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(54) METHOD OF PREPARING ICED TEA

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- (51) Int. Cl. A23F 3/18 (2006.01) A23F 3/00 (2006.01) A47J 31/06 (2006.01)

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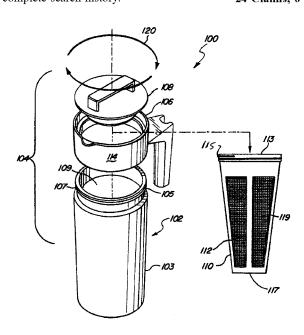
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(57) ABSTRACT

A method for brewing and chilling a brewed beverage such as tea includes brewing the beverage; combining the brewed beverage with a chilling medium; and covering the combined brewed beverage and chilling medium with an airtight lid assembly to form an airtight seal. The combined brewed beverage and chilling medium may then be agitated. The airtight seal traps vapor generated from the beverage during the chilling, thereby causing the vapor to re-enter the beverage to maintain optimum flavor.

24 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



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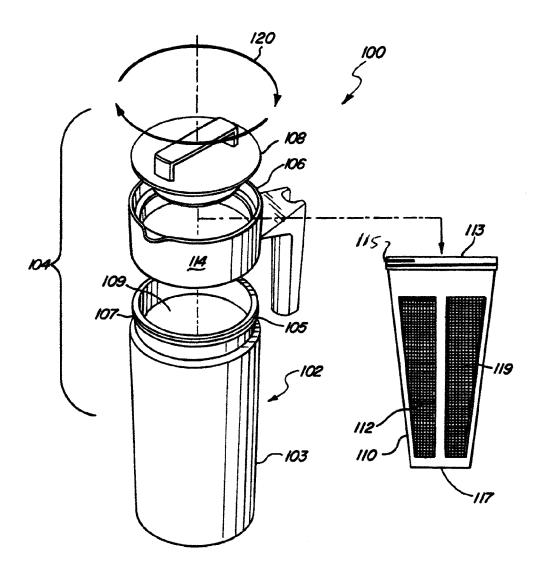
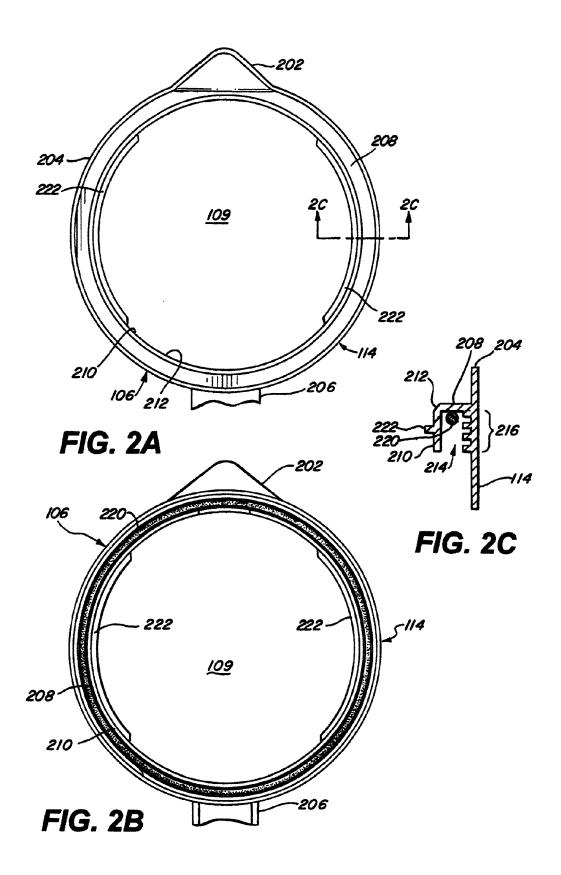


FIG. 1



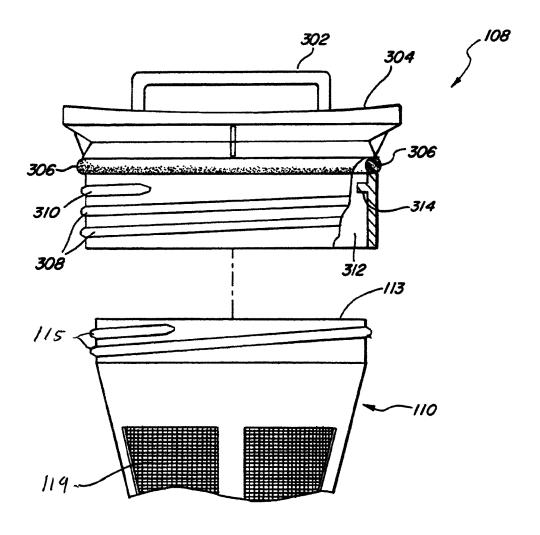
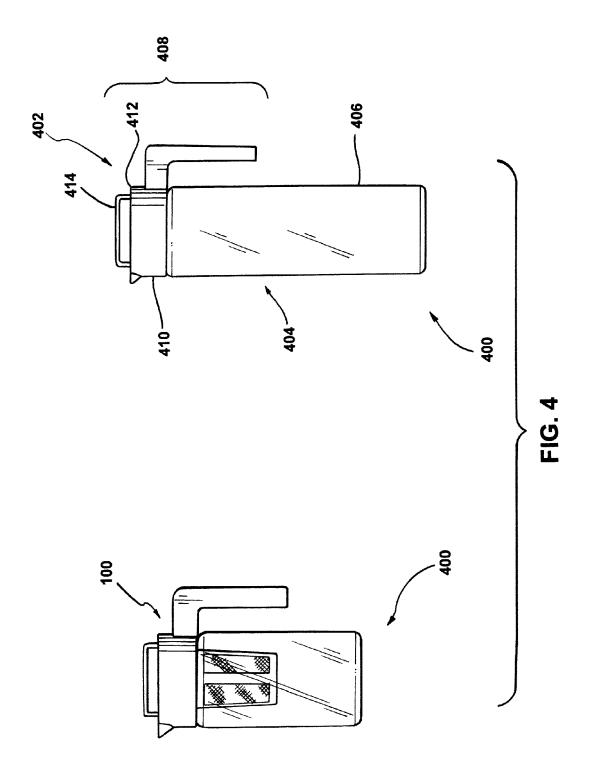


FIG. 3



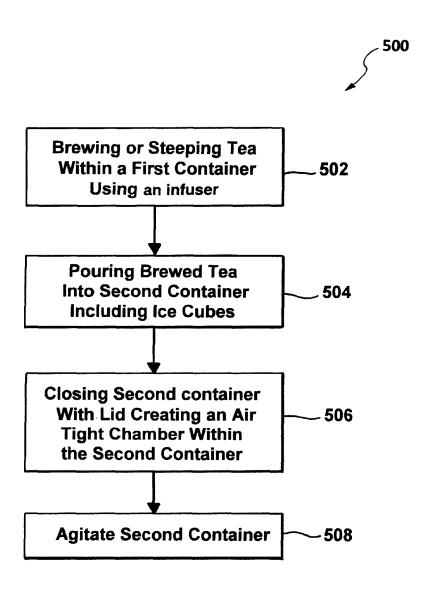


FIG. 5

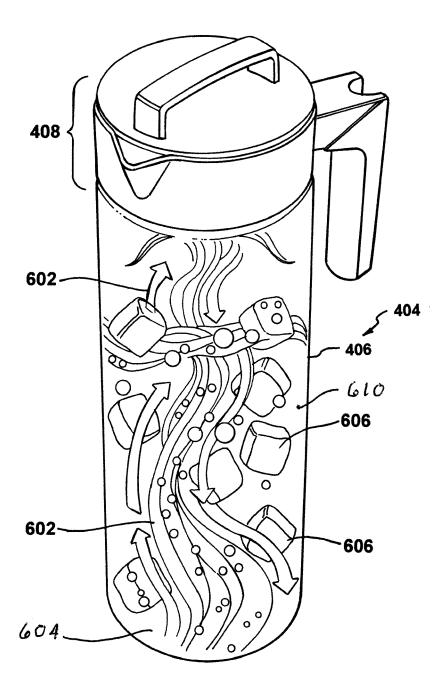


FIG. 6

METHOD OF PREPARING ICED TEA

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE TO ANY PRIORITY APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 13/041,117, filed Mar. 4, 2011, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,778,432 which is hereby incorporated herein by reference in its entirety and is to be considered a part of this specification. Any and all applications for which a foreign or domestic priority claim is identified in the Application Data Sheet as filed with the present application are hereby incorporated by reference under 37 CFR 1.57.

BACKGROUND

Field of the Invention

The disclosure relates to a method and associated apparatus for making a brewed beverage, such as tea, and for $_{20}$ chilling the brewed beverage.

Description of the Related Art

Tea and other steeped beverages are customarily prepared by placing tea leaves in a pot, over which near-boiling water is poured. Typically, it is known to provide screens or 25 strainers, known as infusers, to confine the tea leaves during the brewing cycle.

In general, when making iced tea, the tea generally must be cooled to at least room temperature before adding ice to ensure that the ice does not melt to the extent that the tea is uncontrollably diluted. The preparation of iced tea thus may be a labor and time intensive process.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect, a method for chilling tea is provided. The method includes brewing tea within a first container, the first container including an infuser; pouring the brewed tea into a second container containing a chilling medium (e.g., ice); and covering the second container with a first lid assembly 40 that provides an air tight seal to the second container.

Advantageously, covering the second container with an airtight seal locks in the freshness and flavor of the beverage. The airtight seal retains and intensifies the tea aroma and flavor. The second container may be rocked or agitated so as 45 to thoroughly infuse and chill the tea.

This brief summary has been provided so that the nature of this disclosure may be understood quickly. A more complete understanding of the disclosure can be obtained by reference to the following detailed description of the various 50 embodiments thereof in connection with the attached drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing features and other features of the present disclosure will now be described with reference to the drawings of illustrated embodiments. The illustrated embodiments are intended to illustrate, but not to limit the disclosure. The drawings include the following Figures:

FIG. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a container assembly in accordance with an embodiment;

FIGS. 2A and 2B are top and bottom views respectively of a lid ring component of a lid assembly in accordance with an embodiment;

FIG. 2C is a cross-sectional view taken along line 2C-2C of FIG. 2A, in accordance with an embodiment; and

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FIG. 3 is an exploded view of a cover that includes a removable infuser in accordance with an embodiment;

FIG. 4 is side elevational view of beverage brewing and chilling system accordance with an embodiment;

FIG. 5 is a method of brewing and chilling a beverage using the system of FIG. 4 in accordance with an embodiment; and

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of the second container of the system of FIG. 4, including a beverage and a chilling medium, in accordance with an embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a first or infuser container assembly 100 in accordance with an embodiment. The first container assembly 100 includes a brewing container, such as a pitcher, jug, pot or bottle 102 (hereinafter, "brewing pitcher 102") having a first lid assembly 104 that includes a lid ring 106, a cover 108 and a brew basket or 20 infuser 110.

The brewing pitcher 102 includes a container body 103 that defines a volume used to hold or contain a substance which may be made to flow from the container, for example a liquid or a powder. Though not limited thereto, the container body 103 may have a generally circular, oval or rectangular cross-section that terminates at a continuous upper edge or rim 105. The rim 105 defines an open top portion 109 of the brewing pitcher 102. In some embodiments, the rim may have formed thereon container threads 107 for mounting and securing the brewing pitcher 102 to a lid, for example, reclosable lid or cover 108.

Alternatively, the brewing pitcher may be designed such that the top rim 105 of the pitcher 102 may be force fit into a corresponding portion of the lid assembly 104 designed to receive the rim 105.

In one embodiment, the infuser 110 includes a well 112 that extends from an upper rim 113 downwardly to a bottom wall 117. The well 112 has side walls substantially provided by a porous filter medium 119 (which may be, for example, a metal, fabric, or polymeric mesh or screen), and is generally configured to contain tea leaves, herbal leaves, or other material from which a steeped beverage is brewed. Liquid disposed in the brewing pitcher 102 enters into the well 112 through the filter medium 119. Specifically, hot water poured into the brewing pitcher 102 flows through the filter medium 119 and contacts the material in the well 112 to create the brewed beverage, which then flows out of the well 112 back into the brewing pitcher 102.

FIGS. 2A and 2B are top and bottom views, respectively, of the lid ring 106 of the lid assembly 104 in accordance with an embodiment. As shown in FIG. 2A, the lid ring 106 includes a generally cylindrical body portion that provides a side wall 114 (FIG. 1) defining a tubular opening. The lid ring 106 provides the primary coupling interface between the brewing pitcher 102 and the lid assembly 104. As shown in FIG. 2A, the lid ring 106 includes a spout 202 formed on a rim 204 on the circumference of the lid ring 106. The spout 202 is diametrically opposed from a handle 206 formed on an external surface of side wall 114.

Referring now to FIGS. 1, 2A, 2B and 2C, the lid ring 106 includes a lip portion 208 that provides a seat for the cover 108 when the cover is secured to the lid ring 106. As shown in FIG. 2C, a flange portion 210 extends perpendicularly down from an internal edge 212 of the lip portion 208. The lip portion 208 and flange portion 210 create a seating area 214 that is formed and configured to receive the rim 105 of the brewing pitcher 102 between the flange portion 210 and

an internal surface of the side wall 114. In one embodiment, internal threads 216 may be formed on side wall 114 in the seating area 214 to provide for a threadable engagement with the threads 107 formed on the rim 105 of the brewing pitcher 102 to removably secure the lid ring 106 to the 5 brewing pitcher 102. In one embodiment, a gasket or O-ring 220 may be positioned in the seating area 214 to ensure that the lid ring 106 is sealingly mated to the brewing pitcher

Inward of the seating area 214, the flange portion 210 10 provides a surface upon which ring threads 222 are formed and positioned to provide a threadable engagement with the cover 108 described below.

FIG. 3 is an exploded view of the cover 108 that includes a removable infuser 110 in accordance with an embodiment. 15 In one embodiment, the cover 108 includes a cover handle 302 on a cover top surface 304. In one embodiment, the cover handle 302 resembles a rectangular loop formed on an external surface of the cover. Adjacent and below the cover top surface 304 is a groove configured to hold an O-ring type 20 flow chart of a method 500 for preparing and chilling a gasket 306. The O-ring gasket 306 provides a positive seal between the cover 108 and the lid ring 106 when the cover 108 is coupled to the lid ring 106.

The cover 108 includes a cover skirt 310, which extends down away from the top surface 304 on the opposite side 25 from cover handle 302. As shown in the cut-away section in FIG. 3, the cover skirt 310 defines a hollow space 312 configured to receive the infuser 110 as described below.

An external surface of the cover skirt 310 includes a set of external cover threads 308 formed and configured to 30 threadably engage with the ring threads 222 to provide the threadable engagement with cover 108.

Within the hollow space 312 a set of internal cover threads 314 are formed generally adjacent the cover top surface 304 on an internal surface of the cover skirt 310. The internal 35 cover threads 314 provide a means for the cover 108 to engage with corresponding infuser threads 115 provided at the upper rim 113 of the infuser 110. In this manner, the infuser 110 may be removably secured to the cover 108.

Referring now to FIG. 4, the first or infuser container 40 assembly 100 described above may be used as a component of a tea maker system 400 in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. In the tea maker system 400, the first or infuser container assembly 100 is combined with a second or chilling container assembly 402 that provides an 45 ability to "chill" the beverage brewed or steeped in the first container assembly 100.

The second container assembly 402 has the same general characteristics as the first container assembly 100, except that it does not include an infuser. For example, the second 50 container assembly 402 may include a chilling pitcher 404 having a body 406 that defines a volume used to hold or contain a substance which may be made to flow from the container body. Though not limited thereto, the container body 406 may have a generally circular, oval or rectangular 55 cross-section that terminates at a continuous upper edge or rim that defines an open top end of the chilling pitcher 404. In some embodiments, the rim may have formed thereon container threads for removably mounting and securing a second lid assembly 408 to the top end of the chilling pitcher 60 404. The second lid assembly 408 may advantageously be essentially the same as the first lid assembly 108, except that it may omit the above-described structure for removably attaching an infuser. Thus, the second lid assembly 408 includes a second lid ring 410 and a second reclosable lid 65 412 having a second lid handle 414. The second lid ring 410 may advantageously be essentially identical to the first lid

ring 106 described above and illustrated in FIGS. 2A, 2B, and 2C. Therefore the above description of the first lid ring 106 applies to the second lid ring 410 and does not need to be repeated.

In this embodiment, the chilling pitcher 404 is shown having a height and diameter that is different from those of the brewing pitcher 102. Alternatively, the chilling pitcher 404 and the brewing pitcher 102 may have substantially the same dimensions. It should be understood that the chilling pitcher 404 may still maintain the capability to include an infuser, as described above, such that its use with the first or infuser container assembly 100 is interchangeable within the tea maker system 400. In one embodiment, in the tea maker system 400, the first container assembly 100 may provide the ability to brew the tea using the infuser 110, while the second container assembly 402, without the infuser, provides a receptacle in which to chill the tea in the manner described below.

Reference is now made to FIGS. 1-5, where FIG. 5 is a steeped beverage (e.g., tea) in accordance with an embodiment of the present disclosure.

In operation, a user may assemble the lid assembly 104 of the first container assembly 100 in any desired order. The embodiment now described provides one example for the assembly of the lid assembly 104.

First, the brewing pitcher 102 may be fastened to the lid ring 106 by threading the threads 216 of the lid ring 106 into threads 105 of the brewing pitcher 102.

Next, the infuser 110 is filled with an appropriate amount of tea leaves (not shown) or other herbal material from which the beverage is to be made. (For the sake of simplicity, reference in the following description to "tea leaves" will be understood to include any herbal or organic material from which a beverage may be brewed or steeped.) The infuser 110 is then attached to the cover 108 by threading the infuser 110 onto the internal cover threads 314 in the hollow space 312. The well 112 then extends downwardly from the center of the cover 108.

The combined cover 108 and infuser 110 may be inserted into the brewing pitcher 102 through the open top portion 109 having the lid ring 106 already attached. Generally, when the infuser 110 is inserted into the brewing pitcher 102 filled with liquid, the bottom of the well 112 is immersed below the surface of the liquid. The level of immersion is dependent on the predetermined length of the infuser well and the depth of the liquid. The porous filter medium 119 of the well 112 allows the liquid to circulate through the well 112 and contact any contents (e.g., tea leaves) therein.

Once the infuser 110 containing the tea leaves is positioned within the brewing pitcher 102, hot water from any hot water source is poured into the brewing pitcher 102 to brew or steep the concentrated tea (FIG. 5, step 502).

In one embodiment, the cover 108 may be attached and secured to the lid ring 106 by threading the external cover threads 308 into the ring threads 222. Advantageously, as the cover 108 with the infuser 110 attached is being threaded, the cover and infuser are made to rotate, for example, as represented by arrows 120 in FIG. 1. The rotation may be either clockwise or counter-clockwise depending on whether the cover is being opened or closed. The rotation causes the infuser 110 to rotate while being immersed in the liquid creating an agitation or mixing effect between the contents in the well 112 and the liquid. In this manner rotating the infuser 110 causes liquid to enter and exit the well 112 at a faster rate than when the infuser is not being rotated, which may facilitate or speed-up the steeping or brewing process.

When the cover 108 is less than completely threaded into lid ring 106, the cover is not in a sealed relationship with the lid ring. Thus, liquid from brewing pitcher 102 may be poured out via the spout 202. When the cover 108 is threaded completely onto the lid ring 106, the O-ring 306 is seated onto the lip portion 208, such that no fluid may be poured out from the brewing pitcher 102.

In one example, when a user determines that a steeped beverage has reached a desired strength, the user may remove the cover 108 from the lid ring 106 and thus remove the infuser 110 from the liquid. The user may then remove the infuser 110 from the cover 108. The user may then return the cover 108 to the lid assembly 104 to continue acting as a cover for the beverage in the brewing pitcher 102.

The container body 406 of the chilling pitcher 404 is configured to be partially filled with a chilling medium (typically ice, in the form of ice cubes, crushed ice, shaved ice, or the like), which allows the container body 406 to be used to convert the freshly brewed tea to iced tea. In step 504 20 (FIG. 5), the freshly brewed tea is poured from the brewing pitcher 102 into the container body 406 of the chilling pitcher 404, which contains the ice. The brewed and concentrated tea may be then mixed with additional water. That is, the container body 406 may be topped off with water.

Next, in step 506, as shown in FIGS. 5 and 6, the second lid assembly 408 is fastened onto the container body 406 of the chilling pitcher 404. The second lid ring 410 of the second lid assembly 408 engages the rim around the open top end of the chilling pitcher 404 so as create an airtight seal 30 therewith, thereby forming an airtight chamber 610 within the chilling pitcher. This airtight seal is advantageously provided by a gasket or O-ring, such as the gasket 220 shown in FIGS. 2B and 2C, keeping in mind that these figures apply to the second lid ring 410 as well as to the first $_{35}$ lid ring 106, as noted above. The airtight seal causes the airtight chamber 610 to trap any water vapor 602 created by the mixture of hot, freshly-brewed tea 604 and ice 606 in the container 406 of the chilling pitcher 404. The vapor created in the airtight chamber 610 is then forced back into the tea 40 604. The airtight chamber 610 created by sealing the container body 406 should help in maintaining optimum flavor within the tea 604 without causing the ice 606 to melt prematurely.

In step 508 (FIG. 5), the chilling pitcher 404 may be $_{45}$ agitated as needed.

Although the present disclosure has been described with reference to specific embodiments, these embodiments are illustrative only and not limiting. Many other applications and embodiments of the present disclosure will be apparent 50 in light of this disclosure and the following claims.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of preparing iced tea, the method comprising: comprising a body having an open top;
- sealing the combined tea and chilling medium in an air tight manner within the container by securing a cover to a lid ring to enclose the container and to lock in vapor created in the enclosed container, said lid ring attached 60 to the body of the container;
- agitating the combined tea and chilling medium while sealed in the air tight manner inside the container to cool and dilute the tea and to prepare iced tea;
- removing an infuser having external threads from internal 65 threads on the cover prior to combining the tea with the chilling medium; and

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- wherein the infuser having a porous filter medium for steeping tea leaves is located inside the body and enclosed inside the container by the cover secured to the lid ring.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the chilling medium comprises ice cubes and the lid ring comprises a handle extending downwardly from a sidewall.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the container is a second container and wherein combining the tea with the chilling medium further comprises pouring the tea from a first container comprising a lid ring having a spout into the second container containing the chilling medium.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the tea is produced by placing tea leaves in the infuser.
- 5. The method of claim 1, further comprising opening the cover from the lid ring to break the air tight seal and pouring a portion of the iced tea from the container.
 - 6. A method of preparing iced tea, the method comprising: combining tea that is still hot with a chilling medium comprising ice cubes in a container comprising a body with an open top, wherein a lid ring is attached to the body of the container and comprises a handle and a spout:
 - sealing the combined tea that is still hot and the chilling medium in an air tight manner inside the container by attaching a cover to the lid ring to lock in vapor created in the body of the container, wherein said cover comprises a top surface comprising a cover handle located on the top surface; and
 - agitating the combined still hot tea and the chilling medium while sealed in the air tight manner inside the container to cool and dilute the tea and to prepare iced tea.
- 7. The method of claim 6, further comprising an infuser sealed inside the body of the container by the cover attaching to the lid ring.
- 8. The method of claim 6, wherein the container is a second container and wherein combining the still hot tea with the chilling medium further comprises pouring the still hot tea from a first container into the second container containing the chilling medium.
- 9. The method of claim 6, wherein the lid ring comprises internal threads for threaded engagement with external threads on the body of the container.
- 10. The method of claim 6, wherein an infuser with tea leaves located in a cavity of the infuser is threaded to internal threads on the cover.
- 11. The method of claim 6, wherein the cover has internal threads and external threads located on a cover skirt.
- 12. The method of claim 6, wherein the handle and the spout are equally spaced along a sidewall of the lid ring.
- 13. The method of claim 6, further comprising an O-ring between the lid ring and the container.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the container combining tea with a chilling medium in a container 55 comprises external threads for threaded engagement with the lid ring.
 - 15. The method of claim 8, wherein the second container and the first container are of different sizes.
 - **16**. The method of claim **6**, further comprising an infuser with external threads for engaging internal threads on the lid ring and removing the infuser prior to combining the tea that is still hot with the chilling medium.
 - 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the infuser contains tea leaves.
 - 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the cover comprises a cover top surface and wherein a cover handle is located on the cover top surface.

- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the cover has external threads for threaded engagement with the lid ring and internal threads for threaded engagement with the infuser.
- **20.** A method of preparing iced tea, the method comprising:
 - combining tea with a chilling medium in a container comprising a body having an open top;
 - sealing the combined tea and chilling medium in an air tight manner within the container by securing a cover to a lid ring to enclose the container and to lock in vapor created in the enclosed container, said lid ring attached to the body of the container;
 - agitating the combined tea and chilling medium while sealed in the air tight manner inside the container to 15 cool and dilute the tea and to prepare iced tea;
 - removing an infuser having tea leaves located therein from the cover; and
 - wherein the infuser having a porous filter medium for steeping tea leaves is located inside the body and 20 enclosed inside the container by the cover secured to the lid ring.
- 21. A method of preparing iced tea, the method comprising:

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- removing a cover and an infuser from a lid ring attached to an open top of a body of a container; wherein a lid ring comprises a handle and a spout and the cover comprises a cover handle attached to a cover top surface;
- combining tea that is still hot with a chilling medium comprising ice cubes in the body of the container;
- sealing the combined tea that is still hot and the chilling medium in an air tight manner inside the container by attaching the cover to the lid ring to lock in vapor created in the body of the container; and
- agitating the combined still hot tea and the chilling medium while sealed in the air tight manner inside the container to cool and dilute the tea and to prepare iced tea.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the cover is threadedly engaged to the lid ring and the lid ring is threadedly engaged to the body of the container.
- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein the infuser is located inside the body below the cover.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the infuser is threadedly engaged to the cover.

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