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Kim et al.

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(54) **MEMORY CARD**

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(21) Appl. No.: **14/804,316**

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(51) **Int. Cl.**

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H05K 1/14 (2006.01)
H01R 12/72 (2011.01)
H01R 13/64 (2006.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A memory card, comprising: a top surface; a bottom surface on an opposite side of the memory card from the top surface; and a first alignment structure formed on the top surface or the bottom surface and configured to interface with a corresponding second alignment structure of a memory card socket when the memory card is correctly inserted into the memory card socket and configured to substantially prevent full insertion of the memory card when the memory card is incorrectly inserted into the memory card socket.

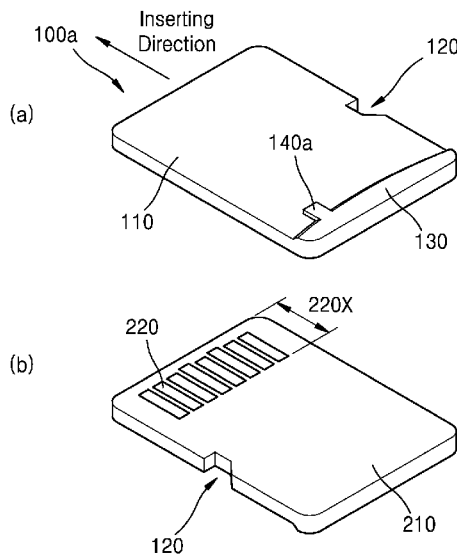
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CPC **H01R 12/721** (2013.01); **H01R 13/64** (2013.01)

14 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

USPC 235/492; 361/737
See application file for complete search history.



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FIG. 1A

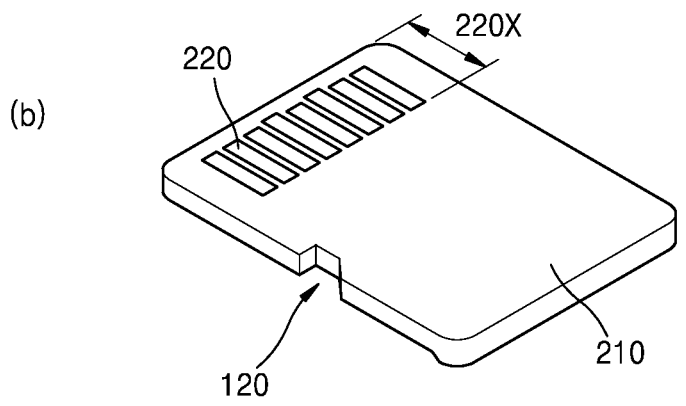
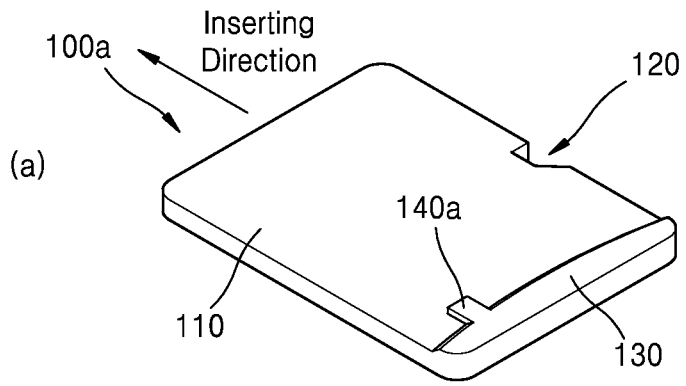


FIG. 1B

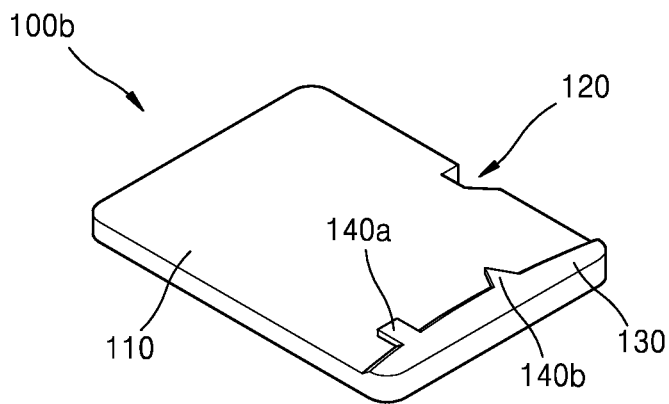


FIG. 1C

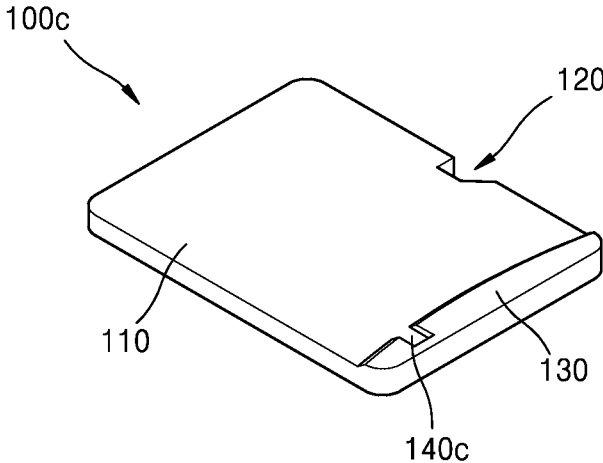


FIG. 1D

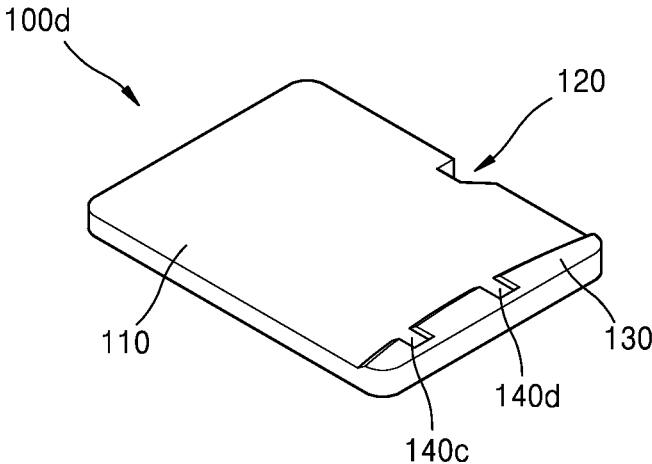


FIG. 1E

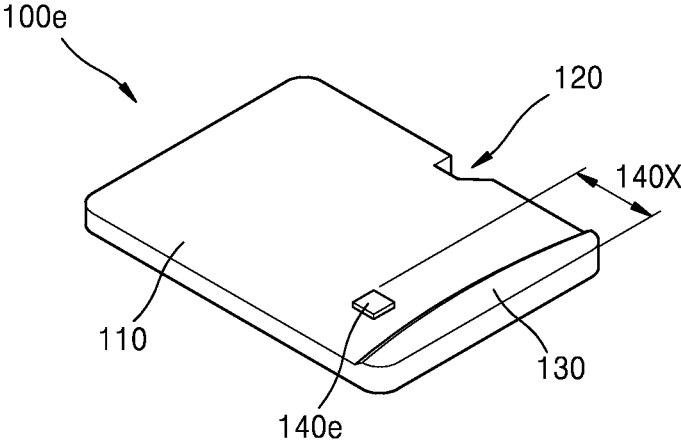


FIG. 1F

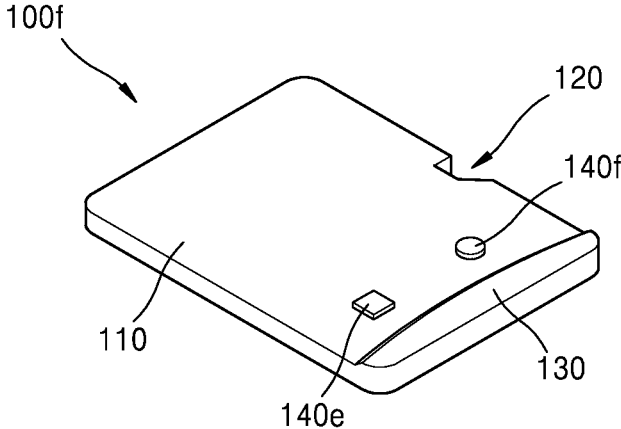


FIG. 1G

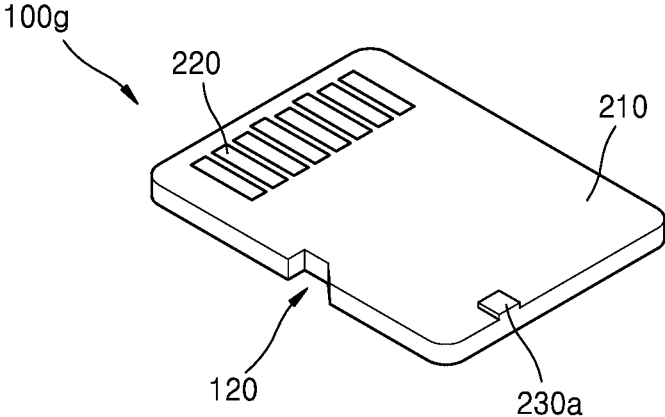


FIG. 1H

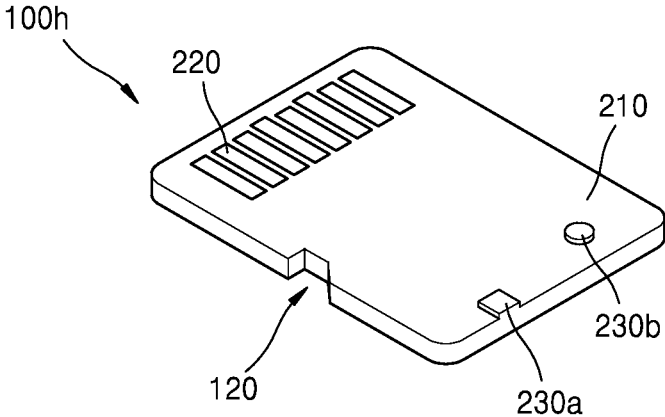


FIG. 1I

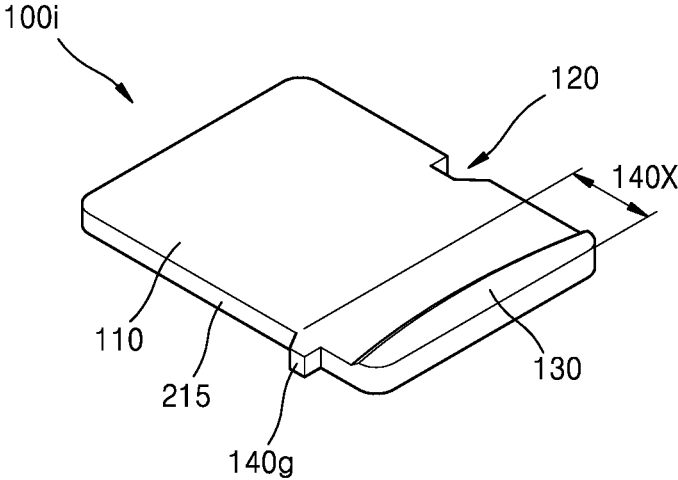


FIG. 2A

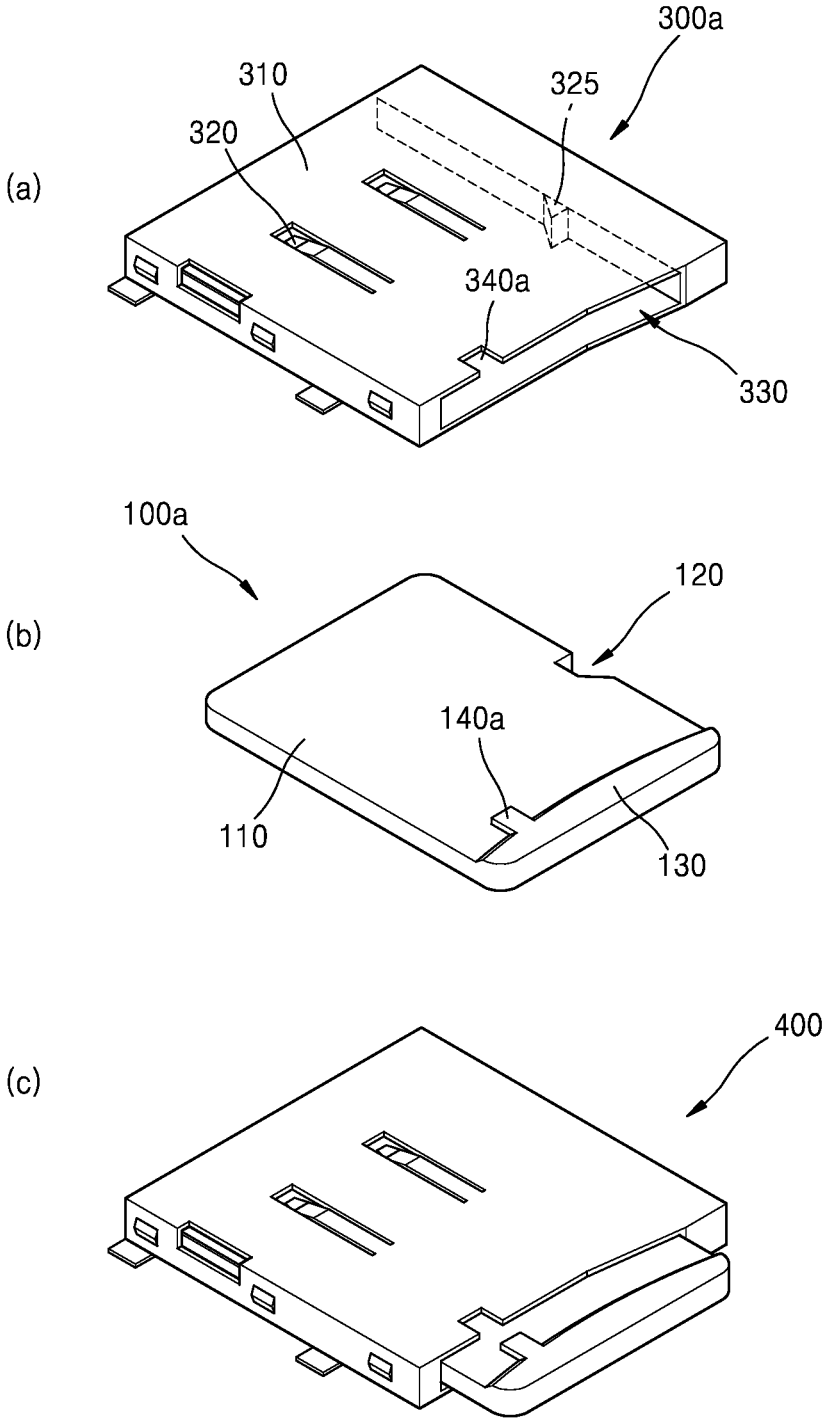


FIG. 2B

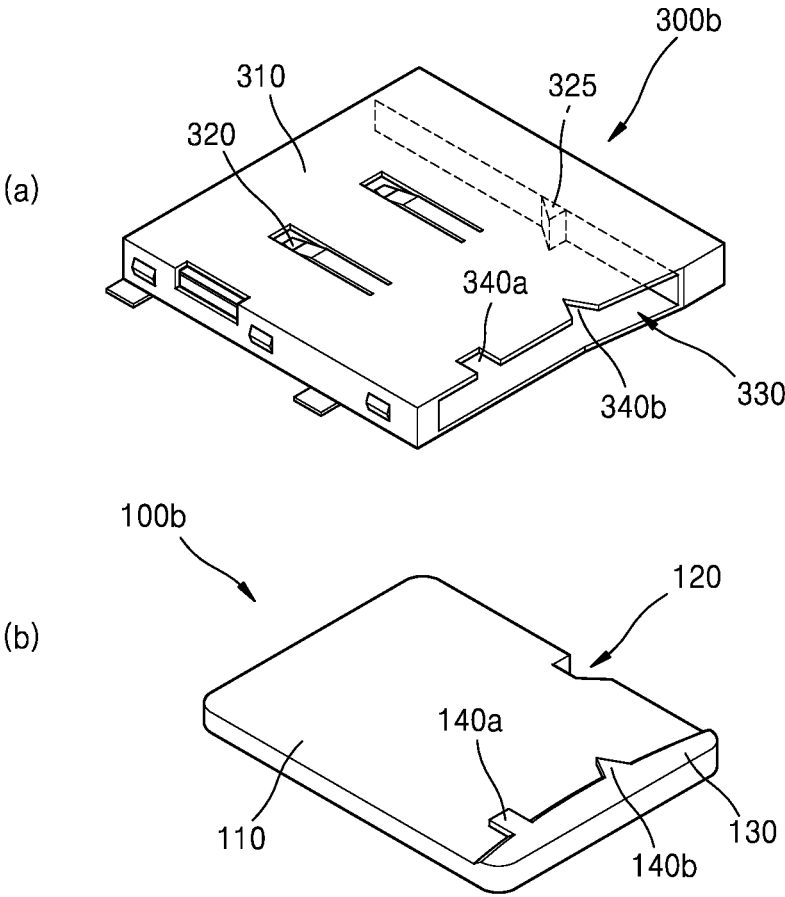


FIG. 2C

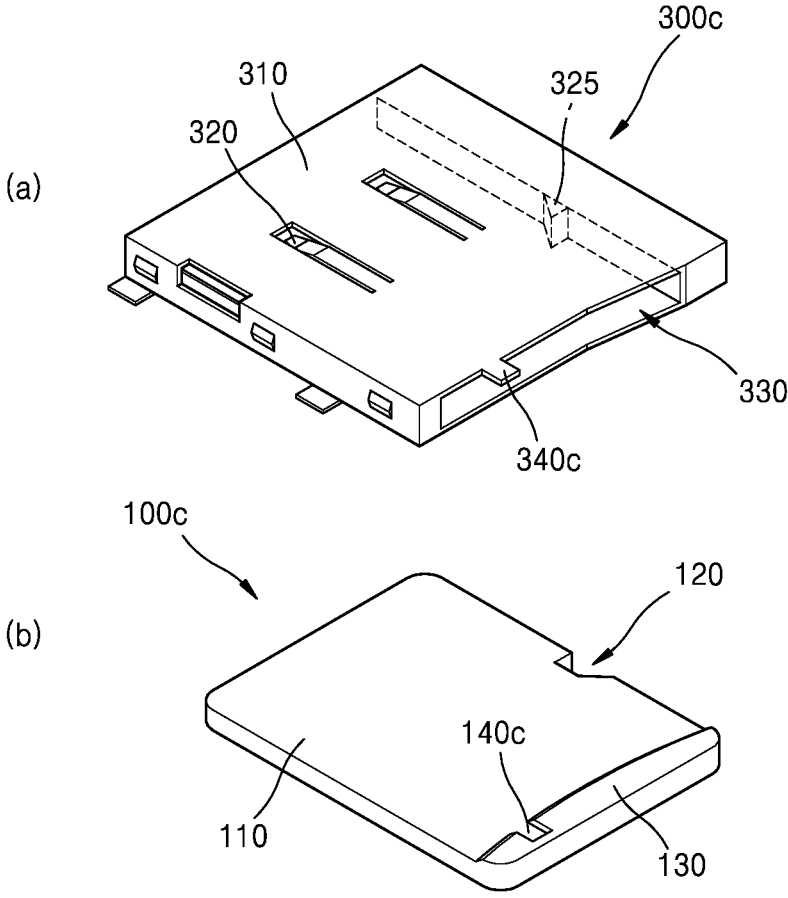


FIG. 2D

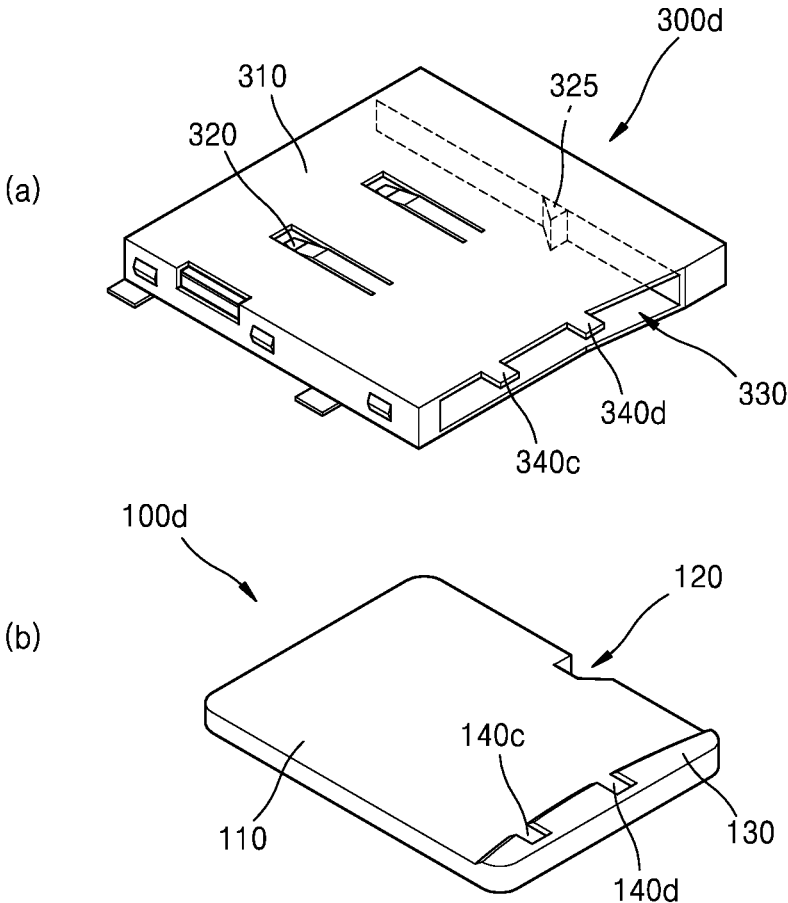


FIG. 3

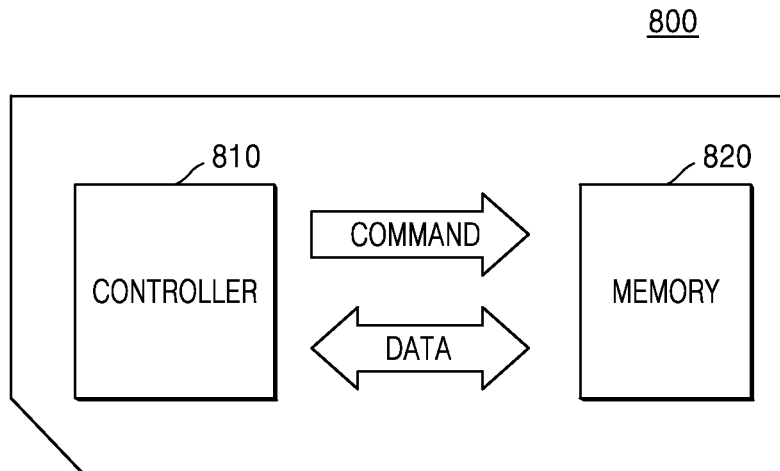


FIG. 4

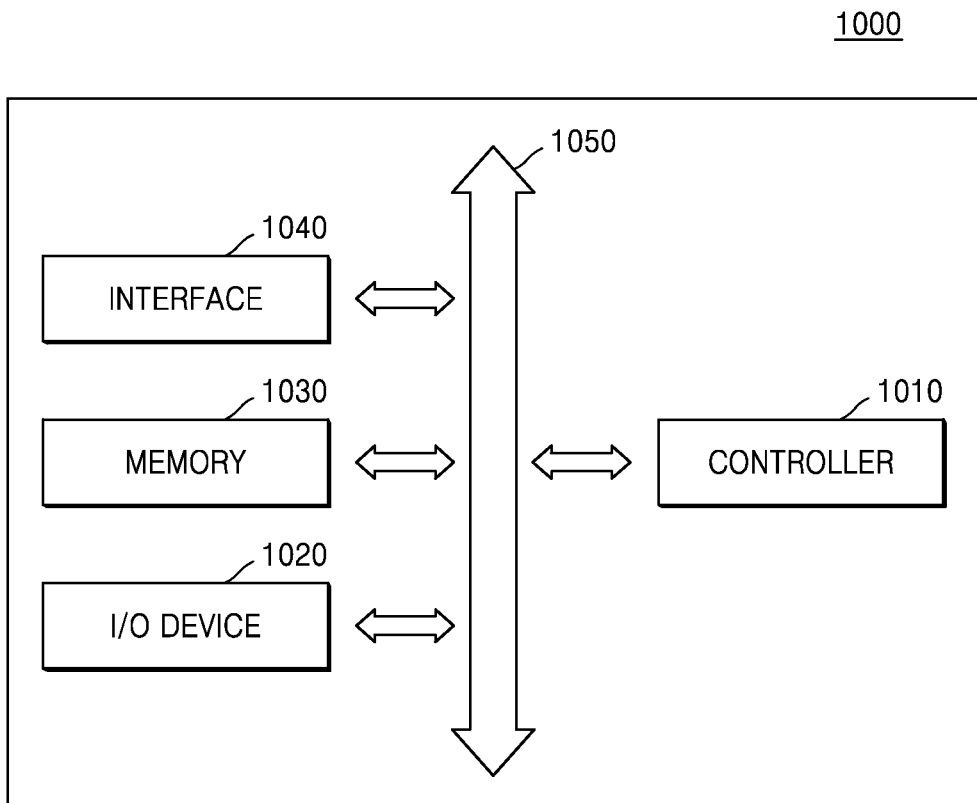
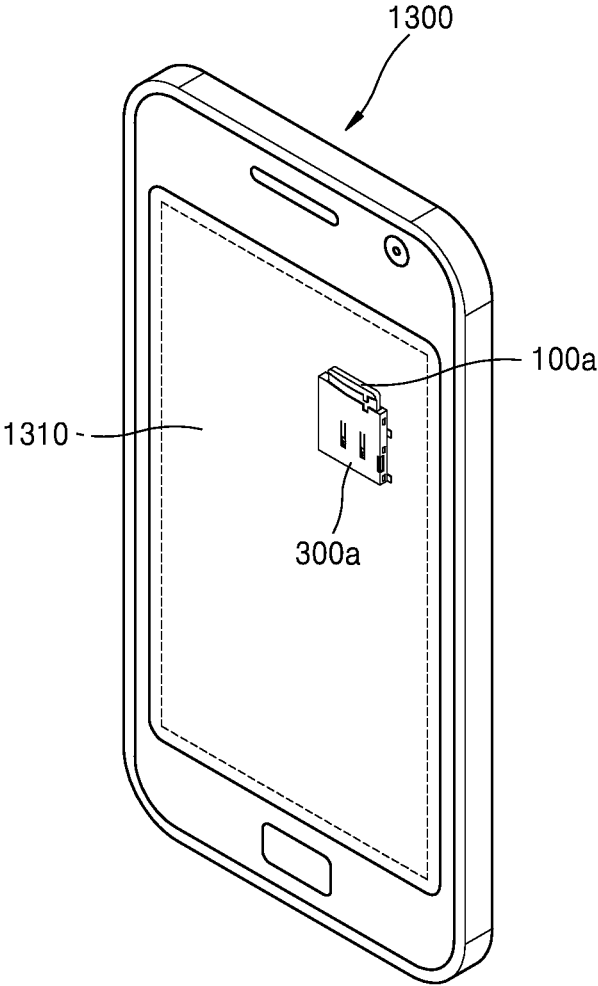


FIG. 5



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MEMORY CARD**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION**

This application claims the benefit of Korean Patent Application No. 10-2014-0099242, filed on Aug. 1, 2014, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein in its entirety by reference.

BACKGROUND

Embodiments relate to a memory card having an alignment structure to reduce a chance that the memory card is inserted into a memory card socket in a reverse direction.

Memory cards are generally configured such that a flash memory is included inside a small-size package in a rectangular panel shape where multiple external connection terminals are arranged in parallel outside the small-size package. The memory card is mounted on an electronic device, such as a cellular phone, a digital camera, a laptop computer, or the like, through a memory card socket. If the memory card is inserted into the memory card socket in a correct direction, the memory card is inserted into a mounting position and may operate. However, if the memory card is inserted into the memory card socket in a reverse direction, the memory card may not operate. In this case, the non-operation of the memory card may cause a failure in the electronic device.

SUMMARY

An embodiment includes a memory card, comprising: a top surface; a bottom surface on an opposite side of the memory card from the top surface; and a first alignment structure formed on the top surface or the bottom surface and configured to interface with a corresponding second alignment structure of a memory card socket when the memory card is correctly inserted into the memory card socket and configured to substantially prevent full insertion of the memory card when the memory card is incorrectly inserted into the memory card socket.

An embodiment includes a system, comprising: a memory card comprising: a top surface; a bottom surface on an opposite side of the memory card from the top surface; and a first alignment structure formed on the top surface or the bottom surface; and a memory card socket comprising a second alignment structure configured to interface with the first alignment structure when the memory card is correctly inserted into the memory card socket and configured to substantially prevent full insertion of the memory card when the memory card is incorrectly inserted into the memory card socket.

An embodiment includes an electronic device comprising: a controller; and a memory coupled to the controller and configured to store data; wherein the memory comprises: a memory card having a first alignment structure formed on a top surface or a bottom surface of the memory card; and a memory card socket having a second alignment structure configured to interface with the first alignment structure of the memory card when the memory card is inserted in the memory card socket.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Embodiments will be more clearly understood from the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

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FIGS. 1A through 1I are perspective views illustrating a memory card according to various embodiments;

FIGS. 2A through 2D are perspective views illustrating a memory card and a memory card socket according to various embodiments;

FIG. 3 is a schematic view illustrating operating principles of a memory card according to an embodiment;

FIG. 4 is a schematic view illustrating an electronic system including a memory card according to an embodiment; and

FIG. 5 is a perspective view schematically illustrating an electronic device including a memory card and a memory card socket according to an embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

Hereinafter, embodiments will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings. Throughout the drawings, like reference numerals refer to like elements, and a description thereof will not be repetitively made.

The embodiments are provided to more fully describe the concepts to those of ordinary skill in the art, and other embodiments may take various different forms and the scope of embodiments are not limited to the particular embodiments described herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Herein, although terms such as “first,” “second”, or the like may be used to describe various members, regions, layers and/or elements, these members, regions, layers and/or elements should not be limited by these terms. These terms do not mean a particular order, top and bottom, or superiority or inferiority, and are only used to distinguish one member, region, layer and/or element from another member, region, layer and/or element. Thus, a first member, region, layer and/or element discussed below could be termed a second member, region, layer and/or element, and similarly, a second member, region, layer and/or element may be termed a first member, region, layer and/or element.

Unless defined otherwise, all terms (including technical and scientific terms) used herein are to be interpreted as understood by those having ordinary skill in the art. Further, terms defined in general dictionaries should not be interpreted ideally or excessively, unless defined otherwise.

When a certain embodiment may be implemented differently, a particular processing order may be different from that described below. For example, two processes described successively may be performed substantially at the same time or may be performed in a reverse order to that described.

In the accompanying drawings, for example, modifications of the shown shape may be expected according to a manufacturing technique and/or tolerance. Thus, embodiments of the inventive concept should not be construed as being limited to a particular shape of a region illustrated herein, and should include, for example, a shape change caused during a manufacturing process.

As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. Expressions such as “at least one of;” when preceding a list of elements, may indicate the entire list of elements, an individual element of the list, or groups of the individual elements.

Hereinafter, embodiments will be described in detail with reference to the drawings.

FIGS. 1A through 1H are perspective views illustrating a memory card according to various embodiments. FIG. 1A illustrates a memory card **100a** having a first alignment structure **140a** on a top surface **110** of the memory card **100a**.

The memory card **100a** may include a circuit board, a semiconductor chip, and a mold member. The semiconductor chip may include a memory chip and a controller chip that may be positioned to be stacked on each other. Multiple memory chips may be arranged to be stacked on one another, and the controller chip may be positioned on top of the uppermost memory chip among the memory chips. However, a single memory chip may be provided. The memory chip may be positioned spaced apart from the controller chip. The controller chip may have a smaller size than the memory chip. The operating principles of the controller chip and the memory chip will be described later with reference to FIG. 3.

FIG. 1A is a perspective view illustrating a memory card **100a**. View (a) illustrates the top surface **110** of the memory card **100a**. When viewed from the top surface **110**, the memory card **100a** approximately forms a thin rectangular parallelepiped. A label may be provided on the top surface **110**. The label may be a sticker or printed ink. A stopper groove **120** may be formed on a side surface of the memory card **100a**. The stopper groove **120** may be positioned on a left side surface or a right side surface of the memory card **100a**. A memory card socket (**300a** of FIG. 2A) may include a stopper protrusion **325** on a left side surface or a right side surface thereof, which is inserted into or withdrawn from the stopper groove **120**. If the memory card **100a** is inserted into the memory card socket **300a** (see FIG. 2A) in a correct direction, the stopper groove **120** is stopped by the stopper protrusion **325**, such that the memory card **100a** is fixedly mounted. The stopper protrusion **325** may protrude in a triangular shape when viewed from top; however, in other embodiments, the stopper protrusion **325** may have other shapes. For firm engagement between the stopper groove **120** and the stopper protrusion **325**, a part of the stopper groove **120** near a front end portion of the memory card **100a** may have a steep gradient. To facilitate insertion and withdrawal of the memory card **100a**, the part of the stopper groove **120** near a rear end portion of the memory card **100a** may have a more gentle gradient.

A grip portion **130** may be disposed in the rear end portion of the memory card **100a**. A size of the memory card **100a** may be relatively small. Thus, if the memory card **100a** is formed to be in a flat shape without having a protruding portion, it may be very difficult for a user to insert or withdraw the memory card **100a** into or from the memory card socket **300a** (see FIG. 2A) by hand. For this reason, the memory card **100a** may have, on the rear end portion thereof, the grip portion **130** that is a protruding portion in a grip shape to facilitate holding of the memory card **100a**. However, in some embodiments, the memory card **100a** may not have a grip portion **130**.

The grip portion **130** may be formed to extend from the left side surface to the right side surface of the memory card **100a**. The grip portion **130** may be formed to protrude in a round shape in a direction toward the front end portion of the memory card **100a**. On the other hand, the grip portion **130** may be formed approximately in a rectangular shape when viewed from top. Under the grip portion **130**, relatively thick elements among elements formed on a circuit board may be positioned.

Although the grip portion **130** has been illustrated as extending a particular distance from an edge of the memory card **100a**, the grip portions **130** may extend further towards the opposite edge.

External dimensions of the memory card **100a** according to an embodiment may be about 11 mm×15 mm×1 mm, which may be the same as the standards of micro Secure Digital (SD) cards. That is, as the memory card **100a** according to an embodiment may be formed to have a shape similar to a standardized product, the micro SD card, an electronic device capable of using both the micro SD card and the memory card **100a** according to an embodiment may be implemented with some modifications of the memory card socket **300a** (see FIG. 2A). In this way, by realizing an environment allowing the use of a micro SD card for a new electronic device, a user may be provided with increased convenience. However, embodiments are not limited to these particular external dimensions.

A first alignment structure **140a** may be formed on the top surface **110** of the memory card **100a**. The first alignment structure **140a** may be formed in such a way to contact or be spaced apart from the grip portion **130**. If the first alignment structure **140a** contacts the grip portion **130**, the grip portion **130** may be in shape having a protruding portion that forms the first alignment structure **140a**.

The first alignment structure **140a** may be formed in various shapes, such as not only a square shape, but also a triangular shape, a circular shape, a semi-circular shape, an irregular shape, and so forth.

One or more first alignment structures **140a** may be formed on the top surface **110** of the memory card **100a**. In FIG. 1A, one first alignment structure **140a** is formed on the top surface **110** of the memory card **100a**. In some embodiments, the first alignment structure **140a** may not be formed on a side surface of the memory card **100a** where the stopper groove **120** is formed; however, in other embodiments, the first alignment structure **140a** may be formed on that side surface.

To prevent reverse-direction insertion, a micro SD card may be formed such that a front end portion thereof is formed to be narrower than a rear end portion thereof. As a result, the overall area of the micro SD card may be reduced, the size of a flash memory chip disposed inside the micro SD card may be reduced and thus a memory storage capacity may be reduced.

In contrast, in some embodiments, by forming the first alignment structure **140a** on the top surface **110** of the memory card **100a** to prevent insertion with an incorrect orientation, the front end portion of a memory card **100a** need not be narrower. As a result, the internal region of the memory card **100a** may be utilized more efficiently. Moreover, a space on which external connection terminals **220** are to be disposed is relatively larger and a spacing interval between the external connection terminals **220** may be relatively larger. As a result, when a contact electrically connected with the external connection terminal **220** is formed inside the memory card socket **300a** (see FIG. 2A), a contact-terminal interval may be relatively larger, reducing or preventing a chance of a short circuit.

View (b) of FIG. 1A is a perspective view illustrating a bottom surface **210** of the memory card **100a**. Multiple external connection terminals **220** may be formed on a part of the bottom surface **210** of the memory card **100a** near the front end portion of the memory card **100a**, which is first inserted along an insertion direction of the memory card **100a**. One or more external connection terminals **220** may have a rectangular shape. The external connection terminals

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220 may have the same shape or different shapes. The external connection terminal **220** may also be formed to have a shape optimized for electric connection with a contact of the memory card socket **300a** (see FIG. 2A).

The external connection terminal **220** may be positioned spaced apart from the front end portion by a predetermined distance along the insertion direction of the memory card **100a**. The predetermined distance may be longer than the length of the external connection terminal **220**. The external connection terminal **220** may be disposed to be aligned with each other. Optionally, some external connection terminals **220** may be formed to have longer lengths than the other external connection terminals **220**. Also in this case, among ends of the external connection terminals **220**, ends near the rear end portion of the memory card **100a** along the insertion direction may be formed to be aligned with each other. For example, the external connection terminals **220** having longer lengths may be power source connection terminals.

The memory card **100a** may include a mold member formed of an insulating material, for example, an insulating synthetic resin material or the like. This material may extend around the memory card **100a** except for the external connection terminals **220**. The external connection terminals **220** may be formed of conductive metal, for example, copper, aluminum, or the like.

To protect the external connection terminals **220**, the external connection terminals **220** and the bottom surface **210** of the memory card **100a** may have a predetermined step therebetween. That is, the insulating material portion of the memory card **100a** may be formed to be elevated with respect to the external connection terminals **200**.

FIG. 1B is a perspective view illustrating a memory card **100b** having two first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** on the top surface **110** of a memory card **100b**. Although two first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** have been illustrated, any number of first alignment structures **140** may be present. The first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** may be formed to have different shapes; however, the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** may have substantially the same shape. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 1B, one of the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b**, for example, the first alignment structure **140a** may have a square shape and the other **140b** may have a triangular shape. Also, one of the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** may be formed to contact the grip portion **130** and the other may be formed to be spaced apart from the grip portion **130**. Both of the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** may be formed to contact or both may be formed to be spaced apart from the grip portion **130**.

FIG. 1C illustrates a memory card **100c** having an engraved first alignment structure **140c** in the top surface **110** of the memory card **100c**. As described previously, the first alignment structure **140c** may be formed as a part of the grip portion **130**. The first alignment structure **140c** may be formed to have an engraved shape as illustrated in FIG. 1C. Similar to an embossed first alignment structure **140**, there is no limitation in the shape of the engraved first alignment structure **140c**.

As will be described again in FIG. 2C, the first alignment structure **140c** of the memory card **100c** and a second alignment structure **340c** of a memory card socket **300c** (see FIG. 2) have complementary shapes, so as to be removably coupled to each other. That is, to prevent reverse-direction insertion, a part of the memory card **100c** may be inserted into the memory card socket **300c** (see FIG. 2C) and a part of the memory card socket **300c** (see FIG. 2C) may also be inserted into the memory card **100c**.

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FIG. 1D illustrates a memory card **100d** having two engraved first alignment structures **140c** and **140d** on the top surface **110** of the memory card **100d**. The first alignment structures **140c** and **140d** may be formed as a part of the grip portion **130**. There is no limitation in the number of first alignment structures **140c** and **140d**. Accordingly, multiple first alignment structures **140c** and **140d** may be formed in the grip portion **130** having engraved shapes. In some embodiments, the engraved shapes of the first alignment structures **140c** and **140d** may be different from each other while in others, the shapes are substantially the same.

FIG. 1E illustrates a memory card **100e** having a first alignment structure **140e** formed to be spaced apart from the grip portion **130** on the top surface **110** of the memory card **100e**. The first alignment structure **140e** formed in the memory card **100e** may contact the grip portion **130** to form a single shape, but may also be spaced apart from the grip portion **130** as illustrated in FIG. 1E.

Even when the first alignment structure **140e** is formed to be spaced apart from the grip portion **130** in the memory card **100e**, a second alignment structure **340a** of the memory card socket **300a** (see FIG. 2A) having a shape that is complementary to that of the first alignment structure **140e** may be formed along a memory card insertion direction from a memory card insertion hole **330** (see FIG. 2A) to a position capable of receiving the first alignment structure **140e**. The first alignment structure **140e** may be disposed on the memory card **100e** to be spaced apart from the grip portion **130** by any distance. However, to reduce or prevent a chance that the external connection terminals **220** (see FIG. 1A) are damaged by a protruding part inside the memory card socket **300a** (see FIG. 2A) when the memory card **100e** is inserted in a reverse direction, a length **140X** from the rear end portion of the memory card **100e** to the first alignment structure **140e** in parallel with the memory card insertion direction may be longer than a length **220X** (see FIG. 1A) from the front end portion of the memory card **100e** to the further end of the external connection terminals **220** (see FIG. 1A).

FIG. 1F illustrates a memory card **100f** having two first alignment structures **140e** and **140f** formed to be spaced apart from the grip portion **130** on the top surface **110** of the memory card **100f**. Although only two are illustrate, more than two first alignment structures **140e** and **140f** may be formed on the memory card **100f**. The first alignment structures **140e** and **140f** may have substantially the same shape or different shapes. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 1F, one of the first alignment structures **140e** and **140f** may have a square shape and the other may have a circular shape. Also, one of the first alignment structures **140e** and **140f** may be formed to contact the grip portion **130** and the other may be spaced apart from the grip portion **130**. Both of the first alignment structures **140e** and **140f** may be formed to contact the grip portion **130** or both may be formed to be spaced apart from the grip portion **130**. The spacing distance and the size may differ between the first alignment structures **140e** and **140f**.

FIG. 1G is a perspective view illustrating a memory card **100g** having a first alignment structure **230a** on the bottom surface **210** of the memory card **100g**. The first alignment structure **230a** may be formed on the bottom surface **210**. That is, the first alignment structure **230a** may be formed on the top surface and/or the bottom surface **210** of the memory card **100g**. The first alignment structure **230a** may have features similar to any of the embossed first alignment structures described above.

In addition, in this embodiment, the memory card **100g** does not include a grip portion **130**. However, in other embodiments, a grip portion **130** may be present on the bottom surface **210**, on another surface of the memory card **100g**, or both.

FIG. 1H is a perspective view illustrating a memory card **100h** having two first alignment structures **230a** and **230b** on the bottom surface **210** of the memory card **100h**.

Two or more first alignment structures **230a** and **230b** may be formed on the bottom surface **210**. The first alignment structures **230a** and **230b** may be formed to have different shapes. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 1H, one of the first alignment structures **230a** and **230b** may have a square shape and the other may have a circular shape. The first alignment structures **230a** and **230b** may be formed to contact or to be spaced apart from a rear end portion of the memory card **100h**. For example, as illustrated in FIG. 1H, the first alignment structure **230a** may be formed to contact the rear end portion of the memory card **100h** and the other first alignment structure **230b** may be formed to be spaced apart from the rear end portion of the memory card **100h**. The first alignment structures **230a** and **230b** may also have substantially the same shape. Both may be formed to contact or both may be formed to be spaced apart from the rear end portion of the memory card **100h**.

FIG. 1I illustrates a memory card **100i** having a first alignment structure **140g**. In this embodiment, the first alignment structure **140g** may be disposed on a side surface **215** of the memory card **100i**. Although a first alignment structure **140g** is illustrated as having a particular shape, in other embodiments, the first alignment structure **140g** may have different shapes. In this embodiment, the first alignment structure **140g** is an embossed alignment structure extending outward from the side surface **215**.

Although various examples of positions of first alignment structures have been described above, in some embodiments, the usage of such alignment structures may be combined in a single memory card. For example, a first alignment structure **230a** on a bottom surface **210** may be combined with a first alignment structure **140a** on a top surface **110**. Any combination is possible such that when an attempt is made to insert the memory card in an incorrect orientation, at least one of the first alignment structures does not align with a corresponding second alignment structure of a memory card socket.

FIGS. 2A through 2D are plane views illustrating a memory card and a memory card socket according to various embodiments.

FIG. 2A illustrates the memory card **100a**, the memory card socket **300a**, and a state **400** in which the memory card **100a** is inserted into the memory card socket **300a**. View (a) of FIG. 2A shows the memory card socket **300a** having the second alignment structure **340a** near the memory card insertion hole **330**. The memory card **100a** may be removably inserted into the memory card socket **300a**. The memory card socket **300a** may include a leaf spring **320** on a top surface **310**. The leaf spring **320** may prevent the memory card **100** from being shaken due to a gap when the memory card **100a** is inserted into the memory card socket **300a** for use. In addition the leaf spring **320** may allow the external connection terminals **220** (see FIG. 1A) of the memory card **100a** to be electrically connected with a contact inside the memory card socket **300a**. There may be one or more leaf springs **320**. The memory card socket **300a** may include a stopper protrusion **325**. The stopper protrusion may be configured to interface with the stopper groove **120**.

One or more second alignment structures **340a** may be formed near the memory card insertion hole **330**. The second alignment structure **340a** may be formed to have a shape that is complementary to that of the first alignment structure **140a** of the memory card **100a**, and the first alignment structure **140a** of the memory card **100a** may be removably coupled to the second alignment structure **340a**. In order for the first alignment structure **140a** to be more reliably inserted into the second alignment structure **340a**, the size of the second alignment structure **340a** may be equal to or larger than that of the first alignment structure **140a**.

View (b) of FIG. 2A is a perspective view illustrating the top surface **110** of the memory card **100a**. A description of FIG. 2A may be substantially the same as in (a) of FIG. 1A and thus will be omitted.

View (c) of FIG. 2A illustrates a state **400** where the memory card **100a** is inserted into the memory card socket **300a**. Since the external connection terminals **220** (see FIG. 1A) of the memory card **100a** should be electrically connected with a contact inside the memory card socket **300a**, the memory card **100a** should be inserted in a correct direction. If the memory card **100a** is inserted in a reverse direction, the memory card **100a** does not operate, potentially causing a failure in an electronic device **1300** (see FIG. 5). As the memory card may have a generally thin rectangular parallelepiped shape and thus may be inserted into the memory card socket **300a** in an upside-down reverse direction, the chance of such an occurrence is reduced if not eliminated.

In an embodiment, to prevent reverse-direction insertion of the memory card **100a**, the first alignment structure **140a** is formed in the memory card **100a** and the second alignment structure **340a** having a shape complementary to that of the first alignment structure **140a** is formed in the memory card socket **300a**. If the memory card **100a** is inserted in the reverse direction, the first alignment structure **140a** of the memory card **100a** is substantially if not completely stopped by the memory card insertion hole **330** and thus cannot be inserted, thereby preventing reverse-direction insertion of the memory card **100a**.

As will be described in further detail herein by example, in various embodiments, the memory card **100a** may be formed with a variety of alignment structures and the memory card socket **300a** may be formed in a complementary manner such that when the memory card **100a** is inserted into the memory card socket **300a** in a correct orientation, the memory card **100a** will interface with the memory card socket **300a** and operate normally. However, an attempt is made to insert the memory card **100a** into the memory card socket **300a** in an incorrect orientation, the first alignment structure **140a** and the second alignment structure **340a** are disposed such that the structures will not interface and one or more of the first alignment structure **140a** and the second alignment structure **340** will contact a portion of the memory card socket **300a** or the memory card **100a**, respectively, such that further insertion of the memory card **100a** is substantially prevented, or a force substantially greater than a typical insertion force is needed. As a result, a chance of full insertion of the memory card **100a** into the memory card socket **300a** in an incorrect orientation may be reduced or eliminated.

FIG. 2B illustrates the memory card **100b** having multiple first alignment structures and the memory card socket **300b** having multiple second alignment structures. View (a) of FIG. 2B illustrates the memory card socket **300b** having two second alignment structures **340a** and **340b** near the memory card insertion hole **330**.

Since the second alignment structures **340a** and **340b** may be formed in the memory card socket **300b** to have shapes complementary to those of the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** formed in the memory card **100b**, the same number of second alignment structures **340a** and **340b** as that of the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** may be formed in positions corresponding to the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b** in the memory card socket **300b**. Of the second alignment structures **340a** and **340b**, for example, the second alignment structure **340a** may correspond to the first alignment structure **140a**, and the other second alignment structure **340b** may correspond to the other first alignment structure **140b**. The second alignment structures **340a** and **340b** may have substantially similar shapes or different shapes corresponding to the similarity or difference between shapes of the first alignment structures **140a** and **140b**.

FIG. 2C illustrates the memory card **100c** having a first alignment structure in an engraved shape and the memory card socket **300c** having a second alignment structure in an embossed shape. As illustrated in (a) of FIG. 2C, the memory card socket **300c** may include a second alignment structure **340c** having an embossed shape. Although a particular shape of the second alignment structure **340c** is illustrated, the second alignment structure **340c** may have other embossed shapes. The second alignment structure **340c** having the embossed shape and the first alignment structure **140c** of the memory card **100c** having the engraved shape may have complementary shapes. As a result, they may be removably coupled to each other. To reduce or prevent a chance of reverse-direction insertion, a part of the memory card **100c** may be inserted into the memory card socket **300c** and a part of the memory card socket **300c** may also be inserted into the memory card **100c**.

FIG. 2D illustrates the memory card **100d** having multiple alignment structures in an engraved shape and a memory card socket **300d** having multiple second alignment structures in an embossed shape.

The second alignment structures **340c** and **340d** may be formed near the memory card insertion hole **330**. There is no limitation in the number of second alignment structures **340c** and **340d**. Accordingly, any number of second alignment structures **340c** and **340d** may be formed in an embossed shape near the memory card insertion hole **330**. In this case, the embossed shapes of the second alignment structures **340c** and **340d** may be different from each other.

FIG. 3 is a schematic view illustrating operating principles of a memory card according to an embodiment. More specifically, in a memory card **800**, a controller **810** and a memory **820** are disposed to exchange electric signals. For example, if the controller **810** issues a command, the memory **820** may transmit data. The memory **820** or the controller **810** may include a semiconductor device. The memory card **800** may be of various types, for example, a memory stick card, a smart media card, a secure digital (SD) card, a mini SD card, a micro SD card, a multimedia card, and the like. The memory card **800** may have a form such as the memory cards described herein with one or more alignment structures.

FIG. 4 is a schematic view illustrating an electronic system **1000** including a memory card according to an embodiment. More specifically, the electronic system **1000** may include a controller **1010**, an input/output (I/O) device **1020**, a memory **1030**, and an interface **1040**. The electronic system **1000** may be a mobile system or a system for transmitting or receiving information. The mobile system may be a personal digital assistant (PDA), a portable com-

puter, a web tablet, a wireless phone, a mobile phone, a digital music player, or a memory card.

The controller **1010** may be configured to execute and controls a program. The controller **1010** may include a semiconductor device. The controller **1010** may be, for example, a micro-processor, a digital signal processor (DSP), a micro controller, or other similar devices.

The I/O device **1020** may be configured to input or output data of the electronic system **1000**. The electronic system **1000** may be connected to an external device, for example, a personal computer (PC) or a network, by using the I/O device **1020** to exchange data with the external device. The I/O device **1020** may be, for example, a keypad, a keyboard, or a display.

The memory **1030** may be configured to store codes and/or data for operations of the controller **1010** and/or data processed by the controller **1010**. The memory **1030** may include a semiconductor device. The memory **1030** may include a main memory unit and an auxiliary memory unit, and the auxiliary memory unit may include a memory card having a first alignment structure formed therein and a memory card socket having a second alignment structure formed therein.

The interface **1040** may be a data transmission path between the electronic system **1000** and an external device. The controller **1010**, the I/O device **1020**, the memory **1030**, and the interface **1040** may be configured to communicate with each other through a bus **1050**.

For example, the electronic system **1000** may be used for a mobile phone, an MP3 player, a navigation system, a portable multimedia player (PMP), a solid state disk (SSD), household appliances, or a memory card.

FIG. 5 is a perspective view schematically illustrating an electronic device **1300** including the memory card **100a** and the memory card socket **300a** according to an embodiment.

The electronic device **1300** collectively refers to a device electrically connected with an external memory card and configured to transmit information such as pictures, voice, video, or data to the external memory card **100a** or to receive the information from the memory card **100a**. For example, the electronic device **1300** may be a computer, a digital camera, a digital camcorder, a mobile phone, a personal portable information terminal, or the like. The electronic device **1300** may include a main board **1310** and the memory card socket **300a**. The memory card socket **300a** may be formed on an outer surface of the main board **1310** so as to be directly exposed to outside. In the memory card socket **300a**, the memory card insertion hole may be opened and closed by a cover formed on the main board **1310**. The memory card socket **300a** may have a receiving space for receiving the memory card **100a** therein. For example, the receiving space may be formed to have a volume that allows the whole area of the memory card **100a** to be inserted.

The memory card socket **300a** may include multiple contacts that may be configured to be electrically connected with the external connection terminals of the memory card **100a**. The number, size, or arrangement of contacts and the number, size, or arrangement of external connection terminals are provided to facilitate electric connection.

More specifically, a detailed example of application of the electronic system **1000** of FIG. 4 to the electronic device **1300** is illustrated. The electronic device **1300** may include the memory card **100a** and the memory card socket **300a** on the main board **1310**. The memory card **100a** may be inserted into the memory card socket **300a** and may be mounted on the main board **1310**. The memory card **100a** may have a high-capacity memory while having a small

area, thereby minimizing the size of the electronic device **1300** and allowing storage of a large amount of data.

An embodiment includes a memory card, in which it is possible to prevent the memory card from being inserted into a memory card socket in a reverse direction.

An embodiment includes an electronic device, in which it is possible to prevent the memory card from being inserted into a memory card socket in a reverse direction.

An embodiment includes a memory card having two main top surface and bottom surface that face each other, the memory card including an external connection terminal formed on the bottom surface and a first alignment structure formed on the top surface or the bottom surface to prevent reverse-direction insertion of the memory card.

The memory card may further include a grip portion on a main surface on which the first alignment structure is formed, in which the first alignment structure is formed to contact the grip portion.

The memory card may further include a grip portion on a main surface on which the first alignment structure is formed, in which the first alignment structure is formed to be spaced apart from the grip portion.

A plurality of first alignment structures may be provided and have different shapes.

A length from a front end portion of the first alignment structure to a rear end portion of the memory card along a memory card insertion direction may be longer than a length from a front end portion of the memory card to a rear end portion of the external connection terminal.

The memory card may further include a stopper groove in a side surface of the memory card in parallel with the memory card insertion direction.

When the memory card is inserted into a memory card socket including a second alignment structure and a stopper protrusion, the first alignment structure may be received in the second alignment structure.

A number of first alignment structures may be equal to a number of second alignment structures.

A size of the second alignment structure may be larger than a size of the first alignment structure.

The first alignment structure and the second alignment structure may have shapes that are complementary to each other.

When the first alignment structure is received in the second alignment structure, the stopper protrusion may be stopped by the stopper groove.

An embodiment includes an electronic device including a controller, an input/output (I/O) device capable of inputting or outputting data, a memory capable of storing data, an interface capable of transmitting data to an external device, and a bus connecting the controller, the I/O unit, the memory, and the interface to communicate with each other, in which the memory may include a main memory and an auxiliary memory, and the auxiliary memory may include a memory card having a first alignment structure formed therein and a memory card socket having a second alignment structure formed therein.

The first alignment structure may be removably coupled to the second alignment structure.

The memory card may further include a stopper groove and an external connection terminal.

A length of the second alignment structure may be longer than from a front end portion of the memory card to a rear end portion of the external connection terminal along the memory card insertion direction.

Regardless of the particular application, any memory card in the electronic system **1000**, electronic device **1300**, or the

like may be configured according to an embodiment similar to those described herein. Moreover, such an application may include a corresponding memory card socket according to an embodiment similar to those described herein.

While embodiments have been particularly shown and described with reference to the drawings, it will be understood that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope defined by the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A memory card, comprising:
 - a top surface;
 - a bottom surface on an opposite side of the memory card from the top surface;
 - a first alignment structure formed on the top surface or the bottom surface and configured to interface with a corresponding second alignment structure of a memory card socket when the memory card is correctly inserted into the memory card socket and configured to substantially prevent full insertion of the memory card when the memory card is incorrectly inserted into the memory card socket; and
 - a grip portion on the top surface or the bottom surface on which the first alignment structure is formed, wherein the first alignment structure is an engraved shape in the grip portion.
2. The memory card of claim 1, wherein the first alignment structure is one of a plurality of first alignment structures.
3. The memory card of claim 2, wherein at least one of the first alignment structures has a shape different from a shape of another one of the first alignment structures.
4. The memory card of claim 1, further comprising:
 - an external connection terminal formed on the bottom surface;
 - wherein a length from a front end portion of the first alignment structure to a rear end portion of the memory card along a memory card insertion direction is longer than a length from a front end portion of the memory card to a rear end portion of the external connection terminal.
5. The memory card of claim 1, further comprising a stopper groove disposed in a side surface of the memory card in parallel with a memory card insertion direction.
6. A system, comprising:
 - a memory card comprising:
 - a top surface;
 - a bottom surface on an opposite side of the memory card from the top surface;
 - a first alignment structure formed on the top surface or the bottom surface;
 - a grip portion on the top surface or the bottom surface on which the first alignment structure is formed, wherein the first alignment structure is an engraved shape in the grip portion; and
 - a memory card socket comprising a second alignment structure configured to interface with the first alignment structure when the memory card is correctly inserted into the memory card socket and configured to substantially prevent full insertion of the memory card when the memory card is incorrectly inserted into the memory card socket.
7. The system card of claim 6, wherein:
 - the first alignment structure is one of a plurality of first alignment structures;
 - the second alignment structure is one of a plurality of second alignment structures; and

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a number of the first alignment structures is equal to a number of the second alignment structures.

8. The system card of claim 6, wherein:
 the first alignment structure is one of a plurality of first alignment structures;
 a first one of the first alignment structures is disposed on the top surface of the memory card; and
 a second one of the first alignment structures is disposed on the bottom surface of the memory card.

9. The system of claim 6, wherein the first alignment structure and the second alignment structure have shapes that are complementary to each other.

10. The system of claim 6, wherein:
 the memory card further comprises a stopper groove;
 the memory card socket further comprises a stopper protrusion; and
 when the first alignment structure is received in the second alignment structure, the stopper protrusion engages with the stopper groove.

11. An electronic device comprising:
 a controller; and
 a memory coupled to the controller and configured to store data;
 wherein the memory comprises:
 a memory card having a first alignment structure formed on a top surface or a bottom surface of the memory card

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and a grip portion on the top surface or the bottom surface on which the first alignment structure is formed, wherein the first alignment structure is an engraved shape in the grip portion; and

5 a memory card socket having a second alignment structure configured to interface with the first alignment structure of the memory card when the memory card is inserted in the memory card socket.

10 12. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein the first alignment structure is removably coupled to the second alignment structure.

13. The electronic device of claim 11, wherein the memory card further comprises a stopper groove and an external connection terminal.

15 14. The electronic device of claim 13, wherein the memory card comprises an external connection terminal configured to electrically connect with a contact of the memory card socket;

20 a length from a front end portion of the first alignment structure to a rear end portion of the memory card along a memory card insertion direction is longer than a length from a front end portion of the memory card to a rear end portion of the external connection terminal.

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