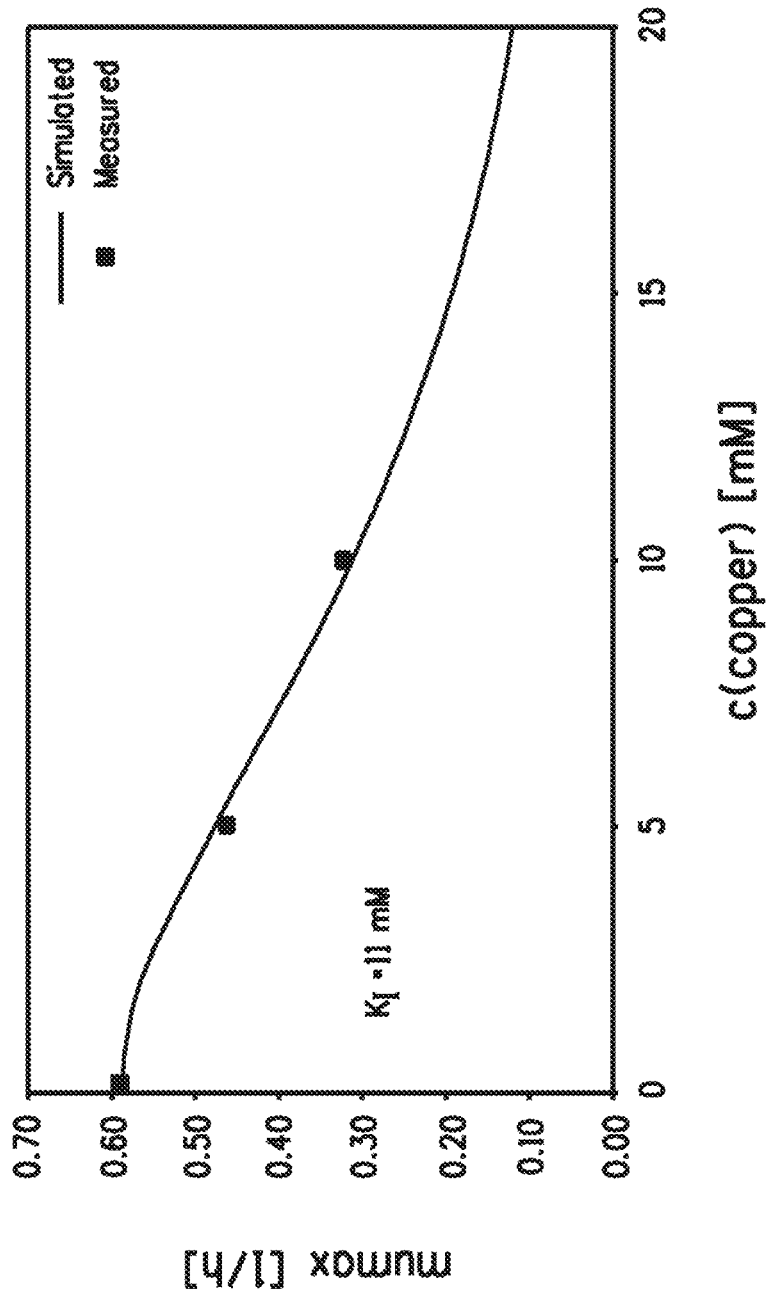


FIG. 4

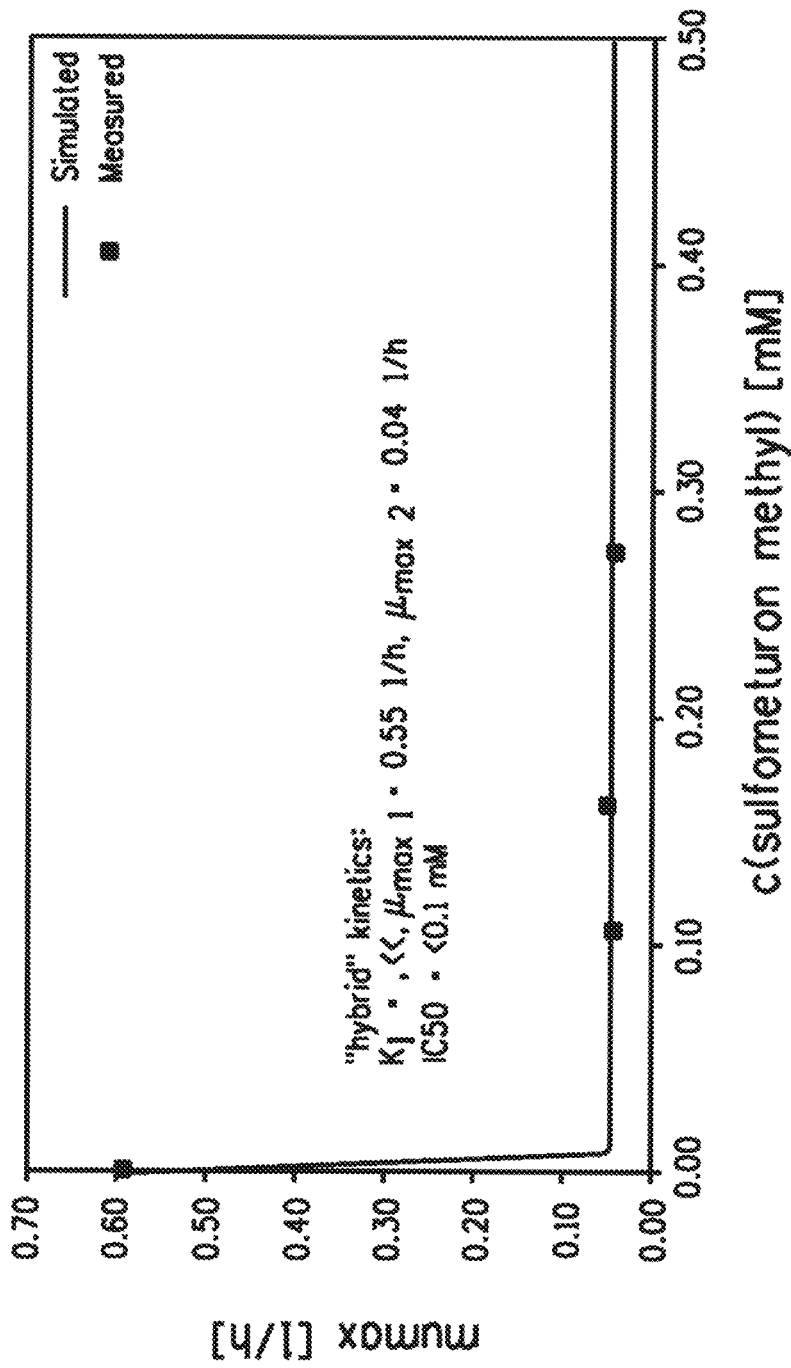


FIG. 5

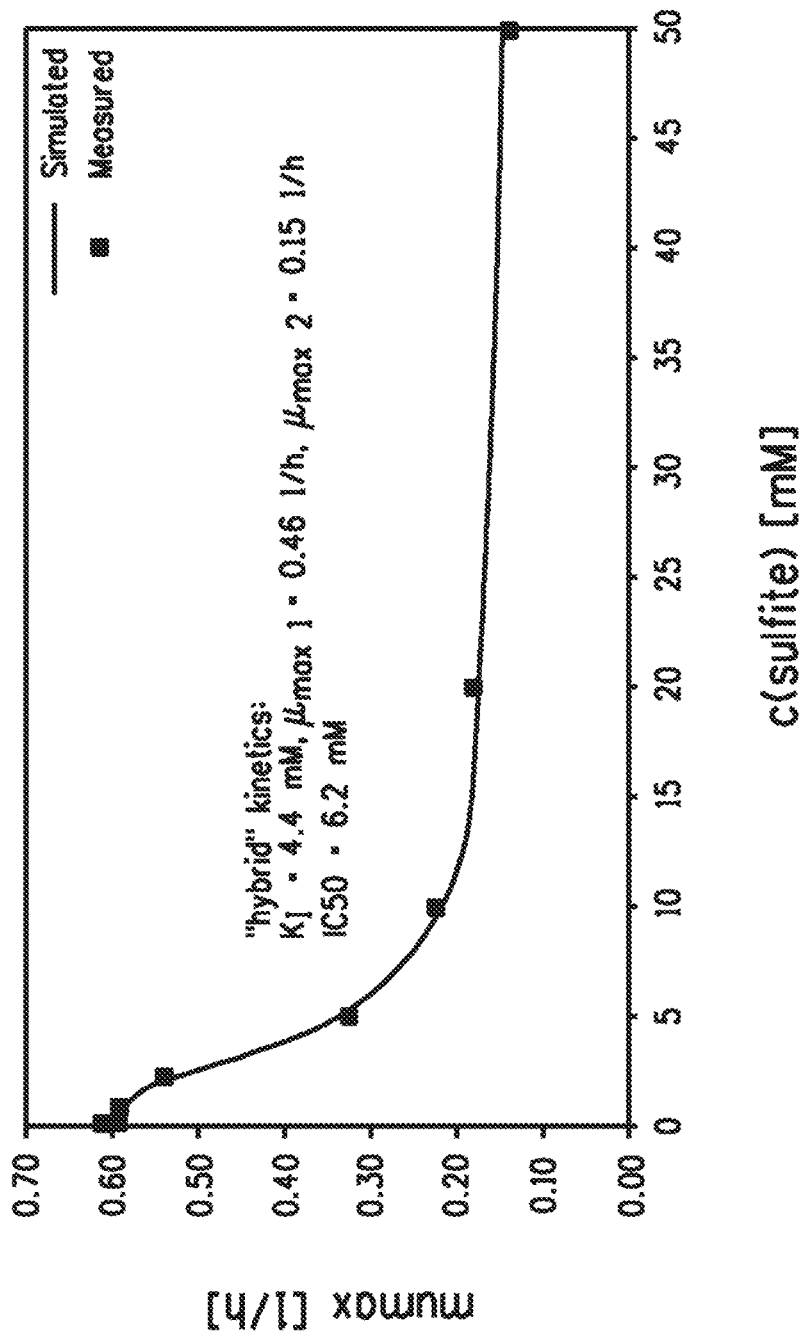
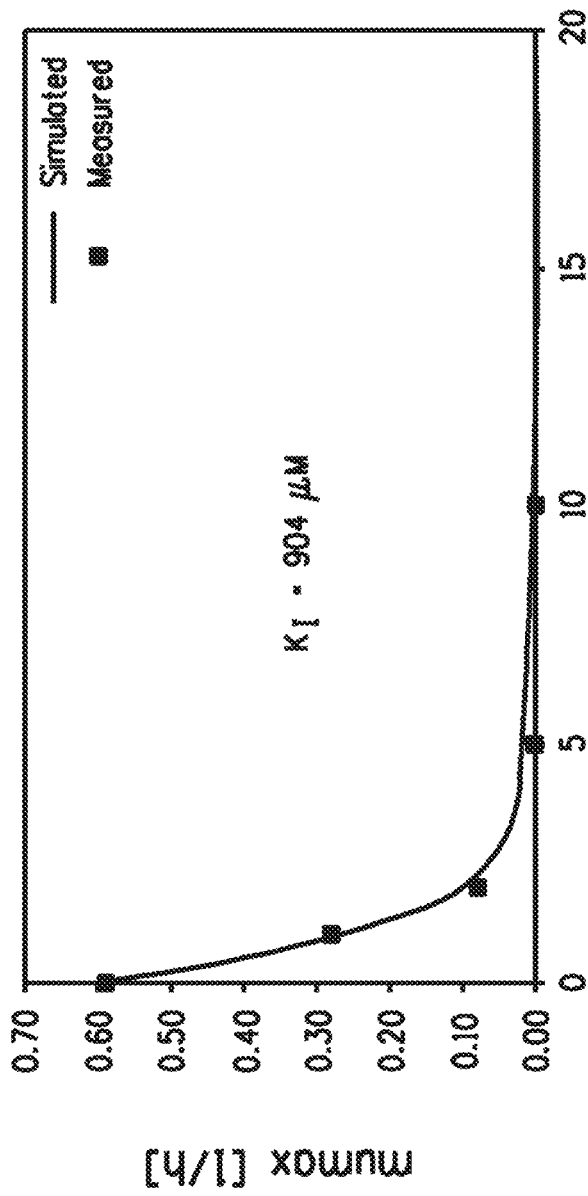


FIG. 6



$c(\text{formaldehyde})$ [mM]

FIG. 7

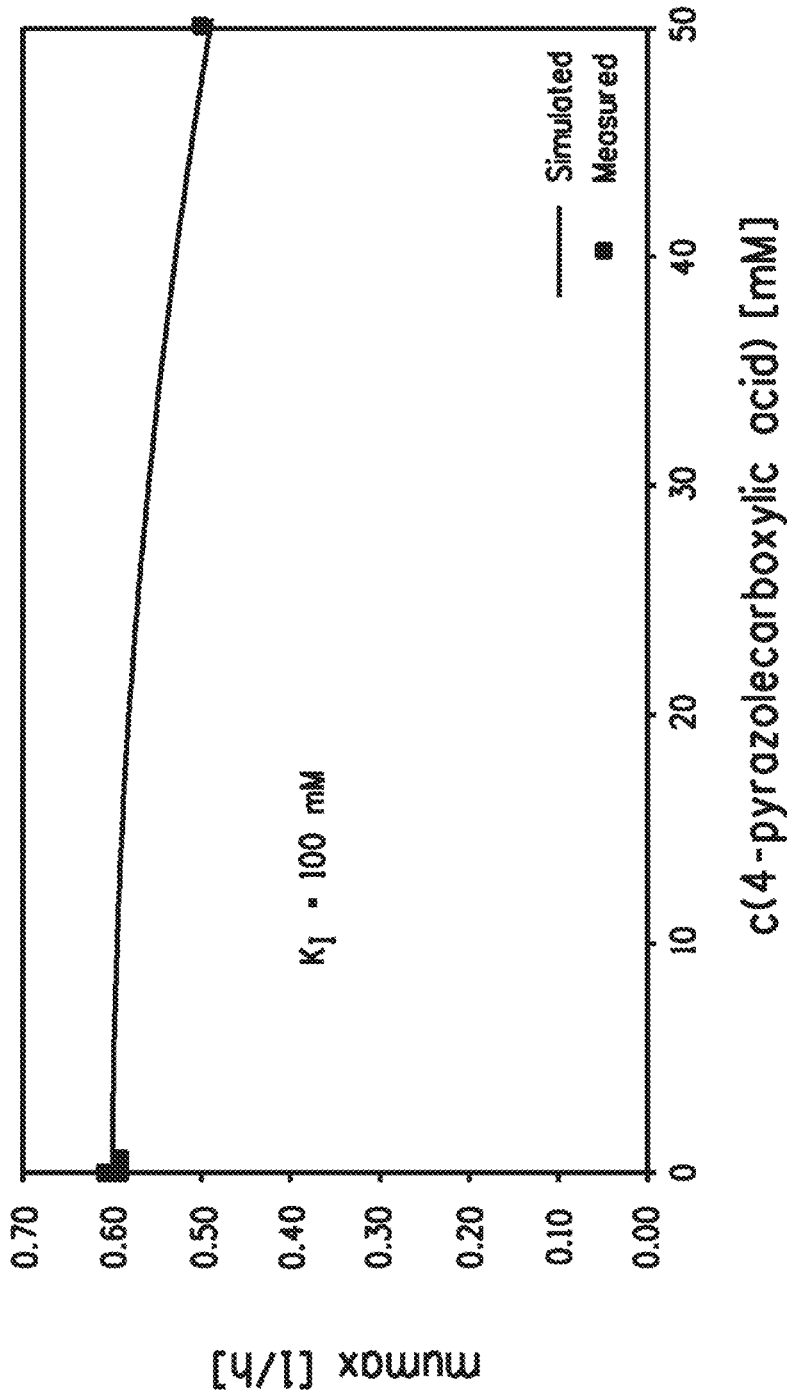


FIG. 8

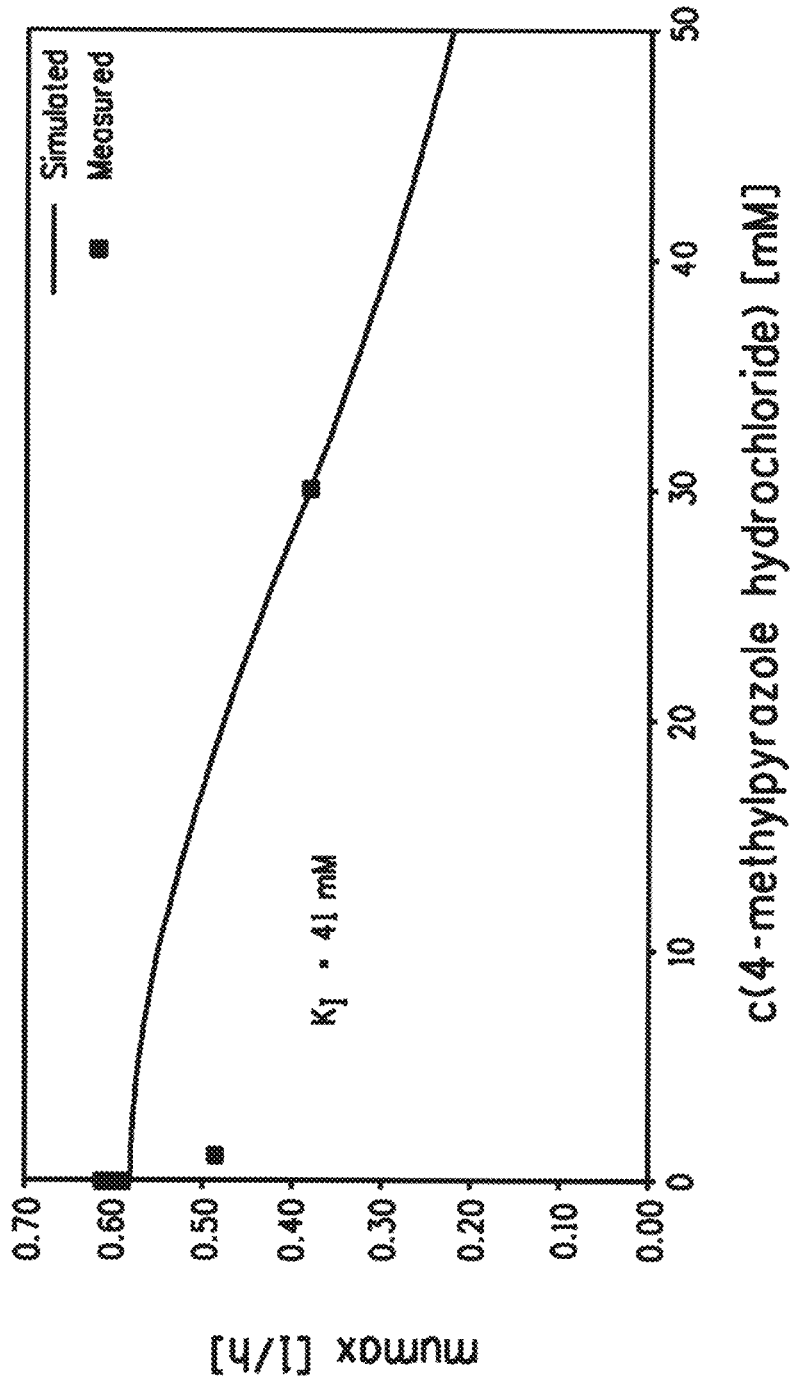


FIG. 9

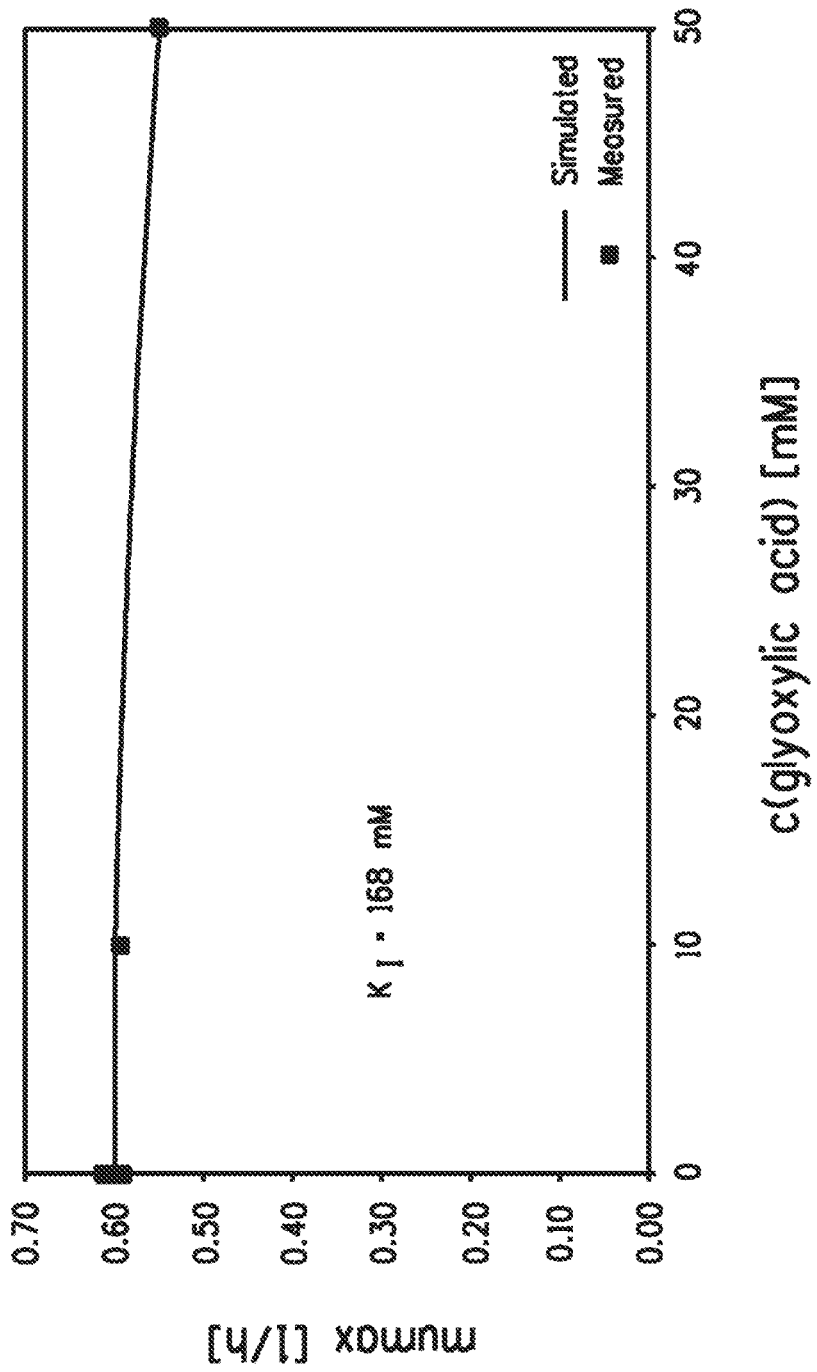


FIG. 10

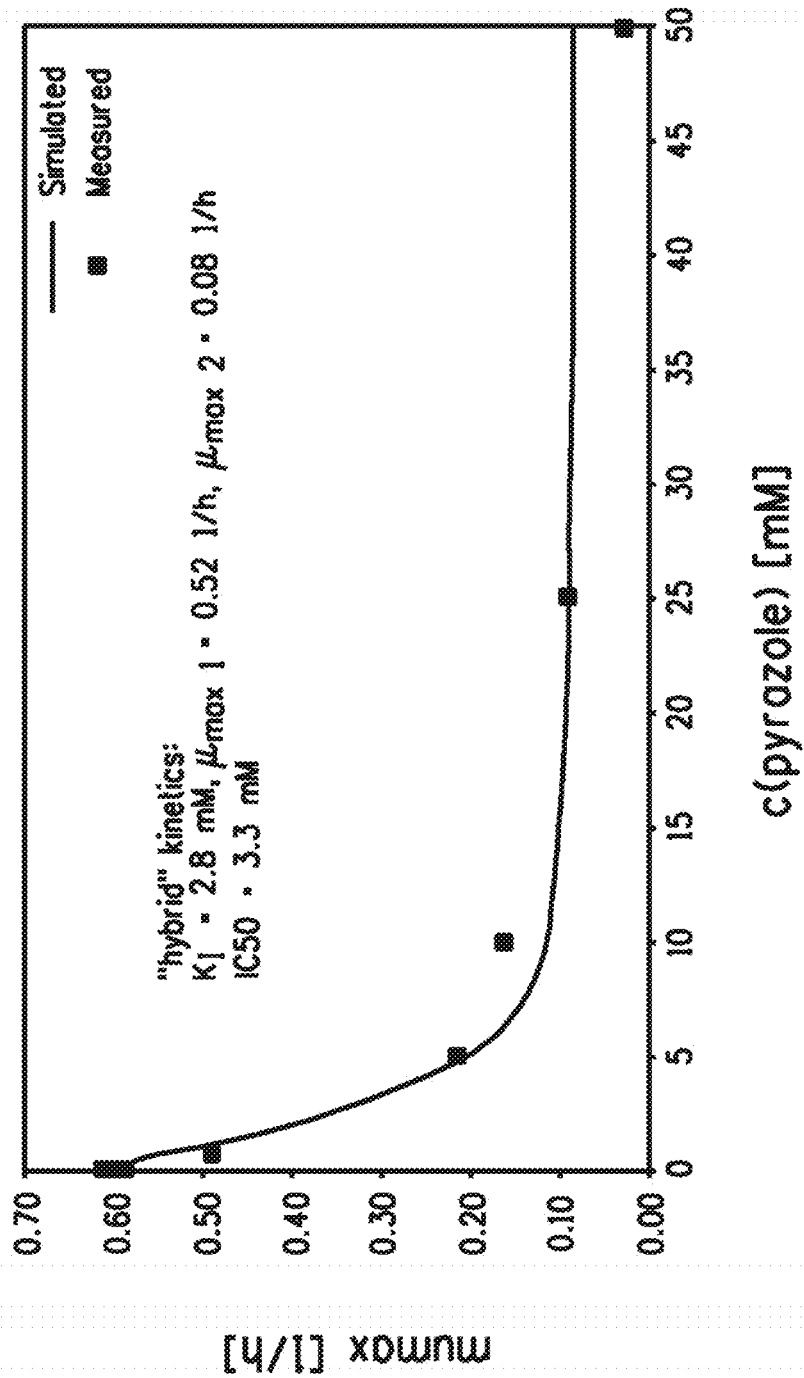


FIG. 11

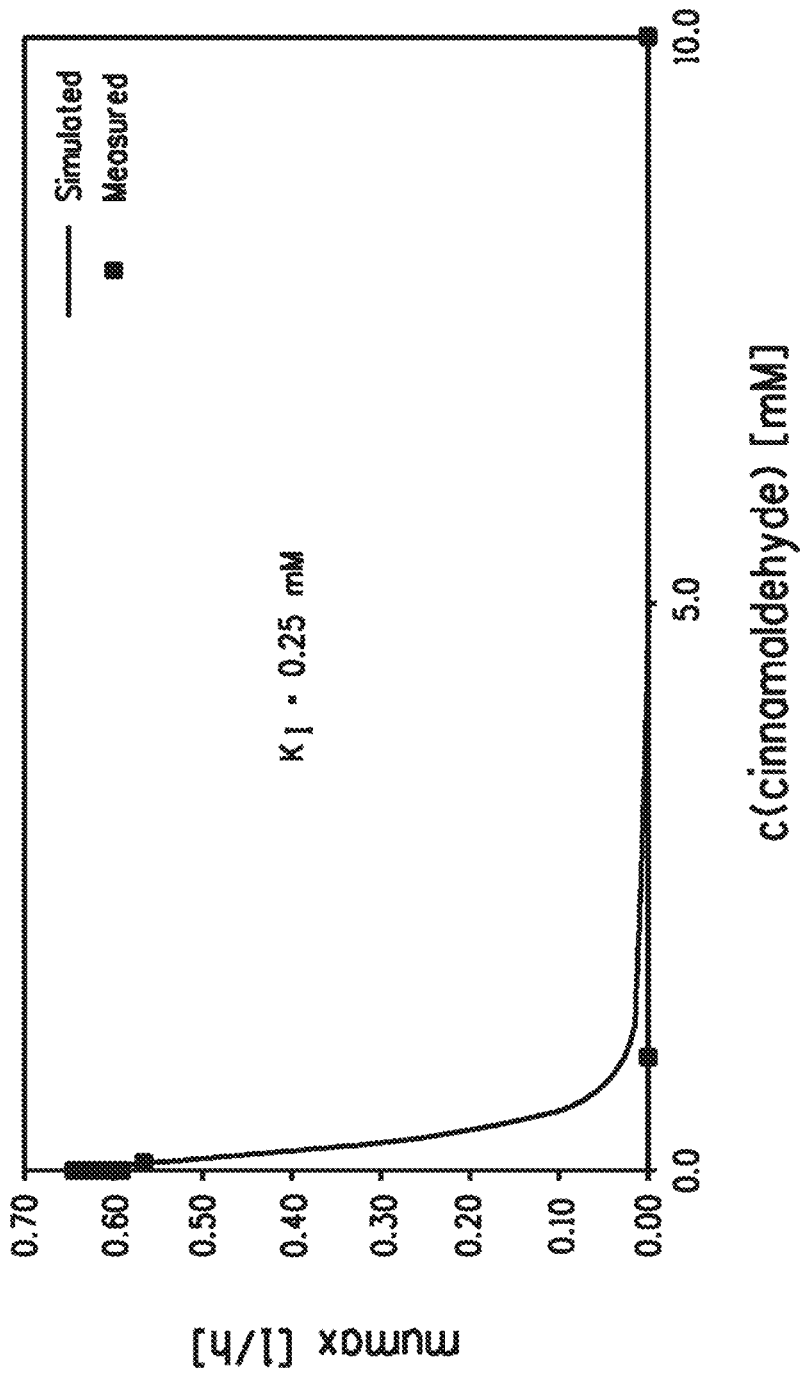


FIG. 12

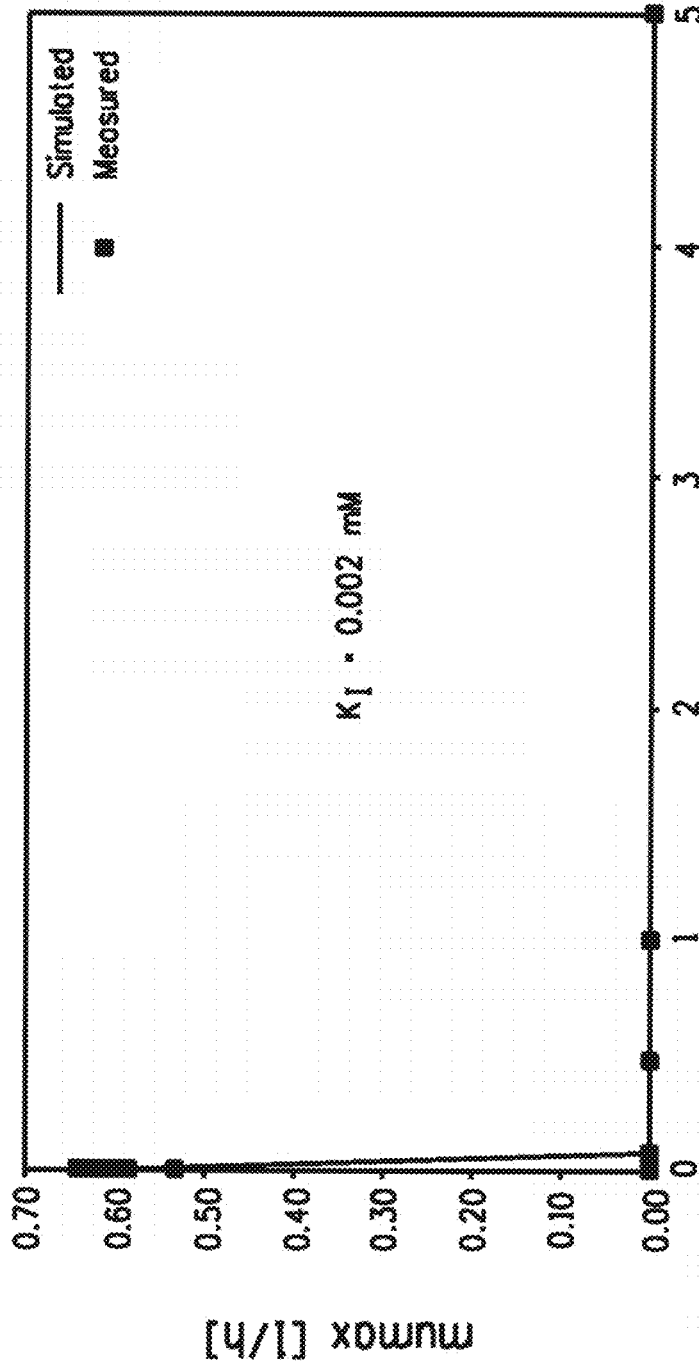


FIG. 13

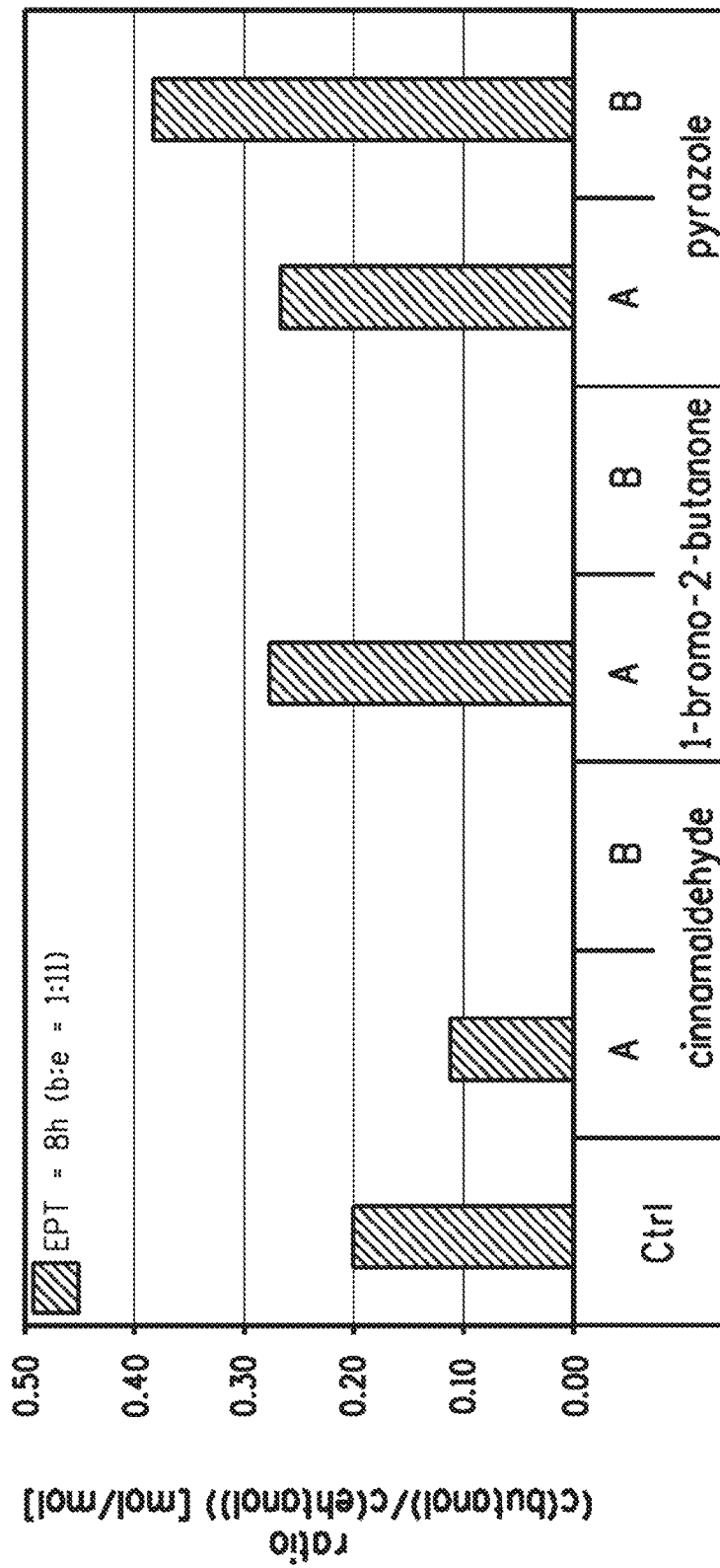


FIG. 14

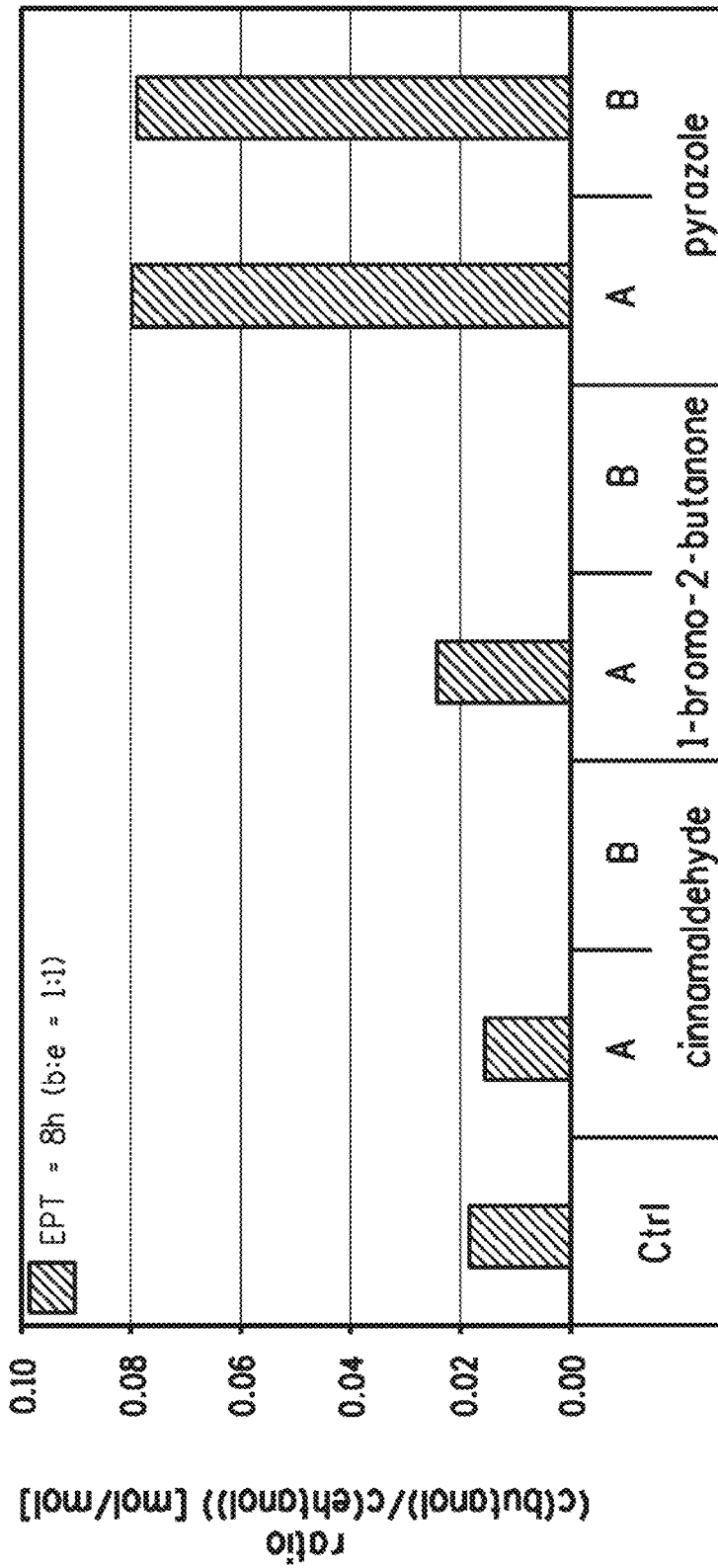


FIG. 15

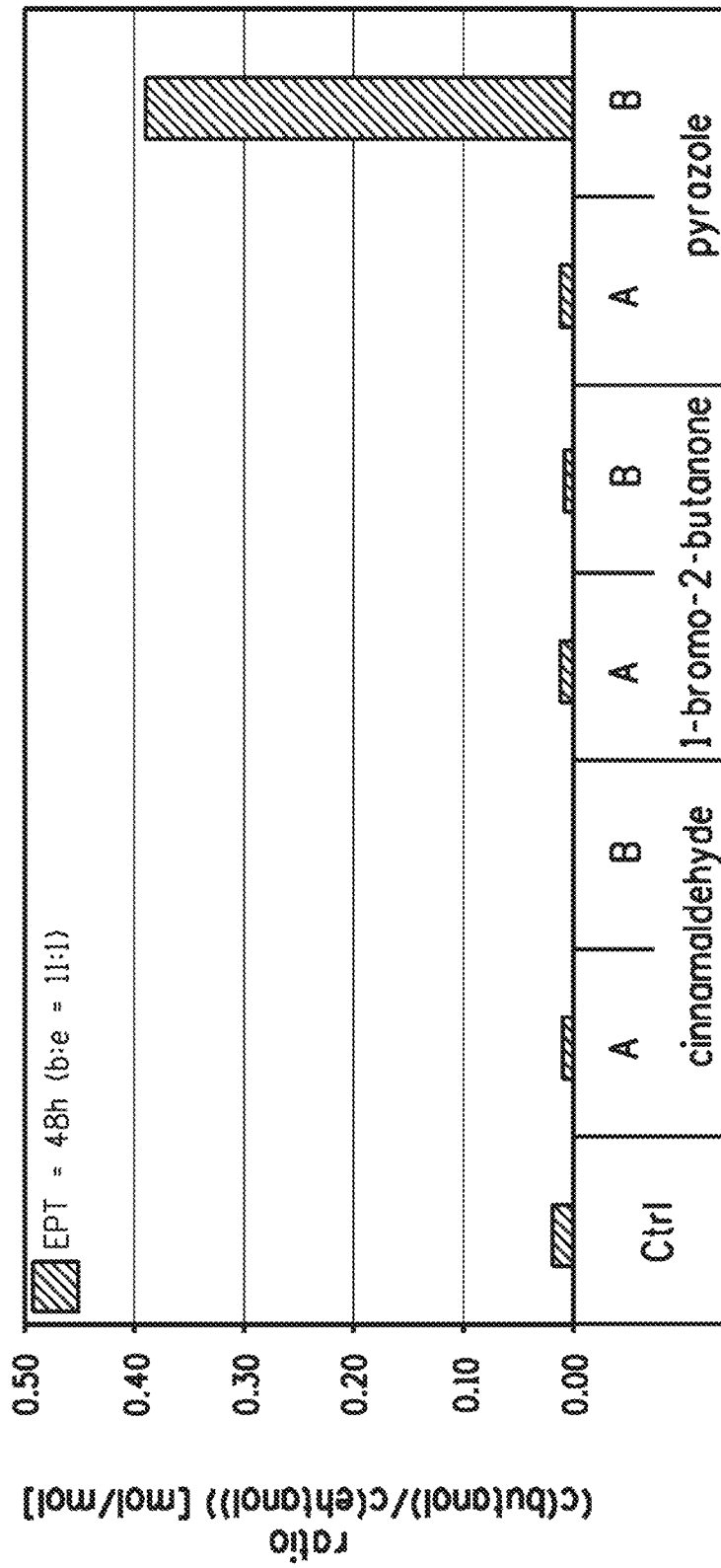


FIG. 16

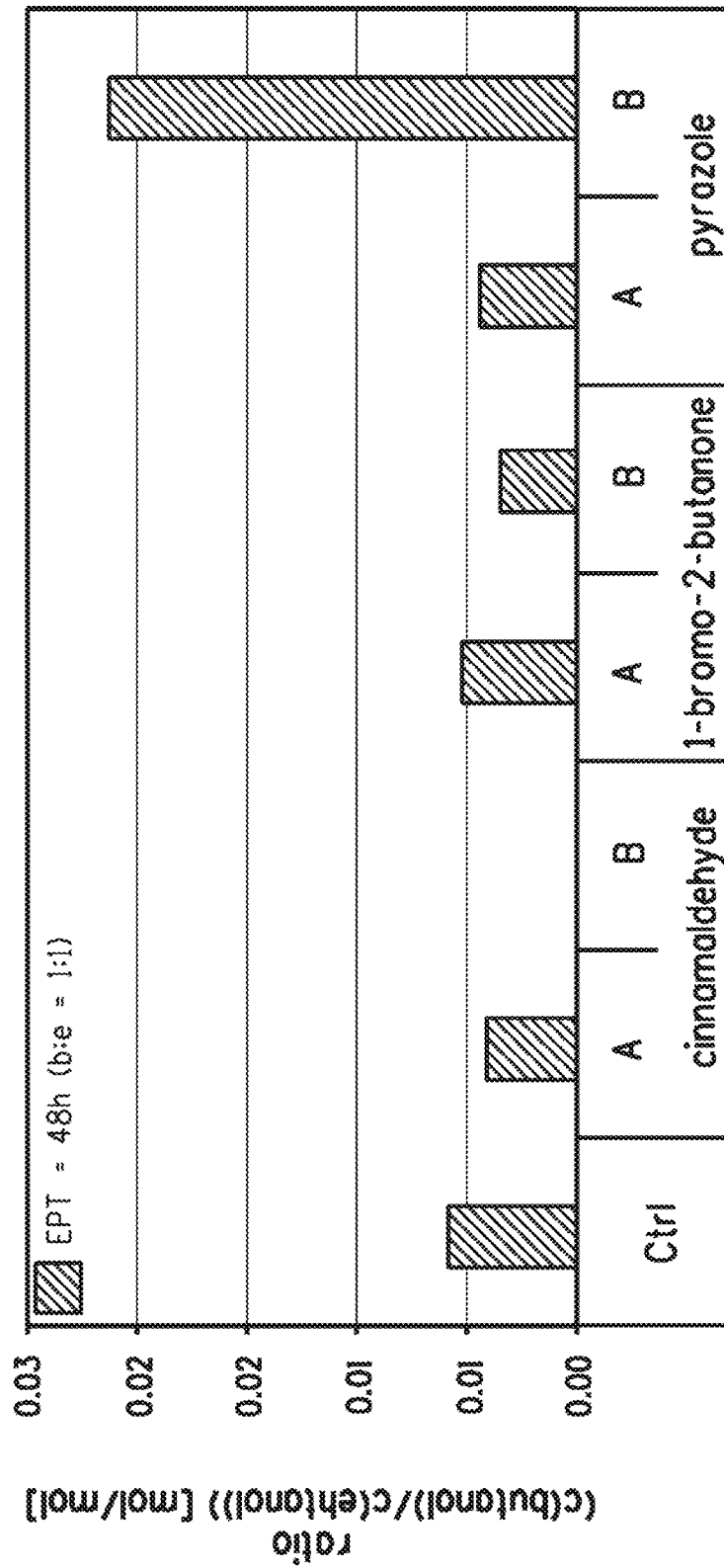


FIG. 17

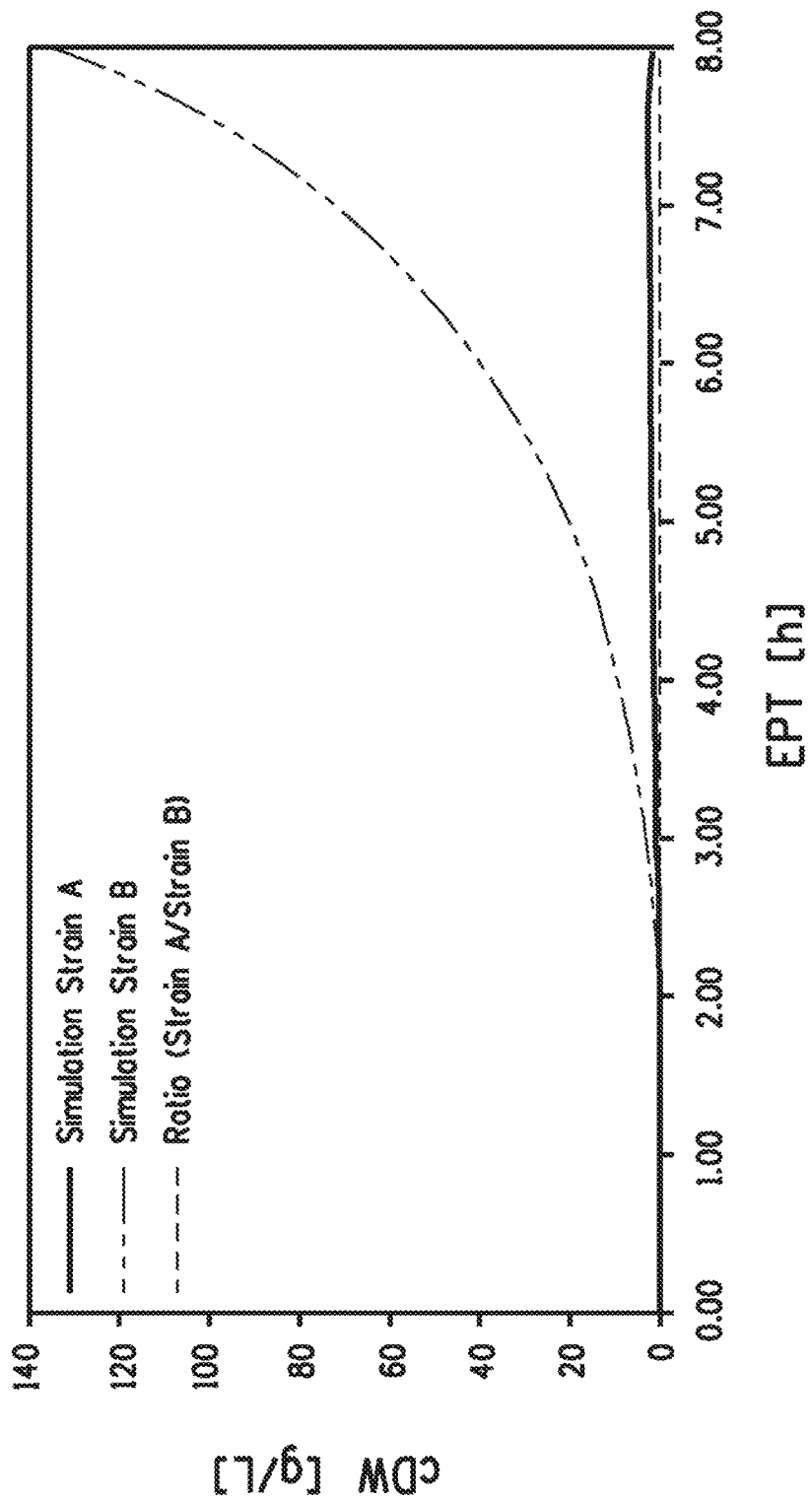


FIG. 18

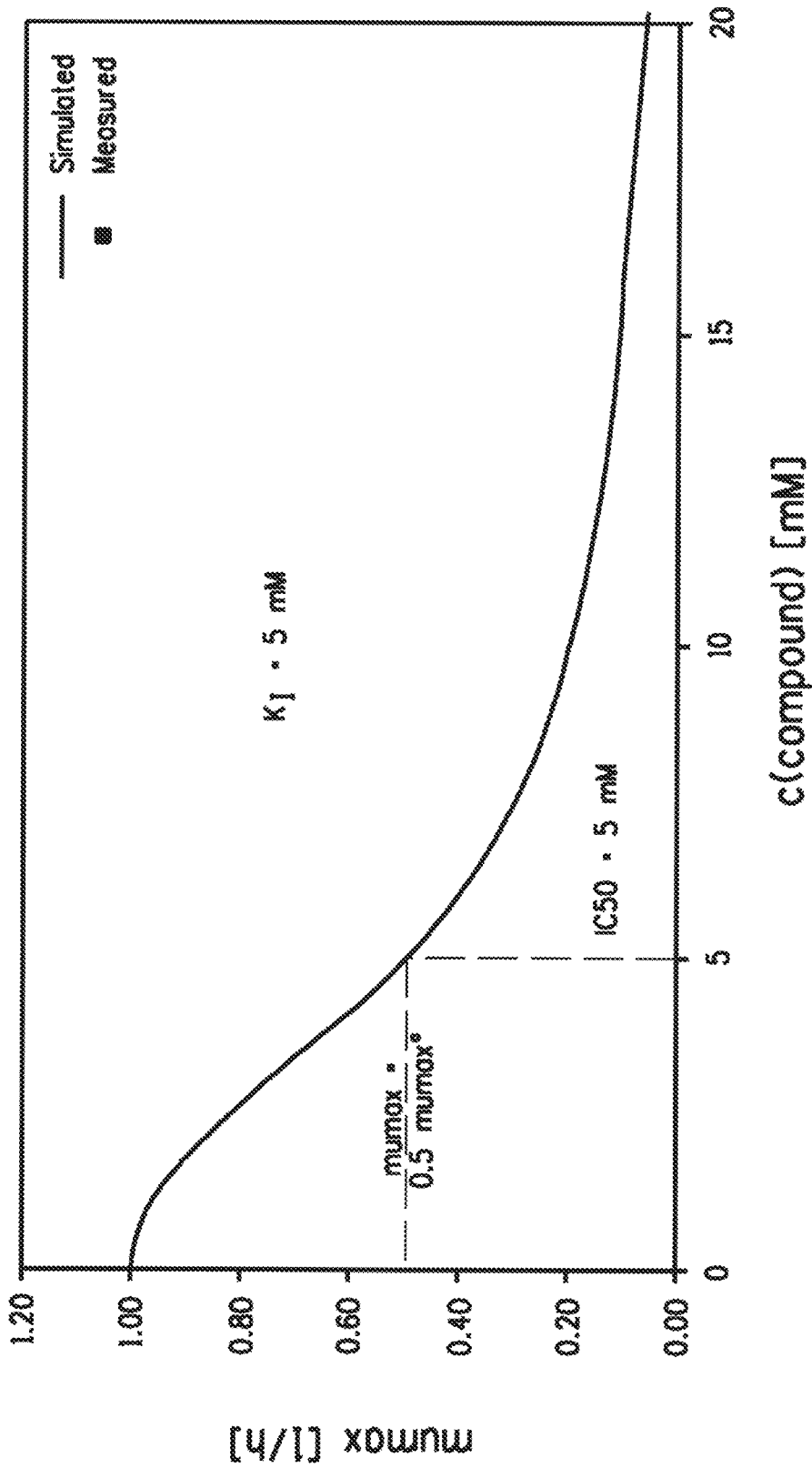


FIG. 19

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COMPETITIVE GROWTH AND/OR PRODUCTION ADVANTAGE FOR BUTANOLOGEN MICROORGANISM

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims benefit of priority from U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/801,239, filed Mar. 15, 2013, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

REFERENCE TO A SEQUENCE LISTING SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY VIA EFS-WEB

The content of the electronically submitted sequence listing (Name: 20140314_CL5075USNP_SequenceListing.txt; Size: 498, 298 bytes; and Date of Creation: Mar. 14, 2014) is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to the fields of industrial microbiology and alcohol production. The invention also relates to the development of an industrial microorganism capable of producing fermentation products via an engineered pyruvate-utilizing pathway in the microorganism. The invention also relates to the development and use of a butanologen. The invention also relates to the use of inhibitors, antibiotics, and mixtures thereof to give the butanologen a competitive growth and/or production advantage over other organisms in culture in order to increase the yield of fermentation products.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Butanol is an important industrial chemical, useful as a fuel additive, as a feedstock chemical in the plastics industry, and as a food grade extractant in the food and flavor industry. Each year 10 to 12 billion pounds of butanol are produced by petrochemical means.

Methods for the chemical synthesis of the butanol isomer, isobutanol, are known, such as oxo synthesis, catalytic hydrogenation of carbon monoxide (Ullmann's Encyclopedia of Industrial Chemistry, 6th edition, 2003, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH and Co., Weinheim, Germany, Vol. 5, pp. 716-719) and Guerbet condensation of methanol with n-propanol (Carlini et al., *J. Molec. Catal. A. Chem.* 220:215-220, 2004). These processes use starting materials derived from petrochemicals. The production of isobutanol from plant-derived raw materials could minimize the use of fossil fuels and would represent an advance in the art. Microorganisms capable of fermentative production of isobutanol have been described (for example, in U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,851,188 and 7,993,889).

Isobutanol is produced biologically as a by-product of yeast fermentation. It is a component of "fusel oil" that forms as a result of the incomplete metabolism of amino acids by this group of fungi. Isobutanol may be produced from catabolism of L-valine. After the amine group of L-valine is harvested as a nitrogen source, the resulting α -keto acid is decarboxylated and reduced to isobutanol by enzymes of the so-called Ehrlich pathway (Dickinson et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 273:25752-25756, 1998). Microorganisms expressing engineered biosynthetic pathways for producing

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butanol isomers, including isobutanol, are also described (see U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,851,188 and 7,993,889, which are incorporated herein by reference).

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In some embodiments, the invention is directed to a method for production of a fermentation product in a fermentation process comprising contacting a fermentation mix comprising a recombinant production microorganism which comprises a pyruvate-utilizing pathway with at least one compound which preferentially inhibits at least one contaminant yeast microorganism.

In some embodiments, the specific growth rate of the at least one contaminant microorganism is reduced more than the specific growth rate of the recombinant production microorganism.

In some embodiments, production of the fermentation product of the at least one contaminant microorganism is reduced more than production of the fermentation product of the recombinant production microorganism.

In some embodiments, both the production microorganism and the at least one contaminant microorganism are yeast microorganisms. In some embodiments, the contaminant yeast microorganism is *S. cerevisiae*.

In some embodiments, the pyruvate utilizing pathway is a butanol biosynthetic pathway. In some embodiments, the pyruvate utilizing pathway is an isobutanol biosynthetic pathway. In some embodiments, the fermentation product of the at least one contaminant microorganism is ethanol.

In some embodiments, the mechanism of action of the compound that inhibits is heavy metal toxicity, inhibition of amino acid biosynthesis, sulfitolysis, cross-linking, inhibition of ethanol dehydrogenase or inhibition of pyruvate decarboxylase.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor is an inhibitor of an ethanol biosynthesis pathway. In some embodiments, the inhibitor inhibits pyruvate decarboxylase and/or ethanol dehydrogenase. In some embodiments, the inhibitor comprises a member of the XC6H4CH=CHCOOH class of inhibitors/substrate analogues, cinnamaldehydes, glyoxalic acid, ketomalonate, regulatory site inhibitors, p chloromercuribenzoic acid, 5,5'-dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoic acid), pyrazole, 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid, 1-H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide-HCl, 4-methylpyrazole, 1-bromo-2-butanone, pyrazole-3,5-dicarboxylic acid monohydrate and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of fluoroacetate, formaldehyde, sulfite, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is an inhibitor of an amino acid biosynthesis pathway. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is inhibiting at least one enzyme selected from the group consisting of 5-enolpyruvoyl-shikimate-3-phosphate synthetase, α -isopropyl malate synthase, 3-deoxy-D-arabino-heptolusonate-7-phosphate synthase and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of imidazolone, triazolopyrimidine, pyrimidinyl oxybenzoate, sulfonurea, sulfonylamino carbonyl triazolinone, glyphosate, trifluoroleucine, fluorophenylalanine and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is glyphosate. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is selected from a group consisting of nicosulfuron methyl, metsulfuron methyl, chlormuron ethyl, sulfometuron methyl, chlorsulfuron, thifensulfuron methyl, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is selected from a group consisting of aureobasidin A, bialaphos, cerulenin, chloramphenicol, cyclohexamide, geneticin, hygromycin B, metho-

trexate, nourseothricin, phleomycin, triazole, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is selected from a group consisting of bismuth (III), copper (II), and mixtures thereof.

In some embodiments, the recombinant production microorganism is engineered to express a polypeptide that increases tolerance of the host cell to the at least one compound which preferentially inhibits at least one contaminant microorganism. In some embodiments, the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:9, or an active variant, fragment or derivative of SEQ ID NO:9. In some embodiments, the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to formaldehyde dehydrogenase (SEQ ID NO:7). In some embodiments, the polypeptide is selected from a group consisting of an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:6, an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:7, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is selected from a group consisting of an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:11, an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:12, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the polypeptide has 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxylvinyltransferase activity. In some embodiments, the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxylvinyltransferase. In some embodiments, the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:13. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is selected from a group consisting of a polypeptide that has 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthetase (ESPS) activity and confers resistance to glyphosate, a polypeptide that has glyphosate N-acetyltransferase activity and confers resistance to glyphosate, and mixtures thereof.

In some embodiments, the polypeptide is from a bacteria of the family Enterobacteriaceae. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is from a bacterial genus selected from the group consisting of: *Alishewanella*, *Alterococcus*, *Aquamonas*, *Aranicola*, *Arsenophonus*, *Azotivirga*, *Blochmannia*, *Brenneria*, *Buchnera*, *Budvicia*, *Buttiauxella*, *Cedecea*, *Citrobacter*, *Cronobacter*, *Dickeya*, *Edwardsiella*, *Enterobacter*, *Erwinia*, *Escherichia*, *Ewingella*, *Grimontella*, *Hafnia*, *Klebsiella*, *Kluyvera*, *Leclercia*, *Leminorella*, *Moellerella*, *Morganella*, *Obesumbacterium*, *Pantoea*, *Candidatus Phlomobacter*, *Photorhabdus*, *Poodoomaamaana*, *Plesiomonas*, *Pragia*, *Proteus*, *Providencia*, *Rahnella*, *Raoultella*, *Salmonella*, *Samsonia*, *Serratia*, *Shigella*, *Sodalis*, *Tatumella*, *Trabulsiella*, *Wigglesworthia*, *Xenorhabdus*, *Yersinia*, and *Yokenella*. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is from a microorganism of the genus *Saccharomyces*.

In some embodiments, the polypeptide is selected from a group consisting of: a polypeptide that has 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthetase (ESPS) activity and confers resistance to glyphosate and a polypeptide that has glyphosate N-acetyltransferase activity and confers resistance to glyphosate. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is encoded by a heterologous polynucleotide.

In some embodiments, the invention is directed to a genetically modified recombinant production microorganism comprising an engineered pyruvate-utilizing pathway; and a polypeptide that increases tolerance of the host cell to inhibitors, antibiotics, or a combination thereof, wherein the production microorganism has a growth advantage over contaminant microorganisms that do not produce a desired fermentation product and do not contain said polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the recombinant production microorganism is selected from the group consisting of bacteria, cyanobacteria, filamentous fungi and yeasts. In some embodiments, the microorganism is a bacterial or cyanobacterial cell. In some embodiments, the genus of the microorganism is selected from the group consisting of *Salmonella*, *Arthrobacter*, *Bacillus*, *Brevibacterium*, *Clostridium*, *Corynebacterium*, *Gluconobacter*, *Nocardia*, *Pseudomonas*, *Rhodococcus*, *Streptomyces*, *Zymomonas*, *Escherichia*, *Lactobacillus*, *Lactococcus*, *Enterococcus*, *Alcaligenes*, *Klebsiella*, *Paenibacillus*, *Xanthomonas*, *Saccharomyces*, *Pichia*, *Hansenula*, *Yarrowia*, *Aspergillus*, *Kluyveromyces*, *Pachysolen*, *Rhodotorula*, *Zygosaccharomyces*, *Galactomyces*, *Schizosaccharomyces*, *Torulaspora*, *Debayomyces*, *Williopsis*, *Dekkera*, *Kloeckera*, *Metschnikowia*, and *Candida*.

In some embodiments, the recombinant production microorganism further comprises one or more polynucleotides that encode one or more enzymes having the following Enzyme Commission Numbers: EC 2.2.1.6, EC 1.1.1.86, EC 4.2.1.9, EC 4.1.1.72, EC 1.1.1.1, EC 1.1.1.265, EC 1.1.1.2, EC 1.2.4.4, EC 1.3.99.2, EC 1.2.1.57, EC 1.2.1.10, EC 2.6.1.66, EC 2.6.1.42, EC 1.4.1.9, EC 1.4.1.8, EC 4.1.1.14, EC 2.6.1.18, EC 2.3.1.9, EC 2.3.1.16, EC 1.1.1.30, EC 1.1.1.35, EC 1.1.1.157, EC 1.1.1.36, EC 4.2.1.17, EC 4.2.1.55, EC 1.3.1.44, EC 1.3.1.38, EC 5.4.99.13, EC 4.1.1.5, EC 2.7.1.29, EC 1.1.1.76, EC 1.2.1.57, and EC 4.2.1.28.

In some embodiments, the recombinant production microorganism has reduced expression of an enzyme having the following Enzyme Commission Number: EC 4.1.1.1 (pyruvate decarboxylase). In some embodiments, microorganism has reduced expression of an enzyme having the following Enzyme Commission Number: EC 1.1.1.1 (ethanol dehydrogenase).

Some embodiments are directed to a method for the production of a C3-C6 alcohol comprising the recombinant production microorganisms described herein, wherein said engineered pyruvate-utilizing pathway is a C3-C6 alcohol biosynthetic pathway; contacting said recombinant microorganism with a fermentable carbon substrate in a fermentation medium under conditions whereby a C3-C6 alcohol is produced; and recovering said C3-C6 alcohol.

In some embodiments, the C3-C6 alcohol is produced at a titer from about 5 g/L to about 100 g/L. In some embodiments, the C3-C6 alcohol is produced at a titer of at least 20 g/L. In some embodiments, the C3-C6 alcohol is selected from the group consisting of butanol, isobutanol, propanol, isopropanol, and mixtures thereof.

Some embodiments are directed to a method for the production of ethanol comprising: providing any recombinant microorganism described herein, wherein said pyruvate-utilizing pathway is an ethanol producing pathway; contacting said recombinant microorganism with a fermentable carbon substrate in a fermentation medium under conditions whereby the ethanol is produced; and recovering said ethanol.

In some embodiments, the fermentation medium comprises one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof.

In some embodiments, the ethanol is produced at a titer from about 80 g/L to about 120 g/L. In some embodiments, the ethanol is produced at a titer of about 120 g/L.

Some embodiments are directed to a composition comprising any genetically modified recombinant microorganism of the invention, a fermentation medium, and one or more inhibitors, antibiotics or combinations thereof.

Some embodiments are directed to a method for reducing microbial contamination in a fermentation mix, wherein said method comprises contacting any genetically modified recombinant microorganism of the invention and a fermentation medium with one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or mixtures thereof, and wherein the addition of more inhibitors, antibiotics, or mixtures thereof results in from about 1 log to about 10 log reduction in contamination. In some embodiments, the fermentation mix is in a propagation tank. In some embodiments, the fermentation mix is in a fermenter.

In some embodiments, reduction in contamination is measured by standard plating assays, qPCR/RT-PCR, or by measuring improved fermentation yields of desired product.

Some embodiments are directed to a method for reducing microbial contamination in a fermentation mix, wherein said method comprises contacting any genetically modified recombinant microorganism of the invention and a fermentation medium with one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof, and wherein the addition of inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof results in from about 1 log to about 10 log reduction in contamination.

In some embodiments, the addition of inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof results in the death of between about 10% and about 100% of the microbial contaminants in the fermentation mix.

Some embodiments of the invention are directed to a method for reducing microbial contamination in a fermentation mix, wherein said method comprises contacting any genetically modified recombinant microorganism of the invention and a fermentation medium comprising one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof, and wherein the reduction in contamination is associated with a decrease in ethanol production. Some embodiments are directed to any composition of the invention, wherein the ethanol titer is less than about 5 g/L, or less than about 1 g/L.

Some embodiments of the invention are directed to a method for reducing microbial contamination in a fermentation mix, wherein said method comprises contacting any genetically modified recombinant microorganism of the invention and a fermentation medium comprising one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof, and wherein the reduction in contamination is associated with an increase in ethanol production.

Some embodiments are directed to a method for reducing microbial contamination in a fermentation mix, wherein said method comprises contacting any genetically modified recombinant microorganism of the invention and a fermentation medium comprising one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof, and wherein the addition of said one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof results in less than an about 20% loss in the yield of a lower alkyl alcohol produced by said host cell due to the presence of microbial contaminants.

In some embodiments, the addition of said one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof results in less than an about 10% loss in the yield of a lower alkyl alcohol produced by said host cell due to the presence of microbial contaminants. In some embodiments, the C3-C6 alcohol or ethanol produced is a gasoline fuel component.

Some embodiments are directed to a gasoline blend comprising about 5 to about 20% of the C3-C6 alcohol produced by the recombinant microorganisms described herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 depicts different isobutanol biosynthetic pathways. The steps labeled “a”, “b”, “c”, “d”, “e”, “f”, “g”, “h”, “i”,

“j”, and “k” represent substrate to product conversions described below. “a” may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase. “b” may be catalyzed, for example, by ketol-acid reductoisomerase. “c” may be catalyzed, for example, by acetohydroxy acid dehydratase. “d” may be catalyzed, for example, by branched-chain keto acid decarboxylase. “e” may be catalyzed, for example, by branched chain alcohol dehydrogenase. “f” may be catalyzed, for example, by branched chain keto acid dehydrogenase. “g” may be catalyzed, for example, by acetylating aldehyde dehydrogenase. “h” may be catalyzed, for example, by transaminase or valine dehydrogenase. “i” may be catalyzed, for example, by valine decarboxylase. “j” may be catalyzed, for example, by omega transaminase. “k” may be catalyzed, for example by isobutyryl-CoA mutase.

FIG. 2 depicts a growth inhibition assay measuring the ability of *S. cerevisiae* PNY0860-1A, PNY 827, and CEN.PK113-7D to grow in the presence of AHAS inhibitors.

FIG. 3 depicts the production of isobutanol and isobutyric acid as a function of time for the strain NYLA84.

FIG. 4 depicts the μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of copper(2+) in the medium.

FIG. 5 depicts the μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of sulfometuron methyl in the medium.

FIG. 6 depicts the μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of sulfite in the medium.

FIG. 7 depicts the μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of formaldehyde in the medium.

FIG. 8 depicts μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid in the medium.

FIG. 9 depicts μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride in the medium.

FIG. 10 depicts μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of glyoxylic acid in the medium.

FIG. 11 depicts μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of pyrazole in the medium.

FIG. 12 depicts μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of cinnamaldehyde in the medium.

FIG. 13 depicts μ_{max} of PNY 827 in dependence on concentration of 1-bromo-2-butanone in the medium.

FIG. 14 depicts the ratio of the produced molar butanol to ethanol concentration at EPT=8 h in mixed cultures inoculated in an OD600 ratio of 1 ethanologen strain PNY 827 to 11 butanologen strain PNY 2129 in cultures without addition of an inhibitor (“Ctrl”) and trans-cinnamaldehyde concentrations of 250 μ M (A) and 25 mM (B), 1-bromo-2-butanone concentrations of 2 μ M (A) and 200 μ M (B), and pyrazole concentrations of 3 mM (A) and 30 mM (B).

FIG. 15 depicts the ratio of the produced molar butanol to ethanol concentration at EPT=8 h in mixed cultures inoculated in an OD600 ratio of 1 ethanologen strain PNY 827 to 1 butanologen strain PNY 2129 in cultures without addition of an inhibitor (“Ctrl”) and trans-cinnamaldehyde at concentrations of 250 μ M (A) and 25 mM (B), 1-bromo-2-butanone at concentrations of 2 μ M (A) and 200 μ M (B), and pyrazole at concentrations of 3 mM (A) and 30 mM (B).

FIG. 16 depicts the ratio of the produced molar butanol to ethanol concentration at EPT=48 h in mixed cultures inoculated in an OD600 ratio of 1 ethanologen strain PNY 827 to 11 butanologen strain PNY 2129 in cultures without addition of an inhibitor (“Ctrl”) and trans-cinnamaldehyde at concentrations of 250 μ M (A) and 25 mM (B), 1-bromo-2-butanone at concentrations of 2 μ M (A) and 200 μ M (B), and pyrazole at concentrations of 3 mM (A) and 30 mM (B).

FIG. 17 depicts the ratio of the produced molar butanol to ethanol concentration at EPT=48 h in mixed cultures inoculated in an OD600 ratio of 1 ethanologen strain PNY 827 to 1 butanologen strain PNY 2129 in cultures without addition of an inhibitor ("Ctrl") and trans-cinnamaldehyde at concentrations of 250 μ M (A) and 25 mM (B), 1-bromo-2-butanone at concentrations of 2 μ M (A) and 200 μ M (B), and pyrazole at concentrations of 3 mM (A) and 30 mM (B).

FIG. 18 depicts simulated growth curves of strains A and B growing in a mixed culture at a maximum specific growth rate of 0.16 1/h and 0.61 1/h, respectively. The ratio of the biomass of strains A vs. strain B is continuously decreasing during the cultivation and is below 3% at the end of the run.

FIG. 19 depicts the predicted effect of an inhibitor c (compound) on the maximum specific growth rate of a hypothetical strain with a μ_{max} of 1.00 1/h, a K_i -value of 5 mM, and its behavior according a squared inhibition kinetics as described by equation (2).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Competition for carbon substrates in a butanologen fermentation process between the butanologen and contaminant microorganisms, such as, for example ethanol-producing yeast strains. A competitive advantage and/or selective pressure in favor of the butanologen could thus favor high yields of butanol. Such an advantage for a butanologen system may be extended to any organisms competing for the carbon substrate. The same competitive advantage may be desirable for any other recombinant production microorganism, particularly yeast competing with wildtype, ethanologen yeast and/or other microbial communities.

This invention is directed to methods employing engineered microorganisms that produce fermentation products for industrial uses, and to optimizations for producing such fermentation products at high rates and titers with advantaged economic process conditions.

Contamination by ethanologen yeast and other microbes can be problematic and can quickly lead to takeover of the fermentation, particularly when the butanologen has a slower growth rate or is otherwise less fit than the ethanologen yeast or microbe.

Applicants have solved the problem of microbial contamination by ethanologen yeast and other microbes through the use of inhibitors, antibiotics, and mixtures thereof. Butanologen yeasts either have resistance to the inhibitors, antibiotics and mixtures thereof employed, or are engineered to have resistance to the inhibitors, antibiotics, and mixtures thereof employed. The yield of the butanol process when contacted with a carbon substrate may be increased without a buildup of microbial contamination.

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. In case of conflict, the present application including the definitions will control. Also, unless otherwise required by context, singular terms shall include pluralities and plural terms shall include the singular. All publications, patents and other references mentioned herein are incorporated by reference in their entireties for all purposes.

In order to further define this invention, the following terms and definitions are herein provided.

As used herein, the terms "comprises," "comprising," "includes," "including," "has," "having," "contains" or "containing," or any other variation thereof, will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of

integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers. For example, a composition, a mixture, a process, a method, an article, or an apparatus that comprises a list of elements is not necessarily limited to only those elements but may include other elements not expressly listed or inherent to such composition, mixture, process, method, article, or apparatus. Further, unless expressly stated to the contrary, "or" refers to an inclusive or and not to an exclusive or. For example, a condition A or B is satisfied by any one of the following: A is true (or present) and B is false (or not present), A is false (or not present) and B is true (or present), and both A and B are true (or present).

As used herein, the term "consists of," or variations such as "consist of" or "consisting of," as used throughout the specification and claims, indicate the inclusion of any recited integer or group of integers, but that no additional integer or group of integers may be added to the specified method, structure, or composition.

As used herein, the term "consists essentially of," or variations such as "consist essentially of" or "consisting essentially of," as used throughout the specification and claims, indicate the inclusion of any recited integer or group of integers, and the optional inclusion of any recited integer or group of integers that do not materially change the basic or novel properties of the specified method, structure or composition. See M.P.E.P. §2111.03.

Also, the indefinite articles "a" and "an" preceding an element or component of the invention are intended to be nonrestrictive regarding the number of instances, i.e., occurrences of the element or component. Therefore "a" or "an" should be read to include one or at least one, and the singular word form of the element or component also includes the plural unless the number is obviously meant to be singular.

The term "invention" or "present invention" as used herein is a non-limiting term and is not intended to refer to any single embodiment of the particular invention but encompasses all possible embodiments as described in the application.

As used herein, the term "about" modifying the quantity of an ingredient or reactant of the invention employed refers to variation in the numerical quantity that can occur, for example, through typical measuring and liquid handling procedures used for making concentrates or solutions in the real world; through inadvertent error in these procedures; through differences in the manufacture, source, or purity of the ingredients employed to make the compositions or to carry out the methods; and the like. The term "about" also encompasses amounts that differ due to different equilibrium conditions for a composition resulting from a particular initial mixture. Whether or not modified by the term "about", the claims include equivalents to the quantities. In embodiments, the term "about" means within 10% of the reported numerical value, preferably within 5% of the reported numerical value.

In some instances, "biomass" as used herein refers to the cell biomass of the fermentation product-producing microorganism, typically provided in units g/L dry cell weight (dcw).

The term "fermentation product" includes any desired product of interest, including, but not limited to lactic acid, 3-hydroxy-propionic acid, acrylic acid, acetic acid, succinic acid, citric acid, fumaric acid, malic acid, itaconic acid, 1,3-propane-diol, ethylene, glycerol, isobutyrate, butanol and other lower alkyl alcohols etc.

The term "fermentation process" refers to any process by which a desired fermentation product is produced.

The term “specific growth rate”, often also referred to as “ μ ” or “ μ ”, is defined as $\mu=1/cx*dcx/dt$, representing the change of the biomass concentration cx in an infinitesimal short time interval dt , divided by the biomass concentration at this time.

The term “maximum specific growth rate”, often also referred to as “ μ_{max} ” or “ μ_{max} ”, refers to the “specific growth rate” (“ μ ”) during the exponential growth phase of a culture. Usually during the exponential growth phase, μ is approximately constant as the substrates are not limiting as well as the produced by-products are still not exerting a significant inhibition on growth.

The term “lower alkyl alcohol” refers to any straight-chain or branched, saturated or unsaturated, alcohol molecule with 3-6 carbon atoms.

The term “butanol” refers to 1-butanol, 2-butanol, 2-butanone, isobutanol, or mixtures thereof. Isobutanol is also known as 2-methyl-1-propanol.

The term “C3-C6 alcohol” refers to any alcohol with 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbons.

The term “butanol biosynthetic pathway” as used herein refers to an enzyme pathway to produce 1-butanol, 2-butanol, 2-butanone or isobutanol. For example, isobutanol biosynthetic pathways are disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 7,851,188, which is incorporated by reference herein.

The term “isobutanol biosynthetic pathway” refers to the enzymatic pathway to produce isobutanol. From time to time “isobutanol biosynthetic pathway” is used synonymously with “isobutanol production pathway” (see U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,851,188 and 7,993,889, which are herein incorporated herein by reference).

The term “1-butanol biosynthetic pathway” refers to an enzymatic pathway to produce 1-butanol. A “1-butanol biosynthetic pathway” can refer to an enzyme pathway to produce 1-butanol from acetyl-coenzyme A (acetyl-CoA). For example, 1-butanol biosynthetic pathways are disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2008/0182308 and International Publication No. WO 2007/041269, which are herein incorporated by reference in their entireties.

The term “2-butanol biosynthetic pathway” refers to an enzymatic pathway to produce 2-butanol. A “2-butanol biosynthetic pathway” can refer to an enzyme pathway to produce 2-butanol from pyruvate. For example, 2-butanol biosynthetic pathways are disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 8,206,970, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2007/0292927, International Publication Nos. WO 2007/130518 and WO 2007/130521, which are herein incorporated by reference in their entireties.

The term “2-butanone biosynthetic pathway” as used herein refers to an enzymatic pathway to produce 2-butanone (see U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2007/0259410 and U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2009/0155870, which are incorporated herein by reference).

The term “engineered” as used herein refers to an enzymatic pathway that is not present endogenously in a microorganism and is deliberately constructed to produce a fermentation product from a starting substrate through a series of specific substrate to product conversions.

A “recombinant microbial host cell” or a “recombinant microorganism” is defined as a host cell that has been genetically manipulated to express a biosynthetic production pathway, wherein the host cell either produces a biosynthetic product in greater quantities relative to an unmodified host cell or produces a biosynthetic product that is not ordinarily produced by an unmodified host cell. A “production microorganism” is any microorganism that produces a desired fermentation product. A “contaminant microorganism” is

any microorganism that either does not produce a desired fermentation product or does produce a desired fermentation product, but at lower efficiency (for example, with lower specific productivity, rate, titer or yield) than a production microorganism. It will be appreciated that microorganisms may produce measureable amounts of more than one product, however, for the purposes herein, “product” typically refers to the major product produced by a microorganism.

The term “fermentable carbon substrate” refers to a carbon source capable of being metabolized by the microorganisms such as those disclosed herein. Suitable fermentable carbon substrates include, but are not limited to, monosaccharides, such as glucose or fructose; disaccharides, such as lactose or sucrose; oligosaccharides; polysaccharides, such as starch, cellulose, or lignocellulose, hemicellulose; one-carbon substrates, fatty acids; and any combination of these.

“Fermentation medium” as used herein means the mixture of water, sugars (fermentable carbon substrates), dissolved solids, fermentation product and all other constituents of the material in which the fermentation product is being made by the reaction of fermentable carbon substrates to fermentation products, water and carbon dioxide (CO₂) by the microorganisms present. From time to time, as used herein the term “fermentation broth”, “fermentation mix” and “fermentation mixture” can be used synonymously with “fermentation medium.”

The term “aerobic conditions” as used herein means growth conditions in the presence of oxygen.

The term “microaerobic conditions” as used herein means growth conditions with low levels of dissolved oxygen. For example, the oxygen level may be less than about 1% of air-saturation.

The term “anaerobic conditions” as used herein means growth conditions in the absence of oxygen.

The term “carbon substrate” refers to a carbon source capable of being metabolized by the recombinant host cells disclosed herein. Non-limiting examples of carbon substrates are provided herein and include, but are not limited to, monosaccharides, oligosaccharides, polysaccharides, ethanol, lactate, succinate, glycerol, carbon dioxide, methanol, glucose, fructose, sucrose, xylose, arabinose, dextrose, amino acids, and mixtures thereof.

The term “sucrose utilizing butanologen” as used herein refers to a microorganism capable of producing butanol from sucrose. Such microorganisms are typically recombinant microorganisms comprising an engineered butanol biosynthetic pathway. “Sucrose utilizing isobutanologen” as used herein refers to a microorganism capable of producing isobutanol from sucrose. Such microorganisms are typically recombinant microorganisms comprising an engineered isobutanol biosynthetic pathway.

As used herein, the term “yield” refers to the amount of product per amount of carbon source in g/g. The yield may be exemplified for glucose as the carbon source. It is understood unless otherwise noted that yield is expressed as a percentage of the theoretical yield. In reference to a microorganism or metabolic pathway, “theoretical yield” is defined as the maximum amount of product that can be generated per total amount of substrate as dictated by the stoichiometry of the metabolic pathway used to make the product. For example, the theoretical yield for one typical conversion of glucose to isopropanol is 0.33 g/g. As such, a yield of isopropanol from glucose of 29.7 g/g would be expressed as 90% of theoretical or 90% theoretical yield. It is understood that while in the present disclosure the yield is exemplified for glucose as a carbon source, the invention can

be applied to other carbon sources and the yield may vary depending on the carbon source used. One skilled in the art can calculate yields on various carbon sources.

The term "effective titer" as used herein, refers to the total amount of C3-C6 alcohol produced by fermentation per liter of fermentation medium. The total amount of C3-C6 alcohol includes: (i) the amount of C3-C6 alcohol in the fermentation medium; (ii) the amount of C3-C6 alcohol recovered from the organic extractant; and (iii) the amount of C3-C6 alcohol recovered from the gas phase, if gas stripping is used.

The term "effective rate" as used herein, refers to the total amount of C3-C6 alcohol produced by fermentation per liter of fermentation medium per hour of fermentation.

The term "specific productivity" as used herein, refers to the g of C3-C6 alcohol produced per g of dry cell weight of cells per unit time.

As used herein the term "coding sequence" refers to a DNA sequence that encodes for a specific amino acid sequence. "Suitable regulatory sequences" refer to nucleotide sequences located upstream (5' non-coding sequences), within, or downstream (3' non-coding sequences) of a coding sequence, and which influence the transcription, RNA processing or stability, or translation of the associated coding sequence. Regulatory sequences may include promoters, translation leader sequences, introns, polyadenylation recognition sequences, RNA processing site, effector binding site and stem-loop structure.

The terms "derivative" and "analog" refer to a polypeptide differing from the enzymes of the invention, but retaining essential properties thereof. The term "derivative" may also refer to a host cells differing from the host cells of the invention, but retaining essential properties thereof. Generally, derivatives and analogs are overall closely similar, and, in many regions, identical to the enzymes of the invention. The terms "derived-from", "derivative" and "analog" when referring to enzymes of the invention include any polypeptides which retain at least some of the activity of the corresponding native polypeptide or the activity of its catalytic domain.

Derivatives of enzymes disclosed herein are polypeptides which may have been altered so as to exhibit features not found on the native polypeptide. Derivatives can be covalently modified by substitution (e.g. amino acid substitution), chemical, enzymatic, or other appropriate means with a moiety other than a naturally occurring amino acid (e.g., a detectable moiety such as an enzyme or radioisotope). Examples of derivatives include fusion proteins, or proteins which are based on a naturally occurring protein sequence, but which have been altered. For example, proteins can be designed by knowledge of a particular amino acid sequence, and/or a particular secondary, tertiary, and/or quaternary structure. Derivatives include proteins that are modified based on the knowledge of a previous sequence, natural or synthetic, which is then optionally modified, often, but not necessarily to confer some improved function. These sequences, or proteins, are then said to be derived from a particular protein or amino acid sequence. In some embodiments of the invention, a derivative must retain at least 50% identity, at least 60% identity, at least 70% identity, at least 80% identity, at least 90% identity, at least 95% identity, at least 97% identity, or at least 99% identity to the sequence the derivative is "derived-from." In some embodiments of the invention, an enzyme is said to be derived-from an enzyme naturally found in a particular species if, using

molecular genetic techniques, the DNA sequence for part or all of the enzyme is amplified and placed into a new host cell.

Polypeptides and Polynucleotides for Use in the Invention

As used herein, the term "polypeptide" is intended to encompass a singular "polypeptide" as well as plural "polypeptides," and refers to a molecule composed of monomers (amino acids) linearly linked by amide bonds (also known as peptide bonds). The term "polypeptide" refers to any chain or chains of two or more amino acids, and does not refer to a specific length of the product. Thus, peptides, dipeptides, tripeptides, oligopeptides, "protein," "amino acid chain," or any other term used to refer to a chain or chains of two or more amino acids, are included within the definition of "polypeptide," and the term "polypeptide" may be used instead of, or interchangeably with any of these terms. A polypeptide may be derived from a natural biological source or produced by recombinant technology, but is not necessarily translated from a designated nucleic acid sequence. It may be generated in any manner, including by chemical synthesis. The polypeptides used in this invention comprise full-length polypeptides and fragments thereof.

By an "isolated" polypeptide or a fragment, variant, or derivative thereof is intended a polypeptide that is not in its natural milieu. No particular level of purification is required. For example, an isolated polypeptide can be removed from its native or natural environment. Recombinantly produced polypeptides and proteins expressed in host cells are considered isolated for the purposes of the invention, as are native or recombinant polypeptides which have been separated, fractionated, or partially or substantially purified by any suitable technique.

A polypeptide of the invention may be of a size of about 10 or more, 20 or more, 25 or more, 50 or more, 75 or more, 100 or more, 200 or more, 500 or more, 1,000 or more, or 2,000 or more amino acids. Polypeptides may have a defined three-dimensional structure, although they do not necessarily have such structure. Polypeptides with a defined three-dimensional structure are referred to as folded, and polypeptides which do not possess a defined three-dimensional structure, but rather can adopt a large number of different conformations, and are referred to as unfolded.

Also included as polypeptides of the present invention are derivatives, analogs, or variants of the foregoing polypeptides, and any combination thereof. The terms "active variant," "active fragment," "active derivative," and "analog" refer to polypeptides of the present invention and include any polypeptides that are capable of catalyzing the reduction of a lower alkyl aldehyde. Variants of polypeptides of the present invention include polypeptides with altered amino acid sequences due to amino acid substitutions, deletions, and/or insertions. Variants may occur naturally or be non-naturally occurring. Non-naturally occurring variants may be produced using art-known mutagenesis techniques. Variant polypeptides may comprise conservative or non-conservative amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or additions. Derivatives of polypeptides of the present invention are polypeptides which have been altered so as to exhibit additional features not found on the native polypeptide. Examples include fusion proteins. Variant polypeptides may also be referred to herein as "polypeptide analogs." As used herein a "derivative" of a polypeptide refers to a subject polypeptide having one or more residues chemically derivatized by reaction of a functional side group. Also included as "derivatives" are those peptides which contain one or more naturally occurring amino acid derivatives of the twenty standard amino acids. For example, 4-hydroxyproline may

be substituted for proline; 5-hydroxylysine may be substituted for lysine; 3-methylhistidine may be substituted for histidine; homoserine may be substituted for serine; and ornithine may be substituted for lysine.

A "fragment" is a unique portion of a polypeptide or other enzyme used in the invention which is identical in sequence to but shorter in length than the parent full-length sequence. A fragment may comprise up to the entire length of the defined sequence, minus one amino acid residue. For example, a fragment may comprise from 5 to 1000 contiguous amino acid residues. A fragment may be at least 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75, 100, 150, 250 or at least 500 contiguous amino acid residues in length. Fragments may be preferentially selected from certain regions of a molecule. For example, a polypeptide fragment may comprise a certain length of contiguous amino acids selected from the first 100 or 200 amino acids of a polypeptide as shown in a certain defined sequence. Clearly these lengths are exemplary, and any length that is supported by the specification, including the Sequence Listing, tables, and figures, may be encompassed by the present embodiments.

Alternatively, recombinant variants encoding these same or similar polypeptides can be synthesized or selected by making use of the "redundancy" in the genetic code. Various codon substitutions, such as the silent changes which produce various restriction sites, may be introduced to optimize cloning into a plasmid or viral vector or expression in a host cell system.

Preferably, amino acid "substitutions" are the result of replacing one amino acid with another amino acid having similar structural and/or chemical properties, i.e., conservative amino acid replacements, or they can be result of replacing one amino acid with an amino acid having different structural and/or chemical properties, i.e., non-conservative amino acid replacements. "Conservative" amino acid substitutions may be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues involved. For example, nonpolar (hydrophobic) amino acids include alanine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, proline, phenylalanine, tryptophan, and methionine; polar neutral amino acids include glycine, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, and glutamine; positively charged (basic) amino acids include arginine, lysine, and histidine; and negatively charged (acidic) amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid. Alternatively, "non-conservative" amino acid substitutions can be made by selecting the differences in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, or the amphipathic nature of any of these amino acids. "Insertions" or "deletions" are preferably in the range of about 1 to about 20 amino acids, more preferably 1 to 10 amino acids. The variation allowed may be experimentally determined by systematically making insertions, deletions, or substitutions of amino acids in a polypeptide molecule using recombinant DNA techniques and assaying the resulting recombinant variants for activity.

By a polypeptide having an amino acid or polypeptide sequence at least, for example, 95% "identical" to a query amino acid sequence of the present invention, it is intended that the amino acid sequence of the subject polypeptide is identical to the query sequence except that the subject polypeptide sequence may include up to five amino acid alterations per each 100 amino acids of the query amino acid sequence. In other words, to obtain a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a query amino acid sequence, up to 5% of the amino acid residues in the subject sequence may be inserted, deleted, or substituted

with another amino acid. These alterations of the reference sequence may occur at the amino or carboxy terminal positions of the reference amino acid sequence or anywhere between those terminal positions, interspersed either individually among residues in the reference sequence or in one or more contiguous groups within the reference sequence.

As a practical matter, whether any particular polypeptide is at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical to a reference polypeptide can be determined conventionally using known computer programs. A preferred method for determining the best overall match between a query sequence (a sequence of the present invention) and a subject sequence, also referred to as a global sequence alignment, can be determined using the FASTDB computer program based on the algorithm of Brutlag et al., *Comp. Appl. Biosci.* 6:237-245 (1990). In a sequence alignment, the query and subject sequences are either both nucleotide sequences or both amino acid sequences. The result of the global sequence alignment is in percent identity. Preferred parameters used in a FASTDB amino acid alignment are: Matrix=PAM 0, k-tuple=2, Mismatch Penalty=1, Joining Penalty=20, Randomization Group Length=0, Cutoff Score=1, Window Size=sequence length, Gap Penalty=5, Gap Size Penalty=0.05, Window Size=500 or the length of the subject amino acid sequence, whichever is shorter.

If the subject sequence is shorter than the query sequence due to N- or C-terminal deletions, not because of internal deletions, a manual correction must be made to the results. This is because the FASTDB program does not account for N- and C-terminal truncations of the subject sequence when calculating global percent identity. For subject sequences truncated at the N- and C-termini, relative to the query sequence, the percent identity is corrected by calculating the number of residues of the query sequence that are N- and C-terminal of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned with a corresponding subject residue, as a percent of the total bases of the query sequence. Whether a residue is matched/aligned is determined by results of the FASTDB sequence alignment. This percentage is then subtracted from the percent identity, calculated by the above FASTDB program using the specified parameters, to arrive at a final percent identity score. This final percent identity score is what is used for the purposes of the present invention. Only residues to the N- and C-termini of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence, are considered for the purposes of manually adjusting the percent identity score. That is, only query residue positions outside the farthest N- and C-terminal residues of the subject sequence.

For example, a 90 amino acid residue subject sequence is aligned with a 100 residue query sequence to determine percent identity. The deletion occurs at the N-terminus of the subject sequence and therefore, the FASTDB alignment does not show a matching/alignment of the first 10 residues at the N-terminus. The 10 unpaired residues represent 10% of the sequence (number of residues at the N- and C-termini not matched/total number of residues in the query sequence) so 10% is subtracted from the percent identity score calculated by the FASTDB program. If the remaining 90 residues were perfectly matched the final percent identity would be 90%. In another example, a 90 residue subject sequence is compared with a 100 residue query sequence. This time the deletions are internal deletions so there are no residues at the N- or C-termini of the subject sequence which are not matched/aligned with the query. In this case, the percent identity calculated by FASTDB is not manually corrected. Once again, only residue positions outside the N- and

C-terminal ends of the subject sequence, as displayed in the FASTDB alignment, which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence are manually corrected for. No other manual corrections are to be made for the purposes of the present invention.

Polypeptides and other enzymes suitable for use in the present invention and fragments thereof are encoded by polynucleotides. The term "polynucleotide" is intended to encompass a singular nucleic acid as well as plural nucleic acids, and refers to an isolated nucleic acid molecule or construct, e.g., messenger RNA (mRNA), virally-derived RNA, or plasmid DNA (pDNA). A polynucleotide may comprise a conventional phosphodiester bond or a non-conventional bond (e.g., an amide bond, such as found in peptide nucleic acids (PNA)). The term "nucleic acid" refers to any one or more nucleic acid segments, e.g., DNA or RNA fragments, present in a polynucleotide. Polynucleotides according to the present invention further include such molecules produced synthetically. Polynucleotides of the invention may be native to the host cell or heterologous. In addition, a polynucleotide or a nucleic acid may be or may include a regulatory element such as a promoter, ribosome binding site, or a transcription terminator.

In certain embodiments, the polynucleotide or nucleic acid is DNA. In the case of DNA, a polynucleotide comprising a nucleic acid, which encodes a polypeptide normally may include a promoter and/or other transcription or translation control elements operably associated with one or more coding regions. An operable association is when a coding region for a gene product, e.g., a polypeptide, is associated with one or more regulatory sequences in such a way as to place expression of the gene product under the influence or control of the regulatory sequence(s). Two DNA fragments (such as a polypeptide coding region and a promoter associated therewith) are "operably associated" if induction of promoter function results in the transcription of mRNA encoding the desired gene product and if the nature of the linkage between the two DNA fragments does not interfere with the ability of the expression regulatory sequences to direct the expression of the gene product or interfere with the ability of the DNA template to be transcribed. Thus, a promoter region would be operably associated with a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide if the promoter was capable of effecting transcription of that nucleic acid. Other transcription control elements, besides a promoter, for example enhancers, operators, repressors, and transcription termination signals, can be operably associated with the polynucleotide. Suitable promoters and other transcription control regions are disclosed herein.

A polynucleotide sequence can be referred to as "isolated," in which it has been removed from its native environment. For example, a heterologous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide or polypeptide fragment having enzymatic activity (e.g., the ability to convert a substrate to xylulose) contained in a vector is considered isolated for the purposes of the present invention. Further examples of an isolated polynucleotide include recombinant polynucleotides maintained in heterologous host cells or purified (partially or substantially) polynucleotides in solution. Isolated polynucleotides or nucleic acids according to the present invention further include such molecules produced synthetically. An isolated polynucleotide fragment in the form of a polymer of DNA can be comprised of one or more segments of cDNA, genomic DNA, or synthetic DNA.

The term "gene" refers to a nucleic acid fragment that is capable of being expressed as a specific protein, optionally

including regulatory sequences preceding (5' non-coding sequences) and following (3' non-coding sequences) the coding sequence.

As used herein, a "coding region" or "ORF" is a portion of nucleic acid which consists of codons translated into amino acids. Although a "stop codon" (TAG, TGA, or TAA) is not translated into an amino acid, it may be considered to be part of a coding region, if present, but any flanking sequences, for example promoters, ribosome binding sites, transcriptional terminators, introns, 5' and 3' non-translated regions, and the like, are not part of a coding region. "Suitable regulatory sequences" refer to nucleotide sequences located upstream (5' non-coding sequences), within, or downstream (3' non-coding sequences) of a coding sequence that influence the transcription, RNA processing or stability, or translation of the associated coding sequence. Regulatory sequences can include promoters, translation leader sequences, introns, polyadenylation recognition sequences, RNA processing sites, effector binding sites and stem-loop structures.

A variety of translation control elements are known to those of ordinary skill in the art. These include, but are not limited to ribosome binding sites, translation initiation and termination codons, and elements derived from viral systems (particularly an internal ribosome entry site, or IRES). In other embodiments, a polynucleotide of the present invention is RNA, for example, in the form of messenger RNA (mRNA). RNA of the present invention may be single stranded or double stranded.

Polynucleotide and nucleic acid coding regions of the present invention may be associated with additional coding regions which encode secretory or signal peptides, which direct the secretion of a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide of the present invention.

As used herein, the term "transformation" refers to the transfer of a nucleic acid fragment into the genome of a host organism, resulting in genetically stable inheritance. Host organisms containing the transformed nucleic acid fragments are referred to as "recombinant" or "transformed" organisms.

The term "expression," as used herein, refers to the transcription and stable accumulation of sense (mRNA) or antisense RNA derived from the nucleic acid fragment of the invention. Expression may also refer to translation of mRNA into a polypeptide.

The terms "plasmid," "vector," and "cassette" refer to an extra chromosomal element often carrying genes which are not part of the central metabolism of the cell, and usually in the form of circular double-stranded DNA fragments. Such elements may be autonomously replicating sequences, genome integrating sequences, phage or nucleotide sequences, linear or circular, of a single- or double-stranded DNA or RNA, derived from any source, in which a number of nucleotide sequences have been joined or recombined into a unique construction which is capable of introducing a promoter fragment and DNA sequence for a selected gene product along with appropriate 3' untranslated sequence into a cell. "Transformation cassette" refers to a specific vector containing a foreign gene and having elements in addition to the foreign gene that facilitates transformation of a particular host cell. "Expression cassette" refers to a specific vector containing a foreign gene and having elements in addition to the foreign gene that allow for enhanced expression of that gene in a foreign host.

The term "artificial" refers to a synthetic, or non-host cell derived composition, e.g., a chemically-synthesized oligonucleotide.

As used herein, "native" refers to the form of a polynucleotide, gene, or polypeptide as found in nature with its own regulatory sequences, if present.

The term "endogenous," when used in reference to a polynucleotide, a gene, or a polypeptide refers to a native polynucleotide or gene in its natural location in the genome of an organism, or for a native polypeptide, is transcribed and translated from this location in the genome.

The term "heterologous" when used in reference to a polynucleotide, a gene, or a polypeptide refers to a polynucleotide, gene, or polypeptide not normally found in the host organism. "Heterologous" also includes a native coding region, or portion thereof, that is reintroduced into the source organism in a form that is different from the corresponding native gene, e.g., not in its natural location in the organism's genome. The heterologous polynucleotide or gene may be introduced into the host organism by, e.g., gene transfer. A heterologous gene may include a native coding region with non-native regulatory regions that is reintroduced into the native host. A "transgene" is a gene that has been introduced into the genome by a transformation procedure.

The term "recombinant genetic expression element" refers to a nucleic acid fragment that expresses one or more specific proteins, including regulatory sequences preceding (5' non-coding sequences) and following (3' termination sequences) coding sequences for the proteins. A chimeric gene is a recombinant genetic expression element. The coding regions of an operon may form a recombinant genetic expression element, along with an operably linked promoter and termination region.

"Regulatory sequences" refers to nucleotide sequences located upstream (5' non-coding sequences), within, or downstream (3' non-coding sequences) of a coding sequence, and which influence the transcription, RNA processing or stability, or translation of the associated coding sequence. Regulatory sequences may include promoters, enhancers, operators, repressors, transcription termination signals, translation leader sequences, introns, polyadenylation recognition sequences, RNA processing site, effector binding site and stem-loop structure.

The term "promoter" refers to a nucleic acid sequence capable of controlling the expression of a coding sequence or functional RNA. In general, a coding sequence is located 3' to a promoter sequence. Promoters may be derived in their entirety from a native gene, or be composed of different elements derived from different promoters found in nature, or even comprise synthetic nucleic acid segments. It is understood by those skilled in the art that different promoters may direct the expression of a gene in different tissues or cell types, or at different stages of development, or in response to different environmental or physiological conditions. Promoters which cause a gene to be expressed in most cell types at most times are commonly referred to as "constitutive promoters". "Inducible promoters," on the other hand, cause a gene to be expressed when the promoter is induced or turned on by a promoter-specific signal or molecule. It is further recognized that since in most cases the exact boundaries of regulatory sequences have not been completely defined, DNA fragments of different lengths may have identical promoter activity. For example, it will be understood that "FBA1 promoter" can be used to refer to a fragment derived from the promoter region of the FBA1 gene.

The term "terminator" as used herein refers to DNA sequences located downstream of a coding sequence. This includes polyadenylation recognition sequences and other sequences encoding regulatory signals capable of affecting mRNA processing or gene expression. The polyadenylation signal is usually characterized by affecting the addition of

polyadenylic acid tracts to the 3' end of the mRNA precursor. The 3' region can influence the transcription, RNA processing or stability, or translation of the associated coding sequence. It is recognized that since in most cases the exact boundaries of regulatory sequences have not been completely defined, DNA fragments of different lengths may have identical terminator activity. For example, it will be understood that "CYC1 terminator" can be used to refer to a fragment derived from the terminator region of the CYC1 gene.

The term "operably linked" refers to the association of nucleic acid sequences on a single nucleic acid fragment so that the function of one is affected by the other. For example, a promoter is operably linked with a coding sequence when it is capable of effecting the expression of that coding sequence (i.e., that the coding sequence is under the transcriptional control of the promoter). Coding sequences can be operably linked to regulatory sequences in sense or antisense orientation.

The term "codon-optimized" as it refers to genes or coding regions of nucleic acid molecules for transformation of various hosts, refers to the alteration of codons in the gene or coding regions of the nucleic acid molecules to reflect the typical codon usage of the host organism without altering the polypeptide encoded by the DNA. Such optimization includes replacing at least one, or more than one, or a significant number, of codons with one or more codons that are more frequently used in the genes of that organism.

Deviations in the nucleotide sequence that comprise the codons encoding the amino acids of any polypeptide chain allow for variations in the sequence coding for the gene. Since each codon consists of three nucleotides, and the nucleotides comprising DNA are restricted to four specific bases, there are 64 possible combinations of nucleotides, 61 of which encode amino acids (the remaining three codons encode signals ending translation). The "genetic code" which shows which codons encode which amino acids is reproduced herein as Table 1. As a result, many amino acids are designated by more than one codon. For example, the amino acids alanine and proline are coded for by four triplets, serine and arginine by six, whereas tryptophan and methionine are coded by just one triplet. This degeneracy allows for DNA base composition to vary over a wide range without altering the amino acid sequence of the proteins encoded by the DNA.

TABLE 1

The Standard Genetic Code				
	T	C	A	G
T	TTT Phe (F)	TCT Ser (S)	TAT Tyr (Y)	TGT Cys (C)
	TTC Phe (F)	TCC Ser (S)	TAC Tyr (Y)	TGC
	TTA Leu (L)	TCA Ser (S)	TAA Ter	TGA Ter
	TTG Leu (L)	TCG Ser (S)	TAG Ter	TGG Trp (W)
C	CTT Leu (L)	CCT Pro (P)	CAT His (H)	CGT Arg (R)
	CTC Leu (L)	CCC Pro (P)	CAC His (H)	CGC Arg (R)
	CTA Leu (L)	CCA Pro (P)	CAA Gln (Q)	CGA Arg (R)
	CTG Leu (L)	CCG Pro (P)	CAG Gln (Q)	CGG Arg (R)
A	ATT Ile (I)	ACT Thr (T)	AAT Asn (N)	AGT Ser (S)
	ATC Ile (I)	ACC Thr (T)	AAC Asn (N)	AGC Ser (S)
	ATA Ile (I)	ACA Thr (T)	AAA Lys (K)	AGA Arg (R)
	ATG Met (M)	ACG Thr (T)	AAG Lys (K)	AGG Arg (R)
G	GTT Val (V)	GCT Ala (A)	GAT Asp (D)	GGT Gly (G)
	GTC Val (V)	GCC Ala (A)	GAC Asp (D)	GGC Gly (G)
	GTA Val (V)	GCA Ala (A)	GAA Glu (E)	GGA Gly (G)
	GTG Val (V)	GCG Ala (A)	GAG Glu (E)	GGG Gly (G)

Many organisms display a bias for use of particular codons to code for insertion of a particular amino acid in a growing peptide chain. Codon preference or codon bias, differences in codon usage between organisms, is afforded

by degeneracy of the genetic code, and is well documented among many organisms. Codon bias often correlates with the efficiency of translation of messenger RNA (mRNA), which is in turn believed to be dependent on, inter alia, the properties of the codons being translated and the availability of particular transfer RNA (tRNA) molecules. The predominance of selected tRNAs in a cell is generally a reflection of the codons used most frequently in peptide synthesis. Accordingly, genes can be tailored for optimal gene expression in a given organism based on codon optimization.

Given the large number of gene sequences available for a wide variety of animal, plant and microbial species, it is possible to calculate the relative frequencies of codon usage. Codon usage tables are readily available, for example, at the "Codon Usage Database" available at the Kazusa DNA Research Institute, Japan, and these tables can be adapted in a number of ways. See Nakamura, Y., et al. *Nucl. Acids Res.* 28:292(2000). Codon usage tables for yeast, calculated from GenBank Release 128.0 [15 Feb. 2002], are reproduced below as Table 2. This table uses mRNA nomenclature, and so instead of thymine (T) which is found in DNA, the tables use uracil (U) which is found in RNA. The Table has been adapted so that frequencies are calculated for each amino acid, rather than for all 64 codons.

TABLE 2

Codon Usage Table for <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> Genes			
Amino Acid	Codon	Number	Frequency per thousand
Phe	UUU	170666	26.1
Phe	UUC	120510	18.4
Leu	UUA	170884	26.2
Leu	UUG	177573	27.2
Leu	CUU	80076	12.3
Leu	CUC	35545	5.4
Leu	CUA	87619	13.4
Leu	CUG	68494	10.5
Ile	AUU	196893	30.1
Ile	AUC	112176	17.2
Ile	AUA	116254	17.8
Met	AUG	136805	20.9
Val	GUU	144243	22.1
Val	GUC	76947	11.8
Val	GUA	76927	11.8
Val	GUG	70337	10.8
Ser	UCU	153557	23.5
Ser	UCC	92923	14.2
Ser	UCA	122028	18.7
Ser	UCG	55951	8.6
Ser	AGU	92466	14.2
Ser	AGC	63726	9.8
Pro	CCU	88263	13.5
Pro	CCC	44309	6.8
Pro	CCA	119641	18.3
Pro	CCG	34597	5.3
Thr	ACU	132522	20.3
Thr	ACC	83207	12.7
Thr	ACA	116084	17.8
Thr	ACG	52045	8.0
Ala	GCU	138358	21.2
Ala	GCC	82357	12.6
Ala	GCA	105910	16.2
Ala	GCG	40358	6.2
Tyr	UAU	122728	18.8
Tyr	UAC	96596	14.8
His	CAU	89007	13.6
His	CAC	50785	7.8
Gln	CAA	178251	27.3
Gln	CAG	79121	12.1
Asn	AAU	233124	35.7
Asn	AAC	162199	24.8
Lys	AAA	273618	41.9
Lys	AAG	201361	30.8

TABLE 2-continued

Codon Usage Table for <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> Genes			
Amino Acid	Codon	Number	Frequency per thousand
Asp	GAU	245641	37.6
Asp	GAC	132048	20.2
Glu	GAA	297944	45.6
Glu	GAG	125717	19.2
Cys	UGU	52903	8.1
Cys	UGC	31095	4.8
Trp	UGG	67789	10.4
Arg	CGU	41791	6.4
Arg	CGC	16993	2.6
Arg	CGA	19562	3.0
Arg	CGG	11351	1.7
Arg	AGA	139081	21.3
Arg	AGG	60289	9.2
Gly	GGU	156109	23.9
Gly	GGC	63903	9.8
Gly	GGA	71216	10.9
Gly	GGG	39359	6.0
Stop	UAA	6913	1.1
Stop	UAG	3312	0.5
Stop	UGA	4447	0.7

By utilizing this or similar tables, one of ordinary skill in the art can apply the frequencies to any given polypeptide sequence, and produce a nucleic acid fragment of a codon-optimized coding region which encodes the polypeptide, but which uses codons optimal for a given species.

Randomly assigning codons at an optimized frequency to encode a given polypeptide sequence, can be done manually by calculating codon frequencies for each amino acid, and then assigning the codons to the polypeptide sequence randomly. Additionally, various algorithms and computer software programs are readily available to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, the "EditSeq" function in the Lasergene Package, available from DNASTar, Inc., Madison, WI, the backtranslation function in the VectorNTI Suite, available from InforMax, Inc., Bethesda, MD, and the "backtranslate" function in the GCG--Wisconsin Package, available from Accelrys, Inc., San Diego, CA. In addition, various resources are publicly available to codon-optimized coding region sequences, e.g., the "JAVA Codon Adaptation Tool" (Grote, et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 33:W526-W531, 2005) and the "Codon optimization tool" available at Entelechon GmbH, Regensburg, Germany.

By a nucleic acid or polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least, for example, 95% "identical" to a reference nucleotide sequence of the present invention, it is intended that the nucleotide sequence of the polynucleotide is identical to the reference sequence except that the polynucleotide sequence may include up to five point mutations per each 100 nucleotides of the reference nucleotide sequence. In other words, to obtain a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a reference nucleotide sequence, up to 5% of the nucleotides in the reference sequence may be deleted or substituted with another nucleotide, or a number of nucleotides up to 5% of the total nucleotides in the reference sequence may be inserted into the reference sequence.

As a practical matter, whether any particular nucleic acid molecule or polynucleotide is at least 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical to a nucleotide sequence or polypeptide sequence of the present invention can be determined conventionally using known computer programs. A preferred method for determining the best overall match between a query sequence (a sequence of the present

invention) and a subject sequence, also referred to as a global sequence alignment, can be determined using the FASTDB computer program based on the algorithm of Brutlag et al., *Comp. Appl. Biosci.* 6:237-245 (1990). In a sequence alignment the query and subject sequences are both DNA sequences. An RNA sequence can be compared by converting U's to T's. The result of the global sequence alignment is in percent identity. Preferred parameters used in a FASTDB alignment of DNA sequences to calculate percent identity are: Matrix=Unitary, k-tuple=4, Mismatch Penalty=1, Joining Penalty=30, Randomization Group Length=0, Cutoff Score=1, Gap Penalty=5, Gap Size Penalty=0.05, Window Size=500 or the length of the subject nucleotide sequences, whichever is shorter.

If the subject sequence is shorter than the query sequence because of 5' or 3' deletions, not because of internal deletions, a manual correction must be made to the results. This is because the FASTDB program does not account for 5' and 3' truncations of the subject sequence when calculating percent identity. For subject sequences truncated at the 5' or 3' ends, relative to the query sequence, the percent identity is corrected by calculating the number of bases of the query sequence that are 5' and 3' of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned, as a percent of the total bases of the query sequence. Whether a nucleotide is matched/aligned is determined by results of the FASTDB sequence alignment. This percentage is then subtracted from the percent identity, calculated by the above FASTDB program using the specified parameters, to arrive at a final percent identity score. This corrected score is what is used for the purposes of the present invention. Only bases outside the 5' and 3' bases of the subject sequence, as displayed by the FASTDB alignment, which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence, are calculated for the purposes of manually adjusting the percent identity score.

For example, a 90 base subject sequence is aligned to a 100 base query sequence to determine percent identity. The deletions occur at the 5' end of the subject sequence and therefore, the FASTDB alignment does not show a matched/alignment of the first 10 bases at 5' end. The 10 unpaired bases represent 10% of the sequence (number of bases at the 5' and 3' ends not matched/total number of bases in the query sequence) so 10% is subtracted from the percent identity score calculated by the FASTDB program. If the remaining 90 bases were perfectly matched the final percent identity would be 90%. In another example, a 90 base subject sequence is compared with a 100 base query sequence. This time the deletions are internal deletions so that there are no bases on the 5' or 3' of the subject sequence which are not matched/aligned with the query. In this case the percent identity calculated by FASTDB is not manually corrected. Once again, only bases 5' and 3' of the subject sequence which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence are manually corrected for. No other manual corrections are to be made for the purposes of the present invention.

Standard recombinant DNA and molecular cloning techniques are well known in the art and are described by Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F. and Maniatis, T., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. (1989) (hereinafter "Maniatis"); and by Silhavy, T. J., Brennan, M. L. and Enquist, L. W., *Experiments with Gene Fusions*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y. (1984); and by Ausubel, F. M. et al., *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, published by Greene Publishing Assoc. and Wiley-Interscience (1987). Additional methods used here are in *Methods in Enzymology*, Volume

194, *Guide to Yeast Genetics and Molecular and Cell Biology* (Part A, 2004, Christine Guthrie and Gerald R. Fink (Eds.), Elsevier Academic Press, San Diego, Calif.). Other molecular tools and techniques are known in the art and include splicing by overlapping extension polymerase chain reaction (PCR) (Yu, et al. (2004) *Fungal Genet. Biol.* 41:973-981), positive selection for mutations at the URA3 locus of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (Boeke, J. D. et al. (1984) *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 197, 345-346; MA Romanos, et al. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 1991 Jan. 11; 19(1): 187), the cre-lox site-specific recombination system as well as mutant lox sites and FLP substrate mutations (Sauer, B. (1987) *Mol Cell Biol* 7: 2087-2096; Senecoff, et al. (1988) *Journal of Molecular Biology*, Volume 201, Issue 2, Pages 405-421; Albert, et al. (1995) *The Plant Journal*. Volume 7, Issue 4, pages 649-659), "seamless" gene deletion (Akada, et al. (2006) *Yeast*; 23(5):399-405), and gap repair methodology (Ma et al., *Genetics* 58:201-216; 1981).

The genetic manipulations of a recombinant host cell disclosed herein can be performed using standard genetic techniques and screening and can be made in any host cell that is suitable to genetic manipulation (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., pp. 201-202). Construction of butanologens is described herein and in the art, for example in in PCT Pub. No. WO/2012/129555, incorporated herein by reference.

"qPCR" or "RT-PCR" is a PCT-based laboratory technique that simultaneously amplifies and quantifies a target gene.

Biosynthetic Pathways

Biosynthetic pathways for the production of isobutanol that may be used include those described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,851,188 and 7,993,889, which are incorporated herein by reference. Isobutanol pathways are referred to with their lettering in FIG. 1. In one embodiment, the isobutanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to acetolactate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase;
- b) acetolactate to 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by ketol-acid reductoisomerase;
- c) 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate to α -ketoisovalerate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by dihydroxyacid dehydratase;
- d) α -ketoisovalerate to isobutyraldehyde, which may be catalyzed, for example, by a branched-chain keto acid decarboxylase; and,
- e) isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by a branched-chain alcohol dehydrogenase.

In another embodiment, the isobutanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to acetolactate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase;
- b) acetolactate to 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by ketol-acid reductoisomerase;
- c) 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate to α -ketoisovalerate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by dihydroxyacid dehydratase;
- h) α -ketoisovalerate to valine, which may be catalyzed, for example, by transaminase or valine dehydrogenase;
- i) valine to isobutylamine, which may be catalyzed, for example, by valine decarboxylase;

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- j) isobutylamine to isobutyraldehyde, which may be catalyzed by, for example, omega transaminase; and,
- e) isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by a branched-chain alcohol dehydrogenase.

In another embodiment, the isobutanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to acetolactate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase;
- b) acetolactate to 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by ketol-acid reductoisomerase;
- c) 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate to α -ketoisovalerate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by dihydroxyacid dehydratase;
- f) α -ketoisovalerate to isobutyryl-CoA, which may be catalyzed, for example, by branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase;
- g) isobutyryl-CoA to isobutyraldehyde, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetylating aldehyde dehydrogenase; and,
- e) isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by a branched-chain alcohol dehydrogenase.

In another embodiment, the isobutanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the substrate to product conversions shown as steps k, g, and e in FIG. 1.

Biosynthetic pathways for the production of 1-butanol that may be used include those described in U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2008/0182308, which is incorporated herein by reference. In one embodiment, the 1-butanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) acetyl-CoA to acetoacetyl-CoA, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetyl-CoA acetyl transferase;
- b) acetoacetyl-CoA to 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA, which may be catalyzed, for example, by 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase;
- c) 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA to crotonyl-CoA, which may be catalyzed, for example, by crotonase;
- d) crotonyl-CoA to butyryl-CoA, which may be catalyzed, for example, by butyryl-CoA dehydrogenase;
- e) butyryl-CoA to butyraldehyde, which may be catalyzed, for example, by butyraldehyde dehydrogenase; and,
- f) butyraldehyde to 1-butanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by butanol dehydrogenase.

Biosynthetic pathways for the production of 2-butanol that may be used include those described in U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2007/0259410 and U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2009/0155870, which are incorporated herein by reference. In one embodiment, the 2-butanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to alpha-acetolactate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase;
- b) alpha-acetolactate to acetoin, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate decarboxylase;
- c) acetoin to 3-amino-2-butanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, acetoin aminase;
- d) 3-amino-2-butanol to 3-amino-2-butanol phosphate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by aminobutanol kinase;
- e) 3-amino-2-butanol phosphate to 2-butanone, which may be catalyzed, for example, by aminobutanol phosphate phosphorylase; and,

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- f) 2-butanone to 2-butanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by butanol dehydrogenase.

In another embodiment, the 2-butanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to alpha-acetolactate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase;
- b) alpha-acetolactate to acetoin, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate decarboxylase;
- c) acetoin to 2,3-butanediol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by butanediol dehydrogenase;
- d) 2,3-butanediol to 2-butanone, which may be catalyzed, for example, by dial dehydratase; and,
- e) 2-butanone to 2-butanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by butanol dehydrogenase.

Biosynthetic pathways for the production of 2-butanone that may be used include those described in U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2007/0259410 and U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2009/0155870, which are incorporated herein by reference. In one embodiment, the 2-butanone biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to alpha-acetolactate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase;
- b) alpha-acetolactate to acetoin, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate decarboxylase;
- c) acetoin to 3-amino-2-butanol, which may be catalyzed, for example, acetoin aminase;
- d) 3-amino-2-butanol to 3-amino-2-butanol phosphate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by aminobutanol kinase; and,
- e) 3-amino-2-butanol phosphate to 2-butanone, which may be catalyzed, for example, by aminobutanol phosphate phosphorylase.

In another embodiment, the 2-butanone biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to alpha-acetolactate, which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate synthase;
- b) alpha-acetolactate to acetoin which may be catalyzed, for example, by acetolactate decarboxylase;
- c) acetoin to 2,3-butanediol, which may be catalyzed, for example, by butanediol dehydrogenase;
- d) 2,3-butanediol to 2-butanone, which may be catalyzed, for example, by dial dehydratase.

In one embodiment, the invention produces butanol from plant derived carbon sources, avoiding the negative environmental impact associated with standard petrochemical processes for butanol production. In one embodiment, the invention provides a method for the production of butanol using recombinant industrial host cells comprising a butanol pathway.

In some embodiments, the isobutanol biosynthetic pathway comprises at least one polynucleotide, at least two polynucleotides, at least three polynucleotides, or at least four polynucleotides that is/are heterologous to the host cell. In embodiments, each substrate to product conversion of an isobutanol biosynthetic pathway in a recombinant host cell is catalyzed by a heterologous polypeptide. In embodiments, the polypeptide catalyzing the substrate to product conversions of acetolactate to 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate and/or the polypeptide catalyzing the substrate to product conversion of isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol are capable of utilizing NADH as a cofactor.

The terms "acetohydroxyacid synthase," "acetolactate synthase" and "acetolactate synthetase" (abbreviated "ALS") are used interchangeably herein to refer to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to aceto-

lactate and CO₂. Example acetolactate synthases are known by the EC number 2.2.1.6 (Enzyme Nomenclature 1992, Academic Press, San Diego). These unmodified enzymes are available from a number of sources, including, but not limited to, *Bacillus subtilis* (GenBank Nos: CAB07802.1, Z99122 (SEQ ID NO:16), NCBI (National Center for Biotechnology Information)), CAB15618), *Klebsiella pneumoniae* (GenBank Nos: AAA25079, M73842, *Lactococcus lactis* (GenBank Nos: AAA25161, L16975), *S. cerevisiae* (SEQ ID NOs:130 and 131), *E. coli* K12 (SEQ ID NOs:132 and 133).

The term “ketol-acid reductoisomerase” (“KARI”), “acetohydroxy acid reductoisomerase” and “acetohydroxy acid isomeroreductase” will be used interchangeably and refer to enzymes capable of catalyzing the reaction of (S)-acetolactate to 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate. Example KARI enzymes may be classified as EC number EC 1.1.1.86 (Enzyme Nomenclature 1992, Academic Press, San Diego), and are available from a vast array of microorganisms, including, but not limited to, *Escherichia coli* (GenBank Nos: NP_418222, NC_000913), *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (GenBank Nos: NP_013459, NC_001144), *Methanococcus maripaludis* (GenBank Nos: CAF30210, BX957220), and *Bacillus subtilis* (GenBank Nos: CAB14789, Z99118). KARIs include *Anaerostipes caccae* KARI variants “K9G9,” “K9D3” and “K9JB4P” (SEQ ID NOs:37, 38, and 182 respectively). Ketol-acid reductoisomerase (KARI) enzymes are described in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. Nos. 20080261230 A1, 20090163376 A1, 20100197519 A1, PCT Appl. Pub. Nos. WO/2011/041415, and WO/2012/129555, which are incorporated herein by reference. Examples of KARIs disclosed therein are those from *Lactococcus lactis*, *Vibrio cholera*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* PAO1, and *Pseudomonas fluorescens* PF5 mutants. *Pseudomonas fluorescens* KARIs include SEQ ID NO:134. In some embodiments, the KARI utilizes NADH. In some embodiments, the KARI utilizes NADPH. In some embodiments, the KARI utilizes NADH or NADPH.

The term “acetohydroxy acid dehydratase” and “dihydroxyacid dehydratase” (“DHAD”) refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate to α -ketoisovalerate. Example acetohydroxy acid dehydratases are known by the EC number 4.2.1.9. Such enzymes are available from a vast array of microorganisms, including, but not limited to, *E. coli* (GenBank Nos: YP_026248, NC_000913), *S. cerevisiae* (GenBank Nos: NP_012550, NC_001142), *M. maripaludis* (GenBank Nos: CAF29874, BX957219), *B. subtilis* (GenBank Nos: CAB14105, Z99115), *L. lactis* (SEQ ID NO:108), and *N. crassa*. US Appl. Pub. No. 20100081154 A1, and U.S. Pat. No. 7,851,188, which are incorporated herein by reference, describe dihydroxyacid dehydratases (DHADs), including a DHAD from *Streptococcus mutans* (SEQ ID NO:135). Example DHADs include variants of *S. mutans* DHAD, for example “L2V4” (SEQ ID NO:183).

The term “branched-chain α -keto acid decarboxylase” or “ α -ketoacid decarboxylase” or “ α -ketoisovalerate decarboxylase” or “2-ketoisovalerate decarboxylase” (“KIVD”) refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of α -ketoisovalerate to isobutyraldehyde and CO₂. Example branched-chain α -keto acid decarboxylases are known by the EC number 4.1.1.72 and are available from a number of sources, including, but not limited to, *Lactococcus lactis* (GenBank Nos: AAS49166 (SEQ ID NO:141), AY548760; CAG34226, AJ746364, *Salmonella typhimurium* (GenBank Nos: NP_461346, NC_003197), *Clostridium acetobutyli-*

cum (GenBank Nos: NP_149189, NC_001988), *M. caseolyticus* (SEQ ID NOs:118, 137), and *L. grayi* (SEQ ID NO:136).

The term “branched-chain alcohol dehydrogenase” (“ADH”) refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol. Example branched-chain alcohol dehydrogenases are known by the EC number 1.1.1.265, but may also be classified under other alcohol dehydrogenases (specifically, EC 1.1.1.1 or 1.1.1.2). Alcohol dehydrogenases may be NADPH dependent or NADH dependent. Such enzymes are available from a number of sources, including, but not limited to, *S. cerevisiae* (GenBank Nos: NP_010656, NC_001136; NP_014051, NC_001145), *E. coli* (GenBank Nos: NP_417484, NC_000913), *C. acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_349892, NC_003030; NP_349891, NC_003030). U.S. Pat. No. 8,188,250, which is incorporated herein by reference, describes SadB, an alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH) from *Achromobacter xylosoxidans* (SEQ ID NO:139). Alcohol dehydrogenases also include horse liver ADH (SEQ ID NO:142) and *Beijerinckia indica* ADH (SEQ ID NO:138) (as described by U.S. Appl. Publ. No. 20110269199, which is incorporated herein by reference).

The term “butanol dehydrogenase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol or the conversion of 2-butanone and 2-butanol. Butanol dehydrogenases are a subset of a broad family of alcohol dehydrogenases. Butanol dehydrogenase may be NAD- or NADP-dependent. The NAD-dependent enzymes are known as EC 1.1.1.1 and are available, for example, from *Rhodococcus ruber* (GenBank Nos: CAD36475, AJ491307). The NADP dependent enzymes are known as EC 1.1.1.2 and are available, for example, from *Pyrococcus furiosus* (GenBank Nos: AAC25556, AF013169). Additionally, a butanol dehydrogenase is available from *Escherichia coli* (GenBank Nos: NP_417484, NC_000913) and a cyclohexanol dehydrogenase is available from *Acinetobacter* sp. (GenBank Nos: AAG10026, AF282240). The term “butanol dehydrogenase” also refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of butyraldehyde to 1-butanol, using either NADH or NADPH as cofactor. Butanol dehydrogenases are available from, for example, *C. acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_149325, NC_001988; note: this enzyme possesses both aldehyde and alcohol dehydrogenase activity); NP_349891, NC_003030; and NP_349892, NC_003030), *E. coli* (GenBank Nos: NP_417-484, NC_000913), and *A. xylosoxidans* (SEQ ID NOs:47 and 48, as described in U.S. Pat. No. 8,188,250, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety).

The term “branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of α -ketoisovalerate to isobutyryl-CoA (isobutyryl-coenzyme A), typically using NAD⁺ (nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide) as an electron acceptor. Example branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenases are known by the EC number 1.2.4.4. Such branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenases are comprised of four subunits and sequences from all subunits are available from a vast array of microorganisms, including, but not limited to, *B. subtilis* (GenBank Nos: CAB14336, Z99116; CAB14335, Z99116; CAB14334, Z99116; and CAB14337, Z99116) and *Pseudomonas putida* (GenBank Nos: AAA65614, M57613; AAA65615, M57613; AAA65617, M57613; and AAA65618, M57613).

The term “acylating aldehyde dehydrogenase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of isobutyryl-CoA to isobutyraldehyde, typically using either NADH or NADPH as an electron donor. Example acylating aldehyde dehydro-

genases are known by the EC numbers 1.2.1.10 and 1.2.1.57. Such enzymes are available from multiple sources, including, but not limited to, *Clostridium beijerinckii* (GenBank Nos: AAD31841, AF157306), *C. acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_149325, NC_001988; NP_149199, NC_001988), *P. putida* (GenBank Nos: AAA89106, U13232), and *Thermus thermophilus* (GenBank Nos: YP_145486, NC_006461).

The term “transaminase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of α -ketoisovalerate to L-valine, using either alanine or glutamate as an amine donor. Example transaminases are known by the EC numbers 2.6.1.42 and 2.6.1.66. Such enzymes are available from a number of sources. Examples of sources for alanine-dependent enzymes include, but are not limited to, *E. coli* (GenBank Nos: YP_026231, NC_000913) and *Bacillus licheniformis* (GenBank Nos: YP_093743, NC_006322). Examples of sources for glutamate-dependent enzymes include, but are not limited to, *E. coli* (GenBank Nos: YP_026247, NC_000913), *S. cerevisiae* (GenBank Nos: NP_012682, NC_001142) and *Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_276546, NC_000916).

The term “valine dehydrogenase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of α -ketoisovalerate to L-valine, typically using NAD(P)H as an electron donor and ammonia as an amine donor. Example valine dehydrogenases are known by the EC numbers 1.4.1.8 and 1.4.1.9 and such enzymes are available from a number of sources, including, but not limited to, *Streptomyces coelicolor* (GenBank Nos: NP_628270, NC_003888) and *B. subtilis* (GenBank Nos: CAB14339, Z99116).

The term “valine decarboxylase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of L-valine to isobutylamine and CO₂. Example valine decarboxylases are known by the EC number 4.1.1.14. Such enzymes are found in *Streptomyces*, such as for example, *Streptomyces viridifaciens* (GenBank Nos: AAN10242, AY116644).

The term “omega transaminase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of isobutylamine to isobutyraldehyde using a suitable amino acid as an amine donor. Example omega transaminases are known by the EC number 2.6.1.18 and are available from a number of sources, including, but not limited to, *Alcaligenes denitrificans* (AAP92672, AY330220), *Ralstonia eutropha* (GenBank Nos: YP_294474, NC_007347), *Shewanella oneidensis* (GenBank Nos: NP_719046, NC_004347), and *P. putida* (GenBank Nos: AAN66223, AE016776).

The term “acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of two molecules of acetyl-CoA to acetoacetyl-CoA and coenzyme A (CoA). Example acetyl-CoA acetyltransferases are acetyl-CoA acetyltransferases with substrate preferences (reaction in the forward direction) for a short chain acyl-CoA and acetyl-CoA and are classified as E.C. 2.3.1.9 [Enzyme Nomenclature 1992, Academic Press, San Diego]; although, enzymes with a broader substrate range (E.C. 2.3.1.16) will be functional as well. Acetyl-CoA acetyltransferases are available from a number of sources, for example, *Escherichia coli* (GenBank Nos: NP_416728, NC_000913; NCBI (National Center for Biotechnology Information) amino acid sequence, NCBI nucleotide sequence), *Clostridium acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_349476.1, NC_003030; NP_149242, NC_001988), *Bacillus subtilis* (GenBank Nos: NP_390297, NC_000964), and *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (GenBank Nos: NP_015297, NC_001148).

The term “3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of acetoacetyl-

CoA to 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA. Example hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenases may be reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NADH)-dependent, with a substrate preference for (S)-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA or (R)-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA. Examples may be classified as E.C. 1.1.1.35 and E.C. 1.1.1.30, respectively. Additionally, 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenases may be reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADPH)-dependent, with a substrate preference for (S)-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA or (R)-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA and are classified as E.C. 1.1.1.157 and E.C. 1.1.1.36, respectively. 3-Hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenases are available from a number of sources, for example, *C. acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_349314, NC_003030), *B. subtilis* (GenBank Nos: AAB09614, U29084), *Ralstonia eutropha* (GenBank Nos: YP_294481, NC_007347), and *Alcaligenes eutrophus* (GenBank Nos: AAA21973, J04987).

The term “crotonase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA to crotonyl-CoA and H₂O. Example crotonases may have a substrate preference for (S)-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA or (R)-3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA and may be classified as E.C. 4.2.1.17 and E.C. 4.2.1.55, respectively. Crotonases are available from a number of sources, for example, *E. coli* (GenBank Nos: NP_415911, NC_000913), *C. acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_349318, NC_003030), *B. subtilis* (GenBank Nos: CAB13705, Z99113), and *Aeromonas caviae* (GenBank Nos: BAA21816, D88825).

The term “butyryl-CoA dehydrogenase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of crotonyl-CoA to butyryl-CoA. Example butyryl-CoA dehydrogenases may be NADH-dependent, NADPH-dependent, or flavin-dependent and may be classified as E.C. 1.3.1.44, E.C. 1.3.1.38, and E.C. 1.3.99.2, respectively. Butyryl-CoA dehydrogenases are available from a number of sources, for example, *C. acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_347102, NC_003030), *Euglena gracilis* (GenBank Nos: Q5EU90), AY741582), *Streptomyces collinus* (GenBank Nos: AAA92890, U37135), and *Streptomyces coelicolor* (GenBank Nos: CAA22721, AL939127).

The term “butyraldehyde dehydrogenase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of butyryl-CoA to butyraldehyde, using NADH or NADPH as cofactor. Butyraldehyde dehydrogenases with a preference for NADH are known as E.C. 1.2.1.57 and are available from, for example, *Clostridium beijerinckii* (GenBank Nos: AAD31841, AF157306) and *C. acetobutylicum* (GenBank Nos: NP_149325, NC_001988).

The term “isobutyryl-CoA mutase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of butyryl-CoA to isobutyryl-CoA. This enzyme uses coenzyme B₁₂ as cofactor. Example isobutyryl-CoA mutases are known by the EC number 5.4.99.13. These enzymes are found in a number of *Streptomyces*, including, but not limited to, *Streptomyces cinnamonensis* (GenBank Nos: AAC08713, U67612; CAB59633, AJ246005), *S. coelicolor* (GenBank Nos: CAB70645, AL939123; CAB92663, AL939121), and *Streptomyces avermitilis* (GenBank Nos: NP_824008, NC_003155; NP_824637, NC_003155).

The term “acetolactate decarboxylase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of alpha-acetolactate to acetoin. Example acetolactate decarboxylases are known as EC 4.1.1.5 and are available, for example, from *Bacillus subtilis* (GenBank Nos: AAA22223, L04470), *Klebsiella terrigena* (GenBank Nos: AAA25054, L04507) and *Klebsiella pneumoniae* (GenBank Nos: AAU43774, AY722056).

The term “acetoin aminase” or “acetoin transaminase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of acetoin to 3-amino-2-butanol. Acetoin aminase may utilize the cofactor pyridoxal 5'-phosphate or NADH (reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide) or NADPH (reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate). The resulting product may have (R) or (S) stereochemistry at the 3-position. The pyridoxal phosphate-dependent enzyme may use an amino acid such as alanine or glutamate as the amino donor. The NADH- and NADPH-dependent enzymes may use ammonia as a second substrate. A suitable example of an NADH dependent acetoin aminase, also known as amino alcohol dehydrogenase, is described by Ito et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 6,432,688). An example of a pyridoxal-dependent acetoin aminase is the amine:pyruvate aminotransferase (also called amine:pyruvate transaminase) described by Shin and Kim (*J. Org. Chem.* 67:2848-2853 (2002)).

The term “acetoin kinase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of acetoin to phosphoacetoin. Acetoin kinase may utilize ATP (adenosine triphosphate) or phosphoenolpyruvate as the phosphate donor in the reaction. Enzymes that catalyze the analogous reaction on the similar substrate dihydroxyacetone, for example, include enzymes known as EC 2.7.1.29 (Garcia-Alles et al. (2004) *Biochemistry* 43:13037-13046).

The term “acetoin phosphate aminase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of phosphoacetoin to 3-amino-2-butanol O-phosphate. Acetoin phosphate aminase may use the cofactor pyridoxal 5'-phosphate, NADH or NADPH. The resulting product may have (R) or (S) stereochemistry at the 3-position. The pyridoxal phosphate-dependent enzyme may use an amino acid such as alanine or glutamate. The NADH and NADPH-dependent enzymes may use ammonia as a second substrate. Although there are no reports of enzymes catalyzing this reaction on phosphoacetoin, there is a pyridoxal phosphate-dependent enzyme that is proposed to carry out the analogous reaction on the similar substrate serinol phosphate (Yasuta et al. (2001) *Appl. Environ. Microbiol.* 67:4999-5009).

The term “aminobutanol phosphate phospholyase”, also called “amino alcohol O-phosphate lyase”, refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of 3-amino-2-butanol O-phosphate to 2-butanone. Amino butanol phosphate phospholyase may utilize the cofactor pyridoxal 5'-phosphate. There are reports of enzymes that catalyze the analogous reaction on the similar substrate 1-amino-2-propanol phosphate (Jones et al. (1973) *Biochem J.* 134:167-182). U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2007/0259410 describes an aminobutanol phosphate phospholyase from the organism *Erwinia carotovora*.

The term “aminobutanol kinase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of 3-amino-2-butanol to 3-amino-2butanol O-phosphate. Amino butanol kinase may utilize ATP as the phosphate donor. Although there are no reports of enzymes catalyzing this reaction on 3-amino-2-butanol, there are reports of enzymes that catalyze the analogous reaction on the similar substrates ethanolamine and 1-amino-2-propanol (Jones et al., supra). U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 2009/0155870 describes, in Example 14, an amino alcohol kinase of *Erwinia carotovora* subsp. *Atroseptica*.

The term “butanediol dehydrogenase” also known as “acetoin reductase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of

acetoin to 2,3-butanediol. Butanediol dehydrogenases are a subset of the broad family of alcohol dehydrogenases. Butanediol dehydrogenase enzymes may have specificity for production of (R)- or (S)-stereochemistry in the alcohol product. (S)-specific butanediol dehydrogenases are known as EC 1.1.1.76 and are available, for example, from *Klebsiella pneumoniae* (GenBank Nos: BBA13085, D86412). (R)-specific butanediol dehydrogenases are known as EC 1.1.1.4 and are available, for example, from *Bacillus cereus* (GenBank Nos. NP 830481, NC_004722; AAP07682, AE017000), and *Lactococcus lactis* (GenBank Nos. AAK04995, AE006323).

The term “butanediol dehydratase”, also known as “dial dehydratase” or “propanediol dehydratase” refers to a polypeptide (or polypeptides) having an enzyme activity that catalyzes the conversion of 2,3-butanediol to 2-butanone. Butanediol dehydratase may utilize the cofactor adenosyl cobalamin (also known as coenzyme B₁₂ or vitamin B₁₂; although vitamin B₁₂ may refer also to other forms of cobalamin that are not coenzyme B₁₂). Adenosyl cobalamin-dependent enzymes are known as EC 4.2.1.28 and are available, for example, from *Klebsiella oxytoca* (GenBank Nos: AA08099 (alpha subunit), D45071; BAA08100 (beta subunit), D45071; and BBA08101 (gamma subunit), D45071 (Note all three subunits are required for activity), and *Klebsiella pneumonia* (GenBank Nos: AAC98384 (alpha subunit), AF102064; GenBank Nos: AAC98385 (beta subunit), AF102064, GenBank Nos: AAC98386 (gamma subunit), AF102064). Other suitable dial dehydratases include, but are not limited to, B₁₂-dependent dial dehydratases available from *Salmonella typhimurium* (GenBank Nos: AAB84102 (large subunit), AF026270; GenBank Nos: AAB84103 (medium subunit), AF026270; GenBank Nos: AAB84104 (small subunit), AF026270); and *Lactobacillus collinoides* (GenBank Nos: CAC82541 (large subunit), AJ297723; GenBank Nos: CAC82542 (medium subunit); AJ297723; GenBank Nos: CAD01091 (small subunit), AJ297723); and enzymes from *Lactobacillus brevis* (particularly strains CNRZ 734 and CNRZ 735, Speranza et al., *J. Agric. Food Chem.* (1997) 45:3476-3480), and nucleotide sequences that encode the corresponding enzymes. Methods of dial dehydratase gene isolation are well known in the art (e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,686,276).

The term “pyruvate decarboxylase” refers to an enzyme that catalyzes the decarboxylation of pyruvic acid to acetaldehyde and carbon dioxide. Pyruvate decarboxylases are known by the EC number 4.1.1.1. These enzymes are found in a number of yeast, including *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (GenBank Nos: CAA97575 (SEQ ID NO:1), CAA97705 (SEQ ID NO:2), CAA97091 (SEQ ID NO:3)).

The term “ethanol dehydrogenase” or “alcohol dehydrogenase” refers to an enzyme that catalyze the interconversion between aldehydes or ketones and alcohols, frequently using either NADH and/or NADPH as cofactors. Ethanol dehydrogenases comprise the EC numbers 1.1.1.1., 1.1.99.8., 1.1.1.244., 1.1.2.B1., 1.1.2.B2., 1.1.2.B3.

It will be appreciated that host cells comprising an isobutanol biosynthetic pathway as provided herein may further comprise one or more additional modifications. U.S. Appl. Pub. No. 20090305363 (incorporated by reference) discloses increased conversion of pyruvate to acetolactate by engineering yeast for expression of a cytosol-localized acetolactate synthase and substantial elimination of pyruvate decarboxylase activity. In some embodiments, the host cells comprise modifications to reduce glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase activity and/or disruption in at least one gene encoding a polypeptide having pyruvate decarboxylase

activity or a disruption in at least one gene encoding a regulatory element controlling pyruvate decarboxylase gene expression as described in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. 20090305363 (incorporated herein by reference), modifications to a host cell that provide for increased carbon flux through an Entner-Doudoroff Pathway or reducing equivalents balance as described in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. 20100120105 (incorporated herein by reference). Other modifications are described in PCT Pub. No. WO/2012/129555, incorporated herein by reference, and include integration of at least one polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide that catalyzes a step in a pyruvate-utilizing biosynthetic pathway. Other modifications include at least one deletion, mutation, and/or substitution in an endogenous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having acetolactate reductase activity. In embodiments, the polypeptide having acetolactate reductase activity is YMR226C (SEQ ID NOs:4, 5) of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* or a homolog thereof. Additional modifications include a deletion, mutation, and/or substitution in an endogenous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having aldehyde dehydrogenase and/or aldehyde oxidase activity. In embodiments, the polypeptide having aldehyde dehydrogenase activity is ALD6 from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* or a homolog thereof. A genetic modification which has the effect of reducing glucose repression wherein the yeast production host cell is *pdc-* is described in U.S. Appl. Publication No. 20110124060, incorporated herein by reference. In some embodiments, the pyruvate decarboxylase that is deleted or downregulated is selected from the group consisting of: PDC1, PDC5, PDC6, and combinations thereof. In some embodiments, the pyruvate decarboxylase is selected from those enzymes described in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. 20090305363. In some embodiments, host cells contain a deletion or downregulation of a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide that catalyzes the conversion of glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate to glyceralate 1,3-bisphosphate. In some embodiments, the enzyme that catalyzes this reaction is glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase.

Yeasts may have one or more genes encoding pyruvate decarboxylase. For example, there is one gene encoding pyruvate decarboxylase in *Candida glabrata* and *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, while there are three isozymes of pyruvate decarboxylase encoded by the PDC1, PDC5, and PDC6 genes in *Saccharomyces*. In some embodiments, in the present yeast cells at least one PDC gene is inactivated. If the yeast cell used has more than one expressed (active) PDC gene, then each of the active PDC genes may be modified or inactivated thereby producing a *pdc-* cell. For example, in *S. cerevisiae* the PDC1, PDC5, and PDC6 genes may be modified or inactivated. If a PDC gene is not active under the fermentation conditions to be used then such a gene would not need to be modified or inactivated.

Other target genes, such as those encoding pyruvate decarboxylase proteins having at least 70-75%, at least 75-80%, at least 80-85%, at least 85%-90%, at least 90%-95%, or at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, or at least 99% sequence identity to the pyruvate decarboxylases described in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. 20090305363 may be identified in the literature and in bioinformatics databases well known to the skilled person.

Recombinant host cells may further comprise (a) at least one heterologous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having dihydroxy-acid dehydratase activity; and (b)(i) at least one deletion, mutation, and/or substitution in an endogenous gene encoding a polypeptide affecting Fe—S cluster biosynthesis; and/or (ii) at least one heterologous polynucle-

otide encoding a polypeptide affecting Fe—S cluster biosynthesis described in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. US20120064561, incorporated herein by reference. In embodiments, the polypeptide affecting Fe—S cluster biosynthesis is encoded by AFT1, AFT2, FRA2, GRX3 or CCC1. AFT1 and AFT2 are described by WO/2001/103300, which is incorporated herein by reference. In embodiments, the polypeptide affecting Fe—S cluster biosynthesis is constitutive mutant AFT1 L99A, AFT1 L102A, AFT1 C291F, or AFT1 C293F.

In some embodiments, the host cell further comprises one or more polynucleotides that encode one or more enzymes having the following Enzyme Commission Numbers: EC 4.1.1.1 (PDC1, 5, and 6) (SEQ ID NOs:1, 2, and 3) and EC 1.1.1.1 (alcohol dehydrogenase).

In some embodiments of the invention, there are one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof in the fermentation medium.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor is an inhibitor of an ethanol biosynthesis pathway. In some embodiments, the inhibitor inhibits pyruvate decarboxylase and/or alcohol dehydrogenase. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of: the $\text{XC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}=\text{CHCOCOOH}$ class of inhibitors/substrate analogues, cinnamaldehydes, glyoxalic acid, ketomalonate, regulatory site inhibitors, p-chloromercuribenzoic acid (pCMB), 5,5'-dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoic acid) (DNTB), pyrazole, 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid, 1-H -pyrazole-1-carboxamide-HCl, 4-methylpyrazole, 1-bromo-2-butanone, pyrazole-3,5-dicarboxylic acid monohydrate, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the $\text{XC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}=\text{CHCOCOOH}$ inhibitors/substrate analogue is CPB((E)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-oxo-3-butenic acid. In some embodiments the cinnamaldehyde is p-nitrocinnamaldehyde (NA). In some embodiments, the regulatory site inhibitors are iodoacetate, 1,3-dibromoacetone, 1-bromo-2-butanone. "Cinnamaldehyde" includes both trans-cinnamaldehydes and 4-nitrocinnamaldehydes. In some embodiments, copper (II) is added at a concentration of at least about 1.1 mM, at least about 11 mM, at least about 33 mM. In some embodiments, sulfometuron methyl is added at a concentration of at least about 0.001 mM, at least about 0.01 mM, at least about 0.1 mM. In some embodiments, sulfite is added at a concentration of at least about 0.6 mM, at least about 6.2 mM, at least about 62 mM. In some embodiments, formaldehyde is added at a concentration of at least about 0.09 mM, at least about 0.9 mM, at least about 2.7 mM. In some embodiments, pyrazole is added at a concentration of at least about 0.3 mM, at least about 3 mM, at least about 30 mM. In some embodiments, 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride is added at a concentration of at least about 4.1 mM, at least about 41mM, at least about 123 mM. In some embodiments, 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid is added at a concentration of at least about 10 mM, at least about 100 mM, at least about 300 mM. In some embodiments, 1-bromo-2-butanone is added at a concentration of at least about 0.0002 mM, at least about 0.002 mM, at least about 0.006 mM. In some embodiments, trans-cinnamaldehyde is added at a concentration of at least about 0.025 mM, at least about 0.25 mM, at least about 0.75 mM. In some embodiments, glyoxylic acid is added at a concentration of at least about 16.8 mM, at least about 168 mM, at least about 504 mM.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor is a chemical. In some embodiments, the chemical is selected from the group consisting of: fluoroacetate (dehH1), fluorophenylalanine, formaldehyde (SFA1), sulfite (FZF1-4), and trifluoroleucine (LEU4-1).

In some embodiments, the inhibitor is an inhibitor of an amino acid biosynthesis pathway. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is an acetohydroxy acid synthase (AHAS) inhibitor. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is a sulfonylurea herbicide. In some embodiments, the sulfonylurea herbicide is selected from the group consisting of: imidazolinones, triazolopyrimidines, pyrimidinyl oxybenzoates, sulfonylureas, sulfonylamino carbonyl triazolinones, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of: nicosulfuron methyl, metsulfuron methyl, chlorimuron ethyl, sulfometuron methyl, chlorsulfuron, thifensulfuron methyl, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the sulfonylurea herbicide is an acetohydroxyacid synthase (AHAS) inhibitor.

In some embodiments, resistance to the sulfonyl urea is conferred by a polypeptide encoded by a heterologous polynucleotide. In some embodiments, the heterologous polynucleotide provides resistance to AHAS inhibitors and comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:130 (ILV2 gene from *S. cerevisiae* BY4700) and SEQ ID NO:132 (ALS I gene from *E. coli* K12). In some embodiments, the heterologous polypeptide provides resistance to AHAS inhibitors and comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80% identity to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:131 (ILV2 from *S. cerevisiae* BY4700) and SEQ ID NO:133 (ALS I from *E. coli* K12). In some embodiments, the polypeptide provides resistance to AHAS inhibitors and comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:131 (ILV2 from *S. cerevisiae* BY4700) and SEQ ID NO:133 (ALS I gene from *E. coli* K12) or an active variant, fragment or derivative thereof. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is from a bacteria of the family Enterobacteriaceae. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is from a bacterial genus selected from the group consisting of: *Alishewanella*, *Alterococcus*, *Aquamonas*, *Aranicola*, *Arsenophonus*, *Azotivirga*, *Blochmannia*, *Brenneria*, *Buchnera*, *Budvicia*, *Buttiaxella*, *Cedecea*, *Citrobacter*, *Cronobacter*, *Dickeya*, *Edwardsiella*, *Enterobacter*, *Erwinia*, *Escherichia*, *Ewingella*, *Grimontella*, *Hafnia*, *Klebsiella*, *Kluyvera*, *Leclercia*, *Leminorella*, *Moellerella*, *Morganella*, *Obesumbacterium*, *Pantoea*, *Candidatus Phlomobacter*, *Photorhabdus*, *Poodoomaamaana*, *Plesiomonas*, *Pragia*, *Proteus*, *Providencia*, *Rahnella*, *Raoultella*, *Salmonella*, *Samsonia*, *Serratia*, *Shigella*, *Sodalis*, *Tatumella*, *Trabulsiella*, *Wigglesworthia*, *Xenorhabdus*, *Yersinia*, and *Yokenella*. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is from a microorganism of the genus *Saccharomyces*. In some embodiments, the AHAS enzymes can be mutated to confer sulfonyl urea resistance. In some embodiments, the *B. subtilis* AlsS enzyme is mutated to increase its sulfonyl urea resistance.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor of amino acid synthesis is glyphosate. In some embodiments, resistance to the glyphosate is conferred by a polypeptide that has 5-enolpyruvyl-shikimate-3-phosphate synthetase (EPSPS) activity. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is encoded by a heterologous polynucleotide. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is a 5-enolpyruvyl-shikimate-3-phosphate synthetase (EPSPS) inhibitor. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is a glyphosate derivative. In some embodiments, resistance to the glyphosate is conferred by a polypeptide that has glyphosate N-acetyltransferase activity. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is encoded by a heterologous polynucleotide. Sequences describing polypeptides with glypho-

sate N-acetyltransferase activity are described in, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 7,863,503, which is incorporated herein by reference.

In some embodiments, the antibiotic is selected from the group consisting of: aureobasidin A, bialaphos, cerulenin, chloramphenicol, cyclohexamide, geneticin/G418, hygromycin B, methotrexate, nourseothricin, phleomycin, triazole, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, a polypeptide confers resistance to one or more antibiotics. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is encoded by a heterologous polynucleotide.

In some embodiments a polypeptide confers resistance to the inhibitor or antibiotic. In some embodiments, the polypeptide is encoded by a polynucleotide. In some embodiments, the polypeptide conferring resistance to the inhibitor or antibiotic has one or more amino acid deletions when compared with the amino acid sequence of the corresponding native polypeptide. In some embodiments, the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide has one or more amino acid substitutions when compared with the amino acid sequence of the corresponding native polypeptide.

In some embodiments, the inhibitor is an α -isopropyl malate (a-IPM) synthase inhibitor. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is trifluoroleucine or a trifluoroleucine derivative. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is a 3-deoxy-D-arabino-heptolusinate-7-phosphate synthase (DAHPS) inhibitor. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is fluorophenylalanine or a fluorophenylalanine derivative. In some embodiments, the inhibitor is bismuth (III) or copper (II).

In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to fluoracetate. In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to formaldehyde. In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to sulfite.

In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to an α -isopropyl malate (a-IPM) synthase inhibitor. In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to trifluoroleucine or a trifluoroleucine derivative (isopropyl malate resistance). In some embodiments, the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide providing resistance to trifluoroleucine comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity to a sequence disclosed by: Chianelli, M. S., et al., *Cell. Mol. Biol.* 42(6):847-57 (1996) or Oba, T., et al., *Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.* 70(7):1776-9 (2006) and incorporated by reference. In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to a 3-deoxy-D-arabino-heptolusinate-7-phosphate synthase (DAHPS) inhibitor. In some embodiments, the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide providing resistance to DAHPS comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity to a sequence disclosed by: Fukada, K., et al., *Agric. Biol. Chem.* 54:3151-3156 (1990); Meuris, P. 1974. *Genetics* 76:735-744 (1974); Shimura, K., et al., 1993. *Enzyme Microbiol. Technol.* 15:874-876 (1993) and incorporated by reference.

In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to an antibiotic. In some embodiments, the polypeptide confers tolerance to an antibiotic selected from the group consisting of: aureobasidin A, bialaphos, cerulenin, chloramphenicol, cyclohexamide, geneticin, hygromycin B, methotrexate, nourseothricin, phleomycin, triazole, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity to a sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NOS: 92 and 143-157 (Aureobasidin A resistance (AUR1-C) (SEQ ID NOS:143 and 144); bialaphos resistance protein (SEQ ID NOS:145 and 146); cerulenin resistance YML007W Chr 13 (SEQ ID NOS:147 and 148); Geneticin resistance (kanMX) (SEQ ID

NOs:149 and 150); Hygromycin B resistance (HygR) (SEQ ID NOs:151 and 152); *Streptomyces noursei* nourseothricin resistance (natI) (SEQ ID NOs:153 and 154); phleomycin/zeocin binding protein (SEQ ID NOs:155 and 156); and Triazole resistance (cyp51A) (SEQ ID NOs:157 and 92).

In some embodiments, the inhibitor is inhibiting at least one enzyme selected from the group consisting of: 5-enolpyruvyl-shikimate-3-phosphate synthetase, α -isopropyl malate synthase, 3-deoxy-D-arabino-heptulosonate-7-phosphate synthase and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide providing resistance to 5-enolpyruvyl-shikimate-3-phosphate synthetase comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity to a sequence disclosed by: Cao G, et al., (2012) *PLoS ONE* 7(6): e38718 (2012) incorporated by reference. In some embodiments, the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide with glyphosate N-acetyltransferase activity comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity to a sequence disclosed by U.S. Pat. No. 7,666,644, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety and Siehl D.L., et al., *Pest Manag Sci.* 61(3):235-40 (2005) incorporated by reference. In some embodiments, the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide providing resistance to 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxylvinyltransferase comprises a sequence having at least 80% identity to a sequence disclosed by: Vande Berg B.J., et al., *Pest Manag Sci.* 64(4):340-5 (2008) incorporated by reference. In some embodiments, the polypeptide that provides resistance to the inhibitor is a formaldehyde dehydrogenase. In some embodiments, the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:6 or 7.

In some embodiments, the polypeptide that confers resistance comprises an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:11 or SEQ ID NO:12. In some embodiments, the polypeptide that confers resistance is a 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxylvinyltransferase. In some embodiments, the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of at least about 80% identity to SEQ ID NO:13.

In some embodiments, one or more AHAS inhibitors is present at a concentration from about 0.1 g/mL to about 2 g/mL, about 1.0 g/mL to about 0.1 g/mL, about 1 mg/mL to about 0.1 g/mL, or about 10 mg/mL to about 100 mg/mL. In some embodiments, one or more AHAS inhibitors is present at a concentration of 0.0125 mg/mL. In some embodiments, one or more AHAS inhibitors is present at a concentration of 1 mg/mL. In some embodiments, one or more AHAS inhibitors is present at a concentration of 2 mg/mL.

In some embodiments, glyphosate is at a concentration from about 0.1 μ g/mL to about 2 g/mL, for example about 10 μ g/mL, about 100 μ g/mL, about 1 mg/mL, about 10 mg/mL, about 100 mg/mL, about 1 g/mL, or about 2 g/mL.

In some embodiments, the antibiotic is present at a concentration from about 2 ppm to about 500 ppm, for example about 5 ppm, about 20 ppm, about 50 ppm, about 100 ppm, about 150 ppm, about 200 ppm, about 300 ppm, about 400 ppm, or about 500 ppm.

In some embodiments, the addition of inhibitors of amino acid synthesis, antibiotics, or combinations thereof results in death of at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or 100% of the microbial contaminants in the fermentation mix.

In embodiments, the effective concentration of inhibitor for use in methods provided herein can be determined empirically for a given production strain, contaminant strain, and production process. Alternatively, minimal data may be obtained for a given system and used to determine appro-

priate concentrations for inhibitors. Such determination is disclosed and demonstrated herein (see Examples), and is readily available to one of skill in the art, equipped with this disclosure.

Briefly, as described herein, growth and/or production competitiveness may be improved by, for example, i) adding a genetic trait that provides growth and/or production competitiveness, or ii) by providing growth conditions that increase growth and/or production competitiveness, e.g. through the addition of selective inhibitors. While not wishing to be bound by theory, in the first case, increased growth competitiveness of a strain A carrying a genetic trait that provides growth competitiveness will have a higher biomass ratio after a growth phase compared to a competing strain B than after a strain C isogenic to strain A without the genetic trait, i.e. $cx_{A_mod}(t)/cx_{B_mod}(t) > cx_C(t)/cx_B(t)$. In the later case, strain A will have a higher biomass ratio after a growth phase compared to a competing strain B under the conditions promoting growth competitiveness, i.e. $cx_A(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) > 0 \text{ g/L})/cx_B(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) > 0 \text{ g/L}) > cx_A(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) = 0 \text{ g/L})/cx_B(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) = 0 \text{ g/L})$. After a growth phase indicates that the biomass of strain A had to increase during the respective time interval, i.e. $cx_A(t) > cx_A(t_{start})$. While not wishing to be bound by theory, in the first case, increased production competitiveness of a strain A carrying a genetic trait that provides production competitiveness will have a higher product ratio compared to a product of a competing strain B than an strain C isogenic to strain A without the genetic trait, i.e. $cp_A(t)/cp_B(t) > cp_C(t)/cp_B(t)$. In the later case, strain A will have a higher product ratio compared to a product of a competing strain B, i.e. $cp_A(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) > 0 \text{ g/L})/cp_B(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) > 0 \text{ g/L}) > cp_A(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) = 0 \text{ g/L})/cp_B(t, c(\text{inhibitor}) = 0 \text{ g/L})$.

Under situations where substrates are not limiting, e.g. under glucose excess conditions, maximum specific growth rate of the strains under the given cultivation conditions (medium, temperature, etc.) will be a component for determining growth competitiveness. Changes in the given conditions (e.g. changing concentrations of products, substrates, signaling molecules, etc.) may result in different values of maximum specific growth rate, and the maximum specific growth rate of strains may be different in a given condition. Considering such factors and assuming a constant μ_{max} for an exponential growth phase, the biomass concentration during the exponential growth phase that started at t_{lag} can be approximately described according to

$$c_X(t) = c_X(t_{lag}) \cdot e^{\mu_{max}(t-t_{lag})} \quad \text{Eq. (1)}$$

Under aerobic, glucose-excess conditions and acetic acid in the medium, maximum specific growth rate of an exemplary ethanologen *S. cerevisiae* strain (PNY 827) was determined to be 0.61 1/h. In contrast, an isobutanologen *S. cerevisiae* strain (PNY 2129, constructed using PNY827) exhibited a maximum specific growth rate of 0.16 1/h. If an aerobic batch cultivation with a mixed culture consisting of both strains with a biomass ratio of 1:1, i.e. with a cell dry weight concentration of 1 g/L each, would be started, and both strains would be growing for 8 hours at μ_{max} without any lag phase, at the end of the process PNY 827 would account for approximately 131.6 g/L cell dry weight in the mixed culture, while PNY 2129 would account for only about 3.6 g/L. The ratio of biomass PNY 2129/PNY 827 would be below 3%. This phenomenon is illustrated in FIG. 18 where PNY 2129 is represented by strain A and PNY 827 by strain B.

In order to describe growth performance of a strain according to Eq. (1) under the influence of different inhibi-

tor/mixture of inhibitors concentrations in a batch experiment, μ_{max} was determined in a way to incorporate effect of the inhibitor/mixture of inhibitors. According to the observed inhibition kinetics, usually a “squared” inhibition term according to Eq. (2) was applied,

$$\mu_{max} = \frac{\mu_{max}^0}{\left(1 + \frac{c(I)^2}{K_I^2}\right)}, \quad \text{Eq. (2)}$$

with μ_{max} denoting a strain characteristic maximum specific growth rate at the inhibitor concentration $c(I)$, and μ_{max}^0 the maximum specific growth rate of the strain under the same conditions, but without inhibitor ($c(\text{inhibitor})=0$ g/L). Finally K_I represents an inhibitory constant K_I .

In some occasions, inhibition of a cellular process significantly reduces but not completely abolishes growth of the organism. This effect can sometimes be explained by the action of alternative cellular processes available to the organism. In this particular situation, the “squared” inhibition term according to Eq. (2) is insufficient to describe growth of the strain, and a hybrid modeling approach according to Eq. (3) was used instead according to

$$\mu_{max} = \frac{\mu_{max1}^0}{\left(1 + \frac{c(I)^2}{K_I^2}\right)} + \mu_{max2}^0, \quad \text{Eq. (3)}$$

with μ_{max} denoting a strain characteristic maximum specific growth rate at the inhibitor concentration $c(I)$, and the sum of μ_{max1}^0 and μ_{max2}^0 the maximum specific growth rate of the strain under the same conditions, but without inhibitor ($c(\text{inhibitor})=0$ g/L). Finally K_I represents an inhibitory constant K_I . Using such equations to fit minimal data collected for a given system allows for determination of strain-specific parameters, i.e. of a maximum specific growth rate without inhibitor (μ_{max}^0 or sum of μ_{max1}^0 and μ_{max2}^0) and an inhibitory constant K_I . Based on these parameters, effect of inhibitor concentrations on maximum specific growth rate μ_{max} of a given production or contaminant strain can be made, as well as the IC50 value of the inhibitor on their growth be estimated. Equipped with this disclosure, one of skill in the art will be able to utilize parameters such as the IC50 to determine suitable concentrations of compounds for methods provided herein.

One embodiment is directed to a method for improving production competitiveness of a butanologen in a fermentation mix, wherein the method comprises contacting a genetically modified host cell and a fermentation medium comprising one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof, as well as a contaminating organism, and wherein the improved production competitiveness is associated with a higher butanol yield on the consumed substrate.

One embodiment is directed to a method for improving production competitiveness of a butanologen in a fermentation mix, wherein the method comprises contacting a genetically modified host cell and a fermentation medium comprising one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof, as well as an ethanologen yeast, and wherein the improved production competitiveness is associated with a higher butanol-to-ethanol ratio as compared to a cultivation without addition of one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof.

One embodiment is directed to a method for improved production competitiveness of a butanologen in a fermentation mix, wherein the method comprises contacting a genetically modified host cell and a fermentation medium comprising one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof, and wherein the addition of the one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof results in less than a 20% loss in the yield of a lower alkyl alcohol produced by the host cell due to the presence of microbial contaminants. In some embodiments, the addition of the one or more inhibitors of amino acid synthesis, antibiotics, or combinations thereof results in less than a 10% loss in the yield of a lower alkyl alcohol produced by the host cell due to the presence of microbial contaminants.

It will be appreciated that compounds such as an inhibitor, antibiotic, or combinations thereof can be incorporated into a fermentation mix using any method known in the art. In embodiments, compounds are introduced by incorporation into a fermentation feed. In embodiments, compounds are introduced as a bolus or over the course of a fermentation process or a portion of the process as suitable for the compound and production process.

Alcohol Production

Disclosed herein are processes suitable for production of fermentation products from a carbon substrate. In one embodiment a lower alcohol is produced. In one embodiment, butanol is produced, and a butanologen is employed. In another embodiment, isobutanol is produced, and an isobutanologen is employed. In some embodiments, isobutanologens may comprise an isobutanol biosynthetic pathway, such as, but not limited to isobutanol biosynthetic pathways disclosed elsewhere herein. The ability to utilize carbon substrates to produce isobutanol can be confirmed using methods known in the art, including, but not limited to those described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,851,188 and 7,993,889 which are incorporated herein by reference. For example, to confirm isobutanol production, the concentration of isobutanol in the culture media can be determined by a number of methods known in the art. For example, a specific high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) method utilized a Shodex SH-1011 column with a Shodex SH-G guard column, both purchased from Waters Corporation (Milford, Mass.), with refractive index (RI) detection. Chromatographic separation was achieved using 0.01 M H_2SO_4 as the mobile phase with a flow rate of 0.5 mL/min and a column temperature of 50° C. Isobutanol had a retention time of 46.6 min under the conditions used. Alternatively, gas chromatography (GC) methods are available. For example, a specific GC method utilized an HP-INNOWax column (30 m×0.53 mm id, 1 μm film thickness, Agilent Technologies, Wilmington, Del.), with a flame ionization detector (FID). The carrier gas was helium at a flow rate of 4.5 mL/min, measured at 150° C. with constant head pressure; injector split was 1:25 at 200° C.; oven temperature was 45° C. for 1 min, 45 to 220° C. at 10° C./min, and 220° C. for 5 min; and FID detection was employed at 240° C. with 26 mL/min helium makeup gas. The retention time of isobutanol was 4.5 min.

In some embodiments, the butanologen comprises an engineered butanol pathway. In some embodiments, the butanologen is an isobutanologen. In some embodiments, the butanologen is a yeast. In some embodiments, the butanologen is a member of a genus of *Saccharomyces*, *Schizosaccharomyces*, *Hansenula*, *Candida*, *Kluyveromyces*, *Yarrowia*, *Issatchenkia*, or *Pichia*. In some embodiments, the butanologen is *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*.

In some embodiments, the engineered isobutanologen contains one or more polypeptides selected from a group of enzymes having the following Enzyme Commission Numbers: EC 2.2.1.6, EC 1.1.1.86, EC 4.2.1.9, EC 4.1.1.72, EC 1.1.1.1, EC 1.1.1.265, EC 1.1.1.2, EC 1.2.4.4, EC 1.3.99.2, EC 1.2.1.57, EC 1.2.1.10, EC 2.6.1.66, EC 2.6.1.42, EC 1.4.1.9, EC 1.4.1.8, EC 4.1.1.14, EC 2.6.1.18, EC 2.3.1.9, EC 2.3.1.16, EC 1.1.1.30, EC 1.1.1.35, EC 1.1.1.157, EC 1.1.1.36, EC 4.2.1.17, EC 4.2.1.55, EC 1.3.1.44, EC 1.3.1.38, EC 5.4.99.13, EC 4.1.1.5, EC 2.7.1.29, EC 1.1.1.76, EC 1.2.1.57, and EC 4.2.1.28.

In some embodiments, the engineered isobutanologen contains one or more polypeptides selected from acetolactate synthase, acetohydroxy acid isomeroreductase, acetohydroxy acid dehydratase, branched-chain alpha-keto acid decarboxylase, branched-chain alcohol dehydrogenase, acylating aldehyde dehydrogenase, branched-chain keto acid dehydrogenase, butyryl-CoA dehydrogenase, transaminase, valine dehydrogenase, valine decarboxylase, omega transaminase, acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, 3-hydroxybutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase, crotonase, butyryl-CoA dehydrogenase, isobutyryl-CoA mutase, acetolactate decarboxylase, acetoin aminase, butanol dehydrogenase, butyraldehyde dehydrogenase, acetoin kinase, acetoin phosphate aminase, aminobutanol phosphate phospholyase, aminobutanol kinase, butanediol dehydrogenase, and butanediol dehydratase.

In some embodiments, the carbon substrate is selected from the group consisting of: oligosaccharides, polysaccharides, monosaccharides, and mixtures thereof. In some embodiments, the carbon substrate is selected from the group consisting of: fructose, glucose, lactose, maltose, galactose, sucrose, starch, cellulose, feedstocks, ethanol, lactate, succinate, glycerol, corn mash, sugar cane, biomass, a C5 sugar, such as xylose and arabinose, and mixtures thereof.

In some embodiments, the engineered isobutanol pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a. pyruvate to acetolactate
- b. acetolactate to 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate
- c. 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate to α -ketoisovalerate
- d. α -ketoisovalerate to isobutyraldehyde, and
- e. isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol.

In some embodiments, one or more of the substrate to product conversions utilizes NADH or NADPH as a cofactor.

In some embodiments, enzymes from the biosynthetic pathway are localized to the cytosol. In some embodiments, enzymes from the biosynthetic pathway that are usually localized to the mitochondria are localized to the cytosol. In some embodiments, an enzyme from the biosynthetic pathway is localized to the cytosol by removing the mitochondrial targeting sequence. In some embodiments, mitochondrial targeting is eliminated by generating new start codons as described in e.g., U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,851,188 and 7,993,889, which are incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. In some embodiments, the enzyme from the biosynthetic pathway that is localized to the cytosol is DHAD. In some embodiments, the enzyme from the biosynthetic pathway that is localized to the cytosol is KARI.

In some embodiments, the butanologen produces butanol at least 90% of effective yield, at least 91% of effective yield, at least 92% of effective yield, at least 93% of effective yield, at least 94% of effective yield, at least 95% of effective yield, at least 96% of effective yield, at least 97% of effective yield, at least 98% of effective yield, or at least 99% of effective yield. In some embodiments, the butanologen produces

butanol at least 55% to at least 75% of effective yield, at least 50% to at least 80% of effective yield, at least 45% to at least 85% of effective yield, at least 40% to at least 90% of effective yield, at least 35% to at least 95% of effective yield, at least 30% to at least 99% of effective yield, at least 25% to at least 99% of effective yield, at least 10% to at least 99% of effective yield or at least 10% to at least 100% of effective yield.

In some embodiments, the host cell produces ethanol at least 90% of effective yield, at least 91% of effective yield, at least 92% of effective yield, at least 93% of effective yield, at least 94% of effective yield, at least 95% of effective yield, at least 96% of effective yield, at least 97% of effective yield, at least 98% of effective yield, or at least 99% of effective yield. In some embodiments, the host cell produces ethanol at least 55% to at least 75% of effective yield, at least 50% to at least 80% of effective yield, at least 45% to at least 85% of effective yield, at least 40% to at least 90% of effective yield, at least 35% to at least 95% of effective yield, at least 30% to at least 99% of effective yield, at least 25% to at least 99% of effective yield, at least 10% to at least 99% of effective yield or at least 10% to at least 100% of effective yield.

In some embodiments, the host cell produces a C3-C6 alcohol at least 90% of effective yield, at least 91% of effective yield, at least 92% of effective yield, at least 93% of effective yield, at least 94% of effective yield, at least 95% of effective yield, at least 96% of effective yield, at least 97% of effective yield, at least 98% of effective yield, or at least 99% of effective yield. In some embodiments, the host cell produces a C3-C6 alcohol at least 55% to at least 75% of effective yield, at least 50% to at least 80% of effective yield, at least 45% to at least 85% of effective yield, at least 40% to at least 90% of effective yield, at least 35% to at least 95% of effective yield, at least 30% to at least 99% of effective yield, at least 25% to at least 99% of effective yield, at least 10% to at least 99% of effective yield or at least 10% to at least 100% of effective yield.

One embodiment of this invention is directed to a method for the production of a C3-C6 alcohol comprising:

- a. providing a host cell with an engineered pyruvate-utilizing pathway and a polypeptide conferring resistance to one or more inhibitors, antibiotics or combinations thereof, wherein the engineered pyruvate-utilizing pathway is a C3-C6 alcohol biosynthetic pathway;
- b. contacting the host cell with a fermentable carbon substrate in a fermentation medium under conditions whereby the C3-C6 alcohol is produced; and
- c. recovering the C3-C6 alcohol.

In some embodiments, the fermentation medium comprises one or more inhibitors, antibiotics or combinations thereof.

In some embodiments, the C3-C6 alcohol is produced at a titer from about 5 g/L to about 100 g/L. In some embodiments, the C3-C6 alcohol is produced at a titer of at least 20 g/L. In some embodiments, the C3-C6 alcohol is selected from the group consisting of: butanol, isobutanol, propanol, and isopropanol.

One embodiment is a method for the production of ethanol comprising:

- a. providing a host cell with a pyruvate-utilizing pathway and a polypeptide conferring resistance to one or more inhibitors, antibiotics or combinations thereof, wherein the pyruvate-utilizing pathway is an ethanol producing pathway;

- b. contacting the host cell with a fermentable carbon substrate in a fermentation medium under conditions whereby the ethanol is produced; and
c. recovering the ethanol.

In some embodiments, the invention provides a method for production of a fermentation product in a fermentation process comprising contacting a fermentation mix comprising a recombinant production microorganism which comprises a pyruvate-utilizing pathway with at least one compound which preferentially inhibits at least one contaminant microorganism. In some embodiments the inhibition is measured through a reduction in the specific growth rate. In some embodiments the inhibition is measured through a reduced specific product formation rate of the contaminant. In some embodiments, the specific growth rate of the at least one contaminant microorganism is reduced more than the specific growth rate of the recombinant production microorganism. In some embodiments, the production of the fermentation product of the at least one contaminant microorganism is reduced more than production of the fermentation product of the recombinant production microorganism.

In some embodiments, the major product of a production microorganism is ethanol. In some embodiments, the titer of ethanol that is produced may be at least about 80 g/L to at least about 120 g/L. In some embodiments, the titer of ethanol that is produced is least about 50 g/L, at least about 60 g/L, at least about 70 g/L, at least about 80 g/L, at least about 90 g/L, at least about 95 g/L, at least about 100 g/L, at least about 105 g/L, at least about 110 g/L, at least about 115 g/L, or at least about 120 g/L.

In some embodiments, the major product of a production microorganism is butanol. In some embodiments, the titer of butanol that is produced may be at least about 80 g/L to at least about 120 g/L. In some embodiments, the titer of butanol that is produced is least about 50 g/L, at least about 60 g/L, at least about 70 g/L, at least about 80 g/L, at least about 90 g/L, at least about 95 g/L, at least about 100 g/L, at least about 105 g/L, at least about 110 g/L, at least about 115 g/L, or at least about 120 g/L.

In some embodiments, the major product of a production microorganism is butanol, for example, isobutanol. In some embodiments, the major product of a contaminant microorganism is ethanol. The titer of ethanol may be less than that of butanol. In some embodiments, the titer of ethanol is less than about 20 g/L, 10 g/L, less than about 5 g/L, or less than about 2 g/L.

In embodiments, the major product of a production microorganism is butanol, for example isobutanol, and the major product of a contaminant microorganism is ethanol. In embodiments, the percentage of ethanol produced as a fraction of the amount of butanol produced is less than about 25%, less than about 20%, less than about 10%, less than about 5%, less than about 2%, or less than about 1%.

In some embodiments, butanol is contacted with a fatty acid and a lipase producing a fatty acid butyl ester ("FABE"), which may be used as a biodiesel fuel.

The reduction in contamination can be measured through any assay known in the art, including, but not limited to, standard plating assays, qPCR/RT-PCR, or by measuring fermentation titer, yield, or specific growth rate of a production microorganism in relation to a contaminant microorganism.

In some embodiments, reduction in contamination and increased production competitiveness of the butanologen is observed through measurement of the ratio of the desired fermentation product to the contaminant fermentation production (e.g. butanol to ethanol). As the contaminant micro-

organism is inhibited to a greater degree than the production microorganism is inhibited, by either specific inhibitors or different concentrations of those inhibitors, the ratio of the desired fermentation product to the contaminant fermentation product will increase. The production of fermentation product in the aqueous phase can be quantified by HPLC, as described in the General Methods Section.

In some embodiments, the reduction in contamination is observed through measurement of the specific growth rate of samples treated with varying concentrations of inhibitors in a cell suspension, and measuring the OD of the samples at designated time points.

In some embodiments, the reduction in contamination is seen through the use of plating assays. In some embodiments, early stationary phase cultures are used to inoculate top agar media which is poured onto petri plates. Filter disks containing different concentrations of inhibitor can be applied to the plate surface, and, after a period of incubation, zones of growth inhibition can be observed.

Host Cells and Microorganisms

The terms "host cell" and "microorganism" are synonymous and used interchangeably throughout. In embodiments, suitable host cells include any yeast host useful for genetic modification and recombinant gene expression. In some embodiments, the host cell is a butanologen. In some embodiments, the host cell is an isobutanologen. In some embodiments, the isobutanologen host cell can be a member of the genera *Schizosaccharomyces*, *Hastchenkia*, *Kluyveromyces*, *Yarrowia*, *Pichia*, *Candida*, *Hansenula*, *Aspergillus*, *Pachysolen*, *Rhodotorula*, *Zygosaccharomyces*, *Galactomyces*, *Torulaspora*, *Debaryomyces*, *Williopsis*, *Dekkera*, *Kloeckera*, *Metschnikowia* or *Saccharomyces*. In other embodiments, the host cell can be *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, *Kluyveromyces lactis*, *Kluyveromyces thermotolerans*, *Kluyveromyces marxianus*, *Candida glabrata*, *Candida albicans*, *Pichia stipitis*, *Yarrowia lipolytica*, *E. coli*, or *L. plantarum*. In still other embodiments, the host cell is a yeast host cell. In some embodiments, the host cell is a member of the genera *Saccharomyces*. In some embodiments, the host cell is *Kluyveromyces lactis*, *Candida glabrata* or *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*. In some embodiments, the host cell is *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *S. cerevisiae* yeast are known in the art and are available from a variety of sources, including, but not limited to, American Type Culture Collection (Rockville, Md.), Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures (CBS) Fungal Biodiversity Centre, LeSaffre, Gert Strand AB, Ferm Solutions, North American Bioproducts, Martrex, and Lallemand. *S. cerevisiae* include, but are not limited to, BY4741, CEN.PK 113-7D, Ethanol Red® yeast, Ferm Pro™ yeast, Bio-Ferm® XR yeast, Gert Strand Prestige Batch Turbo alcohol yeast, Gert Strand Pot Distillers yeast, Gert Strand Distillers Turbo yeast, FerMax™ Green yeast, FerMax™ Gold yeast, Thermosacc® yeast, BG-1, PE-2, CAT-1, CBS7959, CBS7960, and CBS7961.

Saccharomyces cerevisiae PNY860 (or PNY0860), described in Example 4, was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), 10801 University Boulevard, Manassas, Va., 20110 on Jul. 21, 2011, and assigned ATCC Accession No. PTA-12007.

Saccharomyces cerevisiae PNY827, described in Examples 3 and 13, was deposited with the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), 10801 University Boulevard, Manassas, Va., 20110 on Sep. 22, 2011, and assigned ATCC Accession No. PTA-12105.

In some embodiments, the host cell expresses an engineered butanol biosynthetic pathway. From time to time,

such a host cell is referred to as a "butanologen". In some embodiments, the butanologen is an isobutanologen expressing an engineered isobutanol biosynthetic pathway. In some embodiments, the butanologen is a bacteria, cyanobacteria or filamentous fungi. In some embodiments, the genus of the host cell is selected from the group consisting of: *Salmonella*, *Arthrobacter*, *Bacillus*, *Brevibacterium*, *Clostridium*, *Corynebacterium*, *Gluconobacter*, *Nocardia*, *Pseudomonas*, *Rhodococcus*, *Streptomyces*, *Zymomonas*, *Escherichia*, *Lactobacillus*, *Lactococcus*, *Enterococcus*, *Alcaligenes*, *Klebsiella*, *Paenibacillus*, and *Xanthomonas*.

Some embodiments comprise a genetically modified host cell comprising:

- a. an engineered C3-C6 alcohol biosynthetic pathway; and,
- b. a polypeptide that is resistant to inhibitors, antibiotics, or a combination thereof.

Carbon Substrates

Suitable carbon substrates may include, but are not limited to, monosaccharides such as fructose or glucose, oligosaccharides such as lactose, maltose, galactose, or sucrose, polysaccharides such as starch or cellulose or mixtures thereof and unpurified mixtures from renewable feedstocks such as cheese whey permeate, cornsteep liquor, sugar beet molasses, and barley malt. Other carbon substrates may include ethanol, lactate, succinate, or glycerol.

"Sugar" includes monosaccharides such as fructose or glucose, oligosaccharides such as lactose, maltose, galactose, or sucrose, polysaccharides such as starch or cellulose, C5 sugars such as xylose and arabinose, and mixtures thereof.

Additionally the carbon substrate may also be one-carbon substrates such as carbon dioxide, or methanol for which metabolic conversion into key biochemical intermediates has been demonstrated. In addition to one and two carbon substrates, methylotrophic organisms are also known to utilize a number of other carbon containing compounds such as methylamine, glucosamine and a variety of amino acids for metabolic activity. For example, methylotrophic yeasts are known to utilize the carbon from methylamine to form trehalose or glycerol (Bellion et al., *Microb. Growth C1 Compd.*, [Int. Symp.], 7th (1993), 415-32, Editor(s): Murrell, J. Collin; Kelly, Don P. Publisher: Intercept, Andover, UK). Similarly, various species of *Candida* will metabolize alanine or oleic acid (Sulter et al., *Arch. Microbiol.* 153:485-489 (1990)). Hence it is contemplated that the source of carbon utilized in the present invention may encompass a wide variety of carbon containing substrates and will only be limited by the choice of organism.

Although it is contemplated that all of the above mentioned carbon substrates and mixtures thereof are suitable in the present invention, in some embodiments, the carbon substrates are glucose, fructose, and sucrose, or mixtures of these with C5 sugars such as xylose and arabinose for yeasts cells modified to use C5 sugars. Sucrose may be derived from renewable sugar sources such as sugar cane, sugar beets, cassava, sweet sorghum, and mixtures thereof. Glucose and dextrose may be derived from renewable grain sources through saccharification of starch based feedstocks including grains such as corn, wheat, rye, barley, oats, and mixtures thereof. In addition, fermentable sugars may be derived from renewable cellulosic or lignocellulosic biomass through processes of pretreatment and saccharification, as described, for example, in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 20070031918 A1, which is incorporated herein by reference. Biomass includes materials comprising cellulose, and optionally further comprising hemicellulose, lignin, starch, oligosaccharides and/or monosaccharides.

Biomass may also comprise additional components, such as protein and/or lipid. Biomass may be derived from a single source, or biomass can comprise a mixture derived from more than one source; for example, biomass may comprise a mixture of corn cobs and corn stover, or a mixture of grass and leaves. Biomass includes, but is not limited to, bioenergy crops, agricultural residues, municipal solid waste, industrial solid waste, sludge from paper manufacture, yard waste, wood and forestry waste. Examples of biomass include, but are not limited to, corn grain, corn cobs, crop residues such as corn husks, corn stover, grasses, wheat, wheat straw, barley, barley straw, hay, rice straw, switchgrass, waste paper, sugar cane bagasse, sorghum, soy, components obtained from milling of grains, trees, branches, roots, leaves, wood chips, sawdust, shrubs and bushes, vegetables, fruits, flowers, animal manure, and mixtures thereof.

In some embodiments, the carbon substrate is glucose derived from corn. In some embodiments, the carbon substrate is glucose derived from wheat. In some embodiments, the carbon substrate is sucrose derived from sugar cane.

In addition to an appropriate carbon source, fermentation media must contain suitable minerals, salts, cofactors, buffers and other components, known to those skilled in the art, suitable for the growth of the cultures and promotion of an enzymatic pathway described herein.

Fermentation Conditions

Typically cells are grown at a temperature in the range of about 20° C. to about 40° C. in an appropriate medium. Suitable growth media in the present invention include common commercially prepared media such as Sabouraud Dextrose (SD) broth, Yeast Medium (YM) broth, or broth that includes yeast nitrogen base, ammonium sulfate, and dextrose (as the carbon/energy source) or YPD Medium, a blend of peptone, yeast extract, and dextrose in optimal proportions for growing most *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* strains. Other defined or synthetic growth media may also be used, and the appropriate medium for growth of the particular microorganism will be known by one skilled in the art of microbiology or fermentation science. The use of agents known to modulate catabolite repression directly or indirectly, e.g., cyclic adenosine 2':3'-monophosphate, may also be incorporated into the fermentation medium.

Suitable pH ranges for the fermentation are from about pH 5.0 to about pH 9.0. In one embodiment, about pH 6.0 to about pH 8.0 is used for the initial condition. Suitable pH ranges for the fermentation of yeast are typically from about pH 3.0 to about pH 9.0. In one embodiment, about pH 5.0 to about pH 8.0 is used for the initial condition. Suitable pH ranges for the fermentation of other microorganisms are from about pH 3.0 to about pH 7.5. In one embodiment, about pH 4.5 to about pH 6.5 is used for the initial condition.

Fermentations may be performed under aerobic or anaerobic conditions. In one embodiment, anaerobic or microaerobic conditions are used for fermentations.

Industrial Batch and Continuous Fermentations

Isobutanol, or other products, may be produced using a batch method of fermentation. A classical batch fermentation is a closed system where the composition of the medium is set at the beginning of the fermentation and not subject to artificial alterations during the fermentation. A variation on the standard batch system is the fed-batch system. Fed-batch fermentation processes are also suitable in the present invention and comprise a typical batch system with the exception that the substrate is added in increments as the fermentation progresses. Fed-batch systems are useful when catabolite repression is apt to inhibit the metabolism of the cells and

where it is desirable to have limited amounts of substrate in the media. Batch and fed-batch fermentations are common and well known in the art and examples may be found in Thomas D. Brock in *Biotechnology: A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology*, Second Edition (1989) Sinauer Associates, Inc., Sunderland, Mass., or Deshpande, Mukund V., *Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol.*, 36:227, (1992).

Isobutanol, or other products, may also be produced using continuous fermentation methods. Continuous fermentation is an open system where a defined fermentation medium is added continuously to a bioreactor and an equal amount of conditioned media is removed simultaneously for processing. Continuous fermentation generally maintains the cultures at a constant high density where cells are primarily in log phase growth. Continuous fermentation allows for the modulation of one factor or any number of factors that affect cell growth or end product concentration. Methods of modulating nutrients and growth factors for continuous fermentation processes as well as techniques for maximizing the rate of product formation are well known in the art of industrial microbiology and a variety of methods are detailed by Brock, supra.

It is contemplated that the production of isobutanol, or other products, may be practiced using batch, fed-batch or continuous processes and that any known mode of fermentation would be suitable. Additionally, it is contemplated that cells may be immobilized on a substrate as whole cell catalysts or encapsulated within porous material (e.g. alginate beads) and subjected to fermentation conditions for isobutanol production.

Methods for Isobutanol Isolation from the Fermentation Medium

Bioproduced isobutanol may be isolated from the fermentation medium using methods known in the art for ABE fermentations (see, e.g., Durre, *Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol.* 49:639-648 (1998), Groot et al., *Process. Biochem.* 27:61-75 (1992), and references therein). For example, solids may be removed from the fermentation medium by centrifugation, filtration, decantation, or the like. Then, the isobutanol may be isolated from the fermentation medium using methods such as distillation, azeotropic distillation, liquid-liquid extraction, adsorption, gas stripping, membrane evaporation, or pervaporation.

Because isobutanol forms a low boiling point, azeotropic mixture with water, distillation can be used to separate the mixture up to its azeotropic composition. Distillation may be used in combination with another separation method to obtain separation around the azeotrope. Methods that may be used in combination with distillation to isolate and purify butanol include, but are not limited to, decantation, liquid-liquid extraction, adsorption, and membrane-based techniques. Additionally, butanol may be isolated using azeotropic distillation using an entrainer (see, e.g., Doherty and Malone, *Conceptual Design of Distillation Systems*, McGraw Hill, New York, 2001).

The butanol-water mixture forms a heterogeneous azeotrope so that distillation may be used in combination with decantation to isolate and purify the isobutanol. In this method, the isobutanol containing fermentation broth is distilled to near the azeotropic composition. Then, the azeotropic mixture is condensed, and the isobutanol is separated from the fermentation medium by decantation. The decanted aqueous phase may be returned to the first distillation column as reflux. The isobutanol-rich decanted organic phase may be further purified by distillation in a second distillation column.

The isobutanol can also be isolated from the fermentation medium using liquid-liquid extraction in combination with distillation. In this method, the isobutanol is extracted from the fermentation broth using liquid-liquid extraction with a suitable solvent. The isobutanol-containing organic phase is then distilled to separate the butanol from the solvent.

Distillation in combination with adsorption can also be used to isolate isobutanol from the fermentation medium. In this method, the fermentation broth containing the isobutanol is distilled to near the azeotropic composition and then the remaining water is removed by use of an adsorbent, such as molecular sieves (Aden et al., *Lignocellulosic Biomass to Ethanol Process Design and Economics Utilizing Co-Current Dilute Acid Prehydrolysis and Enzymatic Hydrolysis for Corn Stover*, Report NREL/TP-510-32438, National Renewable Energy Laboratory, June 2002).

Additionally, distillation in combination with pervaporation may be used to isolate and purify the isobutanol from the fermentation medium. In this method, the fermentation broth containing the isobutanol is distilled to near the azeotropic composition, and then the remaining water is removed by pervaporation through a hydrophilic membrane (Guo et al., *J. Membr. Sci.* 245, 199-210 (2004)).

In situ product removal (ISPR) (also referred to as extractive fermentation) can be used to remove butanol (or other fermentative alcohol) from the fermentation vessel as it is produced, thereby allowing the microorganism to produce butanol at high yields. One method for ISPR for removing fermentative alcohol that has been described in the art is liquid-liquid extraction. In general, with regard to butanol fermentation, for example, the fermentation medium, which includes the microorganism, is contacted with an organic extractant at a time before the butanol concentration reaches a toxic level. The organic extractant and the fermentation medium form a biphasic mixture. The butanol partitions into the organic extractant phase, decreasing the concentration in the aqueous phase containing the microorganism, thereby limiting the exposure of the microorganism to the inhibitory butanol.

Liquid-liquid extraction can be performed, for example, according to the processes described in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. 2009/0305370, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated in its entirety. U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. 2009/0305370 describes methods for producing and recovering butanol from a fermentation broth using liquid-liquid extraction, the methods comprising the step of contacting the fermentation broth with a water immiscible extractant to form a two-phase mixture comprising an aqueous phase and an organic phase. Typically, the extractant can be an organic extractant selected from the group consisting of saturated, mono-unsaturated, poly-unsaturated (and mixtures thereof) C₁₂ to C₂₂ fatty alcohols, C₁₂ to C₂₂ fatty acids, esters of C₁₂ to C₂₂ fatty acids, C₁₂ to C₂₂ fatty aldehydes, and mixtures thereof. The extractant(s) for ISPR can be non-alcohol extractants. The ISPR extractant can be an exogenous organic extractant such as oleyl alcohol, behenyl alcohol, cetyl alcohol, lauryl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, stearyl alcohol, 1-undecanol, oleic acid, lauric acid, myristic acid, stearic acid, methyl myristate, methyl oleate, undecanal, lauric aldehyde, 20-methylundecanal, and mixtures thereof.

In some embodiments, an ester can be formed by contacting the alcohol in a fermentation medium with an organic acid (e.g., fatty acids) and a catalyst capable of esterifying the alcohol with the organic acid. In such embodiments, the organic acid can serve as an ISPR extractant into which the alcohol esters partition. The organic acid can be supplied to the fermentation vessel and/or derived from the biomass

supplying fermentable carbon fed to the fermentation vessel. Lipids present in the feedstock can be catalytically hydrolyzed to organic acid, and the same catalyst (e.g., enzymes) can esterify the organic acid with the alcohol. The catalyst can be supplied to the feedstock prior to fermentation, or can be supplied to the fermentation vessel before or contemporaneously with the supplying of the feedstock. When the catalyst is supplied to the fermentation vessel, alcohol esters can be obtained by hydrolysis of the lipids into organic acid and substantially simultaneous esterification of the organic acid with butanol present in the fermentation vessel. Organic acid and/or native oil not derived from the feedstock can also be fed to the fermentation vessel, with the native oil being hydrolyzed into organic acid. Any organic acid not esterified with the alcohol can serve as part of the ISPR extractant. The extractant containing alcohol esters can be separated from the fermentation medium, and the alcohol can be recovered from the extractant. The extractant can be recycled to the fermentation vessel. Thus, in the case of butanol production, for example, the conversion of the butanol to an ester reduces the free butanol concentration in the fermentation medium, shielding the microorganism from the toxic effect of increasing butanol concentration. In addition, unfractionated grain can be used as feedstock without separation of lipids therein, since the lipids can be catalytically hydrolyzed to organic acid, thereby decreasing the rate of build-up of lipids in the ISPR extractant. Other butanol product recovery and/or ISPR methods may be employed, including those described in U.S. Pat. No. 8,101,808, incorporated herein by reference.

In situ product removal can be carried out in a batch mode or a continuous mode. In a continuous mode of in situ product removal, product is continually removed from the reactor. In a batchwise mode of in situ product removal, a volume of organic extractant is added to the fermentation vessel and the extractant is not removed during the process. For in situ product removal, the organic extractant can contact the fermentation medium at the start of the fermentation forming a biphasic fermentation medium. Alternatively, the organic extractant can contact the fermentation medium after the microorganism has achieved a desired amount of growth, which can be determined by measuring the optical density of the culture. Further, the organic extractant can contact the fermentation medium at a time at which the product alcohol level in the fermentation medium reaches a preselected level. In the case of butanol production according to some embodiments of the present invention, the organic acid extractant can contact the fermentation medium at a time before the butanol concentration reaches a toxic level, so as to esterify the butanol with the organic acid to produce butanol esters and consequently reduce the concentration of butanol in the fermentation vessel. The ester-containing organic phase can then be removed from the fermentation vessel (and separated from the fermentation broth which constitutes the aqueous phase) after a desired effective titer of the butanol esters is achieved. In some embodiments, the ester-containing organic phase is separated from the aqueous phase after fermentation of the available fermentable sugar in the fermentation vessel is substantially complete.

Isobutanol titer in any phase can be determined by methods known in the art, such as via high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) or gas chromatography, as described, for example in U.S. Patent Appl. Pub. No. US20090305370, which is incorporated herein by reference.

EXAMPLES

The present invention is further defined in the following Examples. It should be understood that these Examples,

while indicating embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only. From the above discussion and these Examples, one skilled in the art can ascertain the essential characteristics of this invention, and without departing from the spirit and scope thereof, can make various changes and modifications of the invention to adapt it to various uses and conditions.

General Methods

Standard recombinant DNA and molecular cloning techniques used in the Examples are well known in the art and are described by Sambrook et al. (Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E. F. and Maniatis, T. (Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, 1989, here in referred to as Maniatis) and by Ausubel et al. (Ausubel et al., Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, pub. by Greene Publishing Assoc. and Wiley-Interscience, 1987).

Materials and methods suitable for the maintenance and growth of bacterial cultures are well known in the art. Techniques suitable for use in the following examples may be found as set out in Manual of Methods for General Bacteriology (Phillipp et al., eds., American Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C., 1994) or by Thomas D. Brock in (Brock, Biotechnology: A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology, Second Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Sunderland, Mass. (1989). All reagents, restriction enzymes and materials used for the growth and maintenance of bacterial cells were obtained from Sigma-Aldrich Chemicals (St. Louis, Mo.), BD Diagnostic Systems (Sparks, Md.), Invitrogen (Carlsbad, Calif.), HiMedia (Mumbai, India), SD Fine chemicals (India), or Takara Bio Inc. (Shiga, Japan), unless otherwise specified.

The meaning of abbreviations is as follows: "sec" means second(s), "min" means minute(s), "h" means hour(s), "nm" means nanometers, "uL" or "µL" means microliter(s), "mL" means milliliter(s), "mg/mL" means milligram per milliliter, "L" means liter(s), "nm" means nanometers, "mM" means millimolar, "M" means molar, "mmol" means millimole(s), "µmole" means micromole(s), "kg" means kilogram, "g" means gram(s), "µg" means microgram(s) and "ng" means nanogram(s), "PCR" means polymerase chain reaction, "OD" means optical density, "OD600" means the optical density measured at a wavelength of 600 nm, "kDa" means kilodaltons, "g" can also mean the gravitation constant, "bp" means base pair(s), "kbp" means kilobase pair(s), "kb" means kilobase, "%" means percent, "% w/v" means weight/volume percent, "% v/v" means volume/volume percent, "HPLC" means high performance liquid chromatography, "g/L" means gram per liter, "µg/L" means microgram per liter, "ng/µL" means nanogram per microliter, "pmol/µL" means picomol per microliter, "RPM" means rotation per minute, "µmol/min/mg" means micromole per minute per milligram, "w/v" means weight per volume, "v/v" means volume per volume.

Example 1

Construction of Expression Vectors for Isobutanol Pathway Gene Expression in *S. cerevisiae*

pLH475-JEA1 Construction

The pLH475-JEA1 plasmid (SEQ ID NO:23) was constructed for expression of ALS and KARI in yeast. pLH475-JEA1 is a pHR81 vector (ATCC #87541) containing the following chimeric genes: (1) the CUP1 promoter (SEQ ID NO:24), acetolactate synthase coding region from *Bacillus subtilis* (AlsS; SEQ ID NO:25; protein SEQ ID NO:36) and

CYC1 terminator2 (SEQ ID NO:27); (2) an ILV5 promoter (SEQ ID NO:28), Pf5.IlvC-JEA1 coding region (SEQ ID NO:29; protein SEQ ID NO:30 and ILV5 terminator (SEQ ID NO:31); and (3) the FBA1 promoter (SEQ ID NO:32), *S. cerevisiae* KARI coding region (ILV5; SEQ ID NO:33; protein SEQ ID NO:34) and CYC1 terminator (SEQ ID NO:35). The Pf5.IlvC-JEA1 coding region is a sequence encoding KARI derived from *Pseudomonas fluorescens* but containing mutations, that was described in commonly owned and co-pending US Patent Application Publication US20100197519A1, which is herein incorporated by reference (Pf5.IlvC-JEA1 encoded KARI: SEQ ID NO:29; protein SEQ ID NO:30)

Expression Vector pLH468

The pLH468 plasmid (SEQ ID NO:39) was constructed for expression of DHAD, KivD and HADH in yeast. Coding regions for *L. lactis* ketoisovalerate decarboxylase (KivD) (SEQ ID NO:141) and Horse liver alcohol dehydrogenase (HADH) (SEQ ID NO:40 and 142) were synthesized by DNA2.0 based on codons that were optimized for expression in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* and provided in plasmids pKivDy-DNA2.0 and pHadhy-DNA2.0. Individual expression vectors for KivD and HADH were constructed. To assemble pLH467 (pRS426::P_{TDH3}-kivDy-TDH3t), vector pNY8 (SEQ ID NO:14; also named pRS426.GPD-ald-GPDt, described in commonly owned and co-pending US Patent App. Pub. US2008/0182308, Example 17, which is herein incorporated by reference) was digested with *AscI* and *SfiI* enzymes, thus excising the GPD promoter and the ald coding region. A TDH3 promoter fragment (SEQ ID NO:41) from pNY8 was PCR amplified to add an *AscI* site at the 5' end, and an *SpeI* site at the 3' end, using 5' primer OT1068 and 3' primer OT1067 (SEQ ID NOs:42 and 43). The *AscI/SfiI* digested pNY8 vector fragment was ligated with the TDH3 promoter PCR product digested with *AscI* and *SpeI*, and the Spa-*SfiI* fragment containing the codon optimized kivD coding region isolated from the vector pKivD-DNA2.0. The triple ligation generated vector pLH467 (pRS426::P_{TDH3}-kivDy-TDH3t). pLH467 (SEQ ID NO:44) was verified by restriction mapping and sequencing.

pLH435 (pRS425::P_{GPM1}-Hadhy-ADH1t) (SEQ ID NO:52) was derived from vector pRS425::GPM-sadB (SEQ ID NO:45) which is described in commonly owned and co-pending US Patent App. Pub No. US20090305363 A1, Example 3, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. pRS425::GPM-sadB is the pRS425 vector (ATCC #77106) with a chimeric gene containing the GPM1 promoter (SEQ ID NO: 46), coding region from a butanol dehydrogenase of *Achromobacter xylosoxidans* (sadB; DNA SEQ ID NO:47; protein SEQ ID NO:48; disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 8,188,250, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety), and ADH1 terminator (SEQ ID NO:49). pRS425::GPMp-sadB contains *BbvI* and *PacI* sites at the 5' and 3' ends of the sadB coding region, respectively. A *Nha* site was added at the 5' end of the sadB coding region by site-directed mutagenesis using primers OT1074 and OT1075 (SEQ ID NO:50 and 51) to generate vector pRS425-GPMp-sadB-NheI, which was verified by sequencing. pRS425::P_{GPM1}-sadB-NheI was digested with *NheI* and *PacI* to drop out the sadB coding region, and ligated with the *NheI-PacI* fragment containing the codon optimized HADH coding region from vector pHadhy-DNA2.0 to create pLH435.

To combine KivD and HADH expression cassettes in a single vector, yeast vector pRS411 (ATCC #87474) was digested with *Sad* and *Not I*, and ligated with the *SacI-SalI* fragment from pLH467 that contains the P_{TDH3}-kivDy-

TDH3t cassette together with the *SalI-NotI* fragment from pLH435 that contains the P_{GPM1}-Hadhy-ADH1t cassette in a triple ligation reaction. This yielded the vector pRS411::P_{TDH3}-kivDy-P_{GPM1}-Hadhy (pLH441), which was verified by restriction mapping.

In order to generate a co-expression vector for all three genes in the lower isobutanol pathway: *ilvD*, *kivDy* and *Hadhy*, we used pRS423 FBA *ilvD*(Strep) (SEQ ID NO:53, which is described in commonly owned and co-pending US Patent App. Pub. US 20100081154A1, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety, as the source of the *ilvD* gene. This shuttle vector contains an F1 origin of replication (nt 1423 to 1879) for maintenance in *E. coli* and a 2 micron origin (nt 8082 to 9426) for replication in yeast. The vector has an FBA1 promoter (nt 2111 to 3108; SEQ ID NO:32) and FBA terminator (nt 4861 to 5860; SEQ ID NO:54). In addition, it carries the His marker (nt 504 to 1163) for selection in yeast and ampicillin resistance marker (nt 7092 to 7949) for selection in *E. coli*. The *ilvD* coding region (nt 3116 to 4828; SEQ ID NO:55; protein SEQ ID NO:56) from *Streptococcus mutans* UA159 (ATCC #700610) is between the FBA promoter and FBA terminator forming a chimeric gene for expression. In addition there is a lumio tag fused to the *ilvD* coding region (nt 4829-4849).

The first step was to linearize pRS423 FBA *ilvD*(Strep) (also called pRS423-FBA(SpeI)-*ilvD*(*Streptococcus mutans*)-Lumio) with *SacI* and *SacII* (with *SacII* site blunt ended using T4 DNA polymerase), to give a vector with total length of 9,482 bp. The second step was to isolate the *kivDy-hADHy* cassette from pLH441 with *SacI* and *KpaI* (with *KpaI* site blunt ended using T4 DNA polymerase), which gives a 6,063 bp fragment. This fragment was ligated with the 9,482 bp vector fragment from pRS423-FBA (SpeI)-*ilvD*(*Streptococcus mutans*)-Lumio. This generated vector pLH468 (pRS423::P_{FBA1}-*ilvD*(Strep)Lumio-FBA1t-P_{TDH3}-kivDy-TDH3t-P_{GPM1}-hadhy-ADH1t), which was confirmed by restriction mapping and sequencing.

Example 2

Construction of *S. cerevisiae* Host Strain Containing Disruptions in Pyruvate Decarboxylase and Hexokinase II

This example describes insertion-inactivation of endogenous PDC1, PDC5, and PDC6 genes of *S. cerevisiae*. PDC1, PDC5, and PDC6 genes encode the three major isozymes of pyruvate decarboxylase. Hexokinase II, which is responsible for phosphorylation of glucose and transcriptional repression, is also inactivated. The resulting PDC/HXK2 inactivation strain (U.S. Publication No: 2011/0124060, which is incorporated herein by reference) was used as a host for expression vectors pLH475-JEA1 and pLH468 that were described in Example 2.

Construction of *pd66*::P_{GPM1}-sadB Integration Cassette and PDC6 Deletion:

A *pd66*::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t-URA3r integration cassette was made by joining the GPM-sadB-ADHt segment from pRS425::GPM-sadB (described above) to the URA3r gene from pUC19-URA3r. pUC19-URA3r (SEQ ID NO:57) contains the URA3 marker from pRS426 (ATCC #77107) flanked by 75 bp homologous repeat sequences to allow homologous recombination *in vivo* and removal of the URA3 marker. The two DNA segments were joined by SOE PCR (as described by Horton et al. (1989) *Gene* 77:61-68) using as template pRS425::GPM-sadB and pUC19-URA3r plasmid DNAs, with Phusion DNA polymerase (New Eng-

land Biolabs Inc., Beverly, Mass.; catalog no. F-5405) and primers 114117-11A through 114117-11D (SEQ ID NOs:58, 59, 60 and 61), and 114117-13A and 114117-13B (SEQ ID NOs:62 and 63).

The outer primers for the SOE PCR (114117-13A and 114117-13B) contained 5' and 3' ~50 bp regions homologous to regions upstream and downstream of the PDC6 promoter and terminator, respectively. The completed cassette PCR fragment was transformed into BY4700 (ATCC #200866) and transformants were maintained on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., pp. 201-202). Transformants were screened by PCR using primers 112590-34G and 112590-34H (SEQ ID NOs:64 and 65), and 112590-34F and 112590-49E (SEQ ID NOs:66 and 67) to verify integration at the PDC6 locus with deletion of the PDC6 coding region. The URA3r marker was recycled by plating on synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose and 5-FOA at 30° C. following standard protocols. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies from the 5-FOA plates onto SD -URA media to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain has the genotype: BY4700 pdc6::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t.

Construction of pdc1::P_{PDC1}-ilvD Integration Cassette and PDC1 Deletion:

A pdc1::P_{PDC1}-ilvD-FBA1t-URA3r integration cassette was made by joining the ilvD-FBA1t segment from pLH468 (described above) to the URA3r gene from pUC19-URA3r by SOE PCR (as described by Horton et al. (1989) Gene 77:61-68) using as template pLH468 and pUC19-URA3r plasmid DNAs, with Phusion DNA polymerase (New England Biolabs Inc., Beverly, Mass.; catalog no. F-540S) and primers 114117-27A through 114117-27D (SEQ ID NOs:68, 69, 70 and 71).

The outer primers for the SOE PCR (114117-27A and 114117-27D) contained 5' and 3' ~50 bp regions homologous to regions downstream of the PDC1 promoter and downstream of the PDC1 coding sequence. The completed cassette PCR fragment was transformed into BY4700 pdc6::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t and transformants were maintained on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., pp. 201-202). Transformants were screened by PCR using primers 114117-36D and 135 (SEQ ID NOs:72 and 73), and primers 112590-49E and 112590-30F (SEQ ID NOs:67 and 74) to verify integration at the PDC1 locus with deletion of the PDC1 coding sequence. The URA3r marker was recycled by plating on synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose and 5-FOA at 30° C. following standard protocols. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies from the 5-FOA plates onto SD -URA media to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain "NYLA67" has the genotype: BY4700 pdc6::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t pdc1::P_{PDC1}-ilvD-FBA1t.

HIS3 Deletion

To delete the endogenous HIS3 coding region, a his3::URA3r2 cassette was PCR-amplified from URA3r2 template DNA (SEQ ID NO:75). URA3r2 contains the URA3 marker from pRS426 (ATCC #77107) flanked by 500 bp homologous repeat sequences to allow homologous recombination in vivo and removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers 114117-45A and 114117-45B (SEQ ID NOs:76 and 77) which

generated a ~2.3 kb PCR product. The HIS3 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region upstream of the HIS3 promoter and 3' region downstream of the coding region such that integration of the URA3r2 marker results in replacement of the HIS3 coding region. The PCR product was transformed into NYLA67 using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., pp. 201-202) and transformants were selected on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by replica plating of transformants onto synthetic complete media lacking histidine and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. The URA3r marker was recycled by plating on synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose and 5-FOA at 30° C. following standard protocols. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies from the 5-FOA plates onto SD -URA media to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called NYLA73, has the genotype: BY4700 pdc6::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t pdc1::P_{PDC1}-ilvD-FBA1t dhis3.

Deletion of HXK2 (Hexokinase II):

A hxk2::URA3r cassette was PCR-amplified from URA3r2 template (described above) using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers 384 and 385 (SEQ ID NOs:78 and 79) which generated a ~2.3 kb PCR product. The HXK2 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region upstream of the HXK2 promoter and 3' region downstream of the coding region such that integration of the URA3r2 marker results in replacement of the HXK2 coding region. The PCR product was transformed into NYLA73 using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., pp. 201-202) and transformants were selected on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Transformants were screened by PCR to verify correct integration at the HXK2 locus with replacement of the HXK2 coding region using primers N869 and N871 (SEQ ID NOs:80 and 81). The URA3r2 marker was recycled by plating on synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose and 5-FOA at 30° C. following standard protocols. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies from the 5-FOA plates onto SD -URA media to verify the absence of growth, and by PCR to verify correct marker removal using primers N946 and N947 (SEQ ID NOs:82 and 83). The resulting identified strain named NYLA83 has the genotype: BY4700 pdc6::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t pdc1::P_{PDC1}-ilvD-FBA1t dhis3 dhxk2. Construction of pdc5::kanMX Integration Cassette and PDC5 Deletion

A pdc5::kanMX4 cassette was PCR-amplified from strain YLR134W chromosomal DNA (ATCC No. 4034091) using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers PDC5::KanMXF and PDC5::KanMXR (SEQ ID NOs:84 and 85) which generated a ~2.2 kb PCR product. The PDC5 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region upstream of the PDC5 promoter and 3' region downstream of the coding region such that integration of the kanMX4 marker results in replacement of the PDC5 coding region. The PCR product was transformed into NYLA83, and transformants were selected and screened as described above. The identified correct transformants named NYLA84 have the genotype: BY4700 pdc6::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t pdc1::P_{PDC1}-ilvD-FBA1t dhis3 dhxk2 pdc5::kanMX4.

Plasmid vectors pLH468 and pLH475-JEA1 were simultaneously transformed into strain NYLA84 (BY4700 pdc6::P_{GPM1}-sadB-ADH1t pdc1::P_{PDC1}-ilvD-FBA1t dhis3 dhxk2

pdc5::kanMX4) using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.) and the resulting strain was maintained on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and uracil, and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C.

Example 3

Construction of *S. cerevisiae* Host Strain Containing Disruptions in URA3, HIS3, and Insertion of Sulfonylurea-Resistant ILV2

This example describes inactivation of the URA3 and HIS3 genes of *S. cerevisiae*, and replacement of the native ILV2 gene with a variant that is resistant to sulfonylurea herbicides. The resulting strain will be used as a host for expression vectors pLH475-JEA1 and pLH468 that were described in Example 1.

URA3 Deletion

To delete the endogenous URA3 coding region, a deletion cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA54 (SEQ ID NO:100) which contains a P_{TEF1} -kanMX-TEF1t cassette flanked by loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the KanMX marker. PCR was performed using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers BK505 and BK506 (SEQ ID NOs:101 and 102). The URA3 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 180 bp upstream of the URA3 ATG and 3' region 78 bp downstream of the coding region such that integration of the KanMX cassette results in replacement of the URA3 coding region. The PCR product was transformed into PNY827 (ATCC # PTA-12105), using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., pp. 201-202) and transformants were selected on rich media supplemented 2% glucose and 100 µg/ml Geneticin at 30° C. Transformants were screened by colony PCR with primers BK468 and LA492 (SEQ ID NOs:103 and 104) to verify presence of the integration cassette. A heterozygous URA3 mutant was obtained; NYLA98 MAT α URA3/ura3::loxP-kanMX-loxP. To obtain haploids, NYLA98 was sporulated using standard methods (Codón AC, Gasent-Ramírez J M, Benítez T., *Appl Environ Microbiol.* 1995 PMID: 7574601). Tetrads were dissected using a micromanipulator and grown on rich media supplemented with 2% glucose. Tetrads containing four viable spores were patched onto synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose, and the mating type was verified by multiplex colony PCR using primers AK109-1, AK109-2, and AK109-3 (SEQ ID NOs:105, 106, and 107). The resulting identified haploid strain called NYLA103 has the genotype MAT α ura3 Δ ::loxP-kanMX-loxP, and NYLA106 has the genotype MAT α ura3 Δ ::loxP-kanMX-loxP.

HIS3 Deletion

The four fragments for the PCR cassette for the scarless HIS3 deletion were amplified using Phusion High Fidelity PCR Master Mix (New England BioLabs; Ipswich, Mass.) and CEN.PK 113-7D genomic DNA as template, prepared with a Gentra Puregene Yeast/Bact kit (Qiagen; Valencia, Calif.). HIS3 Fragment A was amplified with primer oBP452 (SEQ ID NO: 89) and primer oBP453 (SEQ ID NO:109), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of HIS3 Fragment B. HIS3 Fragment B was amplified with primer oBP454 (SEQ ID NO:110), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of HIS3 Fragment A, and primer oBP455 (SEQ ID NO:90), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of HIS3 Fragment U. HIS3 Fragment U was amplified

with primer oBP456 (SEQ ID NO:91, containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of HIS3 Fragment B, and primer oBP457 (SEQ ID NO:86), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of HIS3 Fragment C. HIS3 Fragment C was amplified with primer oBP458 (SEQ ID NO:87), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of HIS3 Fragment U, and primer oBP459 (SEQ ID NO:88). PCR products were purified with a PCR Purification kit (Qiagen). HIS3 Fragment AB was created by overlapping PCR by mixing HIS3 Fragment A and HIS3 Fragment B and amplifying with primers oBP452 (SEQ ID NO:89) and oBP455 (SEQ ID NO:90). HIS3 Fragment UC was created by overlapping PCR by mixing HIS3 Fragment U and HIS3 Fragment C and amplifying with primers oBP456 (SEQ ID NO:91) and oBP459 (SEQ ID NO:88). The resulting PCR products were purified on an agarose gel followed by a Gel Extraction kit (Qiagen). The HIS3 ABUC cassette was created by overlapping PCR by mixing HIS3 Fragment AB and HIS3 Fragment UC and amplifying with primers oBP452 (SEQ ID NO:89) and oBP459 (SEQ ID NO:88). The final PCR product was purified with a PCR Purification kit (Qiagen).

To delete the endogenous HIS3 coding region, the "scarless" deletion cassette was transformed into NYLA106 using standard techniques and plated on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by replica plating onto synthetic complete media lacking histidine and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Genomic DNA preps were made to verify the integration by PCR using primers BP460 and LA135 (SEQ ID NOs:93 and 94) for the 5' end and primers BP461 and LA92 (SEQ ID NOs:95 and 96) for the 3' end. The URA3 marker was recycled by plating on synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose and 5-FOA at 30° C. following standard protocols. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies from the 5-FOA plates onto SD -URA media to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2003, has the genotype MAT α ura3 Δ ::loxP-kanMX-loxP his3 Δ .

Deletion of PDC1:
To delete the endogenous PDC1 coding region, a deletion cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA59 (SEQ ID NO:97), which contains a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done by using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers LA678 and LA679 (SEQ ID NOs:98 and 99). The PDC1 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 50 bp downstream of the PDC1 start codon and 3' region 50 bp upstream of the stop codon such that integration of the URA3 cassette results in replacement of the PDC1 coding region but leaves the first 50 bp and the last 50 bp of the coding region. The PCR product was transformed into strain PNY2003 using standard genetic techniques with selection on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by colony PCR using primers LA337 (SEQ ID NO:111), external to the 5' coding region and LA135 (SEQ ID NO:94), an internal to URA3. Positive transformants were then screened by colony PCR using primers LA692 and LA693 (SEQ ID NOs:112 and 113), which were internal to the PDC1 coding region. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pRS423::P_{GAL1}-cre (SEQ ID NO:121) and plated on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Transformants were plated on YP supplemented with 0.5% galactose to induce expression of Cre recombinase. Marker removal was

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confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2008, has the genotype MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX-loxP his3Δ pdc1Δ::loxP71/66.

Construction of ILV2-410 Integration Vector:

A fragment of the native ILV2 gene from *S. cerevisiae* BY4700 was PCR-amplified using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers LA684 and LA685 (SEQ ID NOS: 114 and 115). The ~2 kb PCR product was digested with BamHI and SphI and cloned into pUC19, and the resulting vector was named pUC19::ILV2 (SEQ ID No:17). Site-directed mutagenesis (QuickChange XL, Stratagene, CA) was used to introduce a C to T transition at base pair 574, resulting in a proline-to-serine substitution (Yadav et al. 1986 *PNAS*. 83:4418-4422). PfuUltra DNA polymerase (Stratagene, CA), primers LA682 and LA683 (SEQ ID NOS:116 and 117), and pUC19::ILV2 template were used to introduce the mutation following standard protocol. The PCR reaction was digested with DpnI to remove parental DNA, and the reaction was transformed into DH5α competent cells on LB-Amp (100 μg/ml). The presence of DNA containing the ILV2-410 allele was confirmed by DNA sequencing of plasmid DNA isolated from transformants. The resulting vector was named pUC19::ILV2-410.

The ILV2-410 fragment was digested from pUC19::ILV2-410 by BamHI SphI digest and subcloned into pLA59. pLA59 (SEQ ID No:97) is a pUC19 cloning vector that contains a loxP71-URA3-loxP66 cassette. The resulting vector, pLA59::ILV2-410 (SEQ ID NO:18), was used as template for PCR of the full integration cassette. The ILV2-410-loxP71-URA3-loxP66 integration cassette was PCR amplified from pLA59::ILV2-410 template using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers LA686 and LA687 (SEQ ID NOS:119 and 120), producing a ~3 kb product. The ILV2 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region downstream of the ILV2 start codon and 3' region downstream of the stop codon such that integration of the URA3 cassette results in replacement of the native ILV2 coding region.

The PCR product was transformed into strain PNY2008 and plated on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. The loxP71-URA3-loxP66 marker was recycled by transformation with pRS423::P_{GAL1}-cre (SEQ ID NO:121) and plating on synthetic complete media lacking histidine supplemented with 3% glucose at 30° C. Colonies were patched onto YP (1% galactose) plates at 30° C. to induce URA3 marker excision and were transferred onto YP (2% glucose) plates at 30° C. for recovery. Removal of the URA3 marker were confirmed by patching colonies from the YP (2% glucose) plates onto synthetic complete media lacking uracil supplemented with 2% glucose to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2010, has the genotype MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX-loxP his3Δ pdc1Δ::loxP71/66 ILV2-410::loxP71/66.

Example 4

Susceptibility of Wildtype *S. cerevisiae* Strains to Sulfonyleurea Herbicides

This example describes experiments that demonstrate yeast strains, expressing wildtype acetolactate synthase, are resistant to many AHAS-inhibiting sulfonyleurea herbicides. Strains tested in this experiment included: *S. cerevisiae* yeast strain PNY0860-1A), a haploid derived from sporulation of

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the yeast strain deposited with ATCC (ATCC #PTA-12007; *S. cerevisiae* yeast strain PNY827 (ATCC # PTA-12105); and *S. cerevisiae* strain CEN.PK 113-7D (Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures (CBS) Fungal Biodiversity Centre #8340).

The following AHAS inhibitors were resuspended in 10 mM KOH to give final concentrations of 2 mg/ml (w/v).

Accent™	nicosulfuron methyl (V9360)
W4189-128	research sample
Ally™	metsulfuron methyl (T6376)
Classic™	chlorimuron ethyl (F6025)
Oust™	sulfometuron methyl (SM)
Harmony™	thifensulfuron methyl

The yeast strains were initially grown on synthetic complete liquid media lacking all amino acids and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Early stationary phase cultures (OD600 nm of ~5.0) were used to inoculate 40 ml of top agar media (synthetic complete lacking all amino acids with 0.7% agarose), which were poured into petri plates. Filter disks containing 20 μg AHAS inhibitor (20 p. 1 of a 1 mg/ml stock) or 10 μg AHAS inhibitor (20 μl of a 0.2 mg/ml stock) were added to the plate surface. Plates were incubated for 72 hours at 30° C. before visualization of zones of growth inhibition. Clear zones surrounding the AHAS-laced filter disks indicate inhibition of yeast growth. These results suggested that Classic, Ally, and (just herbicides inhibit growth of the yeast strains. Accent, Harmony, and W4189 did not inhibit the industrial yeast strains at the concentrations used in this experiment. (FIG. 2)

Example 5

Resistance of Engineered *S. cerevisiae* Strains Containing an ILV2 Variant Gene to Sulfonyleurea Herbicides

This example describes experiments that demonstrate yeast strains, expressing a resistant variant of acetolactate synthase, are resistant to the AHAS inhibitor sulfometuron methyl.

S. cerevisiae yeast strains PNY2008 and PNY2010 are described in Example 3. PNY2010 contains the ILV2-410 allele that confers resistance to sulfonyleureas.

The yeast strains were initially grown on synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. The strains were patched onto either synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. or synthetic complete media supplemented with 2% glucose and 12.5 μg/ml sulfometuron methyl (prepared in 10 mM KOH as in Example 4). Plates were incubated for 48 hours at 30° C. before visualization. Strain PNY2008 was unable to grow on plates containing sulfometuron methyl, whereas strain PNY2010 grew normally due to the presence of the ILV2-410 allele.

Example 6

Production of Isobutanol in Recombinant *S. cerevisiae* NYLA84

The purpose of this example is to describe the production of isobutanol in the yeast strain NYLA84. The yeast strain comprises deletions of PDC1, PDC5, and PDC6, genes encoding three isozymes of pyruvate decarboxylase, and deletion of HXK2 encoding hexokinase II. The strain also

contains constructs for heterologous expression of AlsS (acetolactate synthase), KARI (keto acid reductoisomerase), DHAD (dihydroxy acid dehydratase), KivD (ketoisovalerate decarboxylase), and SadB (secondary alcohol dehydrogenase).

Strain Construction

Plasmids pLH468 and pLH475-JEA1 were introduced into NYLA84, described in Example 3, by standard PEG/lithium acetate-mediated transformation methods. Transformants were selected on synthetic complete medium lacking glucose, histidine and uracil. Ethanol (1% v/v) was used as the carbon source. After three days, transformants were patched to synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources. Freezer vials were made by dilution of log-phase cultures with 45% glycerol to a final glycerol concentration of 15% (w/v).

Production of Isobutanol

80 ml of synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources was inoculated with a yeast strain.

Fermentation Conditions:

Medium (final concentration): 6.7 g/L, Yeast Nitrogen Base w/o amino acids (Difco); 2.8 g/L, Yeast Synthetic Drop-out Medium Supplement Without Histidine, Leucine, Tryptophan and Uracil (Sigma Y2001); 20 mL/L of 1% (w/v) L-Leucine; 4 mL/L of 1% (w/v) L-Tryptophan; 1 mL/L ergosterol/tween/ethanol solution; 0.2 mL/L Sigma DF204; 10 g/L glucose

The fermenter was set to control at pH 5.5 with KOH, 30% dO, temperature 30° C., and airflow of 0.2 SLPM (or, 0.25 vvm). At inoculation, the airflow was set to 0.01 SLPM initially, then increased to 0.2 SLPM once growth was established. Glucose was maintained at 5-15 g/L throughout by manual addition.

Because efficient production of isobutanol with NYLA84 pLH486/pLH475 requires microaerobic conditions to enable redox balance in the biosynthetic pathway, air was continuously supplied to the fermenter at 0.25 vvm. Continuous aeration led to significant stripping of isobutanol from the aqueous phase of the fermenter. To quantify the loss of isobutanol due to stripping, the off-gas from the fermenter was directly sent to a mass spectrometer (Prima dB mass spectrometer, Thermo Electron Corp., Madison, Wis.) to quantify the amount of isobutanol in the gas stream. The isobutanol peaks at mass to charge ratios of 74 or 42 were monitored continuously to quantify the amount of isobutanol in the gas stream.

Glucose and organic acids in the aqueous phase were monitored during the fermentation using HPLC. Glucose was also monitored quickly using a glucose analyzer (YSI, Inc., Yellow Springs, Ohio). Isobutanol in the aqueous phase was quantified by HPLC as described in the General Methods Section herein above after the aqueous phase was removed periodically from the fermenter. The effective titer, corrected for the isobutanol lost due to stripping, was 7.5 g/L. The titer of isobutyric acid was 1.28 g/L. (FIG. 3)

Example 7 (Prophetic):

Resistance of Engineered *S. cerevisiae* Isobutanologens Containing an IL V2 Variant Gene to Sulfonylurea Herbicides

This example describes experiments that demonstrate yeast strains that contain an engineered isobutanol production pathway which also express a resistant variant of

acetolactate synthase, are resistant to the AHAS inhibitor sulfometuron methyl. Construction of strain NYLA84 is shown in Example 2.

The ILV2-410-loxP71-URA3-loxP66 integration cassette (described in Example 3) is PCR amplified from pLA59::ILV2-410 template using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers LA686 and LA687 (SEQ ID NOs:119 and 120), producing a ~3 kb product. The PCR product is transformed into strain NYLA84 and plated on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. The loxP71-URA3-loxP66 marker is recycled by transformation with pRS423::P_{GAL1}-cre (SEQ ID NO:121) and plating on synthetic complete media lacking histidine supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Colonies are patched onto YP (1% galactose) plates at 30° C. to induce URA3 marker excision and are transferred onto YP (1% ethanol) plates at 30° C. for recovery. Removal of the URA3 marker is confirmed by patching colonies from the YP (1% ethanol) plates onto synthetic complete media lacking uracil supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain has the genotype NYLA84 ILV2-410::loxP71/66.

Plasmid vectors pLH468 and pLH475-JEA1 were simultaneously transformed into strain NYLA84 ILV2-410::loxP71/66 using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.) and the resulting strain was maintained on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and uracil, and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C.

The yeast strains are initially grown on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and uracil, and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. After three days, transformants are patched to synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources.

20 ml of synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 0.2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources at 30° C. is inoculated with the yeast strain. Each strain is diluted to an initial OD of 0.2 in tubes containing fresh synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources. The AHAS inhibitor sulfometuron methyl is added to the tubes at concentrations ranging from 0 µg/ml to 50 µg/ml. The tubes are incubated overnight at 30° C. shaking at 220 rpm and are scored the following day for growth. Strains expressing cytosolic acetolactate synthase demonstrate higher resistance to sulfometuron methyl. Isobutanol in the aqueous phase is quantified by HPLC as described in the General Methods Section.

Example 8 (Prophetic):

Production of Isobutanol in Recombinant *S. cerevisiae* NYLA84 in the Presence of Wildtype Yeast Competitor and Sulfometuron Methyl Herbicide

The purpose of this example is to describe the production of isobutanol in the yeast strain NYLA84 ILV2-410::loxP71/66 pLH468/pLH475-JEA1 when challenged with a wildtype yeast strain. The AHAS inhibitor sulfometuron methyl is added to prevent or retard growth of the wildtype yeast strain.

Strain Construction

Plasmids pLH468 and pLH475-JEA1 are introduced into NYLA84 ILV2-410::loxP71/66 pLH468/pLH475-JEA1, described in Example 7, by standard PEG/lithium acetate-

mediated transformation methods. Transformants are selected on synthetic complete medium lacking glucose, histidine and uracil. Ethanol (1% v/v) is used as the carbon source. After three days, transformants are patched to synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources.

Wildtype competitor strain Ethanol Red (Fermentis) is grown in synthetic complete medium supplemented with 2% glucose as carbon source.

Production of Isobutanol

80 ml of synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources is inoculated with the yeast strain.

Fermentation Conditions:

Medium (final concentration): 6.7 g/L, Yeast Nitrogen Base w/o amino acids (Difco); 2.8 g/L, Yeast Synthetic Drop-out Medium Supplement Without Histidine, Leucine Tryptophan and Uracil (Sigma Y2001); 20 mL/L of 1% (w/v) L-Leucine; 4 mL/L of 1% (w/v) L-Tryptophan; 1 mL/L ergosterol/tween/ethanol solution; 0.2 mL/L Sigma DF204; 10 g/L glucose.

Both fermenters are inoculated with NYLA84 pLH486/pLH475 and Ethanol Red (at 0.5× number of cells as the NYLA84 strain). Sulfometuron methyl is added to one fermenter at a concentration found to be inhibitory (see Example 4). The fermenters are set to control at pH 5.5 with KOH, 30% dO, temperature 30° C., and airflow of 0.2 SLPM (or, 0.25 vvm). At inoculation, the airflow is set to 0.01 SLPM initially, then increased to 0.2 SLPM once growth is established. Glucose is maintained at 5-15 g/L throughout by manual addition.

Because efficient production of isobutanol with NYLA84 pLH486/pLH475 requires microaerobic conditions to enable redox balance in the biosynthetic pathway, air is continuously supplied to the fermenter at 0.25 vvm. Continuous aeration leads to significant stripping of isobutanol from the aqueous phase of the fermenter. To quantify the loss of isobutanol due to stripping, the off-gas from the fermenter is directly sent to a mass spectrometer (Prima dB mass spectrometer, Thermo Electron Corp., Madison, Wis.) to quantify the amount of isobutanol in the gas stream. The isobutanol peaks at mass to charge ratios of 74 or 42 are monitored continuously to quantify the amount of isobutanol in the gas stream.

Glucose and organic acids in the aqueous phase are monitored during the fermentation using HPLC. Glucose is also monitored quickly using a glucose analyzer (YSI, Inc., Yellow Springs, Ohio). Isobutanol in the aqueous phase is quantified by HPLC as described in the General Methods Section herein above, after the aqueous phase is removed periodically from the fermenter.

Example 9 (Prophetic):

Isobutanol Production in an Engineered *S. cerevisiae* Isobutanologens Containing a Heterologous Acetolactate Synthase that is Resistant to Sulfonylurea Herbicides

This example describes experiments that demonstrate yeast strains, which contain an engineered isobutanol production pathway and express a heterologous acetolactate synthase that is resistant to sulfonylurea herbicides, are resistant to the AHAS inhibitor sulfometuron methyl. Construction of strain NYLA84 is shown in Example 2.

The enzyme ALS I (encoded by *ilvB*) from the enterobacteria *Escherichia coli* K12, which is intrinsically resistant to sulfonylurea herbicides, is PCR-amplified from *E. coli* K12 genomic DNA using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers T001 and T002 (SEQ ID NOs:122 and 123). The FBA1 promoter is PCR amplified from BY4700 genomic DNA using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers T003 and T004 (SEQ ID NOs:124 and 125). The FBA1 terminator is PCR amplified from BY4700 genomic DNA using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers T005 and T006 (SEQ ID NOs:126 and 127). The FBA1 promoter is digested with SphI KpnI, the *ilvB* gene is digested with KpnI NotI, and the FBA1 terminator is digested with NotI BamHI. The three fragments are ligated together and subcloned into vector pLA59 (described in Example 3) via SphI BamHI sites, creating vector pLA59::ilvB (SEQ ID NO:19).

The *bdh1Δ::P_{FBA1}-ilvB-FBA1t-loxP71-URA3-loxP66* integration cassette is PCR amplified from pLA59::ilvB template (SEQ ID NO:19) using Phusion DNA polymerase and primers T007 and T008 (SEQ ID NOs:128 and 129). The BDH1 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 50 bp downstream of the BDH1 start codon and 3' region 50 bp upstream of the stop codon such that integration of the URA3 cassette results in replacement of the BDH1 coding region but leaves the first ~50 bp and the last ~50 bp of the coding region. The PCR product is transformed into strain NYLA84 and plated on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. The *loxP71-URA3-loxP66* marker is recycled by transformation with pRS423::P_{GALI}-cre (SEQ ID NO:121) and plating on synthetic complete media lacking histidine supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Colonies are patched onto YP (1% galactose) plates at 30° C. to induce URA3 marker excision and are transferred onto YP (1% ethanol) plates at 30° C. for recovery. Removal of the URA3 marker is confirmed by patching colonies from the YP (1% ethanol) plates onto synthetic complete media lacking uracil supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain has the genotype NYLA84 *bdh1::ilvB-loxP71/66*.

Plasmid vectors pLH468 and pLH475-JEA1 are simultaneously transformed into strain NYLA84 *bdh1::ilvB-loxP71/66* using standard genetic techniques (*Methods in Yeast Genetics*, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.) and the resulting strain is maintained on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and uracil, and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C.

The yeast strains are initially grown on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and uracil, and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. After three days, transformants are patched to synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources.

20 ml of synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 0.2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources at 30° C. is inoculated with the yeast strain. Each strain is diluted to an initial OD of 0.2 in tubes containing fresh synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and uracil supplemented with both 2% glucose and 0.5% ethanol as carbon sources. The AHAS inhibitor sulfometuron methyl is added to the tubes at concentrations ranging from 0 μg/ml to 50 μg/ml. The tubes are incubated overnight at 30° C. shaking at 220 rpm and are scored the following day for growth. Strains expressing cytosolic acetolactate synthase demonstrate higher resistance to sulfometuron methyl. Isobutanol in the aqueous phase is quantified by HPLC as described in the General Methods Section.

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Enterobacterial ALS enzymes are described in LaRossa and Smul, *J. Bacteriol.* 160(1):391-394 (1984). LaRossa describes ALSI enzymes from *S. typhimurium* and *E. coli* that are resistant to sulfonyleurea herbicides.

Materials and Methods for Examples 10 to 20

Yeast synthetic medium w/o amino acids, w/o glucose, w/o ethanol/Tween (2x) 13.4 g/l, Yeast Nitrogen Base w/o amino acids (Difco 0919-15-3); 40 mg/L thiamine; 40 mg/L niacin; 200 ml/L 1M MES buffer, pH=5.5

Supplement aa sol. without histidine and uracil (SAAS-1 10x): 18.5 g/L, Synthetic complete amino acid dropout (Kaiser)-His, -Ura (Formedium).

Na-acetate stock solution: 3 M sodium acetate solution

Glucose stock solution: 250 g/L glucose solution

Inhibitor stock solutions: (1) copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate: CuSO₄.5H₂O (MW 249.6 g/mol, CAS Number 7758-99-8): 150 mM; (2) formaldehyde solution (SIGMA F8775, 36.5-38% in H₂O, MW 30.03 g/mol, CAS Number 50-00-0): 12.15 M; (3) sodium sulfite (Na₂SO₃, SIGMA-ALDRICH 50505, CAS Number 7757-83-7, MW 126.04 g/mol): 100 mM in SF11, 500 mM in SF12; (4) bismuth(III) citrate (CAS Number 813-93-4, [O₂CCH₂C(OH)(CO₂)CH₂CO₂] Bi, MW 398.08 g/mol): saturated solution; (5) sulfometuron methyl (Fluka #34224, CAS Number 74222-97-2, C₁₅H₁₆N₄O₅S, MW 364.38 g/mol): 10 g/L in DMSO; (6) 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid (Sigma-Aldrich, #300713, C₄H₄N₂O₂, MW: 112.09 g/mol, CAS Number: 37718-11-9: 1.0 M in SF12 (=112 mg/ml (DMSO)); (7) 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride (Sigma, # M1387, C₄H₆N₂.HCl, MW: 118.56 g/mol, CAS: 56010-88-9): 1.0M in SF12 (=119 mg/ml (DMSO)); (8) pyrazole (Aldrich, # P56607, C₃H₄N₂, MW: 68.08 g/mol, CAS Number: 288-13-1): 0.5 M in SF12 (=34 mg/ml); (9) glyoxylic acid sodium salt monohydrate (HC(O)COONa.H₂O, MW: 114.03, CAS Number: 918149-31-2): 0.5 M in SF12 (=57 mg/ml); (10) pyrazole (Aldrich, # P56607, C₃H₄N₂, MW: 68.08 g/mol, CAS Number: 288-13-1): 0.5 M (=34 mg/ml) in SF13; (11) trans-cinnamaldehyde (Aldrich #239968, C₆H₅CH=CHCHO, MW: 132.16 g/mol, CAS: 14371-10-9, d=1.050 g/ml): SF12 and SF13=pure liquid, SF14=20 mM in DMSO; (12) 1-bromo-2-butanone (Sigma-Aldrich #243299, C₂H₅COCH₂Br, MW: 151.00 g/mol, CAS: 816-40-0, d=1.479 g/l): SF12 and SF13=pure liquid, SF14=10 mM in DMSO; (13) 4-nitrocinnamaldehyde (predominantly "trans" form, Aldrich #281670, O₂NC₆H₄CH=CHCHO, MW: 177.16 g/mol, CAS: 49678-08-2): SF12=pure substance was weighted and added to the culture

SEED medium: 10,000 mL Yeast synthetic medium w/o aa, w/o glucose, w/o ethanol/Tween (2x); 2,000 mL Supplement aa sol. without histidine and uracil (SAAS-1 10x);

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3.200 mL 250 g/L glucose solution (resulting in 40 g/l glucose); 0.046 mL Na-acetate stock solution; 4.754 mL H₂O.

Example 10

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by Copper(II)

The inhibitory effect of copper (II) on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without copper or addition of copper at concentrations of 5 mM, 10 mM and 25 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). The solution with 25 mM showed precipitation and was not analyzed. At 5 mM of copper μ_{max} was determined to be 0.46 l/h. In the medium containing 10 mM of copper, maximum specific growth rate of $\mu_{max}=0.33$ l/h was found. Fitting the data to the "squared inhibition" kinetics yielded parameters of $\mu^{\circ}_{max}=0.58$ l/h and a K_I value of $K_I=11$ mM (FIG. 4). Decrease in μ_{max} with increasing copper (II) concentrations in the medium indicates inhibition of ethanologen yeast PNY 827 Inhibition kinetics were used and fitted parameters predict an IC₅₀ value of 11 mM. Data from the samples is seen in Table 3 below.

TABLE 3

Data for control samples and copper-inhibited experiments.							
sample	time	time [min]	time [h]	OD600	dilution [1:x]	OD600corr []	OD600corr []
F1-ctrl-a							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.157	1	0.090	
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.188	1	0.121	0.121
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.255	1	0.188	0.188
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.372	1	0.305	0.305
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.285	5	1.102	1.102
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.672	20	12.157	
F2-ctrl-b							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.153	1	0.086	

TABLE 3-continued

Data for control samples and copper-inhibited experiments.							
sample	time	time [min]	time [h]	OD600	dilution [1:x]	OD600corr []	OD600corr []
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.187	1	0.120	0.120
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.251	1	0.184	0.184
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.371	1	0.304	0.304
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.281	5	1.082	1.082
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.647	20	11.657	
F5-cu-1							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.336	1	0.097	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.346	1	0.107	0.107
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.467	1	0.228	0.228
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.538	1	0.299	0.299
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.543	1	0.304	
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.152	5	0.265	
6	18:05	580	9.67	0.163	5	0.320	
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.171	5	0.360	
F6-cu-2							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.389	1	0.115	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.399	1	0.125	
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.401	1	0.127	0.127
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.437	1	0.163	0.163
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.521	1	0.247	0.247
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.158	5	0.260	
6	18:05	580	9.67	0.166	5	0.300	
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.202	5	0.480	
F7-cu-3							

precipitation

Copper concentrations in the experiments were:

F1-ctrl-a: 0 mM;

F2-ctrl-b: 0 mM;

F5-cu-1: 5 mM;

F6-cu-2: 10 mM;

F7-cu-3: 25 mM.

Example 11

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by Sulfometuron Methyl

The inhibitory effect of the sulfonylurea sulfometuron methyl on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without sulfometuron methyl or addition of sulfometuron methyl at concentrations of 0.11 mM, 0.16 mM and 0.27, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm

was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

At all three applied concentrations of 0.11 mM, 0.16 mM and 0.27 mM of sulfometuron methyl a significant reduction in specific maximum growth rate was found, yielding μ_{max} values of 0.04 1/h, 0.05 1/h and 0.04 1/h, down from uninhibited maximum specific growth in the experiment of $\mu_{max}^0=0.59$ 1/h, respectively (5).

Sulfometuron methyl is poorly water soluble, consequently the compound was administered dissolved in DMSO. In order to make sure the observed inhibition did not result from DMSO, DMSO was added only ad 0.14 mM to a culture and a maximum specific growth rate of 0.56 1/h was found. Follow up experiments with DMSO point to a “squared inhibition” with a K_I value of about 16 mM (data not shown). So while DMSO alone seems to have an inhibitory effect on growth, its inhibitory effects at concentrations of 0.06 mM, 0.08 mM and 0.14 mM, as used in the experiments with sulfometuron methyl, can be neglected. Fitting a “hybrid” inhibition kinetics model to the measurements yields values of $\mu_{max 1}^0=0.55$ 1/h and $\mu_{max 2}^0=0.04$ 1/h. Not sufficient data are available for accurate determination of K_I , but from the curve shape it can be concluded that the K_I value is significantly below 0.1 mM. The “hybrid” inhibition kinetics model predicts an overall observable μ_{max}^0 of 0.59 1/h. Due to the underdetermined K_I value, the IC_{50} value cannot reliably be determined, but it can be concluded that it is significantly lower than 0.1 mM. Data from the samples is seen in Table 4 below.

TABLE 4

Data for control samples and sulfometuron methyl-inhibited experiments. Sulfometuron methyl concentrations in the experiments were: F1-ctrl-a: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-b: 0 mM; F12-sm-1: 0.11 mM; F13-sm-2: 0.16 mM; F14-sm-3: 0.27 mM.

sample	time	time		dilu-	OD600corr	OD600corr
time	[min]	[h]	OD600	tion	[]	[]
				[1:x]		
F1-ctrl-a						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.157	1	0.090
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.188	1	0.121
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.255	1	0.188
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.372	1	0.305
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.285	5	1.102
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.672	20	12.157
F2-ctrl-b						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.153	1	0.086
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.187	1	0.120
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.251	1	0.184
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.371	1	0.304
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.281	5	1.082
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.647	20	11.657
F12-sm-1						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.155	1	0.088
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.160	1	0.093
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.165	1	0.098
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.170	1	0.103
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.175	1	0.108
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.182	1	0.115
6	17:50	565	9.42	0.222	1	0.155
7	8:05	1420	23.67	0.272	5	1.037
F13-sm-2						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.158	1	0.091
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.160	1	0.093
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.166	1	0.099
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.171	1	0.104
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.175	1	0.108
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.184	1	0.117
6	17:50	565	9.42	0.219	1	0.152
7	8:05	1420	23.67	0.467	1	0.400
F14-sm-3						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.157	1	0.090
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.164	1	0.097
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.164	1	0.097
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.166	1	0.099
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.177	1	0.110
6	17:50	565	9.42	0.201	1	0.134
7	8:05	1420	23.67	0.306	1	0.239

Example 12

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by Sulfite

The inhibitory effect of sulfite on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without sulfite or addition of sulfite at concentrations of 1 mM, 2 mM, 5 mM, 10 mM, 20 mM and 50 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova

Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

Sulfite concentrations of 1 mM, 2 mM, 5 mM, 10 mM, 20 mM and 50 mM resulted in maximum specific growth rates of 0.59 1/h, 0.54 1/h, 0.33 1/h, 0.23 1/h, 0.18 1/h and 0.14 1/h, respectively, indicating significant inhibitory effect of sulfite on ethanologen yeast PNY 807. Fitting the measured data to the "hybrid" inhibition kinetics model, values of $\mu_{max}^0=0.46$ 1/h, $\mu_{max}^1=0.15$ 1/h and $KI=4.4$ mM were determined. The "hybrid" inhibition kinetics model predicts an overall observable $\mu_{max}^0=0.61$ 1/h and an IC50 value of 6.2 mM. Measured μ_{max} values and fitted dependency of μ_{max} on the concentration of sulfite in the medium is depicted in FIG. 6. Data from the samples is seen in Table 5 below.

TABLE 5

Data for control samples and sulfite-inhibited experiments. Sulfite concentrations in the experiments were: F1-ctrl-a: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-b: 0 mM; F8-su-1: 1 mM; F9-su-2: 2 mM; F10-su-3: 5 mM; F11-su-4: 10 mM; SF12-F1-CtrlA: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrlB: 0M; F3-su-1: 20 mM; F4-su-2: 50 mM.

sample	time	time		dilu-	OD600corr	OD600corr
time	[min]	[h]	OD600	tion	[]	[]
				[1:x]		
F1-ctrl-a						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.157	1	0.090
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.188	1	0.121
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.255	1	0.188
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.372	1	0.305
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.285	5	1.102
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.672	20	12.157
F2-ctrl-b						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.153	1	0.086
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.187	1	0.120
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.251	1	0.184
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.371	1	0.304
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.281	5	1.082
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.647	20	11.657
F8-su-1						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.148	1	0.081
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.149	1	0.082
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.188	1	0.121
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.252	1	0.185
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.374	1	0.307
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.285	5	1.102
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.622	20	11.157
F9-su-2						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.153	1	0.086
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.187	1	0.120

TABLE 5-continued

Data for control samples and sulfite-inhibited experiments.
Sulfite concentrations in the experiments were: F1-ctrl-a: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-b: 0 mM; F8-su-1: 1 mM; F9-su-2: 2 mM; F10-su-3: 5 mM; F11-su-4: 10 mM; SF12-F1-CtrlA: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrlB: 0M; F3-su-1: 20 mM; F4-su-2: 50 mM.

sample	time	time [min]	time [h]	OD600	dilution [1:x]	OD600corr []	OD600corr []
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.240	1	0.173	0.173
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.332	1	0.265	0.265
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.242	5	0.887	0.887
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.675	20	12.217	
F10-su-3							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.155	1	0.088	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.157	1	0.090	
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.183	1	0.116	0.116
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.220	1	0.153	0.153
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.275	1	0.208	0.208
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.459	1	0.392	0.392
6	18:00	575	9.58	0.579	5	2.572	
7	8:05	1420	23.67	0.650	20	11.717	
F11-su-4							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.159	1	0.092	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.152	1	0.085	0.085
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.178	1	0.111	0.111
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.207	1	0.140	0.140
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.242	1	0.175	0.175
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.335	1	0.268	0.268
6	18:00	575	9.58	0.285	5	1.102	
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.636	20	11.437	
SF12-F1-Ctrl-A							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.170	1	0.103	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155	0.155
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.350	1	0.283	0.283
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.220	5	0.777	0.777
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.648	20	11.677	
SF12-F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.223	1	0.156	0.156
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.354	1	0.287	0.287
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	5	0.817	0.817
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.667	20	12.057	
F3-su-1							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.166	1	0.099	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.182	1	0.115	0.115
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.217	1	0.150	0.150
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.249	1	0.182	0.182
5	15:40	405	6.75	0.293	1	0.226	0.226
6	18:20	565	9.42	0.463	1	0.396	0.396
7	8:30	1395	23.25	0.549	20	9.697	
F4-su-2							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.155	1	0.088	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.162	1	0.095	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.183	1	0.116	0.116
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.202	1	0.135	0.135
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	1	0.161	0.161
5	15:40	405	6.75	0.259	1	0.192	0.192
6	18:20	565	9.42	0.362	1	0.295	0.295
7	8:30	1395	23.25	0.600	20	10.717	

Example 13

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by Formaldehyde

The inhibitory effect of formaldehyde on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic

shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without formaldehyde or addition of formaldehyde at concentrations of 1 mM, 2 mM, 5 mM and 10 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

With the investigated formaldehyde concentrations of 1 mM, 2 mM, 5 mM and 10 mM, corresponding maximum specific growth rates of PNY827 were 0.28 1/h, 0.08 1/h, 0.00 1/h (no growth), and 0.00 1/h (no growth), respectively. μ_{max} values determined without inhibitor addition were 0.59 1/h and 0.59 1/h. Fitting the measured data to the "squared inhibition" kinetics model, a K_I value of $K_I=904 \mu\text{M}$ ($\mu_{max}^0=0.59$ 1/h) was found, indicating a very strong inhibition of *S. cerevisiae* by formaldehyde. The derived IC50 value is 0.9 mM. Measured μ_{max} values and fitted dependency of μ_{max} on the concentration of formaldehyde in the medium is depicted in FIG. 7. Data from the samples is seen in Table 6 below.

TABLE 6

Data for control samples and formaldehyde-inhibited experiments.
Formaldehyde concentrations in the experiments were: F1-ctrl-a: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-b: 0 mM; F16-fa-1: 1 mM; F17-fa-2: 2 mM; F18-fa-3: 5 mM; F19-fa-4: 10 mM.

sample	time	time [min]	time [h]	OD600	dilution [1:x]	OD600corr []	OD600corr []
F1-ctrl-a							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.157	1	0.090	
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.188	1	0.121	0.121
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.255	1	0.188	0.188
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.372	1	0.305	0.305
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.285	5	1.102	1.102
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.672	20	12.157	
F2-ctrl-b							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.154	1	0.087	
1	9:25	60	1.00	0.153	1	0.086	
2	10:40	135	2.25	0.187	1	0.120	0.120
3	11:40	195	3.25	0.251	1	0.184	0.184
4	12:40	255	4.25	0.371	1	0.304	0.304
5	14:25	360	6.00	0.281	5	1.082	1.082
6	8:05	1420	23.67	0.647	20	11.657	

TABLE 6-continued

Data for control samples and formaldehyde-inhibited experiments. Formaldehyde concentrations in the experiments were: F1-ctrl-a: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-b: 0 mM; F16-fa-1: 1 mM; F17-fa-2: 2 mM; F18-fa-3: 5 mM; F19-fa-4: 10 mM.						
sample	time	time		dilu-	OD600corr	OD600corr
	time	[min]	[h]	tion	[]	[]
				[1:x]		
F16-fa-1						
0	8:35	0	0.00	0.157	1	0.090
1	9:35	60	1.00	0.157	1	0.090
2	10:50	135	2.25	0.165	1	0.098
3	11:50	195	3.25	0.182	1	0.115
4	12:50	255	4.25	0.206	1	0.139
5	14:35	360	6.00	0.285	1	0.218
6	17:40	545	9.08	0.655	1	0.588
7	8:20	1425	23.75	0.657	20	11.857
F17-fa-2						
0	8:35	0	0.00	0.158	1	0.091
1	9:35	60	1.00	0.158	1	0.091
2	10:50	135	2.25	0.159	1	0.092
3	11:50	195	3.25	0.160	1	0.093
4	12:50	255	4.25	0.165	1	0.098
5	14:35	360	6.00	0.177	1	0.110
6	17:40	545	9.08	0.211	1	0.144
7	8:20	1425	23.75	0.382	20	6.357
F18-fa-3						
0	8:35	0	0.00	0.157	1	0.090
1	9:35	60	1.00	0.162	1	0.095
2	10:50	135	2.25	0.161	1	0.094
3	11:50	195	3.25	0.157	1	0.090
4	12:50	255	4.25	0.155	1	0.088
5	14:35	360	6.00	0.155	1	0.088
6	17:40	545	9.08	0.156	1	0.089
7	8:20	1425	23.75	0.160	1	0.093
F19-fa-4						
0	8:35	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095
1	9:35	60	1.00	0.168	1	0.101
2	10:50	135	2.25	0.164	1	0.097
3	11:50	195	3.25	0.163	1	0.096
4	12:50	255	4.25	0.160	1	0.093
5	14:35	360	6.00	0.161	1	0.094
6	17:40	545	9.08	0.162	1	0.095
7	8:20	1425	23.75	0.168	1	0.101

Example 14

Inhibition of Ethanolgen Yeast PNY 827 by
4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid

The inhibitory effect of 4-nitrocinnamaldehyde (predominantly trans) on ethanolgen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid or addition of 4-nitrocinnamaldehyde at concentrations of 1 mM and 50 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was

applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

The inhibitory effect of 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid (PA) was investigated at 1 mM and 50 mM. 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid was administered as a DMSO solution, resulting in DMSO concentrations in the cell suspension of 14 mM and 704 mM, respectively. Assuming an additive effect of 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid and DMSO inhibition, observed maximum specific growth rate of the two cultures was corrected by 0.00 l/h and 0.27 l/h due to the effect of DMSO, resulting in 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid-based μ_{max} values of 0.59 l/h and 0.50 l/h derived from the observed values of 0.59 l/h and 0.23 l/h, respectively. Fitting the data to the "squared inhibition" kinetics (observed maximum specific growth rates without inhibitor addition were 0.59 l/h, 0.59 l/h, 0.60 l/h and 0.62 l/h) yielded parameters of $\mu_{max}^0=0.60$ l/h and a KI value of KI=100 mM (FIG. 8), indicating only weak inhibitory effects of 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid. Data from the samples is seen in Table 7 below.

TABLE 7

Data for control samples and 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid - inhibited experiments. 4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid concentrations in the experiments were: F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F12-pa-1: 1 mM; F13-pa-2: 50 mM.						
sample	time	time		dilu-	OD600corr	OD600corr
	time	[min]	[h]	tion	[]	[]
				[1:x]		
F1-Ctrl-A						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.170	1	0.103
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.350	1	0.283
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.220	5	0.777
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.648	20	11.677
F2-ctrl-B						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.223	1	0.156
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.354	1	0.287
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	5	0.817
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.667	20	12.057
F12-pa-1						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.227	1	0.160
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.361	1	0.294
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.217	5	0.762
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.659	20	11.897
F13-pa-2						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.157	1	0.090
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.167	1	0.100
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.192	1	0.125
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.234	1	0.167
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.305	1	0.238
5	3:40	405	6.75	0.405	1	0.338
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.655	20	11.817

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride

The inhibitory effect of 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride or addition of 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride at concentrations of 1 mM and 30 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

The inhibitory effect of 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride was investigated at 1 mM and 30 mM. 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride was administered as a DMSO solution, resulting in DMSO concentrations in the cell suspension of 14 mM and 423 mM, respectively. Assuming an additive effect of 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride and DMSO inhibition, observed maximum specific growth rate of the two cultures was corrected by 0.00 1/h and 0.14 1/h due to the effect of DMSO, resulting in 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride-based mumax values of 0.48 1/h and 0.38 1/h derived from the observed values of 0.48 1/h and 0.24 1/h, respectively. Fitting the data to the “squared inhibition” kinetics (observed maximum specific growth rates without inhibitor addition were 0.59 1/h, 0.59 1/h, 0.60 1/h and 0.62 1/h) yielded parameters of $\mu^{\circ}_{max}=0.58$ 1/h and a K_I value of $K_I=41$ mM, indicating inhibitory effects of 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride (9). Data from the samples is seen in Table 8 below.

TABLE 8

Data for control samples and 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride acid-inhibited experiments. 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride acid concentrations in the experiments were: F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F14-mp-1: 1 mM; F15-mp-2: 30 mM.							
sample	time	time	time	OD600	dilution	OD600corr	OD600corr
	time	[min]	[h]		[1:x]	[]	[]
F1-Ctrl-A							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.170	1	0.103	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155	0.155

TABLE 8-continued

Data for control samples and 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride acid-inhibited experiments. 4-methylpyrazole hydrochloride acid concentrations in the experiments were: F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F14-mp-1: 1 mM; F15-mp-2: 30 mM.							
sample	time	time	time	OD600	dilution	OD600corr	OD600corr
	time	[min]	[h]		[1:x]	[]	[]
F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.223	1	0.156	0.156
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.354	1	0.287	0.287
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	5	0.817	0.817
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.667	20	12.057	
F14-mp-1							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.163	1	0.096	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.174	1	0.107	0.107
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.221	1	0.154	0.154
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.342	1	0.275	0.275
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.203	5	0.692	0.692
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.626	20	11.237	
F15-mp-2							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.161	1	0.094	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105	0.105
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.189	1	0.122	0.122
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.237	1	0.170	0.170
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.305	1	0.238	0.238
5	3:40	405	6.75	0.434	1	0.367	0.367
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.729	20	13.297	

Example 16

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by Glyoxylic Acid

The inhibitory effect of glyoxylic acid on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without glyoxylic acid or addition of glyoxylic acid at concentrations of 10 mM and 50 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from

a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

The inhibitory effect of glyoxylic acid was investigated at 10 mM and 50 mM. At the two concentrations, mumax values of 0.59 1/h and 0.55 1/h were found, respectively. Fitting the data to the “squared inhibition” kinetics (observed maximum specific growth rates without inhibitor addition were 0.59 1/h, 0.59 1/h, 0.60 1/h and 0.62 1/h) yielded parameters of $\mu_{max}^0=0.60$ 1/h and a K_I value of $K_I=168$ mM, indicating a weak inhibitory effect of extracellular glyoxylic acid on growth of ethanologen yeast (FIG. 10.). Data from the samples is seen in Table 9 below.

TABLE 9

Data for control samples and glyoxylic acid-inhibited experiments. Glyoxylic acid concentrations in the experiments were: F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F18-ga-1: 10 mM; F19-ga-2: 50 mM.							
sample	time	time	time	dilution	OD600corr	OD600corr	
	time	[min]	[h]	[1:x]	[]	[]	
F1-Ctrl-A							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.170	1	0.103	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155	0.155
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.350	1	0.283	0.283
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.220	5	0.777	0.777
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.648	20	11.677	
F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.223	1	0.156	0.156
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.354	1	0.287	0.287
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	5	0.817	0.817
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.667	20	12.057	
F18-ga-1							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.161	1	0.094	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.175	1	0.108	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.226	1	0.159	0.159
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.361	1	0.294	0.294
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.217	5	0.762	0.762
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.634	20	11.397	
F19-ga-2							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.157	1	0.090	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.173	1	0.106	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155	0.155
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.337	1	0.270	0.270
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.199	5	0.672	0.672
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.655	20	11.817	

Example 17

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by Pyrazole

The inhibitory effect of pyrazole on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without pyrazole or addition of pyrazole at concentrations of 1 mM, 5 mM, 10 mM, 25 mM and 50 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24

h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

Pyrazole concentrations of 1 mM, 5 mM, 10 mM, 25 mM and 50 mM were tested, resulting in maximum specific growth rates of 0.54 1/h, 0.21 1/h, 0.12 1/h, 0.09 1/h and 0.08 1/h. Mumax values determined without inhibitor addition were 0.59 1/h, 0.59 1/h, 0.60 1/h, 0.62 1/h, 0.61 1/h and 0.62 1/h, respectively. Inhibitory effect of pyrazole on growth was best described by the hybrid growth model. If fitted to the “hybrid” inhibition kinetics model, values of $\mu_{max 1}^0=0.52$ 1/h, $\mu_{max 2}^0=0.08$ 1/h and $K_I=2.8$ mM were determined. The “hybrid” inhibition kinetics model predicts an overall observable $\mu_{max}^0=0.60$ 1/h and an IC_{50} (inhibitor concentration with a specific growth rate of 50% μ_{max}^0) value of 3.3 mM. Measured μ_{max} values and fitted dependency of μ_{max} on the concentration of pyrazole in the medium is depicted in FIG. 11. Data from the samples is seen in Table 10 below.

TABLE 10

Data for control samples and pyrazole-inhibited experiments. Pyrazole concentrations in the experiments were: SF12-F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F16-py-1: 1 mM; F17-py-2: 50 mM; F1-ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F8-Py-5: 5 mM; F9-Py-10: 10 mM; F10-Py-25: 25 mM.							
sample	time	time	time	dilution	OD600corr	OD600corr	
	time	[min]	[h]	[1:x]	[]	[]	
SF12-F1-Ctrl-A							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.170	1	0.103	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155	0.155
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.350	1	0.283	0.283
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.220	5	0.777	0.777
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.648	20	11.677	
SF12-F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.223	1	0.156	0.156
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.354	1	0.287	0.287
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	5	0.817	0.817
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.667	20	12.057	
F16-py-1							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.155	1	0.088	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.167	1	0.100	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.199	1	0.132	0.132
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.277	1	0.210	0.210
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.444	1	0.377	0.377
5	3:40	405	6.75	0.262	5	0.987	0.987
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.645	20	11.617	

TABLE 10-continued

sample	time	time	time	OD600	dilution	OD600corr	OD600corr
	time	[min]	[h]	[OD600]	[1:x]	[]	[]
Data for control samples and pyrazole-inhibited experiments. Pyrazole concentrations in the experiments were: SF12-F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F16-py-1: 1 mM; F17-py-2: 50 mM; F1-ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F8-Py-5: 5 mM; F9-Py-10: 10 mM; F10-Py-25: 25 mM.							
F17-py-2							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.164	1	0.097	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.166	1	0.099	0.099
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.169	1	0.102	0.102
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.175	1	0.108	0.108
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.186	1	0.119	0.119
5	15:40	405	6.75	0.190	1	0.123	0.123
6	18:20	565	9.42	0.209	1	0.142	0.142
7	8:30	1395	23.25	0.302	1	0.235	0.235
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.164	1	0.097	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.166	1	0.099	0.099
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.169	1	0.102	0.102
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.175	1	0.108	0.108
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.186	1	0.119	0.119
5	15:40	405	6.75	0.190	1	0.123	0.123
6	18:20	565	9.42	0.209	1	0.142	0.142
7	8:30	1395	23.25	0.302	1	0.235	0.235
F1-ctrl-A							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.160	1	0.093	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.169	1	0.102	
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.229	1	0.162	0.162
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.368	1	0.301	0.301
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.215	5	0.752	0.752
6	8:30	1455	24.25	0.644	20	11.597	
F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.159	1	0.092	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.168	1	0.101	
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.228	1	0.161	0.161
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.372	1	0.305	0.305
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.215	5	0.752	0.752
5	8:30	1455	24.25	0.652	20	11.757	
F8-Py-5							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.163	1	0.096	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.162	1	0.095	0.095
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.177	1	0.110	0.110
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.210	1	0.143	0.143
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.256	1	0.189	0.189
5	3:00	405	6.75	0.362	1	0.295	0.295
6	8:30	1455	24.25	0.551	20	9.737	
F9-Py-10							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.164	1	0.097	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.166	1	0.099	0.099
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.181	1	0.114	0.114
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.205	1	0.138	0.138
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.238	1	0.171	0.171
5	3:00	405	6.75	0.289	1	0.222	0.222
	8:30	1455	24.25	0.475	20	8.217	
F10-Py-25							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.159	1	0.092	0.092
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.167	1	0.100	0.100
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.181	1	0.114	0.114
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.194	1	0.127	0.127
5	3:00	405	6.75	0.211	1	0.144	0.144
	8:30	1455	24.25	0.374	20	6.197	

Example 18

Inhibition of Ethanologen Yeast PNY 827 by
Cinnamaldehyde

The inhibitory effect of cinnamaldehyde on ethanologen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated over night at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without cinnamaldehyde or addition of cinnamaldehyde at concentrations of 200 mM, 100 mM, 50 mM, 25 mM, 10 mM, 1 mM, 0.1 mM, 0.01 mM and 0.001 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

The inhibitory effect of cinnamaldehyde (CA) was investigated at 200 mM, 100 mM, 50 mM, 25 mM, 10 mM, 1 mM, 0.1 mM, 0.01 mM and 0.001 mM. For generating the concentrations of 0.1 mM, 0.01 mM and 0.001 mM, cinnamaldehyde was diluted with DMSO, resulting in DMSO concentrations in the cell suspension of 0.7 mM, 7 mM and 70 mM of DMSO, respectively. Assuming an additive effect of cinnamaldehyde and DMSO inhibition, observed maximum specific growth rates of the two cultures were corrected by 0.000 1/h, 0.000 1/h and 0.005 1/h due to the effect of DMSO, resulting in cinnamaldehyde-based μ_{max} values of 0.64 1/h, 0.63 1/h and 0.55 1/h derived from the observed values of 0.64 1/h, 0.63 1/h and 0.55 1/h, respectively. At all the other concentrations, no DMSO was used in the stock solution of cinnamaldehyde. However, in none of the non-DMSO experiments any cell growth was observed. Fitting the data to the "squared inhibition" kinetics (observed maximum specific growth rates without inhibitor addition were 0.59 1/h, 0.59 1/h, 0.60 1/h, 0.62 1/h, 0.62 1/h and 0.62 1/h) yielded parameters of $\mu_{max}^0=0.62$ 1/h and a K_I value of $K_I=0.25$ mM (FIG. 12). These findings indicate strong inhibition of growth of PNY 827 by trans-cinnamaldehyde with a derived IC50 of 0.25 mM. Data from the samples is seen in Table 11 below.

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TABLE 11

Data for control samples and cinnamaldehyde-inhibited experiments. Cinnamaldehyde concentrations in the experiments were: SF12-F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F7-ca-1: 50 mM; F8-ca-2: 100 mM; F9-ca-3: 200 mM; SF13-F1-ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF13-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F3-Ca-1: 1 mM; F4-Ca-10: 10 mM; F5-Ca-25: 25 mM; F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F3-Ca-a: 0.001 mM; F4-Ca-b: 0.01 mM; F5-Ca-c: 0.1 mM.							
sample	time	time	dilu-	OD600corr	OD600corr		
time	[min]	[h]	tion	[]	[]		
			OD600	[1:x]			
SF12-F1-Ctrl-A							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.170	1	0.103	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155	0.155
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.350	1	0.283	0.283
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.220	5	0.777	0.777
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.648	20	11.677	
SF12-F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105	
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.223	1	0.156	0.156
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.354	1	0.287	0.287
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	5	0.817	0.817
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.667	20	12.057	
F7-ca-1							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.167	1	0.100	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.168	1	0.101	0.101
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.172	1	0.105	0.105
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.171	1	0.104	0.104
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.171	1	0.104	
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.144	1	0.077	
F8-ca-2							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.178	1	0.111	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.179	1	0.112	0.112
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.175	1	0.108	0.108
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.174	1	0.107	0.107
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.170	1	0.103	0.103
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.136	1	0.069	
F9-ca-3							
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.175	1	0.108	
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.179	1	0.112	0.112
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.173	1	0.106	0.106
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.169	1	0.102	0.102
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.160	1	0.093	0.093
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.122	1	0.055	
SF13-F1-ctrl-A							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.160	1	0.093	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.169	1	0.102	
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.229	1	0.162	0.162
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.368	1	0.301	0.301
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.215	5	0.752	0.752
6	8:30	1455	24.25	0.644	20	11.597	
SF13 - F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.159	1	0.092	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.168	1	0.101	
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.228	1	0.161	0.161
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.372	1	0.305	0.305
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.215	5	0.752	0.752
5	8:30	1455	24.25	0.652	20	11.757	
F3-Ca-1							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.165	1	0.098	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.164	1	0.097	0.097
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.165	1	0.098	0.098
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.167	1	0.100	0.100
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.167	1	0.100	0.100
5	8:30	1455	24.25	0.167	1	0.100	0.100
F4-Ca-10							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.167	1	0.100	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.169	1	0.102	0.102

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TABLE 11-continued

Data for control samples and cinnamaldehyde-inhibited experiments. Cinnamaldehyde concentrations in the experiments were: SF12-F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F7-ca-1: 50 mM; F8-ca-2: 100 mM; F9-ca-3: 200 mM; SF13-F1-ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF13-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F3-Ca-1: 1 mM; F4-Ca-10: 10 mM; F5-Ca-25: 25 mM; F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F3-Ca-a: 0.001 mM; F4-Ca-b: 0.01 mM; F5-Ca-c: 0.1 mM.							
sample	time	time	dilu-	OD600corr	OD600corr		
time	[min]	[h]	tion	[]	[]		
			OD600	[1:x]			
F5-Ca-25							
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.171	1	0.104	
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.173	1	0.106	0.106
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.172	1	0.105	0.105
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.174	1	0.107	0.107
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.172	1	0.105	0.105
5	8:30	1455	24.25	0.141	1	0.074	0.074
F1-Ctrl-A							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.167	1	0.100	
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.190	1	0.123	
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.264	1	0.197	0.197
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.452	1	0.385	0.385
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.246	5	0.907	0.907
F2-ctrl-B							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.165	1	0.098	
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.190	1	0.123	
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.264	1	0.197	0.197
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.460	1	0.393	0.393
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.248	5	0.917	0.917
F3-Ca-a							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.166	1	0.099	
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.192	1	0.125	
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.266	1	0.199	0.199
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.461	1	0.394	0.394
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.256	5	0.957	0.957
F4-Ca-b							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.169	1	0.102	
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.190	1	0.123	
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.262	1	0.195	0.195
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.443	1	0.376	0.376
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.245	5	0.902	0.902
F5-Ca-c							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.164	1	0.097	
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.186	1	0.119	
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.235	1	0.168	0.168
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.364	1	0.297	0.297
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.575	1	0.508	0.508
5	14:55	390	6.50	0.321	5	1.282	1.282

Example 19

Inhibition of Ethanolgen Yeast PNY 827 by
1-bromo-2-butanone

The inhibitory effect of 1-bromo-2-butanone on ethanolgen yeast PNY 827 was investigated. Therefore a 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827. The culture was inoculated overnight at 30° C. and 250 rpm in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). Subsequently, a sufficient amount of the seed culture was transferred into shake flasks containing 20 ml of production medium without 1-bromo-2-butanone or addition of 1-bromo-2-butanone at concen-

trations of 50 mM, 5 mM, 1 mM, 0.5 mM, 0.1 mM, 0.01 mM and 0.001 mM, to give an initial OD of approximately 0.1. The cultures were incubated at 250 rpm for 24 h in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) and samples of about 1 ml for OD determination withdrawn at designated hours. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. In case cell dry weight concentrations were needed, an OD-DW-correlation of 0.33 gDW/OD was applied. Maximum specific growth rates μ_{max} were determined by applying the exponential regression function of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3). Outliers were discarded until good fit of the regression curve with measurements was confirmed by visual inspection. Parameters of the inhibition kinetics were determined by least square minimization of the differences between measured and predicted μ_{max} values. Employed search algorithm was a quasi-Newton method with linear extrapolation from a tangent vector, as implemented in the solver routine of Microsoft Excel (Microsoft Office Excel 2003, SP 3).

The inhibitory effect of 1-bromo-2-butanone was investigated at 50 mM, 5 mM, 1 mM, 0.5 mM, 0.1 mM and 0.001 mM. For generating the concentrations of 0.1 mM, 0.01 mM and 0.001 mM, 1-bromo-2-butanone was diluted with DMSO, resulting in DMSO concentrations in the cell suspension of 0.7 mM, 7 mM and 70 mM of DMSO, respectively. Assuming an additive effect of 1-bromo-2-butanone and DMSO inhibition, observed maximum specific growth rates of the two cultures were corrected by 0.000 l/h, 0.000 l/h and 0.005 l/h due to the effect of DMSO, resulting in 1-bromo-2-butanone-based μ_{max} values of 0.54 l/h, 0.00 l/h and 0.00 l/h derived from the observed values of 0.54 l/h, 0.00 l/h and 0.00 l/h, respectively. At all the other concentrations, no DMSO was used for dilution of 1-bromo-2-butanone. However, in all of the non-DMSO experiments no cell growth was observed. Fitting the data to the "squared inhibition" kinetics (observed maximum specific growth rates without inhibitor addition were 0.59 l/h, 0.59 l/h, 0.60 l/h, 0.62 l/h and 0.62 l/h) yielded parameters of $\mu^0_{max}=0.61$ l/h and a K_I value of $K_I=0.002$ mM (FIG. 13). This corresponds to an IC50 value of 1-bromo-2-butanone on growth of 0.002 mM, indication of strong inhibition of ethanologen yeast by 1-bromo-2-butanone. Data from the samples is seen in Table 12 below.

TABLE 12

Data for control samples and 1-bromo-2-butanone-inhibited experiments, 1-bromo-2-butanone concentrations in the experiments were: SF12-F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F10-bb-1: 5 mM; F11-bb-2: 50 mM; SF13-F1-ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF13-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F6-Bb-0.5: 0.5 mM; F7-Bb-1: 1 mM; F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F6-Bb-a: 0.001 mM; F7-Bb-b: 0.01 mM; F8-Bb-c: 0.1 mM.

sample	time	time	time	dilution	OD600corr	OD600corr
time	[min]	[h]	[h]	[1:x]	[]	[]
SF12-F1-Ctrl-A						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.156	1	0.089
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.170	1	0.103
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.222	1	0.155
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.350	1	0.283
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.220	5	0.777
6	8:30	1395	23.25	0.648	20	11.677
SF12-F2-ctrl-B						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.162	1	0.095
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.172	1	0.105
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.223	1	0.156

TABLE 12-continued

Data for control samples and 1-bromo-2-butanone-inhibited experiments, 1-bromo-2-butanone concentrations in the experiments were: SF12-F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F10-bb-1: 5 mM; F11-bb-2: 50 mM; SF13-F1-ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF13-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F6-Bb-0.5: 0.5 mM; F7-Bb-1: 1 mM; F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F6-Bb-a: 0.001 mM; F7-Bb-b: 0.01 mM; F8-Bb-c: 0.1 mM.

sample	time	time	time	dilution	OD600corr	OD600corr
time	[min]	[h]	[h]	[1:x]	[]	[]
F10-bb-1						
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.354	1	0.287
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.228	5	0.817
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.667	20	12.057
F11-bb-2						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.161	1	0.094
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.176	1	0.109
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.170	1	0.103
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.168	1	0.101
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.170	1	0.103
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.171	1	0.104
SF13-F1-ctrl-A						
0	8:55	0	0.00	0.261	1	0.194
1	10:25	90	1.50	0.238	1	0.171
2	11:35	160	2.67	0.275	1	0.208
3	12:55	240	4.00	0.266	1	0.199
4	14:15	320	5.33	0.264	1	0.197
5	8:30	1395	23.25	0.161	1	0.094
SF13 - F2-ctrl-B						
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.160	1	0.093
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.169	1	0.102
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.229	1	0.162
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.368	1	0.301
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.215	5	0.752
6	8:30	1455	24.25	0.644	20	11.597
F6-Bb-0.5						
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.159	1	0.092
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.168	1	0.101
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.228	1	0.161
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.372	1	0.305
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.215	5	0.752
5	8:30	1455	24.25	0.652	20	11.757
F7-Bb-1						
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.165	1	0.098
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.166	1	0.099
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.169	1	0.102
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.169	1	0.102
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.167	1	0.100
5	8:30	1455	24.25	0.169	1	0.102
F1-Ctrl-A						
0	8:15	0	0.00	0.157	1	0.090
1	9:45	90	1.50	0.161	1	0.094
2	11:05	170	2.83	0.160	1	0.093
3	12:20	245	4.08	0.160	1	0.093
4	13:35	320	5.33	0.158	1	0.091
5	8:30	1455	24.25	0.161	1	0.094
F2-ctrl-B						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.167	1	0.100
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.190	1	0.123
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.264	1	0.197
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.452	1	0.385
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.246	5	0.907
F6-Bb-a						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.165	1	0.098
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.190	1	0.123
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.264	1	0.197
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.460	1	0.393
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.248	5	0.917
F8-Bb-c						
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.165	1	0.098
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.180	1	0.113

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TABLE 12-continued

Data for control samples and 1-bromo-2-butanone-inhibited experiments, 1-bromo-2-butanone concentrations in the experiments were: SF12-F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF12-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F10-bb-1: 5 mM; F11-bb-2: 50 mM; SF13-F1-ctrl-A: 0 mM; SF13-F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F6-Bb-0.5: 0.5 mM; F7-Bb-1: 1 mM; F1-Ctrl-A: 0 mM; F2-ctrl-B: 0 mM; F6-Bb-a: 0.001 mM; F7-Bb-b: 0.01 mM; F8-Bb-c: 0.1 mM.

sample	time	time [min]	time [h]	OD600	dilution [1:x]	OD600corr []	OD600corr []
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.219	1	0.152	0.152
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.314	1	0.247	0.247
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.500	1	0.433	0.433
5	14:55	390	6.50	0.287	5	1.112	1.112
F7-Bb-b							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.166	1	0.099	
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.184	1	0.117	0.117
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.183	1	0.116	0.116
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.189	1	0.122	0.122
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.186	1	0.119	0.119
5	14:55	390	6.50	0.191	1	0.124	0.124
F8-Bb-c							
0	8:25	0	0.00	0.164	1	0.097	
1	9:55	90	1.50	0.168	1	0.101	0.101
2	11:15	170	2.83	0.166	1	0.099	0.099
3	12:35	250	4.17	0.170	1	0.103	0.103
4	13:40	315	5.25	0.170	1	0.103	0.103
5	14:55	390	6.50	0.170	1	0.103	

Example 20

Effect of Ethanol Dehydrogenase and Pyruvate Decarboxylase Inhibitors on Growth and Product Formation of Mixed Cultures of Ethanologen and Butanologen Yeast

Effects of addition of ethanol dehydrogenase and pyruvate decarboxylase inhibitors on mixed cultures of ethanologen *S. cerevisiae* PNY 827 and the butanologen yeast *S. cerevisiae* PNY 2129 were investigated. Therefore two 125 ml aerobic shake flask were prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and each inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 2129 in the morning. Another 125 ml aerobic shake flask was prepared with 20 ml SEED medium and inoculated with 1 ml of frozen glycerol stock culture of PNY 827 in the afternoon. All cultures were incubated at 30° C. and 250 rpm overnight in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.). In the morning, sufficient seed culture volume of each strain to give OD600 of 1.000 in the resuspended solution was separately transferred into 50 mL sterile centrifuge tubes and spun down at 9500 rpm for 20 min in an Eppendorf Centrifuge 5804R (Eppendorf, Hamburg, Germany). Supernatants were discarded and the cell pellets resuspended in 20 ml of 0.9% NaCl solution. Optical density was measured with an Ultrospec 3000 spectrophotometer (Pharmacia Biotech) at $\lambda=600$ nm. Subsequently "production" cultures were prepared in 25 ml Balch tubes by adding into each tube 6 ml Yeast synthetic w/o aa, w/o glucose, w/o ethanol, w/o Tween (2 \times), 1.2 ml supplement amino acid solution without histidine and uracil (SAAS-2 10 \times), 1.92 ml of 250 g/l glucose (ca. 40 g/l glucose) and 2.3 μ l of 3M sodium acetate, as well as a specific amount of inoculum solutions, inhibitor solution and water according to the schema in Table 13:

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TABLE 13

Schema showing strains and inhibitors solutions.

	inoculum solution		stock: inhibitor solution			
	PNY2129 [ul]	PNY827 [ul]	H2O [ul]	Py [ul]	Bb [ul]	Ca [ul]
5			2	250		
			mM	mM		
			300	(200	(2500	
			mM	mM)	mM)	
10						
	T1-ctrl1 B	1200	1200			
	T2-ctrl2 B	1200	1200			
	T3-ctrl1 E		1200			
	T4-ctrl2 E		1200			
15	T5-1:1-PyA	600	600	1080	120	
	T6-1:1-PyB	600	600	1200		
	T7-11:1-PyA	1100	100	1080	120	
	T8-11:1-PyB	1100	100	1200		
	T9-1:1-BbA	600	600	1188		12
	T10-1:1-BbB	600	600	1188		12
	T11-11:1-BbA	1100	100	1188		12
20	T12-11:1-BbB	1100	100	1188		12
	T13-1:1-CaA	600	600	1188		12
	T14-1:1-CaB	600	600	1080		120
	T15-11:1-CaA	1100	100	1188		12
	T16-11:1-CaB	1100	100	1080		120
	T17-1:1-ctrl1	600	600	1200		
25	T18-11:1-ctrl1	1100	100	1200		

Inhibitor solutions were trans-cinnamaldehyde (Aldrich, #239968, CAS: 14371-10-9) dissolved in water either at 250 mM or 2500 mM, 1-bromo-2-butanone (Sigma-Aldrich, #243299, CAS: 816-40-0) dissolved in water either at 2 mM or 200 mM, and pyrazole (Aldrich, # P56607, CAS Number: 288-13-1), dissolved in water at 300 mM. Resulting inhibitor concentrations in the Balch tube cultures were pyrazole (PY): 3 mM (A) and 30 mM (B), 1-bromo-2-butanone (BB): 2 μ M (A) and 200 μ M (B), and trans-cinnamaldehyde (CA): 250 μ M (A) and 25 mM (B), respectively. Each Balch tube was fitted with a butyl rubber septum and crimped to the tube with a sheet metal with circular opening to allow samples withdrawal by syringes. The cultures were mixed by a vial/tube rotator (Glas-Col, Terre-Haute, Ind.) that was placed in an Innova Laboratory Shaker (New Brunswick Scientific, Edison, N.J.) for keeping the temperature at 30° C. Samples of about 1 ml for OD determination and extracellular compound analysis were withdrawn at designated hours. Extracellular compound analysis in supernatant was accomplished by HPLC. An Aminex® HPX-87H column (Bio-Rad, Hercules, Calif.) was used in an isocratic method with 0.01N sulfuric acid as eluent on an Alliance® 2695 Separations Module (Waters Corp., Milford, Mass.). Flow rate was 0.60 mL/min, column temperature 40° C., injection volume 10 μ L and run time 58 min. Detection was carried out with a refractive index detector (Waters 2414 RI, Waters Corp., Milford, Mass.) operated at 40° C. and an UV detector (Waters 2996 PDA, Waters Corp., Milford, Mass.) at 210 nm. Determined optical densities as well as concentrations of extracellular compounds at selected sampling time points can be found in Table 14.

Butanol to ethanol formed in the mixed cultures with inhibitors was compared to the ratio of butanol to ethanol formed in the mixed cultures without inhibitor (Ctrl) at 8 hours (EPT=8 h, FIG. 14 and FIG. 15) and at 48 hours (EPT=48 h, FIG. 16 and FIG. 17) of the experiments inoculated with a butanologen-to-ethanologen ratio of 11:1 (b:e=11:1, FIG. 14 and FIG. 16) or 1:1 (b:e=1:1, FIG. 15 and FIG. 17).

No growth in both mixed cultures and at both time points was observed at the high concentration of trans-cinnamaldehyde of 250 μ M (FIG. 14-FIG. 17). At the lower concentration of 250 μ M, both mixed cultures grew and produced alcohols. However, at both sampling times (EPT=8 h and EPT=48 h) as well as at both inoculum ratios (1:1 and 1:11), the ratio of butanol vs. ethanol produced was lower with addition of trans-cinnamaldehyde than without addition (FIG. 14-FIG. 17).

With 1-bromo-2-butanone, no growth was observed in the 1:1 culture at the high concentration of 200 μ M until EPT=8 h, only at EPT=48 h. At low concentration (2 μ M), cultures

with both inoculum ratios showed increased butanol-to-ethanol ratios at EPT=8 h, but not at EPT=48 h. The same findings apply to the culture with 1:11 ratio at the high concentration (FIG. 14-FIG. 17).

With pyrazole addition at both concentrations, 3 mM and 30 mM, cultures with inoculum ratios 1:1 as well as 1:11 showed dramatically increased butanol-to-ethanol ratios at EPT=8 h (FIG. 14 and FIG. 15). However, at EPT=48 h cultures with both inoculum ratios maintained significantly increased butanol:ethanol ratios only at the higher pyrazole concentration of 30 mM, but not at the lower concentration of 3 mM (FIG. 16 and FIG. 17).

TABLE 14

Sample []	EPT [h]	OD []	GLC [mM]	EtOH [mM]	PYR [mM]	KIV [mM]	DHIV +				IBOOH [mM]	IBOH [mM]	m- BDO [mM]	d/l- BDO [mM]	LAC [mM]	SUC [mM]
							DHMB [mM]	GLY [mM]	ACE [mM]	IBOOH [mM]						
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-0	0.00	0.115	226.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-3	3.00	0.159	223.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	6.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-6	6.00	0.210	221.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	6.7	0.3	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-8	8.00	0.247	222.4	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	6.5	0.4	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-24	24.00	1.382	178.0	1.2	1.8	3.1	0.6	2.8	4.4	2.5	24.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-31	31.00	1.747	147.9	2.0	2.2	3.8	1.2	5.2	4.1	3.1	39.7	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-48	48.00	1.917	106.9	3.6	2.9	4.4	1.9	11.9	3.0	3.3	69.1	0.0	1.3	0.2	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T1-ctrl-1-B-0	0.00	0.109	226.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T2-ctrl-2-B-3	3.00	0.157	223.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	6.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T2-ctrl-2-B-6	6.00	0.209	222.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	6.7	0.2	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T2-ctrl-2-B-8	8.00	0.239	221.1	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	6.5	0.3	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T2-ctrl-2-B-24	24.00	1.197	183.6	0.0	1.6	2.9	0.4	2.6	4.4	2.9	22.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
SF-17-T2-ctrl-2-B-31	31.00	1.627	152.0	2.1	2.1	3.9	1.1	4.9	4.0	3.3	38.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T2-ctrl-2-B-48	48.00	1.867	104.7	4.0	3.0	4.6	2.0	11.2	2.9	3.3	69.7	0.0	1.4	0.3	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-E-0	0.00	0.088	224.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-E-3	3.00	0.222	221.8	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-E-6	6.00	1.317	206.1	30.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-A-8	8.00	3.637	162.9	103.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	5.7	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.3
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-E-24	24.00	9.497	0.0	378.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	18.6	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-E-31	31.00	11.997	0.0	372.7	2.6	0.0	0.0	18.6	10.8	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-E-48	48.00	11.897	0.0	382.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	18.6	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6
SF-17-T3-ctrl-1-E-0	0.00	0.088	224.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T4-ctrl-2-E-3	3.00	0.225	221.7	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T4-ctrl-2-E-6	6.00	1.352	207.3	30.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.6	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T4-ctrl-1-B-8	8.00	3.727	161.8	104.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	5.6	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.3
SF-17-T4-ctrl-2-E-24	24.00	11.847	0.0	377.1	2.5	0.0	0.0	17.0	12.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T4-ctrl-2-E-31	31.00	11.547	0.0	367.9	2.4	0.0	0.0	17.1	13.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T4-ctrl-2-E-48	48.00	11.747	0.0	378.7	2.3	0.0	0.0	16.9	13.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-0	0.00	0.104	224.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-3	3.00	0.141	222.8	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-6	6.00	0.273	218.1	5.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	2.5	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-8	8.00	0.504	210.2	14.8	0.2	0.1	0.0	6.4	6.8	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-24	24.00	9.777	0.0	346.4	2.9	0.1	0.0	37.0	10.3	0.1	1.6	0.9	1.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-31	31.00	10.647	0.0	337.3	2.8	0.1	0.0	37.0	11.7	0.3	1.6	0.9	1.6	0.3	0.4	0.4
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-48	48.00	10.797	0.0	347.2	2.7	0.1	0.0	37.1	12.7	0.0	1.6	0.9	1.7	0.3	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T5-1:1-Py-A-0	0.00	0.103	224.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T6-1:1-Py-B-3	3.00	0.125	222.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T6-1:1-Py-B-6	6.00	0.149	220.7	1.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.0	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T6-1:1-Py-B-8	8.00	0.173	218.7	2.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	3.9	7.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T6-1:1-Py-B-24	24.00	0.602	175.8	24.6	2.0	0.3	0.0	32.7	7.5	0.0	2.1	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T6-1:1-Py-B-31	31.00	0.727	149.4	46.0	3.8	0.4	0.0	48.4	8.2	0.0	2.5	3.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T6-1:1-Py-B-48	48.00	1.477	68.8	140.3	9.1	0.5	0.0	88.0	10.0	0.0	3.0	3.8	2.0	0.0	0.6	0.6
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-0	0.00	0.110	223.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T7-11:1-Py-A-3	3.00	0.146	223.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T7-11:1-Py-A-6	6.00	0.174	224.2	0.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.8	6.7	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T7-11:1-Py-A-8	8.00	0.216	221.3	2.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.6	6.6	0.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T7-11:1-Py-A-24	24.00	9.517	0.0	345.0	3.0	0.3	0.0	37.3	8.8	0.8	3.4	0.0	1.2	0.4	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T7-11:1-Py-A-31	31.00	10.047	0.0	336.0	2.9	0.3	0.0	37.4	10.1	0.8	3.4	0.9	1.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T7-11:1-Py-A-48	48.00	11.347	0.0	344.2	2.8	0.2	0.0	37.2	11.4	0.6	3.5	0.9	1.4	0.3	0.5	0.5
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-0	0.00	0.108	223.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-3	3.00	0.136	223.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-6	6.00	0.150	224.5	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7	6.7	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-8	8.00	0.161	222.1	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	1.1	6.8	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-24	24.00	0.277	209.8	6.0	0.4	0.6	0.0	6.6	6.6	0.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-31	31.00	0.327	205.2	10.2	0.6	0.8	0.0	10.7	6.7	1.1	3.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

TABLE 14-continued

Optical density (OD) and extracellular compound concentrations at the different sampling time points (EPT = elapsed process time) of different pure and mixed cultures. Abbreviations used were: EtOH = ethanol, PYR = pyruvate, KIV = ketoisovalerate, DHIV = dihydroisovalerate, DHMB = 2,3-dihydroxy-2-methylbutyrate, GLY = glycerol, ACE = acetate, IBOOH = isobutyric acid, IBOH = isobutanol, m-BDO = meso-butanediol, d/l-BDO = d/l-butanediol, LAC = lactate, SUC = succinate.

Sample []	EPT [h]	OD []	GLC [mM]	EtOH [mM]	PYR [mM]	KIV [mM]	DHIV + DHMB [mM]	GLY [mM]	ACE [mM]	IBOOH [mM]	IBOH [mM]	m- BDO [mM]	d/l- BDO [mM]	LAC [mM]	SUC [mM]
SF-17-T8-11:1-Py-B-48	48.00	0.667	164.4	31.3	2.0	1.3	0.0	29.7	7.3	2.0	12.1	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-0	0.00	0.104	224.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-3	3.00	0.144	223.2	1.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-6	6.00	0.330	219.1	7.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.7	6.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-8	8.00	1.057	207.4	26.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	2.0	6.6	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-24	24.00	9.877	0.0	371.9	2.7	0.2	0.0	20.5	9.9	0.5	2.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-31	31.00	11.047	0.0	363.4	2.6	0.2	0.0	20.5	10.9	0.7	2.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-48	48.00	12.247	0.0	375.3	2.5	0.2	0.0	20.4	11.8	0.7	2.0	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6
SF-17-T9-1:1-Bb-A-0	0.00	0.106	224.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T10-1:1-Bb-B-3	3.00	0.114	223.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T10-1:1-Bb-B-6	6.00	0.139	223.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	6.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T10-1:1-Bb-B-8	8.00	0.189	223.8	3.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	6.8	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T10-1:1-Bb-B-24	24.00	11.847	0.0	373.8	2.6	0.1	0.0	19.2	9.3	0.2	1.3	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.6
SF-17-T10-1:1-Bb-B-31	31.00	11.447	0.0	364.2	2.6	0.1	0.0	19.4	11.0	0.0	1.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6
SF-17-T10-1:1-Bb-B-48	48.00	11.747	0.0	380.5	2.5	0.1	0.0	19.2	12.0	0.3	1.3	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.6
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-0	0.00	0.110	223.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T11-11:1-Bb-A-3	3.00	0.144	224.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T11-11:1-Bb-A-6	6.00	0.187	222.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	6.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T11-11:1-Bb-A-8	8.00	0.259	220.8	3.4	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.7	6.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T11-11:1-Bb-A-24	24.00	10.797	0.0	363.4	2.8	0.5	0.0	22.3	8.4	1.0	4.4	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T11-11:1-Bb-A-31	31.00	11.197	0.0	353.8	2.7	0.5	0.0	22.3	10.0	1.1	4.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5
SF-17-T11-11:1-Bb-A-48	48.00	11.497	0.0	365.6	2.7	0.4	0.0	22.2	11.3	1.4	4.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-0	0.00	0.107	223.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-3	3.00	0.123	222.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-6	6.00	0.134	222.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	6.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-8	8.00	0.138	225.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	6.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-24	24.00	10.317	16.0	344.8	2.7	0.2	0.0	20.4	6.4	0.5	2.8	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.5
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-31	31.00	11.447	0.0	360.8	2.7	0.2	0.0	21.4	9.1	0.5	2.8	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.6
SF-17-T12-11:1-Bb-B-48	48.00	11.897	0.0	372.0	2.6	0.2	0.0	21.1	10.8	0.6	2.8	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.6
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-0	0.00	0.106	233.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T13-1:1-Ca-A-3	3.00	0.142	222.8	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T13-1:1-Ca-A-6	6.00	0.388	217.9	9.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	6.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T13-1:1-Ca-A-8	8.00	1.417	201.3	36.8	0.2	0.1	0.0	2.5	6.5	0.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T13-1:1-Ca-A-24	24.00	11.347	0.0	374.9	2.7	0.1	0.0	18.4	11.2	0.5	1.7	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.5
SF-17-T13-1:1-Ca-A-31	31.00	10.647	0.0	358.7	2.6	0.1	0.0	18.5	11.9	0.7	1.6	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T13-1:1-Ca-A-48	48.00	12.097	0.0	369.5	2.5	0.1	0.0	18.4	13.0	0.7	1.6	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-0	0.00	n.d.	233.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-3	3.00	n.d.	233.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-6	6.00	n.d.	233.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-8	8.00	n.d.	237.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-24	24.00	n.d.	234.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-31	31.00	n.d.	234.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T14-1:1-Ca-B-48	48.00	n.d.	234.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-0	0.00	0.113	232.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-3	3.00	0.141	231.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-6	6.00	0.199	230.2	1.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	6.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-8	8.00	0.387	228.2	6.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.0	6.8	0.6	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-24	24.00	11.647	0.0	381.6	2.9	0.3	0.0	22.4	9.3	1.1	3.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-31	31.00	10.397	0.0	366.1	2.9	0.3	0.0	22.6	10.7	1.5	3.5	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.5
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-48	48.00	12.147	0.0	382.7	2.8	0.3	0.0	22.2	11.9	1.3	3.7	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5
SF-17-T15-11:1-Ca-A-0	0.00	n.d.	232.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T16-11:1-Ca-B-3	3.00	n.d.	224.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T16-11:1-Ca-B-6	6.00	n.d.	223.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T16-11:1-Ca-B-8	8.00	n.d.	227.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T16-11:1-Ca-B-24	24.00	n.d.	224.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T16-11:1-Ca-B-31	31.00	n.d.	226.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T16-11:1-Ca-B-48	48.00	n.d.	225.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-0	0.00	0.101	223.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-3	3.00	0.209	221.6	2.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.4	6.8	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-6	6.00	0.862	211.4	17.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.3	6.5	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-8	8.00	2.787	181.0	67.6	0.4	0.2	0.0	4.7	6.5	0.2	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-24	24.00	12.097	0.0	372.5	2.7	0.2	0.0	19.6	9.7	0.3	2.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.5
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-31	31.00	11.997	0.0	358.7	2.7	0.2	0.0	19.9	10.3	0.0	2.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.6
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-48	48.00	12.297	0.0	374.6	2.6	0.2	0.0	19.4	11.0	0.3	2.3	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.6
SF-17-T17-1:1-ctrl-1-0	0.00	0.114	223.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T18-11:1-ctrl-1-3	3.00	0.177	222.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	6.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T18-11:1-ctrl-1-6	6.00	0.303	218.8	2.9	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.5	6.4	0.3	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T18-11:1-ctrl-1-8	8.00	0.857	212.3	12.6	0.2	0.4	0.0	1.4	6.4	0.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
SF-17-T18-11:1-ctrl-1-24	24.00	11.397	0.0	354.1	3.1	0.6	0.1	21.6	8.4	0.8	7.2	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.5

TABLE 14-continued

Sample []	EPT [h]	OD []	GLC [mM]	EtOH [mM]	PYR [mM]	KIV [mM]	DHIV + DHMB [mM]	GLY [mM]	ACE [mM]	IBOOH [mM]	IBOH [mM]	m- BDO [mM]	d/- BDO [mM]	LAC [mM]	SUC [mM]
SF-17-T18-11:1-ctrl-1-31	31.00	10.947	0.0	351.4	3.1	0.6	0.1	21.9	9.6	1.0	7.1	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.5
SF-17-T18-11:1-ctrl-1-48	48.00	11.797	0.0	355.5	3.0	0.6	0.1	21.4	10.5	0.8	7.3	0.9	0.7	0.3	0.5

Optical density (OD) and extracellular compound concentrations at the different sampling time points (EPT = elapsed process time) of different pure and mixed cultures. Abbreviations used were: EtOH = ethanol, PYR = pyruvate, KIV = ketoisovalerate, DHIV = dihydroisovalerate, DHMB = 2,3-dihydroxy-2-methylbutyrate, GLY = glycerol, ACE = acetate, IBOOH = isobutyric acid, IBOH = isobutanol, m-BDO = meso-butanediol, d/l-BDO = d/l-butanediol, LAC = lactate, SUC = succinate.

Materials & Methods for Examples 21-25

Yeast synthetic medium w/o amino acids, w/o glucose, w/o ethanol/Tween (2x): 13.4 g/l, Yeast Nitrogen Base w/o amino acids (Difco 0919-15-3); 40 mg/L thiamine; 40 mg/L niacin; 200 ml/L 1M MES buffer, pH=5.5; Supplement aa sol. without histidine and uracil (SAAS-1 10x); 18.5 g/L, Synthetic complete amino acid dropout (Kaiser)-His, -Ura (Formedium).

SEED medium: 10.000 mL Yeast synthetic medium w/o aa, w/o glucose, w/o ethanol/Tween (2x); 2.000 mL Supplement aa sol. without histidine and uracil (SAAS-1 10x); 3.200 mL 250 g/L glucose solution (resulting in 40 g/l glucose); 0.046 mL Na-acetate stock solution; 4.754 mL H₂O

Example 21 (Prophetic):

Construction of Isobutanologen Strains Expressing a Formaldehyde Dehydrogenase

P. putida fdhA (SEQ ID NO:7) (GI:1169603) and *S. cerevisiae* SFA1 (SEQ ID NO:6) (van den Berg et al., *Yeast* 13(6): 551-9 (1997)) are used to synthesize genes in vitro using codon-optimization algorithms for *S. cerevisiae* (e.g. DNA 2.0). The gene cassettes are designed to place 5' BamHI and 3' MluI restriction sites for subcloning of the coding sequences into expression plasmid pBTX1 (SEQ ID NO:15). pBTX1 is derived from the pRS413 vector backbone (ATCC #87518) and contains the FBA1 promoter, multiple cloning site (BamHI, MluI), and ADH1 terminator.

An isobutanologen is constructed by transformation of plasmids pBTX1::SFA1 and pLH804::L2V4 into the host strain PNY2145. Plasmid pLH804::L2V4 is derived from the pHR81 vector backbone (ATCC #87541) and contains: the *A. caccae* K9JB4P KARI driven by the ILV5 promoter and ILV5 terminator, and the *S. mutans* L2V4 DHAD driven by the TEF1(M7) promoter and FBA1 terminator (SEQ ID NO:22). Plasmids are introduced by lithium acetate transformation method (Methods in Yeast Genetics, 2005, page 113), and transformants are selected on synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 1% ethanol as carbon source. Transformants are then transferred to plates containing synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 2% glucose as carbon source and optionally ethanol (0.05%) or acetate (2 mM) as a C2 supplement. Freezer vials are made by dilution of log-phase cultures with 45% glycerol to a final glycerol concentration of 15% (w/v).

An isobutanologen is constructed by transformation of plasmids pBTX1::fdhA and pLH804::L2V4 into the host strain PNY2145. Plasmid pLH804::L2V4 is derived from the pHR81 vector backbone (ATCC #87541) and contains: the *A. caccae* K9JB4P KARI driven by the ILV5 promoter and ILV5 terminator, and the *S. mutans* L2V4 DHAD driven by the TEF1(M7) promoter and FBA1 terminator (SEQ ID

NO:22). Plasmids are introduced by lithium acetate transformation method (Methods in Yeast Genetics, 2005, page 113), and transformants are selected on synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 1% ethanol as carbon source. Transformants are then transferred to plates containing synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 2% glucose as carbon source and optionally ethanol (0.05%) or acetate (2 mM) as a C2 supplement. Freezer vials are made by dilution of log-phase cultures with 45% glycerol to a final glycerol concentration of 15% (w/v).

Example 22 (Prophetic):

Construction of Isobutanologen Strains Expressing a Sulfonylurea-Resistant ALS (e.g. SMR1-410)

To construct an expression plasmid, the protein coding sequence for *S. cerevisiae* SMR1-410 (SEQ ID NO:9; nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO:8) is used to synthesize genes in vitro using codon-optimization algorithms for *S. cerevisiae* (e.g. DNA 2.0). The SMR1-410 gene cassette is designed to place 5' BamHI and 3' MluI restriction sites for subcloning of the coding sequences into expression plasmid pBTX1 (SEQ ID NO:15). pBTX1 is derived from the pRS413 vector backbone (ATCC #87518) and contains the FBA1 promoter, multiple cloning site (BamHI, MluI), and ADH1 terminator.

An isobutanologen is constructed by transformation of plasmids pBTX1::SMR1-410 and pLH804::L2V4 into the host strain PNY2145 (referenced in US Pat. Publ. No. 2014/0004526, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, and described in Example 26). Plasmid pLH804::L2V4 is derived from the pHR81 vector backbone (ATCC #87541) and contains: the *A. caccae* K₉JB4P KARI driven by the ILV5 promoter and ILV5 terminator, and the *S. mutans* L2V4 DHAD driven by the TEF1(M7) promoter and FBA1 terminator (SEQ ID NO:22). Plasmids are introduced by lithium acetate transformation method (Methods in Yeast Genetics, 2005, page 113), and transformants are selected on synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 1% ethanol as carbon source. Transformants are then transferred to plates containing synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 2% glucose as carbon source and optionally ethanol (0.05%) or acetate (2 mM) as a C2 supplement. Freezer vials are made by dilution of log-phase cultures with 45% glycerol to a final glycerol concentration of 15% (w/v).

Example 23 (Prophetic):

Construction of Isobutanologen Strains Expressing Genes Conferring Sulfite Resistance

To construct expression plasmids, the protein coding sequences for *S. cerevisiae* FZF1-4 (SEQ ID NO:11) (Park,

Lopez et al. 1999) and SSU1 (SEQ ID NO:12) are used to synthesize genes in vitro using codon-optimization algorithms for *S. cerevisiae* (e.g. DNA 2.0). SEQ ID NO:10 is the wild type protein sequence for FZF1. The gene cassettes are designed to place 5' BamHI and 3' MluI restriction sites for subcloning of the coding sequences into expression plasmid pBTX1 (SEQ ID NO:15). pBTX1 is derived from the pRS413 vector backbone (ATCC #87518) and contains the FBA1 promoter, multiple cloning site (BamHI, MluI), and ADHI terminator.

An isobutanologen is constructed by transformation of plasmids pBTX1::FZF1-4 and pLH804::L2V4 into the host strain PNY2145 (described herein) that contains a deletion of the chromosomal FZF1 gene. The FZF1 deletion in PNY2145 is made using standard yeast deletions using a kanMX4 cassette (Brachmann, et al. Designer deletion strains derived from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* S288C: a useful set of strains and plasmids for PCR-mediated gene disruption and other applications. *Yeast*. 14, 115-132 (1998). Plasmid pLH804::L2V4 is derived from the pHR81 vector backbone (ATCC #87541) and contains: the *A. caccae* K9JB4P KARI driven by the ILV5 promoter and ILV5 terminator, and the *S. mutans* L2V4 DHAD driven by the TEF1(M7) promoter and FBA1 terminator (SEQ ID NO:22). Plasmids are introduced by lithium acetate transformation method (Methods in Yeast Genetics, 2005, page 113), and transformants are selected on synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 1% ethanol as carbon source. Transformants are then transferred to plates containing synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 2% glucose as carbon source and optionally ethanol (0.05%) or acetate (2 mM) as a C2 supplement. Freezer vials are made by dilution of log-phase cultures with 45% glycerol to a final glycerol concentration of 15% (w/v).

An isobutanologen is constructed by transformation of plasmids pBTX1::SSU1 and pLH804::L2V4 into the host strain PNY2145 (described herein). Plasmid pLH804::L2V4 is derived from the pHR81 vector backbone (ATCC #87541) and contains: the *A. caccae* K9JB4P KARI driven by the ILV5 promoter and ILV5 terminator, and the *S. mutans* L2V4 DHAD driven by the TEF1(M7) promoter and FBA1 terminator (SEQ ID NO:22). Plasmids are introduced by lithium acetate transformation method (Methods in Yeast Genetics, 2005, page 113), and transformants are selected on synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 1% ethanol as carbon source. Transformants are then transferred to plates containing synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 2% glucose as carbon source and optionally ethanol (0.05%) or acetate (2 mM) as a C2 supplement. Freezer vials are made by dilution of log-phase cultures with 45% glycerol to a final glycerol concentration of 15% (w/v).

Example 24 (Prophetic):

Construction of Isobutanologen Strains Expressing a Glyphosate Resistance 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxylvinyltransferase

To construct an expression plasmid, the protein coding sequence for *Salmonella typhi* aroA^{GLY+} (SEQ ID NO:13) (Stalker, et al., *J Biol Chem* 260(8): 4724-8 (1985)) is used to synthesize genes in vitro using codon-optimization algorithms for *S. cerevisiae* (e.g. DNA 2.0). The aroA^{GLY+} gene cassette is designed to place 5' BamHI and 3' MluI restriction sites for subcloning of the coding sequences into expression plasmid pBTX1 (SEQ ID NO:15). pBTX1 is

derived from the pRS413 vector backbone (ATCC #87518) and contains the FBA1 promoter, multiple cloning site (BamHI, MluI), and ADHI terminator.

An isobutanologen is constructed by transformation of plasmids pBTX1::aroA^{GLY+} and pLH804::L2V4 into the host strain PNY2145 (described herein). Plasmid pLH804::L2V4 is derived from the pHR81 vector backbone (ATCC #87541) and contains: the *A. caccae* K9JB4P KARI driven by the ILV5 promoter and ILV5 terminator, and the *S. mutans* L2V4 DHAD driven by the TEFL (M7) promoter and FBA1 terminator (SEQ ID NO:22). Plasmids are introduced by lithium acetate transformation method (Methods in Yeast Genetics, 2005, page 113), and transformants are selected on synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 1% ethanol as carbon source. Transformants are then transferred to plates containing synthetic complete medium, minus histidine and uracil, with 2% glucose as carbon source and optionally ethanol (0.05%) or acetate (2 mM) as a C2 supplement. Freezer vials are made by dilution of log-phase cultures with 45% glycerol to a final glycerol concentration of 15% (w/v).

Example 25 (Prophetic):

Genetic Engineering for Increased Inhibitor Tolerance in Butanologen Yeast

In some embodiments, the butanologen is engineered for increased inhibitor tolerance by expressing or overexpressing a formaldehyde dehydrogenase. The formaldehyde dehydrogenase is selected from one of the following EC groups: EC 1.1.1.284, EC 1.1.1.1, EC 1.2.1.46, EC 1.2.1.66, EC 3.1.2.12, EC 1.2.2.B1 and EC 1.2.2.B2. ED 1.2.2.B1 and EC 1.2.2.B2 are no official designators, but are defined by the BRENDA protein database. Especially suited formaldehyde dehydrogenases are:

SFA1 (YDL168W, ADH5): glutathione-dependent formaldehyde dehydrogenase (van den Berg et al., *Yeast* 13(6): 551-9 (1997)) (SEQ ID NO:6) and *Pseudomonas putida* glutathione-independent formaldehyde dehydrogenase (SEQ ID NO:7).

In some embodiments, the butanologen is engineered for increased inhibitor tolerance by expressing or overexpressing a sulfonylurea-resistant ALS (e.g. SMR1-410) (Yadav et al., *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 83(12): 4418-22 (1986)) (SEQ ID NO:9).

In some embodiments, the butanologen is engineered for increased inhibitor tolerance by expressing or overexpressing other sulfonylurea-resistant ALS enzymes that qualify for (over)expression.

In some embodiments, the butanologen is engineered for increased inhibitor tolerance by expressing or overexpressing sulfite resistance by convert FZF1 (SEQ ID NO:10) to FZF1-4 (SEQ ID NO:11) (Park et al., *Curr Genet* 36(6): 339-44. (1999)) or overexpressing SSU1 (SEQ ID NO:12).

FZF1 (YGL254W, NRC299, RSU1 2, SUL1) is a transcription factor involved in sulfite metabolism, sole identified regulatory target is SSU1, overexpression suppresses sulfite-sensitivity of many unrelated mutants due to hyperactivation of SSU1.

Overexpression of SSU1 (YPL092W, LPG16). SSU1 is a plasma membrane sulfite pump involved in sulfite metabolism and required for efficient sulfite efflux. Homolog enzymes may be considered for overexpression as well to confer increased tolerance/improved competitiveness.

In some embodiments, the butanologen is engineered for increased inhibitor tolerance by expressing or overexpress-

ing a glyphosate resistance 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxyvinyltransferase (e.g. *aroA^{g3+}*) (SEQ ID NO:13) (Stalker et al., *J Biol Chem* 260(8): 4724-8 (1985)).

All other glyphosate resistant 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxyvinyltransferases qualify for expression or overexpression.

Example 26

Strain Construction

Construction of Strain PNY2115

Saccharomyces cerevisiae strain PNY0827 is used as the host cell for further genetic manipulation for PNY2115. PNY0827 refers to a strain derived from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* which has been deposited at the ATCC under the Budapest Treaty on Sep. 22, 2011 at the American Type Culture Collection, Patent Depository 10801 University Boulevard, Manassas, Va. 20110-2209 and has the patent deposit designation PTA-12105.

Deletion of URA3 and Sporulation into Haploids

In order to delete the endogenous URA3 coding region, a deletion cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA54 (SEQ ID NO:158) which contains a P_{TEF1}-kanMX4-TEF1t cassette flanked by loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the KANMX4 marker. PCR was done by using Phusion High Fidelity PCR Master Mix (New England BioLabs; Ipswich, Mass.) and primers BK505 (SEQ ID NO:101) and BK506 (SEQ ID NO:102). The URA3 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 180 bp upstream of the URA3 ATG and 3' region 78 bp downstream of the coding region such that integration of the kanMX4 cassette results in replacement of the URA3 coding region. The PCR product was transformed into PNY0827 using standard genetic techniques (Methods in Yeast Genetics, 2005, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., pp. 201-202) and transformants were selected on YEP medium supplemented 2% glucose and 100 µg/ml Geneticin at 30° C. Transformants were screened by colony PCR with primers LA468 (SEQ ID NO:161) and LA492 (SEQ ID NO:104) to verify presence of the integration cassette. A heterozygous diploid was obtained: NYLA98, which has the genotype MATa/α URA3/ura3::loxP-kanMX4-loxP. To obtain haploids, NYLA98 was sporulated using standard methods (Codón A C, Gasent-Ramirez J M, Benítez T. Factors which affect the frequency of sporulation and tetrad formation in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* baker's yeast. Appl Environ Microbiol. 1995 PMID: 7574601). Tetrads were dissected using a micromanipulator and grown on rich YPE medium supplemented with 2% glucose. Tetrads containing four viable spores were patched onto synthetic complete medium lacking uracil supplemented with 2% glucose, and the mating type was verified by multiplex colony PCR using primers AK109-1 (SEQ ID NO:105), AK109-2 (SEQ ID NO: 106), and AK109-3 (SEQ ID NO:107). The resulting identified haploid strain called NYLA103, which has the genotype: MATα ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX4-loxP, and NYLA106, which has the genotype: MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX4-loxP.

Deletion of His3

To delete the endogenous HIS3 coding region, a scarless deletion cassette was used. The four fragments for the PCR cassette for the scarless HIS3 deletion were amplified using Phusion High Fidelity PCR Master Mix (New England BioLabs; Ipswich, Mass.) and CEN.PK 113-7D genomic DNA as template, prepared with a Gentra Puregene Yeast/Bact kit (Qiagen; Valencia, Calif.). HIS3 Fragment A was

amplified with primer oBP452 (SEQ ID NO:89) and primer oBP453 (SEQ ID NO:109), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of HIS3 Fragment B. HIS3 Fragment B was amplified with primer oBP454 (SEQ ID NO:110), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of HIS3 Fragment A, and primer oBP455 (SEQ ID NO:90) containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of HIS3 Fragment U. HIS3 Fragment U was amplified with primer oBP456 (SEQ ID NO:91), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of HIS3 Fragment B, and primer oBP457 (SEQ ID NO:86), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of HIS3 Fragment C. HIS3 Fragment C was amplified with primer oBP458 (SEQ ID NO:87), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of HIS3 Fragment U, and primer oBP459 (SEQ ID NO:88). PCR products were purified with a PCR Purification kit (Qiagen). HIS3 Fragment AB was created by overlapping PCR by mixing HIS3 Fragment A and HIS3 Fragment B and amplifying with primers oBP452 (SEQ ID NO:89) and oBP455 (SEQ ID NO:90). HIS3 Fragment UC was created by overlapping PCR by mixing HIS3 Fragment U and HIS3 Fragment C and amplifying with primers oBP456 (SEQ ID NO:91) and oBP459 (SEQ ID NO:88). The resulting PCR products were purified on an agarose gel followed by a Gel Extraction kit (Qiagen). The HIS3 ABUC cassette was created by overlapping PCR by mixing HIS3 Fragment AB and HIS3 Fragment UC and amplifying with primers oBP452 (SEQ ID NO:89) and oBP459 (SEQ ID NO:88). The PCR product was purified with a PCR Purification kit (Qiagen). Competent cells of NYLA106 were transformed with the HIS3 ABUC PCR cassette and were plated on synthetic complete medium lacking uracil supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by replica plating onto synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Genomic DNA preps were made to verify the integration by PCR using primers oBP460 (SEQ ID NO:93) and LA135 (SEQ ID NO:94) for the 5' end and primers oBP461 (SEQ ID NO:95) and LA92 (SEQ ID NO:96) for the 3' end. The URA3 marker was recycled by plating on synthetic complete medium supplemented with 2% glucose and 5-FOA at 30° C. following standard protocols. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies from the 5-FOA plates onto SD -URA medium to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2003 has the genotype: MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX4-loxP his3Δ.

Deletion of PDC1

To delete the endogenous PDC1 coding region, a deletion cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA59 (SEQ ID NO:97), which contains a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done by using Phusion High Fidelity PCR Master Mix (New England BioLabs; Ipswich, Mass.) and primers LA678 (SEQ ID NO:98) and LA679 (SEQ ID NO:99). The PDC1 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 50 bp downstream of the PDC1 start codon and 3' region 50 bp upstream of the stop codon such that integration of the URA3 cassette results in replacement of the PDC1 coding region but leaves the first 50 bp and the last 50 bp of the coding region. The PCR product was transformed into PNY2003 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by colony PCR using primers LA337 (SEQ ID NO:111), external to the 5' coding region and LA135 (SEQ ID NO:94), an internal primer to URA3.

Positive transformants were then screened by colony PCR using primers LA692 (SEQ ID NO: 112) and LA693 (SEQ ID NO:113), internal to the PDC1 coding region. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pLA34 (SEQ ID NO:184) containing the CRE recombinase under the GAL1 promoter and plated on synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and supplemented with 2% glucose at 30° C. Transformants were plated on rich medium supplemented with 0.5% galactose to induce the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 2% glucose to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2008 has the genotype: MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX4-loxP his3Δ pdc1Δ::loxP71/66.

Deletion of PDC5

To delete the endogenous PDC5 coding region, a deletion cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA59 (SEQ ID NO:97), which contains a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done by using Phusion High Fidelity PCR Master Mix (New England BioLabs; Ipswich, Mass.) and primers LA722 (SEQ ID NO:185) and LA733 (SEQ ID NO:186). The PDC5 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 50 bp upstream of the PDC5 start codon and 3' region 50 bp downstream of the stop codon such that integration of the URA3 cassette results in replacement of the entire PDC5 coding region. The PCR product was transformed into PNY2008 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by colony PCR using primers LA453 (SEQ ID NO:187), external to the 5' coding region and LA135 (SEQ ID NO:94), an internal primer to URA3. Positive transformants were then screened by colony PCR using primers LA694 (SEQ ID NO:188) and LA695 (SEQ ID NO:189), internal to the PDC5 coding region. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pLA34 (SEQ ID NO:184) containing the CRE recombinase under the GAL1 promoter and plated on synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were plated on rich YEP medium supplemented with 1% ethanol and 0.5% galactose to induce the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2009 has the genotype: MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX4-loxP his3Δ pdc1Δ::loxP71/66 pdc5Δ::loxP71/66.

Deletion of FRA2

The FRA2 deletion was designed to delete 250 nucleotides from the 3' end of the coding sequence, leaving the first 113 nucleotides of the FRA2 coding sequence intact. An in-frame stop codon was present 7 nucleotides downstream of the deletion. The four fragments for the PCR cassette for the scarless FRA2 deletion were amplified using Phusion High Fidelity PCR Master Mix (New England BioLabs; Ipswich, Mass.) and CEN.PK 113-7D genomic DNA as template, prepared with a Gentra Puregene Yeast/Bact kit (Qiagen; Valencia, Calif.). FRA2 Fragment A was amplified with primer oBP594 (SEQ ID NO:190) and primer oBP595 (SEQ ID NO:191), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of FRA2 Fragment B. FRA2 Fragment B was amplified with primer oBP596 (SEQ ID NO:192), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of FRA2 Fragment A, and primer oBP597 (SEQ ID NO:193), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of FRA2 Fragment U. FRA2

Fragment U was amplified with primer oBP598 (SEQ ID NO:194), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of FRA2 Fragment B, and primer oBP599 (SEQ ID NO:195), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 5' end of FRA2 Fragment C. FRA2 Fragment C was amplified with primer oBP600 (SEQ ID NO:196), containing a 5' tail with homology to the 3' end of FRA2 Fragment U, and primer oBP601 (SEQ ID NO:197). PCR products were purified with a PCR Purification kit (Qiagen). FRA2 Fragment AB was created by overlapping PCR by mixing FRA2 Fragment A and FRA2 Fragment B and amplifying with primers oBP594 (SEQ ID NO:190) and oBP597 (SEQ ID NO:193). FRA2 Fragment UC was created by overlapping PCR by mixing FRA2 Fragment U and FRA2 Fragment C and amplifying with primers oBP598 (SEQ ID NO:194) and oBP601 (SEQ ID NO:197). The resulting PCR products were purified on an agarose gel followed by a Gel Extraction kit (Qiagen). The FRA2 ABUC cassette was created by overlapping PCR by mixing FRA2 Fragment AB and FRA2 Fragment UC and amplifying with primers oBP594 (SEQ ID NO:190) and oBP601 (SEQ ID NO:197). The PCR product was purified with a PCR Purification kit (Qiagen).

To delete the endogenous FRA2 coding region, the scarless deletion cassette obtained above was transformed into PNY2009 using standard techniques and plated on synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol. Genomic DNA preps were made to verify the integration by PCR using primers oBP602 (SEQ ID NO:198) and LA135 (SEQ ID NO:94) for the 5' end, and primers oBP602 (SEQ ID NO:198) and oBP603 (SEQ ID NO:199) to amplify the whole locus. The URA3 marker was recycled by plating on synthetic complete medium supplemented with 1% ethanol and 5-FOA (5-Fluoroorotic Acid) at 30° C. following standard protocols. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies from the 5-FOA plates onto synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify the absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, PNY2037, has the genotype: MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX4-loxP his3Δ pdc1Δ::loxP71/66 pdc5Δ::loxP71/66 fra2Δ.

Addition of Native 2 Micron Plasmid

The loxP71-URA3-loxP66 marker was PCR-amplified using Phusion DNA polymerase (New England BioLabs; Ipswich, Mass.) from pLA59 (SEQ ID NO:97), and transformed along with the LA811xLA817 (SEQ ID NOS:200, 201) and LA812xLA818 (SEQ ID NOS:202, 203) 2-micron plasmid fragments (amplified from the native 2-micron plasmid from CEN.PK 113-7D; Centraalbureau voor Schimmelcultures (CBS) Fungal Biodiversity Centre) into strain PNY2037 on SE -URA plates at 30° C. The resulting strain PNY2037 2μ::loxP71-URA3-loxP66 was transformed with pLA34 (pRS423::cre) (also called, pLA34) (SEQ ID NO:184) and selected on SE -HIS -URA plates at 30° C. Transformants were patched onto YP-1% galactose plates and allowed to grow for 48 hrs at 30° C. to induce Cre recombinase expression. Individual colonies were then patched onto SE -URA, SE -HIS, and YPE plates to confirm URA3 marker removal. The resulting identified strain, PNY2050, has the genotype: MATa ura3Δ::loxP-kanMX4-loxP, his3Δ pdc1Δ::loxP71/66 pdc5Δ::loxP71/66 fra2Δ 2-micron.

Construction of PNY2115 from PNY2050

Construction of PNY2115 [MATa ura3Δ::loxP his3Δ pdc5Δ::loxP66/71 fra2Δ 2-micron plasmid (CEN.PK2) pdc1Δ::[PDC1]-ALS|alsS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66 pdc6Δ::(UAS)PGK1-P[FBA1]-KIVDI|Lg(y)-TDH3t-loxP71/66 adh1Δ::[ADH1]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66 fra2Δ::P

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[ILV5]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66 gpd2Δ::loxP71/66] from PNY2050 was as follows.

Pdc1Δ::P[PDC1]-ALS|alsS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66

To integrate alsS into the pdc1Δ::loxP66/71 locus of PNY2050 using the endogenous PDC1 promoter, an integration cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA71 (SEQ ID NO:209), which contains the gene acetolactate synthase from the species *Bacillus subtilis* with a FBA1 promoter and a CYC1 terminator, and a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done by using KAPA HiFi and primers 895 (SEQ ID NO:212) and 679 (SEQ ID NO:213). The PDC1 portion of each primer was derived from 60 bp of the upstream of the coding sequence and 50 bp that are 53 bp upstream of the stop codon. The PCR product was transformed into PNY2050 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by colony PCR using primers 681 (SEQ ID NO:214), external to the 3' coding region and 92 (SEQ ID NO:215), internal to the URA3 gene. Positive transformants were then prepped for genomic DNA and screened by PCR using primers N245 (SEQ ID NO:216) and N246 (SEQ ID NO:217). The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pLA34 (SEQ ID NO:184) containing the CRE recombinase under the GAL1 promoter and plated on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were plated on rich media supplemented with 1% ethanol and 0.5% galactose to induce the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2090 has the genotype MATa ura3Δ::loxP, his3Δ, pdc1Δ::loxP71/66, pdc5Δ::loxP71/66 fra2Δ 2-micron pdc1Δ::P[PDC1]-ALS|alsS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66.

Pdc6Δ::(UAS)PGK1-P[FBA1]-KIVD|Lg(y)-TDH3t-loxP71/66

To delete the endogenous PDC6 coding region, an integration cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA78 (SEQ ID NO:210), which contains the kivD gene from the species *Listeria grayi* with a hybrid FBA1 promoter and a TDH3 terminator, and a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done by using KAPA HiFi and primers 896 (SEQ ID NO:218) and 897 (SEQ ID NO:219). The PDC6 portion of each primer was derived from 60 bp upstream of the coding sequence and 59 bp downstream of the coding region. The PCR product was transformed into PNY2090 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by colony PCR using primers 365 (SEQ ID NO:220) and 366 (SEQ ID NO:221), internal primers to the PDC6 gene. Transformants with an absence of product were then screened by colony PCR N638 (SEQ ID NO:222), external to the 5' end of the gene, and 740 (SEQ ID NO:223), internal to the FBA1 promoter. Positive transformants were then prepped for genomic DNA and screened by PCR with two external primers to the PDC6 coding sequence. Positive integrants would yield a 4720 bp product, while PDC6 wild type transformants would yield a 2130 bp product. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pLA34 containing the CRE recombinase under the

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GAL1 promoter and plated on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were plated on rich media supplemented with 1% ethanol and 0.5% galactose to induce the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain is called PNY2093 and has the genotype MATa ura3Δ::loxP his3Δ pdc5Δ::loxP71/66 fra2Δ 2-micron pdc1Δ::P[PDC1]-ALS|alsS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66 pdc6Δ::(UAS)PGK1-P[FBA1]-KIVD|Lg(y)-TDH3t-loxP71/66.

Adh1Δ::P[ADH1]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66

To delete the endogenous ADH1 coding region and integrate BiADH using the endogenous ADH1 promoter, an integration cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA65 (SEQ ID NO:211), which contains the alcohol dehydrogenase from the species *Beijerinckii incida* with an ILV5 promoter and a ADH1 terminator, and a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done by using KAPA HiFi and primers 856 (SEQ ID NO:224) and 857 (SEQ ID NO:225). The ADH1 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 50 bp upstream of the ADH1 start codon and the last 50 bp of the coding region. The PCR product was transformed into PNY2093 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by colony PCR using primers BK415 (SEQ ID NO:226), external to the 5' coding region and N1092 (SEQ ID NO:227), internal to the BiADH gene. Positive transformants were then screened by colony PCR using primers 413 (SEQ ID NO:160), external to the 3' coding region, and 92 (SEQ ID NO:215), internal to the URA3 marker. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pLA34 (SEQ ID NO:184) containing the CRE recombinase under the GAL1 promoter and plated on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were plated on rich media supplemented with 1% ethanol and 0.5% galactose to induce the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2101 has the genotype MATa ura3Δ::loxP his3Δ pdc5Δ::loxP71/66 fra2Δ 2-micron pdc1Δ::P[PDC1]-ALS|alsS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66 pdc6Δ::(UAS)PGK1-P[FBA1]-KIVD|Lg(y)-TDH3t-loxP71/66 adh1Δ::P[ADH1]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66.

Fra2Δ::P[ILV5]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66

To integrate BiADH into the fan locus of PNY2101, an integration cassette was PCR-amplified from pLA65 (SEQ ID NO:211), which contains the alcohol dehydrogenase from the species *Beijerinckii indica* with an ILV5 promoter and an ADH1 terminator, and a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was performed by using KAPA HiFi and primers 906 (SEQ ID NO:228) and 907 (SEQ ID NO:229). The FRA2 portion of each primer was derived from the first 60 bp of the coding sequence starting at the ATG and 56 bp downstream of the stop codon. The PCR product was transformed into PNY2101 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by

colony PCR using primers 667 (SEQ ID NO:230), external to the 5' coding region and 749 (SEQ ID NO:159), internal to the ILV5 promoter. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pLA34 (SEQ ID NO:184) containing the CRE recombinase under the GAL1 promoter and plated on synthetic complete media lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were plated on rich media supplemented with 1% ethanol and 0.5% galactose to induce the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete media lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2110 has the genotype MATa ura3Δ::loxP his3Δ pdc5Δ::loxP66/71 2-micron pdc1Δ::P[PDC1]-ALS|alsS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66 pdc6Δ::(UAS)PGK1-P[FBA1]-KIVD|Lg(y)-TDH3t-loxP71/66 adh1Δ::P[ADH1]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66 fra2Δ::P[ILV5]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66.

GPD2 Deletion

To delete the endogenous GPD2 coding region, a deletion cassette was PCR amplified from pLA59 (SEQ ID NO:97), which contains a URA3 marker flanked by degenerate loxP sites to allow homologous recombination in vivo and subsequent removal of the URA3 marker. PCR was done by using KAPA HiFi and primers LA512 (SEQ ID NO:204) and LA513 (SEQ ID NO:205). The GPD2 portion of each primer was derived from the 5' region 50 bp upstream of the GPD2 start codon and 3' region 50 bp downstream of the stop codon such that integration of the URA3 cassette results in replacement of the entire GPD2 coding region. The PCR product was transformed into PNY2110 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were screened to verify correct integration by colony PCR using primers LA516 (SEQ ID NO:206) external to the 5' coding region and LA135 (SEQ ID NO:94), internal to URA3. Positive transformants were then screened by colony PCR using primers LA514 (SEQ ID NO:207) and LA515 (SEQ ID NO:208), internal to the GPD2 coding region. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pLA34 (SEQ ID NO:184) containing the CRE recombinase under the GAL1 promoter and plated on synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were plated on rich medium supplemented with 1% ethanol and 0.5% galactose to induce the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed by patching colonies to synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify absence of growth. The resulting identified strain, called PNY2115, has the genotype MATa ura3Δ::loxP his3Δ pdc5Δ::loxP66/71 fra2Δ 2-micron pdc1Δ::P[PDC1]-ALS|alsS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66 pdc6Δ::(UAS)PGK1-P[FBA1]-KIVD|Lg(y)-TDH3t-loxP71/66 adh1Δ::P[ADH1]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66 fra2Δ::P[ILV5]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66 gpd2Δ::loxP71/66.

Creation of PNY2145 from PNY2115

PNY2145 was constructed from PNY2115 by the additional integration of a phosphoketolase gene cassette at the pdc5Δ locus and by replacing the native AMN1 gene with a codon optimized version of the ortholog from CEN.PK. Integration constructs are further described below.

pdc5Δ::FBA(L8)-xpk1-CYC1t-loxP71/66

The TEF(M4)-xpk1-CYC1t gene from pRS423::TEF(M4)-xpk1+ENO1-cutD (SEQ ID NO:162) was PCR amplified using primers N1341 and N1338 (SEQ ID NOs:163 and 164), generating a 3.1 kb product. The loxP-flanked URA3 gene cassette from pLA59 (SEQ ID NO:97) was amplified with primers N1033c and N1342 (SEQ ID NOs:165 and 166), generating a 1.6 kb product. The xpk1 and URA3 PCR products were fused by combining them without primers for an additional 10 cycles of PCR using Phusion DNA polymerase. The resulting reaction mix was then used as a template for a PCR reaction with KAPA Hi Fi and primers N1342 and N1364 (SEQ ID NOs:166 and 167). A 4.2 kb PCR product was recovered by purification from an electrophoresis agarose gel (Zymo kit). FBA promoter variant L8 (SEQ ID NO:168) was amplified using primers N1366 and N1368 (SEQ ID NOs:169 and 170). The xpk1::URA3 PCR product was combined with the FBA promoter by additional rounds of PCR. The resulting product was phosphorylated with polynucleotide kinase and ligated into pBR322 that had been digested with EcoRV and treated with calf intestinal phosphatase. The ligation reaction was transformed into *E. coli* cells (Stb13 competent cells from Invitrogen). The integration cassette was confirmed by sequencing. To prepare DNA for integration, the plasmid was used as a template in a PCR reaction with Kapa HiFi and primers N1371 and N1372 (SEQ ID NOs:171 and 172). The PCR product was isolated by phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation (using standard methods; e.g. Maniatis, et al.). Five micrograms of DNA were used to transform strain PNY2115. Transformants were selected on medium lacking uracil (synthetic complete medium minus uracil with 1% ethanol as the carbon source). Colonies were screened for the integration event using PCR (JumpStart) with primers BK93 and N1114 (SEQ ID NOs:173 and 174). Two clones were selected to carry forward. The URA3 marker was recycled by transforming with pJT254 (SEQ ID NO:175) containing the CRE recombinase under the GAL1 promoter and plating on synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were grown in rich medium supplemented with 1% ethanol to derepress the recombinase. Marker removal was confirmed for single colony isolates by patching to synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol to verify absence of growth. Loss of the recombinase plasmid, pJT254, was confirmed by patching the colonies to synthetic complete medium lacking histidine and supplemented with 1% ethanol. Proper marker removal was confirmed by PCR (primers N160SeqF5 (SEQ ID NO:176) and BK380). One resulting clone was designated PNY2293.

amn1Δ::AMN1(y)-loxP71/66

To replace the endogenous copy of AMN1 with a codon-optimized version of the AMN1 gene from CEN.PK2, an integration cassette containing the CEN.PK AMN1 promoter, AMN1(y) gene (nucleic acid SEQ ID NO:177; amino acid SEQ ID NO:178), and CEN.PK AMN1 terminator was assembled by SOE PCR and subcloned into the shuttle vector pLA59. The AMN1(y) gene was ordered from DNA 2.0 with codon-optimization for *S. cerevisiae*. The completed pLA67 plasmid (SEQ ID NO:179) contained: 1) pUC19 vector backbone sequence containing an *E. coli* replication origin and ampicillin resistance gene; 2) URA3 selection marker flanked by loxP71 and loxP66 sites; and 3) P_{AMN1(CEN.PK)}-AMN1(y)-term_{AMN1(CEN.PK)} expression cassette

PCR amplification of the AMN1(y)-loxP71-URA3-loxP66 cassette was performed by using KAPA HiFi from

Kapa Biosystems, Woburn, Mass. and primers LA712 (SEQ ID NO:180) and LA746 (SEQ ID NO:181). The PCR product was transformed into PNY2293 using standard genetic techniques and transformants were selected on synthetic complete medium lacking uracil and supplemented with 1% ethanol at 30° C. Transformants were observed under magnification for the absence of a clumping phenotype with respect to the control (PNY2293). The URA3 marker was recycled using the pJT254 Cre recombinase plasmid as described above. After marker recycle, clones were again observed under magnification to confirm absence of the clumping phenotype. A resulting identified strain, PNY2145, has the genotype: MATa ura3Δ::loxP his3Δ pdc5Δ::P[FBA(L8)]-XPK|xpk1_Lp-CYCt-loxP66/71 fra2Δ 2-micron plasmid (CEN.PK2) pdc1Δ::P[PDC1]-ALS|al- sS_Bs-CYC1t-loxP71/66 pdc6Δ::(UAS)PGK1-P[FBA1]-KIVD|Lg(y)-TDH3t-loxP71/66 adh1Δ::P[ADH1]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66 fra2Δ::P[ILV5]-ADH|Bi(y)-ADHt-loxP71/66 gpd2Δ::loxP71/66 amn1Δ::AMN1(y).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

All documents cited herein, including journal articles or abstracts, published or corresponding U.S. or foreign patent applications, issued or foreign patents, or any other documents, are each entirely incorporated by reference herein, including all data, tables, figures, and text presented in the cited documents.

EQUIVALENTS

Those skilled in the art will recognize, or be able to ascertain using no more than routine experimentation, many equivalents to the specific embodiments of the invention described herein. Such equivalents are intended to be encompassed by the following claims.

SEQUENCE LISTING

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<213> ORGANISM: *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

<400> SEQUENCE: 1

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Leu	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Val	Lys	Gly	Met	Arg	Trp	Ala	Gly	Asn
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Ala	Asn	Glu	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Ile
	50					55					60				
Lys	Gly	Met	Ser	Cys	Ile	Ile	Thr	Thr	Phe	Gly	Val	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser
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Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Glu	His	Val	Gly	Val	Leu
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His	Val	Val	Gly	Val	Pro	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Ala	Lys	Gln	Leu	Leu
			100					105					110		
Leu	His	His	Thr	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Phe	Thr	Val	Phe	His	Arg	Met
	115						120						125		
Ser	Ala	Asn	Ile	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Met	Ile	Thr	Asp	Ile	Ala	Asn
	130						135					140			
Ala	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Asp	Arg	Cys	Ile	Arg	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Gln
145					150					155					160
Arg	Pro	Val	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ala	Asn	Leu	Val	Asp	Leu	Asn	Val
			165						170					175	
Pro	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ile	Asp	Leu	Ser	Leu	Lys	Pro	Asn
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Lys	Asp	Ala	Lys	Asn	Pro	Val	Ile	Leu	Ala	Asp	Ala	Cys	Ala	Ser	Arg
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His	Asp	Val	Lys	Ala	Glu	Thr	Lys	Lys	Leu	Met	Asp	Leu	Thr	Gln	Phe
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Lys Gly Met Ser Cys Ile Ile Thr Thr Phe Gly Val Gly Glu Leu Ser
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 85 90 95

His Val Val Gly Val Pro Ser Ile Ser Ser Gln Ala Lys Gln Leu Leu
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Leu His His Thr Leu Gly Asn Gly Asp Phe Thr Val Phe His Arg Met
 115 120 125

Ser Ala Asn Ile Ser Glu Thr Thr Ala Met Ile Thr Asp Ile Ala Asn
 130 135 140

Ala Pro Ala Glu Ile Asp Arg Cys Ile Arg Thr Thr Tyr Thr Thr Gln
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Arg Pro Val Tyr Leu Gly Leu Pro Ala Asn Leu Val Asp Leu Asn Val
 165 170 175

Pro Ala Lys Leu Leu Glu Thr Pro Ile Asp Leu Ser Leu Lys Pro Asn
 180 185 190

Asp Ala Glu Ala Glu Ala Glu Val Val Arg Thr Val Val Glu Leu Ile
 195 200 205

Lys Asp Ala Lys Asn Pro Val Ile Leu Ala Asp Ala Cys Ala Ser Arg
 210 215 220

His Asp Val Lys Ala Glu Thr Lys Lys Leu Met Asp Leu Thr Gln Phe
 225 230 235 240

Pro Val Tyr Val Thr Pro Met Gly Lys Gly Ala Ile Asp Glu Gln His
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Pro Arg Tyr Gly Gly Val Tyr Val Gly Thr Leu Ser Arg Pro Glu Val
 260 265 270

Lys Lys Ala Val Glu Ser Ala Asp Leu Ile Leu Ser Ile Gly Ala Leu
 275 280 285

Leu Ser Asp Phe Asn Thr Gly Ser Phe Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Lys Thr Lys
 290 295 300

Asn Ile Val Glu Phe His Ser Asp His Ile Lys Ile Arg Asn Ala Thr
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Phe Pro Gly Val Gln Met Lys Phe Ala Leu Gln Lys Leu Leu Asp Ala
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Ile Pro Glu Val Val Lys Asp Tyr Lys Pro Val Ala Val Pro Ala Arg
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Val Pro Ile Thr Lys Ser Thr Pro Ala Asn Thr Pro Met Lys Gln Glu
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Ile Ala Glu Thr Gly Thr Ser Ala Phe Gly Ile Asn Gln Thr Thr Phe
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Pro Thr Asp Val Tyr Ala Ile Val Gln Val Leu Trp Gly Ser Ile Gly
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Asp Pro Lys Lys Arg Val Ile Leu Phe Ile Gly Asp Gly Ser Leu Gln
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<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

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 35 40 45
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 85 90 95
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 115 120 125
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 130 135 140
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 145 150 155 160
 Arg Pro Ser Tyr Leu Gly Leu Pro Ala Asn Leu Val Asp Leu Lys Val
 165 170 175
 Pro Gly Ser Leu Leu Glu Lys Pro Ile Asp Leu Ser Leu Lys Pro Asn
 180 185 190
 Asp Pro Glu Ala Glu Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Thr Val Leu Glu Leu Ile
 195 200 205
 Gln Asn Ser Lys Asn Pro Val Ile Leu Ser Asp Ala Cys Ala Ser Arg
 210 215 220
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 245 250 255
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Trp Leu Trp Asn Glu Leu Ser Lys Phe Leu Gln Glu Gly Asp Val Ile
 370 375 380

Ile Ser Glu Thr Gly Thr Ser Ala Phe Gly Ile Asn Gln Thr Ile Phe
 385 390 395 400

Pro Lys Asp Ala Tyr Gly Ile Ser Gln Val Leu Trp Gly Ser Ile Gly
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Phe Thr Thr Gly Ala Thr Leu Gly Ala Ala Phe Ala Ala Glu Glu Ile
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Asp Pro Asn Lys Arg Val Ile Leu Phe Ile Gly Asp Gly Ser Leu Gln
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Leu Thr Val Gln Glu Ile Ser Thr Met Ile Arg Trp Gly Leu Lys Pro
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Tyr Leu Phe Val Leu Asn Asn Asp Gly Tyr Thr Ile Glu Lys Leu Ile
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His Gly Pro His Ala Glu Tyr Asn Glu Ile Gln Thr Trp Asp His Leu
 485 490 495

Ala Leu Leu Pro Ala Phe Gly Ala Lys Lys Tyr Glu Asn His Lys Ile
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gatcaagagt ttccaaacgc aaaagttcat gtggcccagc tggatatcac tcaagcagaa	240
aaaatcaagc ccttcattga aaacttgcca caagagtcca aggatattga cattctggtg	300
aacaatgccc gaaaggctct tggcagtgac cgtgtgggccc agatcgcaac ggaggatattc	360
caggacgtgt ttgacaccaa cgtcacggct ttaatcaata tcacacaagc tgtactgccc	420
atattccaag ccaagaattc aggagatatt gtaaatttgg gttcaatcgc tggcagagac	480
gcatacccaa caggttctat ctatttgccc tctaagtttg ccgtgggggc gttcactgat	540
agtttgagaa aggagctcat caacactaaa attagagtca ttctaattgc accagggcta	600

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gtcgagactg aattttcact agttagatac agaggtaacg aggaacaagc caagaatggt 660
tacaaggata ctaccccatt gatggctgat gacgtggctg atctgatcgt ctatgcaact 720
tccagaaaac aaaatactgt aattgcagac actttaatct ttccaacaaa ccaagcgtca 780
cctcatcata tcttccgtgg ataa 804

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<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 267
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Saccharomyces cerevisiae

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<400> SEQUENCE: 5

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Met Ser Gln Gly Arg Lys Ala Ala Glu Arg Leu Ala Lys Lys Thr Val
 1          5          10          15
Leu Ile Thr Gly Ala Ser Ala Gly Ile Gly Lys Ala Thr Ala Leu Glu
 20          25          30
Tyr Leu Glu Ala Ser Asn Gly Asp Met Lys Leu Ile Leu Ala Ala Arg
 35          40          45
Arg Leu Glu Lys Leu Glu Glu Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Asp Gln Glu Phe
 50          55          60
Pro Asn Ala Lys Val His Val Ala Gln Leu Asp Ile Thr Gln Ala Glu
 65          70          75          80
Lys Ile Lys Pro Phe Ile Glu Asn Leu Pro Gln Glu Phe Lys Asp Ile
 85          90          95
Asp Ile Leu Val Asn Asn Ala Gly Lys Ala Leu Gly Ser Asp Arg Val
 100         105         110
Gly Gln Ile Ala Thr Glu Asp Ile Gln Asp Val Phe Asp Thr Asn Val
 115         120         125
Thr Ala Leu Ile Asn Ile Thr Gln Ala Val Leu Pro Ile Phe Gln Ala
 130         135         140
Lys Asn Ser Gly Asp Ile Val Asn Leu Gly Ser Ile Ala Gly Arg Asp
 145         150         155         160
Ala Tyr Pro Thr Gly Ser Ile Tyr Cys Ala Ser Lys Phe Ala Val Gly
 165         170         175
Ala Phe Thr Asp Ser Leu Arg Lys Glu Leu Ile Asn Thr Lys Ile Arg
 180         185         190
Val Ile Leu Ile Ala Pro Gly Leu Val Glu Thr Glu Phe Ser Leu Val
 195         200         205
Arg Tyr Arg Gly Asn Glu Glu Gln Ala Lys Asn Val Tyr Lys Asp Thr
 210         215         220
Thr Pro Leu Met Ala Asp Asp Val Ala Asp Leu Ile Val Tyr Ala Thr
 225         230         235         240
Ser Arg Lys Gln Asn Thr Val Ile Ala Asp Thr Leu Ile Phe Pro Thr
 245         250         255
Asn Gln Ala Ser Pro His His Ile Phe Arg Gly
 260         265

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<210> SEQ ID NO 6
<211> LENGTH: 386
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Saccharomyces cerevisiae

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<400> SEQUENCE: 6

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Met Ser Ala Ala Thr Val Gly Lys Pro Ile Lys Cys Ile Ala Ala Val
 1          5          10          15
Ala Tyr Asp Ala Lys Lys Pro Leu Ser Val Glu Glu Ile Thr Val Asp

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20					25					30					
Ala	Pro	Lys	Ala	His	Glu	Val	Arg	Ile	Lys	Ile	Glu	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Val
	35						40					45			
Cys	His	Thr	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Pro	Glu	Gly	Leu
	50					55					60				
Phe	Pro	Cys	Val	Leu	Gly	His	Glu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ile	Val	Glu	Ser	Val
	65				70					75					80
Gly	Asp	Asp	Val	Ile	Thr	Val	Lys	Pro	Gly	Asp	His	Val	Ile	Ala	Leu
			85						90					95	
Tyr	Thr	Ala	Glu	Cys	Gly	Lys	Cys	Lys	Phe	Cys	Thr	Ser	Gly	Lys	Thr
		100						105						110	
Asn	Leu	Cys	Gly	Ala	Val	Arg	Ala	Thr	Gln	Gly	Lys	Gly	Val	Met	Pro
	115						120					125			
Asp	Gly	Thr	Thr	Arg	Phe	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ile	Tyr	His
	130					135					140				
Phe	Met	Gly	Cys	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ser	Glu	Tyr	Thr	Val	Val	Ala	Asp	Val
	145				150					155					160
Ser	Val	Val	Ala	Ile	Asp	Pro	Lys	Ala	Pro	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ala	Cys	Leu
			165						170					175	
Leu	Gly	Cys	Gly	Val	Thr	Thr	Gly	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ala	Leu	Lys	Thr	Ala
			180					185						190	
Asn	Val	Gln	Lys	Gly	Asp	Thr	Val	Ala	Val	Phe	Gly	Cys	Gly	Thr	Val
	195						200					205			
Gly	Leu	Ser	Val	Ile	Gln	Gly	Ala	Lys	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ser	Lys	Ile
	210					215					220				
Ile	Ala	Ile	Asp	Ile	Asn	Asn	Lys	Lys	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Gln	Phe
	225				230					235					240
Gly	Ala	Thr	Asp	Phe	Val	Asn	Pro	Lys	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Lys	Asp	Gln
			245						250					255	
Thr	Ile	Val	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ile	Glu	Met	Thr	Asp	Gly	Gly	Leu	Asp	Phe
		260						265						270	
Thr	Phe	Asp	Cys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Lys	Ile	Met	Arg	Asp	Ala	Leu	Glu
		275					280					285			
Ala	Cys	His	Lys	Gly	Trp	Gly	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ile	Gly	Val	Ala	Ala
	290					295						300			
Ala	Gly	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ser	Thr	Arg	Pro	Phe	Gln	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Arg
	305				310					315					320
Val	Trp	Lys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gly	Arg	Ser	Glu	Met
			325						330					335	
Gly	Gly	Leu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Ala	Leu	Lys	Val	Glu	Glu
		340						345						350	
Phe	Ile	Thr	His	Arg	Arg	Pro	Phe	Lys	Glu	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ala	Phe	Glu
		355					360					365			
Asp	Leu	His	Asn	Gly	Asp	Cys	Leu	Arg	Thr	Val	Leu	Lys	Ser	Asp	Glu
	370					375						380			
Ile	Lys														
	385														

<210> SEQ ID NO 7

<211> LENGTH: 399

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Pseudomonas putida

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

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Met Ser Gly Asn Arg Gly Val Val Tyr Leu Gly Ser Gly Lys Val Glu
 1 5 10 15
 Val Gln Lys Ile Asp Tyr Pro Lys Met Gln Asp Pro Arg Gly Lys Lys
 20 25 30
 Ile Glu His Gly Val Ile Leu Lys Val Val Ser Thr Asn Ile Cys Gly
 35 40 45
 Ser Asp Gln His Met Val Arg Gly Arg Thr Thr Ala Gln Val Gly Leu
 50 55 60
 Val Leu Gly His Glu Ile Thr Gly Glu Val Ile Glu Lys Gly Arg Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Val Glu Asn Leu Gln Ile Gly Asp Leu Val Ser Val Pro Phe Asn Val
 85 90 95
 Ala Cys Gly Arg Cys Arg Ser Cys Lys Glu Met His Thr Gly Val Cys
 100 105 110
 Leu Thr Val Asn Pro Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Ala Tyr Gly Tyr Val Asp
 115 120 125
 Met Gly Asp Trp Thr Gly Gly Gln Ala Glu Tyr Leu Leu Val Pro Tyr
 130 135 140
 Ala Asp Phe Asn Leu Leu Lys Leu Pro Asp Arg Asp Lys Ala Met Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Lys Ile Arg Asp Leu Thr Cys Leu Ser Asp Ile Leu Pro Thr Gly Tyr
 165 170 175
 His Gly Ala Val Thr Ala Gly Val Gly Pro Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Val
 180 185 190
 Ala Gly Ala Gly Pro Val Gly Leu Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Arg Leu
 195 200 205
 Leu Gly Ala Ala Val Val Ile Val Gly Asp Leu Asn Pro Ala Arg Leu
 210 215 220
 Ala His Ala Lys Ala Gln Gly Phe Glu Ile Ala Asp Leu Ser Leu Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Pro Leu His Glu Gln Ile Ala Ala Leu Leu Gly Glu Pro Glu Val
 245 250 255
 Asp Cys Ala Val Asp Ala Val Gly Phe Glu Ala Arg Gly His Gly His
 260 265 270
 Glu Gly Ala Lys His Glu Ala Pro Ala Thr Val Leu Asn Ser Leu Met
 275 280 285
 Gln Val Thr Arg Val Ala Gly Lys Ile Gly Ile Pro Gly Leu Tyr Val
 290 295 300
 Thr Glu Asp Pro Gly Ala Val Asp Ala Ala Ala Lys Ile Gly Ser Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Ile Arg Phe Gly Leu Gly Trp Ala Lys Ser His Ser Phe His Thr
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Thr Pro Val Met Lys Tyr Asn Arg Ala Leu Met Gln Ala Ile
 340 345 350
 Met Trp Asp Arg Ile Asn Ile Ala Glu Val Val Gly Val Gln Val Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Leu Asp Asp Ala Pro Arg Gly Tyr Gly Glu Phe Asp Ala Gly Val
 370 375 380
 Pro Lys Lys Phe Val Ile Asp Pro His Lys Thr Phe Ser Ala Ala
 385 390 395

<210> SEQ ID NO 8

<211> LENGTH: 2064

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: Saccharomyces cerevisiae
<400> SEQUENCE: 8
atgatcagac aatctacgct aaaaaacttc gctattaagc gttgctttca acatatagca    60
taccgcaaca cacctgcoat gagatcagta gctctcgcgc agcgetttta tagttcgtct    120
tcccgttatt acagtgcgtc tccattacca gcctctaaaa ggccagagcc tgctccaagt    180
ttcaatgttg atccattaga acagcccgct gaacctcaa aattggctaa gaaactacgc    240
gctgagcctg acatggatac ctctttcgtc ggtttaactg gtggtcaaat atttaacgaa    300
atgatgtcca gacaaaacgt tgatactgta ttggttatac caggtggtgc tatectacct    360
gtttacgatg ccattcataa cagtgataaa ttcaacttcg ttcttccaaa acacgaacaa    420
ggtgccggtc acatggcaga aggctacgcc agagcttctg gtaaaccagg tgttgtcttg    480
gttacttctg ggccagggtc caccaatgtc gttactccaa tggcagatgc ctttgagac    540
gggattccaa tggttgtctt tacagggcaa gtctcaacta gtgctatcgg tactgatgct    600
ttccaagagg ctgacgtcgt tggatattct agatcttgta cgaaatggaa tgtcatggtc    660
aagtcctggt aagaattgcc attgcgtatt aacgaggctt ttgaaattgc cacgagcggg    720
agaccgggac cagtcttggg cgatttacca aaggatgta cagcagctat cttaagaaat    780
ccaattccaa caaaaacaac tcttccatca aacgcactaa accaattaac cagtccgcga    840
caagatgaat ttgtcatgca aagtatcaat aaagcagcag atttgatcaa cttggcaaag    900
aaacctgtct tatacgtcgg tctgtgtatt ttaaaccatg cagatggtcc aagattacta    960
aaagaattaa gtgacctgac tcaaatacct gtcaccacta ctttacaagg ttaggttca   1020
tctgaccaag aagatccaaa atcattggat atgcttggtg tgcacgggtg tgctactgcc   1080
aacctggcag tgcaaaatgc cgacttgata attgcagttg gtgctagatt cgacgacctg   1140
gtcactggta atatttctaa attcgtctca gaagctcgtc gtgcagctgc cgagggtaga   1200
ggtggtatta ttcatttoga ggttagtcca aaaaacataa acaaggttgt tcaaactcaa   1260
atagcagtgg aaggtgatgc tacgaccaat ctgggcaaaa tgatgtcaaa gattttccca   1320
gttaaggaga ggtctgaatg gtttgctcaa ataaataaat ggaagaagga ataccatac   1380
gcttatatgg aggagactcc aggatctaaa attaaaccac agacggttat aaagaaacta   1440
tccaaggttg ccaacgacac aggaagacat gtcattgta caacgggtgt ggggcaacat   1500
caaatgtggg ctgctcaaca ctggacatgg agaaatccac atactttcat cacatcaggt   1560
ggtttaggta cgatgggtta cgtctccct gccgccatcg gtgctcaagt tgcaaagcca   1620
gaatctttgg ttattgacat tgatggtgac gcactctta acatgactct aacggaattg   1680
agttctgcgc ttcaagctgg tactccagtg aagatttga ttttgaacaa tgaagagcaa   1740
ggtatggtta ctcaatggca atccctgttc tacgaacatc gttattccca cacacatcaa   1800
ttgaaccctg atttcataaa actagcggag gctatgggtt taaaaggttt aagagtcaag   1860
aagcaagagg aattggacgc taagttgaaa gaattcgttt ctaccaaggg cccagttttg   1920
cttgaagtgg aagttgataa aaaagttcct gttttgccaa tgggtggcagg tggtagcggg   1980
ctagacgagt tcataaattt tgaccagaa gttgaagac aacagactga attacgtcat   2040
aagcgtacag gcggtaaagca ctga                                         2064

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<210> SEQ ID NO 9

<211> LENGTH: 687

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Saccharomyces cerevisiae

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<400> SEQUENCE: 9

Met Ile Arg Gln Ser Thr Leu Lys Asn Phe Ala Ile Lys Arg Cys Phe
1 5 10 15
Gln His Ile Ala Tyr Arg Asn Thr Pro Ala Met Arg Ser Val Ala Leu
20 25 30
Ala Gln Arg Phe Tyr Ser Ser Ser Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Ser Pro
35 40 45
Leu Pro Ala Ser Lys Arg Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Ser Phe Asn Val Asp
50 55 60
Pro Leu Glu Gln Pro Ala Glu Pro Ser Lys Leu Ala Lys Lys Leu Arg
65 70 75 80
Ala Glu Pro Asp Met Asp Thr Ser Phe Val Gly Leu Thr Gly Gly Gln
85 90 95
Ile Phe Asn Glu Met Met Ser Arg Gln Asn Val Asp Thr Val Phe Gly
100 105 110
Tyr Pro Gly Gly Ala Ile Leu Pro Val Tyr Asp Ala Ile His Asn Ser
115 120 125
Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Val Leu Pro Lys His Glu Gln Gly Ala Gly His
130 135 140
Met Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Lys Pro Gly Val Val Leu
145 150 155 160
Val Thr Ser Gly Pro Gly Ala Thr Asn Val Val Thr Pro Met Ala Asp
165 170 175
Ala Phe Ala Asp Gly Ile Pro Met Val Val Phe Thr Gly Gln Val Ser
180 185 190
Thr Ser Ala Ile Gly Thr Asp Ala Phe Gln Glu Ala Asp Val Val Gly
195 200 205
Ile Ser Arg Ser Cys Thr Lys Trp Asn Val Met Val Lys Ser Val Glu
210 215 220
Glu Leu Pro Leu Arg Ile Asn Glu Ala Phe Glu Ile Ala Thr Ser Gly
225 230 235 240
Arg Pro Gly Pro Val Leu Val Asp Leu Pro Lys Asp Val Thr Ala Ala
245 250 255
Ile Leu Arg Asn Pro Ile Pro Thr Lys Thr Thr Leu Pro Ser Asn Ala
260 265 270
Leu Asn Gln Leu Thr Ser Arg Ala Gln Asp Glu Phe Val Met Gln Ser
275 280 285
Ile Asn Lys Ala Ala Asp Leu Ile Asn Leu Ala Lys Lys Pro Val Leu
290 295 300
Tyr Val Gly Ala Gly Ile Leu Asn His Ala Asp Gly Pro Arg Leu Leu
305 310 315 320
Lys Glu Leu Ser Asp Arg Ala Gln Ile Pro Val Thr Thr Thr Leu Gln
325 330 335
Gly Leu Gly Ser Phe Asp Gln Glu Asp Pro Lys Ser Leu Asp Met Leu
340 345 350
Gly Met His Gly Cys Ala Thr Ala Asn Leu Ala Val Gln Asn Ala Asp
355 360 365
Leu Ile Ile Ala Val Gly Ala Arg Phe Asp Asp Arg Val Thr Gly Asn
370 375 380
Ile Ser Lys Phe Ala Pro Glu Ala Arg Arg Ala Ala Ala Glu Gly Arg
385 390 395 400
Gly Gly Ile Ile His Phe Glu Val Ser Pro Lys Asn Ile Asn Lys Val

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Lys Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Arg Ile Asp Arg Lys His Glu Gly Val Asn
 100 105 110
 Ala Asn Val Lys Ala Glu Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Gly Gly Phe Asp Pro
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Pro Ser Gly Ser Pro Met Cys Gly Glu Glu Phe Ser Gln Gly
 130 135 140
 His Leu Pro Gly Tyr Asp Asp Met Gln Val Leu Gln Cys Pro Tyr Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Cys Gln Lys Val Thr Ser Phe Asn Asp Asp Leu Ile Asn His Met
 165 170 175
 Leu Gln His His Ile Ala Ser Lys Leu Val Val Pro Ser Gly Asp Pro
 180 185 190
 Ser Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Pro Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Asp
 195 200 205
 Thr Thr Ser Ile Pro Gln Leu Ser Phe Ser Thr Thr Gly Thr Ser Ser
 210 215 220
 Ser Glu Ser Val Asp Ser Thr Thr Ala Gln Thr Pro Thr Asp Pro Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Tyr Trp Ser Asp Asn Arg Cys Lys His Ser Asp Cys Gln Glu Leu
 245 250 255
 Ser Pro Phe Ala Ser Val Phe Asp Leu Ile Asp His Tyr Asp His Thr
 260 265 270
 His Ala Phe Ile Pro Glu Thr Leu Val Lys Tyr Ser Tyr Ile His Leu
 275 280 285
 Tyr Lys Pro Ser Val Trp Asp Leu Phe Glu Tyr
 290 295

<210> SEQ ID NO 11
 <211> LENGTH: 299
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: FZF1-4

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

Met Thr Asp Ile Gly Arg Thr Lys Ser Arg Asn Tyr Lys Cys Ser Phe
 1 5 10 15
 Asp Gly Cys Glu Lys Val Tyr Asn Arg Pro Ser Leu Leu Gln Gln His
 20 25 30
 Gln Asn Ser His Thr Asn Gln Lys Pro Tyr His Cys Asp Glu Pro Gly
 35 40 45
 Cys Gly Lys Lys Phe Ile Arg Pro Tyr His Leu Arg Val His Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Thr His Ser Gln Ile Lys Pro Lys Ala Cys Thr Leu Cys Gln Lys Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Phe Val Thr Asn Gln Gln Leu Arg Arg His Leu Asn Ser His Glu Arg
 85 90 95
 Lys Ser Lys Leu Ala Ser Arg Ile Asp Arg Lys His Glu Gly Val Asn
 100 105 110
 Ala Asn Val Lys Ala Glu Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Gly Gly Phe Asp Pro
 115 120 125
 Lys Leu Pro Ser Gly Ser Pro Met Cys Gly Glu Glu Phe Ser Gln Gly
 130 135 140
 His Leu Pro Gly Tyr Asp Asp Met Gln Val Leu Gln Cys Pro Tyr Lys
 145 150 155 160

-continued

Ser Cys Gln Lys Val Thr Ser Phe Asn Asp Asp Leu Ile Asn His Met
 165 170 175

Leu Gln His His Ile Ala Ser Lys Leu Val Val Pro Ser Gly Asp Pro
 180 185 190

Ser Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Pro Thr Ser Glu Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Asp
 195 200 205

Thr Thr Ser Ile Pro Gln Leu Ser Phe Ser Thr Thr Gly Thr Ser Ser
 210 215 220

Ser Glu Ser Val Asp Ser Thr Thr Ala Gln Thr Pro Thr Asp Pro Glu
 225 230 235 240

Ser Tyr Trp Ser Asp Asn Arg Cys Lys His Ser Asp Cys Gln Glu Leu
 245 250 255

Ser Pro Phe Ala Ser Val Phe Asp Leu Ile Asp His Tyr Asp His Thr
 260 265 270

His Ala Phe Ile Pro Glu Thr Leu Val Lys Tyr Ser Tyr Ile His Leu
 275 280 285

Tyr Lys Pro Ser Val Trp Asp Leu Phe Glu Tyr
 290 295

<210> SEQ ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 458
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

Met Val Ala Asn Trp Val Leu Ala Leu Thr Arg Gln Phe Asp Pro Phe
 1 5 10 15

Met Phe Met Met Val Met Gly Val Gly Ile Ser Ser Asn Ile Leu Tyr
 20 25 30

Ser Phe Pro Tyr Pro Ala Arg Trp Leu Arg Ile Cys Ser Tyr Ile Met
 35 40 45

Phe Ala Ile Ala Cys Leu Ile Phe Ile Ala Val Gln Ala Leu Gln Ile
 50 55 60

Leu His Leu Ile Val Tyr Ile Lys Glu Lys Ser Phe Arg Glu Tyr Phe
 65 70 75 80

Asn Asp Phe Phe Arg Asn Met Lys His Asn Leu Phe Trp Gly Thr Tyr
 85 90 95

Pro Met Gly Leu Val Thr Ile Ile Asn Phe Leu Gly Ala Leu Ser Lys
 100 105 110

Ala Asn Thr Thr Lys Ser Pro Thr Asn Ala Arg Asn Leu Met Ile Phe
 115 120 125

Val Tyr Val Leu Trp Trp Tyr Asp Leu Ala Val Cys Leu Val Ile Ala
 130 135 140

Trp Gly Ile Ser Phe Leu Ile Trp His Asp Tyr Tyr Pro Leu Glu Gly
 145 150 155 160

Ile Gly Asn Tyr Pro Ser Tyr Asn Ile Lys Met Ala Ser Glu Asn Met
 165 170 175

Lys Ser Val Leu Leu Leu Asp Ile Ile Pro Leu Val Val Val Ala Ser
 180 185 190

Ser Cys Gly Thr Phe Thr Met Ser Glu Ile Phe Phe His Ala Phe Asn
 195 200 205

Arg Asn Ile Gln Leu Ile Thr Leu Val Ile Cys Ala Leu Thr Trp Leu
 210 215 220

His Ala Ile Ile Phe Val Phe Ile Leu Ile Ala Ile Tyr Phe Trp Ser
 225 230 235 240

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145	150	155	160
Asp Ile Glu Val Asp Gly Ser Val Ser Ser Gln Phe Leu Thr Ala Leu	165	170	175
Leu Met Thr Ala Pro Leu Ala Pro Glu Asp Thr Ile Ile Arg Val Lys	180	185	190
Gly Glu Leu Val Ser Lys Pro Tyr Ile Asp Ile Thr Leu Asn Leu Met	195	200	205
Lys Thr Phe Gly Val Glu Ile Ala Asn His His Tyr Gln Gln Phe Val	210	215	220
Val Lys Gly Gly Gln Gln Tyr His Ser Pro Gly Arg Tyr Leu Val Glu	225	230	235
Gly Asp Ala Ser Ser Ala Ser Tyr Phe Leu Ala Ala Gly Ala Ile Lys	245	250	255
Gly Gly Thr Val Lys Val Thr Gly Ile Gly Arg Lys Ser Met Gln Gly	260	265	270
Asp Ile Arg Phe Ala Asp Val Leu Glu Lys Met Gly Ala Thr Ile Thr	275	280	285
Trp Gly Asp Asp Phe Ile Ala Cys Thr Arg Gly Glu Leu His Ala Ile	290	295	300
Asp Met Asp Met Asn His Ile Pro Asp Ala Ala Met Thr Ile Ala Thr	305	310	315
Thr Ala Leu Phe Ala Lys Gly Thr Thr Thr Leu Arg Asn Ile Tyr Asn	325	330	335
Trp Arg Val Lys Glu Thr Asp Arg Leu Phe Ala Met Ala Thr Glu Leu	340	345	350
Arg Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Val Glu Glu Gly His Asp Tyr Ile Arg Ile	355	360	365
Thr Pro Pro Ala Lys Leu Gln His Ala Asp Ile Gly Thr Tyr Asn Asp	370	375	380
His Arg Met Ala Met Cys Phe Ser Leu Val Ala Leu Ser Asp Thr Pro	385	390	395
Val Thr Ile Leu Asp Pro Lys Cys Thr Ala Lys Thr Phe Pro Asp Tyr	405	410	415
Phe Glu Gln Leu Ala Arg Met Ser Thr Pro Ala	420	425	

<210> SEQ ID NO 14

<211> LENGTH: 9089

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: constructed plasmid

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

tcgcgcggtt cggtgatgac ggtgaaaacc tctgacacat gcagctcccc gagacgggtca	60
cagcttgtct gtaagcggat gccgggagca gacaagcccc tcagggcgcg tcagcgggtg	120
ttggcgggtg tcggggctgg cttaactatg cggcatcaga gcagattgta ctgagagtgc	180
accataccac agcttttcaa ttcaattcat catttttttt ttattctttt ttttgatttc	240
ggtttctttg aaattttttt gattcggtaa tctccgaaca gaaggaagaa cgaaggaagg	300
agcacagact tagattggta tatatacgca tatgtagtgt tgaagaaaca tgaattgcc	360
cagtattctt aacccaactg cacagaacaa aaacctgcag gaaacgaaga taaatcatgt	420
cgaaagctac atataaggaa cgtgctgcta ctcctcctag tcctgttgct gccaaagctat	480

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ttaatcat	gcacgaaaag	caaacaaact	tgtgtgcttc	attggatggt	cgtaccacca	540
aggaattact	ggagttagtt	gaagcattag	gtcccaaat	ttgtttacta	aaaacacatg	600
tggatatctt	gactgatttt	tccatggagg	gcacagttaa	gcccgtaaag	gcattatccg	660
ccaagtacaa	tttttactc	ttcgaagaca	gaaaatttgc	tgacattggt	aatacagtca	720
aattgcagta	ctctgcgggt	gtatacagaa	tagcagaatg	ggcagacatt	acgaatgcac	780
acggtgtggt	gggcccaggt	attgtagcgt	gtttgaagca	ggcggcagaa	gaagtaacaa	840
aggaacctag	aggcctttg	atgtagcag	aattgtcatg	caagggtccc	ctatctactg	900
gagaatatac	taagggtact	gttgacattg	cgaagagcga	caaagatfff	gttatcggct	960
ttattgctca	aagagacatg	ggtggaagag	atgaaggtta	cgattggttg	attatgacac	1020
ccggtgtggg	tttagatgac	aaggagagcg	cattgggtca	acagtataga	accgtggatg	1080
atgtggtctc	tacaggatct	gacattatta	ttgttgaag	aggactatff	gcaaagggaa	1140
gggatgctaa	ggtagagggt	gaacgttaca	gaaaagcagg	ctgggaagca	tatttgagaa	1200
gatgcggcca	gcaaaactaa	aaaactgtat	tataagtaaa	tgcatgtata	ctaaactcac	1260
aaattagagc	ttcaatttaa	ttatatcagt	tattacccta	tgcggtgtga	aataccgcac	1320
agatgcgtaa	ggagaaaata	ccgcatcagg	aaattgtaaa	cgtaaatatt	ttgttaaaat	1380
tcgctgtaaa	tttttgtaa	atcagctcat	tttttaacca	ataggccgaa	atcggcaaaa	1440
tccctataaa	atcaaaagaa	tagaccgaga	tagggttgag	tgttgttcca	gtttggaaca	1500
agagtccact	attaagaaac	gtggactcca	acgtcaaagg	gcaaaaaacc	gtctatcagg	1560
gcgatggccc	actacgtgaa	ccatcacccct	aatcaagttt	tttggggtcg	aggtgcccga	1620
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gggagcccc gatttagagc ttgacgggga aagccggcga acgtggcgag aaaggaagg 5640
aagaaagcga aaggagcggg cgctagggcg ctggcaagtg tagcggtcac gctgcgcgta 5700
accaccacac ccgccgcgct taatgcgcg ctacagggcg cgtecgcgca ttcgccattc 5760
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gcgaagggg gatgtgctgc aaggcgatta agttgggtaa cgccagggtt ttcccagtca 5880
cgacgttgta aaacgacggc cagtgagcgc gcgtaatacg actcactata gggcgaaattg 5940
ggtaccgggc ccccc 5956

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<210> SEQ ID NO 16

<211> LENGTH: 570

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Bacillus subtilis

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

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Ala Glu Leu Val Val Asp Cys Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Val Thr His Val
20          25          30
Phe Gly Ile Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Asp Ala Val Phe Asp Ala Leu Gln
35          40          45
Asp Lys Gly Pro Glu Ile Ile Val Ala Arg His Glu Gln Asn Ala Ala
50          55          60
Phe Met Ala Gln Ala Val Gly Arg Leu Thr Gly Lys Pro Gly Val Val
65          70          75          80
Leu Val Thr Ser Gly Pro Gly Ala Ser Asn Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Leu
85          90          95
Thr Ala Asn Thr Glu Gly Asp Pro Val Val Ala Leu Ala Gly Asn Val
100         105         110
Ile Arg Ala Asp Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr His Gln Ser Leu Asp Asn Ala
115         120         125
Ala Leu Phe Gln Pro Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ser Val Glu Val Gln Asp Val
130         135         140
Lys Asn Ile Pro Glu Ala Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Arg Ile Ala Ser Ala
145         150         155         160
Gly Gln Ala Gly Ala Ala Phe Val Ser Phe Pro Gln Asp Val Val Asn
165         170         175
Glu Val Thr Asn Thr Lys Asn Val Arg Ala Val Ala Ala Pro Lys Leu
180         185         190
Gly Pro Ala Ala Asp Asp Ala Ile Ser Ala Ala Ile Ala Lys Ile Gln
195         200         205
Thr Ala Lys Leu Pro Val Val Leu Val Gly Met Lys Gly Gly Arg Pro
210         215         220
Glu Ala Ile Lys Ala Val Arg Lys Leu Leu Lys Lys Val Gln Leu Pro
225         230         235         240
Phe Val Glu Thr Tyr Gln Ala Ala Gly Thr Leu Ser Arg Asp Leu Glu
245         250         255

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Asp Gln Tyr Phe Gly Arg Ile Gly Leu Phe Arg Asn Gln Pro Gly Asp
 260 265 270
 Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala Asp Val Val Leu Thr Ile Gly Tyr Asp Pro
 275 280 285
 Ile Glu Tyr Asp Pro Lys Phe Trp Asn Ile Asn Gly Asp Arg Thr Ile
 290 295 300
 Ile His Leu Asp Glu Ile Ile Ala Asp Ile Asp His Ala Tyr Gln Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Asp Leu Glu Leu Ile Gly Asp Ile Pro Ser Thr Ile Asn His Ile Glu
 325 330 335
 His Asp Ala Val Lys Val Glu Phe Ala Glu Arg Glu Gln Lys Ile Leu
 340 345 350
 Ser Asp Leu Lys Gln Tyr Met His Glu Gly Glu Gln Val Pro Ala Asp
 355 360 365
 Trp Lys Ser Asp Arg Ala His Pro Leu Glu Ile Val Lys Glu Leu Arg
 370 375 380
 Asn Ala Val Asp Asp His Val Thr Val Thr Cys Asp Ile Gly Ser His
 385 390 395 400
 Ala Ile Trp Met Ser Arg Tyr Phe Arg Ser Tyr Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu
 405 410 415
 Met Ile Ser Asn Gly Met Gln Thr Leu Gly Val Ala Leu Pro Trp Ala
 420 425 430
 Ile Gly Ala Ser Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Val Ser Val Ser
 435 440 445
 Gly Asp Gly Gly Phe Leu Phe Ser Ala Met Glu Leu Glu Thr Ala Val
 450 455 460
 Arg Leu Lys Ala Pro Ile Val His Ile Val Trp Asn Asp Ser Thr Tyr
 465 470 475 480
 Asp Met Val Ala Phe Gln Gln Leu Lys Lys Tyr Asn Arg Thr Ser Ala
 485 490 495
 Val Asp Phe Gly Asn Ile Asp Ile Val Lys Tyr Ala Glu Ser Phe Gly
 500 505 510
 Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Val Glu Ser Pro Asp Gln Leu Ala Asp Val Leu
 515 520 525
 Arg Gln Gly Met Asn Ala Glu Gly Pro Val Ile Ile Asp Val Pro Val
 530 535 540
 Asp Tyr Ser Asp Asn Ile Asn Leu Ala Ser Asp Lys Leu Pro Lys Glu
 545 550 555 560
 Phe Gly Glu Leu Met Lys Thr Lys Ala Leu
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<210> SEQ ID NO 17

<211> LENGTH: 4531

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pUC19 ILV2

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

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aatgtcatat ataagaagca cgattaaata ataataaagt ctgcattttt tactgaaat    180
gcttttgaaa taaatgtttt tgaattcag tgcttaccgc ctgtacgctt atgacgtaat    240

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tcagtcctggt	gtctttcaac	tctgggtca	aaatttatga	actcgtctag	accgctacca	300
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cccttggtag	aaacgaatc	tttcaactta	gcgtccaatt	cctcttgctt	cttgactctt	420
aaacctttta	aacctatagc	ctccgctagt	tttatgaaat	cagggttcaa	ttgatgtgtg	480
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tttgacatca	ttttgcccag	attggctgta	gcatacactt	ccactgctat	ttgagtttga	1020
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gcagctgcac	gacgagcttc	tggagcgaat	ttagaaatat	taccagtgac	acggctgctg	1140
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<210> SEQ ID NO 18

<211> LENGTH: 6074

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLA59 ILV2-410

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

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cgaagttatg cagattgtac tgagagtgc ccaataccacc ttttcaatc atcatttttt 120

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ttttattcct	tttttgatt	tcggtttcct	tgaattttt	ttgattcgg	aatctccgaa	180
cagaaggaag	aacgaaggaa	ggagcacaga	cttagattgg	tatatatcag	catatgtagt	240
gttgaagaaa	catgaaattg	cccagtatc	ttaacccaac	tgcacagaac	aaaaacctgc	300
aggaaacgaa	gataaatcat	gtcgaaagct	acataaagg	aacgtgctgc	tactcatcct	360
agtctctgtg	ctgccaaagct	atttaatatc	atgcacgaaa	agcaacaaa	cttgtgtgct	420
tcattggatg	ttcgtaccac	caaggaatta	ctggagttag	ttgaagcatt	aggteccaaa	480
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<210> SEQ ID NO 19
<211> LENGTH: 6827
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLA59 ilvB

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<400> SEQUENCE: 19

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<210> SEQ ID NO 20

<211> LENGTH: 1713

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Lactococcus lactis

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

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<210> SEQ ID NO 21

<211> LENGTH: 570

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Lactococcus lactis

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

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Met Tyr Tyr Gly Ile Gly Phe Lys Asp Glu Asp Phe Lys Lys Ala Gln
35          40          45
Val Gly Ile Val Ser Met Asp Trp Asp Gly Asn Pro Cys Asn Met His
50          55          60
Leu Gly Thr Leu Gly Ser Lys Ile Lys Asn Ser Val Asn Gln Thr Asp
65          70          75          80
Gly Leu Ile Gly Leu Gln Phe His Thr Ile Gly Val Ser Asp Gly Ile
85          90          95
Ala Asn Gly Lys Leu Gly Met Arg Tyr Ser Leu Val Ser Arg Glu Val
100         105         110
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115         120         125
Ile Val Ala Val Pro Gly Cys Asp Lys Asn Met Pro Gly Ser Ile Ile
130         135         140
Gly Met Ala Arg Leu Asn Arg Pro Ser Ile Met Val Tyr Gly Gly Thr
145         150         155         160
Ile Glu His Gly Glu Tyr Lys Gly Glu Lys Leu Asn Ile Val Ser Ala
165         170         175
Phe Glu Ala Leu Gly Gln Lys Ile Thr Gly Asn Ile Ser Asp Glu Asp
180         185         190
Tyr His Gly Val Ile Cys Asn Ala Ile Pro Gly Gln Gly Ala Cys Gly
195         200         205
Gly Met Tyr Thr Ala Asn Thr Leu Ala Ala Ala Ile Glu Thr Leu Gly
210         215         220

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 Pro Ser Gly Lys Tyr Met Val Glu Asp Leu His Lys Ile Gly Gly Val
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 370 375 380
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 405 410 415
 Lys Gly Thr Ala Arg Val Phe Asp Gly Glu Gln His Phe Ile Asp Gly
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 450 455 460
 Ser Ala Leu Ile Gly Ala Gly Leu Gly Lys Ser Cys Ala Leu Ile Thr
 465 470 475 480
 Asp Gly Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly Thr His Gly Phe Val Val Gly His Ile
 485 490 495
 Val Pro Glu Ala Val Glu Gly Gly Leu Ile Gly Leu Val Glu Asp Asp
 500 505 510
 Asp Ile Ile Glu Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Asn Ser Ile Ser Leu Lys Val
 515 520 525
 Ala Asp Asp Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg Arg Ala Asn Tyr Gln Lys Pro Ala
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<210> SEQ ID NO 22

<211> LENGTH: 12298

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLH804 L2V4

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

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 gagcgctaat tttcaaaca aagaatctga gctgcatttt tacagaacag aatgcaacg 15120
 cgaaagcgct attttaccaa cgaagaatct gtgcttcatt tttgtaaac aaaaatgcaa 15180
 cgcgagagcg ctaattttcc aaacaagaa tctgagctgc atttttacag aacagaaatg 15240
 caacgcgaga gcgctatttt accaacaag aatctatact tctttttgt tctacaaaaa 15300
 tgcacccga gagcgctatt tttctaaca agcatcttag attactttt ttctccttg 15360
 tgcgctctat aatgcagctt cttgataact ttttgactg taggtccgtt aagggttagaa 15420
 gaaggctact ttggtgtcta ttttctctc cataaaaaa gcctgactcc acttcccgcg 15480
 tttactgatt actagcgaag ctgcgggtgc attttttcaa gataaaggca tccccgatta 15540
 tattctatac cgatgtggat tgcgcatact ttgtgaacag aaagtatag cgttgatgat 15600
 tcttcattgg tcagaaaatt atgaacgggt tcttctatct tgtctctata tactacgtat 15660
 aggaaatggt tacattttcg tattgttttc gattcactct atgaaatagt cttactacaa 15720
 ttttttggc taaagagtaa tactagagat aaacataaaa aatgtagagg tcgagtttag 15780
 atgcaagttc aaggagcgaa aggtggatgg gtaggttata tagggatata gcacagagat 15840
 atatagcaaa gagatacttt tgagcaatgt ttgtggaagc ggtattcgca atattttagt 15900

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agctcgttac agtccgggtgc gtttttgggt ttttgaaagt gcgtcttcag agcgcttttg 15960
gttttcaaaa gcgctctgaa gttcctatac tttctagaga ataggaactt cggaatagga 16020
acttcaaagc gtttccgaaa acgagcgctt ccgaaaatgc aacgcgagct gcgcacatac 16080
agctcactgt tcacgtcgca cctatatctg cgtgttgctt gtatatatat atacatgaga 16140
agaacggcat agtgcgtggt tatgcttaaa tgcgtactta tatgcgtcta tttatgtagg 16200
atgaaaggta gtctagtacc tctgtgata ttatccatt ccatgcgggg tatcgtatgc 16260
ttccttcagc actacccttt agctgttcta tatgctgcca ctctcaatt ggattagtct 16320
catcctcaa tgctatcatt tcctttgata ttggatcata tgcatagtac cgagaaacta 16380
gaggatc 16387

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 24
<211> LENGTH: 448
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae CUP1 promoter

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

```

```

cccattaccg acatttgggc gctatactg catatgttca tgtatgtatc tgtattttaa 60
acacttttgt attatttttc ctcatatatg tgtataggtt tatacggatg atttaattat 120
tacttcacca ccctttattt caggctgata tcttagcctt gttactagtt agaaaaagac 180
atthtttctg tcagtcactg tcaagagatt cttttgctgg catttcttct agaagcaaaa 240
agagcgtatg gtcttttccg ctgaaccgtt ccagcaaaaa agactaccaa cgcaatatgg 300
attgtcagaa tcataaaaa gagaagcaaa taactccttg tcttgatca attgcattat 360
aatatcttct tgtagtgca atatcatata gaagtcacg aaatagatat taagaaaaac 420
aaactgtaca atcaatcaat caatcatc 448

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 25
<211> LENGTH: 1716
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Bacillus subtilis

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

```

```

atggtgacaa aagcaacaaa agaacaaaaa tcccttgta aaaacagagg ggcggagctt 60
gttgttgatt gcttagtgga gcaagggtgc acacatgtat ttggcattcc aggtgcaaaa 120
attgatgcgg tatttgacgc tttacaagat aaaggacctg aaattatcgt tgcccggcac 180
gaacaaaaac cagcattcat ggccaagca gtcggcgtt taactggaaa accgggagtc 240
gtgtagtca catcaggacc ggtgacctc aacttgcaa caggcctgct gacagcgaa 300
actgaaggag accctgtcgt tgcgcttgc ggaaactga tccgtgcaga tcgtttaaaa 360
cggacacatc aatctttgga taatgcggcg ctattccagc cgattacaaa atacagtga 420
gaagttcaag atgtaaaaaa tataccgaa gctgttaca atgcatttag gatagcgtca 480
gcagggcagg ctggggccgc ttttgtgagc tttccgcaag atgttgtgaa tgaagtcaca 540
aatacgaaaa acgtgcgtgc tgttgacgc ccaaaactcg gtccctgcagc agatgatgca 600
atcagtgcgg ccatagcaaa aatccaaaca gcaaaacttc ctgctgtttt ggtcggcatg 660
aaaggcggaa gaccggaagc aattaaagc gttcgcaagc ttttgaaaaa ggttcagctt 720
ccatttgtg aaacatatca agctgccgtt accctttcta gagatttaga ggatcaatat 780
ttggccgta tcggtttggt ccgcaaccag cctggcgatt tactgctaga gcaggcagat 840

```

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```

gttgttctga cgatcggcta tgacccgatt gaatatgatc cgaaattctg gaatatcaat   900
ggagaccgga caattatcca ttagacgag attatcgctg acattgatca tgcttaccag   960
cctgatcttg aattgatcgg tgacattccg tccacgatca atcatatcga acacgatgct  1020
gtgaaagtgg aattgcaga gcgtgagcag aaaatccttt ctgatttaaa acaatatatg  1080
catgaaggtg agcaggtgcc tgcagattgg aaatcagaca gagcgcaccc tcttgaatc   1140
gttaaagagt tgcgtaatgc agtcogatgat catgttacag taacttgcca tatcggttcg  1200
cacgccattt ggatgtcacg ttatttccgc agctacgagc cgttaacatt aatgatcagt  1260
aacggtatgc aaacactcgg cgttgcgctt ccttgggcaa tcggcgcttc attggtgaaa  1320
ccgggagaaa aagtggtttc tgtctctggt gacggcggtt tcttattctc agcaatggaa  1380
ttagagacag cagttcgact aaaagcacca attgtacaca ttgtatggaa cgacagcaca  1440
tatgacatgg ttgcattcca gcaattgaaa aaatataacc gtacatctgc ggtcgatttc  1500
ggaaatatcg atatcgtgaa atatgcggaag agcttcggag caactggctt gcgcgtagaa  1560
tcaccagacc agctggcaga tgttctgcgt caaggcatga acgctgaagg tectgtcatc  1620
atcgatgtcc cggttgacta cagtgataac attaatttag caagtgacaa gcttccgaaa  1680
gaattcgggg aactcatgaa aacgaaagct ctctag   1716

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 26

<211> LENGTH: 571

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Bacillus subtilis*

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

```

Met Leu Thr Lys Ala Thr Lys Glu Gln Lys Ser Leu Val Lys Asn Arg
1          5          10          15
Gly Ala Glu Leu Val Val Asp Cys Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Val Thr His
20          25          30
Val Phe Gly Ile Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Asp Ala Val Phe Asp Ala Leu
35          40          45
Gln Asp Lys Gly Pro Glu Ile Ile Val Ala Arg His Glu Gln Asn Ala
50          55          60
Ala Phe Met Ala Gln Ala Val Gly Arg Leu Thr Gly Lys Pro Gly Val
65          70          75          80
Val Leu Val Thr Ser Gly Pro Gly Ala Ser Asn Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu
85          90          95
Leu Thr Ala Asn Thr Glu Gly Asp Pro Val Val Ala Leu Ala Gly Asn
100         105         110
Val Ile Arg Ala Asp Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr His Gln Ser Leu Asp Asn
115         120         125
Ala Ala Leu Phe Gln Pro Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ser Val Glu Val Gln Asp
130         135         140
Val Lys Asn Ile Pro Glu Ala Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Arg Ile Ala Ser
145         150         155         160
Ala Gly Gln Ala Gly Ala Ala Phe Val Ser Phe Pro Gln Asp Val Val
165         170         175
Asn Glu Val Thr Asn Thr Lys Asn Val Arg Ala Val Ala Ala Pro Lys
180         185         190
Leu Gly Pro Ala Ala Asp Asp Ala Ile Ser Ala Ala Ile Ala Lys Ile
195         200         205
Gln Thr Ala Lys Leu Pro Val Val Leu Val Gly Met Lys Gly Gly Arg

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210					215					220					
Pro	Glu	Ala	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Arg	Lys	Leu	Leu	Lys	Lys	Val	Gln	Leu
225					230					235					240
Pro	Phe	Val	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Leu	Ser	Arg	Asp	Leu
				245					250					255	
Glu	Asp	Gln	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Arg	Ile	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Asn	Gln	Pro	Gly
			260					265					270		
Asp	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ala	Asp	Val	Val	Leu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Asp
			275				280						285		
Pro	Ile	Glu	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Lys	Phe	Trp	Asn	Ile	Asn	Gly	Asp	Arg	Thr
			290			295					300				
Ile	Ile	His	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ile	Ala	Asp	Ile	Asp	His	Ala	Tyr	Gln
305					310					315					320
Pro	Asp	Leu	Glu	Leu	Ile	Gly	Asp	Ile	Pro	Ser	Thr	Ile	Asn	His	Ile
				325					330					335	
Glu	His	Asp	Ala	Val	Lys	Val	Glu	Phe	Ala	Glu	Arg	Glu	Gln	Lys	Ile
			340					345					350		
Leu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Met	His	Glu	Gly	Glu	Gln	Val	Pro	Ala
			355				360						365		
Asp	Trp	Lys	Ser	Asp	Arg	Ala	His	Pro	Leu	Glu	Ile	Val	Lys	Glu	Leu
			370			375					380				
Arg	Asn	Ala	Val	Asp	Asp	His	Val	Thr	Val	Thr	Cys	Asp	Ile	Gly	Ser
385					390					395					400
His	Ala	Ile	Trp	Met	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Pro	Leu	Thr
				405					410					415	
Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Asn	Gly	Met	Gln	Thr	Leu	Gly	Val	Ala	Leu	Pro	Trp
				420				425					430		
Ala	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val	Lys	Pro	Gly	Glu	Lys	Val	Val	Ser	Val
			435				440					445			
Ser	Gly	Asp	Gly	Gly	Phe	Leu	Phe	Ser	Ala	Met	Glu	Leu	Glu	Thr	Ala
			450			455					460				
Val	Arg	Leu	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ile	Val	His	Ile	Val	Trp	Asn	Asp	Ser	Thr
465					470					475					480
Tyr	Asp	Met	Val	Ala	Phe	Gln	Gln	Leu	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Thr	Ser
				485					490					495	
Ala	Val	Asp	Phe	Gly	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Glu	Ser	Phe
			500					505					510		
Gly	Ala	Thr	Gly	Leu	Arg	Val	Glu	Ser	Pro	Asp	Gln	Leu	Ala	Asp	Val
			515				520					525			
Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Asn	Ala	Glu	Gly	Pro	Val	Ile	Ile	Asp	Val	Pro
			530			535					540				
Val	Asp	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Asn	Ile	Asn	Leu	Ala	Ser	Asp	Lys	Leu	Pro	Lys
545					550					555					560
Glu	Phe	Gly	Glu	Leu	Met	Lys	Thr	Lys	Ala	Leu					
				565					570						

<210> SEQ ID NO 27

<211> LENGTH: 250

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae CYC1 terminator 2

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

ccgcaaatta aagccttoga gcgtcccaaa accttctcaa gcaaggtttt cagtataatg

60

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```

ttacatgcgt acacgcgtct gtacagaaaa aaaagaaaaa ttgaaatat aaataacggt 120
cttaatacta acataactat aaaaaataa atagggacct agacttcagg ttgtctaact 180
ccttcctttt cgggttagagc ggatgtgggg ggagggcgctg aatgtaagcg tgacataact 240
aattacatga 250

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 28
<211> LENGTH: 1181
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae ILV5 promoter

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

```

```

taaaacctct agtggagtag tagatgtaat caatgaagcg gaagccaaaa gaccagagta 60
gaggcctata gaagaaactg cgataccttt tgtgatggct aaacaaacag acatcttttt 120
atatgttttt acttctgtat atcgtgaagt agtaagtgat aagcgaattt ggctaagaac 180
gttgtaagtg aacaagggac ctcttttgcc tttcaaaaaa ggattaaatg gagttaatca 240
ttgagattta gttttcgta gattctgtat ccctaaataa ctcccttacc cgacgggaag 300
gcacaaaaga cttgaataat agcaaacggc cagtagccaa gaccaaataa tactagagtt 360
aactgatggg cttaacacagg cattacgtgg tgaactccaa gaccaatata caaaatctcg 420
ataagttatt cttgccacc aatttaagga gcctacatca ggacagtagt accattctctc 480
agagaagagg tatacataac aagaaaatcg cgtgaacacc ttatataact tagcccgta 540
ttgagctaaa aaaccttgca aaatttcta tgaataagaa tacttcagac gtgataaaaa 600
tttactttct aactcttctc acgctgccc tatctgttct tccgctctac cgtgagaaat 660
aaagcatcga gtacggcagt tcgctgtcac tgaactaaaa caataaggct agttcgaatg 720
atgaacttgc ttgctgtcaa acttctgagt tgccgctgat gtgacactgt gacaataaat 780
tcaaaccggg tatagcggtc tcctccggta ccggttctgc cacctccaat agagctcagt 840
aggagtcaga acctctcggg tggtctcag tgactcatcc gcgtttcgta agttgtgcgc 900
gtgcacattt cgcccggtcc cgtcatctt gcagcaggcg gaaattttca tcacgctgta 960
ggacgcaaaa aaaaaataat taatcgtaca agaattctgg aaaaaaatt gaaaaatfff 1020
gtataaaagg gatgacctaa cttgactcaa tggcttttac acccagttat ttccctttcc 1080
ttgtttgta caattataga agcaagacaa aaacatatag acaacctatt cctaggagtt 1140
atattttttt accctaccag caatataagt aaaaaactag t 1181

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 29
<211> LENGTH: 1017
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Pf5.IlvC-JEA1 coding region

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

```

```

atgaaagttt tctacgataa agactcgcac ctgtcgatca tccaaggtaa gaaagttgcc 60
atcatcggct tcggttccca gggccacgct caagcactca acctgaagga ttccggcgta 120
gacgtgactg ttggcctgcc taaaggcttt gctgatgtag ccaaggctga agcccacggc 180
tttaaagtga ccgacgttgc tgcagcogtt gccggtgccc acttggtcat gatcctgatt 240
ccggacgagt tccagtccca gctgtacaag aacgaaatcg agccgaacat caagaagggc 300

```

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```

gccactctgg ccttctccca cggtctcgcg atccactaca accaggttgt gcctcgtgcc 360
gacctogaag tgatcatgat cgcgccgaag gctccaggcc acaccgtacg ttccgagttc 420
gtcaagggcg gaggtattcc tgacctgacg gcgatctacc aggacgtttc cggcaacgcc 480
aagaacgtcg ccctgtccta cgccgcagge gtgggcccgc gccgtaccgg catcatcgaa 540
accaccttca aggacgagac tgaaacggac ctgttcgggtg agcaggctgt tctgtgtggc 600
ggtaccgtcg agctggtaaa agccggtttc gaaacctggg ttgaagctgg ctacgctcca 660
gaaatggcct acttcgagtg cctgcacgaa ctgaagctga tcgttgacct catgtacgaa 720
ggcggtatcg ccaacatgaa ctactcgatc tccaacaacg ctgaatacgg cgagtacgtg 780
actggtccag aagtcataaa cgcgcaatcc cgtcaggcca tgcgcaatgc tctgaagcgc 840
atccaggaag gcgaatacgc gaagatgttc atcagcgaag gcgctaccgg ctaccatcg 900
atgaccgcca agcgtcgtaa caacgtgct cacggtatcg aaatcatcgg cgagcaactg 960
cgctcgatga tgccttggat cggtgccaac aaaatcgtcg acaaagccaa gaactaa 1017

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 30

<211> LENGTH: 338

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Pf5.IlvC-JEA1 coding region

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

```

Met Lys Val Phe Tyr Asp Lys Asp Cys Asp Leu Ser Ile Ile Gln Gly
 1             5             10             15
Lys Lys Val Ala Ile Ile Gly Phe Gly Ser Gln Gly His Ala Gln Ala
 20             25             30
Leu Asn Leu Lys Asp Ser Gly Val Asp Val Thr Val Gly Leu Pro Lys
 35             40             45
Gly Phe Ala Asp Val Ala Lys Ala Glu Ala His Gly Phe Lys Val Thr
 50             55             60
Asp Val Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Gly Ala Asp Leu Val Met Ile Leu Ile
 65             70             75             80
Pro Asp Glu Phe Gln Ser Gln Leu Tyr Lys Asn Glu Ile Glu Pro Asn
 85             90             95
Ile Lys Lys Gly Ala Thr Leu Ala Phe Ser His Gly Phe Ala Ile His
100            105            110
Tyr Asn Gln Val Val Pro Arg Ala Asp Leu Asp Val Ile Met Ile Ala
115            120            125
Pro Lys Ala Pro Gly His Thr Val Arg Ser Glu Phe Val Lys Gly Gly
130            135            140
Gly Ile Pro Asp Leu Ile Ala Ile Tyr Gln Asp Val Ser Gly Asn Ala
145            150            155            160
Lys Asn Val Ala Leu Ser Tyr Ala Ala Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Arg Thr
165            170            175
Gly Ile Ile Glu Thr Thr Phe Lys Asp Glu Thr Glu Thr Asp Leu Phe
180            185            190
Gly Glu Gln Ala Val Leu Cys Gly Gly Thr Val Glu Leu Val Lys Ala
195            200            205
Gly Phe Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Pro Glu Met Ala Tyr
210            215            220
Phe Glu Cys Leu His Glu Leu Lys Leu Ile Val Asp Leu Met Tyr Glu
225            230            235            240

```

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Gly Gly Ile Ala Asn Met Asn Tyr Ser Ile Ser Asn Asn Ala Glu Tyr
 245 250 255

Gly Glu Tyr Val Thr Gly Pro Glu Val Ile Asn Ala Glu Ser Arg Gln
 260 265 270

Ala Met Arg Asn Ala Leu Lys Arg Ile Gln Asp Gly Glu Tyr Ala Lys
 275 280 285

Met Phe Ile Ser Glu Gly Ala Thr Gly Tyr Pro Ser Met Thr Ala Lys
 290 295 300

Arg Arg Asn Asn Ala Ala His Gly Ile Glu Ile Ile Gly Glu Gln Leu
 305 310 315 320

Arg Ser Met Met Pro Trp Ile Gly Ala Asn Lys Ile Val Asp Lys Ala
 325 330 335

Lys Asn

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
 <211> LENGTH: 759
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae ILV5 terminator

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

```

ggccctgcag gcctatcaag tgctggaac tttttctctt ggaatttttg caacatcaag    60
tcatagtcaa ttgaattgac ccaatttcac atttaagatt tttttttttt catccgacat    120
acatctgtac actaggaagc cctgtttttc tgaagcagct tcaaatatat atatttttta    180
catatttatt atgattcaat gaacaatcta attaaatcga aaacaagaac cgaaacgcga    240
ataaataatt tatttagatg gtgacaagtg tataagtccct catcgggaca gctacgattt    300
ctctttcggg tttggctgag ctactgggtg ctgtgacgca gcggcattag cgcggcggtta    360
tgagctaccc tcgtggcctg aaagatggcg ggaataaagc ggaactaaaa attactgact    420
gagccatatt gaggtcaatt tgtcaactcg tcaagtcacg tttgggtggac ggcccctttc    480
caacgaatcg tatatactaa catgcgcgcg ctctctatat acacatatac atatatatat    540
atatatatat gtgtgcgtgt atgtgtacac ctgtatttaa tttccttact cgcgggtttt    600
tctttttctc caattcttgg ctctctcttt ctcgagtata taatttttca ggtaaaattt    660
agtacgatag taaaatactt ctcgaaactg tcacatatac gtgtacataa tgtctgaacc    720
agctcaaaag aaacaaaagg ttgctaacaa ctctctaga                                759

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 32
 <211> LENGTH: 643
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae FBA1 promoter

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

```

gaaatgaata acaactga cagtactaaa taattgccta cttggcttca catacgttgc    60
atcgtcgcgc atagataata atgataatga cagcaggatt atcgtaatat gtaatagttg    120
aaaatctcaa aaatgtgtgg gtcattacgt aaataatgat aggaatggga ttcttctatt    180
ttctcttttt ccattctagc agccgtcggg aaaaactggc atcctctctt tcgggctcaa    240
ttggagtca cgtgcctgga gcatcctctc ttccatatac taacaactga gcacgtaacc    300
aatggaaaag catgagctta gcgttgctcc aaaaaagtat tggatgggta ataccatttg    360
tctgttctct tctgactttg actcctcaaa aaaaaaaaaa ctacaatcaa cagatcgctt    420

```

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```

caattacgcc ctcacaaaaa cttttttcct tcttcttcgc ccacgttaa ttttatocct 480
catgttgct aacggatttc tgcactgat ttattataaa aagacaaaga cataatactt 540
ctctatcaat ttcagttatt gttcttcctt gcggtattct tctgttcttc tttttctttt 600
gtcatatata accataacca agtaatacat attcaaatct aga 643

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
<211> LENGTH: 1188
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Saccharomyces cerevisiae

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

```

```

atggttgagaa ctcaagccgc cagattgatc tgcaactccc gtgtcatcac tgctaagaga 60
acctttgctt tggccaccgc tctgtctgct tacagcagac cagctgcccg tttcgttaag 120
ccaatgatca ctaccctggg tttgaagcaa atcaactctg gtggtactgt tgaaacctgc 180
tacgaaagag ctgactggcc aagagaaaag ttggtggact acttcaagaa cgacactttt 240
gctttgatcg gttacggctc ccaaggttac ggtcaaggtt tgaacttgag agacaacggt 300
ttgaaactta tcattggtgt ccgtaaagat ggtgcttctt ggaaggctgc catcgaagac 360
ggttgggttc caggcaagaa cttgttccact gttgaagatg ctatcaagag aggtagttag 420
gttatgaact tgttgtccga tgcctctcaa tcagaaacct ggctgctat caagccattg 480
ttgaccaagg gtaagacttt gtacttctcc cacggtttct cccagctctt caaggacttg 540
actcacgttg aaccacaaaa ggacttagat gttatcttgg ttgctccaaa gggttccggt 600
agaactgtca gatctttggt caaggaaggt cgtggtatta actcttctta cgcctctggt 660
aacgatgtca ccggttaaggc tcacgaaaag gcccaagctt tggccgttgc cattggttcc 720
ggttacgttt accaaaccac tttcgaaaaga gaagtcaact ctgacttgta cggtgaaaga 780
ggttgtttaa tgggtggtat ccacggtatg ttcttggtctc aatacgaact cttgagagaa 840
aacggtcact ccccatctga agctttcaac gaaaccgtcg aagaagctac ccaatctcta 900
taccattga tccgtaagta cggtatggat tacatgtacg atgcttgctc caccaccgcc 960
agaagagggt ctttgactg gtacccaatc ttcaagaatg ctttgaagcc tgttttccaa 1020
gacttgtacg aatctaccaa gaacggtacc gaaaccaaga gatctttgga attcaactct 1080
caactgact acagagaaaa gctagaaaag gaattagaca ccatcagaaa catggaaatc 1140
tggagggttg gtaaggaagt cagaaagttg agaccagaaa accaataa 1188

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 34
<211> LENGTH: 395
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Saccharomyces cerevisiae

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

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Met Leu Arg Thr Gln Ala Ala Arg Leu Ile Cys Asn Ser Arg Val Ile
1           5           10           15
Thr Ala Lys Arg Thr Phe Ala Leu Ala Thr Arg Ala Ala Ala Tyr Ser
20           25           30
Arg Pro Ala Ala Arg Phe Val Lys Pro Met Ile Thr Thr Arg Gly Leu
35           40           45
Lys Gln Ile Asn Phe Gly Gly Thr Val Glu Thr Val Tyr Glu Arg Ala
50           55           60
Asp Trp Pro Arg Glu Lys Leu Leu Asp Tyr Phe Lys Asn Asp Thr Phe
65           70           75           80

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Ala Leu Ile Gly Tyr Gly Ser Gln Gly Tyr Gly Gln Gly Leu Asn Leu
85 90 95

Arg Asp Asn Gly Leu Asn Val Ile Ile Gly Val Arg Lys Asp Gly Ala
100 105 110

Ser Trp Lys Ala Ala Ile Glu Asp Gly Trp Val Pro Gly Lys Asn Leu
115 120 125

Phe Thr Val Glu Asp Ala Ile Lys Arg Gly Ser Tyr Val Met Asn Leu
130 135 140

Leu Ser Asp Ala Ala Gln Ser Glu Thr Trp Pro Ala Ile Lys Pro Leu
145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Lys Gly Lys Thr Leu Tyr Phe Ser His Gly Phe Ser Pro Val
165 170 175

Phe Lys Asp Leu Thr His Val Glu Pro Pro Lys Asp Leu Asp Val Ile
180 185 190

Leu Val Ala Pro Lys Gly Ser Gly Arg Thr Val Arg Ser Leu Phe Lys
195 200 205

Glu Gly Arg Gly Ile Asn Ser Ser Tyr Ala Val Trp Asn Asp Val Thr
210 215 220

Gly Lys Ala His Glu Lys Ala Gln Ala Leu Ala Val Ala Ile Gly Ser
225 230 235 240

Gly Tyr Val Tyr Gln Thr Thr Phe Glu Arg Glu Val Asn Ser Asp Leu
245 250 255

Tyr Gly Glu Arg Gly Cys Leu Met Gly Gly Ile His Gly Met Phe Leu
260 265 270

Ala Gln Tyr Asp Val Leu Arg Glu Asn Gly His Ser Pro Ser Glu Ala
275 280 285

Phe Asn Glu Thr Val Glu Glu Ala Thr Gln Ser Leu Tyr Pro Leu Ile
290 295 300

Gly Lys Tyr Gly Met Asp Tyr Met Tyr Asp Ala Cys Ser Thr Thr Ala
305 310 315 320

Arg Arg Gly Ala Leu Asp Trp Tyr Pro Ile Phe Lys Asn Ala Leu Lys
325 330 335

Pro Val Phe Gln Asp Leu Tyr Glu Ser Thr Lys Asn Gly Thr Glu Thr
340 345 350

Lys Arg Ser Leu Glu Phe Asn Ser Gln Pro Asp Tyr Arg Glu Lys Leu
355 360 365

Glu Lys Glu Leu Asp Thr Ile Arg Asn Met Glu Ile Trp Lys Val Gly
370 375 380

Lys Glu Val Arg Lys Leu Arg Pro Glu Asn Gln
385 390 395

<210> SEQ ID NO 35

<211> LENGTH: 244

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae CYC1 terminator

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

attaaagcct tcgagcgtcc caaaccttc tcaagcaagg ttttcagtat aatgttacat 60

gcgtacacgc gtctgtacag aaaaaaaga aaaatttgaa atataataa cgttcttaat 120

actaacataa ctataaaaa ataaataggg acctagactt caggttgctt aactccttcc 180

ttttcgggta gacgcatgt ggggggaggg cgtgaatgta agcgtgacat aactaattac 240

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atga

244

<210> SEQ ID NO 36

<211> LENGTH: 570

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Bacillus subtilis

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

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Met Thr Lys Ala Thr Lys Glu Gln Lys Ser Leu Val Lys Asn Arg Gly
 1          5          10          15
Ala Glu Leu Val Val Asp Cys Leu Val Glu Gln Gly Val Thr His Val
 20          25          30
Phe Gly Ile Pro Gly Ala Lys Ile Asp Ala Val Phe Asp Ala Leu Gln
 35          40          45
Asp Lys Gly Pro Glu Ile Ile Val Ala Arg His Glu Gln Asn Ala Ala
 50          55          60
Phe Met Ala Gln Ala Val Gly Arg Leu Thr Gly Lys Pro Gly Val Val
 65          70          75          80
Leu Val Thr Ser Gly Pro Gly Ala Ser Asn Leu Ala Thr Gly Leu Leu
 85          90          95
Thr Ala Asn Thr Glu Gly Asp Pro Val Val Ala Leu Ala Gly Asn Val
100          105          110
Ile Arg Ala Asp Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr His Gln Ser Leu Asp Asn Ala
115          120          125
Ala Leu Phe Gln Pro Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ser Val Glu Val Gln Asp Val
130          135          140
Lys Asn Ile Pro Glu Ala Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Arg Ile Ala Ser Ala
145          150          155          160
Gly Gln Ala Gly Ala Ala Phe Val Ser Phe Pro Gln Asp Val Val Asn
165          170          175
Glu Val Thr Asn Thr Lys Asn Val Arg Ala Val Ala Ala Pro Lys Leu
180          185          190
Gly Pro Ala Ala Asp Asp Ala Ile Ser Ala Ala Ile Ala Lys Ile Gln
195          200          205
Thr Ala Lys Leu Pro Val Val Leu Val Gly Met Lys Gly Gly Arg Pro
210          215          220
Glu Ala Ile Lys Ala Val Arg Lys Leu Leu Lys Lys Val Gln Leu Pro
225          230          235          240
Phe Val Glu Thr Tyr Gln Ala Ala Gly Thr Leu Ser Arg Asp Leu Glu
245          250          255
Asp Gln Tyr Phe Gly Arg Ile Gly Leu Phe Arg Asn Gln Pro Gly Asp
260          265          270
Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Ala Asp Val Val Leu Thr Ile Gly Tyr Asp Pro
275          280          285
Ile Glu Tyr Asp Pro Lys Phe Trp Asn Ile Asn Gly Asp Arg Thr Ile
290          295          300
Ile His Leu Asp Glu Ile Ile Ala Asp Ile Asp His Ala Tyr Gln Pro
305          310          315          320
Asp Leu Glu Leu Ile Gly Asp Ile Pro Ser Thr Ile Asn His Ile Glu
325          330          335
His Asp Ala Val Lys Val Glu Phe Ala Glu Arg Glu Gln Lys Ile Leu
340          345          350
Ser Asp Leu Lys Gln Tyr Met His Glu Gly Glu Gln Val Pro Ala Asp
355          360          365

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Trp Lys Ser Asp Arg Ala His Pro Leu Glu Ile Val Lys Glu Leu Arg
 370 375 380
 Asn Ala Val Asp Asp His Val Thr Val Thr Cys Asp Ile Gly Ser His
 385 390 395 400
 Ala Ile Trp Met Ser Arg Tyr Phe Arg Ser Tyr Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu
 405 410 415
 Met Ile Ser Asn Gly Met Gln Thr Leu Gly Val Ala Leu Pro Trp Ala
 420 425 430
 Ile Gly Ala Ser Leu Val Lys Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Val Ser Val Ser
 435 440 445
 Gly Asp Gly Gly Phe Leu Phe Ser Ala Met Glu Leu Glu Thr Ala Val
 450 455 460
 Arg Leu Lys Ala Pro Ile Val His Ile Val Trp Asn Asp Ser Thr Tyr
 465 470 475 480
 Asp Met Val Ala Phe Gln Gln Leu Lys Lys Tyr Asn Arg Thr Ser Ala
 485 490 495
 Val Asp Phe Gly Asn Ile Asp Ile Val Lys Tyr Ala Glu Ser Phe Gly
 500 505 510
 Ala Thr Gly Leu Arg Val Glu Ser Pro Asp Gln Leu Ala Asp Val Leu
 515 520 525
 Arg Gln Gly Met Asn Ala Glu Gly Pro Val Ile Ile Asp Val Pro Val
 530 535 540
 Asp Tyr Ser Asp Asn Ile Asn Leu Ala Ser Asp Lys Leu Pro Lys Glu
 545 550 555 560
 Phe Gly Glu Leu Met Lys Thr Lys Ala Leu
 565 570

<210> SEQ ID NO 37

<211> LENGTH: 343

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Anaerostipes caccae

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

Met Glu Glu Cys Lys Met Ala Lys Ile Tyr Tyr Gln Glu Asp Cys Asn
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ser Leu Leu Asp Gly Lys Thr Ile Ala Val Ile Gly Tyr Gly Ser
 20 25 30
 Gln Gly His Ala His Ala Leu Asn Ala Lys Glu Ser Gly Cys Asn Val
 35 40 45
 Ile Ile Gly Leu Tyr Glu Gly Ala Lys Glu Trp Lys Arg Ala Glu Glu
 50 55 60
 Gln Gly Phe Glu Val Tyr Thr Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Lys Lys Ala Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Ile Met Ile Leu Ile Asn Asp Glu Lys Gln Ala Thr Met Tyr Lys
 85 90 95
 Asn Asp Ile Glu Pro Asn Leu Glu Ala Gly Asn Met Leu Met Phe Ala
 100 105 110
 His Gly Phe Asn Ile His Phe Gly Cys Ile Val Pro Pro Lys Asp Val
 115 120 125
 Asp Val Thr Met Ile Ala Pro Lys Gly Pro Gly His Thr Val Arg Ser
 130 135 140
 Glu Tyr Glu Glu Gly Lys Gly Val Pro Cys Leu Val Ala Val Glu Gln
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Ala Thr Gly Lys Ala Leu Asp Met Ala Leu Ala Tyr Ala Leu Ala
 165 170 175

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Ile Gly Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Val Leu Glu Thr Thr Phe Arg Thr Glu
 180 185 190
 Thr Glu Thr Asp Leu Phe Gly Glu Gln Ala Val Leu Cys Gly Gly Val
 195 200 205
 Cys Ala Leu Met Gln Ala Gly Phe Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Ala Gly Tyr
 210 215 220
 Asp Pro Arg Asn Ala Tyr Phe Glu Cys Ile His Glu Met Lys Leu Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Val Asp Leu Ile Tyr Gln Ser Gly Phe Ser Gly Met Arg Tyr Ser Ile
 245 250 255
 Ser Asn Thr Ala Glu Tyr Gly Asp Tyr Ile Thr Gly Pro Lys Ile Ile
 260 265 270
 Thr Glu Asp Thr Lys Lys Ala Met Lys Lys Ile Leu Ser Asp Ile Gln
 275 280 285
 Asp Gly Thr Phe Ala Lys Asp Phe Leu Val Asp Met Ser Asp Ala Gly
 290 295 300
 Ser Gln Val His Phe Lys Ala Met Arg Lys Leu Ala Ser Glu His Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Ala Glu Val Val Gly Glu Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu Tyr Ser Trp Ser Asp
 325 330 335
 Glu Asp Lys Leu Ile Asn Asn
 340

<210> SEQ ID NO 38
 <211> LENGTH: 343
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Anaerostipes caccae

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

Met Glu Glu Cys Lys Met Ala Lys Ile Tyr Tyr Gln Glu Asp Cys Asn
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ser Leu Leu Asp Gly Lys Thr Ile Ala Val Ile Gly Tyr Gly Ser
 20 25 30
 Gln Gly His Ala His Ala Leu Asn Ala Lys Glu Ser Gly Cys Asn Val
 35 40 45
 Ile Ile Gly Leu Tyr Glu Gly Ala Lys Asp Trp Lys Arg Ala Glu Glu
 50 55 60
 Gln Gly Phe Glu Val Tyr Thr Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Lys Lys Ala Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Ile Met Ile Leu Ile Asn Asp Glu Lys Gln Ala Thr Met Tyr Lys
 85 90 95
 Asn Asp Ile Glu Pro Asn Leu Glu Ala Gly Asn Met Leu Met Phe Ala
 100 105 110
 His Gly Phe Asn Ile His Phe Gly Cys Ile Val Pro Pro Lys Asp Val
 115 120 125
 Asp Val Thr Met Ile Ala Pro Lys Gly Pro Gly His Thr Val Arg Ser
 130 135 140
 Glu Tyr Glu Glu Gly Lys Gly Val Pro Cys Leu Val Ala Val Glu Gln
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Ala Thr Gly Lys Ala Leu Asp Met Ala Leu Ala Tyr Ala Leu Ala
 165 170 175
 Ile Gly Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Val Leu Glu Thr Thr Phe Arg Thr Glu
 180 185 190
 Thr Glu Thr Asp Leu Phe Gly Glu Gln Ala Val Leu Cys Gly Gly Val

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195			200			205									
Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	Gln	Ala	Gly	Phe	Glu	Thr	Leu	Val	Glu	Ala	Gly	Tyr
210						215					220				
Asp	Pro	Arg	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Cys	Ile	His	Glu	Met	Lys	Leu	Ile
225				230						235					240
Val	Asp	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Gly	Met	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Ile
			245							250					255
Ser	Asn	Thr	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Thr	Gly	Pro	Lys	Ile	Ile
			260					265						270	
Thr	Glu	Asp	Thr	Lys	Lys	Ala	Met	Lys	Lys	Ile	Leu	Ser	Asp	Ile	Gln
			275					280						285	
Asp	Gly	Thr	Phe	Ala	Lys	Asp	Phe	Leu	Val	Asp	Met	Ser	Asp	Ala	Gly
	290						295				300				
Ser	Gln	Val	His	Phe	Lys	Ala	Met	Arg	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ser	Glu	His	Pro
305					310						315				320
Ala	Glu	Val	Val	Gly	Glu	Glu	Ile	Arg	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asp
				325						330					335
Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Ile	Asn	Asn									
			340												

<210> SEQ ID NO 39
 <211> LENGTH: 15539
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLH468
 <400> SEQUENCE: 39

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cagcttgctc	gtaagcggat	gccgggagca	gacaagcccc	tcagggcgcg	tcagcgggtg	120
ttggcgggtg	tcggggctgg	cttaactatg	cggcatcaga	gcagattgta	ctgagagtgc	180
accataaatt	cccgttttaa	gagcttggtg	agcgctagga	gtcaactgcca	ggtatcgttt	240
gaacacggca	ttagtccagg	aagtcataac	acagtccttt	cccgcaattt	tctttttcta	300
ttactcttgg	cctcctctag	tacactctat	atTTTTTTT	gcctcggtaa	tgattttcat	360
TTTTTTTTT	ccacctagcg	gatgactctt	TTTTTTTctt	agcgattggc	attatcacat	420
aatgaattat	acattatata	aagtaatgtg	atttcttcga	agaatatact	aaaaaatgag	480
caggcaagat	aaacgaaggc	aaagatgaca	gagcagaaaag	ccctagtaaa	gcgtattaca	540
aatgaaacca	agattcagat	tcgcatctct	ttaaagggtg	gtcccctagc	gatagagcac	600
tcgatcttcc	cagaaaaaga	ggcagaagca	gtagcagaac	aggccacaca	atcgcaagtg	660
attaacgtcc	acacaggat	agggtttctg	gaccatatga	tacatgctct	ggccaagcat	720
tccggctggg	cgctaactcg	tgagtgcatt	ggtgacttac	acatagacga	ccatcacacc	780
actgaagact	gcgggattgc	tctcggtcaa	gcttttaaag	aggccctagg	ggcgtgcgt	840
ggagtaaaaa	ggtttgatc	aggatttgcg	cctttggatg	aggcacttcc	cagagcgggtg	900
gtagatcttt	cgaacaggcc	gtacgcagtt	gtcgaacttg	gtttgcaaag	ggagaaagta	960
ggagatctct	cttgcgagat	gatccccgat	tttcttgaaa	gctttgcaga	ggctagcaga	1020
attaccctcc	acgttgattg	tctgcgaggc	aagaatgata	atcaccgtag	tgagagtgcg	1080
ttcaaggctc	ttgcgggtgc	cataagagaa	gccacctcgc	ccaatggtag	caacgatggt	1140
ccctccacca	aagggtttct	tatgtagtga	caccgattat	ttaaagetgc	agcatacgat	1200

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atatacat	gtgtatat	gtatacct	aatgtcag	aagtatgt	acgaacag	1260
tgatactg	gatgaca	taatgcat	ttctatac	gtcattct	acgaggcg	1320
ctttcctt	ttctttt	ttttcttt	ttttctct	gaactcg	gatctatg	1380
gtgtgaa	ccgcacag	gcgtaagg	aaaatacc	atcaggaa	tgtaagcg	1440
aatatttt	taaaatcg	gttaaatt	tgtaaata	gctcattt	taaccaat	1500
gccgaaat	gcaaaatc	ttataaat	aaagaata	ccgagatg	ggtgagtg	1560
gttcagtt	ggaacaag	tccactat	aagaacgt	actccaac	caaagggc	1620
aaaaccgt	atcagggc	tgccccac	cgtaacc	cacccta	aatgtttt	1680
gggtcgag	gccgtaa	actaaatc	aacctaa	ggagcccc	atttagag	1740
tgacggg	agccggcg	cgtaggcg	aaggaagg	agaaagcg	aggagcgg	1800
gctagggc	tgcaagt	agcggtc	ctgcgcta	ccaccac	cgccgcgt	1860
aatgcgcc	tacagggc	gtccattc	cattcagg	gcgcaact	tggaaggg	1920
gcggtgcg	cctcttc	attacgcc	ctggcgaa	gggatgtg	tgcaagcg	1980
ttaagtgg	taacgcc	gtttccca	tcacgac	gtaaacg	ggccagt	2040
cgcgcgta	acgactca	atagggcg	ttgggtac	ggcccccc	cgaggtcg	2100
ggcgccca	tggtagag	cgactttg	tgccccaa	gcgaaacc	cgatctct	2160
ctcgattc	tagtaccg	ccaggaca	gaaaagg	tcgaaac	tttgaaga	2220
caagagga	tacacgga	ctctaaga	ggcaacc	cagaaact	gaaaatga	2280
ttgatgg	caactgg	cgctggct	aacaaca	ccagcctc	aacttctg	2340
aataacgg	gtacgcc	gccaccag	ccgttac	tcggtata	tcctttccc	2400
atgtttcc	tgccctca	gctccaac	gtactata	caaatcct	tcaagctg	2460
gcaagcc	agaaatg	aacaactg	acagtact	ataattgc	acttgctt	2520
acatacgt	catacgtc	tatagata	aatgata	acagcagg	tatcgtaa	2580
cgtaatag	gaaaaatc	aaaatgtg	ggtcatt	taaataat	taggaatg	2640
attcttct	ttttcctt	tccattct	cagccgtc	gaaaacgt	catcctct	2700
ttcgggtc	attggagt	cgctgcc	agcatcct	ctttccat	ctaacaac	2760
agcacgta	caatggaa	gcatgag	agcgttgc	caaaaaag	ttggatgg	2820
aataccatt	gtctgttc	ttctgact	gactcctc	aaaaaaaa	ctacaatc	2880
cagatcg	caattacg	ctcacaaa	ctttttct	tcttcttc	ccacgtta	2940
ttttatcc	catgtgtc	aacggatt	tgcacttg	ttattata	aagacaa	3000
cataaact	ctctatca	ttcagtt	gttcttcc	gcgttatt	tctgttct	3060
ttttcttt	gtcatata	accataac	agtaata	attcaaac	gtatgact	3120
caaaaaac	cttaaag	taagaaat	tagttctg	tacgattc	tggttaac	3180
acctaatc	gctatgtg	gtgcaact	tatgcaag	gaagactt	aaaaacct	3240
cgtcgggt	atttcaac	gggctgaa	cacacctg	aatatcc	tacatgac	3300
tggtaaac	gccaaagt	gtgttaag	agctgggt	tgcccagt	agttcgga	3360
aatcacgg	tctgatgg	tcgccatg	aaccaagg	atgcgttt	ccttgac	3420
tcgtgat	attgcag	ctattgag	agccatgg	ggtcata	cggtgctt	3480
tgtagcc	ggcggttg	ataaaaa	gcccggtt	gttatcg	tggtaac	3540
ggatatccc	gccatttt	cttacggc	aacaattg	cctggtaa	tagacggc	3600

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agatatcgat	ttagtctctg	tctttgaagg	tgteggccat	tggaaccacg	gcgatatgac	3660
caaagaagaa	gttaaagctt	tggaatgtaa	tgcttgccc	ggctctggag	gctgcggtgg	3720
tatgtatact	gctaacacaa	tgccgacagc	tattgaagtt	ttgggactta	gccttccggg	3780
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cgctgttgtc	aaaatgctcg	aaatgggctt	aaaaccttct	gacattttaa	cgctggaagc	3900
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ccaagaaaa	gttccctcatt	tgctgattt	gaaaccttct	ggccaatag	tattccaaga	4080
cctttacaag	gtcggagggg	taccagcagt	tatgaaatat	ctccttaaaa	atggcttctc	4140
tcatggtgac	cgtatcactt	gtactggcaa	aacagtcgct	gaaaatttga	aggcttttga	4200
tgatttaaca	cctgggtcaaa	aggttattat	gccgcttgaa	aatcctaaac	gtgaagatgg	4260
tccgctcatt	attctccatg	gtaacttggc	tccagacggt	gccgttgcca	aagtttctgg	4320
tgtaaaagtg	cgtegtcatg	tcggctctgc	taaggctttt	aattctgaag	aagaagccat	4380
tgaagctgtc	ttgaatgatg	atattgttga	tggtgatggt	gttgcgtac	gtttttagg	4440
accaaagggc	ggctctggta	tgctgaaat	gctttccctt	tcatcaatga	ttgttggtaa	4500
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tcttgcgtg	ggtcatactg	ctcctgaagc	acaagatggc	ggccaatcg	cctacctgca	4620
aacaggagac	atagtacta	ttgaccaaga	cactaaggaa	ttacactttg	atatctccga	4680
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tattattttt	atattttat	ttatattatt	ggctcgctct	tttctctga	aggtcaatga	4980
caaatgata	tgaaggaaat	aatgatttct	aaaattttac	aacgtaagat	atttttacaa	5040
aagctagct	catcttttgt	catgcactat	tttactcacg	cttgaaatta	acggccagtc	5100
cactgcgag	tcatttcaaa	gtcatcctaa	tcgatctatc	gtttttgata	gctcattttg	5160
gagttcgcga	ttgtctctg	ttattcacia	ctgttttaat	ttttatttca	ttctggaact	5220
cttcgagttc	tttgtaaagt	ctttcatagt	agcttacttt	atcctccaac	atatttact	5280
tcatgtcaat	ttcggctctt	aaatttcca	catcatcaag	ttcaacatca	tcttttact	5340
tgaatttatt	ctctagctct	tccaaccaag	cctcattgct	ccttgattta	ctgggtgaaaa	5400
gtgatacact	ttgcgcgcaa	tccaggtcaa	aactttcctg	caaagaattc	accaatttct	5460
cgacatcata	gtacaatttg	ttttgttctc	ccatcacaat	ttaatatacc	tgatggattc	5520
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gtacggaaga	caatgcta	aaataagagg	gtaataataa	tattattaat	cgcaaaaaa	5640
gattaaacgc	caagcgttta	attatcagaa	agcaaacgtc	gtaccaatcc	ttgaatgctt	5700
cccaattgta	tattaagagt	catcacagca	acatattctt	gttattaat	taattattat	5760
tgatttttga	tattgtataa	aaaaaccaa	tatgtataaa	aaaagtgaat	aaaaatacc	5820
aagtatggag	aaatatatta	gaagctata	cgtaaacca	ccgggcccc	ccctcgaggt	5880
cgacggtatc	gataagcttg	atatcgaatt	cctgcagccc	gggggatcca	ctagttctag	5940

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agcgccgct	ctagaactag	taccacaggt	gttgtcctct	gaggacataa	aatacacacc	6000
gagattcatc	aactcattgc	tggagttagc	atatctacaa	ttgggtgaaa	tggggagcga	6060
tttgaggca	tttgctggc	atgccggtag	aggtgtggtc	aataagagcg	acctcatgct	6120
atacctgaga	aagcaacctg	acctacagga	aagagttact	caagaataag	aattttcggt	6180
ttaaaccta	agagtcactt	taaaatttgt	atacacttat	ttttttata	acttatttaa	6240
taataaaaat	cataaatcat	aagaaattcg	cttactctta	attaatcaaa	aagttaaaat	6300
tgtacgaata	gattcaccac	ttcttaacaa	atcaaacctt	tcattgattt	tctcgaatgg	6360
caatacatgt	gtaattaaag	gatcaagagc	aaacttcttc	gccataaagt	cggcaacaag	6420
ttttggaaca	ctatccttgc	tcttaaaacc	gccaaatata	gctcccttcc	atgtacgacc	6480
gcttagcaac	agcataggat	tcacgacaaa	attttgtgaa	tcaggaggaa	cacctacgat	6540
cacactgact	ccatattgct	cttgacagca	ggacaacgca	gttaccatag	tatcaagacg	6600
gcctataact	tcaaaagaga	aatcaactcc	accgtttgac	atttcagtaa	ggacttcttg	6660
tattggtttc	ttataatctt	gagggttaac	acattcagta	gccccgacct	ccttagcttt	6720
tgcaaatctg	tccttattga	tgtctacacc	tataatcctc	gctgcgctg	cagctttaca	6780
ccccataata	acgcttagtc	ctactcctcc	taaaccgaat	actgcacaag	tcgaacctg	6840
tgtaaccttt	gcaactttaa	ctgcggaacc	gtaaccggtg	gaaaatccgc	accctatcaa	6900
gcaaaccttt	tccagtggtg	aagctgcctc	gatttttagc	acagatatct	cgccaccacc	6960
tgtgtattgg	gaaaaatgag	aagtaccaag	gaaatggtgt	ataggtttcc	ctctgcatgt	7020
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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae TDH3 promoter

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

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 <220> FEATURE:
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<210> SEQ ID NO 43
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 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer OT1067

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

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 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLH467

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<210> SEQ ID NO 46

<211> LENGTH: 753

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae GPM1 promoter

<400> SEQUENCE: 46

```

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ttaataatcc aaacaaacac acatattaca ata 753

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<210> SEQ ID NO 47
 <211> LENGTH: 1047
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Achromobacter xylosoxidans

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

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gatctcggca tctacaaagg caagaatcca gaggtcgcgc acgggcgcat cctgggcat   180
gaagggtag  gcgatcatga ggaagtgggc gagagtgtca cgcagttcaa gaaaggcgac   240
aaggtcctga tttctcgcgt cacttcttgc ggctcgtgcg actactgcaa gaagcagctt   300
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tccgtactgt tgaccgccc gttctactcc cctcgcacca tcatcgtgat cgacatggac   600
gagaatcgcc tccagctcgc caaggagctc ggggcaacgc acaccatcaa ctccggcaccg   660
gagaacgttg tcgaagccgt gcataggatt gcggcagagg gagtcgatgt tgcgatcgag   720
gcggtgggca taccggcgac ttgggacatc tgccaggaga tcgtcaagcc cggcgcgcac   780
atcgccaacg tcggcgtgca tggcgtcaag gttgacttcg agattcagaa gctctggatc   840
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gtcgcctcga ccgacaagct tccgttgaag aagatgatta cccatcgctt cgagctggcc   960
gagatcgagc acgctatca ggtattcctc aatggcgcca aggagaaggc gatgaagatc  1020
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<210> SEQ ID NO 48
 <211> LENGTH: 348
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Achromobacter xylosoxidans

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

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 20          25          30
Leu Lys Thr Thr Ile Cys Gly Thr Asp Leu Gly Ile Tyr Lys Gly Lys
 35          40          45
Asn Pro Glu Val Ala Asp Gly Arg Ile Leu Gly His Glu Gly Val Gly
 50          55          60
Val Ile Glu Glu Val Gly Glu Ser Val Thr Gln Phe Lys Lys Gly Asp
 65          70          75          80
Lys Val Leu Ile Ser Cys Val Thr Ser Cys Gly Ser Cys Asp Tyr Cys
 85          90          95
Lys Lys Gln Leu Tyr Ser His Cys Arg Asp Gly Gly Trp Ile Leu Gly
 100         105         110
Tyr Met Ile Asp Gly Val Gln Ala Glu Tyr Val Arg Ile Pro His Ala
 115         120         125
Asp Asn Ser Leu Tyr Lys Ile Pro Gln Thr Ile Asp Asp Glu Ile Ala
 130         135         140
  
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Val Leu Leu Ser Asp Ile Leu Pro Thr Gly His Glu Ile Gly Val Gln
 145 150 155 160

Tyr Gly Asn Val Gln Pro Gly Asp Ala Val Ala Ile Val Gly Ala Gly
 165 170 175

Pro Val Gly Met Ser Val Leu Leu Thr Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ser Pro Ser
 180 185 190

Thr Ile Ile Val Ile Asp Met Asp Glu Asn Arg Leu Gln Leu Ala Lys
 195 200 205

Glu Leu Gly Ala Thr His Thr Ile Asn Ser Gly Thr Glu Asn Val Val
 210 215 220

Glu Ala Val His Arg Ile Ala Ala Glu Gly Val Asp Val Ala Ile Glu
 225 230 235 240

Ala Val Gly Ile Pro Ala Thr Trp Asp Ile Cys Gln Glu Ile Val Lys
 245 250 255

Pro Gly Ala His Ile Ala Asn Val Gly Val His Gly Val Lys Val Asp
 260 265 270

Phe Glu Ile Gln Lys Leu Trp Ile Lys Asn Leu Thr Ile Thr Thr Gly
 275 280 285

Leu Val Asn Thr Asn Thr Thr Pro Met Leu Met Lys Val Ala Ser Thr
 290 295 300

Asp Lys Leu Pro Leu Lys Lys Met Ile Thr His Arg Phe Glu Leu Ala
 305 310 315 320

Glu Ile Glu His Ala Tyr Gln Val Phe Leu Asn Gly Ala Lys Glu Lys
 325 330 335

Ala Met Lys Ile Ile Leu Ser Asn Ala Gly Ala Ala
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<210> SEQ ID NO 49
 <211> LENGTH: 316
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae ADH1 terminator

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

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aactctttcc tgtaggtcag gttgctttct caggtatagc atgaggtcgc tcttattgac 180

cacacctcta ccggcatgcc gagcaaatgc ctgcaaatcg ctccccattt cacccaattg 240

tagatatgct aactccagca atgagttgat gaatctcggg gtgtatttta tgtctcaga 300

ggacaacacc tgtggt 316

<210> SEQ ID NO 50
 <211> LENGTH: 39
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer OT1074

<400> SEQUENCE: 50

cacacatatt acaatagcta gctgaggatg aaagctctg 39

<210> SEQ ID NO 51
 <211> LENGTH: 39
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer OT1075

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

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<210> SEQ ID NO 52

<211> LENGTH: 9075

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLH435

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

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ctcacaattc cacacaacat aggagccgga agcataaagt gtaaagcctg ggggtgcctaa 180

tgagtgaggt aactcacatt aattgcgttg cgctcactgc ccgctttcca gtcgggaaac 240

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gcggtatcag ctcaactcaa ggcggttaata cggttatcca cagaatcagg ggataacgca 420

ggaaagaaca tgtgagcaaa aggccagcaa aaggccagga accgtaaaaa ggccgcggtg 480

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aataggggtt ccgcgccat tccccgaaa agtgccacct gaacgaagca tctgtgcttc	8100
atthttaga acaaaaatgc aacgcgagag cgctaatttt tcaacaaaag aatctgagct	8160
gcatttttac agaacagaaa tgcaacgcga aagcgtatt ttaccaacga agaactctgtg	8220
cttcattttt gtaaaacaaa aatgcaacgc gagagcgcta atthttcaaa caaagaatct	8280
gagctgcatt tttacagaac agaaatgcaa cgcgagagcg ctatthttacc aacaagaat	8340
ctatacttct tttttgttct acaaaaatgc atccccgagag cgctatthtt ctaacaaagc	8400
atcttagatt actthtttct tctttgtgct gctctataat gcagttctct gataactttt	8460
tgcaactgtag gtcctgtaag gttagaagaa ggctactttg gtgtctatth tctcttccat	8520
aaaaaaagcc tgactccact tccccggtt actgattact agcgaagctg cgggtgcatt	8580
thttcaagat aaaggcatcc ccgattatat tctataccga tgtggattgc gcatactttg	8640
tgaacagaaa gtgatagcgt tgatgattct tcattggtca gaaaattatg aacggtttct	8700
tctatthtgt ctctatatac tacgtatagg aaatgthtac atthttcgat tgtthttgat	8760
tcactctatg aatagttctt actacaatth tthttgtctaa agagtaatac tagagataaa	8820
cataaaaaat gttagagctg agthttagatg caagttcaag gacgcaaaagg tggatgggta	8880
ggttatatag ggatatagca cagagatata tagcaaaagag atactthttga gcaatgtht	8940
tggaaagcgtt attcgaata thtttagtagc tcgthtacagt ccggtgcggt thttgthttt	9000
tgaagtgcg tcttcagagc gctthttggtt thcaaaagcg ctctgaagtt cctatactth	9060

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ctagagaata ggaacttogg aataggaact tcaaagcgtt tccgaaaacg agcgcttccg 9120
aaaatgcaac gcgagctgcg cacatacagc tcaactgttca cgtcgcacct atatctgctg 9180
gttgctgta tatatatata catgagaaga acggcatagt gcgtgtttat gcttaaatgc 9240
gtacttatat gcgtctatatt atgtaggatg aaaggtagtc tagtacctcc tgtgatatta 9300
tcccattcca tgcgggggat cgtatgcttc cttcagcact accctttagc tgttctatat 9360
getgccaact ctcaattgga ttagtctcat ccttcaatgc tatcatttcc tttgatattg 9420
gatcatctaa gaaaccatta ttatcatgac attaacctat aaaaataggc gtatcacgag 9480
gccctttcgt c 9491

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<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 1000
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: FBA1 terminator nt 4861 to 5860

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<400> SEQUENCE: 54

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gtaattcaa attaattgat atagtttttt aatgagtatt gaatctgttt agaaataatg 60
gaatattatt tttatttatt tatttatatt attggtcggc tcttttcttc tgaaggtaa 120
tgacaaaatg atatgaagga aataatgatt tctaaaattt tacaacgtaa gatattttta 180
caaaagccta gctcatcttt tgctcatgac tattttactc acgcttgaaa ttaacggcca 240
gtccactgcg gagtcatttc aaagtcaccc taatcgatct atcgtttttg atagtcatt 300
ttggagttcg cgattgtctt ctgttattca caactgtttt aatttttatt tcattctgga 360
actcttcgag ttctttgtaa agtccttcat agtagcttac tttatcctcc aacatattta 420
acttcatgtc aatttcggct cttaaatttt ccacatcacc aagttcaaca tcattcttta 480
acttgaattt attctctagc tcttccaacc aagcctcatt gctccttgat ttactgggta 540
aaagtgtac actttgctcg caatccaggc caaaacttcc ctgcaaagaa ttcaccaatt 600
tctcgacatc atagtacaat ttgttttggt ctcccatcac aatttaatat acctgatgga 660
ttcttatgaa gcgctgggta atggacgtgt cactctactt cgccttttcc cctactcctt 720
ttagtacgga agacaatgct aataaataag agggtaataa taatattatt aatcgcaaaa 780
aaagattaaa cgccaagcgt ttaattatca gaaagcaaac gtcgtaccaa tccttgaatg 840
cttccaatt gtatattaag agtcatcaca gcaacatatt cttgttatta aattaattat 900
tattgatttt tgatattgta taaaaaaac aaatatgtat aaaaaaagtg aataaaaaat 960
accaagtatg gagaaatata ttagaagtct atacgttaaa 1000

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<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 1713
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Streptococcus mutans

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<400> SEQUENCE: 55

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atgactgaca aaaaaactct taaagactta agaaatcgta gttctgttta cgattcaatg 60
gttaaatcac ctaatcgtgc tatgttgcgt gcaactggta tgcaagatga agactttgaa 120
aaacctatcg tcggtgtcat ttcaacttgg gctgaaaaca caccttgtaa tatccactta 180
catgactttg gtaaacctagc caaagtcggc gtttaaggaag ctggtgcttg gccagttcag 240
ttcggaacaa tcacggtttc tgatggaatc gccatgggaa cccaaggaat gcgtttctcc 300

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ttgacatctc gtgatattat tgcagattct attgaagcag ccatgggagg tcataatgcg 360
gatgcttttg tagccattgg cggtttgat aaaaacatgc cgggttctgt tategctatg 420
gctaacatgg atatcccagc ctttttgct tacggcggaa caattgcacc tggtaattta 480
gacggcaaag atatcgattt agtctctgtc tttgaagggtg tcggccattg gaaccaoggc 540
gatatgacca aagaagaagt taaagctttg gaatgtaatg cttgtcccgg tcctggaggc 600
tgcggtggtg tgtatactgc taacacaatg gcgacagcta ttgaagtttt gggacttagc 660
cttccggggtt catcttctca cccggctgaa tccgcagaaa agaaagcaga tattgaagaa 720
gctggtcgcg ctggtgtcaa aatgctcgaa atgggcttaa aaccttctga ctttttaacg 780
cgtgaagctt ttgaagatgc tattactgta actatggctc tgggagggtc aaccaactca 840
acccttcacc tcttagctat tgcccattgct gctaagtgtg aattgacact tgatgatttc 900
aatactttcc aagaaaaagt tcctcatttg gctgatttga aaccttctgg tcaatatgta 960
ttccaagacc tttacaaggt cggaggggta ccagcagtta tgaatatctt ccttaaaaat 1020
ggcttccttc atggtgaccg taccacttgt actggcaaaa cagtcgctga aaatttgaag 1080
gcttttgatg atttaacacc tggtaaaaag gttattatgc cgcttgaaaa tcctaaacgt 1140
gaagatggtc cgctcattat tctccatggt aacttggtc cagacgggtc cgttgcaaaa 1200
gtttctgggtg taaaagtgcg tcgtcatgtc ggtcctgcta aggtctttaa ttctgaagaa 1260
gaagccattg aagctgtcct gaatgatgat attgttgatg gtgatgtgtg tgcgtacgt 1320
ttttagtagc caaagggcgg tcctggtatg cctgaaatgc tttcccttcc atcaatgatt 1380
gttggtaaag ggcaagggtg aaaagttgcc cttctgacag atggccgctt ctcaggtggt 1440
acttatggtc ttgctggtgg tcatatogct cctgaagcac aagatggcgg tccaatcgcc 1500
tacctgcaaa caggagacat agtcactatt gaccaagaca ctaaggaatt acactttgat 1560
atctccgatg aagagttaaa acatcgtcaa gagaccattg aattgccacc gctctattca 1620
cgcggtatcc ttggtaaata tgctcacatc gttctgtctg cttctagggg agccgtaaca 1680
gacttttggg agcctgaaga aactggcaaa aaa 1713

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<210> SEQ ID NO 56

<211> LENGTH: 571

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Streptococcus mutans

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

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Met Thr Asp Lys Lys Thr Leu Lys Asp Leu Arg Asn Arg Ser Ser Val
1          5          10          15
Tyr Asp Ser Met Val Lys Ser Pro Asn Arg Ala Met Leu Arg Ala Thr
20          25          30
Gly Met Gln Asp Glu Asp Phe Glu Lys Pro Ile Val Gly Val Ile Ser
35          40          45
Thr Trp Ala Glu Asn Thr Pro Cys Asn Ile His Leu His Asp Phe Gly
50          55          60
Lys Leu Ala Lys Val Gly Val Lys Glu Ala Gly Ala Trp Pro Val Gln
65          70          75          80
Phe Gly Thr Ile Thr Val Ser Asp Gly Ile Ala Met Gly Thr Gln Gly
85          90          95
Met Arg Phe Ser Leu Thr Ser Arg Asp Ile Ile Ala Asp Ser Ile Glu
100         105         110
Ala Ala Met Gly Gly His Asn Ala Asp Ala Phe Val Ala Ile Gly Gly
115         120         125

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Cys Asp Lys Asn Met Pro Gly Ser Val Ile Ala Met Ala Asn Met Asp
 130 135 140
 Ile Pro Ala Ile Phe Ala Tyr Gly Gly Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Gly Lys Asp Ile Asp Leu Val Ser Val Phe Glu Gly Val Gly His
 165 170 175
 Trp Asn His Gly Asp Met Thr Lys Glu Glu Val Lys Ala Leu Glu Cys
 180 185 190
 Asn Ala Cys Pro Gly Pro Gly Gly Cys Gly Gly Met Tyr Thr Ala Asn
 195 200 205
 Thr Met Ala Thr Ala Ile Glu Val Leu Gly Leu Ser Leu Pro Gly Ser
 210 215 220
 Ser Ser His Pro Ala Glu Ser Ala Glu Lys Lys Ala Asp Ile Glu Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ala Gly Arg Ala Val Val Lys Met Leu Glu Met Gly Leu Lys Pro Ser
 245 250 255
 Asp Ile Leu Thr Arg Glu Ala Phe Glu Asp Ala Ile Thr Val Thr Met
 260 265 270
 Ala Leu Gly Gly Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Leu His Leu Leu Ala Ile Ala
 275 280 285
 His Ala Ala Asn Val Glu Leu Thr Leu Asp Asp Phe Asn Thr Phe Gln
 290 295 300
 Glu Lys Val Pro His Leu Ala Asp Leu Lys Pro Ser Gly Gln Tyr Val
 305 310 315 320
 Phe Gln Asp Leu Tyr Lys Val Gly Gly Val Pro Ala Val Met Lys Tyr
 325 330 335
 Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Phe Leu His Gly Asp Arg Ile Thr Cys Thr Gly
 340 345 350
 Lys Thr Val Ala Glu Asn Leu Lys Ala Phe Asp Asp Leu Thr Pro Gly
 355 360 365
 Gln Lys Val Ile Met Pro Leu Glu Asn Pro Lys Arg Glu Asp Gly Pro
 370 375 380
 Leu Ile Ile Leu His Gly Asn Leu Ala Pro Asp Gly Ala Val Ala Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Val Ser Gly Val Lys Val Arg Arg His Val Gly Pro Ala Lys Val Phe
 405 410 415
 Asn Ser Glu Glu Glu Ala Ile Glu Ala Val Leu Asn Asp Asp Ile Val
 420 425 430
 Asp Gly Asp Val Val Val Val Arg Phe Val Gly Pro Lys Gly Gly Pro
 435 440 445
 Gly Met Pro Glu Met Leu Ser Leu Ser Ser Met Ile Val Gly Lys Gly
 450 455 460
 Gln Gly Glu Lys Val Ala Leu Leu Thr Asp Gly Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
 465 470 475 480
 Thr Tyr Gly Leu Val Val Gly His Ile Ala Pro Glu Ala Gln Asp Gly
 485 490 495
 Gly Pro Ile Ala Tyr Leu Gln Thr Gly Asp Ile Val Thr Ile Asp Gln
 500 505 510
 Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu His Phe Asp Ile Ser Asp Glu Glu Leu Lys His
 515 520 525
 Arg Gln Glu Thr Ile Glu Leu Pro Pro Leu Tyr Ser Arg Gly Ile Leu
 530 535 540

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Gly Lys Tyr Ala His Ile Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Arg Gly Ala Val Thr
545 550 555 560

Asp Phe Trp Lys Pro Glu Glu Thr Gly Lys Lys
565 570

<210> SEQ ID NO 57

<211> LENGTH: 4280

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pUC19-URA3r

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

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ggggatcctc tagagtcgac ctgcagccat gcaagcttgg cgtaatcatg gtcatactg      60
tttctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca attccacaca acatacgagc cggaagcata      120
aagtgtaaag cctgggggtgc ctaatgagtg agctaactca cattaatgac gttgcgctca      180
ctgcccgtt tccagtcggg aaacctgtcg tgccagctgc attaatgaat cggccaacgc      240
gccccggagag gcggtttgcg tattggggcg tcttccgctt cctcgctcac tgactcgctg      300
cgctcggctcg ttcggctgcg gcgagcggta tcagctcact caaaggcggg aatacgggta      360
tccacagaat caggggataa cgcaggaaag aacatgtgag caaaaggcca gcaaaaggcc      420
aggaaccgta aaaaggccgc gttgctggcg tttttccata ggctccgccc cctgaacgag      480
catcacaaaa atcgacgctc aagtcagagg tggcgaaaacc cgacaggact ataaagatac      540
caggcgtttc ccctggaag ctcctctgtg cgctctctctg ttcgacctt gcegcttacc      600
ggatacctgt ccgcttttct cccttcggga agcgtggcgc tttctcatag ctacgctgt      660
aggatatcca gttcgggtgta ggtcgttcgc tccaagctgg gctgtgtgca cgaaccccc      720
gttcagcccg accgctgocg cttatccggg aactatcgctc ttgagtccea cccggtaaga      780
cacgacttat cgccactggc agcagccact ggtaaacagga ttagcagagc gaggtatgta      840
ggcggtgcta cagagttcct gaagtgggtg cctaactacg gctacactag aaggacagta      900
tttggtatct gcgctctgct gaagccagtt accttcggaa aaagagttgg tagctcttga      960
tccggcaaac aaaccaccgc tggtagcggg ggtttttttg tttgcaagca gcagattacg     1020
cgcagaaaaa aaggatctca agaagatcct ttgatctttt ctacggggtc tgacgctcag     1080
tggaacgaaa actcacgtta agggattttg gtcctgagat tatcaaaaag gatcttcacc     1140
tagatccttt taaataaaa atgaagtttt aaatcaatct aaagtatata tgagtaaac     1200
tggctcgaca gttaccaatg cttaatcagc gaggcaccta tctcagcgat ctgtctatt     1260
cgttcatcca tagttgctg actccccgctc gtgtagataa ctacgatacg ggagggtta     1320
ccatctggcc ccagtgtgct aatgataccg cgagaccac gctcaccggc tccagattta     1380
tcagcaataa accagccagc cggaaaggcc gagcgcagaa gtggtcctgc aactttatcc     1440
gcctccatcc agtctattaa ttgttgccgg gaagctagag taagtagttc gccagttaat     1500
agtttgcgca acgttgttgc cattgctaca ggcacgtgg tgtcacgctc gtcgtttggt     1560
atggcttcat tcagctccgg tcccacagc tcaaggcgag ttacatgatc cccatgttg     1620
tgcaaaaaag cggttagctc cttcggctcct ccgatcgttg tcagaagtaa gttggccgca     1680
gtgttatcac tcattggtat ggcagcactg cataattctc ttaactgcat gccatccgta     1740
agatgctttt ctgtgactgg tgagtactca accaagtcac tctgagaata gtgtatgagg     1800
cgaccgagtt gctcttgccc ggcgtcaata cgggataata ccgcccaca tagcagaact     1860
ttaaagtgc tcactattgg aaaacgttct tcggggcgaa aactctcaag gatcttaccg     1920

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ctggtgagat ccagttcgat gtaaccact cgtgcacca actgatcttc agcatctttt	1980
actttcacca gcgtttctgg gtgagcaaaa acaggaaggc aaaatgccgc aaaaaagga	2040
ataagggcga cacggaaatg ttgaatactc atactcttcc tttttcaata ttattgaagc	2100
atztatcagg gttattgtct catgagcggg tacatatttg aatgtattta gaaaaataaa	2160
caaatagggg ttccgcgcac atttccccga aaagtgccac ctgacgtcta agaaaccatt	2220
attatcatga cattaaccta taaaaatagg cgtatcacga ggccctttcg tctcgcgcgt	2280
ttcggtagtg acggtgaaaa cctctgacac atgcagctcc cggagacggg cacagcttgt	2340
ctgtaagcgg atgccgggag cagacaagcc cgtcagggcg cgtcagcggg tgttgccggg	2400
tgtcggggct ggcttaacta tgcggcatca gagcagattg tactgagagt gcaccatatg	2460
cgggtgtaaa taccgcacag atgcgtaagg agaaaaatcc gcatcaggcg ccattcgcca	2520
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gtattcctaat gttcagcccg cggaaaccca gcaaatcacc acccatgcgc atgatactga	2820
gtcttgtaaca cgctgggctt ccagtgact gagagtgcac cataccacag cttttcaatt	2880
caattcatca tttttttttt attctttttt ttgatttcgg tttctttgaa atttttttga	2940
ttcggtaatc tccgaacaga aggaagaacg aaggaaggag cacagactta gattggtata	3000
tatacgcata tgtagtgttg aagaaacatg aaattgccca gtattcttaa cccaactgca	3060
cagaacaaaa acctgcagga aacgaagata aatcatgtcg aaagctacat ataaggaacg	3120
tgctgctact catcctagtc ctgttgctgc caagctattt aatatcatgc acgaaaagca	3180
aacaaacttg tgtgcttcat tggatgttcg taccaccaag gaattactgg agttagtga	3240
agcattaggt cccaaaattt gtttactaaa aacacatgtg gatctctga ctgatttttc	3300
catggagggc acagttaaagc cgttaaagc attatccgcc aagtacaatt tttactctt	3360
cgaagacaga aaatttctg acattggtaa tacagtaaaa ttgcagtaact ctgcgggtgt	3420
atacagaata gcagaatggg cagacattac gaatgcacac ggtgtggtgg gccacgggat	3480
tgttagcggg ttgaagcagg cggcagaaga agtaacaaag gaacctagag gccttttgat	3540
gttagcagaa ttgtcatgca agggctccct atctactgga gaatatacta aggggtactgt	3600
tgacattgag aagagcgaca aagattttgt tatcggcttt attgctcaaa gagacatggg	3660
tggaagagat gaaggttacg attggttgat tatgaccccc ggtgtgggtt tagatgacaa	3720
gggagacgca ttgggtcaac agtatagaac cgtggatgat gtggtctcta caggatctga	3780
cattattatt gttggaagag gactatttgc aaaggaagg gatgctaagg tagaggtga	3840
acggtacaga aaagcaggct ggaagcata tttgagaaga tgcggccagc aaaaataaaa	3900
aactgtatta taagtaaatg catgtatact aaactcacia attagagctt caatttaatt	3960
atatcagtta ttaccctatg cgggtgtaaa taccgcacag atgcgtaagg agaaaaatcc	4020
gcatcaggaa attgtaaacg ttaatatattt gttaaaattc gcgttaaat tttgttaaat	4080
cagctcattt ttaaccaat aggccgaat cggcaaatc ttcagccccg ggaacgccag	4140
caaatcacca cccatgcgca tgactatgag tcttgtaac gctgggcttc cagtgatgat	4200
acaacgagtt agccaagggtg agcacggatg tctaaattag aattacgttt taatatcttt	4260

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 ttttccatata ctagggctag 4280

<210> SEQ ID NO 58
 <211> LENGTH: 30
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-11A

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

gcatgcttgc atttagtcgt gcaatgtatg 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 59
 <211> LENGTH: 54
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-11B

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

gaacattaga atacgtaatc cgcaatgcac tagtaccaca ggtgttgctc tctg 54

<210> SEQ ID NO 60
 <211> LENGTH: 54
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-11C

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

cagaggacaa cacctgtggt actagtgcac tgccgattac gtattctaata gttc 54

<210> SEQ ID NO 61
 <211> LENGTH: 28
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-11D

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

caccttggt aactcgttgt atcatcac 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 62
 <211> LENGTH: 100
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-13A

<400> SEQUENCE: 62

ttttaagcgg aatgagtgac agaaaagcc cacaacttat caagtgatat tgaacaaagg 60

gcgaaaacttc gcatgcttgc atttagtcgt gcaatgtatg 100

<210> SEQ ID NO 63
 <211> LENGTH: 98
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-13B

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

cccaattggt aaatatcaaa caagagacgc gcagtagta acatgcgaat tgcgtaattc 60

acggcgataa caccttggt aactcgttgt atcatcac 98

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<210> SEQ ID NO 64
 <211> LENGTH: 29
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 112590-34G

 <400> SEQUENCE: 64

 caaaagccca tgtcccacac caaggatg 29

 <210> SEQ ID NO 65
 <211> LENGTH: 26
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 112590-34H

 <400> SEQUENCE: 65

 caccatcgcg cgtgcatcac tgcgatg 26

 <210> SEQ ID NO 66
 <211> LENGTH: 28
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 112590-34F

 <400> SEQUENCE: 66

 tcggtttttg caatatgacc tgtgggcc 28

 <210> SEQ ID NO 67
 <211> LENGTH: 22
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 112590-49E

 <400> SEQUENCE: 67

 gagaagatgc ggccagcaaa ac 22

 <210> SEQ ID NO 68
 <211> LENGTH: 99
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-27A

 <400> SEQUENCE: 68

 tccttttca attattattt tctactcata acctcacgca aaataacaca gtcaaatcaa 60
 tcaaagtatg actgacaaaa aaactcttaa agacttaag 99

 <210> SEQ ID NO 69
 <211> LENGTH: 77
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-27B

 <400> SEQUENCE: 69

 gaacattaga atacgtaatc cgcaatgctt ctttcttttc cgtttaacgt atagacttct 60
 aatatatttc tccatac 77

 <210> SEQ ID NO 70
 <211> LENGTH: 45
 <212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-27C

 <400> SEQUENCE: 70

 aaacggaaaa gaaagaagca ttgctgatta cgtattctaa tggctc 45

 <210> SEQ ID NO 71
 <211> LENGTH: 88
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-27D

 <400> SEQUENCE: 71

 tatttttctg tacataaaaa tgcttataaa actttaacta ataattagag attaaatcgc 60

 caccttggtc aactcgttgt atcatcac 88

 <210> SEQ ID NO 72
 <211> LENGTH: 27
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-36D

 <400> SEQUENCE: 72

 gacttttggg agcctgaaga aactggc 27

 <210> SEQ ID NO 73
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 135

 <400> SEQUENCE: 73

 cttggcagca acaggactag 20

 <210> SEQ ID NO 74
 <211> LENGTH: 26
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: 112590-30F

 <400> SEQUENCE: 74

 ccaggccaat tcaacagact gtcggc 26

 <210> SEQ ID NO 75
 <211> LENGTH: 2347
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: URA3r2 template DNA

 <400> SEQUENCE: 75

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 ctttcgctgg caacgccggt tgatgaagcc tgggacggtc cgctctcctt aaacggtaaa 180
 cgtatcgcca cctcttatcc tcacctgctc aagcgttacc tcgaaccagaa aggcattctc 240
 tttaaatcct gcttactgaa cggttctggt gaagtgcgcc cgcgtgccgg actggcggat 300
 gcgatttgog atctggtttc caccggtgcc acgctggaag ctaacggcct gcgcgaagtc 360

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gaagttatct atcgctcgaa agcctgctg attcaacgcg atggcgaaat ggaagaatcc	420
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tcaaaataca tcatgatgca cgcaccgacc gaacgtctgg atgaagtcac ggtacctact	540
gagagtgcac cataccacag cttttcaatt caattcatca tttttttttt attctttttt	600
ttgatttcgg tttctttgaa atttttttga ttcggtaatc tccgaacaga aggaagaacg	660
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aaattgcccc gtattcttaa cccaactgca cagaacaaaa acctgcagga aacgaagata	780
aatcatgtcg aaagctacat ataaggaacg tgctgctact catcctagtc ctgttgctgc	840
caagctatth aatatcatgc acgaaaagca aacaaacttg tgtgcttcat tggatgttcg	900
taccaccaag gaattactgg agttagttga agcattaggt cccaaaattt gtttactaaa	960
aacacatgtg gatattctga ctgatttttc catggagggc acagttaagc cgctaaaggc	1020
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cgacaaactg ctgacctgta ttcagggtgt gatccaggcg cgcgaatcaa aatacatcat	2280
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caaggtg	2347

<210> SEQ ID NO 76

<211> LENGTH: 80

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-45A

<400> SEQUENCE: 76

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ttacgtattc taatgttcag 80

<210> SEQ ID NO 77

<211> LENGTH: 81

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 114117-45B

<400> SEQUENCE: 77

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aactcgttgt atcatcactg g 81

<210> SEQ ID NO 78

<211> LENGTH: 90

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 384

<400> SEQUENCE: 78

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gcattgcgga ttacgtattc taatgttcag 90

<210> SEQ ID NO 79

<211> LENGTH: 91

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer 385

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

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caccttggt aactcgttgt atcatcactg g 91

<210> SEQ ID NO 80

<211> LENGTH: 24

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer N869

<400> SEQUENCE: 80

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<210> SEQ ID NO 81

<211> LENGTH: 26

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer N871

<400> SEQUENCE: 81

ccaattccgt gatgtctctt tgttgc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 82

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer N946

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

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gtgaacgagt tcacaaccgc 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 83
 <211> LENGTH: 22
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer N947

<400> SEQUENCE: 83

gttcgttcca gaattatcac gc 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 84
 <211> LENGTH: 26
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer PDC5:KanMXF

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

gacttgaata atgcagcggc gcttgc 26

<210> SEQ ID NO 85
 <211> LENGTH: 30
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer PDC5::KanMXR

<400> SEQUENCE: 85

ccaccctctt caattagcta agatcatagc 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 86
 <211> LENGTH: 49
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP457

<400> SEQUENCE: 86

ccagaaacc tatacctgtg tggacgtaag gccatgaagc tttttcttt 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 87
 <211> LENGTH: 49
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP458

<400> SEQUENCE: 87

attggaaga aaaagcttca tggccttacg tccacacagg tatagggtt 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 88
 <211> LENGTH: 22
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP459

<400> SEQUENCE: 88

cataagaaca cctttggtgg ag 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 89
 <211> LENGTH: 24
 <212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP452

<400> SEQUENCE: 89

ttctcgacgt gggccttttt cttg 24

<210> SEQ ID NO 90
 <211> LENGTH: 49
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP455

<400> SEQUENCE: 90

tatggaccct gaaaccacag ccacattgta accaccacga cggttgttg 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 91
 <211> LENGTH: 49
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP456

<400> SEQUENCE: 91

tttagcaaca accgtcgtgg tggttacaat gtggctgtgg tttcagggt 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 92
 <211> LENGTH: 512
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Aspergillus niger

<400> SEQUENCE: 92

Met Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Ala Gly Val Tyr Ala Phe Ala Ala Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15

Val Ala Ile Val Leu Asn Val Thr Arg Gln Leu Leu Phe Arg Asn Glu
 20 25 30

Lys Glu Pro Pro Val Val Phe His Trp Ile Pro Phe Leu Gly Ser Thr
 35 40 45

Ile Ser Tyr Gly Met Asp Pro Tyr Thr Phe Phe Phe Ser Cys Arg Lys
 50 55 60

Lys Tyr Gly Asp Ile Phe Thr Phe Val Leu Leu Gly Gln Lys Thr Thr
 65 70 75 80

Val Tyr Leu Gly Val Gln Gly Asn Asp Phe Ile Leu Asn Gly Lys Leu
 85 90 95

Lys Asp Val Ser Ala Glu Glu Val Tyr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Pro Val
 100 105 110

Phe Gly Ser Asp Val Val Tyr Asp Cys Pro Asn Ser Lys Leu Met Glu
 115 120 125

Gln Lys Lys Phe Ile Lys Phe Gly Leu Thr Gln Ala Ala Leu Glu Ser
 130 135 140

His Val Gln Leu Ile Glu Lys Glu Thr Leu Asp Tyr Leu Arg Asp Ser
 145 150 155 160

Pro Arg Phe Asn Gly Ala Ser Gly Val Ile Asp Ile Pro Ala Ala Met
 165 170 175

Ala Glu Ile Thr Ile Tyr Thr Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Gln Gly Glu Glu
 180 185 190

Val Arg Lys Lys Leu Thr Ala Glu Phe Ala Glu Leu Tyr His Asp Leu
 195 200 205

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Asp Lys Gly Phe Ser Pro Ile Asn Phe Met Leu Pro Trp Ala Pro Leu
 210 215 220
 Pro His Asn Arg Lys Arg Asp Ala Ala His Ala Arg Met Arg Glu Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Tyr Thr Asp Ile Ile Asn Glu Arg Arg Lys Asn Pro Asp Glu Glu Lys
 245 250 255
 Ser Asp Met Ile Trp Asn Leu Met His Cys Thr Tyr Lys Ser Gly Gln
 260 265 270
 Pro Val Pro Asp Lys Glu Ile Ala His Met Met Ile Thr Leu Leu Met
 275 280 285
 Ala Gly Gln His Ser Ser Ser Ser Ile Ser Ser Trp Ile Met Leu Arg
 290 295 300
 Leu Ala Ser Glu Pro Gln Val Leu Glu Glu Leu Tyr Gln Glu Gln Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Ala Ser Leu Ser Asn Arg Asn Gly Val Phe Glu Pro Leu Gln Tyr Gln
 325 330 335
 Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu Pro Phe Leu Gln Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Thr Leu
 340 345 350
 Arg Ile His Ser Ser Ile His Ser Ile Met Arg Lys Val Lys Asn Pro
 355 360 365
 Leu Pro Val Pro Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ile Ile Pro Glu Asp His Val Leu
 370 375 380
 Leu Ala Ser Pro Gly Val Thr Ala Leu Ser Asp Glu Tyr Phe Pro Asn
 385 390 395 400
 Ala Thr Arg Trp Asp Pro His Arg Trp Glu Asn Gln Pro Asp Lys Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Asp Gly Glu Met Val Asp Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Ser Val Ser Lys Gly
 420 425 430
 Thr Ala Ser Pro Tyr Leu Pro Phe Gly Ala Gly Arg His Arg Cys Ile
 435 440 445
 Gly Glu Lys Phe Ala Tyr Val Asn Leu Gly Val Ile Ile Ala Thr Ile
 450 455 460
 Val Arg His Leu Lys Leu Phe Asn Val Asp Gly Arg Lys Gly Val Pro
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Thr Asp Tyr Ser Thr Leu Phe Ser Gly Pro Met Lys Pro Ala Ile
 485 490 495
 Val Gly Trp Glu Arg Arg Phe Pro Asp Asn Ile Lys Gly Ser Met Asn
 500 505 510

<210> SEQ ID NO 93
 <211> LENGTH: 22
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer BP460

<400> SEQUENCE: 93

aggattatca ttcataagtt tc

22

<210> SEQ ID NO 94
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA135

<400> SEQUENCE: 94

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cttggcagca acaggactag 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 95
 <211> LENGTH: 23
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer BP461

<400> SEQUENCE: 95

ttcttgagc tgggacatgt ttg 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 96
 <211> LENGTH: 22
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA92

<400> SEQUENCE: 96

gagaagatgc ggccagcaaa ac 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 97
 <211> LENGTH: 4242
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLA59

<400> SEQUENCE: 97

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gttcttttct gcgttatccc ctgattctgt ggataaccgt attaccgctt ttgagtgagc 120

tgataccgct cgccgcagcc gaacgaccga gcgcagcgag tcagtgagcg aggaagcggg 180

agagcgccca atacgcaaac cgctctccc cgcgcggttg ccgattcatt aatgcagctg 240

gcacgacagg tttcccgact ggaagcggg cagtgagcgc aacgcaatta atgtgagtta 300

gctcactcat taggcacccc aggccttaca ctttatgctt cgggctcgta tgtgtgtggtg 360

aattgtgagc ggataacaat ttcacacagg aaacagctat gaccatgatt acgccaagct 420

tgcattgctg caggctgact ctgagggatc cgcaatgcgg atccgattg cggattacgt 480

attctaattg tcagtaccgt tcgtataatg tatgctatac gaagttatgc agattgtact 540

gagagtgcac cataccacct tttcaattca tcattttttt tttattcttt tttttgattt 600

cggtttcctt gaaatttttt tgattcggta atctccgaac agaaggaaga acgaaggaag 660

gagcacagac ttagattggt atatatacgc atatgtagtg ttgaagaaac atgaaattgc 720

ccagtattct taacccaact gcacagaaca aaaacctgca ggaacgaag ataaatcatg 780

tcgaaagcta catataagga acgtgctgct actcatccta gtccctgtgc tgccaagcta 840

tttaatatca tgcacgaaaa gcaaacaaac ttgtgtgctt cattggatgt tcgtaccacc 900

aaggaattac tggagttagt tgaagcatta ggtcccaaaa tttgtttact aaaaacacat 960

gtggatatct tgactgattt ttccatggag ggcacagtta agccgctaaa ggcattatcc 1020

gccaagtaca attttttact ctccgaagac agaaaatttg ctgacattgg taatacagtc 1080

aaattgcagt actctgcccc tgtatacaga atagcagaat gggcagacat tacgaatgca 1140

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<210> SEQ ID NO 98
 <211> LENGTH: 80
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA678

<400> SEQUENCE: 98

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<210> SEQ ID NO 99
 <211> LENGTH: 81
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA679

<400> SEQUENCE: 99

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aactcgttgt atcatcactg g	81

<210> SEQ ID NO 100
 <211> LENGTH: 4586
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLA54 template DNA

<400> SEQUENCE: 100

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aagaggcccg caccgatcgc ccttcccaac agttgcgag cctgaatggc gaatggcgc	180
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ctgacgcgcc ctgacgggct tgtctgctcc cggcatccg ttacagaaa gctgtgaccg	360
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gaaaaggaa gagtatgagt attcaacatt tccgtgctgc cttattccc tttttgctg	660

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cattttgcct	tcctgttttt	gctcaccocag	aaacgctggg	gaaagtaaaa	gatgctgaag	720
atcagttggg	tgacagagtg	ggttacatcg	aactggatct	caacagcggg	aagatccttg	780
agagttttcg	ccccgaagaa	cgttttocaa	tgatgagcac	ttttaaagtt	ctgctatgtg	840
gcgcggtatt	atcccgtatt	gacgcggggc	aagagcaact	cggtgcgcgc	atacactatt	900
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<210> SEQ ID NO 101
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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: BK505 primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 101

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<210> SEQ ID NO 102
<211> LENGTH: 81
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: BK506 primer

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<400> SEQUENCE: 102

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aactcgttgt atcatcactg g 81

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 <211> LENGTH: 38
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: BK468 Primer
 <400> SEQUENCE: 103

gcctcgagtt ttaatgttac ttctcttgca gttagga 38

<210> SEQ ID NO 104
 <211> LENGTH: 31
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA492 primer
 <400> SEQUENCE: 104

gctaaattcg agtgaaacac aggaagacca g 31

<210> SEQ ID NO 105
 <211> LENGTH: 23
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
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agtcacatca agatcgttta tgg 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 106
 <211> LENGTH: 23
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: AK109-2
 <400> SEQUENCE: 106

gcacggaata tgggactact tcg 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 107
 <211> LENGTH: 23
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: AK109-3
 <400> SEQUENCE: 107

actccacttc aagtaagagt ttg 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 108
 <211> LENGTH: 548
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Lactococcus lactis
 <400> SEQUENCE: 108

Met Tyr Thr Val Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Asp Arg Leu His Glu Leu Gly
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Ile Glu Glu Ile Phe Gly Val Pro Gly Asp Tyr Asn Leu Gln Phe Leu
 20 25 30

Asp Gln Ile Ile Ser His Lys Asp Met Lys Trp Val Gly Asn Ala Asn
 35 40 45

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Glu Leu Asn Ala Ser Tyr Met Ala Asp Gly Tyr Ala Arg Thr Lys Lys
 50 55 60
 Ala Ala Ala Phe Leu Thr Thr Phe Gly Val Gly Glu Leu Ser Ala Val
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Gly Leu Ala Gly Ser Tyr Ala Glu Asn Leu Pro Val Val Glu Ile
 85 90 95
 Val Gly Ser Pro Thr Ser Lys Val Gln Asn Glu Gly Lys Phe Val His
 100 105 110
 His Thr Leu Ala Asp Gly Asp Phe Lys His Phe Met Lys Met His Glu
 115 120 125
 Pro Val Thr Ala Ala Arg Thr Leu Leu Thr Ala Glu Asn Ala Thr Val
 130 135 140
 Glu Ile Asp Arg Val Leu Ser Ala Leu Leu Lys Glu Arg Lys Pro Val
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Ile Asn Leu Pro Val Asp Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Glu Lys Pro
 165 170 175
 Ser Leu Pro Leu Lys Lys Glu Asn Ser Thr Ser Asn Thr Ser Asp Gln
 180 185 190
 Glu Ile Leu Asn Lys Ile Gln Glu Ser Leu Lys Asn Ala Lys Lys Pro
 195 200 205
 Ile Val Ile Thr Gly His Glu Ile Ile Ser Phe Gly Leu Glu Lys Thr
 210 215 220
 Val Thr Gln Phe Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Leu Pro Ile Thr Thr Leu Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gly Lys Ser Ser Val Asp Glu Ala Leu Pro Ser Phe Leu Gly Ile
 245 250 255
 Tyr Asn Gly Thr Leu Ser Glu Pro Asn Leu Lys Glu Phe Val Glu Ser
 260 265 270
 Ala Asp Phe Ile Leu Met Leu Gly Val Lys Leu Thr Asp Ser Ser Thr
 275 280 285
 Gly Ala Phe Thr His His Leu Asn Glu Asn Lys Met Ile Ser Leu Asn
 290 295 300
 Ile Asp Glu Gly Lys Ile Phe Asn Glu Arg Ile Gln Asn Phe Asp Phe
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Ser Leu Ile Ser Ser Leu Leu Asp Leu Ser Glu Ile Glu Tyr Lys
 325 330 335
 Gly Lys Tyr Ile Asp Lys Lys Gln Glu Asp Phe Val Pro Ser Asn Ala
 340 345 350
 Leu Leu Ser Gln Asp Arg Leu Trp Gln Ala Val Glu Asn Leu Thr Gln
 355 360 365
 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Ala Glu Gln Gly Thr Ser Phe Phe Gly Ala
 370 375 380
 Ser Ser Ile Phe Leu Lys Ser Lys Ser His Phe Ile Gly Gln Pro Leu
 385 390 395 400
 Trp Gly Ser Ile Gly Tyr Thr Phe Pro Ala Ala Leu Gly Ser Gln Ile
 405 410 415
 Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Arg His Leu Leu Phe Ile Gly Asp Gly Ser Leu
 420 425 430
 Gln Leu Thr Val Gln Glu Leu Gly Leu Ala Ile Arg Glu Lys Ile Asn
 435 440 445
 Pro Ile Cys Phe Ile Ile Asn Asn Asp Gly Tyr Thr Val Glu Arg Glu
 450 455 460

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Ile His Gly Pro Asn Gln Ser Tyr Asn Asp Ile Pro Met Trp Asn Tyr
465 470 475 480

Ser Lys Leu Pro Glu Ser Phe Gly Ala Thr Glu Asp Arg Val Val Ser
485 490 495

Lys Ile Val Arg Thr Glu Asn Glu Phe Val Ser Val Met Lys Glu Ala
500 505 510

Gln Ala Asp Pro Asn Arg Met Tyr Trp Ile Glu Leu Ile Leu Ala Lys
515 520 525

Glu Gly Ala Pro Lys Val Leu Lys Lys Met Gly Lys Leu Phe Ala Glu
530 535 540

Gln Asn Lys Ser
545

<210> SEQ ID NO 109
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP453

<400> SEQUENCE: 109

tcgagcttta aataatcggg gtcactactt tgccttcggt tatcttgcc 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 110
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer oBP454

<400> SEQUENCE: 110

gagcaggcaa gataaacgaa ggcaaagtag tgacaccgat tatttaaag 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 111
<211> LENGTH: 23
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA337

<400> SEQUENCE: 111

ctcatttgaa tcagcttatg gtg 23

<210> SEQ ID NO 112
<211> LENGTH: 24
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA692

<400> SEQUENCE: 112

ggaagtcatt gacaccatct tggc 24

<210> SEQ ID NO 113
<211> LENGTH: 24
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA693

<400> SEQUENCE: 113

agaagctggg acagcagcgt tagc 24

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<210> SEQ ID NO 114
 <211> LENGTH: 41
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA684

 <400> SEQUENCE: 114

 aatcactgca tgccttccaa aacacgaaca aggtgccggt c 41

<210> SEQ ID NO 115
 <211> LENGTH: 45
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA685

 <400> SEQUENCE: 115

 ttaagtagga tcccacttga attgaactta ttattcatct atgac 45

<210> SEQ ID NO 116
 <211> LENGTH: 38
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA682

 <400> SEQUENCE: 116

 gtctttacag ggcaagtctc aactagtgct atcggtag 38

<210> SEQ ID NO 117
 <211> LENGTH: 38
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer LA683

 <400> SEQUENCE: 117

 gtaccgatag cactagttga gacttgcct gtaaagac 38

<210> SEQ ID NO 118
 <211> LENGTH: 546
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: *Macrococcus caseolyticus*

 <400> SEQUENCE: 118

 Met Lys Gln Arg Ile Gly Gln Tyr Leu Ile Asp Ala Leu His Val Asn
 1 5 10 15

 Gly Val Asp Lys Ile Phe Gly Val Pro Gly Asp Phe Thr Leu Ala Phe
 20 25 30

 Leu Asp Asp Ile Ile Arg His Asp Asn Val Glu Trp Val Gly Asn Thr
 35 40 45

 Asn Glu Leu Asn Ala Ala Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gly Tyr Ala Arg Val Asn
 50 55 60

 Gly Leu Ala Ala Val Ser Thr Thr Phe Gly Val Gly Glu Leu Ser Ala
 65 70 75 80

 Val Asn Gly Ile Ala Gly Ser Tyr Ala Glu Arg Val Pro Val Ile Lys
 85 90 95

 Ile Ser Gly Gly Pro Ser Ser Val Ala Gln Gln Glu Gly Arg Tyr Val
 100 105 110

 His His Ser Leu Gly Glu Gly Ile Phe Asp Ser Tyr Ser Lys Met Tyr
 115 120 125

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Ala His Ile Thr Ala Thr Thr Thr Ile Leu Ser Val Asp Asn Ala Val
130 135 140

Asp Glu Ile Asp Arg Val Ile His Cys Ala Leu Lys Glu Lys Arg Pro
145 150 155 160

Val His Ile His Leu Pro Ile Asp Val Ala Leu Thr Glu Ile Glu Ile
165 170 175

Pro His Ala Pro Lys Val Tyr Thr His Glu Ser Gln Asn Val Asp Ala
180 185 190

Tyr Ile Gln Ala Val Glu Lys Lys Leu Met Ser Ala Lys Gln Pro Val
195 200 205

Ile Ile Ala Gly His Glu Ile Asn Ser Phe Lys Leu His Glu Gln Leu
210 215 220

Glu Gln Phe Val Asn Gln Thr Asn Ile Pro Val Ala Gln Leu Ser Leu
225 230 235 240

Gly Lys Ser Ala Phe Asn Glu Glu Asn Glu His Tyr Leu Gly Ile Tyr
245 250 255

Asp Gly Lys Ile Ala Lys Glu Asn Val Arg Glu Tyr Val Asp Asn Ala
260 265 270

Asp Val Ile Leu Asn Ile Gly Ala Lys Leu Thr Asp Ser Ala Thr Ala
275 280 285

Gly Phe Ser Tyr Lys Phe Asp Thr Asn Asn Ile Ile Tyr Ile Asn His
290 295 300

Asn Asp Phe Lys Ala Glu Asp Val Ile Ser Asp Asn Val Ser Leu Ile
305 310 315 320

Asp Leu Val Asn Gly Leu Asn Ser Ile Asp Tyr Arg Asn Glu Thr His
325 330 335

Tyr Pro Ser Tyr Gln Arg Ser Asp Met Lys Tyr Glu Leu Asn Asp Ala
340 345 350

Pro Leu Thr Gln Ser Asn Tyr Phe Lys Met Met Asn Ala Phe Leu Glu
355 360 365

Lys Asp Asp Ile Leu Leu Ala Glu Gln Gly Thr Ser Phe Phe Gly Ala
370 375 380

Tyr Asp Leu Ser Leu Tyr Lys Gly Asn Gln Phe Ile Gly Gln Pro Leu
385 390 395 400

Trp Gly Ser Ile Gly Tyr Thr Phe Pro Ser Leu Leu Gly Ser Gln Leu
405 410 415

Ala Asp Met His Arg Arg Asn Ile Leu Leu Ile Gly Asp Gly Ser Leu
420 425 430

Gln Leu Thr Val Gln Ala Leu Ser Thr Met Ile Arg Lys Asp Ile Lys
435 440 445

Pro Ile Ile Phe Val Ile Asn Asn Asp Gly Tyr Thr Val Glu Arg Leu
450 455 460

Ile His Gly Met Glu Glu Pro Tyr Asn Asp Ile Gln Met Trp Asn Tyr
465 470 475 480

Lys Gln Leu Pro Glu Val Phe Gly Gly Lys Asp Thr Val Lys Val His
485 490 495

Asp Ala Lys Thr Ser Asn Glu Leu Lys Thr Val Met Asp Ser Val Lys
500 505 510

Ala Asp Lys Asp His Met His Phe Ile Glu Val His Met Ala Val Glu
515 520 525

Asp Ala Pro Lys Lys Leu Ile Asp Ile Ala Lys Ala Phe Ser Asp Ala
530 535 540

Asn Lys

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545

<210> SEQ ID NO 119
 <211> LENGTH: 28
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA686

<400> SEQUENCE: 119

cttcctaaac acgaacaagg tgccggtc 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 120
 <211> LENGTH: 97
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA687

<400> SEQUENCE: 120

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ccaactcacc ttggctaact cgttgatca tcaactgg 97

<210> SEQ ID NO 121
 <211> LENGTH: 7555
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: pRS423::PGAL1-cre

<400> SEQUENCE: 121

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cagcttgtct gtaagcggat gccgggagca gacaagccc tcagggcgcg tcagcgggtg 120

ttggcgggtg tcggggctgg cttaactatg cggcatcaga gcagattgta ctgagagtgc 180

accataaatt cccgttttaa gagccttggtg agcgcctagga gtcactgcca ggtatcgttt 240

gaacacggca ttagtccagg aagtcataac acagtccttt cccgcaattt tctttttcta 300

ttactcttgg cctcctctag tacactctat atttttttat gcctcggtaa tgattttcat 360

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atgaattata cattatataa agtaagtga tttcttcgaa gaatatacta aaaaatgagc 480

aggcaagata aacgaaggca aagatgacag agcagaaagc cctagtaaag cgtattacaa 540

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cgatcttccc agaaaaagag gcagaagcag tagcagaaca ggccacacaa tcgcaagtga 660

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ccggctggtc gctaactcgtt gagtgcaatt gtgacttaca catagacgac catcacacca 780

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gtactgacgg tgggagaatg ttaatccata ttggcagaac gaaaacgctg gttagcaccg	3180
caggtgtaga gaaggcactt agcctggggg taactaaact ggctcagcga tggatttccg	3240
tctctggtg agctgatgat ccgaataact acctgtttg ccgggtcaga aaaaatggtg	3300
ttgcgcgcc atctgccacc agccagctat caactcgcgc cctggaaggg atttttgaag	3360
caactcatcg attgatttac ggcgctaagg atgactctgg tcagagatac ctggcctggt	3420
ctggacacag tgcccgtgtc ggagccgcgc gagatatggc ccgcgctgga gtttcaatac	3480
cggagatcat gcaagctggt ggctggacca atgtaaatac tgatcatgac tatatccgta	3540
acctggatag tgaacaggg gcaatggtc gcctgctgga agatggcgat taggagtaag	3600

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cgaatttctt atgatttatg atttttatta ttaaataagt tataaaaaa ataagtgtat	3660
acaaatttta aagtgactct taggttttaa aacgaaaatt cttattcttg agtaactctt	3720
tcctgtaggt caggttgctt tctcaggat agcatgaggt cgctcttatt gaccacacct	3780
ctaccggcat gccgagcaaa tgcctgcaaa tcgctccca tttcaccaa ttgtagatat	3840
gctaactcca gcaatgagtt gatgaatctc ggtgtgtatt ttatgtcctc agaggacaac	3900
acctgtggg ttctagagcg gccgccaccg cgggtggagct ccagcttttg ttcctttag	3960
tgagggttaa ttgcgcgctt ggcgtaatca tggtcatagc tgtttcctgt gtgaaattgt	4020
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gcctaatgag tgaggtaact cacattaatt gcggtgagct cactgccgcg tttccagtcg	4140
ggaaacctgt cgtgccagct gcattaatga atcgccaac gcgcggggag aggcggtttg	4200
cgtattgggc gctcttcgc ttcctcgcct actgactcgc tgcgctcggc cgttcggctg	4260
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aaatgaagtt ttaaatcaat ctaagtata tatgagtaa cttggtctga cagttacca	5160
tgttaatca gtgaggcacc tatctcagcg atctgtctat ttcgctcacc catagttgcc	5220
tgactccccg tcgtgtagat aactacgata cgggagggct taccatctgg cccagtgct	5280
gcaatgatac cgcgagacc acgctcaccg gctccagatt tatcagcaat aaaccagcca	5340
gccggaaggg ccgagcgcag aagtggctct gcaactttat ccgcctccat ccagtctatt	5400
aattgttgc ggaagctag agtaagtagt tcgccagta atagtttgcg caacgttgtt	5460
gccattgcta caggcatcgt ggtgtcacgc tcgtcgtttg gtatggcttc attcagctcc	5520
ggttcccaac gatcaaggcg agttacatga tccccatgt tgtgcaaaaa agcggtttagc	5580
tccttcggtc ctccgatcgt tgtcagaagt aagttggccg cagtgttacc actcatggtt	5640
atggcagcac tgcataatc tcttactgtc atgccatccg taagatgctt ttctgtgact	5700
ggtgagtact caaccaagtc attctgagaa tagtgtatgc ggcgaccgag ttgctcttgc	5760
ccggcgctca tacgggataa taccgcgcca catagcagaa ctttaaaagt gctcatcatt	5820
ggaaaacggt ctteggggcg aaaactctca aggatcttac cgctggtgag atccagttcg	5880
atgtaaccca ctcgtgcacc caactgatct tcagcatctt ttaactttcac cagcgtttct	5940
gggtgagcaa aaacaggaag gcaaaatgcc gcaaaaaagg gaataagggc gacacggaaa	6000

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tgttgaatac tcatactott cctttttcaa tattattgaa gcatttatca gggttattgt 6060
ctcatgagcg gatacatatt tgaatgtatt tagaaaaata aacaaatagg ggttccgcgc 6120
acatttcccc gaaaagtgcc acctgaacga agcatctgtg cttcattttg tagaacaaaa 6180
atgcaacgcg agagcgctaa tttttcaaac aaagaatctg agctgcattt ttacagaaca 6240
gaaatgcaac gcgaaagcgc tattttacca acgaagaatc tgtgcttcat ttttgtaaaa 6300
caaaaatgca acgcgagagc gctaattttt caaacaaaga atctgagctg cattttttaca 6360
gaacagaaat gcaacgcgag agcgcgtattt taccaacaaa gaatctatac ttcttttttg 6420
ttctacaaaa atgcatcccg agagcgctat ttttctaaca aagcatctta gattactttt 6480
tttctccttt gtgcgctcta taatgcagtc tcttgataac tttttgcact gtaggtccgt 6540
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cacttccccg gtttactgat tactagcgaa gctgcgggtg cattttttca agataaaggc 6660
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gcggtgatga ttcttcattg gtcagaaaat tatgaacggt ttctcttatt ttgtctctat 6780
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gagcgctttt ggttttcaaa agcgcctctga agttctata ctttctagag aataggaact 7140
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tgcgcacata cagctcactg ttcacgtcgc acctatatct gcgtggtgcc tgtatatata 7260
tatacatgag aagaacggca tagtgcgtgt ttatgcttaa atgcgtactt atatgcgtct 7320
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gtatcgtag cttcctcag cactaccctt tagctgttct atatgctgcc actcctcaat 7440
tggattagtc tcatccttca atgctatcat ttcctttgat attggatcat ctaagaaacc 7500
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<210> SEQ ID NO 122
<211> LENGTH: 30
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T001

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<400> SEQUENCE: 122

```

```

tcaaggtacc atgcaagtt cgggcacaac 30

```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 123
<211> LENGTH: 32
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T002

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<400> SEQUENCE: 123

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```

taacgcgcc gcttattccc ccaccatttc ag 32

```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 124

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<211> LENGTH: 36
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T003

 <400> SEQUENCE: 124

 atcattgcat ggcctactt ggcttcacat acgttg 36

<210> SEQ ID NO 125
 <211> LENGTH: 28
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T004

 <400> SEQUENCE: 125

 catggtacct tgaatatgta ttacttgg 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 126
 <211> LENGTH: 36
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T005

 <400> SEQUENCE: 126

 ataagcggcc gcgtaattc aaattaattg atatag 36

<210> SEQ ID NO 127
 <211> LENGTH: 36
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T006

 <400> SEQUENCE: 127

 ttagattgga tcccggaac tccaaaatga gctatc 36

<210> SEQ ID NO 128
 <211> LENGTH: 94
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T007

 <400> SEQUENCE: 128

 atgagagctt tggcatatth caagaagggt gatattcact tcactaatga tatccctagg 60
 ccaggcctac ttggcttcaac atacgttgca tacg 94

<210> SEQ ID NO 129
 <211> LENGTH: 91
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer T008

 <400> SEQUENCE: 129

 ttacttcatt tcaccgtgat tgtaggcgt caatagaatc ttaacgttgg attccttgtg 60
 caccttggct aactcgttgt atcatcactg g 91

<210> SEQ ID NO 130
 <211> LENGTH: 2064
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

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<400> SEQUENCE: 130

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atgatcagac aatctacgct aaaaaacttc gctattaagc gttgctttca acatatagca    60
taccgcaaca cacctgccat gagatcagta gctctcgcgc agcgctttta tagttcgtct    120
tcccgttatt acagtgcgtc tccattacca gcctctaaaa ggccagagcc tgetccaagt    180
ttcaatgttg atccattaga acagcccgct gaaccttcaa aattggctaa gaaactacgc    240
gctgagcctg acatggatag ctcttttcgct ggtttaactg gtgggtcaaat atttaacgaa    300
atgatgtcca gacaaaacgt tgatactgta tttggttacc caggtggtgc tatectacct    360
gtttacgatg ccattcataa cagtgataaa ttcaacttcg ttcttccaaa acacgaacaa    420
ggtgcccgtc acatggcaga aggctacgcc agagcttctg gtaaaccagg tgttgtcttg    480
gttacttctg ggccaggtgc caccaatgct gttactccaa tggcagatgc ctttgagac    540
gggattccaa tgggtgtctt tacagggcaa gtcccaacta gtgctatcgg tactgatgct    600
ttccaagagg ctgacgtcgt tggattttct agatcttgta cgaaatggaa tgtcatggct    660
aagtccgtgg aagaattgcc attgcgtatt aacgagcctt ttgaaattgc cagcagcggg    720
agaccgggac cagtcttggc cgatttacca aaggatgtta cagcagctat cttaagaaat    780
ccaattccaa caaaaacaac tcttccatca aacgcactaa accaattaac cagtcgcgca    840
caagatgaat ttgtcatgca aagatcaaat aaagcagcag atttgatcaa cttggcaaa    900
aaacctgtct tatacgtcgg tgctggtatt ttaaaccatg cagatggtcc aagattacta    960
aaagaattaa gtgaccgtgc tcaaatacct gtcaccacta ctttacaagg tttaggttca   1020
ttcgaccaag aagatccaaa atcattggat atgcttggtg tgcacgggtg tgctactgcc   1080
aacctggcag tgcaaaatgc cgacttgata attgcagttg gtgctagatt cgacgaccgt   1140
gtcactggta atatttctaa attcgtccca gaagctcgtc gtgcagctgc cgagggtaga   1200
ggtggtatta ttcatttoga ggttagtcca aaaaacataa acaaggttgt tcaaactcaa   1260
atagcagtg aaggtgatgc tacgaccaat ctgggcaaaa tgatgtcaaa gattttccca   1320
gttaaggaga ggtctgaatg gtttgctcaa ataaataaat ggaagaagga ataccatac   1380
gcttatatgg aggagactcc aggatctaaa attaaaccac agacggttat aaagaaacta   1440
tccaaggttg ccaacgacac aggaagacat gtcattgtta caacgggtgt ggggcaacat   1500
caaatgtggg ctgctcaaca ctggacatgg agaaatccac atactttcat cacatcaggt   1560
ggtttaggta cgtggtgta cggctctcct gccgccatcg gtgctcaagt tgcaaaagcca   1620
gaatctttgg ttattgacat tgatggtgac gcatccttta acatgactct aacggaattg   1680
agttctgcgc ttcaagctgg tactccagtg aagatttga ttttgaacaa tgaagagcaa   1740
ggatggtgta ctcaatggca atccctgttc tacgaacatc gttattccca cacacatcaa   1800
ttgaaccctg atttcataaa actagcggag gctatgggtt taaaaggttt aagagtcaag   1860
aagcaagagg aattggacgc taagttgaaa gaattcgttt ctaccaaggg cccagttttg   1920
cttgaagtgg aagttgataa aaaagttcct gttttgccaa tgggtggcagg tggtagcggg   1980
ctagacgagt tcataaattt tgaccagaaa gttgaaagac aacagactga attacgtcat   2040
aagcgtacag gcggtaaagca ctga                                         2064

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<210> SEQ ID NO 131

<211> LENGTH: 687

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

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<400> SEQUENCE: 131

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Met Ile Arg Gln Ser Thr Leu Lys Asn Phe Ala Ile Lys Arg Cys Phe
1           5           10           15

Gln His Ile Ala Tyr Arg Asn Thr Pro Ala Met Arg Ser Val Ala Leu
20           25           30

Ala Gln Arg Phe Tyr Ser Ser Ser Arg Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Ser Pro
35           40           45

Leu Pro Ala Ser Lys Arg Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Ser Phe Asn Val Asp
50           55           60

Pro Leu Glu Gln Pro Ala Glu Pro Ser Lys Leu Ala Lys Lys Leu Arg
65           70           75           80

Ala Glu Pro Asp Met Asp Thr Ser Phe Val Gly Leu Thr Gly Gly Gln
85           90           95

Ile Phe Asn Glu Met Met Ser Arg Gln Asn Val Asp Thr Val Phe Gly
100          105          110

Tyr Pro Gly Gly Ala Ile Leu Pro Val Tyr Asp Ala Ile His Asn Ser
115          120          125

Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Val Leu Pro Lys His Glu Gln Gly Ala Gly His
130          135          140

Met Ala Glu Gly Tyr Ala Arg Ala Ser Gly Lys Pro Gly Val Val Leu
145          150          155          160

Val Thr Ser Gly Pro Gly Ala Thr Asn Val Val Thr Pro Met Ala Asp
165          170          175

Ala Phe Ala Asp Gly Ile Pro Met Val Val Phe Thr Gly Gln Val Pro
180          185          190

Thr Ser Ala Ile Gly Thr Asp Ala Phe Gln Glu Ala Asp Val Val Gly
195          200          205

Ile Ser Arg Ser Cys Thr Lys Trp Asn Val Met Val Lys Ser Val Glu
210          215          220

Glu Leu Pro Leu Arg Ile Asn Glu Ala Phe Glu Ile Ala Thr Ser Gly
225          230          235          240

Arg Pro Gly Pro Val Leu Val Asp Leu Pro Lys Asp Val Thr Ala Ala
245          250          255

Ile Leu Arg Asn Pro Ile Pro Thr Lys Thr Thr Leu Pro Ser Asn Ala
260          265          270

Leu Asn Gln Leu Thr Ser Arg Ala Gln Asp Glu Phe Val Met Gln Ser
275          280          285

Ile Asn Lys Ala Ala Asp Leu Ile Asn Leu Ala Lys Lys Pro Val Leu
290          295          300

Tyr Val Gly Ala Gly Ile Leu Asn His Ala Asp Gly Pro Arg Leu Leu
305          310          315          320

Lys Glu Leu Ser Asp Arg Ala Gln Ile Pro Val Thr Thr Thr Leu Gln
325          330          335

Gly Leu Gly Ser Phe Asp Gln Glu Asp Pro Lys Ser Leu Asp Met Leu
340          345          350

Gly Met His Gly Cys Ala Thr Ala Asn Leu Ala Val Gln Asn Ala Asp
355          360          365

Leu Ile Ile Ala Val Gly Ala Arg Phe Asp Asp Arg Val Thr Gly Asn
370          375          380

Ile Ser Lys Phe Ala Pro Glu Ala Arg Arg Ala Ala Ala Glu Gly Arg
385          390          395          400

Gly Gly Ile Ile His Phe Glu Val Ser Pro Lys Asn Ile Asn Lys Val
405          410          415

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Val Gln Thr Gln Ile Ala Val Glu Gly Asp Ala Thr Thr Asn Leu Gly
 420 425 430
 Lys Met Met Ser Lys Ile Phe Pro Val Lys Glu Arg Ser Glu Trp Phe
 435 440 445
 Ala Gln Ile Asn Lys Trp Lys Lys Glu Tyr Pro Tyr Ala Tyr Met Glu
 450 455 460
 Glu Thr Pro Gly Ser Lys Ile Lys Pro Gln Thr Val Ile Lys Lys Leu
 465 470 475 480
 Ser Lys Val Ala Asn Asp Thr Gly Arg His Val Ile Val Thr Thr Gly
 485 490 495
 Val Gly Gln His Gln Met Trp Ala Ala Gln His Trp Thr Trp Arg Asn
 500 505 510
 Pro His Thr Phe Ile Thr Ser Gly Gly Leu Gly Thr Met Gly Tyr Gly
 515 520 525
 Leu Pro Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Gln Val Ala Lys Pro Glu Ser Leu Val
 530 535 540
 Ile Asp Ile Asp Gly Asp Ala Ser Phe Asn Met Thr Leu Thr Glu Leu
 545 550 555 560
 Ser Ser Ala Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Val Lys Ile Leu Ile Leu Asn
 565 570 575
 Asn Glu Glu Gln Gly Met Val Thr Gln Trp Gln Ser Leu Phe Tyr Glu
 580 585 590
 His Arg Tyr Ser His Thr His Gln Leu Asn Pro Asp Phe Ile Lys Leu
 595 600 605
 Ala Glu Ala Met Gly Leu Lys Gly Leu Arg Val Lys Lys Gln Glu Glu
 610 615 620
 Leu Asp Ala Lys Leu Lys Glu Phe Val Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Val Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Glu Val Glu Val Asp Lys Lys Val Pro Val Leu Pro Met Val Ala
 645 650 655
 Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Asp Glu Phe Ile Asn Phe Asp Pro Glu Val Glu
 660 665 670
 Arg Gln Gln Thr Glu Leu Arg His Lys Arg Thr Gly Gly Lys His
 675 680 685

<210> SEQ ID NO 132

<211> LENGTH: 1689

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Escherichia coli

<400> SEQUENCE: 132

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atggcaagtt cgggcacaac atcgacgcgt aagcgcttta ccggcgcaga atttatcggt      60
catttcctgg aacagcaggg cattaagatt gtgacaggca ttccgggctg ttctatcctg      120
cctgtttaag atgccttaag ccaaagcacg caaatccgcc atattctggc cgtcatgaa      180
cagggcgcgg gctttatcgc tcagggaatg gcgcgcaccg acggtaaacc ggcggtctgt      240
atggcctgta gcggaccggg tgcgactaac ctggtgaccg ccattgccga tgcgcggctg      300
gactccatcc cgctgatttg catcactggt caggttcccg cctcgatgat cggcaccgac      360
gccttcagg aagtggacac ctacggcatc tctatcccca tcaccaaaca caactatctg      420
gtcagacata tcgaagaact cccgcaggtc atgagcgatg ccttcgcgat tgcgcaatca      480
ggccgcccag gcccggtgtg gatagacatt cctaaggatg tgcaaacggc agtttttgag      540
attgaaacac agcccgcgat ggcagaaaaa gccgcgcccc ccgcctttag cgaagaaagc      600
  
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attcgtgacg cagcggcgat gattaacgct gccaaacgcc cggtgcttta tctgggcggc 660
ggtgtgatca atgcgcccgc acgggtgctg gaactggcgg agaaagcgca actgcctacc 720
accatgactt taatggcgct gggcatgttg ccaaagcgcc atccgttgct gctgggtatg 780
ctggggatgc acggcgtgcg cagcaccaac tatattttgc aggaggcgga tttgttgata 840
gtgctcggtg cgcgttttga tgaccgggcg attggcaaaa ccgagcagtt ctgtccgaat 900
gccaaaatca ttcattgctga tatcgaccgt gcagagctgg gtaaaatcaa gcagccgcac 960
gtggcgatgc agggcgatgt tgatgacgtg ctggcgagct tgatcccctg ggtggaagcg 1020
caaccgcgtg cagagtggca ccagttggta gcggatttgc agcgtgagtt tccgtgtcca 1080
atccccgaaag cgtgcgatcc gttaagccat tacggcctga tcaacgcctg tgccgcctgt 1140
gtcgtatgaca atgcaattat caccaccgac gttggtcagc atcagatgtg gaccgcgcaa 1200
gcttatccgc tcaatcgccc acgccagtgg ctgacctccg gtgggctggg cacgatgggt 1260
tttggcctgc ctgcccgatg tggcgctgcg ctggcgcaacc cggatcgcaa agtggtgtgt 1320
ttctccggcg acggcagcct gatgatgaat attcaggaga tggcgaccgc cagtgaaaat 1380
cagctggatg tcaaaatcat tctgatgaac aacgaagcgc tggggctggg gcatcagcaa 1440
cagagtctgt tctacgagca aggcgttttt gccgccacct atccgggcaa aatcaacttt 1500
atgcagattg ccgcccgatt cggcctcgaa acctgtgatt tgaataacga agccgatccg 1560
caggcttcat tgcaggaaat catcaatcgc cctggcccgg cgctgatcca tgtgcgcatt 1620
gatgccgaag aaaaagtta cccgatggtg ccgccaggtg cggcgaatac tgaatggtg 1680
ggggaataa 1689

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<210> SEQ ID NO 133

<211> LENGTH: 562

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Escherichia coli

<400> SEQUENCE: 133

```

Met Ala Ser Ser Gly Thr Thr Ser Thr Arg Lys Arg Phe Thr Gly Ala
1          5          10          15
Glu Phe Ile Val His Phe Leu Glu Gln Gln Gly Ile Lys Ile Val Thr
20        25        30
Gly Ile Pro Gly Gly Ser Ile Leu Pro Val Tyr Asp Ala Leu Ser Gln
35        40        45
Ser Thr Gln Ile Arg His Ile Leu Ala Arg His Glu Gln Gly Ala Gly
50        55        60
Phe Ile Ala Gln Gly Met Ala Arg Thr Asp Gly Lys Pro Ala Val Cys
65        70        75        80
Met Ala Cys Ser Gly Pro Gly Ala Thr Asn Leu Val Thr Ala Ile Ala
85        90        95
Asp Ala Arg Leu Asp Ser Ile Pro Leu Ile Cys Ile Thr Gly Gln Val
100       105       110
Pro Ala Ser Met Ile Gly Thr Asp Ala Phe Gln Glu Val Asp Thr Tyr
115       120       125
Gly Ile Ser Ile Pro Ile Thr Lys His Asn Tyr Leu Val Arg His Ile
130       135       140
Glu Glu Leu Pro Gln Val Met Ser Asp Ala Phe Arg Ile Ala Gln Ser
145       150       155       160
Gly Arg Pro Gly Pro Val Trp Ile Asp Ile Pro Lys Asp Val Gln Thr
165       170       175

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Ala Val Phe Glu Ile Glu Thr Gln Pro Ala Met Ala Glu Lys Ala Ala
180 185 190

Ala Pro Ala Phe Ser Glu Glu Ser Ile Arg Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Ile
195 200 205

Asn Ala Ala Lys Arg Pro Val Leu Tyr Leu Gly Gly Gly Val Ile Asn
210 215 220

Ala Pro Ala Arg Val Arg Glu Leu Ala Glu Lys Ala Gln Leu Pro Thr
225 230 235 240

Thr Met Thr Leu Met Ala Leu Gly Met Leu Pro Lys Ala His Pro Leu
245 250 255

Ser Leu Gly Met Leu Gly Met His Gly Val Arg Ser Thr Asn Tyr Ile
260 265 270

Leu Gln Glu Ala Asp Leu Leu Ile Val Leu Gly Ala Arg Phe Asp Asp
275 280 285

Arg Ala Ile Gly Lys Thr Glu Gln Phe Cys Pro Asn Ala Lys Ile Ile
290 295 300

His Val Asp Ile Asp Arg Ala Glu Leu Gly Lys Ile Lys Gln Pro His
305 310 315 320

Val Ala Ile Gln Ala Asp Val Asp Asp Val Leu Ala Gln Leu Ile Pro
325 330 335

Leu Val Glu Ala Gln Pro Arg Ala Glu Trp His Gln Leu Val Ala Asp
340 345 350

Leu Gln Arg Glu Phe Pro Cys Pro Ile Pro Lys Ala Cys Asp Pro Leu
355 360 365

Ser His Tyr Gly Leu Ile Asn Ala Val Ala Ala Cys Val Asp Asp Asn
370 375 380

Ala Ile Ile Thr Thr Asp Val Gly Gln His Gln Met Trp Thr Ala Gln
385 390 395 400

Ala Tyr Pro Leu Asn Arg Pro Arg Gln Trp Leu Thr Ser Gly Gly Leu
405 410 415

Gly Thr Met Gly Phe Gly Leu Pro Ala Ala Ile Gly Ala Ala Leu Ala
420 425 430

Asn Pro Asp Arg Lys Val Leu Cys Phe Ser Gly Asp Gly Ser Leu Met
435 440 445

Met Asn Ile Gln Glu Met Ala Thr Ala Ser Glu Asn Gln Leu Asp Val
450 455 460

Lys Ile Ile Leu Met Asn Asn Glu Ala Leu Gly Leu Val His Gln Gln
465 470 475 480

Gln Ser Leu Phe Tyr Glu Gln Gly Val Phe Ala Ala Thr Tyr Pro Gly
485 490 495

Lys Ile Asn Phe Met Gln Ile Ala Ala Gly Phe Gly Leu Glu Thr Cys
500 505 510

Asp Leu Asn Asn Glu Ala Asp Pro Gln Ala Ser Leu Gln Glu Ile Ile
515 520 525

Asn Arg Pro Gly Pro Ala Leu Ile His Val Arg Ile Asp Ala Glu Glu
530 535 540

Lys Val Tyr Pro Met Val Pro Pro Gly Ala Ala Asn Thr Glu Met Val
545 550 555 560

Gly Glu

<210> SEQ ID NO 134

<211> LENGTH: 338

<212> TYPE: PRT

-continued

<213> ORGANISM: Pseudomonas fluorescens

<400> SEQUENCE: 134

Met Lys Val Phe Tyr Asp Lys Asp Cys Asp Leu Ser Ile Ile Gln Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Lys Lys Val Ala Ile Ile Gly Tyr Gly Ser Gln Gly His Ala Gln Ala
 20 25 30
 Cys Asn Leu Lys Asp Ser Gly Val Asp Val Thr Val Gly Leu Arg Lys
 35 40 45
 Gly Ser Ala Thr Val Ala Lys Ala Glu Ala His Gly Leu Lys Val Thr
 50 55 60
 Asp Val Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Gly Ala Asp Leu Val Met Ile Leu Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Asp Glu Phe Gln Ser Gln Leu Tyr Lys Asn Glu Ile Glu Pro Asn
 85 90 95
 Ile Lys Lys Gly Ala Thr Leu Ala Phe Ser His Gly Phe Ala Ile His
 100 105 110
 Tyr Asn Gln Val Val Pro Arg Ala Asp Leu Asp Val Ile Met Ile Ala
 115 120 125
 Pro Lys Ala Pro Gly His Thr Val Arg Ser Glu Phe Val Lys Gly Gly
 130 135 140
 Gly Ile Pro Asp Leu Ile Ala Ile Tyr Gln Asp Ala Ser Gly Asn Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Lys Asn Val Ala Leu Ser Tyr Ala Ala Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Arg Thr
 165 170 175
 Gly Ile Ile Glu Thr Thr Phe Lys Asp Glu Thr Glu Thr Asp Leu Phe
 180 185 190
 Gly Glu Gln Ala Val Leu Cys Gly Gly Thr Val Glu Leu Val Lys Ala
 195 200 205
 Gly Phe Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Pro Glu Met Ala Tyr
 210 215 220
 Phe Glu Cys Leu His Glu Leu Lys Leu Ile Val Asp Leu Met Tyr Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Gly Ile Ala Asn Met Asn Tyr Ser Ile Ser Asn Asn Ala Glu Tyr
 245 250 255
 Gly Glu Tyr Val Thr Gly Pro Glu Val Ile Asn Ala Glu Ser Arg Gln
 260 265 270
 Ala Met Arg Asn Ala Leu Lys Arg Ile Gln Asp Gly Glu Tyr Ala Lys
 275 280 285
 Met Phe Ile Ser Glu Gly Ala Thr Gly Tyr Pro Ser Met Thr Ala Lys
 290 295 300
 Arg Arg Asn Asn Ala Ala His Gly Ile Glu Ile Ile Gly Glu Gln Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Arg Ser Met Met Pro Trp Ile Gly Ala Asn Lys Ile Val Asp Lys Ala
 325 330 335
 Lys Asn

<210> SEQ ID NO 135

<211> LENGTH: 571

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Streptococcus mutans

<400> SEQUENCE: 135

Met Thr Asp Lys Lys Thr Leu Lys Asp Leu Arg Asn Arg Ser Ser Val
 1 5 10 15

-continued

Tyr Asp Ser Met Val Lys Ser Pro Asn Arg Ala Met Leu Arg Ala Thr
 20 25 30
 Gly Met Gln Asp Glu Asp Phe Glu Lys Pro Ile Val Gly Val Ile Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Trp Ala Glu Asn Thr Pro Cys Asn Ile His Leu His Asp Phe Gly
 50 55 60
 Lys Leu Ala Lys Val Gly Val Lys Glu Ala Gly Ala Trp Pro Val Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Phe Gly Thr Ile Thr Val Ser Asp Gly Ile Ala Met Gly Thr Gln Gly
 85 90 95
 Met Arg Phe Ser Leu Thr Ser Arg Asp Ile Ile Ala Asp Ser Ile Glu
 100 105 110
 Ala Ala Met Gly Gly His Asn Ala Asp Ala Phe Val Ala Ile Gly Gly
 115 120 125
 Cys Asp Lys Asn Met Pro Gly Ser Val Ile Ala Met Ala Asn Met Asp
 130 135 140
 Ile Pro Ala Ile Phe Ala Tyr Gly Gly Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Gly Lys Asp Ile Asp Leu Val Ser Val Phe Glu Gly Val Gly His
 165 170 175
 Trp Asn His Gly Asp Met Thr Lys Glu Glu Val Lys Ala Leu Glu Cys
 180 185 190
 Asn Ala Cys Pro Gly Pro Gly Gly Cys Gly Gly Met Tyr Thr Ala Asn
 195 200 205
 Thr Met Ala Thr Ala Ile Glu Val Leu Gly Leu Ser Leu Pro Gly Ser
 210 215 220
 Ser Ser His Pro Ala Glu Ser Ala Glu Lys Lys Ala Asp Ile Glu Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ala Gly Arg Ala Val Val Lys Met Leu Glu Met Gly Leu Lys Pro Ser
 245 250 255
 Asp Ile Leu Thr Arg Glu Ala Phe Glu Asp Ala Ile Thr Val Thr Met
 260 265 270
 Ala Leu Gly Gly Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Leu His Leu Leu Ala Ile Ala
 275 280 285
 His Ala Ala Asn Val Glu Leu Thr Leu Asp Asp Phe Asn Thr Phe Gln
 290 295 300
 Glu Lys Val Pro His Leu Ala Asp Leu Lys Pro Ser Gly Gln Tyr Val
 305 310 315 320
 Phe Gln Asp Leu Tyr Lys Val Gly Gly Val Pro Ala Val Met Lys Tyr
 325 330 335
 Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Phe Leu His Gly Asp Arg Ile Thr Cys Thr Gly
 340 345 350
 Lys Thr Val Ala Glu Asn Leu Lys Ala Phe Asp Asp Leu Thr Pro Gly
 355 360 365
 Gln Lys Val Ile Met Pro Leu Glu Asn Pro Lys Arg Glu Asp Gly Pro
 370 375 380
 Leu Ile Ile Leu His Gly Asn Leu Ala Pro Asp Gly Ala Val Ala Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Val Ser Gly Val Lys Val Arg Arg His Val Gly Pro Ala Lys Val Phe
 405 410 415
 Asn Ser Glu Glu Glu Ala Ile Glu Ala Val Leu Asn Asp Asp Ile Val
 420 425 430

-continued

Asp Gly Asp Val Val Val Val Arg Phe Val Gly Pro Lys Gly Gly Pro
 435 440 445

 Gly Met Pro Glu Met Leu Ser Leu Ser Ser Met Ile Val Gly Lys Gly
 450 455 460

 Gln Gly Glu Lys Val Ala Leu Leu Thr Asp Gly Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
 465 470 475 480

 Thr Tyr Gly Leu Val Val Gly His Ile Ala Pro Glu Ala Gln Asp Gly
 485 490 495

 Gly Pro Ile Ala Tyr Leu Gln Thr Gly Asp Ile Val Thr Ile Asp Gln
 500 505 510

 Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu His Phe Asp Ile Ser Asp Glu Glu Leu Lys His
 515 520 525

 Arg Gln Glu Thr Ile Glu Leu Pro Pro Leu Tyr Ser Arg Gly Ile Leu
 530 535 540

 Gly Lys Tyr Ala His Ile Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Arg Gly Ala Val Thr
 545 550 555 560

 Asp Phe Trp Lys Pro Glu Glu Thr Gly Lys Lys
 565 570

<210> SEQ ID NO 136

<211> LENGTH: 548

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Listeria grayi*

<400> SEQUENCE: 136

Met Tyr Thr Val Gly Gln Tyr Leu Val Asp Arg Leu Glu Glu Ile Gly
 1 5 10 15

 Ile Asp Lys Val Phe Gly Val Pro Gly Asp Tyr Asn Leu Thr Phe Leu
 20 25 30

 Asp Tyr Ile Gln Asn His Glu Gly Leu Ser Trp Gln Gly Asn Thr Asn
 35 40 45

 Glu Leu Asn Ala Ala Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gly Tyr Ala Arg Glu Arg Gly
 50 55 60

 Val Ser Ala Leu Val Thr Thr Phe Gly Val Gly Glu Leu Ser Ala Ile
 65 70 75 80

 Asn Gly Thr Ala Gly Ser Phe Ala Glu Gln Val Pro Val Ile His Ile
 85 90 95

 Val Gly Ser Pro Thr Met Asn Val Gln Ser Asn Lys Lys Leu Val His
 100 105 110

 His Ser Leu Gly Met Gly Asn Phe His Asn Phe Ser Glu Met Ala Lys
 115 120 125

 Glu Val Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr Met Leu Thr Glu Glu Asn Ala Ala Ser
 130 135 140

 Glu Ile Asp Arg Val Leu Glu Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Lys Arg Pro Val
 145 150 155 160

 Tyr Ile Asn Leu Pro Ile Asp Ile Ala His Lys Ala Ile Val Lys Pro
 165 170 175

 Ala Lys Ala Leu Gln Thr Glu Lys Ser Ser Gly Glu Arg Glu Ala Gln
 180 185 190

 Leu Ala Glu Ile Ile Leu Ser His Leu Glu Lys Ala Ala Gln Pro Ile
 195 200 205

 Val Ile Ala Gly His Glu Ile Ala Arg Phe Gln Ile Arg Glu Arg Phe
 210 215 220

 Glu Asn Trp Ile Asn Gln Thr Lys Leu Pro Val Thr Asn Leu Ala Tyr
 225 230 235 240

-continued

Gly Lys Gly Ser Phe Asn Glu Glu Asn Glu His Phe Ile Gly Thr Tyr
 245 250 255
 Tyr Pro Ala Phe Ser Asp Lys Asn Val Leu Asp Tyr Val Asp Asn Ser
 260 265 270
 Asp Phe Val Leu His Phe Gly Gly Lys Ile Ile Asp Asn Ser Thr Ser
 275 280 285
 Ser Phe Ser Gln Gly Phe Lys Thr Glu Asn Thr Leu Thr Ala Ala Asn
 290 295 300
 Asp Ile Ile Met Leu Pro Asp Gly Ser Thr Tyr Ser Gly Ile Ser Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Gly Leu Leu Ala Glu Leu Glu Lys Leu Asn Phe Thr Phe Ala Asp
 325 330 335
 Thr Ala Ala Lys Gln Ala Glu Leu Ala Val Phe Glu Pro Gln Ala Glu
 340 345 350
 Thr Pro Leu Lys Gln Asp Arg Phe His Gln Ala Val Met Asn Phe Leu
 355 360 365
 Gln Ala Asp Asp Val Leu Val Thr Glu Gln Gly Thr Ser Ser Phe Gly
 370 375 380
 Leu Met Leu Ala Pro Leu Lys Lys Gly Met Asn Leu Ile Ser Gln Thr
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Trp Gly Ser Ile Gly Tyr Thr Leu Pro Ala Met Ile Gly Ser Gln
 405 410 415
 Ile Ala Ala Pro Glu Arg Arg His Ile Leu Ser Ile Gly Asp Gly Ser
 420 425 430
 Phe Gln Leu Thr Ala Gln Glu Met Ser Thr Ile Phe Arg Glu Lys Leu
 435 440 445
 Thr Pro Val Ile Phe Ile Ile Asn Asn Asp Gly Tyr Thr Val Glu Arg
 450 455 460
 Ala Ile His Gly Glu Asp Glu Ser Tyr Asn Asp Ile Pro Thr Trp Asn
 465 470 475 480
 Leu Gln Leu Val Ala Glu Thr Phe Gly Gly Asp Ala Glu Thr Val Asp
 485 490 495
 Thr His Asn Val Phe Thr Glu Thr Asp Phe Ala Asn Thr Leu Ala Ala
 500 505 510
 Ile Asp Ala Thr Pro Gln Lys Ala His Val Val Glu Val His Met Glu
 515 520 525
 Gln Met Asp Met Pro Glu Ser Leu Arg Gln Ile Gly Leu Ala Leu Ser
 530 535 540
 Lys Gln Asn Ser
 545

<210> SEQ ID NO 137

<211> LENGTH: 1641

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: *Macrococcus caseolyticus*

<400> SEQUENCE: 137

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atgaaacaac gtatcgggca atacttgatc gatgcocctac acgttaaatgg tgtcgataag      60
atctttggag tcccagggtga tttcacttta gcctttttgg acgatatcat aagacatgac      120
aacgtggaat ggggtgggaaa tactaatgag ttgaacgccg cttacgccgc tgatggttac      180
gctagagtta atggattagc cgctgtatct accacttttg gggttggcga gttatctgct      240
gtgaatggta ttgctggaag ttacgcagag cgtgttcctg taatcaaaa ctcaggcggt      300
  
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ccttcacagcag ttgctcaaca agagggtaga tatgtccacc attcattggg tgaaggaatc 360
tttgattcat attcaaagat gtacgctcac ataaccgcaa caactacaat cttatccggt 420
gacaacgcagc tgcacgaaat tgatagagtt attcattgtg ctttgaagga aaagaggcca 480
gtgcatattc atttgctat tgacgtagcc ttaactgaga ttgaaatccc tcatgcacca 540
aaagtttaca cacacgaatc ccagaacgct gatgcttaca ttcaagctgt tgagaaaaag 600
ttaatgtctg caaaacaacc agtaatcata gcaggtcatg aatcaattc attcaagttg 660
cacgaacaac tggaacagtt tgtcaatcag acaaacatcc ctgttgaca actttccttg 720
ggtaagtctg ctttcaatga agagaatgaa cattaccttg gtatctacga tggcaaaatc 780
gcaaagggaaa atgtgagaga gtacgtcgac aatgctgatg tcatattgaa cataggtgcc 840
aaactgactg attctgttac agctggattt tcctacaagt tcgatacaaa caacataatc 900
tacattaacc ataatgactt caaagctgaa gatgtgattt ctgataatgt ttcactgatt 960
gatcttctga atggcctgaa ttctattgac tatagaaatg aaacacacta cccatcttat 1020
caaagatctg atatgaaata cgaattgaat gacgcaccac ttacacaatc taactatttc 1080
aaaatgatga acgcttttct agaaaaagat gacatcctac tagctgaaca aggtacatcc 1140
tttttcggcg catatgactt atccctatac aagggaatc agtttatcgg tcagccttta 1200
tgggggtcaa tagggatatac ttttccatct ttactaggaa gtcaactagc agacatgcat 1260
aggagaaaca ttttgcttat aggcgatggt agtttacaac ttactgttca agccctaagt 1320
acaatgatta gaaaggatat caaaccaatc attttcgtta tcaataacga cggttacacc 1380
gtcгааagac ttatccacgg catggaagag ccatacaatg atatccaaat gtggaactac 1440
aagcaattgc cagaagtatt tgggtgaaaa gatactgtaa aagttcatga tgctaaaacc 1500
tccaacgaac tgaaaactgt aatggattct gttaaagcag acaaagatca catgcatttc 1560
attgaagtgc atatggcagt agaggacgcc ccaaagaagt tgattgatat agctaaagcc 1620
ttagtgatg ctaacaagta a 1641

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<210> SEQ ID NO 138

<211> LENGTH: 347

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Beijerinckia indica*

<400> SEQUENCE: 138

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Met Lys Ala Leu Val Tyr Arg Gly Pro Gly Gln Lys Leu Val Glu Glu
1           5           10          15
Arg Gln Lys Pro Glu Leu Lys Glu Pro Gly Asp Ala Ile Val Lys Val
20          25          30
Thr Lys Thr Thr Ile Cys Gly Thr Asp Leu His Ile Leu Lys Gly Asp
35          40          45
Val Ala Thr Cys Lys Pro Gly Arg Val Leu Gly His Glu Gly Val Gly
50          55          60
Val Ile Glu Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Val Thr Ala Phe Gln Pro Gly Asp
65          70          75          80
Arg Val Leu Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Cys Gly Lys Cys Ser Phe Cys
85          90          95
Arg Arg Gly Met Phe Ser His Cys Thr Thr Gly Gly Trp Ile Leu Gly
100         105         110
Asn Glu Ile Asp Gly Thr Gln Ala Glu Tyr Val Arg Val Pro His Ala
115         120         125
Asp Thr Ser Leu Tyr Arg Ile Pro Ala Gly Ala Asp Glu Glu Ala Leu

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-continued

130	135	140
Val Met Leu Ser Asp Ile	Leu Pro Thr Gly Phe	Glu Cys Gly Val Leu
145	150	155 160
Asn Gly Lys Val Ala Pro	Gly Ser Ser Val Ala	Ile Val Gly Ala Gly
	165	170 175
Pro Val Gly Leu Ala Ala	Leu Leu Thr Ala Gln	Phe Tyr Ser Pro Ala
	180	185 190
Glu Ile Ile Met Ile Asp	Leu Asp Asp Asn Arg	Leu Gly Leu Ala Lys
	195	200 205
Gln Phe Gly Ala Thr Arg	Thr Val Asn Ser Thr	Gly Gly Asn Ala Ala
	210	215 220
Ala Glu Val Lys Ala Leu	Thr Glu Gly Leu Gly	Val Asp Thr Ala Ile
	225	230 235 240
Glu Ala Val Gly Ile Pro	Ala Thr Phe Glu Leu	Cys Gln Asn Ile Val
	245	250 255
Ala Pro Gly Gly Thr Ile	Ala Asn Val Gly Val	His Gly Ser Lys Val
	260	265 270
Asp Leu His Leu Glu Ser	Leu Trp Ser His Asn	Val Thr Ile Thr Thr
	275	280 285
Arg Leu Val Asp Thr Ala	Thr Thr Pro Met Leu	Leu Lys Thr Val Gln
	290	295 300
Ser His Lys Leu Asp Pro	Ser Arg Leu Ile Thr	His Arg Phe Ser Leu
	305	310 315 320
Asp Gln Ile Leu Asp Ala	Tyr Glu Thr Phe Gly	Gln Ala Ala Ser Thr
	325	330 335
Gln Ala Leu Lys Val Ile	Ile Ser Met Glu Ala	
	340	345

<210> SEQ ID NO 139

<211> LENGTH: 348

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: *Achromobacter xylosoxidans*

<400> SEQUENCE: 139

Met Lys Ala Leu Val Tyr	His Gly Asp His Lys	Ile Ser Leu Glu Asp
1	5	10 15
Lys Pro Lys Pro Thr Leu	Gln Lys Pro Thr Asp	Val Val Val Arg Val
	20	25 30
Leu Lys Thr Thr Ile Cys	Gly Thr Asp Leu Gly	Ile Tyr Lys Gly Lys
	35	40 45
Asn Pro Glu Val Ala Asp	Gly Arg Ile Leu Gly	His Glu Gly Val Gly
	50	55 60
Val Ile Glu Glu Val Gly	Glu Ser Val Thr Gln	Phe Lys Lys Gly Asp
	65	70 75 80
Lys Val Leu Ile Ser Cys	Val Thr Ser Cys Gly	Ser Cys Asp Tyr Cys
	85	90 95
Lys Lys Gln Leu Tyr Ser	His Cys Arg Asp Gly	Gly Trp Ile Leu Gly
	100	105 110
Tyr Met Ile Asp Gly Val	Gln Ala Glu Tyr Val	Arg Ile Pro His Ala
	115	120 125
Asp Asn Ser Leu Tyr Lys	Ile Pro Gln Thr Ile	Asp Asp Glu Ile Ala
	130	135 140
Val Leu Leu Ser Asp Ile	Leu Pro Thr Gly His	Glu Ile Gly Val Gln
	145	150 155 160

-continued

Tyr Gly Asn Val Gln Pro Gly Asp Ala Val Ala Ile Val Gly Ala Gly
 165 170 175

Pro Val Gly Met Ser Val Leu Leu Thr Ala Gln Phe Tyr Ser Pro Ser
 180 185 190

Thr Ile Ile Val Ile Asp Met Asp Glu Asn Arg Leu Gln Leu Ala Lys
 195 200 205

Glu Leu Gly Ala Thr His Thr Ile Asn Ser Gly Thr Glu Asn Val Val
 210 215 220

Glu Ala Val His Arg Ile Ala Ala Glu Gly Val Asp Val Ala Ile Glu
 225 230 235 240

Ala Val Gly Ile Pro Ala Thr Trp Asp Ile Cys Gln Glu Ile Val Lys
 245 250 255

Pro Gly Ala His Ile Ala Asn Val Gly Val His Gly Val Lys Val Asp
 260 265 270

Phe Glu Ile Gln Lys Leu Trp Ile Lys Asn Leu Thr Ile Thr Thr Gly
 275 280 285

Leu Val Asn Thr Asn Thr Thr Pro Met Leu Met Lys Val Ala Ser Thr
 290 295 300

Asp Lys Leu Pro Leu Lys Lys Met Ile Thr His Arg Phe Glu Leu Ala
 305 310 315 320

Glu Ile Glu His Ala Tyr Gln Val Phe Leu Asn Gly Ala Lys Glu Lys
 325 330 335

Ala Met Lys Ile Ile Leu Ser Asn Ala Gly Ala Ala
 340 345

<210> SEQ ID NO 140

<400> SEQUENCE: 140

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<210> SEQ ID NO 141

<211> LENGTH: 548

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Lactococcus lactis

<400> SEQUENCE: 141

Met Tyr Thr Val Gly Asp Tyr Leu Leu Asp Arg Leu His Glu Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15

Ile Glu Glu Ile Phe Gly Val Pro Gly Asp Tyr Asn Leu Gln Phe Leu
 20 25 30

Asp Gln Ile Ile Ser His Lys Asp Met Lys Trp Val Gly Asn Ala Asn
 35 40 45

Glu Leu Asn Ala Ser Tyr Met Ala Asp Gly Tyr Ala Arg Thr Lys Lys
 50 55 60

Ala Ala Ala Phe Leu Thr Thr Phe Gly Val Gly Glu Leu Ser Ala Val
 65 70 75 80

Asn Gly Leu Ala Gly Ser Tyr Ala Glu Asn Leu Pro Val Val Glu Ile
 85 90 95

Val Gly Ser Pro Thr Ser Lys Val Gln Asn Glu Gly Lys Phe Val His
 100 105 110

His Thr Leu Ala Asp Gly Asp Phe Lys His Phe Met Lys Met His Glu
 115 120 125

Pro Val Thr Ala Ala Arg Thr Leu Leu Thr Ala Glu Asn Ala Thr Val
 130 135 140

Glu Ile Asp Arg Val Leu Ser Ala Leu Leu Lys Glu Arg Lys Pro Val

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145	150	155	160
Tyr Ile Asn Leu Pro Val Asp Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Glu Lys Pro	165	170	175
Ser Leu Pro Leu Lys Lys Glu Asn Ser Thr Ser Asn Thr Ser Asp Gln	180	185	190
Glu Ile Leu Asn Lys Ile Gln Glu Ser Leu Lys Asn Ala Lys Lys Pro	195	200	205
Ile Val Ile Thr Gly His Glu Ile Ile Ser Phe Gly Leu Glu Lys Thr	210	215	220
Val Thr Gln Phe Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Leu Pro Ile Thr Thr Leu Asn	225	230	235
Phe Gly Lys Ser Ser Val Asp Glu Ala Leu Pro Ser Phe Leu Gly Ile	245	250	255
Tyr Asn Gly Thr Leu Ser Glu Pro Asn Leu Lys Glu Phe Val Glu Ser	260	265	270
Ala Asp Phe Ile Leu Met Leu Gly Val Lys Leu Thr Asp Ser Ser Thr	275	280	285
Gly Ala Phe Thr His His Leu Asn Glu Asn Lys Met Ile Ser Leu Asn	290	295	300
Ile Asp Glu Gly Lys Ile Phe Asn Glu Arg Ile Gln Asn Phe Asp Phe	305	310	315
Glu Ser Leu Ile Ser Ser Leu Leu Asp Leu Ser Glu Ile Glu Tyr Lys	325	330	335
Gly Lys Tyr Ile Asp Lys Lys Gln Glu Asp Phe Val Pro Ser Asn Ala	340	345	350
Leu Leu Ser Gln Asp Arg Leu Trp Gln Ala Val Glu Asn Leu Thr Gln	355	360	365
Ser Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Ala Glu Gln Gly Thr Ser Phe Phe Gly Ala	370	375	380
Ser Ser Ile Phe Leu Lys Ser Lys Ser His Phe Ile Gly Gln Pro Leu	385	390	395
Trp Gly Ser Ile Gly Tyr Thr Phe Pro Ala Ala Leu Gly Ser Gln Ile	405	410	415
Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Arg His Leu Leu Phe Ile Gly Asp Gly Ser Leu	420	425	430
Gln Leu Thr Val Gln Glu Leu Gly Leu Ala Ile Arg Glu Lys Ile Asn	435	440	445
Pro Ile Cys Phe Ile Ile Asn Asn Asp Gly Tyr Thr Val Glu Arg Glu	450	455	460
Ile His Gly Pro Asn Gln Ser Tyr Asn Asp Ile Pro Met Trp Asn Tyr	465	470	475
Ser Lys Leu Pro Glu Ser Phe Gly Ala Thr Glu Asp Arg Val Val Ser	485	490	495
Lys Ile Val Arg Thr Glu Asn Glu Phe Val Ser Val Met Lys Glu Ala	500	505	510
Gln Ala Asp Pro Asn Arg Met Tyr Trp Ile Glu Leu Ile Leu Ala Lys	515	520	525
Glu Gly Ala Pro Lys Val Leu Lys Lys Met Gly Lys Leu Phe Ala Glu	530	535	540
Gln Asn Lys Ser			
545			

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<211> LENGTH: 375

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Equus caballus

<400> SEQUENCE: 142

Met Ser Thr Ala Gly Lys Val Ile Lys Cys Lys Ala Ala Val Leu Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Glu Lys Lys Pro Phe Ser Ile Glu Glu Val Glu Val Ala Pro Pro
 20 25 30
 Lys Ala His Glu Val Arg Ile Lys Met Val Ala Thr Gly Ile Cys Arg
 35 40 45
 Ser Asp Asp His Val Val Ser Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Pro Leu Pro Val
 50 55 60
 Ile Ala Gly His Glu Ala Ala Gly Ile Val Glu Ser Ile Gly Glu Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Val Thr Thr Val Arg Pro Gly Asp Lys Val Ile Pro Leu Phe Thr Pro
 85 90 95
 Gln Cys Gly Lys Cys Arg Val Cys Lys His Pro Glu Gly Asn Phe Cys
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Asn Asp Leu Ser Met Pro Arg Gly Thr Met Gln Asp Gly Thr
 115 120 125
 Ser Arg Phe Thr Cys Arg Gly Lys Pro Ile His His Phe Leu Gly Thr
 130 135 140
 Ser Thr Phe Ser Gln Tyr Thr Val Val Asp Glu Ile Ser Val Ala Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Asp Ala Ala Ser Pro Leu Glu Lys Val Cys Leu Ile Gly Cys Gly
 165 170 175
 Phe Ser Thr Gly Tyr Gly Ser Ala Val Lys Val Ala Lys Val Thr Gln
 180 185 190
 Gly Ser Thr Cys Ala Val Phe Gly Leu Gly Gly Val Gly Leu Ser Val
 195 200 205
 Ile Met Gly Cys Lys Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala Arg Ile Ile Gly Val Asp
 210 215 220
 Ile Asn Lys Asp Lys Phe Ala Lys Ala Lys Glu Val Gly Ala Thr Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Cys Val Asn Pro Gln Asp Tyr Lys Lys Pro Ile Gln Glu Val Leu Thr
 245 250 255
 Glu Met Ser Asn Gly Gly Val Asp Phe Ser Phe Glu Val Ile Gly Arg
 260 265 270
 Leu Asp Thr Met Val Thr Ala Leu Ser Cys Cys Gln Glu Ala Tyr Gly
 275 280 285
 Val Ser Val Ile Val Gly Val Pro Pro Asp Ser Gln Asn Leu Ser Met
 290 295 300
 Asn Pro Met Leu Leu Leu Ser Gly Arg Thr Trp Lys Gly Ala Ile Phe
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Gly Phe Lys Ser Lys Asp Ser Val Pro Lys Leu Val Ala Asp Phe
 325 330 335
 Met Ala Lys Lys Phe Ala Leu Asp Pro Leu Ile Thr His Val Leu Pro
 340 345 350
 Phe Glu Lys Ile Asn Glu Gly Phe Asp Leu Leu Arg Ser Gly Glu Ser
 355 360 365
 Ile Arg Thr Ile Leu Thr Phe
 370 375

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<210> SEQ ID NO 143
<211> LENGTH: 1206
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Aureobasidin A resistance (AUR1-C)

<400> SEQUENCE: 143
atggcaaac ctttttcgag atggtttcta tcagagagac ctccaaactg ccatgtagcc    60
gatttagaaa caagtttaga tccccatcaa acggtgttga aggtgcaaaa atacaaaccc    120
gctttaagcg actgggtgca ttacatcttc ttgggatcca tcatgctgtt tgtgttcatt    180
actaatcccg caccttgat cttcaagatc cttttttatt gtttcttggg cactttatc    240
atcattccag ctacgtcaca gtttttcttc aatgccttgc ccatcctaac atgggtggcg    300
ctgtatttca cttcatcgta ctttcagat gaccgcaggc ctctattac tgtcaaagt    360
ttaccagcgg tggaacaat tttatacggc gacaatttaa gtgatattct tgcaacatcg    420
acgaattcct ttttgacat tttagcatgg ttaccgtacg gactatttca ttatggggcc    480
ccatttgcg ttgctgcoat cttattcgta ttggtccac caactgtttt gcaaggttat    540
gcttttgcg ttggttatat gaacctgtt ggtgttatca tgcaaatgt cttccagcc    600
gctccccc atggataaaat tctctatgga ttgcaatcag ccaactatga tatgcatggc    660
tcgctgggtg gattagctag aattgataag ctactcggtt ttaatatgta tactacatgt    720
ttttcaaatt cctccgctcat ttcggtgct ttccttcac tgcattccgg gtgtgctact    780
atggaagccc tgtttttctg ttattgtttt ccaaaattga agcccttgtt tattgettat    840
gtttgctggg tatgggtggt aactatgat ctgacacacc attattttgt agaccttatg    900
gcaggttctg tgctgtcata cgttattttc cagtacacaa agtacacaca ttaccaatt    960
gtagatacat ctcttttttg cagatgggtca tacacttcaa ttgagaaata cgatatatca    1020
aagagtgatc cattggctgc agattcaaac gatatcgaaa gtgtcccttt gtccaactg    1080
gaacttgact ttgatcttaa tatgactgat gaaccagtg taagcccttc gttatttgat    1140
ggatctaact ctgtttctcg ttcgctcgcc acgtctataa cgtcactagg tgtaaagagg    1200
gcttaa                                           1206

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<210> SEQ ID NO 144
<211> LENGTH: 401
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Aureobasidin A resistance (AUR1-C)

<400> SEQUENCE: 144
Met Ala Asn Pro Phe Ser Arg Trp Phe Leu Ser Glu Arg Pro Pro Asn
 1           5           10          15
Cys His Val Ala Asp Leu Glu Thr Ser Leu Asp Pro His Gln Thr Leu
          20          25          30
Leu Lys Val Gln Lys Tyr Lys Pro Ala Leu Ser Asp Trp Val His Tyr
          35          40          45
Ile Phe Leu Gly Ser Ile Met Leu Phe Val Phe Ile Thr Asn Pro Ala
          50          55          60
Pro Trp Ile Phe Lys Ile Leu Phe Tyr Cys Phe Leu Gly Thr Leu Phe
 65          70          75          80
Ile Ile Pro Ala Thr Ser Gln Phe Phe Phe Asn Ala Leu Pro Ile Leu
          85          90          95

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Thr Trp Val Ala Leu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Ser Tyr Phe Pro Asp Asp Arg
 100 105 110

Arg Pro Pro Ile Thr Val Lys Val Leu Pro Ala Val Glu Thr Ile Leu
 115 120 125

Tyr Gly Asp Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile Leu Ala Thr Ser Thr Asn Ser Phe
 130 135 140

Leu Asp Ile Leu Ala Trp Leu Pro Tyr Gly Leu Phe His Tyr Gly Ala
 145 150 155 160

Pro Phe Val Val Ala Ala Ile Leu Phe Val Phe Gly Pro Pro Thr Val
 165 170 175

Leu Gln Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ala Phe Gly Tyr Met Asn Leu Phe Gly Val
 180 185 190

Ile Met Gln Asn Val Phe Pro Ala Ala Pro Pro Trp Tyr Lys Ile Leu
 195 200 205

Tyr Gly Leu Gln Ser Ala Asn Tyr Asp Met His Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly
 210 215 220

Leu Ala Arg Ile Asp Lys Leu Leu Gly Ile Asn Met Tyr Thr Thr Cys
 225 230 235 240

Phe Ser Asn Ser Ser Val Ile Phe Gly Ala Phe Pro Ser Leu His Ser
 245 250 255

Gly Cys Ala Thr Met Glu Ala Leu Phe Phe Cys Tyr Cys Phe Pro Lys
 260 265 270

Leu Lys Pro Leu Phe Ile Ala Tyr Val Cys Trp Leu Trp Trp Ser Thr
 275 280 285

Met Tyr Leu Thr His His Tyr Phe Val Asp Leu Met Ala Gly Ser Val
 290 295 300

Leu Ser Tyr Val Ile Phe Gln Tyr Thr Lys Tyr Thr His Leu Pro Ile
 305 310 315 320

Val Asp Thr Ser Leu Phe Cys Arg Trp Ser Tyr Thr Ser Ile Glu Lys
 325 330 335

Tyr Asp Ile Ser Lys Ser Asp Pro Leu Ala Ala Asp Ser Asn Asp Ile
 340 345 350

Glu Ser Val Pro Leu Ser Asn Leu Glu Leu Asp Phe Asp Leu Asn Met
 355 360 365

Thr Asp Glu Pro Ser Val Ser Pro Ser Leu Phe Asp Gly Ser Thr Ser
 370 375 380

Val Ser Arg Ser Ser Ala Thr Ser Ile Thr Ser Leu Gly Val Lys Arg
 385 390 395 400

Ala

<210> SEQ ID NO 145
 <211> LENGTH: 552
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: bialiphos resistance protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 145

atgagcccag aacgacgccc ggccgacatc cgccgtgcca ccgaggcgga catgcccggc 60
 gtctgcacca tcgtcaacca ctacatcgag acaagcacgg tcaacttccg taccgagccg 120
 caggaaccgc aggagtggac ggacgacctc gtccgtctgc gggagcgcta tcctggctc 180
 gtcgcccagg tggacggcga ggtcgccggc atcgctacg cgggcccctg gaaggcacgc 240
 aacgcctacg actggacggc cgagtcgacc gtgtactct ccccccgcca ccagcggacg 300

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ggactgggct ccacgctcta caccacctg ctgaagtccc tggaggcaca gggcttcaag 360
agcgtggctg ctgtcatcgg gctgcccac gacccgagcg tgcgcatgca cgaggcgctc 420
ggatatgccc ccccgggcat gctgcgggcg gccggcttca agcacgggaa ctggcatgac 480
gtgggtttct ggcagctgga cttcagcctg ccggtaccgc cccgtccggt cctgcccctc 540
accgagattt ga 552

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 146
<211> LENGTH: 183
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: bialiphos resistance protein

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 146

```

```

Met Ser Pro Glu Arg Arg Pro Ala Asp Ile Arg Arg Ala Thr Glu Ala
1          5          10          15
Asp Met Pro Ala Val Cys Thr Ile Val Asn His Tyr Ile Glu Thr Ser
20        25        30
Thr Val Asn Phe Arg Thr Glu Pro Gln Glu Pro Gln Glu Trp Thr Asp
35        40        45
Asp Leu Val Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Tyr Pro Trp Leu Val Ala Glu Val
50        55        60
Asp Gly Glu Val Ala Gly Ile Ala Tyr Ala Gly Pro Trp Lys Ala Arg
65        70        75        80
Asn Ala Tyr Asp Trp Thr Ala Glu Ser Thr Val Tyr Val Ser Pro Arg
85        90        95
His Gln Arg Thr Gly Leu Gly Ser Thr Leu Tyr Thr His Leu Leu Lys
100       105       110
Ser Leu Glu Ala Gln Gly Phe Lys Ser Val Val Ala Val Ile Gly Leu
115       120       125
Pro Asn Asp Pro Ser Val Arg Met His Glu Ala Leu Gly Tyr Ala Pro
130       135       140
Arg Gly Met Leu Arg Ala Ala Gly Phe Lys His Gly Asn Trp His Asp
145       150       155       160
Val Gly Phe Trp Gln Leu Asp Phe Ser Leu Pro Val Pro Pro Arg Pro
165       170       175
Val Leu Pro Val Thr Glu Ile
180

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 147
<211> LENGTH: 1953
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: cerulenin resistance YML007W Chr 13

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 147

```

```

atgagtgtgt ctaccgcaa gaggtcgtg gatgtcgttt ctccgggttc attagcggag 60
tttgagggtt caaaatctcg tcacgatgaa atagaaaatg aacatagacg tactggtaca 120
cgtgatggcg aggatagcga gcaaccgaag aagaagggtg gcaaaaactag caaaaagcaa 180
gatttgatc ctgaaactaa gcagaagagg actgccc aaa atcggggccgc tcaaagagct 240
tttagggaac gtaaggagag gaagatgaag gaattggaga agaaggtaca aagtttagag 300
agtattcagc agcaaaatga agtggaaact acttttttga gggaccagtt aatcactctg 360
gtgaatgagt taaaaaata tagaccagag acaagaaatg actcaaaagt gctggaatat 420

```

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ttagcaaggc gagatcctaa tttgcatttt tcaaaaaata acgttaacca cagcaatagc 480
gagccaattg acacacccaa tgatgacata caagaaaatg ttaaacaaaa gatgaatttc 540
acgtttcaat atccgcttga taacgacaac gacaacgaca acagtaaaaa tgtgggggaaa 600
caattacctt caccaaaatga tccaagtcac tggctccta tgectataaa tcagacacaa 660
aagaaattaa gtgacgctac agattcctcc agcgctactt tggattccct ttcaaatagt 720
aacgatgttc ttaataacac accaaaactcc tccacttcga tggattgggt agataatgta 780
atatatacta acaggtttgt gtcagggtgat gatggcagca atagtaaaac taagaattta 840
gacagtaata tgttttctaa tgactttaat tttgaaaacc aatttgatga acaagtttcg 900
gagttttgtt cgaaaatgaa ccaggatgtt ggaacaaggc aatgtcccat tcccaagaaa 960
cccatctcgg ctcttgataa agaagttttc gcgctcctt ctataactag ttcaaattct 1020
cctgctttaa caaatacttg ggaatcacat tctaataata cagataatac tctgctaat 1080
gtcattgcta ctgatgtcac taaatatgaa aattccttct ccggttttgg ccgacttggt 1140
ttcgatatga gtgccaatca ttacgtctgt aatgataata gcaactggtag cactgatagc 1200
actggtagca ctggcaataa gaacaaaaag aacaataata atagcgatga tgtactocca 1260
ttcatatcgg agtcaccggt tgatatgaac caagttaact attttttttag tccgggatct 1320
accggcatcg gcaataatgc tgctctaac accaatccca gcctactgca aagcagcaaa 1380
gaggatatac cttttatcaa cgcaaactcg gctttccag acgacaattc aactaatatt 1440
caattacaac ctttctctga atctcaatct caaaataagt ttgactacga catgtttttt 1500
agagattcat cgaaggaagg taacaattta tttggagagt ttttagagga tgacgatgat 1560
gacaaaaaag ccgctaatat gtcagacgat gagtcaagtt taatcaagaa ccagttaatt 1620
aacgaagaac cagagcttcc gaaacaatat ctacaatcgg taccaggaaa tgaagcgaa 1680
atctcacaaa aaaatggcag tagtttacag aatgctgaca aaatcaataa tggcaatgat 1740
aacgataatg ataatgatgt cgttccatct aaggaaggct ctttactaag gtgttcggaa 1800
atgtgggata gaataacaac acatccgaaa tactcagata ttgatgtcga tggtttatgt 1860
tccgagctaa tggcaaaggc aaaatgttca gaaagagggg ttgtcatcaa tgcagaagac 1920
gttcaattag ctttgaataa gcatatgaac taa 1953

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 148

<211> LENGTH: 650

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: cerulenin resistance YML007W Chr 13

<400> SEQUENCE: 148

```

Met Ser Val Ser Thr Ala Lys Arg Ser Leu Asp Val Val Ser Pro Gly
1          5          10          15

Ser Leu Ala Glu Phe Glu Gly Ser Lys Ser Arg His Asp Glu Ile Glu
20          25          30

Asn Glu His Arg Arg Thr Gly Thr Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Ser Glu Gln
35          40          45

Pro Lys Lys Lys Gly Ser Lys Thr Ser Lys Lys Gln Asp Leu Asp Pro
50          55          60

Glu Thr Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Gln Asn Arg Ala Ala Gln Arg Ala
65          70          75          80

Phe Arg Glu Arg Lys Glu Arg Lys Met Lys Glu Leu Glu Lys Lys Val

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85					90					95					
Gln	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ile	Gln	Gln	Gln	Asn	Glu	Val	Glu	Ala	Thr	Phe
		100						105					110		
Leu	Arg	Asp	Gln	Leu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Val	Asn	Glu	Leu	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Arg
		115					120					125			
Pro	Glu	Thr	Arg	Asn	Asp	Ser	Lys	Val	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Arg	Arg
		130				135					140				
Asp	Pro	Asn	Leu	His	Phe	Ser	Lys	Asn	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Ser	Asn	Ser
145				150						155					160
Glu	Pro	Ile	Asp	Thr	Pro	Asn	Asp	Asp	Ile	Gln	Glu	Asn	Val	Lys	Gln
			165						170						175
Lys	Met	Asn	Phe	Thr	Phe	Gln	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Asp	Asn	Asp	Asn	Asp	Asn
		180						185							190
Asp	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asn	Val	Gly	Lys	Gln	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Asn	Asp	Pro
		195					200						205		
Ser	His	Ser	Ala	Pro	Met	Pro	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Gln	Lys	Lys	Leu	Ser
	210					215						220			
Asp	Ala	Thr	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ala	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ser	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ser
225					230					235					240
Asn	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn	Asn	Thr	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ser	Met	Asp	Trp
			245						250						255
Leu	Asp	Asn	Val	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Arg	Phe	Val	Ser	Gly	Asp	Asp	Gly
		260						265							270
Ser	Asn	Ser	Lys	Thr	Lys	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asn	Met	Phe	Ser	Asn	Asp
		275					280						285		
Phe	Asn	Phe	Glu	Asn	Gln	Phe	Asp	Glu	Gln	Val	Ser	Glu	Phe	Cys	Ser
	290					295					300				
Lys	Met	Asn	Gln	Val	Cys	Gly	Thr	Arg	Gln	Cys	Pro	Ile	Pro	Lys	Lys
305					310						315				320
Pro	Ile	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asp	Lys	Glu	Val	Phe	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ile	Leu
			325						330						335
Ser	Ser	Asn	Ser	Pro	Ala	Leu	Thr	Asn	Thr	Trp	Glu	Ser	His	Ser	Asn
		340							345					350	
Ile	Thr	Asp	Asn	Thr	Pro	Ala	Asn	Val	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asp	Ala	Thr	Lys
		355					360						365		
Tyr	Glu	Asn	Ser	Phe	Ser	Gly	Phe	Gly	Arg	Leu	Gly	Phe	Asp	Met	Ser
	370					375							380		
Ala	Asn	His	Tyr	Val	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ser	Thr	Asp	Ser
	385					390					395				400
Thr	Gly	Ser	Thr	Gly	Asn	Lys	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Asn	Asn	Ser	Asp
			405						410						415
Asp	Val	Leu	Pro	Phe	Ile	Ser	Glu	Ser	Pro	Phe	Asp	Met	Asn	Gln	Val
		420							425					430	
Thr	Asn	Phe	Phe	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ile	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ala	Ala
		435					440						445		
Ser	Asn	Thr	Asn	Pro	Ser	Leu	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Lys	Glu	Asp	Ile	Pro
	450					455						460			
Phe	Ile	Asn	Ala	Asn	Leu	Ala	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asp	Asn	Ser	Thr	Asn	Ile
	465				470						475				480
Gln	Leu	Gln	Pro	Phe	Ser	Glu	Ser	Gln	Ser	Gln	Asn	Lys	Phe	Asp	Tyr
			485							490					495
Asp	Met	Phe	Phe	Arg	Asp	Ser	Ser	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asn	Asn	Leu	Phe	Gly
			500					505							510

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Glu Phe Leu Glu Asp Asp Asp Asp Lys Lys Ala Ala Asn Met Ser
 515 520 525
 Asp Asp Glu Ser Ser Leu Ile Lys Asn Gln Leu Ile Asn Glu Glu Pro
 530 535 540
 Glu Leu Pro Lys Gln Tyr Leu Gln Ser Val Pro Gly Asn Glu Ser Glu
 545 550 555 560
 Ile Ser Gln Lys Asn Gly Ser Ser Leu Gln Asn Ala Asp Lys Ile Asn
 565 570 575
 Asn Gly Asn Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Val Val Pro Ser Lys Glu
 580 585 590
 Gly Ser Leu Leu Arg Cys Ser Glu Ile Trp Asp Arg Ile Thr Thr His
 595 600 605
 Pro Lys Tyr Ser Asp Ile Asp Val Asp Gly Leu Cys Ser Glu Leu Met
 610 615 620
 Ala Lys Ala Lys Cys Ser Glu Arg Gly Val Val Ile Asn Ala Glu Asp
 625 630 635 640
 Val Gln Leu Ala Leu Asn Lys His Met Asn
 645 650

<210> SEQ ID NO 149
 <211> LENGTH: 810
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Geneticin resistance (kanMX)

<400> SEQUENCE: 149
 atgggtaagg aaaagactca cgtttcgagg ccgcgattaa attccaacat ggatgctgat 60
 ttatatgggt ataaatgggc tcgcgataat gtcgggcaat cagggtcgcac aatctatcga 120
 ttgtatggga agcccgatgc gccagagttg tttctgaaac atggcaaagg tagcgttgcc 180
 aatgatgtta cagatgagat ggctcagacta aactggctga cggaatttat gcctcttccg 240
 accatcaagc attttatccg tactcctgat gatgcattgt tactcaccac tgcgatcccc 300
 ggcaaacag cattccaggt attagaagaa taccctgatt cagggtgaaaa tattgttgat 360
 gcgctggcag tgttccctgcg ccggttgcat tcgattcctg tttgtaattg tccttttaac 420
 agcgatcgcg tatttcgtct cgtcaggcgc caatcacgaa tgaataacgg tttggttgat 480
 gcgagtgatt ttgatgacga gcgtaatggc tggcctgttg aacaagtctg gaaagaaatg 540
 cataagcttt tgccattctc accggattca gtcgtcactc atggtgattt ctcacttgat 600
 aaccttattt ttgacgaggg gaaattaata ggttgatttg atgttgagc agtcggaatc 660
 gcagaccgat accaggatct tgccatccta tggaaactgcc tcggtgagtt ttctccttca 720
 ttacagaaac ggctttttca aaaatatggt attgataatc ctgatatgaa taaattgcag 780
 tttcatttga tgetcgatga gtttttctaa 810

<210> SEQ ID NO 150
 <211> LENGTH: 269
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Geneticin resistance (kanMX)

<400> SEQUENCE: 150
 Met Gly Lys Glu Lys Thr His Val Ser Arg Pro Arg Leu Asn Ser Asn
 1 5 10 15

-continued

Met Asp Ala Asp Leu Tyr Gly Tyr Lys Trp Ala Arg Asp Asn Val Gly
 20 25 30
 Gln Ser Gly Ala Thr Ile Tyr Arg Leu Tyr Gly Lys Pro Asp Ala Pro
 35 40 45
 Glu Leu Phe Leu Lys His Gly Lys Gly Ser Val Ala Asn Asp Val Thr
 50 55 60
 Asp Glu Met Val Arg Leu Asn Trp Leu Thr Glu Phe Met Pro Leu Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Ile Lys His Phe Ile Arg Thr Pro Asp Asp Ala Trp Leu Leu Thr
 85 90 95
 Thr Ala Ile Pro Gly Lys Thr Ala Phe Gln Val Leu Glu Glu Tyr Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Ser Gly Glu Asn Ile Val Asp Ala Leu Ala Val Phe Leu Arg Arg
 115 120 125
 Leu His Ser Ile Pro Val Cys Asn Cys Pro Phe Asn Ser Asp Arg Val
 130 135 140
 Phe Arg Leu Ala Gln Ala Gln Ser Arg Met Asn Asn Gly Leu Val Asp
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Ser Asp Phe Asp Asp Glu Arg Asn Gly Trp Pro Val Glu Gln Val
 165 170 175
 Trp Lys Glu Met His Lys Leu Leu Pro Phe Ser Pro Asp Ser Val Val
 180 185 190
 Thr His Gly Asp Phe Ser Leu Asp Asn Leu Ile Phe Asp Glu Gly Lys
 195 200 205
 Leu Ile Gly Cys Ile Asp Val Gly Arg Val Gly Ile Ala Asp Arg Tyr
 210 215 220
 Gln Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Trp Asn Cys Leu Gly Glu Phe Ser Pro Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Gln Lys Arg Leu Phe Gln Lys Tyr Gly Ile Asp Asn Pro Asp Met
 245 250 255
 Asn Lys Leu Gln Phe His Leu Met Leu Asp Glu Phe Phe
 260 265

<210> SEQ ID NO 151

<211> LENGTH: 1026

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Hygromycin B resistance (HygR)

<400> SEQUENCE: 151

```

atgaaaaagc ctgaactcac cgcgacgtct gtcgagaagt ttctgatcga aaagttcgac    60
agcgtctccg acctgatgca gctctcggag ggccaagaat ctcgtgcttt cagcttcgat    120
gtaggagggc gtggatatgt cctgcgggta aatagctcgc ccgatggttt ctacaaagat    180
cgttatgttt atcggcaact tgcacggccc gcgctcccga ttccggaagt gcttgacatt    240
ggggagtcca gcgagagcct gacctattgc atctcccgcc gtgcacaggg tgtcacgttg    300
caagacctgc ctgaaaccga actgccgctc gttctccagc cggtcgcgga ggccatggat    360
gcgatcgtcg cggccgatct tagccagacg agcgggttcg gccattcggg accgcaagga    420
atcggtcaat aactacatg gcgtgatttc atatgcgcga ttgctgatcc ccatgtgtat    480
cactggcaaa ctgtgatgga cgacaccgtc agtgcgtccg tcgcgcagge tctcgatgag    540
ctgatgcttt gggccgagga ctgccccgaa gtcccgcacc tcgtgcatgc ggatttcggc    600
tccaacaatg tcctgacgga caatggccgc ataacagcgg tcattgactg gagcggagcg    660

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atgttcgggg attccaata cgaggtcgcc aacatcttct tctggaggcc gtggttggt 720
tgtatggagc agcagacgcg ctacttcgag cggaggcatc cggagcttgc aggatcgccg 780
cgcctcgggg cgtatatgct ccgcattggt cttgaccaac tctatcagag cttggttgac 840
ggcaatttcg atgatgcagc ttgggcgag ggtcgatgag acgcaatcgt cggatccgga 900
gccgggactg tcgggcgtac acaaatcgcc cgcagaagcg cggccgtctg gaccgatggc 960
tgtgtagaag tactcgcgca tagtggaac cgacgcccc gcactcgtcc gagggcaaag 1020
gaatag 1026

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 152
<211> LENGTH: 341
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Hygromycin B resistance (HygR)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 152

```

```

Met Lys Lys Pro Glu Leu Thr Ala Thr Ser Val Glu Lys Phe Leu Ile
 1          5          10          15
Glu Lys Phe Asp Ser Val Ser Asp Leu Met Gln Leu Ser Glu Gly Glu
 20          25          30
Glu Ser Arg Ala Phe Ser Phe Asp Val Gly Gly Arg Gly Tyr Val Leu
 35          40          45
Arg Val Asn Ser Cys Ala Asp Gly Phe Tyr Lys Asp Arg Tyr Val Tyr
 50          55          60
Arg His Phe Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu Pro Ile Pro Glu Val Leu Asp Ile
 65          70          75          80
Gly Glu Phe Ser Glu Ser Leu Thr Tyr Cys Ile Ser Arg Arg Ala Gln
 85          90          95
Gly Val Thr Leu Gln Asp Leu Pro Glu Thr Glu Leu Pro Ala Val Leu
 100         105         110
Gln Pro Val Ala Glu Ala Met Asp Ala Ile Ala Ala Ala Asp Leu Ser
 115         120         125
Gln Thr Ser Gly Phe Gly Pro Phe Gly Pro Gln Gly Ile Gly Gln Tyr
 130         135         140
Thr Thr Trp Arg Asp Phe Ile Cys Ala Ile Ala Asp Pro His Val Tyr
 145         150         155         160
His Trp Gln Thr Val Met Asp Asp Thr Val Ser Ala Ser Val Ala Gln
 165         170         175
Ala Leu Asp Glu Leu Met Leu Trp Ala Glu Asp Cys Pro Glu Val Arg
 180         185         190
His Leu Val His Ala Asp Phe Gly Ser Asn Asn Val Leu Thr Asp Asn
 195         200         205
Gly Arg Ile Thr Ala Val Ile Asp Trp Ser Glu Ala Met Phe Gly Asp
 210         215         220
Ser Gln Tyr Glu Val Ala Asn Ile Phe Phe Trp Arg Pro Trp Leu Ala
 225         230         235         240
Cys Met Glu Gln Gln Thr Arg Tyr Phe Glu Arg Arg His Pro Glu Leu
 245         250         255
Ala Gly Ser Pro Arg Leu Arg Ala Tyr Met Leu Arg Ile Gly Leu Asp
 260         265         270
Gln Leu Tyr Gln Ser Leu Val Asp Gly Asn Phe Asp Asp Ala Ala Trp
 275         280         285

```


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Ala Gln Gly Arg Cys Asp Ala Ile Val Arg Ser Gly Ala Gly Thr Val
 290 295 300

Gly Arg Thr Gln Ile Ala Arg Arg Ser Ala Ala Val Trp Thr Asp Gly
 305 310 315 320

Cys Val Glu Val Leu Ala Asp Ser Gly Asn Arg Arg Pro Ser Thr Arg
 325 330 335

Pro Arg Ala Lys Glu
 340

<210> SEQ ID NO 153
 <211> LENGTH: 573
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Streptomyces noursei

<400> SEQUENCE: 153

```

atgaccactc ttgacgacac ggcttaccgg taccgaccca gtgtcccggg ggacgccgag      60
gccatcgagg cactggatgg gtccttcacc accgacacgg tcttcgcggt caccgccacc      120
ggggacggct tcaccctgcg ggaggtgccc gtggaccggc ccctgaccaa ggtgttcccc      180
gacgacgaat cggacgacga atcggacgac ggggaggacg gcgaccggga ctcccggacg      240
ttcgtcgcgt acggggacga cggcgacctg gggggcttcg tggatcatctc gtactcggcg      300
tggaaaccgcc ggctgaccgt cgaggacatc gaggtcgccc cggagcaccg ggggacgggg      360
gtcggggcgcg cgttgatggg gctcgcgacg gagttcgccc gcgagcgggg cgccggggcac      420
ctctggctgg aggtcaccaa cgtcaacgca ccggcgatcc acgcgtaccg gcggatgggg      480
ttcaccctct gcggcctgga caccgacctg tacgacggca ccgcctcgga cggcgagcgg      540
caggcgcctct acatgagcat gcacctcccc tag                                  573

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 154
 <211> LENGTH: 190
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Streptomyces noursei

<400> SEQUENCE: 154

```

Met Thr Thr Leu Asp Asp Thr Ala Tyr Arg Tyr Arg Thr Ser Val Pro
  1 5 10 15
Gly Asp Ala Glu Ala Ile Glu Ala Leu Asp Gly Ser Phe Thr Thr Asp
  20 25 30
Thr Val Phe Arg Val Thr Ala Thr Gly Asp Gly Phe Thr Leu Arg Glu
  35 40 45
Val Pro Val Asp Pro Pro Leu Thr Lys Val Phe Pro Asp Asp Glu Ser
  50 55 60
Asp Asp Glu Ser Asp Asp Gly Glu Asp Gly Asp Pro Asp Ser Arg Thr
  65 70 75 80
Phe Val Ala Tyr Gly Asp Asp Gly Asp Leu Ala Gly Phe Val Val Ile
  85 90 95
Ser Tyr Ser Ala Trp Asn Arg Arg Leu Thr Val Glu Asp Ile Glu Val
  100 105 110
Ala Pro Glu His Arg Gly His Gly Val Gly Arg Ala Leu Met Gly Leu
  115 120 125
Ala Thr Glu Phe Ala Gly Glu Arg Gly Ala Gly His Leu Trp Leu Glu
  130 135 140
Val Thr Asn Val Asn Ala Pro Ala Ile His Ala Tyr Arg Arg Met Gly
  145 150 155 160
Phe Thr Leu Cys Gly Leu Asp Thr Ala Leu Tyr Asp Gly Thr Ala Ser

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165	170	175
Asp Gly Glu Arg Gln Ala Leu Tyr Met Ser Met Pro Cys Pro		
180	185	190

<210> SEQ ID NO 155
 <211> LENGTH: 375
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phleomycin zeocin binding protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 155

```

atggccaagt tgaccagtgc cgttccggtg ctcaccgcgc gcgacgtcgc cggagcggtc   60
gagttctgga ccgaccggtt cgggttctcc cgggacttcg tggaggacga cttcgccggt   120
gtggtccggg acgacgtgac cctgttcacg agcgcgggtcc aggaccaggt ggtgcccggac   180
aacaccctgg cctgggtgtg ggtgcccggc ctggacgagc tgtacgccga gtggtcggag   240
gtcgtgtcca cgaacttcg ggcgcctcc gggcccggca tgaccgat cggcgagcag   300
ccgtgggggg gggagttcgc cctgcccggc cggcccggca actgctgca cttcgtggcc   360
gaggagcagg actga                                     375
  
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<210> SEQ ID NO 156
 <211> LENGTH: 124
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Phleomycin zeocin binding protein

<400> SEQUENCE: 156

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Met Ala Lys Leu Thr Ser Ala Val Pro Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Asp Val
1           5           10           15
Ala Gly Ala Val Glu Phe Trp Thr Asp Arg Leu Gly Phe Ser Arg Asp
20           25           30
Phe Val Glu Asp Asp Phe Ala Gly Val Val Arg Asp Asp Val Thr Leu
35           40           45
Phe Ile Ser Ala Val Gln Asp Gln Val Val Pro Asp Asn Thr Leu Ala
50           55           60
Trp Val Trp Val Arg Gly Leu Asp Glu Leu Tyr Ala Glu Trp Ser Glu
65           70           75           80
Val Val Ser Thr Asn Phe Arg Asp Ala Ser Gly Pro Ala Met Thr Glu
85           90           95
Ile Gly Glu Gln Pro Trp Gly Arg Glu Phe Ala Leu Arg Asp Pro Ala
100          105          110
Gly Asn Cys Val His Phe Val Ala Glu Glu Gln Asp
115          120
  
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<210> SEQ ID NO 157
 <211> LENGTH: 1539
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Aspergillus niger

<400> SEQUENCE: 157

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ttaaagtca cgcgccaatt gctctttcgc aacgagaaag aaccaccgct cgtttccat   120
tggatcccct tcttgggaag cacaatcagc tatggaatgg acccctatac attctttctc   180
tcctgcagaa aaaagtacgg ggacatcttc accttcgtgc ttctgggcca gaagaccact   240
  
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gtatacttgg gcggtcaagg caacgatttc atcctcaatg gcaaactcaa ggacgtgagc	300
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tgccctaatt ccaagctgat ggagcaaaaa aagttcatca agtttggcct cagcgaagcg	420
gcgctcgagt cacacgtcca gctgatcgaa aaggaaactc tcgactatct ccgggactct	480
ccacgcttca acggcgcgag tggagtcatt gatattcctg ctgccatggc tgagattaca	540
atctatactg ctgcgcgcgc gttgcagggc gaggaggctc gcaagaagct cacggcagag	600
ttcgctgaac tgtaccacga tctagacaag ggattcagcc ccattaactt catgctccct	660
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tacacggaca ttatcaacga acgacgcaag aaccagacg aggagaagtc agacatgatc	780
tggaatctga tgcattgcac ctacaagagt ggccagccgg tcccggacaa agagattgct	840
cacatgatga tcactctgtt gatggcaggc caacactcgt cttcttcgat tagttcttgg	900
atcatgctgc gattggcctc ggagcctcag gtgcttgaag agctctacca agaacagctg	960
gccagcctta gcaacagaaa tggagtcttc gagccgctgc agtatcagga ccttgacaag	1020
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atcatgcgca aggtgaaaaa ccgctacca gtacctggca cctcctacat tattcccga	1140
gaccatgttc tactcgcctc accaggcgta accgcgctta gtgacgaata ctttctaac	1200
gcaaccaggc gggatccgca tcgttgggag aatcagcctg acaagagga ggatggagag	1260
atggtggact acggatatgg cagcgtgtcg aagggcactg ctagtcccta tctaccttt	1320
ggcgtggcc gtcaccgctg cattggagag aagttcgct acgtcaactt gggcgtcatt	1380
atcgcgacca tagtgcgcca cttgaagcta ttcaatgtgg atggcaggaa aggagtgcc	1440
ggaaccgatt actcgacct cttctccggt cccatgaagc ctgctatagt gggttgggag	1500
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<210> SEQ ID NO 158

<211> LENGTH: 4519

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLA54

<400> SEQUENCE: 158

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aactccaact aaatgggaaa acagataacc tcttttattt ttttttaatg tttgatattc	180
gagtcttttt cttttgttag gtttatattc atcatttcaa tgaataaaaag aagcttctta	240
ttttggttgc aaagaatgaa aaaaaaggat tttttcatac ttctaaagct tcaattataa	300
ccaaaaattt tataaatgaa gagaaaaaat ctagttagt caagttaaac ttagaaaaac	360
tcatcgagca tcaaatgaaa ctgcaattta ttcatatcag gattatcaat accatatttt	420
tgaaaaagcc gtttctgtaa tgaaggagaa aactcaccga ggcagttcca taggatggca	480
agatcctggc atcggctctg gattccgact cgtccaacat caatacaacc tattaatttc	540
ccctcgtcaa aaataagggt atcaagttag aaatcacat gagtgacgac tgaatccggt	600
gagaatggca aaagcttatg catttcttcc cagacttggt caacaggcca gccattacgc	660
tcgtcatcaa aatcactcgc atcaacccaa ccggtattca ttcgtgattg cgcctgagcg	720
agacgaaata cgcgatcgtc gttaaaagga caattacaaa caggaatcga atgcaaccgg	780

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cgcaggaaca	ctgccagcgc	atcaacaata	ttttcacctg	aatcaggata	ttcttcta	840
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cggataaaat	gcttgatggt	cggaagaggc	ataaattccg	tcagccagtt	tagtctgacc	960
atctcatctg	taacatcatt	ggcaacgcta	cctttgccat	gtttcagaaa	caactctggc	1020
gcatcgggct	tcccatacaa	tcgatagatt	gtcgcacctg	attgcccagc	attatcgcca	1080
gccattttat	accatataa	atcagcatcc	atggtggaat	ttaatcgcgg	cctcgaaacg	1140
tgagtctttt	ccttaccocat	ctcgagtttt	aatgttactt	ctcttgca	tagggaacta	1200
taatgtaact	caaaataaga	ttaacaaac	taaaataaaa	agaagttata	cagaaaaacc	1260
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aaaacagatt	gaatagaaaa	atTTTTTcga	tctcctttta	tattcaaaat	tcgatatatg	1380
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gttttaaatc	aatctaaagt	atatatgagt	aaacttggtc	tgacagttac	caatgcttaa	3060
tcagtgagggc	acctatctca	gcgatctgtc	tatttcgctc	atccatagtt	gcctgactcc	3120

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cgcgctgtgta gataactacg atacgggagg gcttaccatc tggccccagt gctgcaatga 3180
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gggcccagcg cagaagtggc cctgcaactt tatecgctc catccagtct attaattgtt 3300
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<210> SEQ ID NO 159
<211> LENGTH: 25
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 749

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<400> SEQUENCE: 159

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caagtccttt gtgccttccc gtcgg 25

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<210> SEQ ID NO 160
<211> LENGTH: 25
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 413

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<400> SEQUENCE: 160

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ggacataaaa tacacaccga gattc 25

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```

<210> SEQ ID NO 161
<211> LENGTH: 38
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA468

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<400> SEQUENCE: 161

gcctcagatt ttaatgttac ttctcttgea gttaggga 38

<210> SEQ ID NO 162

<211> LENGTH: 10934

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pRS423::TEF(M4)-xpk1+ENO1-eutD

<400> SEQUENCE: 162

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ggtcatagct gtttcctgtg tgaattgtt atccgctcac aattccacac aacataggag 120

ccggaagcat aaagtgtaaa gcctgggggtg cctaagtagt gaggtaactc acattaattg 180

cgttgcgctc actgcccgtt tccagtcgg gaaacctgtc gtgccagctg cattaatgaa 240

tcggccaacg cgcgggggaga ggcggtttgc gtattgggcg ctcttccgct tcctcgtca 300

ctgactcgct gcgctcggtc gttcggctgc ggcgagcgg atcagctcac tcaaaggcgg 360

taatacgggt atccacagaa tcaggggata acgcagggaa gaacatgtga gcaaaaggcc 420

agcaaaaggc caggaaccgt aaaaaggcgg cgttgctggc gtttttccat aggctccgcc 480

cccctgacga gcatacaaaa aatcgacgt caagtcagag gtggcgaaac ccgacaggac 540

tataaagata ccaggcgttt cccctggaa gctccctcgt gcgctctcct gttccgacct 600

tgccgcttac cggataactg tccgccttcc tcccttcggg aagcgtggcg ctttctcata 660

gctcagctg taggtatctc agttcggtgt aggtcgttcg ctccaagctg ggctgtgtgc 720

acgaaccccc cgttcagccc gaccgctgcg ccttatccgg taactatcgt cttgagtcca 780

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cgaggtatgt aggcgggtct acagagttct tgaagtgggt gcctaactac ggctacacta 900

gaaggacagt atttggtatc tgcgctctgc tgaagccagt taccttcgga aaaagagttg 960

gtagctcttg atccggcaaa caaacaccg ctggtagcgg tggttttttt gtttgcaagc 1020

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gggagggcct accatctggc cccagtgctg caatgatacc gcgagaccca cgctcaccgg 1380

ctccagatth atcagcaata aaccagccag ccggaagggc cgagcgcaga agtggctctg 1440

caactttatc cgcctccatc cagtctatta attgttgcgg ggaagctaga gtaagtagtt 1500

cgccagttaa tagtttgcgc aacggtgttg ccattgctac aggcacgctg gtgtcacgct 1560

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tgccatccgt aagatgcttt tctgtgactg gtgagtaact aaccaagtca ttctgagaat 1800

agtgtatcgc gcgaccgagt tgctcttgcc cggcgtcaat acgggataat accgcgccac 1860

atagcagaac tttaaaagtg ctcatcattg gaaaacgttc ttcggggcga aaactctcaa 1920

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ggatcttacc gctgttgaga tccagttcga tgtaaccac tegtgcaccc aactgatctt	1980
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agaaaaataa acaaataggg gttccgcgca catttccccg aaaagtgcc a cctgaacgaa	2220
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tgagcaatgt ttgtggaagc ggtattcgc aatattttagt agctcgttac agtccgggtc	3120
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gttctatac tttctagaga ataggaactt cggaaatagga acttcaaagc gtttccgaaa	3240
acgagcgctt ccgaaaatgc aacgcgagct gcgcacatac agctcaactgt tcacgtcgca	3300
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<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: N1341

<400> SEQUENCE: 163

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 <400> SEQUENCE: 165

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 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: N1342

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tcaa 604
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<400> SEQUENCE: 173
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<211> LENGTH: 30
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: N1114

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<210> SEQ ID NO 175

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accataaatt cccgttttaa gagcttgggtg agcgcctagga gtcactgcca ggtatcgttt 240

gaacacggca ttagtcaggg aagtcataac acagtccttt cccgcaattt tctttttcta 300

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aggcaagata aacgaaggca aagatgacag agcagaaaag cctagtaaag cgtattacaa 540

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gcctaatgag	tgaggtaact	cacattaatt	gcgttgccct	cactgcccgc	ttccagtcg	4140
ggaaacctgt	cgtgccagct	gcattaatga	atcgccaac	gcccggggag	aggcggtttg	4200
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gcggtgctgg	cgtttttoca	taggctccgc	ccccctgacg	agcatcacia	aaatcgacgc	4440
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gaaaaaatag	ttttgtttt	ccgaagatgt	aaaagactct	agggggatcg	ccaacaata	6300
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ctttattttac	tttctaaaat	ccaaatataa	aacataaaaa	taataaaca	cagagtaaat	6600
tcccaaat	ttccatcatt	aaaagatagc	agggcgggtg	aagttacagg	caagcgatcc	6660

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ctttcgtc 6728
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<210> SEQ ID NO 176
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<211> LENGTH: 22
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<220> FEATURE:
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: N160SeqF5
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<400> SEQUENCE: 176
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<210> SEQ ID NO 177
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<211> LENGTH: 1650
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<220> FEATURE:
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: AMN1
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ttggagagtc cgtgtaccgc cccattaaag aaaatgtcgc catcaccttc atttacgagc 120
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ctgaagatgg aaaaaccggt taaggacatt gttcgaaaat acgggggtca cctgcaccag 180
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```
tcctcgtata acccaggttc ttcaaaagt gaactcgtgc gtccggacct gagcttgaaa 240
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```
acggaccaat ctttttgcga gacgagcgtg cagacaaccc cgaacaaaa gagttgtaac 300
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```
gagtatctgt ccacaccoga agccactccc cttaagaaca cggccaccga gaatgcgtgg 360
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```
gctacgtcaa ggggtggtgag cgcacaaagc ctgtcaatcg tcacgccgac cgaatcaaaa 420
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```
aatatactgg ttgacgagtt tagtgaacta aaacttggtc agccctaac agcccagcac 480
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```
caacggagcc atgcagtttt cgagatacct gagatcgtag agaacataat caagatgatc 540
```

```
gtttccctcg agagcgccaa tattccgaaa gaacgtccgt gcctgcgtcg caaccgcag 600
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```
agttatgagc attcccttct gatgtataaa gacgaggaac gcgcgaagaa agcatgggcc 660
```

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gcggtcgaac aactgcgcga tccgccgtg gtgggtcata agggaaaaaa acaggggcgt 720
```

```
ctgtttagct gcatgatggt caaccgctg tggttgaatg tcacgcgtcc gttcttattt 780
```

```
aagtctctgc atttcaaatc agtgcacaac ttcaagaat ttctgcgcac aagtccaggaa 840
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accacgcaag tgatgaggcc atcgcacttt atcctgcata aattgcacca ggtaacgcag 900
```

```
ccggatattg agagactgtc tagaatgaa tgccagaacc tcaagtgggt ggaattttat 960
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```
gtatgtcccc gtattacacc tccactgtct tggttcgaca atttgcataa gttagaaaaa 1020
```

```
ttaatcatcc ccggaaaaca gaatatcgac gataatttcc tcttacggct gtctcagagt 1080
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```
attcctaacc tgaaacacct cgtgcttctg gcttgcgaca atgtttccga tagtgggtgta 1140
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gtttgtatcg ccctgaactg ccctaagctg aagacgttca acatcggacg tcatcggcgc 1200
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ggcaatctga ttacatcagt tagcttggtt gccctgggta agtatacgca agttgagacc 1260
```

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gttggttttg caggctcoga tgtggaacgc gcaggcatat gggagttcgc gcgtttaaac 1320
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gggaaaaaac tcgagcgctc gtcactcaac agttgccggc ttttaaccga ctatagcttg 1380
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ccaatcctgt ttgcccttaa tagtttcccg aacctgcggg tggttgaaat tcgaaacctc 1440
```

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gataaaatta cagatgtccg ccattttgtg aaatataatc tgtggaagaa atcactggat 1500
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gctcctatcc tgattgaggc gtgcgaacgc ataacaaagc tgattgatca ggaagagaac 1560
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cgggtcaaac gcataaatag cctggtcgct ttaaaggata tgaccgcgtg ggtgaacgct 1620
gacgatgaaa ttgaaaacaa cgtcgattga 1650

<210> SEQ ID NO 178
<211> LENGTH: 549
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: AMN1

<400> SEQUENCE: 178

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Asp Ile Gln Ser Leu Glu Ser Pro Cys Thr Arg Pro Leu Lys Lys Met
20 25 30
Ser Pro Ser Pro Ser Phe Thr Ser Leu Lys Met Glu Lys Pro Phe Lys
35 40 45
Asp Ile Val Arg Lys Tyr Gly Gly His Leu His Gln Ser Ser Tyr Asn
50 55 60
Pro Gly Ser Ser Lys Val Glu Leu Val Arg Pro Asp Leu Ser Leu Lys
65 70 75 80
Thr Asp Gln Ser Phe Leu Gln Ser Ser Val Gln Thr Thr Pro Asn Lys
85 90 95
Lys Ser Cys Asn Glu Tyr Leu Ser Thr Pro Glu Ala Thr Pro Leu Lys
100 105 110
Asn Thr Ala Thr Glu Asn Ala Trp Ala Thr Ser Arg Val Val Ser Ala
115 120 125
Ser Ser Leu Ser Ile Val Thr Pro Thr Glu Ile Lys Asn Ile Leu Val
130 135 140
Asp Glu Phe Ser Glu Leu Lys Leu Gly Gln Pro Leu Thr Ala Gln His
145 150 155 160
Gln Arg Ser His Ala Val Phe Glu Ile Pro Glu Ile Val Glu Asn Ile
165 170 175
Ile Lys Met Ile Val Ser Leu Glu Ser Ala Asn Ile Pro Lys Glu Arg
180 185 190
Pro Cys Leu Arg Arg Asn Pro Gln Ser Tyr Glu His Ser Leu Leu Met
195 200 205
Tyr Lys Asp Glu Glu Arg Ala Lys Lys Ala Trp Ser Ala Ala Gln Gln
210 215 220
Leu Arg Asp Pro Pro Leu Val Gly His Lys Glu Lys Lys Gln Gly Ala
225 230 235 240
Leu Phe Ser Cys Met Met Val Asn Arg Leu Trp Leu Asn Val Thr Arg
245 250 255
Pro Phe Leu Phe Lys Ser Leu His Phe Lys Ser Val His Asn Phe Lys
260 265 270
Glu Phe Leu Arg Thr Ser Gln Glu Thr Thr Gln Val Met Arg Pro Ser
275 280 285
His Phe Ile Leu His Lys Leu His Gln Val Thr Gln Pro Asp Ile Glu
290 295 300
Arg Leu Ser Arg Met Glu Cys Gln Asn Leu Lys Trp Leu Glu Phe Tyr
305 310 315 320
Val Cys Pro Arg Ile Thr Pro Pro Leu Ser Trp Phe Asp Asn Leu His
325 330 335
Lys Leu Glu Lys Leu Ile Ile Pro Gly Asn Lys Asn Ile Asp Asp Asn
340 345 350

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Phe Leu Leu Arg Leu Ser Gln Ser Ile Pro Asn Leu Lys His Leu Val
 355 360 365
 Leu Arg Ala Cys Asp Asn Val Ser Asp Ser Gly Val Val Cys Ile Ala
 370 375 380
 Leu Asn Cys Pro Lys Leu Lys Thr Phe Asn Ile Gly Arg His Arg Arg
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Asn Leu Ile Thr Ser Val Ser Leu Val Ala Leu Gly Lys Tyr Thr
 405 410 415
 Gln Val Glu Thr Val Gly Phe Ala Gly Cys Asp Val Asp Asp Ala Gly
 420 425 430
 Ile Trp Glu Phe Ala Arg Leu Asn Gly Lys Asn Val Glu Arg Leu Ser
 435 440 445
 Leu Asn Ser Cys Arg Leu Leu Thr Asp Tyr Ser Leu Pro Ile Leu Phe
 450 455 460
 Ala Leu Asn Ser Phe Pro Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Glu Ile Arg Asn Leu
 465 470 475 480
 Asp Lys Ile Thr Asp Val Arg His Phe Val Lys Tyr Asn Leu Trp Lys
 485 490 495
 Lys Ser Leu Asp Ala Pro Ile Leu Ile Glu Ala Cys Glu Arg Ile Thr
 500 505 510
 Lys Leu Ile Asp Gln Glu Glu Asn Arg Val Lys Arg Ile Asn Ser Leu
 515 520 525
 Val Ala Leu Lys Asp Met Thr Ala Trp Val Asn Ala Asp Asp Glu Ile
 530 535 540
 Glu Asn Asn Val Asp
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<210> SEQ ID NO 179

<211> LENGTH: 6638

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLA67

<400> SEQUENCE: 179

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tgataccgct cgccgcagcc gaacgaccga gcgcagcgag tcagtgagcg aggaagcgga   180
agagcgccca atacgcaaac cgctctccc cgcgcgttgg ccgattcatt aatgcagctg   240
gcacgacagg tttcccgact ggaaagcggg cagtgagcgc aacgcaatta atgtgagtta   300
gctcactcat taggcacccc aggctttaca ctttatgctt cgggctcgtg tgttgtgtgg   360
aattgtgagc ggataacaat ttcacacagg aaacagctat gaccatgatt acgccaagct   420
tgcatgcctg caggtcgact ctgagggatc cgcattgcgg attacgtatt ctaatgttca   480
gtaccggttg tataatgtag gctatacga gttatgcaga ttgtactgag agtgaccat   540
accacagctt tcaattcaa ttcacatatt tttttttatt cttttttttg atttcggttt   600
ctttgaaatt tttttgatc ggtaatctcc gaacagaagg aagaacgaag gaaggagcac   660
agacttagat tggtatatat acgcatatgt agtgttgaag aaacatgaaa ttgcccagta   720
ttcttaacc aactgcacag aacaaaaacc tgcaggaaac gaagataaat catgtcgaaa   780
gctacatata aggaacgtgc tgctactcat cctagtcctg ttgctgcaa gctatttaat   840
atcatgcaag aaaagcaaac aaacttgtgt gcttcattgg atgttcgtac caccaaggaa   900

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ttactggagt tagttgaagc attaggtccc aaaatgtgtt tactaaaaac acatgtggat	960
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tacaattttt tactcttcga agacagaaaa tttgctgaca ttggtaatac agtcaaattg	1080
cagtactctg cgggtgtata cagaatagca gaatggcag acattacgaa tgcacacggt	1140
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cctagaggcc ttttgatggt agcagaattg tcatgcaagg gctccctatc tactggagaa	1260
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cgtaaggaga aaataccgca tcaggaaatt gtaaacgtta atattttgtt aaaattcgcg	1740
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ctctgttttag ctgcatgatg gteaaccgcc tgtggttgaa tgtcacgcgt cegtctttat	3300
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aatgaagcca taccaaacga cgagcgtgac accacgatgc ctgtagcaat ggcaacaacg	5580
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gtagcaccgc ctacatacct cgctctgcta atcctgttac cagtggctgc tgccagtggc 6300
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ggaaacgcct ggtatcttta tagtctgtc gggtttcgcc acctctgact tgagcgtcga 6600
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<210> SEQ ID NO 180
<211> LENGTH: 100
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA712

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<400> SEQUENCE: 180

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gtttcttcta gcattgcgga ttacgtattc taatgttcag 100

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<210> SEQ ID NO 181
<211> LENGTH: 30
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA746

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<400> SEQUENCE: 181

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gttttctgtg aaggaattct ggtttctctg 30

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<210> SEQ ID NO 182
<211> LENGTH: 343
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Anaerostipes caccae KARI variant K9JB4P

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<400> SEQUENCE: 182

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Met Glu Glu Cys Lys Met Ala Lys Ile Tyr Tyr Gln Glu Asp Cys Asn
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Leu Ser Leu Leu Asp Gly Lys Thr Ile Ala Val Ile Gly Tyr Gly Ser
 20             25             30

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```

Gln Gly His Ala His Ala Leu Asn Ala Lys Glu Ser Gly Cys Asn Val
 35             40             45

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Ile Ile Gly Leu Tyr Glu Gly Ala Glu Glu Trp Lys Arg Ala Glu Glu
 50 55 60
 Gln Gly Phe Glu Val Tyr Thr Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Lys Lys Ala Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Ile Met Ile Leu Ile Pro Asp Glu Lys Gln Ala Thr Met Tyr Lys
 85 90 95
 Asn Asp Ile Glu Pro Asn Leu Glu Ala Gly Asn Met Leu Met Phe Ala
 100 105 110
 His Gly Phe Asn Ile His Phe Gly Cys Ile Val Pro Pro Lys Asp Val
 115 120 125
 Asp Val Thr Met Ile Ala Pro Lys Gly Pro Gly His Thr Val Arg Ser
 130 135 140
 Glu Tyr Glu Glu Gly Lys Gly Val Pro Cys Leu Val Ala Val Glu Gln
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Ala Thr Gly Lys Ala Leu Asp Met Ala Leu Ala Tyr Ala Leu Ala
 165 170 175
 Ile Gly Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Val Leu Glu Thr Thr Phe Arg Thr Glu
 180 185 190
 Thr Glu Thr Asp Leu Phe Gly Glu Gln Ala Val Leu Cys Gly Gly Val
 195 200 205
 Cys Ala Leu Met Gln Ala Gly Phe Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Ala Gly Tyr
 210 215 220
 Asp Pro Arg Asn Ala Tyr Phe Glu Cys Ile His Glu Met Lys Leu Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Val Asp Leu Ile Tyr Gln Ser Gly Phe Ser Gly Met Arg Tyr Ser Ile
 245 250 255
 Ser Asn Thr Ala Glu Tyr Gly Asp Tyr Ile Thr Gly Pro Lys Ile Ile
 260 265 270
 Thr Glu Asp Thr Lys Lys Ala Met Lys Lys Ile Leu Ser Asp Ile Gln
 275 280 285
 Asp Gly Thr Phe Ala Lys Asp Phe Leu Val Asp Met Ser Asp Ala Gly
 290 295 300
 Ser Gln Val His Phe Lys Ala Met Arg Lys Leu Ala Ser Glu His Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Ala Glu Val Val Gly Glu Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu Tyr Ser Trp Ser Asp
 325 330 335
 Glu Asp Lys Leu Ile Asn Asn
 340

<210> SEQ ID NO 183
 <211> LENGTH: 571
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Streptococcus mutans DHAD variant L2V4

<400> SEQUENCE: 183

Met Thr Asp Lys Lys Thr Leu Lys Asp Leu Arg Asn Arg Ser Ser Val
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 Tyr Asp Ser Met Val Lys Ser Pro Asn Arg Ala Met Leu Arg Ala Thr
 20 25 30
 Gly Met Gln Asp Glu Asp Phe Glu Lys Pro Ile Val Gly Val Ile Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Trp Ala Glu Asn Thr Pro Cys Asn Ile His Leu His Asp Phe Gly
 50 55 60

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Lys Leu Ala Lys Val Gly Val Lys Glu Ala Gly Ala Trp Pro Val Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Phe Gly Thr Ile Thr Val Ser Asp Gly Ile Ala Met Gly Thr Gln Gly
 85 90 95
 Met Arg Phe Ser Leu Thr Ser Arg Asp Ile Ile Ala Asp Ser Ile Glu
 100 105 110
 Ala Ala Met Gly Gly His Asn Ala Asp Ala Phe Val Ala Ile Gly Gly
 115 120 125
 Cys Asp Lys Asn Met Pro Gly Ser Val Ile Ala Met Ala Asn Met Asp
 130 135 140
 Ile Pro Ala Ile Phe Ala Tyr Gly Gly Thr Ile Ala Pro Gly Asn Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Gly Lys Asp Ile Asp Leu Val Ser Val Phe Glu Gly Val Gly His
 165 170 175
 Trp Asn His Gly Asp Met Thr Lys Glu Glu Val Lys Ala Leu Glu Cys
 180 185 190
 Asn Ala Cys Pro Gly Pro Gly Gly Cys Gly Gly Met Tyr Thr Ala Asn
 195 200 205
 Thr Met Ala Thr Ala Ile Glu Val Leu Gly Leu Ser Leu Pro Gly Ser
 210 215 220
 Ser Ser His Pro Ala Glu Ser Ala Glu Lys Lys Ala Asp Ile Glu Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ala Gly Arg Ala Val Val Lys Met Leu Glu Met Gly Leu Lys Pro Ser
 245 250 255
 Asp Ile Leu Thr Arg Glu Ala Phe Glu Asp Ala Ile Thr Val Thr Met
 260 265 270
 Ala Leu Gly Gly Ser Thr Asn Ser Thr Leu His Leu Leu Ala Ile Ala
 275 280 285
 His Ala Ala Asn Val Glu Leu Thr Leu Asp Asp Phe Asn Thr Phe Gln
 290 295 300
 Glu Lys Val Pro His Leu Ala Asp Leu Lys Pro Ser Gly Gln Tyr Val
 305 310 315 320
 Phe Gln Asp Leu Tyr Lys Val Gly Gly Val Pro Ala Val Met Lys Tyr
 325 330 335
 Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Phe Leu His Gly Asp Arg Ile Thr Cys Thr Gly
 340 345 350
 Lys Thr Val Ala Glu Asn Leu Lys Ala Phe Asp Asp Leu Thr Pro Gly
 355 360 365
 Gln Lys Val Ile Met Pro Leu Glu Asn Pro Lys Arg Glu Asp Gly Pro
 370 375 380
 Val Ile Ile Leu His Gly Asn Leu Ala Pro Asp Gly Ala Val Ala Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Val Ser Gly Val Lys Val Arg Arg His Val Gly Pro Ala Lys Val Phe
 405 410 415
 Asn Ser Glu Glu Glu Ala Ile Glu Ala Val Leu Asn Asp Asp Ile Val
 420 425 430
 Asp Gly Asp Val Val Val Val Arg Phe Val Gly Pro Lys Gly Gly Pro
 435 440 445
 Gly Met Pro Glu Met Leu Ser Leu Ser Ser Met Ile Val Gly Lys Gly
 450 455 460
 Gln Gly Glu Lys Val Ala Leu Leu Thr Asp Gly Arg Phe Ser Gly Gly
 465 470 475 480

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Thr Tyr Gly Leu Val Val Gly His Ile Ala Pro Glu Ala Gln Asp Gly
 485 490 495

Gly Pro Ile Ala Tyr Leu Gln Thr Gly Asp Ile Val Thr Ile Asp Gln
 500 505 510

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu His Phe Asp Ile Ser Asp Glu Glu Leu Lys His
 515 520 525

Arg Gln Glu Thr Ile Glu Leu Pro Pro Leu Tyr Ser Arg Gly Ile Leu
 530 535 540

Gly Lys Tyr Ala His Ile Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Arg Gly Ala Val Thr
 545 550 555 560

Asp Phe Trp Lys Pro Glu Glu Thr Gly Lys Lys
 565 570

<210> SEQ ID NO 184

<211> LENGTH: 7523

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pLA34

<400> SEQUENCE: 184

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taaagtgtaa agcctggggg gcctaagtga tgaggtaact cacattaatt gcgttgcgct 180
cactgcccgc tttccagtcg ggaaacctgt cgtgccagct gcattaatga atcgccaac 240
gcgcggggag aggcggtttg cgtattgggc gctcttccgc ttcctcgctc actgactcgc 300
tgcgctcggt cgttcgctg cgcgagcgg tatcagctca ctcaaaggcg gtaatacggc 360
tatccacaga atcaggggat aacgcaggaa agaacatgtg agcaaaaggc cagcaaaagg 420
ccaggaaccg taaaaaggcc gcgttgctgg cgtttttcca taggctccgc cccctgacg 480
agcatcacia aaatcgagcg tcaagtcaaa ggtggcgaaa cccgacagga ctataaagat 540
accaggcgtt tccccctgga agctccctcg tgcgctctcc tgttccgacc ctgcccgtta 600
ccggatacct gtccgccttt ctccctcgg gaagcgtggc gctttctcat agctcaecgt 660
gtaggatctc cagttcggtg taggtcggtc gctccaagct gggctgtgtg cacgaacccc 720
ccgttcagcc cgaccgctgc gccttatccg gtaactatcg tcttgagtcc aaccgggtaa 780
gacacgactt atcgccactg gcagcagcca ctggtaacag gattagcaga gcgaggtatg 840
taggcggtgc tacagagttc ttgaagtggc ggcctaacta cggctacact agaaggacag 900
tatttggtat ctgcgctctg ctgaagccag ttacctcgg aaaaagagtt ggtagctctt 960
gatccggcaa acaaacacc gctggtagcg gtggtttttt tgtttgcaag cagcagatta 1020
cgcgagaaa aaaaggatct caagaagatc ctttgatctt ttctacgggg tctgacgctc 1080
agtggaacga aaactcacgt taagggattt tggatcagag attatcaaaa aggatcttca 1140
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ttcgttcatc catagttgcc tgactccccg tcgtgtagat aactacgata cgggagggct 1320
taccatctgg cccagtgct gcaatgatac cgcgagacc acgctcaccg gctccagatt 1380
tatcagcaat aaaccagcca gccggaagg cggagcgag aagtggtoct gcaactttat 1440
ccgctccat ccagctctatt aattgttgc gggaagctag agtaagtagt tcgccagtta 1500
atagtttgog caacgttgtt gccattgcta caggcatcgt ggtgtcacgc tcgtcgtttg 1560

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gtatggcttc attcagctcc ggtteccaac gatcaaggcg agttacatga tccccatgt	1620
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cagtgttatc actcatgggt atggcagcac tgcataattc tcttactgtc atgccatccg	1740
taagatgctt ttctgtgact ggtgagtact caaccaagtc attctgagaa tagtgtatgc	1800
ggcgaccgag ttgctcttgc ccggcgtaa tacgggataa taccgcgcca catagcagaa	1860
ctttaaaagt gctcatcatt gaaaaacgtt cttcggggcg aaaactctca aggatcttac	1920
cgctgttgag atccagttcg atgtaacca ctctgcacc caactgatct tcagcatctt	1980
ttactttcac cagcgtttct gggtgagcaa aaacaggaag gcaaaatgcc gcaaaaaagg	2040
gaataagggc gacacgaaa tgttgaatac tcatactctt cctttttcaa tattattgaa	2100
gcatttatca gggttattgt ctcatgagcg gatacatatt tgaatgtatt tagaaaaata	2160
aacaaatagg ggttccgocg acatttccc gaaaagtgcc acctgaacga agcatctgtg	2220
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aacattttca gtttgtatta cttcttattc aaatgtcata aaagtatcaa caaaaaattg	6120
ttaatatacc tctatacttt aacgtcaagg agaaaaatgt ccaatttact gcccgtagc	6180
caaaatttgc ctgcattacc ggtcgatgca acgagtgatg aggttcgcaa gaacctgatg	6240
gacatgttca gggatcgcca ggcgttttct gagcacaact ggaaaatgct tctgtccgtt	6300

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tgccggtcgt gggcgccatg gtgcaagttg aataaccgga aatggtttcc cgcagaacct	6360
gaagatgttc gcgattatct tctatatctt caggcgccgcg gtctggcagt aaaaactatc	6420
cagcaacatt tgggccagct aaacatgctt catcgtcggt ccgggctgcc acgaccaagt	6480
gacagcaatg ctgtttcact ggttatgctg cggatccgaa aagaaaacgt tgatgccggt	6540
gaacgtgcaa aacaggctct agcgttcgaa cgcactgatt tcgaccaggt tcgttcactc	6600
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aacaccctgt tacgtatagc cgaattgcc aggatcaggg ttaaagatat ctcacgtact	6720
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gtagagaagg cacttagcct gggggtaact aaactggctg agcgatggat ttcgctctct	6840
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gcgccatctg ccaccagcca gctatcaact cgcgcctgg aagggatttt tgaagcaact	6960
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tggtccgcca ccgcggtgga gct	7523

<210> SEQ ID NO 185
 <211> LENGTH: 96
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA722

<400> SEQUENCE: 185

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atcatcacct tggctaactc gttgtatcat cactgg	96

<210> SEQ ID NO 186
 <211> LENGTH: 80
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA733

<400> SEQUENCE: 186

cataatcaat ctcaagaga acaacacaat acaataacaa gaagaacaaa gcattgcgga	60
ttacgtattc taatgttcag	80

<210> SEQ ID NO 187
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 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA453

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<400> SEQUENCE: 187
caccgaagaa gaatgcaaaa atttcagctc 30

<210> SEQ ID NO 188
<211> LENGTH: 25
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA694

<400> SEQUENCE: 188
gctgaagttg ttagaactgt tgttg 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 189
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: LA695

<400> SEQUENCE: 189
tgttagctgg agtagacttg g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 190
<211> LENGTH: 22
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oBP594

<400> SEQUENCE: 190
agctgtctcg tgttgtgggt tt 22

<210> SEQ ID NO 191
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oBP595

<400> SEQUENCE: 191
cttaataata gaacaatc atcctttagc ggcatttat agtgtcgtt 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 192
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oBP596

<400> SEQUENCE: 192
gcgccaacga cactataaga tgcccgtaaa ggatgatatt gttctatta 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 193
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oBP597

<400> SEQUENCE: 193
tatggacct gaaaccacag ccacattgca acgacgacaa tgccaaacc 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 194
<211> LENGTH: 49

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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oBP598

<400> SEQUENCE: 194

tccttggttt ggcattgtcg tcggtgcaat gtggctgtgg tttcagggt 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 195
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oBP599

<400> SEQUENCE: 195

atcctctcgc ggagtcctcg ttcagtaaag gccatgaagc tttttcttt 49

<210> SEQ ID NO 196
<211> LENGTH: 49
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oBP600

<400> SEQUENCE: 196

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<400> SEQUENCE: 211

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<210> SEQ ID NO 212
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<400> SEQUENCE: 212

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<210> SEQ ID NO 213
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 679

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<400> SEQUENCE: 213

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<400> SEQUENCE: 214

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<210> SEQ ID NO 215
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<212> TYPE: DNA
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<220> FEATURE:
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<400> SEQUENCE: 217
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 896

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<210> SEQ ID NO 219
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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 897

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<210> SEQ ID NO 220
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 365

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<210> SEQ ID NO 221
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 366

<400> SEQUENCE: 221

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<400> SEQUENCE: 222

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<210> SEQ ID NO 223
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<400> SEQUENCE: 223

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<210> SEQ ID NO 224
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tagtgtatag gggcccaggc 80

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: 907

<400> SEQUENCE: 229

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<210> SEQ ID NO 230
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What is claimed:

1. A method for production of isobutanol in a fermentation process comprising:

providing a fermentation mix comprising a recombinant yeast production microorganism which comprises an engineered isobutanol biosynthetic pathway, a heterologous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having acetolactate synthase activity, wherein said polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9 and confers resistant to sulfonylureas, and a heterologous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having 3-phosphoshikimate 1-carboxylvinyltransferase activity; and contacting the fermentation mix with at least one sulfonylurea which preferentially inhibits at least one contaminant yeast microorganism, wherein a fermentation product of the contaminant yeast microorganism is ethanol;

wherein production competitiveness of the recombinant yeast production microorganism is associated with a higher isobutanol-to-ethanol ratio as compared to a fermentation process without addition of one or more inhibitors, antibiotics, or combinations thereof.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the specific growth rate of the at least one contaminant yeast microorganism is reduced more than the specific growth rate of the recombinant yeast production microorganism.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein production of the fermentation product of the at least one contaminant yeast microorganism is reduced more than the isobutanol production of the recombinant yeast production microorganism.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the contaminant yeast microorganism is *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the sulfonylurea is an inhibitor of an ethanol biosynthesis pathway.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the sulfonylurea is an inhibitor of an amino acid biosynthesis pathway.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the sulfonylurea is selected from a group consisting of: nicosulfuron methyl, metsulfuron methyl, chlorimuron ethyl, sulfometuron methyl, chlorsulfuron, thifensulfuron methyl, and mixtures thereof.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the recombinant yeast production microorganism is selected from *Schizosaccharomyces*, *Issatchenkia*, *Kluyveromyces*, *Yarrowia*, *Pichia*, *Candida*, *Hansenula*, *Aspergillus*, *Pachysolen*, *Rhodotorula*, *Zygosaccharomyces*, *Galactomyces*, *Torulasporea*, *Debaryomyces*, *Williopsis*, *Dekkera*, *Kloeckera*, *Metschnikowia*, and *Saccharomyces*.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the isobutanol biosynthetic pathway comprises the following substrate to product conversions:

- a) pyruvate to acetolactate;
- b) acetolactate to 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate;
- c) 2,3-dihydroxyisovalerate to α -ketoisovalerate;
- d) α -ketoisovalerate to isobutyraldehyde; and
- e) isobutyraldehyde to isobutanol.

10. The method of claim 1, wherein the recombinant yeast production microorganism further comprises one or more of the following modifications:

- a) a deletion in one or more endogenous polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide having pyruvate decarboxylase activity;

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- a deletion, mutation, or substitution in an endogenous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having acetolactate reductase activity;
- a deletion, mutation, or substitution in an endogenous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having aldehyde dehydrogenase activity; 5
- a deletion in an endogenous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having hexokinase activity;
- a deletion in an endogenous polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase activity; or 10
- a deletion in an endogenous gene encoding a polypeptide affecting Fe-S cluster biosynthesis, wherein the polypeptide is FRA2.

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